

City of Chicago

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F2017-61

Meeting Date:

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10/11/2017

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Report

City Comptroller's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (2016)

Committee(s) Assignment:



DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE CITY OF CHICAGO

September 12, 2017

Honorable Anna Valencia City Clerk 121 North LaSalle Street, Room 107 Chicago, Illinois 60602

Dear Ms. Valencia:

I am submitting to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) thereto for the year ended December 31, 2016. This report is accurate in all material respects and is prepared in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds.

Sincerely,

Sunkeen

Erin Keane City Comptroller

Enclosure

EK:ACM:fh





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Rahm Emanuel, Mayor Carole L. Brown, Chief Financial Officer Erin Keane, City Comptroller

CITY OF CHICAGO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016



Rahm Emanuel, Mayor

Carole L. Brown, Chief Financial Officer Erin Keane, City Comptroller

Prepared by the Department of Finance





OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

CITY OF CHICAGO

RAHM EMANUEL MAYOR

June 30, 2017

Dear Chicagoans:

Thank you for your interest in the City of Chicago's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the 2016 fiscal year.

In 2016, Chicago continued to make progress on addressing the City's financial legacy liabilities, reducing our structural deficit through savings and sustainable revenue growth, and identifying stable funding sources for the Municipal and Laborers' pension funds. Additionally, the general fund balance shows growth again in 2016, which is a direct result of cost savings and reform measures instituted by the City over the prior six budgets. This progress will endure in 2017 as the City continues to pursue sustainable and responsible financial practices.

The 2016 CAFR also reflects the significant progress we have made over the years in improving our financial reporting. This year, the independent auditors found no material weakness, representing five straight years of no material weaknesses.

While we have made notable progress, we will continue to follow a deliberate reform and invest strategy to secure the Chicago's long-term financial future and to ensure ongoing economic growth in all neighborhoods across the City.

Sincerely,

Enance

Mayor

CITY OF CHICAGO THE CITY COUNCIL RAHM EMANUEL, Mayor

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1st Ward	JOE MORENO
	BRIAN HOPKINS
	PAT DOWELL
	SOPHIA KING
	LESLIE A. HAIRSTON
6th Ward	RODERICK T. SAWYER GREGORY MITCHELL
	MICHELLE A. HARRIS
	ANTHONY BEALE
	PATRICK D. THOMPSON
	MARTY QUINN
	EDWARD M. BURKE
	RAYMOND A. LOPEZ
	TONI L. FOULKES
	DAVID MOORE
	DERRICK G. CURTIS
	MATTHEW J. O'SHEA
	WILLIE B. COCHRAN
	HOWARD BROOKINS, JR.
	RICARDO MUÑOZ
	MICHAEL R. ZALEWSKI
	MICHAEL W. SCOTT, JR.
	DANIEL S. SOLIS
	WALTER BURNETT, JR.
	JASON C. ERVIN
	CHRIS TALIAFERRO ARIEL E. REBOYRAS
	MILLY SANTIAGO
	SCOTT WAGUESPACK
	DEBORAH MELL
	CARRIE M. AUSTIN
	CARLOS RAMIREZ-ROSA
	GILBERT VILLEGAS
	EMMA MITTS
	NICHOLAS SPOSATO
	MARGARET LAURINO
	PATRICK J. O'CONNOR
	BRENDAN REILLY
	MICHELE SMITH
	THOMAS M. TUNNEY
	JOHN ARENA
	JAMES CAPPLEMAN
	AMEYA PAWAR
	HARRY OSTERMAN
	JOSEPH A. MOORE
	DEBRA L. SILVERSTEIN

2016 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO

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PART I

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE CITY OF CHICAGO

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June 30, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor Rahm Emanuel, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Chicago:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Chicago for the fiscal year that ended December 31, 2016. State law requires that all governmental units publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited by a licensed public accountant.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. The purpose of the CAFR is to provide complete and accurate financial information which complies with the reporting requirements of the Municipal Code of Chicago (Code). The City's financial management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The Code also requires that the City's basic financial statements are audited by independent certified public accountants selected by the Committee on Finance of the City Council. This requirement has been met, and the unmodified audit opinion rendered by Deloitte & Touche LLP is included in the financial section of this report. The audit was conducted as a subcontractor arrangement between Deloitte & Touche LLP and a consortium of Chicago-based minority- and women-owned certified public accounting firms.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the Code, an additional audit (Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, *Government Auditing Standards*, and Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards) designed to meet the requirements of the OMB Uniform Guidance, a government-wide framework for grants management, is performed annually. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government. The City of Chicago, incorporated in 1837, currently occupies a land area of approximately 228 square miles and, according to the 2010 census, serves a population of over 2.69 million residents. The City is a "home rule" unit of local government under Illinois law and is governed by an elected mayor and city council. The Mayor, the Chief Executive Officer of the City, is elected by general election for a four-year term. The City Council, the City's legislative body, consists of 50 members, each representing one of the City's 50 wards. The members of the City Council are elected through popular vote by ward for four-year terms. The City provides public safety, street maintenance and sanitation, transportation infrastructure, water, sewer, health, cultural, aviation and human services.

City employees are covered by one of four pension plans that are responsible for providing certain pension benefits and that receive funding from the City. These four plans include the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund, Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund, Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund, and Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund. These component units are included in the City's reporting entity. Additional services are provided to residents by the Chicago Public Schools, Chicago Park District, Chicago Transit Authority, City Colleges of Chicago and the Chicago Housing Authority. However, these component units are not included in the City's reporting entity.

Annual budgets are adopted for all of the City's funds, including the general fund and certain special revenue and enterprise funds. On or before October 15, the Mayor submits a proposed budget of expenditures and the means of financing them to the City Council for the upcoming fiscal year, which runs the calendar year. The City Council is required to hold at least one public hearing regarding the proposed budget, and the budget recommendation must be made available for public inspection at least ten days prior to the passage of the annual appropriation ordinance, which must be enacted by December 31. Additional information on the budgetary process can be found in Note 3 in the notes to financial statements.

Local Economy. Chicago continues to have one of the world's most diverse economies, with no single sector employing more than 14 percent of the City's workforce. This diversity provides financial stability from mature industries in business and financial services, manufacturing, transportation and warehousing, education and healthcare, and enables the City to promote the growth of emerging industries in technology, tourism, biotech, and life sciences. According to the Bureau of Labor and Statistics, the Chicago metropolitan area had an unemployment rate of 5.8 percent in 2016.

More than 400 major corporate headquarters (with at least 1,000 employees) are located in the Chicago metropolitan area, including 31 in the Fortune 500. In 2016, World Business Chicago tracked more than 350 business expansions in Chicago, leading to the city being named the "Top Metro" in the United States for corporate relocation by Site Selection magazine for the fourth year in a row.

Chicago remains a global financial and trading center and is also a hub for the development of new financial technologies. Chicago is home to nearly one quarter of the world's futures trading volume, which is two times more than New York and similar to all of the European exchanges combined. The Chicago Board Options Exchange is the largest options exchange in the United States, and Chicago-headquartered CME Group is the top derivatives exchange in the world, posting a volume of \$3.9 billion in 2016, the largest annual volume of all global exchanges.

The growing innovation and technology industry has a strong presence in Chicago. There are nearly 100 innovation centers in Chicago, including 1871, one of the top five business incubators in the world. In 2016, Chicago startups and tech companies raised more than \$1.7 billion in 2016 from 179 companies which is up from 143 companies in 2015. Fifty five Chicago companies were acquired, totaling \$1.73 billion.

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Chicago has long been a center for international business. In 2016, the Chicago metropolitan area led the nation in foreign direct investment (FDI) for the fourth year in a row, according to the 2016 IBM Global Location Trends report. Chicago was the only North American city ranked in the top 20, ranking seventh in total number of FDI projects. Chicago-based companies also have a strong international presence, with over 8,000 locations across more than 170 countries or territories.

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On a number of fronts, Chicago's real estate development market is growing at a level not seen since before the recession. The city's industrial occupancy rate is at a 15 year high. In 2016, the city also reached the highest number of building cranes (50) in ten years.

In addition, Chicago continues to be a destination for both business and leisure travelers, drawn by the City's numerous cultural and recreational attractions, professional sports teams, festivals, museums, parks, restaurants and more. Tourism has grown substantially in recent years with a record 54.1 million visitors citywide in 2016, an increase of 2.9 percent. Millennium Park was named the #1 attraction in the Midwest and among the top 10 most visited sites in the US with 12.9 million guests just in the second half of 2016. Chicago's tourism industry has added an estimated 4,600 jobs in 2016 for a total of an estimated 145,100 jobs supported by the industry.

Financial Planning and Policies. Each year, the City of Chicago completes an Annual Financial Analysis based on the critical understanding that to protect the health and safety of all Chicagoans, strengthen neighborhoods, maintain infrastructure and public spaces, and foster a vibrant local economy, it must take an informed and longterm approach to financial planning. The Annual Financial Analysis, which is available on the City's website, provides a review of the City's revenues and expenditures over the past ten years, a forecast of the City's finances for the next three years, and analyses of its liquidity, pensions, debt obligations, tax increment financing, and capital improvement program.

The City bases its annual budget on an assessment of the available resources for that year and an understanding of the City's service priorities, adopting a balanced budget each year in accordance with the Illinois Municipal Code. As part of the annual budget process, the City evaluates each department's direct and indirect costs in order to accurately assess expenses across City government and strives to maintain a diversified revenue system that is responsive to the changing economy and designed to protect the City from short-term fluctuations in any individual revenue source. The City's financial policies are intended to secure the City's fiscal integrity and health, encourage equitable allocation of costs and resources, and identify potential financial risks and options to mitigate them, maximize economic efficiency, and allow sufficient flexibility to consider new fiscal and budgetary strategies.

2016 Budget and Major Initiatives. The 2016 budget included multiple reforms and efficiencies that further streamlined government operations and achieved taxpayer savings along with new sustainable revenue sources to provide dedicated revenue to fund the Police and Fire pensions and invest in city services. Building on the structural reforms and efficiencies put into place in previous budgets, the 2016 budget made significant investments in after-school and youth job programs, infrastructure improvements, expanded neighborhood services, and public safety. The 2016 budget also continued the City of Chicago's fiscal and budgetary strategy of ensuring the City's pension funds are on a path to solvency, eliminating unsustainable financial practices, and ending the use of financing structures and techniques that expose taxpayers to undue risk.

The 2016 budget included further refinements to grid garbage collection, removing over 20 garbage trucks from the City's daily deployment. This refinement freed up resources which were redirected to provide additional tree trimming and rodent abatement services in neighborhoods. On top of achieving savings by streamlining garbage collection, the 2016 budget included significant savings through the elimination of over 100 unneeded vacancies, consolidating technology functions across departments into one central IT department, healthcare reforms, and the final year of the phase-out of retiree healthcare.

In 2016, the City expanded the One Summer Chicago program to serve more than 25,000 youth through summer placement for youth, ages 14 to 24. The One Summer Chicago program has grown by 70 percent since it was launched in 2011. The City also provided an additional investment in after-school programs, increasing the number of available after-school programming opportunities to nearly 27,000 in 2016. The City provided funding to allow year-round pothole patching and street repairs, rather than seasonal repairs, and in 2016, the Department of Water Management continued to renew and upgrade the City's aging water and sewer system. Finally, the 2016 budget made key investments in public safety by funding the transition of over 300 police officers who were performing administrative functions back to critical policing functions in neighborhoods. These administrative positions were filled with non-sworn administrative personnel where necessary.

Since the 2012 budget, the City has worked to eliminate the unsustainable practices of the past, and the 2016 budget includes significant progress to reform the City's finances, fund pensions, and eliminate taxpayer risk.

Beginning in 2015 and completed in 2016, the City converted all taxpayer-backed variable-rate debt and terminated the corresponding swaps in the City's portfolio. This financing technique has now been fully replaced with stable, fixed rate bonds payable over the next 20 to 40 years. In the 2016 budget, the City began a four-year phase out of the financial practice known as "scoop and toss" in which the City restructures its near term debt payments with long-term debt. The City reduced "scoop and toss" by approximately \$100 million with the 2016 budget.

As part of the 2016 budget, the City passed a four-year property tax increase solely to fund the increasing Police and Fire pension contributions as required by Public Act 99-0506, which is discussed further in the Pension Funds and Other Postemployment Benefits section of this document. While the property tax increase was passed as part of the 2016 Budget, it included an increase beginning in 2015. The property tax increase began in 2015 with an additional \$318 million added to the City's property tax levy and \$109 million added to the 2016 property tax levy.

Lastly, the City also deposited \$5 million into the operating liquidity fund, which is part of the City's budget stabilization funds.

Awards and Acknowledgments. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Chicago for its CAFR for fiscal year 2015. This was the twenty-third consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year.

We believe our current CAFR continues to meet the GFOA Certificate of Achievement program's requirements, and it has been submitted for consideration for this year's award.

This report could not have been prepared without the dedication and effective help of the staff of the Department of Finance. We wish to express our appreciation to those who contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Carole L. Brown Chief Financial Officer

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Erin Keane City Comptroller

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Government Finance Officers Association

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Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chicago Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

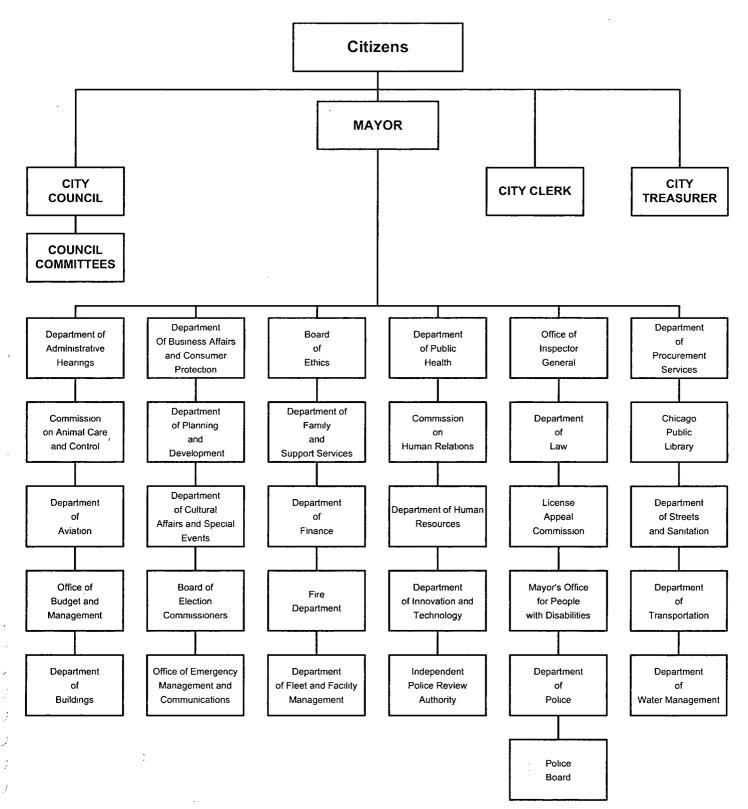
December 31, 2015

hey K. Eng

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF CHICAGO ORGANIZATION CHART AS OF 12/31/2016

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PART II

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Deloitte.

Deloitte & Touche LLP 111 South Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606-4301 USA

Tel: +1 312 486 1000 Fax: +1 312 486 1486 www.deloitte.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Rahm Emanuel, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chicago, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City's Pension Plans (the "Plans"), which, in aggregate, represent substantially all the assets and revenues of the fiduciary funds, included in the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Plans, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois, as of

December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions, Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress, and Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual, Pension Fund (Budgetary Basis) as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining Fund Statements, Individual Fund Statements, introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the Combining and Individual Fund Statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the-basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

eloitte : Touche LLP

June 30, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Chicago, Illinois (City) we offer readers of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, contained within this report.

2016 Financial Highlights

- Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of the City, in the government-wide financial statements, exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$27,429.9 million (*net deficit*). The net deficit is composed of \$3,307.6 million in net investment in capital assets and \$3,149.5 million in net position restricted for specific purposes offset by an unrestricted deficit of \$33,887.0 million. The net deficit increased in 2016 by \$3,598.5 million primarily as a result of assumption and plan changes impacting the pension liability.
- The City's total assets increased by \$1,102.2 million. The increase primarily relates to a \$958.2 million increase in capital assets as a result of the City's capital improvement program.
- Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses), in the fund financial statements during 2016 were \$7,342.2 million, a decrease of \$207.5 million (2.7 percent) from 2015, primarily due to the reduction of proceeds from debt, offset by an increase in tax revenue.
- The General Fund ended 2016 with a total Fund Balance of \$269.6 million, of which \$153.7 million was Unassigned. Total Fund Balance increased from 2015 primarily because Revenues and Other Financing Sources were greater than Expenditures and Other Financing Uses by \$54.4 million.
- The City's General Obligation Bonds and notes outstanding decreased by \$191.4 million during the current fiscal year. The proceeds from the issuance of General Obligation Bonds were used to refund or pay interest on all or a portion of certain outstanding general obligation bonds.
- The General Fund expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$72.9 million less than budgeted as a result of variances in general government expenditures primarily due to lower than budgeted pension contributions.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which include the following components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. These components are described below:

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's financial position, which assists in assessing the City's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These financial statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basically means such statements follow methods that are similar to those used by most businesses. They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the City, the reader should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during each fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (for example, uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and sanitation, transportation, health, and cultural and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include services.

The government-wide financial statements present information about the City as a primary government, which includes the Chicago Public Library. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this management's discussion and analysis.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of a fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The City maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information for the seven funds that qualify as major is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The seven major governmental funds are as follows: the General Fund, the Federal, State and Local Grants Fund, the Special Taxing Areas Fund, Service Concession and Reserve Fund, the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund, the Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund, and the Pension Fund. Data from the other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general and certain special revenue funds on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds. These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Because these funds charge user fees for services provided to outside customers including local governments, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, use the accrual basis of accounting and provide both long- and short-term financial information. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements. The City uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, Skyway, and two airports operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but provide more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Chicago Skyway Fund, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund and the Chicago Midway International Airport Fund. All the proprietary funds are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used primarily to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City also uses fiduciary funds to account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for various entities. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund basic financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of data provided in the government–wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary fund basic financial statements.

Additional Information. The combining statements, which include nonmajor funds, for governmental funds and trust and agency funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the City as a whole

Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets by \$27,429.9 million at December 31, 2016. Of this amount, \$3,307.6 million represents the City's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, roads, bridges, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities and deferred inflows.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$3,149.5 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

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			ns of dollars)	511		
		rnmental tivities	Busine: Activ		Tota	al
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current and other assets	\$ 5,451.0 	\$ 5,384.8	\$ 4,816.2	\$ 4,738.4 14,607.5	\$ 10,267.2 	\$ 10,123.2 23,115:7
Total Assets Deferred outflows	14,127.3 5,667.9	13,893.0 7,187.7	20,213.8 1,285.4	19,345.9 1,701.5	34,341.1 6,953.3	33,238.9 8,889.2
Total	19,795.2	21,080.7	21,499.2	21,047.4	41,294.4	42,128.1
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	43,065.4 1,947.5	41,404.0 1,969.4	18,351.4 1,339.4	17,914.4 1,274.8	61,416.8 3,286.9	59,318.4 3,244.2
Total Liabilities	45,012.9	43,373.4	19,690.8	19,189.2	64,703.7	62,562.6
Deferred Inflows Net Position:	2,254.5	1,743.1	1,766.1	1,653.8	4,020.6	3,396.9
Net investment in capital assets	(65.5)	(292.4)	3,373.1	2,892.5	3,307.6	2,600.1
Restricted Unrestricted Total net (deficit) position	2,269.6 (29,676.3)	1,519.9 (25,263.3)	879.9 (4,210.7)	1,043.1 (3,731.2)	3,149.5 (33,887.0)	2,563.0 (28,994.5)
	φ(21,412.2)	\$ (24,035.8)	\$ 42.3	\$ 204.4	\$ (27,429.9)	\$ (23,831.4)

City of Chicago, Illinois Summary Statement of Net Position (in millions of dollars)

Governmental Activities. Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased \$3,436.4 million to a deficit of \$27,472.2 million primarily as a result of an increase in the pension liability due to assumption and plan changes. A significant portion of net position is either restricted as to the purpose they can be used for or they are classified as net investment in capital assets (buildings, roads, bridges, etc.). Consequently, unrestricted net position showed a \$29,676.3 million deficit at the end of this year. This deficit does not mean that the City does not have the resources available to pay its bills next year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments that are greater than currently available resources. Specifically, the City did not include in past annual budgets the full amounts needed to finance future liabilities arising from personnel, property, pollution and casualty claims (\$942.6 million) and Municipal employees, Laborers', Policemen's and Firemen's net pension liability and other post-employment benefits (\$31,679.3 million). The City will include these amounts in future years' budgets as they come due. In addition, the deferred inflow balance of \$1,534.2 million from concession service agreements will be amortized into income over the life of such agreements.

Revenues for all governmental activities in 2016 were \$6,741.9 million, an increase of \$347.9 million from 2015. Over half of the City's revenues were derived from taxes which increased by \$341.0 million (9.1 percent). Total tax revenue included an increase in property taxes received of \$85.1 million (7.2 percent).

Expenses for governmental activities in 2016 were \$10,178.3 million, a decrease of \$1,076.3 million (9.6 percent) over 2015. The amount that taxpayers paid for these governmental activities through City taxes was \$4,095.2 million. Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$879.7 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$738.2 million).

The City paid \$1,026.3 million for the "public benefit" portion with other revenues such as state aid, interest and miscellaneous income.

Although total net position of business-types activities was \$42.3 million, these resources cannot be used to make up for the deficit in net position in governmental activities. The City generally can only use this net position to finance the continuing operations of the water, sewer, Skyway, and airports activities.

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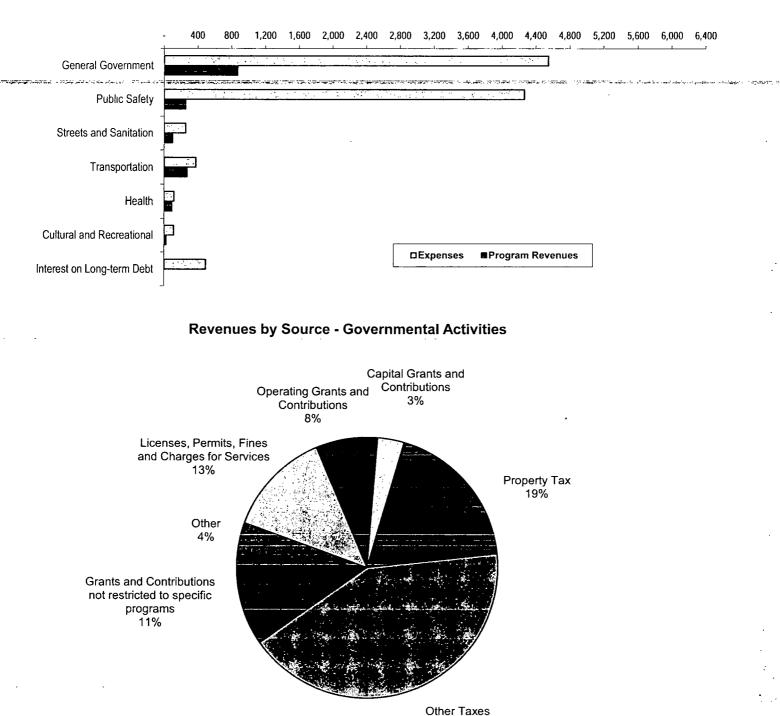
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City of Chicago, Illinois Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, (in millions of dollars)

	Govern Activ			Business-type Activities		tal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues and Other Transfers:						
Program Revenues:						
Licenses, Permits, Fines and						
Charges for Services	\$ 879.7	\$ 814.8	\$ 2,502.1	\$ 2,400.4	. \$ 3,381.8	\$ 3,215.2
Operating Grants and Contributions	516.7	496.7	-	-	516.7	496.7
Capital Grants and Contributions	221.5	249.1	115.1	85.9	336.6	335.0
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	1,264.5	1,179.4	-	-	1,264.5	1,179.4
Other Taxes	2,830.7	2,574.8	-	-	2,830.7	2,574.8
Grants and Contributions not						
Restricted to Specific Programs	782.0	815.2	-	-	782.0	815.2
Other	244.3	263.4	48.5	67.4	292.8	330.8
Total Revenues	6,739.4	6,393.4	2,665.7	2,553.7	9,405.1	8,947.1
Other Transfers:						
Transfer In (Out)	2.5	0.6	(2.5)	(0.6)		
Total Revenues and Other Transfers	6,741.9	6,394.0	2,663.2	2,553.1	9,405.1	8,947.1
Expenses:						
General Government	4,549.2	6,238.0	-	-	4,549.2	6,238.0
Public Safety	4,266.1	3,192.2	-	-	4,266.1	3,192.2
Streets and Sanitation	257.0	253.4	-	-	257.0	253.4
Transportation	378.8	471.7	-	-	378.8	471.7
Health	116.7	119.2	-	-	116.7	119.2
Cultural and Recreational	114.7	118.8	-	-	114.7	118.8
Interest on Long-term Debt	495.8	861.3	-	-	495.8	861.3
Water	-	-	816.0	900.3	816.0	900.3
Sewer	-	-	350.4	505.0	350.4	505.0
Midway International Airport	-	-	320.0	315.7	320.0	315.7
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	-	-	1,330.2	1,380.5	1,330.2	1,380.5
Chicago Skyway			8.7	8.7	8.7	8.7
Total Expenses	10,178.3	11,254.6	2,825.3	3,110.2	13,003.6	14,364.8
Change in Net Position	(3,436.4)	(4,860.6)	(162.1)	(557.1)	(3,598.5)	(5,417.7)
Net (Deficit) Position, Beginning of Year	(24,035.8)	(19,175.2)	204.4	761.5	(23,831.4)	(18,413.7)
Net (Deficit) Position, End of Year	\$ (27,472.2)	\$(24,035.8)	\$ 42.3	\$ 204.4	\$ (27,429.9)	\$ (23,831.4)

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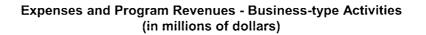
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in millions of dollars)

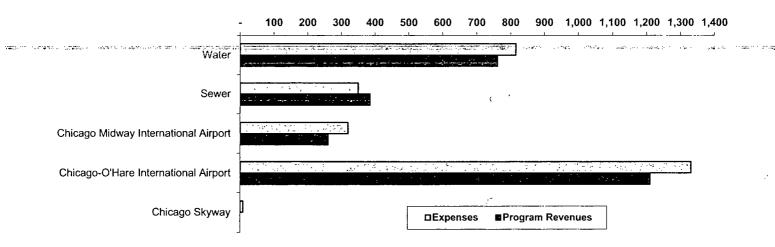
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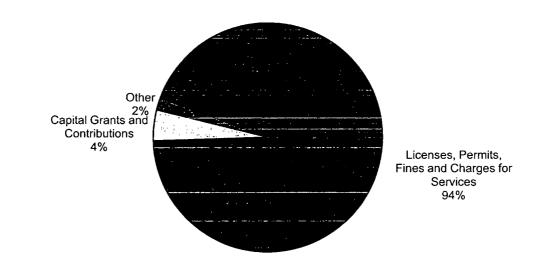
Business-type Activities. Total Revenues of the City's business-type activities increased by \$110.2 million in 2016 mostly from an increase in charges for services and rental income, offset by a decrease in other general revenues.

- The Water Fund's total operating revenues decreased by \$8.0 million (1.0%) from 2015 due to a decrease in net water fees of \$14.3 million due to the continued conversion from non-metered to metered accounts, offset by an increase in penalties and other revenues related to water fees of \$6.3 million. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization for the year ended 2016 decreased by \$199.4 million (27.0%) from the year ended 2015 primarily due to decreases in pension expense of \$196.1 million and workmen's compensation of \$20.6 million offset by an increase in indirect costs of \$19.2 million.
- The Sewer Fund's total operating revenues decreased in 2016 by \$6.8 million (1.7%) primarily due to the continued conversion of non-metered customers to metered customers. There was no rate increase during 2016. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization for 2016 decreased \$82.7 million (26.6%) from the year ended 2015 primarily due to the decrease of pension expense calculated under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement 27" ("GASB 68").
- Chicago Midway International Airport's total operating revenues for 2016 increased by \$6.1 million (3.4%) from 2015 primarily due to increases in the landing fee and terminal rental rates, and increases in concession revenues. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization decreased by \$1.3 million compared to 2015, primarily due to a decrease in pension expense calculated under GASB 68, offset by increases in salaries and wages and repairs and maintenance.
- Chicago O'Hare International Airport's total operating revenues for 2016 increased by \$102.6 million (12.1%) compared to 2015 primarily due to increases in landing fee rates and activity, concession revenues, and increases in rents. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization decreased by \$54.5 million (6.8%) compared to 2015 primarily due to a decrease in pension expense calculated under GASB 68.
- The Chicago Skyway was leased for 99 years to a private company. The agreement granted the company the right to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue during the term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion of which \$446.3 million was used to advance refund all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The upfront payment is being amortized into nonoperating revenue over the period of the lease (\$18.5 million annually).





Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$908.2 million, a decrease of \$74.5 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$709.8 million was committed to specific expenditures, \$92.1 million was assigned to anticipated uses, a deficit of \$1,673.3 million was unassigned, \$1,755.9 million was restricted in use by legislation, and \$23.7 million was nonspendable.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$153.7 million with a total fund balance of \$269.6 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be helpful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total General Fund balance represents 7.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by approximately \$54.4 million during the current fiscal year due to higher revenues and lower expenses for certain categories.

The Federal, State and Local Grants Fund has a total deficit fund balance of \$242.9 million. This is \$26.8 million lower than 2015 primarily due to slower reimbursement of expenditures.

The Special Taxing Areas Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,309.8 million, which is all restricted to specific expenditures.

The Service Concession and Reserve Fund accounts for deferred inflows from nonbusiness type long-term concession and lease transactions and has \$640.2 million committed to specific expenditures. The unassigned deficit of \$1,534.2 million results from the deferred inflows from long-term asset leases.

The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund has a total fund balance of \$267.8 million. This is \$31.5 million higher than 2015.

The Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$45.0 million. This is \$153.4 million lower than 2015 due to increased capital improvement efforts.

Changes in fund balance. The fund balance for the City's governmental funds decreased by \$74.5 million in 2016. This includes a decrease in inventory of \$0.1 million.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water, Sewer, Chicago Skyway, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport, and Chicago Midway International Airport Funds at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of \$4,210.7 million. The unrestricted net position deficit increased by \$479.5 million due to an increase in the unrestricted deficit in all proprietary funds primarily due to increases in the net pension liability. Other factors concerning the finances of these five funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

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The City's 2016 Original General Fund Budget of \$3,633.5 million was approved by City Council on October 28, 2015, and was \$99.1 million (2.8%) larger than the 2015 Final General Fund Budget. Nearly two-thirds of the increase (\$62.7 million) was from a new garbage collection fee charged to residences who receive city-provided garbage collection service. General Fund revenues ended the year \$64.2 million over the 2016 Final General Fund Budget as a result of higher than expected revenue from transaction, recreation, and transportation taxes. Revenue in these areas helped to offset lower than expected revenue from state income tax, home rule sales tax, and utility taxes. Expenditures' were \$72.9 million less than budgeted amounts as a result of favorable variances in general government expenditures. Additional information on the City's budget can be found in Note 3 under Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability within this report.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2016 amount to \$24,073.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways and bridges, and property, plant and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- During 2016, the City completed \$382.8 million in infrastructure projects including \$242.1 million in street construction and resurfacing projects, \$71.6 million in street lighting and transit projects, and \$69.1 million in bridge and viaduct reconstruction. At year end, infrastructure projects still in process had expenses totaling nearly \$712.2 million.
- At the end of 2016, the Water Fund had \$4,131.6 million invested in utility plant, net of accumulated depreciation. During 2016, the Water Fund expended \$395.3 million on capital activities. This included \$1.8 million for structures and improvements, \$209.5 million for distribution plant, \$3.5 million for equipment, and \$180.5 million for construction in progress. During 2016, net completed projects totaling \$48.9 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable capital accounts. The major completed projects were installation and replacements of water mains (\$20.5 million), and meter save program (\$25.1 million).
- At the end of 2016, the Sewer Fund had \$2,456.0 million invested in utility plant, net of accumulated depreciation. During 2016, the Sewer Fund had capital additions being depreciated of \$323.1 million, and completed projects totaling \$70.5 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable facilities and structures capital accounts. The 2016 Sewer Main Replacement Program completed 25.6 miles of sewer mains and 61.0 miles of relining of existing sewer mains.
- At the end of 2016, Chicago-Midway International Airport had \$1,182.7 million invested in net capital assets. During 2016, the Airport had additions of \$62.7 million related to capital activities. This included \$0.5 million for land acquisition and the balance of \$62.2 million for construction projects relating to runway rehabilitation and parking improvements. During 2016, completed projects totaling \$69.3 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable buildings and other facilities capital accounts. These major completed projects were related to runway and taxi improvements, and rental car parking garage.
- At the end of 2016, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport totaled \$7.4 billion, invested in net capital assets. During 2016, the Airport had additions of \$544.7 million related to capital activities. This included \$6.1 million for land acquisition and the balance of \$538.5 million for terminal improvements, parking facilities enhancements, and runway and taxiway improvements. During 2016, completed projects totaling \$287.8 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable buildings and other facilities capital accounts. These major completed projects were related to runway and taxiway improvements, electrical system upgrades and parking facilities and terminal improvements.

	(i	n millions of o	dollars)			
		imental vities		ss-type vities	То	tal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land Works of Art and	\$ 1,397.3	\$ 1,393.4	\$ 1,027.8	\$ 1,021.2	\$ 2,425.1	\$ 2,414.6
Historical Collections	46.0	45.6	-	-	46.0	45.6
Construction in Progress Buildings and Other Improvements	741.0 1,585.4	656.0 1,610.7	1,045.0 13,028.0	740.4 12,537.0	1,786:0 14,613.4	1,396.4 14,147.7
Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	239.7 4,666.8	231.8 4,570.7	296.8 	308.9	536.5 4,666.8	540.7 4,570.7
Total	\$ 8,676.2	\$ 8,508.2	\$ 15,397.6	\$ 14,607.5	\$ 24,073.8	\$23,115.7

City of Chicago, Illinois Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)

Information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 Capital Assets in this report.

Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$8,654.3 million in General Obligation Bonds and \$518.7 million in General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations outstanding. Other outstanding long-term debt is as follows: \$238.1 million in Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds; \$528.5 million of Sales Tax Revenue Bonds; \$33.5 million in Tax Increment Financing Bonds; and \$13,203.3 million in Enterprise Fund Bonds and long-term obligations. For more detail, refer to Note 10 Long-term Obligations in the Basic Financial Statements.

City of Chicago, Illinois General Obligation and Revenue Bonds (in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total					
		2016		2015	2	2016		2015		2016		2015
General Obligation Tax Increment Revenue Bonds	\$	9,173.0 33.5 766.6	\$	9,364.4 65.4 754.0	\$ 1:	- - 3,203.3	\$ 1	- - 3,050.4		9,173.0 33.5 13,969.9	\$	9,364.4 65.4 13,804.4
Total	\$	9,973.1	\$	10,183.8	\$ 13	3,203.3	\$ 1	3,050.4	\$	23,176.4	\$	23,234.2

During 2016, the City issued the following:

General Obligation Bonds:

• General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015C Tax-Exempt (\$500.0 million).

Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes:

- Chicago-O'Hare International Airport General Commercial Paper Notes (\$0.1 million).
- Chicago-O'Hare International General Airport Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A (AMT), Series 2016B (Non-AMT), and Series 2016C (Non-AMT) (\$1,014.3 million).
- Chicago-Midway International Airport Second Lien Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016A (AMT) and Series 2016B (Non-AMT) (\$342.4 million).
- Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 A-1 & A-2 (\$81.7 million).

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At December 31, 2016 the City had credit ratings with each of the four major rating agencies as follows:

		Standard &		
Rating Agency	Moody's	Poors	Fitch	Kroll
General Obligation: City	Ba1	BBB+	BBB-	BBB+
Revenue Bonds:	a gan anganga pangangan pangangangan pa	inay in freeder the contraction of a	nga ngangangangangangangangangangangangangan	hayahan madamata sisendik makati batan dati di jisan
O'Hare Airport: Senior Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds Senior Lien Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Customer Facility Charge (CFC)	A2 A2 Baa1	A A BBB	A A NR	A+ NR NR
Midway Airport: First Lien Second Lien	A2 A3	A A	A A	NR A
Water: First Lien Second Lien	Baa1 Baa2	A+ A	AA+ AA	NR AA
Wastewater: First Lien Second Lien	Baa2 Baa3	A+. A	NR AA	NR AA-
Sales Tax	Ba1	AA	BBB-	AA+
Motor Fuel Tax	Ba1	BBB-	BBB	NR

See Subsequent Events in the footnotes for ratings changes in 2017.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Regional, national, and global economies play a major role in the City's finances and economic growth. The economy both locally and nationally continued to grow at a modest pace in 2016. Nationally, unemployment continued to decline as wages grew at a faster pace. Across the country and in Chicago, home prices continued to rise amid tightening inventory. Locally, median home prices increased 4 percent over 2015 while the number of homes sold was 2 percent higher. Tourism and business travel to Chicago grew in 2016 as the City welcomed a record number 54.1 million tourists, which helped spur growth in tourist-related revenues like amusement and restaurant sales taxes.

The City's 2017 General Fund Budget, totaling \$3,743.2 million, was approved unanimously by a 48 to 0 vote of City Council on November 16, 2016. The 2017 budget balanced an operating budget shortfall of \$137.6 million by reforming and cutting spending, and revenue growth. The 2017 budget includes a \$5 million deposit into the City's operating liquidity fund, which is part of the City's practice of adding to its budget stabilization funds.

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Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Chicago Department of Finance.

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Exhibit 1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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		Primary Governm				
		Sovernmental	B	usiness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	•		<u></u>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	. \$	223,829	\$	307,665	\$	531,494
Investments		1,333,554		578,057		1,911,611
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		506,804		-		506,804
Receivables (Net of Allowances):						
Property Tax		1,739,062		-		1,739,062
Accounts		1,025,162		378,111		1,403,273
Internal Balances	-	(54,659)		54,659		-
Inventories	•	23,730		23,228		46,958
Restricted Assets:		00 404		1 500 070		1 010 104
Cash and Cash Equivalents		20,124		1,599,070		1,619,194
Investments Interest Receivable		618,204		1,813,581		2,431,785
Other Assets		- 15,234		11,053 50,788		11,053 66,022
Capital Assets:	•	15,254		50,700		00,022
Land, Art, and Construction in Progress		2,184,335		2,072,708		4,257,043
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		6,491,918		13,324,847		19,816,765
Total Capital Assets		8,676,253		15,397,555		24,073,808
Total Assets		14,127,297		20,213,767		34,341,064
Deferred Outflows		5,667,882		1,285,451		6,953,333
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	19,795,179	\$	21,499,218	\$	41,294,397
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	601,617	\$	533,071	\$	1,134,688
Short-term Debt		672		-		672
Accrued Interest		224,746		259,663		484,409
Accrued and Other Liabilities		1,020,768		300,300		1,321,068
Unearned Revenue		99,780		220,343		320,123
Derivative Instrument Liability		-		26,034		26,034
Long-term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year		302,409		442,502		744,911
Due in More Than One Year		42,762,995		17,908,805		60,671,800
Total Liabilities		45,012,987		19,690,718		64,703,705
Deferred Inflows		2,254,451		1,766,160		4,020,611
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		47,267,438		21,456,878		68,724,316
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		(65,466)		3,373,063		3,307,597
Restricted for:		(05,400)		3,373,003		5,507,597
		70.000		404.007		004.007
Capital Projects Debt Service		70,020		194,267		264,287
Special Taxing Areas		889,678		19,815		909,493
Passenger Facility Charges		1,309,819		-		1,309,819 181,472
Contractual Use Agreement		-		181,472		
Airport Development Fund		-		176,967		176,967
Customer Facility Charges		-		238,021		238,021
Other Purposes		-		37,110		37,110 32,282
Unrestricted (Deficit)		- (29,676,310)		32,282 (4,210,657)		32,282 (33,886,967)
Total Net Position		(27,472,259)	¢	42,340	\$	(33,880,907) (27,429,919)
	<u> </u>	121,412,203)	<u>\$</u>	42,040	<u>\$</u>	(21,423,313)

See notes to basic financial statements.

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			F	ses, Permits, ines and	
unctions/Programs		xpenses	Charge	s for Services	· · · ·
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$	4,549,261	\$	501,468	
Public Safety		4,266,146		202,379	
Streets and Sanitation		256,985		100,996	
Transportation		378,779		52,524	
Health		116,692		7,232	
Cultural and Recreational		114,676		15,122	
Interest on Long-term Debt		495,856		-	
Total Governmental Activities		10,178,395		879,721	
Business-type Activities:					
Water		816,012		761,411	
Sewer		350,388		368,966	
Chicago Midway International Airport		320,033		232,483	
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport		1,330,240		1,139,380	
Chicago Skyway		8,651		-	
Total Business-type Activities		2,825,324		2,502,240	
Total Primary Government	\$	13,003,719	\$	3,381,961	

See notes to basic financial statements.

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<u>. 109</u> 1	ram Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
						Primary	Governmen	t			
Operating Crapts and		-	Capital	~		. .					
	irants and		rants and	G	overnmental		ness-type				
Contributions		C	ontributions	<u> </u>	Activities	A	ctivities		Total		
\$	369,857	\$	-	\$	(3,677,936)	\$	-	\$	(3,677,936		
	51,174		-		(4,012,593)		-		(4,012,593		
	-		-		(155,989)		-		(155,989		
	-		221,532		(104,723)		-		(104,723		
	85,851		-		(23,609)		-		(23,609		
	9,846		-		(89,708)		-		(89,708		
	-		-		(495,856)		-		(495,856		
	516,728	<u></u>	221,532		(8,560,414)	-	-		(8,560,414		
	-		-		-		(54,601)		(54,601		
	-		16,639		_		35,217		35,217		
	_		27,903		-		(59,647)		(59,647		
	_		70,664		-		(120,196)		(120,196		
	_		-		-		(8,651)		(120,100		
			115,206				(207,878)		(207,878		
\$	516,728	\$	336,738		(8,560,414)		(207,878)		(8,768,292		
	ral Revenues										
Tax					1,264,473		_		1,264,473		
	tility Tax				557,992		_		557,992		
	ales Tax				347,131		_		347,13		
					449,744		-		449,744		
11	•		••••••		•		-		542,896		
Tr	ansachun rax				E12 806				042,090		
					542,896		-		E27 026		
Sp	oecial Area Tax				537,026		-		-		
Sp Re	becial Area Tax				537,026 246,608		-		246,608		
Sp Re Ot	becial Area Tax ecreation Tax ther Taxes				537,026		- - -		246,608		
Sp Re Ot Gra	Decial Area Tax Decreation Tax Ther Taxes Ints and Contribu	itions not F	Restricted to		537,026 246,608 149,281		-		246,608 149,281		
Sp Re Ot Gra Sp	Decial Area Tax ecreation Tax ther Taxes Ints and Contribu Decific Programs	itions not F	Restricted to		537,026 246,608 149,281 781,968		-		246,608 149,28 781,968		
Sp Re Ot Gra Sp Unr	Decial Area Tax ecreation Tax ther Taxes Ints and Contribu Decific Programs estricted Investm	itions not F	Restricted to		537,026 246,608 149,281 781,968 30,400		- - - 13,196		246,608 149,28 781,968 43,596		
Sp Re Ot Gra Sp Unr Mise	becial Area Tax ecreation Tax ther Taxes onts and Contribu becific Programs estricted Investm cellaneous	itions not F	Restricted to		537,026 246,608 149,281 781,968 30,400 213,903		35,201		246,608 149,28 781,968 43,596		
Sp Re Ot Gra Sp Unr Mise Trans	becial Area Tax ecreation Tax ther Taxes Ints and Contribu- becific Programs estricted Investm cellaneous	itions not F nent Earnii	Restricted to		537,026 246,608 149,281 781,968 30,400 213,903 2,540		35,201 (2,540)		246,608 149,28 781,968 43,596 249,104		
Sp Re Ot Gra Sp Unr Mise Trans	becial Area Tax ecreation Tax ther Taxes onts and Contribu- becific Programs estricted Investm cellaneous fers otal General Reve	itions not F nent Earnii enues and	Restricted to ngs Transfers		537,026 246,608 149,281 781,968 30,400 213,903 2,540 5,123,962		35,201 (2,540) 45,857	_	246,608 149,281 781,968 43,596 249,104 - - 5,169,818		
Sp Re Ot Gra Sp Unr Mise Trans Tc	becial Area Tax ecreation Tax ther Taxes onts and Contribu- becific Programs estricted Investm cellaneous ofers otal General Revo Change in No	itions not F nent Earnii enues and et Position	Restricted to ngs		537,026 246,608 149,281 781,968 30,400 213,903 2,540 5,123,962 (3,436,452)		35,201 (2,540) 45,857 (162,021)	_	246,608 149,281 781,968 43,596 249,104 - 5,169,819 (3,598,473		
Sp Re Ot Gra Sp Unr Mise Trans Tc	becial Area Tax ecreation Tax ther Taxes onts and Contribu- becific Programs estricted Investm cellaneous ofers otal General Revo Change in No	itions not F nent Earnii enues and et Position	Restricted to ngs Transfers		537,026 246,608 149,281 781,968 30,400 213,903 2,540 5,123,962		35,201 (2,540) 45,857		537,026 246,608 149,281 781,968 43,596 249,104 - 5,169,819 (3,598,473 (23,831,446		

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	General	Federal, State and Local Grants	Special Taxing Areas	-
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,856	s	\$ 111,335	Apain - C
Investments	94,730	^ψ 108,351	847,042	
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent	-		-	
Receivables (Net of Allowances):				
Property Tax	-	-	473,173	
Accounts	237,311	4,630	21,491	
Due From Other Funds	119,312	25,908	286,527	
Due From Other Governments	270,907	425,126	-	
Inventories	23,730	-	-	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	3,218	-	
Restricted Investments	-	-	-	
Other Assets		4,075	-	
Total Assets	\$ 748,846	\$ 571,308	\$ 1,739,568	=
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• 400.050	¢ 40.054	· · · ·
Voucher Warrants Payable		\$ 169,952	\$ 43,854	
Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - Current	-	-	-	
Accrued Interest	- 129,311	- 281,017	- 12,143	
Due To Other Funds	125,788	12,203	-2,596	
Claims Payable	•	12,203	-	
Unearned Revenue	1,790	97,990	-	
Total Liabilities	468,055	561,162	58,593	-
			<u> </u>	-
Deferred Inflows	11,209	253,053	371,156	-
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable	23,730	-	-	
Restricted	-	11,054	1,309,819	
Committed	-	_	-	
Assigned	92,115	-	-	
Unassigned	153,737	(253,961)	-	-
Total Fund Balance	269,582	(242,907)	1,309,819	-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$ 748,846	\$ 571,308	\$ 1,739,568	

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See notes to basic financial statements.

(Service Concession and Reserve	F	Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	D∉ and	community evelopment Improvement Projects		Pension	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$	63,032	\$	-	\$	21,310	\$ 25,296	\$	223,829
	-		21,708		110,532		43,011	108,180		1,333,554
	-		423,217		-		-	83,587		506,804
	-		490,441		-		755,216	20,232		1,739,062
	5,131		2,424		1,730		405	16,046		289,168
			2,103		18,434		-	91,712		543,996
	-		1,848		-		-	38,113		735,994
	-		-		-		-	-		23,730
	16,906		-		-		-	-		20,124
	618,204		-		-		-	-		618,204
			-		-	_	-	 -		4,075
\$	640,241	\$	1,004,773	\$	130,696	\$	819,942	\$ 383,166	\$	6,038,540
\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,373	\$	64,937	\$ 64,340	\$	579,446
	-		123,384		-		-	-		123,384
	-		223,688		-		-	1,058		224,746
	-		-		39,537		155,884	136,647		754,539
	-		-		1,754		-	13,142		155,483
	-		-		-		· _	-		19,176
	<u>-</u>		- 347,072	<u>.</u>	- 85,664	<u></u>	220,821	 215,187	<u> </u>	<u>99,780</u> 1,956,554
	1,534,227	<u></u>	389,880				599,121	 15,122		3,173,768
	1,004,227	<u></u>					555,121	 10,122		5,175,700
	-		-		_		_	-		23,730
	-		267,821		45,032		-	122,188		1,755,914
	640,241		-		-		-	69,528		709,769
	-		-		-		-	-		92,115
	(1,534,227)		-				-	 (38,859)		(1,673,310)
	(893,986)		267,821		45,032		-	152,857		908,218
\$	640,241	\$	1,004,773	\$	130,696	\$	819,942	\$ 383,166	\$	6,038,540

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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported in the funds	8,676,253
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and therefore are recorded as deferred inflows in the funds	1,639,541
Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, and deferred outflows are not due and payable	
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	(38,696,271)
Net position of governmental activities	(27,472,259)

Exhibit 4 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General	Federal, State and Local Grants	Special Taxing Areas	·
Revenues:			And the second	Les son la
Property Tax		\$-	\$ -	
Utility Tax	434,409	-	-	
Sales Tax (Local)	308,089	-	-	
Transportation Tax	247,100	-	-	
State Income Tax	413,673	-	-	
State Sales Tax	366,426	-	-	
Transaction Tax	463,607	-	-	
Special Area Tax	-	. –	494,782	
Recreation Tax	246,608	-	-	
Other Taxes	123,108	-	-	
Federal/State Grants	1,869	743,734	-	
Internal Service	342,606	-	-	
Licenses and Permits	130,399	-	-	
Fines	318,388	-	-	
Investment Income	8,251	-	832 ⁻	
Charges for Services	192,672	-	-	
Miscellaneous	85,407		318	
Total Revenues	3,682,612	743,734	495,932	۰.
Expenditures: Current:				
General Government	993,682	374,758	335,740	
Health	29,430	86,905	-	
Public Safety	2,195,201	62,568	-	
Streets and Sanitation	195,310	-	15	
Transportation	35,421	214,819	63,393	
Cultural and Recreational	482	9,815	-	
Employee Pensions	-	-	-	
Other	2,860	620	-	
Capital Outlay	-	47,760	-	
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	15,874	-	2,164	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	4,948			
Total Expenditures	3,473,208	797,245	401,312	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	209,404	(53,511)	94,620	

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Continued on following pages.

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Conc	Service Concession nd Reserve		ond, Note edemption nd Interest	Community Development and Improvement Projects		 Pension		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$	546,106	\$	-	\$ 747,957	\$	-	\$	1,294,063
	-		22,323		-	-		101,260		557,992
	-		39,042		-	-		-		347,131
	-		10,979		-	-		191,665		449,744
	-		-		-	-		-		413,673
	-		-		-	-		-		366,426
	-		-		-	-		79,289		542,896
	-		-		-	-		22,104		516,886
	-		-		-	-		-		246,608
	-		85		-	-		26,088		149,281
	-		-		-	-		-		745,603
	-		-		-	-		34,289		376,895
	-		2,474		-	-		-		132,873
	-		-		-	-		19,381		337,769
	18,980		3,231		439	16		(1,349)		30,400
	-		-		-	-		29,293		221,965
	21,033		18,193	. <u> </u>	15,367	 50,937		22,610	<u> </u>	213,865
	40,013		642,433		15,806	 798,910		524,630		6,944,070
	21		-		-	-		342,195		2,046,396
	-		-		-	-		81		116,416
	-		-		-	-		7,444		2,265,213
	-		-		-	-		52,704		248,029
	-		-		-	-		88,844		402,477
	-		-		-	-		83,733		94,030
	-		-		-	810,497		-		810,497
	· -		-		-	-		606		4,086
	-		-		169,360	-		68,898		286,018
	-		578,891		-	-		63,090		660,019
	-		457,856			 		20,664	_	483,468
	21		1,036,747		169,360	 810,497		728,259		7,416,649
	39,992		(394,314)		(153,554)	 (11,587)	_	(203,629)		(472,579)

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Exhibit 4 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General	Federal, State and Local Grants	Special Taxing Areas
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	in analog ng kana king kang kang kang kang kang kang kang ka	n an	an and a subset of the subset of
Issuance of Debt	\$ -	\$ 30,746	\$-
Issuance of Line of Credit	-	-	-
Premium/(Discount)	-	-	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	-	-
Transfers In	14,998	-	14,623
Transfers Out	(169,955)	(4,000)	(75,133)
Total Other Financing (Uses) Sources	(154,957)	26,746	(60,510)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	54,447	(26,765)	34,110
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	215,232	(216,142)	1,275,709
Change in Inventory	(97)		<u> </u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 269,582	<u>\$ (242,907)</u>	<u>\$ 1,309,819</u>

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See notes to basic financial statements.

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Co Agi	Service oncession reements d Reserve	R	ond, Note edemption nd Interest	De Im	ommunity evelopment and provement Projects	F	Pension		lonmajor vernmental Funds	Gc	Total overnmental Funds
\$	- - -	\$	500,000 337,140 23,892 (496,150)	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	530,746 337,140 23,892 (496,150)
<u></u>	-		150,104 (89,145)		13,700 (13,545)		11,587 		170,778 (21,472)		375,790 (373,250)
	<u> </u>		425,841	<u></u>	155		11,587	<u>.</u>	149,306		398,168
	39,992 (933,978) -		31,527 236,294 -		(153,399) 198,431		-		(54,323) 207,180 -		(74,411) 982,726 (97)
\$	(893,986)	\$	267,821	\$	45,032	\$		\$	152,857	\$	908,218

Exhibit 5 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		(74,411)	
arteri.	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in		n na managera an	
	the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their			
	estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the			
	amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period		165,127	
	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial			
	resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		15,613	
	Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds,			
	but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net			
	assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments		249,388	
	Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require			
	the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as			
	expenditures in governmental funds	<u></u>	(3,792,169)	
	Change in the net position of governmental activities	\$	(3,436,452)	

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See notes to basic financial statements.

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Exhibit 6 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Original		Final		Actual		
		Budget		Budget		Amounts	,	Variance
Revenues:		buuyei		Buuyet		Amounts		vanance
Utility Tax	\$	441,000	\$	441,000	\$	434,409	\$	(6,591
Sales Tax	Ŧ	315,883	•	315,883	•	308,089	Ŧ	(7,794
Transportation Tax		240,445		240,445		247,100		6,65
Transaction Tax		344,700		344,700		463,607		118,90
Recreation Tax		218,016		218,016		246,608		28,59
Other Taxes		118,300		118,300		123,108		4,80
State Income Tax		435,700		435,700		413,673		(22,02
State Sales Tax		361,900		361,900		366,426		4,520
Federal/State Grants		1,800		1,800		1,869		6
Internal Service		358,542		358,542		342,606		(15,93)
Licenses and Permits		125,223		125,223		130,399		5,17
Fines		350,500		350,500		318,388		(32,11
Investment Income		4,400		4,400		8,251		3,85
Charges for Services		184,968		184,968		192,672		7,70
Miscellaneous		106,078		106,078		85,407		(20,67
Transfers In/Out		26,000		26,000		14,998		(11,00
Total Revenues		3,633,455		3,633,455		3,697,610		64,15
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government		1,213,785		1,217,680		1,076,837		140,84
Health		30,426		30,426		28,913		1,51
Public Safety		2,114,336		2,114,336		2,191,829		(77,49
Streets and Sanitation		201,167		201,167		195,342		5,82
Transportation		56,460		52,565		51,589		97
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		11,135		11,135		11,135		-
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		6,146		6,146		4,948		1,198
Total Expenditures		3,633,455		3,633,455		3,560,593		72,86
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	137,017	\$	137,01

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Exhibit 7 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **PROPRIETARY FUNDS** December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

					ajor Funds	ties - Enterprise F		<u> </u>
ಸರ್ವಾನ ಸಹಾರ್ಭವರ್ಷ್ ಎಂದಿನ ಸಹಾಗ್ರವಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಆ ಪ್ರೇ ಸಾಹಾಗಳಾ ನಿರ್ದಾಮ ಸಹಾರ್ಗವಾಗಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಗ್ರಾ ಕ್ರೀತ್ರಿಗಳು	ر رو بین کرد. در رو بین کرد کرد کرد کرد کرد کرد کرد. مرابع کرد			(Chicago- Midway	Chicago- O'Hare International	Chicago	•
	Water		Sewer		Airport	Airport	Skyway	Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				• —			•	
CURRENT ASSETS:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents		31 \$	5 30,301	\$	12,615	\$ 122,340	\$ 478	\$ 307,665
nvestments	361,5	53	112,110		31,164	72,232	998	578,057
Accounts Receivable (Net of								
Allowances)			106,874		15,588	82,020	28	373,037
nterest Receivable		33	-		-	970	-	1,103
Due from Other Funds			17,473		2,026	31,851	-	87,256
nventories			992		-	-	-	23,228
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted			126,484		100,918	681,463	-	983,023
nvestments - Restricted			85,116		-	-	-	187,370
Interest Receivable - Restricted		11	736		324	-	-	1,471
Other Assets - Restricted	<u></u>	·				333		333
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	907,10)9	480,086		162,635	991,209	1,504	2,542,543
IONCURRENT ASSETS:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		-	-		114,505	501,542	-	616,047
nvestments - Restricted		Э8	39,644		481,629	1,065,040	-	1,626,211
nterest Receivable - Restricted		•	-		1,999	7,583	-	9,582
Other Assets - Restricted			-		4,533	22,776	-	27,309
Due from Other Governments - Restricted	······ ·		-		1,298	2,673	-	3,971
Other Assets	4,42	25	3,331		652	4,998	9,740	23,146
Property, Plant, and Equipment:								
and	6,85	58	560		115,637	892,088	12,609	1,027,752
Structures, Equipment and								-
Improvements		58	2,989,979		1,671,782	9,302,810	490,817	19,295,946
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,082,29	3 0)	(570,077)		(616,281)	(3,451,749)	(250,702)	(5,971,099)
Construction Work in Progress	366,50	<u>)6</u>	35,498		11,550			1,044,956
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	4,131,63	32	2,455,960		1,182,688	7,374,551	252,724	15,397,555
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS:	4,175,95	55	2,498,935		1,787,304	8,979,163	262,464	17,703,821
FOTAL ASSETS			2,979,021	•	1,949,939	9,970,372	263,968	20,246,364
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			184,729		114,005	513,494		1,285,451
TOTAL ASSETS AND								
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ 5,556,28	¢ 7ډ	3,163,750	\$ '	2,063,944	\$ 10,483,866	\$ 263,968	\$ 21,531,815

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See notes to basic financial statements.

		Bu	siness-type Activ	vities - Enterprise	Funds	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Major Funds		1	
	Water	Sewer	Chicago- Midway International Airport	Chicago- O'Hare International Airport	Chicago Skyway	Total
LIABILITIES	<u> </u>		· <u> </u>			·
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Voucher Warrants Payable Due to Other Funds	9,106	11,581	\$ 25,900 8,216	\$ 91,404 3,679	\$ 137 15	\$ 141,275 32,597
Accrued and Other Liabilities Unearned Revenue Current Liabilities Payable From	166,682 18,158	38,304 14,414	730 -	14,459 187,771	236 -	220,411 220,343
Restricted Assets	176,412	211,600	100,783	681,463	-	1,170,258
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	390,995	279,096	135,629	978,776	388	1,784,884
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Revenue Bonds Payable Line of Credit Payable		1,780,155 -	1,878,968 -	7,424,016 12,098	-	13,649,513 12,098
Net Pension Liability Derivative Instrument Liability	1,626,658 -	664,925	316,747 26,034	1,638,864	-	4,247,194 26,034
Other	1,577	-	2,015		-	3,592
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	4,194,609	2,445,080	2,223,764	9,074,978	-	17,938,431
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,585,604	2,724,176	2,359,393	10,053,754	388	19,723,315
DEFERRED INFLOWS	74,957	27,102	8,404	47,515	1,608,182	1,766,160
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment J	1,621,976	648,644	(152,026)	1,001,744	252,725	3,373,063
Restricted Net Position:						
Debt Service	-	-	-	19,815	-	19,815
Capital Projects	411	117,295	10,703	65,858	-	194,267
Passenger Facility Charges	-	-	6,867	174,605	-	181,472
Contractual Use Agreement	-	-	31,232	145,735 238,021	-	176,967 238,021
Customer Facility Charge	-	-	- 25,850	11,260	-	37,110
Other	-	-	8,396	23,886	-	32,282
Unrestricted Net Position	(726,661)	(353,467)	(234,875)	(1,298,327)	(1,597,327)	(4,210,657)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · /	· · · /	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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See notes to basic financial statements.

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Exhibit 8 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Du	isiness-type Activ	nies - Litterphse	i unuo		_
			Major Funds				,
مور زور ویک کرد. مرابع از مرابع می در می می می می می می می می می ورد و می ورد و می می می می می می می می می می مرابع از مرابع می			Chicago- Midway	Chicago- O'Hare	Ghicano	1	v
	Water	Sewer	Airport	Airport	Skyway	Total	;
Operating Revenues:					<u></u>		
Charges for Services - Net		\$ 367,820			\$-	\$ 1,826,350	
Rent		-	94,768	312,592	-	407,360	
Other		1,146				26,676	-
Total Operating Revenues	761,411	368,966	182,193	947,816		2,260,386	-
Operating Expenses:							
Personnel Services	•	11,801		204,136	-	390,378	
Contractual Services		2,158	-	95,608	-	171,726	
Repairs and Maintenance		58,349	48,277	104,536	-	212,424	
Commodities and Materials	— - ,	-	-		-	23,908	
Depreciation and Amortization		40,734	•	254,689	8,651	421,176	
General Fund Reimbursements		50,760		-	- •	139,167	
Pension Expense		104,864		245,491	-	638,196	
Other			17,050	101,439	-	124,328	-
Total Operating Expenses	606,364	268,666	231,723	1,005,899	8,651	2,121,303	-
Operating Income (Loss)	155,047	100,300	(49,530)	(58,083)	(8,651)	139,083	-
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
Investment Income (Loss)		1,025	• • •	12,640	(4)	13,196	
Interest Expense	• • •	(81,722)		(316,119)		(563,958)	
Passenger Facility Charges		-	41,665	151,634	-	193,299	
Customer Facility Charges		-	8,625	39,930	-	48,555	
Noise Mitigation Costs		-	(27,089)	(2,310)	-	(29,399)	
Cost of Issuance		-	(3,001)	(5,912)	-	(8,913)	
Swap Termination Fees	· · · /	- '	-	-	-	(101,751)	
Other	605	112	364	15,553	18,567	35,201	_
Total Nonoperating Revenues				_			
(Expenses)	(208,414)	(80,585)) (38,750)	(104,584)	18,563	(413,770)	_
Transfers Out	(2,420)	(120)	-	-	-	(2,540)	
Capital Grants		16,639		70,664		115,206	-
Net Income (Loss)		36,234	(60,377)	-(92,003)	9,912	(162,021)	
Net Position (Deficit) -							
Beginning of Year	951,513	376,238	(243,476)	474,600	(1,354,514)	204,361	-
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ 895,726	\$ 412,472	\$ (303,853)	\$ 382,597	\$ (1,344,602)	\$ 42,340	

See notes to basic financial statements.

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			В	usines	s-type Activit	ties -	Enterprise Fur	nds		
-				Ма	ijor Funds					
-	Water		Sewer		Chicago- Mıdway ternational Airport	1	Chicago- O'Hare nternational Airport		icago yway	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:										
Received from Customers	-	\$	367,632	\$	177,236	\$	991,753	\$	-	\$ 2,301,118
Payments to Vendors	(84,493)		(29,871)		(76,572)		(287,590)		226	(478,300)
Payments to Employees	(126,309)		(43,665)		(46,822)		(180,956)		-	(397,752)
Transactions with Other City Funds	(115,919)		(46,671)		(11,882)		(67,955)	<u> </u>		 (242,427)
Cash Flows Provided By										
Operating Activities	437,776		247,425		41,960		455,252		226	 1,182,639
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:										
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds/IEPA Loans	219,254		54,170		394,848		1,182,016		-	1,850,288
Capital Assets	(384,178)		(210,909)		(58,504)		(423,778)		-	(1,077,369)
Capital Grant Receipts	-		16,639		30,314		68,340		-	115,293
Bond Issuance Costs	(3,112)		-		(3,002)		(5,912)		-	(12,026)
Payment to Refund Bonds	-		-		(41,713)		(1,058,503)		-	(1,100,216)
Principal Paid on Debt	(70,281)		(47,529)		(23,470)		(221,220)		-	(362,500)
Interest Paid	(100,722)		(79,525)		(59,681)		(394,869)		-	(634,797)
Passenger and Customer Facility Charges	-		-		48,822		193,743		-	242,565
Swap Termination Fees	(101,751)		-		-		-		-	(101,751)
Concessionaire Funds	-		-		-		-		79	 79
Cash Flows (Used in) Provided By Capital and Related Financing Activities	(440,790)		(267,154)		287,614		(660,183)		79	 (1,080,434)
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities:										
Noise Mitigation Program	-	-	-		(27,089)		(2,310)		-	(29,399)
Proceeds from Settlement Agreement	-				364		707		-	 1,071
Cash Flows Used in Non Capital Financing Activities					(26,725)		(1,603)	<u></u>		 (28,328)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:										
(Purchases) Sale of Investments, Net	(107,225)		(2,635)		(245,356)		100,611		(717)	(255,322)
Investment Income (Loss)	3,843		1,941		1,793		(3,131)		(25)	4,421
- Cash Flows (Used in) Provided By									<u> </u>	
Investing Activities	(103,382)		(694)		(243,563)		97,480		(742)	 (250,901)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(106,396)		(20,423)		59,286		(109,054)		(437)	(177,024)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	322,485	_	177,208	-	168,752		1,414,399	-	915	 2,083,759
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	216,089	\$	156,785	\$	228,038	\$	1,305,345	\$	478	\$ 1,906,735

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Exhibit 9 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

				Bus	iness	-type Activit	ies -	Enterprise F	unds	; 		
					Ма	or Funds						
ى ئەرىمىمىيە (1971- مىچەر بىر بولسىردىكىتىكىكە، مەمىر بەراپىرىز ، 1971- مەل			· •	مېد د د وهندر اد .	Int	Chicago- Midway emational		Chicago- O'Hare Iternational		-	- 4134.	
		Water		Sewer	_	Airport		Airport		Skyway		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income to												
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:												
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	155,047	\$	100,300	\$	(49,530)	\$	(58,083)	\$	(8,651)	\$	139,083
Adjustments to Reconcile:												
Depreciation and Amortization		67,984		40,734		49,118		254,689		8,651		42 1 ,176
Pension Expense Other than Contribution		227,639		100,447		41,188		217,986		-		587,260
Provision for Uncollectible Accounts Change in Assets and Liabilities:		24,757		16,320		(390)		-		-		40,687
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables		(19,973)		(16,135)		1,255		9,628		_		(25,225)
(Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Funds		(2,234)		8,719		650		(319)		_		6,816
(Decrease) Increase in Voucher Warrants		(2,204)		0,110		000		(010)		-		0,010
Payable and Due to Other Funds		(15,978)		663		5,164		(1,685)		(10)		(11,846)
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue												
and Other Liabilities		2,079		(3,439)		(5,432)		34,308		236		27,752
Increase in Inventories and								i				
Other Assets	<u> </u>	(1,545)		(184)		(63)		(1,272)		-		(3,064)
Cash Flows from												
Operating Activities	\$	437,776	\$	247,425	\$	41,960	\$	455,252	\$	226	\$	1,182,639
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Items: Capital asset additions in 2016												
have outstanding accounts payable												
and accrued and other liabilities	\$	69,532	\$	120,819	\$	33,335	\$	197,167	\$	-	\$	420.853

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See notes to basic financial statements.

Exhibit 10 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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		Pension Trust		Agency
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with	\$	188,696 8,552,287	\$	147,723 152,540
Escrow Agent		-		9,188
Property Tax Receivable		-		91,113
Accounts Receivable, Net		884,688		80,667
Due From City		155,884		-
Property, Plant, Equipment and other		234		-
Invested Securities Lending Collateral		661,063	•	-
Total Assets	\$	10,442,852	\$	481,231
LIABILITIES				
Voucher Warrants Payable Accrued and Other Liabilities		292,454 -	\$	42,437 438,794
Securities Lending Collateral		661,063		
Total Liabilities	\$	953,517	\$	481,231
Deferred Inflows	_\$	1,333	\$	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$	954,850	\$	481,231
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Pension Benefits		9,488,002		
Total Net Position	\$	9,488,002		

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Exhibit 11 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Total	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employees	\$ 298,073	
City		יין געיינעניינער פאריאאראיל איל אלאלאר אילעניישינער איי
Total Contributions	905,645	
nvestment Income:		
Net Appreciation in		
Fair Value of Investments	370,918	
Interest, Dividends and Other	213,775	
Investment Expense	(43,697)	
Net Investment Income	540,996	
Securities Lending Transactions:		
Securities Lending Income	3,819	
Securities Lending Expense		
Net Securities Lending Transactions	3,420	
Total Additions	1,450,061	
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits and Refunds of Deductions	2,027,029	
Administrative and General	19,164	
Total Deductions	2,046,193	
Net Increase in Net Position	(596,132)	
let Position:		
Beginning of Year	10,084,134	
End of Year	\$ 9,488,002	

See notes to basic financial statements.

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1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Chicago (City), incorporated in 1837, is a "home rule" unit under State of Illinois law. The City has a mayor-council form of government. The Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and is elected by general election. The City Council is the legislative body and consists of 50 members, each representing one of the City's 50 wards. The members of the City Council are elected through popular vote by ward for four-year terms.

The accounting policies of the City are based upon accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Effective January 1, 2016, the City adopted the following GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application ("GASB 72"), addressed accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The City adopted GASB 72 for the year ended December 31, 2016. This Statement provided guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and the related disclosures. This Statement required a government to use valuation techniques that are appropriate under the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value. This Statement established a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This Statement also required disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques (see Notes 4 and 10).

GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments* ("GASB 76"), supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The City adopted GASB 76 for the year ended December 31, 2016. There was no impact on the City's Financial Statements as a result of the implementation of GASB 76.

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* ("GASB 77"), required governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose: (1) Brief descriptive information concerning the agreement; (2) The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period; and 3) Commitments made by government, other than to abate taxes, that are part of the tax abatement agreement. The City adopted GASB 77 for the year ended December 31, 2016 (see Note 17).

Other accounting standards that the City is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"), replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. GASB 75 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2018. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with payables to defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB.

GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 ("GASB 80"), amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. GASB 80 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 ("GASB 82"), addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of

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payments made by employers to satisfy employee (Plan member) contribution requirements. GASB 82 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* – ("GASB 83"), addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets will have to recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. GASB 83 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* – ("GASB 84") will improve the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB 84 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus – ("GASB 85") the objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The statement addresses various miscellaneous issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (OPEB). GASB 85 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues* – ("GASB 86") establishes accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources (resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt) are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. GASB 86 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2018.

a) Reporting Entity - The City includes the Chicago Public Library. The financial statements for the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), applicable to governmental units, as required by the Municipal Code of Chicago (Code).

The City's financial statements include the following legal entities as fiduciary trust funds:

The Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago is governed by a five-member board: three members are elected by plan participants and two are members ex-officio.

<u>The Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: two members are elected by plan participants, two are members ex-officio, two members are appointed by the City Department of Human Resources, one member is elected by retired plan participants and one member is elected by the local labor union.

<u>The Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are appointed by the Mayor.

<u>The Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are members ex-officio.

Financial statements for each of these four pension plans (collectively, "Pension Plans") may be obtained at the respective Pension Plans' office.

Related Organizations - City officials are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making appointments and no financial accountability or fiscal dependency exists between the City and these

organizations. Therefore, the Chicago Park District, Chicago Public Building Commission, Chicago Public Schools, Community College District No. 508, Chicago Housing Authority and the Chicago Transit Authority are deemed to be related organizations.

b) Government-wide and fund financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identified with a specific. function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period with the exception of property tax revenue, which is recorded as deferred inflows unless taxes are received within 60 days subsequent to year-end. Licenses and permits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are not considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recorded as revenues when received in cash. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting, except for interest and principal on long-term debt, the long-term portion of compensated absences, claims and judgments, and pension obligations.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Federal, State and Local Grants Fund accounts for the expenditures for programs, which include general government, health, public safety, transportation, aviation, cultural and recreational, and capital outlays. The majority of revenues are provided by several agencies of the Federal government, departments of the Illinois State government and City resources.

Special Taxing Areas Fund accounts for expenditures for special area operations and maintenance and for redevelopment project costs as provided by tax levies on special areas.

Service Concession and Reserve Fund accounts for monies committed for mid- and long-term uses. The Mid-term portion is subject to appropriation for neighborhood human infrastructure programs, health, and other initiatives, whereas the Long-term portion is committed for future budgetary and credit rating stabilization. These reserves were created as a result of the Skyway Lease and Parking Meter System transactions. The deferred inflows result from long-term concession and lease transactions whose proceeds are recognized as revenue over the term of the agreements.

Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund accounts for the expenditures for principal and interest as provided by property tax, utility tax, sales tax, transportation tax, and investment income.

Community Development and Improvement Projects Funds account for proceeds of debt used to acquire property, finance construction, and finance authorized expenditures and supporting services for a various activities.

Pension Fund accounts for the City's contribution to the City's four Employees' Annuity and Benefit Funds as provided by the tax levy and other sources of revenue, including the allocable share from Enterprise Funds and Special Revenue Funds.

Within the governmental fund types, fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in a spendable form; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., City Council); to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is held by the City Council. The City Council passes Ordinances to commit their fund balances.

Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the City Council itself; or (b) a body or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Budget Director or Comptroller has authority to assign amounts related to certain legal obligations outside of the appropriation process within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, and capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purpose and approved appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned.

Unassigned includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds as business-type activities:

Water Fund accounts for the operations of the Chicago Water System (Water). The Water system purifies and provides Lake Michigan water for the City and 125 suburbs. The Water Fund operates two water purification facilities with a combined output pumping capacity of 2,160 million gallons per day and 12 pumping stations with a combined pumping capacity of 3,661 million gallons per day.

Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the Wastewater Transmission System (Sewer). The Sewer system transports wastewater to the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago for processing and disposal. This service is provided for the residents and businesses of the City and certain

suburban customers.

Chicago Midway International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago Midway International Airport (Midway) that provides regional travelers with access to airlines that generally specialize in low-cost, point-to-point, origin and destination passenger services. Midway Airport is conveniently located 10 miles from downtown Chicago.

Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago-O'Hare International Airport (O'Hare), the primary commercial airport for the City. The airlines servicing the airport operate out of four terminal buildings. Three domestic terminal buildings, having a total of 167 gates, serve domestic flights and certain international departures as of December 2016. The International Terminal, having a total of 21 gates and four remote aircraft parking positions, serves the remaining international departures and all international arrivals requiring customs clearance.

Chicago Skyway Fund records operations of the Chicago Skyway (Skyway) which provides vehicle passage across the Calumet River, between the State of Indiana and the State of Illinois (State) through the operation of a tollway which consists of a 7.8-mile span connecting the Dan Ryan Expressway to the Indiana Toll Road. Facilities include a single toll plaza consisting of a central office, maintenance garage and toll collection area. In January 2005, the City entered into a long-term Concession and Lease Agreement of the Skyway, granting a private company the ability to operate and to collect toll revenue during the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received a one-time upfront payment of \$1.83 billion.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Pension Trust Funds report expenditures for employee pensions as provided by employee and employer contributions and investment earnings.

Agency Funds account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for certain activities or for various entities. Payroll deductions and special deposits are the primary transactions accounted for in these funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water, sewer, airports and skyway funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods and services, or privileges provided, or fines; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The airport funds' principal operating revenues are derived from landing fees and terminal use charges as well as rents and concessions. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and

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liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

d) Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, and net position or equity

i) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments generally are held with the City Treasurer as required by the Code. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their average combined cash and investment balances. Due to contractual agreements or legal restrictions, the cash and investments of certain funds are segregated and earn and receive interest directly. The City uses separate escrow accounts in which certain tax revenues are deposited and held for payment of debt.

The Code permits deposits only to City Council-approved depositories, which must be regularly organized state or national banks and federal and state savings and loan associations, located within the City, whose deposits are federally insured.

Investments authorized by the Code include interest-bearing general obligations of the City, State and U.S. Government; U.S. Treasury bills and other noninterest-bearing general obligations of the U.S. Government purchased in the open market below face value; domestic money market funds regulated and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission and tax anticipation warrants issued by the City. The City is prohibited by ordinance from investing in derivatives, as defined, without City Council approval. The City values its investments at fair value or amortized cost. U.S. Government securities purchased at a price other than par with a maturity of less than or equal to one year are reported at amortized cost.

The City's four retirement plans are authorized to invest in bonds, notes, and other obligations of the U.S. Government; corporate debentures and obligations; insured mortgage notes and loans; common and preferred stocks; stock options; real estate; and other investment vehicles as set forth in the Illinois Compiled Statutes. These investments are reported at fair value.

Repurchase agreements can be purchased only from banks and certain other institutions authorized to do business in the State. The City Treasurer requires that securities that are pledged to secure these agreements have a fair value equal to the cost of the repurchase agreements plus accrued interest.

Investments generally may not have a maturity date in excess of thirty years from the date of purchase. Certain other investments are held in accordance with the specific provisions of applicable ordinances.

Cash equivalents include certificates of deposit and other investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Deficit cash balances result in interfund borrowings from the aggregate of funds other than escrowed funds. Interest income and expense are generally not recognized on these interfund borrowings.

State statutes, the City and the City's Pension Plans' policies permit lending securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Securities lent at year-end for cash collateral are presented as not categorized in the schedule of custodial credit risk; securities lent for securities collateral are classified according to the category for the collateral.

Securities Lending by the Pension Plans - The State Statutes and the Board of Trustees permit the Pension Plans to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return collateral for the same securities in the future. The Plans' custodians, acting as the lending agent, lends securities for collateral in the form of cash, U.S. Government obligations and irrevocable letters of credit equal to 102% of the fair value of domestic securities plus accrued interest and 105% of the fair value of foreign securities plus accrued interest. The Plan does not have the right to sell or pledge securities received as collateral unless the borrower defaults. All securities loans can be terminated on

demand within a period specified in each agreement by either the Funds or the borrowers. The contracts with the Fund's custodian require the securities lending agent to indemnify the Funds.

Municipal Employees' - The average term of securities loaned was 54 days at December 31, 2016. The cash collateral is invested in tri-party repurchase agreements and bank deposits which had a weighted average maturity of 28 days at December 31, 2016.

Laborers' Employees' - The average term of securities loaned was 88 days at December 31, 2016. Cash collateral may be invested in a short-term investment pool, which had a weighted average maturity of 16 days at December 31, 2016.

Policemen's Employees' - The average term of the Fund's loan was approximately 1 day as of December 31, 2016. Cash collateral was reinvested in indemnified repurchase agreements which had a interest sensitivity of 83.55 days at December 31, 2016.

Firemen's Employees' - The average term of securities loaned was 48 days in 2016. Cash collateral may be invested in a short-term investment pool, which had a weighted average maturity of 28 days at December 31, 2016.

ii) Receivables and Payables activity between funds are representative of services rendered, outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is based on historical trends. The estimated value of services provided but unbilled at year-end has been included in receivables.

- iii) Inventory includes government-wide inventories, which are stated at cost determined principally, using the average cost method. For proprietary funds, the costs of inventories are recorded as expenses when used (consumption method). Governmental fund inventories are accounted for using the purchases method and represent nonspendable resources because they do not represent expendable available financial resources.
- iv) Restricted Assets include certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment. These assets are classified as restricted or committed in the basic financial statements because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or specific City Council action.

The Water and Sewer funds maintain Rate Stabilization Accounts where any net revenues remaining after providing sufficient funds for all required deposits in the bond accounts may be transferred upon the direction of the City to be used for any lawful purpose of the specific fund.

The O'Hare and Midway funds maintain Passenger Facility Charge accounts as restricted as they are subject to Federal Aviation Administration regulation and approval, to finance specific eligible capital and debt related activities.

v) Capital Assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets, or a network of assets, with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at aquisition value at the date of donation.

CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalization value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense (Governmental and Business Activities) incurred by the City during the current fiscal year was \$1,096.6 million, of which \$49.2 million was capitalized as part of the capital assets under construction projects in proprietary funds.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method, in the year subsequent to acquisition or when placed into service, over the following estimated useful lives:

Utility plant	25 - 100 years
Utility structures and improvements	
Buildings and improvements	10 - 40 years
Airport runways, aprons, tunnels, taxiways, and paved roads	30 years
Bridge infrastructure	
Lighting infrastructure	25 years
Street infrastructure	10 - 25 years
Transit infrastructure	
Equipment (vehicle, office, and computer)	5 - 20 years

The City has a collection of artwork and historical treasures presented for public exhibition and education that are being preserved for future generations. The proceeds from sales of any pieces of the collection are used to purchase other acquisitions. A portion of this collection is not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets.

- vi) Deferred Outflows represent unamortized loss on bond refundings, the fair value of derivative instruments that are deemed to be effective hedges, differences between estimated and actual investment earnings related to pensions, changes in actuarial assumptions related to pensions and other pension related changes.
- vii) Employee Benefits are granted for vacation and sick leave, workers' compensation and health care. Unused vacation leave is accrued and may be partially carried over for one year. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day for each month worked, up to a maximum of 200 days. Severance of employment terminates all rights to receive compensation for any unused sick leave. Sick leave pay is not accrued. Employee benefit claims outstanding, including claims incurred but not reported, are estimated and recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Employees are eligible to defer a portion of their salaries until future years under the City's deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Third-party administrators who maintain the investment portfolio administer the Plan. The plan's assets have been placed in trust-accounts with the plan administrators for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries and are not considered assets of the City.

The City is subject to the State of Illinois Unemployment Compensation Act and has elected the reimbursing employer option for providing unemployment insurance benefits for eligible former employees. Under this option, the City reimburses the State for claims paid by the State. Expenditures for workers' compensation are recorded when paid in the governmental funds. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

- viii)Judgments and claims are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. In the fund financial statements, expenditures for judgments and claims are recorded on the basis of settlements reached or judgments entered within the current fiscal year. Amounts that relate to deferred compensatory time and reserves for questioned costs are treated the same way.
- ix) Long-term obligations are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements. Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt, except in the case of refunding debt transactions where the amortization period is over the term of the refunding or refunded debt, whichever is shorter.

The City enters into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates and/or cash flows on outstanding debt. For existing swaps, the net interest expenditures resulting from these arrangements are recorded as interest expense. The fair value of derivative instruments that are deemed to be effective is accounted for as deferred outflows. Derivative instruments that are deemed not effective are adjusted to fair value with the change in fair value recorded to investment earnings. Under certain bond ordinances adopted by the City Council, interest rate swaps and swaptions are authorized to be entered into by designated City officials in connection with certain bonds issued by the City. For swaps related to O'Hare Bonds or Midway Bonds, airline approval is also required before entering into a swap agreement.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received and discounts given on debt issued are reported as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Certain debt obligations are to be paid from sales tax, motor fuel or special area taxes.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's four pension plans and additions to/deductions from the City's Pension Plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Pension Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The financial statements of the Plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

- x) Deferred inflows represent amounts to be recognized as revenue on a straight line basis over the life of the related long-term lease and concession agreements and differences between projected and actual actuarial experience related to pensions, and other pension related changes. In the fund financials, grants that meet all of the eligibility criteria except for time availability and property taxes levied for a future period are also included in deferred inflows.
- xi) Net Position in the government-wide statements is classified in three components:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or any other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

(2) Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are legally restricted through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted net position for business activities are provided in Exhibit 7, Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds.

(3) Unrestricted - All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets." As of December 31, 2016, the unrestricted net position represents a deficit.

2) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

- a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.
 - i) The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds." The details of this \$1,639.5 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

•	Deferred inflows - property tax	\$ 1,375,279	
	Deferred inflows - grants	253,053	
	Deferred inflows - charges for services	 11,209	
	Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds		
	- to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 1,639,541	

ii) Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Certain liabilities and deferred outflows, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$38,696.3 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Long-term liabilities:		
Total bonds, notes and certificates payable	\$	10,410,301
Pension benefits		31,512,071
Other postemployment benefits		167,209
Pollution remediation		33,201
Claims and judgments		942,622
Total Long-term liabilities		43,065,404
Accounts payable - infrastructure retainage		22,171
Bonds, notes and other obligations payable current		(122,712)
Other assets - issuance costs (bond insurance)		(11,159)
Deferred outflows-unamortized loss on refunding		(229,368)
Deferred outflows-pension costs		(5,438,514)
- Deferred inflows-pension		
Accrued and other liabilities - compensated absences		88,364
Accrued and other liabilities - pension payable to pension funds		601,861
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds - to arrive at net position -	•	00 000 074
governmental activities		38,696,271

b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

i) The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$165.1 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Capitalized asset expenditures	\$ 570,840
	Donated assets	39
	Depreciation expense	(405,292)
;	Loss - on disposal of land	 (460)
	Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at	
	changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ 165,127

ii) Another element of that reconciliation states that "Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position." The details of this increase of \$249.4 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Proceeds of debt	\$ (530,746)
Proceeds from Line of Credit	(337,140)
Premium	(23,892)
Payment of refunded bond escrow agent	496,150
Principal retirement	659,281
Interest expense	 (14,265)
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds - to arrive at changes in net position - governmental activities	 249,388

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this decrease of \$3,792.2 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Claims and judgments	\$ (92,061)
Pension costs	(3,747,531)
Other post employment benefit liabilities	47,326
Pollution remediation	(351)
Vacation	545
Inventory	 (97)
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ (3,792,169)

3) Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

- a) Annual Appropriation Budgets are established for the General Fund and the Vehicle Tax, Pension, Chicago Public Library and certain Miscellaneous, Special Events, Tourism and Festivals nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, on a non-GAAP budgetary basis:
 - i) Prior to October 15, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget of expenditures and the means of financing them for the next year.
 - ii) The budget document is available for public inspection for at least ten days prior to passage of the annual appropriation ordinance by the City Council, which is also required to hold at least one public hearing.
 - iii) Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the appropriation ordinance.
 - iv) Subsequent to the enactment of the appropriation ordinance, the City Council has the authority to make necessary adjustments to the budget, which results in a change in total or individual appropriations. The legal level of budgetary control is designated in the budget by object grouped by purpose.
 - v) All annual appropriations unused and unencumbered lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the following year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for Capital Project Funds. Appropriations for Debt Service Funds are established by bond ordinance.
- b) Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budgetary Basis The City's budgetary basis of accounting used for budget vs. actual reporting differs from GAAP. For budgetary purposes, encumbrances are recorded as expenditures but are included in "Unassigned" fund balance for GAAP purposes. For budgetary purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers in are classified as revenues. For budgetary purposes prior years' resources used to cover current year budgetary expenditures are recorded as revenues. For GAAP purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers out are treated as other financing sources. Provision for doubtful account expenditures are not budgeted. A reconciliation of the different basis of revenue and expenditure recognition for the year ended December 31, 2016 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

:	General Fund		
Revenues, GAAP Basis	\$	3,682,612	
Add:			
Transfers In		14,998	
Revenues, Budgetary Basis	\$	3,697,610	
Expenditures, GAAP Basis	\$	3,473,208	
Add:			
Transfers Out		169,955	
Encumbered in 2016		14,115	
Deduct:			
Payments on Prior Years' Encumbrances		(25,045)	
Payments on Prior Years' Assignments		(68,780)	
Provision for Doubtful Accounts and Other		(2,860)	
Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$	3,560,593	

c) Individual Fund Deficits include the Chicago Skyway Fund, an Enterprise Fund, which has a fund deficit of \$1,344.6 million which management anticipates will be funded through recognition of deferred inflows. Midway International Airport Fund has a fund deficit of \$303.9 million which will be funded through future revenues. Federal State and Local Grants, a governmental fund, has a deficit of \$242.9 million and will be funded by the recognition of deferred grant inflows and unearned revenue. The Service Concession and Reserve Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$894.0 million which will be funded through the recognition of deferred inflows.

4) Restricted and Unrestricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

a)	Investments As of Decembe	r 31, 2016, the City	/ had the following Investments	(dollars in thousands):
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Investment Type							
	_Le	ss Than 1	 1-5	 6-10	Mor	re Than 10	 Total
City Funds							
U.S. Treasuries	\$	95,179	\$ 19,907	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 115,086
U.S. Agencies*		886,488	728,984	9,187		-	1,624,659
Commercial Paper		358,723	-	-		-	358,723
Corporate Bonds		141,337	513,629	446,595		405,341	1,506,902
Corporate Equities		830	-	-		-	830
Certificates of Deposit and							
Other Short-term		2,041,212	-	-		· _	2,041,212
Municipal Bonds		91,312	470,062	198,124		351,758	1,111,256
Supra national Bonds			-	-		-	-
Total City Funds	<u> </u>	3,615,081	\$ 1,732,582	\$ 653,906	\$	757,099	\$ 6,758,668

*U.S. Agencies include investments in government-sponsored enterprises such as Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Banks, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

Pension Trust Funds							
U.S. and Foreign							
Government Agencies	\$	50,433	\$ 200,015	\$ 134,253	\$ 307,518	\$	692,219
Corporate Bonds		756,669	400,813	302,706	182,727		1,642,915
Corporate Equities	4	1,613,156	-	-	-		4,613,156
Pooled Funds		62,613	3,623	19,538	-		85,774
Real Estate		596,317	-	-	-		596,317
Securities Received from							
Securities Lending		661,063	-	-	-		661,063
Venture Capital		526,846	-	-	-		526,846
Certificates of Deposit and							
Other Short-term		323,206	-	-	-		323,206
Derivatives		20,635	-	-	-		20,635
Other		32,918	 136,714	 69,791			239,423
Total Pension Trust Funds	\$ 7	7,643,856	\$ 741,165	\$ 526,288	\$ 490,245	\$	9,401,554
Total	<u>\$</u> 11	,258,937	\$ 2,473,747	\$ 1,180,194	\$ 1,247,344	<u></u> \$1	16,160,222

City's Fair Value Measurements for Investments:

The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation techniques used to measure fair value.

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted market prices, and

Level 3 - Unobservable Inputs

Investments that are valued using net asset value per share (NAV) (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy

The recurring fair value measurements for investments as of December 31, 2016 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

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Investments by Fair Value Level	_Le	evel 1	·	Level 2	Le	evel 3		
U.S. Treasuries	\$	_	\$	19,907	\$	-		
U.S. Agencies		-		1,423,129		-		
Corporate Bonds		wa.7		1,472,472_			ans	
Municipal Bonds		-	1 1-17 11 17	1,076,581		-		
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$	-	\$	3,992,089	\$	-		

Money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and are held by governments other than the external investment pools are measured at amortized cost and are not reflected in the table above. The total of these investments at amortized cost for the City are \$2,766.6 million.

Pension Trust Funds' Investments (Dollars in thousands):

Summary	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
U.S.and Foreign				
Government Agencies	\$ 692,219	\$-	\$ 692,219	\$-
Corporate Bonds	974,246	-	974,144	102
Corporate Equities	4,053,636	4,018,646	34,673	317
Pooled Funds	62,613	5,514	57,099	-
Real Estate	14,020	14,020	-	-
Securities Received from		•		
Securities Lending	661,063	-	661,063	-
Certificates of Deposit				
and Other Short-term	266,415	, 7,487	249,143	9,785
Derivatives	20,635	1,333	19,302	-
Other	213,392	-	213,392	-
Subtotal	6,958,239	4,047,000	2,901,035	10,204

Investments measured at net asset value:		Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice
Corporate Bonds	668,669	23,473	as needed	daily, monthly
Corporate Equities	559,521	43,086	as needed; quarterly, not eligible	daily, up to 90 days, N/A
Pooled Funds	23,162	-		
Real Estate	582,297	43,205	as needed; quarterly, N/A	60/90 days, open end or N/A
Venture Capital	526,846	73,785	as needed or N/A	90 days or N/A
Certificates of Deposit				
and Other Short-term	56,791	-		· ·
Other *	26,031	20,290	as needed or N/A	up to 90 days or N/A
Subtotal	2,443,317			
Total	\$ 9,401,556			

* Other includes Fixed Assets & Hedge Fund of Funds.

v.

Corporate bonds - Include debt instruments created by companies for the purpose of raising capital and pay a specified amount of interest on a regular basis.

Corporate equities - Include investments in funds primarily holding publicly traded US and non-US equity securities.

Pooled funds - Include investments that are pooled to maximize the total return.

Real estate funds - Include investments in open and closed-end real estate funds. Investments in open-end funds have limited redemption availability as redemption opportunities are based on available liquidity. Closed-end funds do not offer redemptions. Distributions from closed-end funds will be received as the underlying investments are liquidated.

Venture capital - Includes investments where the objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation, preserve capital, and achieve a consistent pattern of returns through investments in limited partnerships, privately issued securities, private equity funds, and other pooled investments with a focus on the venture sector and undervalued alternative investments. Closed-end limited partnership interests are generally illiquid and cannot be redeemed.

Short-term investments - Include short-term investments of high quality and low risk to protect capital while achieving investment returns.

Other - Includes Hedge Funds of long/short equity hedge fund-of-funds.

- i) Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits all securities so purchased, except tax anticipation warrants, municipal bonds, notes, commercial paper or other instruments representing a debt obligation of the City, which shall show on their face that they are fully payable as to principal and interest, where applicable, if any, within thirty years from the date of purchase.
- ii) Credit Risk With regard to credit risk, the Code limits the investments in securities to:
 - (1) Interest-bearing general obligations of the United States and the State of Illinois;
 - (2) United States treasury bills and other non-interest bearing general obligations of the United States or United States government agencies when offered for sale at a price below the face value of same, so as to afford the city a return on such investment in lieu of interest;
 - (3) Tax anticipation warrants, municipal bonds, notes, commercial paper or other instruments representing a debt obligation issued by the City;
 - (4) Commercial paper which: (1) at the time of purchase, is rated in the two highest classifications by at least two accredited ratings agencies; and (2) matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase;
 - (5) Reverse repurchase agreement if: (1) the term does not exceed 90 days; and (2) the maturity of the investment acquired with the proceeds of the reverse repurchase agreement does not exceed the expiration date of the reverse repurchase agreement; Reverse repurchase agreements may be transacted with primary dealers and financial institutions, provided that the City has on file a master repurchase agreement;
 - (6) Certificates of deposit of banks or savings and loan associations designated as municipal depositories which are insured by federal deposit insurance; provided that any amount of the deposit in excess of the federal deposit insurance shall be collateralized as noted in *Custodial Credit Risk* – *Cash and Certificates of Deposit* below;

- (7) Bankers acceptance of banks whose senior obligations, at the time of purchase, are rated in either the AAA or AA rating categories by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
- (8) Tax-exempt securities exempt from federal arbitrage provisions applicable to investments of proceeds of the City's tax-exempt debt obligations;
- (9) Domestic money market mutual funds regulated by and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission; provided_that_such_money_market_mutual_funds'_portfolios_are_limited_to______ investments authorized by this section;
 - (10)Any other suitable investment instrument permitted by state laws governing municipal investments generally, subject to the reasonable exercise of prudence in making investments of public funds;
 - (11)Except where otherwise restricted or prohibited, a non-interest-bearing savings account, non-interest-bearing checking account or other non-interest bearing demand account established in a national or state bank, or a federal or state savings and loan association, when, in the determination of the treasurer, the placement of such funds in the non-interest bearing account is used as compensating balances to offset fees associated with that account that will result in cost savings to the City;
 - (12)Bonds of companies organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500.0 million that, at the time of purchase, are rated not less than A-, or equivalent rating, by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
 - (13)Debt instruments of international financial institutions, including but not limited to the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund, that, at the time of purchase, are rated within four intermediate credit ratings of the United States sovereign credit rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies, but not less than an A-rating, or equivalent rating. The maturity of investments authorized in this subsection shall not exceed 10 years. For purposes of this subsection, an "international financial institution" means a financial institution that has been established or chartered by more than one country and the owners or shareholders are generally national governments or other international institutions such as the United Nations;
 - (14)United States dollar denominated debt instruments of foreign sovereignties that, at the time of purchase, are rated within four intermediate credit ratings of the United States sovereign credit rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies, but not less than an A-rating or equivalent rating;
 - (15)Interest-bearing bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, of the State of Illinois, of any other state, or of any political subdivision or agency of the State of Illinois or of any other state, whether the interest earned thereon is taxable or tax-exempt under federal law. The bonds shall be registered in the name of the city or held under a custodial agreement at a bank. The bonds shall be rated, at the time of purchase, not less than A-, or equivalent rating, by at least two accredited rating agencies with nationally recognized expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions;
 - (16)Bonds registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and for which the full faith and credit of the State of Israel is pledged for payment; provided that the bonds have an A-rating or above or equivalent rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
 - (17)Bonds, notes, debentures, or other similar obligations of agencies of the United States rated, at the time of purchase, no less than AAA by at least two accredited rating agencies.

Total holdings across all funds held by the treasurer shall have no less than an overall average rating of Aa1 on a quarterly basis, as rated by two accredited rating agencies. The following schedule summarizes the City's and Pension Trust Funds' exposure to credit risk (in thousands):

			Pension Trust
Quality Rating	City	Quality Rating	Funds
Aaa/AAA	\$ 993,452	Aaa/AAA	\$ 204,812
Aa/AA	2,389,780	Aa/AA	106,996
A/A	1,090,151	A/A	184,177
Baa/BBB	-	Baa/BBB	301,300
Ba/BB	-	Ba/BB	247,519
В/В	-	В/В	171,428
Caa/CCC	-	Caa/CCC	40,780
Са	-	Са	355
C/CC	-	C/CC	488
D/D	-	D/D	1,475
P1/A1	331,176	Not Rated	322,203
P2/A2	40,348	Other	451,942
MIG1/SP-1+	34,367		
MIG2/SP-1+	1,999		
Not Rated*	1,877,395		
Total Funds	\$ 6,758,668		\$ 2,033,475

* Not rated is primarily composed of money market mutual funds.

iii) Custodial Credit Risk – Cash and Certificates of Deposit: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's Deposits may not be returned. The City's Investment Policy states that in order to protect the City public fund deposits, depository institutions are to maintain collateral pledges on City deposits and certificates of deposit during the term of the deposit.

For certificates of deposit of banks or savings and loan associations designated as municipal depositories which are insured by federal deposit insurance, any amount of the deposit in excess of the federal deposit insurance shall be either: (1) fully collateralized at least 102 percent by: (i) marketable U.S. government securities marked to market at least monthly; (ii) bonds, notes, or other securities constituting the direct and general obligation of any agency or instrumentality of the United States; or (iii) bonds, notes or other securities constituting a direct and general obligation of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, of the State of Illinois or of any other state, or of any political subdivision or agency of the State of Illinois or any other state which are rated in either the AAA or AA rating categories by at least two accredited ratings agencies and maintaining such rating during the term of such investments; (2) secured by a corporate surety bond issued by an insurance company licensed to do business in the State of Illinois and having a claims-paying rating in the top rating category as rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and maintaining such rating during the term of such investment; or (3) fully collateralized at least 102 percent by an irrevocable letter of credit issued in favor of the City by the Federal Home Loan Bank, provided that the Federal Home Loan Bank's short-term debt obligations are rated in the highest rating category by at least one accredited ratings agency throughout the term of the certificate of deposit.

The collateral required to secure City funds must be held in safekeeping and pursuant to collateral agreements which would prohibit release or substitution of pledged assets without proper written notification and authorization of the City Treasurer. The final maturity of acceptable collateral pledged shall not exceed 120 months.

The bank balance of cash and certificates of deposit with the City's various municipal depositories was \$514.1 million. 84.7 percent of the bank balance was either insured or collateralized with securities held by City agents in the City's name. \$78.7 million was uncollateralized at December 31, 2016, and thus was subject to custodial credit risk.

- iv) Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The City has no custodial credit risk exposure because investment securities are insured, registered and held by the City.
- v) Foreign Currency Risk In the case of the Pension Trust Funds, this is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The risk of loss is managed by limiting its exposure to fair value loss by requiring their international securities managers to maintain diversified portfolios. The following schedule summarizes the Pension Trust Funds' exposure to foreign currency risk (in thousands):

Foreign Currency Risk	
Australian dollar	\$ 61,507
Brazilian real	38,576
British pound	223,156
Canadian dollar	72,438
Chilean peso	1,772
Chinese yuan	712
Columbian peso	3,712
Czech Republic koruna	2,278
Danish krone	22,925
Egyptian pound	226
European euro	381,077
HK Chinese Yuan renminbi	1
Hong Kong dollar	131,579
Hungarian forint	3,812
Indian rupee	44,170
Indonesian rupiah	25,006
Japanese yen	328,527
Malaysian ringgit	6,821
Mexican peso	20,515
New Israeli shekel	6,695
New Romanian leu	(5)
New Taiwan dollar	35,096
New Zealand dollar	2,225
Norwegian krone	15,169
Pakistan rupee	116
Philippines peso	8,596
Polish zloty	1,833
Qatari riyal	529
Russian ruble	1,462
Singapore dollar	9,600
South African rand	32,361
South Korean won	58,675
Swedish krona	50,126 82,331
Swiss franc	
Taiwan dollar	4,376
Thailand baht	16,944
Turkish lira	7,510
United Arab Emirates dirham	 3,122
Total Pension Trust Funds	\$ 1,705,571

vi) The following schedule summarizes the cash and investments reported in the basic financial statements (dollars in thousands):

Per Note 4:	
Investments - City	\$ 6,758,668
Investments - Pension Trust Funds	 9,401 <u>,55</u> 4
	\$ 16,160,222
Per Financial Statements:	
Restricted Investments	\$ 2,431,785
Unrestricted Investments	1,911,611
Investments with Fiduciary Funds	8,704,827
Investments with Escrow Agent	515,992
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	661,063
Investments Included as Cash and Cash	
Equivalents on the Statement of Net Position	1,934,944
	\$ 16,160,222

5) Property Tax

The City's property tax becomes a lien on real property on January 1 of the year it is levied. The Cook County Assessor (Assessor) is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within Cook County (County), except for certain railroad property assessed directly by the State. The County Board has established a triennial cycle of reassessment in which one-third of the County will be reassessed each year on a repeating schedule established by the Assessor.

Property in the County is separated into fifteen classifications for assessment purposes. After the Assessor establishes the fair market value of a parcel of land, that value is multiplied by one of the classification percentages to arrive at the assessed valuation (Assessed Valuation) for that parcel. These percentages range from 10.0 percent for certain residential, commercial, and industrial property to 25.0 percent for other commercial and industrial property.

The Illinois Department of Revenue has the statutory responsibility of ensuring uniformity of real property assessments throughout the State. Each year, the Illinois Department of Revenue furnishes the county clerks with an adjustment factor to equalize the level of assessment among counties. This factor (Equalization Factor) is then applied to the Assessed Valuation to compute the valuation of property to which a tax rate will be applied (Equalized Assessed Valuation). The County Clerk adds the Equalized Assessed Valuation of all real property in the County to the valuation of property assessed directly by the State of Illinois and subtracts total amounts of EAV in Tax Increment Financing Districts to arrive at the base amount (Tax Base) used in calculating the annual tax rates.

The County Clerk computes the annual tax rate by dividing the levy by the Tax Base and then computes the rate for each parcel of real property by aggregating the tax rates of all governmental units having jurisdiction over that particular parcel. The County Treasurer then issues the tax bills. Property taxes are deposited with the County Treasurer, who remits to the City its respective share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year on March 1 and August 1 or 30 days from mailing of tax bills if later than July 1. The first installment is 55.0 percent of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment tax bill equals the total tax liability for the year minus the first installment tax bill amount.

The City Council adopted an ordinance effective in 1994 limiting the City's aggregate property tax levy to an amount equal to the prior year's aggregate property tax levy plus the lesser of (a) five percent or (b) the percentage increase in the annualized Consumer Price Index.⁵ The ordinance provides an exception for that portion of any property tax debt service levy equal to the aggregate interest and principal payments on the City's general obligation bonds and notes during the 12-month period ended January 1, 1994, subject to annual increase in the manner described above for the aggregate levy, all as provided by the ordinance. Most general obligation bond levies approved after 2001 have also been excluded from this limit. In 2015 the City Council added an exception for portions of the property tax levy used to meet the City's pension obligations.

6) Interfund Balances and Transfers

a) The following balances at December 31, 2016 represent due from/to balances among all funds (dollars in thousands):

liousui	Fund Type/Fund		ue From		Due To		
	Governmental Funds:						
	General	\$	119,312	\$	129,311		
	Federal, State and Local Grants	the states	25,908		281,017	manan na ang kabupatèn sa	01 - 70 VIEL
	Special Taxing Areas		286,527		12,143		
	Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		2,103		-		
	Community Development and Improvement Projects		18,434		39,537		
	Pension		-		155,884		
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		91,712		136,647		
	Total Governmental Funds		543,996		754,539		
	Enterprise Funds:						
	Water		35,906		9,106		
	Sewer		17,473 v		11,581		
	Chicago Midway International Airport		2,026		8,216		
	Chicago-O'Hare International Airport		31,851		3,679	•	
	Chicago Skyway		-	·	15		
	Total Enterprise Funds		87,256		32,597		
	Fiduciary activities:						
	Pension Trust		155,884				
	Total Fiduciary activities		155,884		-		
	Total	\$	787,136	\$	787,136		

The balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

b) The following balances at December 31, 2016 represent interfund transfers among all funds (dollars in thousands):

Fund Type/Fund	Tr	ansfer In	Tra	insfer Out
Governmental Funds:				
General	\$	14,998	\$	169,955
Federal, State and Local Grants		-		4,000
Special Taxing Areas		14,623		75,133
Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		150,104		89,145
Community Development and Improvement Projects		13,700		13,545
Pension		11,587		-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		170,778		21,472
Total Governmental Funds	\$	375,790	\$	373,250
Business-type activities:				
Water		-		2,420
Sewer		-		120
Total Business-type activities	\$		\$	2,540
Total	\$	375,790	\$	375,790

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that the statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them and to move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due.

7) Capital Assets

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 a) Capital Assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows (dollars in thousands):

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	Balance January 1, 2016	Additions and Transfers		Disposals and Transfers		De	Balance cember 31, 2016
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,393,361	\$	4,415	\$	(460)	\$	1,397,316
Works of Art and Historical Collections	45,594		382		-		45,976
Construction in Progress	 <u>655,983</u> 2,094,938		476,541 481,338	<u> </u>	(391,481)		741,043 2,184,335
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 2,094,930		401,330		(391,941)		2,104,335
Capital assets, being depreciated:	2 620 002		42 576				2 664 669
Buildings and Other Improvements	2,620,992 1,480,425		43,576 61,156		- (17,687)		2,664,568 1,523,894
Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	8,797,602		379,216		(17,007)		9,176,818
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 12,899,019	—	483,948		(17,687)		13,365,280
	12,000,010		400,040		(17,007)		10,000,200
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Other Improvements	1,010,316		68,826		_		1,079,142
Machinery and Equipment	1,248,592		53,329		- (17,687)		1,284,234
Infrastructure	4,226,849		283,137		-		4,509,986
Total accumulated depreciation	 6,485,757		405,292		(17,687)		6,873,362
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 6,413,262		78,656		-		6,491,918
Total governmental activities	\$ 8,508,200	\$	559,994	\$	(391,941)	\$	8,676,253
Business-type activities:	 						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,021,159	\$	6,593	\$	-	\$	1,027,752
Construction in Progress	 740,434		817,205		(512,683)		1,044,956
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 1,761,593		823,798		(512,683)		2,072,708
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and Other Improvements	17,711,684		888,969		(3,204)		18,597,449
Machinery and Equipment	692,863		6,117		(483)		698,497
Total capital assets, being depreciated	18,404,547		895,086	,	(3,687)		19,295,946
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and Other Improvements	5,174,648		396,757		(1,964)		5,569,441
Machinery and Equipment	 383,999		20,221		(2,562)		401,658
Total accumulated depreciation	 5,558,647		416,978		(4,526)		5,971,099
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 12,845,900		478,108		839		13,324,847
Total business-type activities	\$ 14,607,493	\$	1,301,906	\$	(511,844)	\$	15,397,555
Total Capital Assets	\$ 23,115,693	\$	1,861,900	\$	(903,785)	\$	24,073,808

b) **Depreciation expense** was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows (dollars in thousands):

Governmental activities:				
General Government	\$	36,126		
Public Safety		39,874		
Streets and Sanitation		15,606		
Transportation	an contractor a	292,151	en la malante e versatz per une antimat	,
Health		749		
Cultural and Recreational		20,786		
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental activities	\$	405,292		
Business-type activities:				
Water	\$	64,333		
Sewer		40,347		
Chicago Midway International Airport		49,070		
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport		254,688		
Chicago Skyway	<u>. </u>	8,540		
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type activities	\$	416,978		

8) Leases

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a) Operating Leases

The City leases building and office facilities under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were approximately \$15.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows (dollars in thousands):

2017	\$ 5,105
2018	3,956
2019	3,740
2020	2,393
2021	2,073
2022 - 2026	4,054
2027 - 2031	319
2032 - 2036	109
2037 - 2041	109
2042 - 2043	 22
Total Future Rental Expense	\$ 21,880

b) Lease Receivables

Most of the O'Hare land, buildings and terminal space are leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands):

2017	\$ 100,891
2018	98,998
2019	98,506
2020	1,597
2021	1,597
2022 - 2026	8,460
2027 - 2030	7,835
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	\$ 317,884

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on the tenants' revenues or fuel flow are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for O'Hare, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except ramp rentals and automobile parking, amounted to \$459.5 million, including contingent rentals of \$92.7 million.

Most of the Midway land and terminal space is leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands):

2017	\$ 40,734
2018	40,734
2019	40,513
2020	40,513
2021	40,505
2022 - 2026	202,564
2027 - 2030	 162,051
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	\$ 567,614

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on tenants' revenues are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for Midway, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except aircraft parking fees and certain departure fees (turns) and automobile parking, amounted to \$95.3 million, including contingent rentals of \$41.5 million.

9) Short-term Debt

Matured bonds represent principal due on coupon bonds in which the coupons have not been presented for payment. As of December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance was at \$0.7 million.

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10) Long-term Obligations

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a) Long-term Debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows (in thousands):

	Balance January 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2016	Amounts Due within	
Governmental activities:				2 <u>.40 - 2.12. 2011 0 (18 1866</u>		No Franko Antoniol
Bonds and notes payable:						
General obligation and other debt	\$ 9,364,398	\$ 837,140	\$ 1,028,529	\$ 9,173,009	\$ 150,487	
Tax increment	65,360	-	31,840	33,520	5,595	
Revenue	754,052	30,746	18,170	766,628	17,880	
	10,183,810	867,886	1,078,539	9,973,157	173,962	
Add unamortized premium/(discount)	117,199	23,892	22,791	118,300	-	
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds	307,305	31,488	19,949	318,844	20,772	
Total bonds, notes and certificates payable	10,608,314	923,266	1,121,279	10,410,301	194,734	÷
Other liabilities:						
Net pension liability	29,697,694	1,814,377	-	31,512,071	-	
Other postemployment benefits obligation	214,535	-	47,326	167,209	-	
Pollution remediation	32,850	351	-	33,201	-	
Claims and judgments	850,561	193,792	101,731	942,622	107,675	
Total other liabilities	30,795,640	2,008,520	149,057	32,655,103	107,675	
Total governmental activities	\$ 41,403,954	\$ 2,931,786	\$ 1,270,336	\$ 43,065,404	\$ 302,409	
Business-type activities:						
Revenue bonds and notes payable:						
Water	\$ 2,391,395	\$ 137,330	\$ 60,328	\$ 2,468,397	\$ 79,305	
Sewer	1,686,178	54,170	47,528	1,692,820	49,325	
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	7,466,485	1,026,533	1,232,510	7,260,508	277,850	
Chicago Midway International Airport	1,506,325	342,395	67,115	1,781,605	25,770	
	13,050,383	1,560,428	1,407,481	13,203,330	432,250	
Add unamortized premium/(discount)	628,167	277,554	90,301	815,420	-	
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds	87,447	7,869	9,953	85,363	10,252	
Net pension liability	4,148,475	118,502	19,783	4,247,194	-	
Total business-type activities	\$ 17,914,472	\$ 1,964,353	\$ 1,527,518	\$ 18,351,307	\$ 442,502	
Total long-term obligations	\$ 59,318,426	\$ 4,896,139	\$ 2,797,854	\$ 61,416,711	\$744,911	

The Pension obligation liability will be liquidated through a Special Revenue Fund (Pension Fund) as provided by tax levy and other operating revenues.

b) Issuance of New Debt

i) General Obligation Line of Credit

During 2016, the City drew \$337.1 million from its Line of Credit to fund certain capital projects and operating uses. As of December 31, 2016 the outstanding balance is \$124.3 million. The City has excluded, this line of credit amount from current liabilities, as it intends and has the ability to refinance the obligation on a long-term basis. The Line of Credit matures on September 24, 2019.

ii) General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds, Tax Exempt Series 2015C (\$500.0 million), were sold at a premium in January 2016. The bonds have an interest rate of 5.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2020 to January 1, 2038. Net proceeds of \$520.0 million will be used to refund certain maturities of bonds outstanding (\$502.5 million), and to fund capitalized interest (\$17.5 million). The current refunding of the bonds increased the City's total debt service payments by \$124.1 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$2.5 million and a book loss of approximately \$110.7 million.

iii) Revenue Loans

In June 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with the United States Department of Transportation under the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) program to complete the Wacker Drive Reconstruction Project. The loan amount of \$98.7 million will fund the Chicago Riverwalk along the main branch of the Chicago River. The interest rate is 3.33 percent and the final maturity of the loan is January 1, 2048. As of December 31, 2016, the total outstanding loan amount is \$76.6 million. Total loan disbursements made to the City in 2016 were \$30.8 million.

iv) Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes

In August 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with the TIFIA program to fund a portion of Consolidated Rental Car Facility at O'Hare, additions, extensions and improvements to the airport transit system (ATS) including the purchase of new ATS vehicles and certain public parking facilities. The loan amount of \$288.1 million is subordinate to the O'Hare Customer Facility Charge Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2013. The interest rate is 3.86 percent and the final maturity of the loan is January 1, 2052. There were no loan disbursements made to the City as of December 31, 2016.

Chicago Midway International Airport Second Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 A&B (\$342.4 million) sold at a premium in June 2016. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2046. The net proceeds of \$391.8 million will be used to fund certain capital projects (\$305.7 million), to refund certain maturities of bonds outstanding (\$36.9 million), to fund debt service reserves (\$12.9 million), and to fund capitalized interest (\$36.3 million). The current refunding of the bonds decreased the City's total debt service payment by \$11.9 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$4.3 million and a book gain of approximately \$0.4 million.

Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A-C (\$1,014.3 million) were sold at a premium in December 2016. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2041. The net proceeds of \$1,151.6 million will be used to refund certain General Airport Revenue Bonds maturities of bonds outstanding (\$1,110.4 million), and to fund debt service reserves (\$41.2 million). The current and advance refunding of the bonds decreased the City's total debt service payments by \$88.9 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$109.3 million and a book loss of approximately \$54.3 million.

The Chicago O'Hare International Airport issued \$0.1 million of Series 2016 Commercial Paper Notes. The proceeds were used to finance portions of the costs of authorized airport projects. As of December 31, 2016, there were no outstanding commercial paper notes.

In December 2016, the City entered into a Revolving Line of Credit Agreement with J. P. Morgan Chase Bank, National Association that allows the City to draw on the line of credit in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$180 million. In 2016, the City drew \$12.1 million from its line of credit to finance certain capital projects at the Chicago O'Hare International Airport. The line of credit expires December 12, 2019.

A loan agreement was signed on October 22, 2013, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency to line approximately 28 miles of existing sewer line ranging in diameter from 8 inch to 72 inch located throughout the City. In 2016, the Sewer Fund drew \$54.2 million from this loan agreement. The loan has an interest rate of 1.93 percent and maturity dates from January 21, 2016 to July 21, 2035.

A loan agreement was signed on May 18, 2016 with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency for the replacement of approximately 24 miles of damaged, undersized, leaking and antiquated watermains located throughout the City with new 8 inch water mains. In 2016, the Water Fund drew \$55.3 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 2.21 percent and maturity dates from July 31, 2016 to January 31, 2036.

Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 A-1 and A-2 (\$81.7 million) were sold at premium in May 2016. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 1.68 percent to 5.00 percent and maturity dates from November 1, 2016 to November 1, 2031. The net proceeds of \$91.5 million were used to refund the Line of Credit Notes used for the swap termination.

v) Water Fund Line of Credit

During 2016, the City drew \$91.5 million from its Water Line of Credit to fund water swap termination payments. The line of credit was repaid in full from proceeds of the Second Lien Water Revenue Series 2016 A-1 and A-2 bonds. In July 2016, the City terminated the Water Line of Credit.

vi) Bond Conversions

In May 2016, the City converted \$100.0 million outstanding of the Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds Series 2000 to fixed rate at premium. The bonds have an interest rate at 5.0 percent and maturity dates ranging from November 1, 2028 to November 1, 2030. The net proceeds of \$17.3 million will be used to finance certain capital projects.

In May 2016, the City converted \$344.6 million outstanding of the Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds Series 2004 to fixed rate at premium. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity date ranging from November 1, 2017 to November 1, 2027. The net proceeds of \$51.8 million will be used to finance certain capital projects.

c) Annual requirements listed below for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2017 have been excluded because funds for their payment have been provided for. Annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of December 31, 2016 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	General (Tax Increment					
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Pr	incipal	In	terest	
December 31,							
2017	\$ 272,292	\$ 512,361	\$	5,595	\$	1,467	
2018	294,922	499,915		5,710		1,233	
2019	313,379	485,973		6,020		960	
2020	329,704	473,192		4,135		706	
2021	333,877	457,640		4,375		494	
2022-2026	1,647,999	2,085,487		7,685		192	
2027-2031	1,972,780	1,677,054		-		-	
2032-2036	2,117,587	995,201		-		-	
2037-2041	1,451,459	388,720		-		-	
2042-2046	209,915	20,084				-	
	\$8,943,914	\$7,595,627	\$	33,520	\$	5,052	

	Revenue				Business-type Activities					
Year Ending	Ρ	rincipal		nterest		Principal		Interest		
December 31,										
2017	\$	18,250	\$	35,298	\$	432,250	\$	630,795		
2018		19,150		34,409		461,966		632,986		
2019		20,335		33,469		470,752		606,270		
2020		21,440		32,468		456,143		592,165		
2021		22,568		31,448		424,556		568,388		
2022-2026		132,383		139,287		2,393,059		2,512,876		
2027-2031		133,278		142,282		2,835,982		1,862,050		
2032-2036		188,261		101,019		3,049,578		1,081,412		
2037-2041		177,903		23,809		2,103,405		391,925		
2042-2046		15,180		968		563,540		45,180		
	\$	748,748	\$	574,457	\$1	13,191,231	\$	8,924,047		

For the debt requirements calculated above, interest rates for fixed rate bonds debt range from 0.74 percent to 7.781 percent and interest on variable rate debt was calculated at the rate in effect or the effective rate of a related swap agreement, if applicable, as of December 31, 2016. Standby bond purchase agreements or letters of credit were issued by third party financial institutions that are expected to be financially capable of honoring their agreements.

The City's variable rate bonds may bear interest from time to time at a flexible rate, a daily rate, a weekly rate, an adjustable long rate, or the fixed rate as determined by the remarketing agent, in consultation with the City. An irrevocable letter of credit provides for the timely payment of principal and interest on the City's variable rate Bonds. In the event that variable rate bonds are tendered by the owners thereof for purchase by the City and not successfully remarketed, the City would be obligated to reimburse the letter of credit bank for amounts drawn under the letter of credit to fund the purchase of such tendered bonds. If the City fails to reimburse the bank , the City's obligation to reimburse the bank may be converted to a term loan. There are no term loans currently outstanding under any reimbursement agreement. Only Chicago O'Hare and Chicago Midway Funds have outstanding variable rate bonds.

d) Derivatives

i) Interest Rate Swaps

(1) Objective of the swaps. In order to protect against the potential of rising interest rates and/or changes in cash flows, the City has entered into various separate interest rate swaps at a cost less than what the City would have paid to issue fixed-rate debt. (Dollars in thousands).

	Fair Value at							
	Changes in Fa	air Value	December 3	Notional				
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Amount			
Business-type Activities								
Hedges [.]								
	Deferred Outflow		Deferred Outflow					
Interest Rate Swaps	of Resources	\$. 97,131	of Resources	\$ (26,034)	\$ 131,600			

(2) Terms, fair values, and credit risk. The objective and terms, including the fair values and credit ratings, of the City's hedging derivative instruments outstanding as of December 31, 2016, are as follows. The notional amounts of the swaps approximate the principal amounts of the associated debt. The City's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to approximately follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in the associated "bonds payable" category. Under the swaps on a net basis for each related series of bonds, the City pays the counterparty a fixed payment and receives a variable payment computed according to the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and/or The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index. The terms as of December 31, 2016, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Associated Bond Issue	Notional Amounts	Effective Date	Terms	′ V	Fair alues	Termi- nation Date	party Credit Rating
Hedging Instruments							
Business-type Activities:							
Chicago Midway International Airport	79,320	12/14/2004	Pay 4.174%; receive SIFMA Plus .05%	\$	(15,213)	1/1/2035	A1/A+
Revenue Bonds (Series 2004C&D)	52,280	4/21/2011	Pay 4.247%; receive SIFMA Plus .05%		(10,821)	1/1/2035	Aa2/AA-
			Total	\$	(26,034)		

See Table 31 in Statistical Section for Counterparty Entities and additional details for credit ratings. Type and objective for all the Swaps is the same, as mentioned earlier.

(3) Fair Value. As of December 31, 2016, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$26.0 million. As per industry convention, the fair values of the City's outstanding swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. Because interest rates are below the Fixed Rate Paid, the City's swaps had negative values. During 2016, the City terminated the following swaps (dollars in thousands):

Associated Bond Issue:	Amount
Series 2000 2nd Lien Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2004 Water Variable Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds	
Series 2004 Water Variable Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds	09,453.4

Termination

Swap termination payments were recorded as Swap Termination Fees.

Derivative instruments are valued in the market using regression analysis. Significant inputs to the derivative valuation for interest rate swaps are observable in active markets and are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

- (4) Credit Risk. The City is exposed to credit risk (counterparty risk) through the counterparties with which it enters into agreements. If minimum credit rating requirements are not maintained, the counterparty is required to post collateral to a third party. This protects the City by mitigating the credit risk, and therefore the ability to pay a termination payment, inherent in a swap. Collateral on all swaps is to be in the form of cash or Eligible Collateral held by a third-party custodian. Upon credit events, the swaps also allow transfers, credit support, and termination if the counterparty is unable to meet the said credit requirements.
- (5) Basis Risk. Basis risk refers to the mismatch between the variable rate payments received on a swap contract and the interest payment actually owed on the bonds. The two significant components driving this risk are credit and SIFMA/LIBOR ratios. Credit may create basis risk because the City's bonds may trade differently than the swap index as a result of a credit change in the City. SIFMA/LIBOR ratios (or spreads) may create basis risk. With percentage of LIBOR swaps, if the City's bonds trade at a higher percentage of LIBOR over the index received on the swap, basis risk is created. This can occur due to many factors including, without limitation, changes in marginal tax rates, tax-exempt status of bonds, and supply and demand for variable rate bonds. The City is exposed to basis risk on all swaps except those that are based on Cost of Funds, which provide cash flows that mirror those of the underlying bonds. For all other swaps, if the rate paid on the bonds is higher than the rate received, the City is liable for the difference. The difference would need to be available on the debt service payment date and it would add additional underlying cost to the transaction.
- (6) Tax Risk. The swap exposes the City to tax risk or a permanent mismatch (shortfall) between the floating rate received on the swap and the variable rate paid on the underlying variable-rate bonds due to tax law changes such that the federal or state tax exemption of municipal debt is eliminated or its value reduced. There have been no tax law changes since the execution of the City's swap transactions.
- (7) Termination Risk. The risk that the swap could be terminated as a result of certain events including a ratings downgrade for the issuer or swap counterparty, covenant violation, bankruptcy, payment default or other defined events of default. Termination of a swap may result in a payment made by the issuer or to the issuer depending upon the market at the time of termination.
- (8) *Rollover Risk.* The risk that the City may be exposed to rising variable interest rates if (i) the swap expires or terminates prior to the maturity of the bonds and (ii) the City is unable to renew or replace the swap.
- (9) Swap payments and associated debt. As of December 31, 2016, debt service requirements of the City's outstanding variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their term are as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Variable-R	ate E	Bonds	li	nterest Rate		
Year Ending	F	rincipal	lı	Interest		Swaps, Net		Total
December 31,								
2017	\$	4,575	\$	982	\$	4,399	\$	9,956
2018		4,775		945		4,235		9,955
2019	्ट राजकः	5,000				4,064		9,971
2020		5,225		867		3,885		9,977
2021		5,350		826		3,701		9,877
2022 - 2026		31,050		3,441		15,413		49,904
2027 - 2031		38,600		2,087		9,348		50,035
2032 - 2035		37,625		473		2,119		40,217
·	\$	132,200	\$	10,528	\$	47,164	\$	189,892

e) Debt Covenants

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i) Water Fund - The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Water Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which net revenues, as defined, or proceeds are to be credited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for bonds, as adjusted, equal 120 percent of the current annual debt service on the outstanding senior lien bonds and that City management maintains all covenant reserve account balances at specified amounts. The above requirements were met at December 31, 2016. The Water Rate Stabilization account had a balance in restricted assets of \$91.2 million at December 31, 2016.

The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which monies will be deposited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues are equal to the sum of the aggregate annual debt service requirements for the fiscal year of the outstanding senior lien bonds and 110 percent of the aggregate annual debt service requirements of the outstanding second lien bonds. This requirement was met at December 31, 2016.

ii) Sewer Fund - The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which net revenues, as defined, or proceeds are to be credited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for bonds equal 115 percent of the current annual debt service requirements on the outstanding senior lien bonds. This requirement was met at December 31, 2016. The Sewer Rate Stabilization account had a balance in restricted assets of \$32.6 million at December 31, 2016.

The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Second Lien Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which monies will be deposited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues equal 100 percent of the sum of the current maximum annual debt service requirements of the outstanding senior lien bonds and the maximum annual debt service requirements of the second lien bonds. This requirement was met at December 31, 2016.

iii) Chicago Midway International Airport Fund - The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Bonds requires in each year that the City fix and establish and revise from time to time whenever necessary, such rates and other charges for the use and operation of Midway and for services --rendered by the City in the operation of Midway in order that, in each Fiscal year, Revenues, together--with any Other Available Monies deposited with the Trustee with respect to such Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of such Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account, will be at least sufficient (a) to provide for the Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year and (b) to provide for the greater of (i) the amounts needed to make the Deposits required during such Fiscal Year into the Debt Service Funds, the Operations & Maintenance Reserve Account, the Working Capital Account, the Debt Service Reserve Fund, the Junior Lien Obligation Debt Service Fund, the Repair and Replacement Fund, and the Special Project Fund and (ii) an amount not less than 125 percent of the Aggregate Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing

during such Fiscal Year reduced by an amount equal to the sum of any amount held in any Capitalized Interest Account for disbursement during such Fiscal Year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds. These requirements were met at December 31, 2016.

The Master Indenture of Trust Securing Chicago Midway Airport Second Lien Obligations requires that the City fix and establish and revise from time to time whenever necessary, such rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of Midway and for certain services rendered by the City in the operation of Midway in order that in each Fiscal Year, Revenues, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the First Lien Trustee or the Second Lien Trustee with respect to such Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the First Lien Revenue Fund or the Second Lien Revenue Fund on the first day of such Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account under the First Lien Indenture for the Second Lien Indenture, will be at least sufficient (1) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year and (2) to provide for the greater of (A) or (B) as follows: (A) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above; or (B) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above or an amount not less than 110 percent of the Aggregate First Lien Debt Service and Aggregate Second Lien Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during such Fiscal Year, reduced by (X) any amount held in any Capitalized Interest Account for disbursement during such Bond Year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds, and (Y) any amount held in any capitalized interest account established pursuant to a Supplemental Indenture under the Second Lien Indenture for disbursement during such Bond Year to pay interest on Second Lien Obligations. These requirements were met at December 31, 2016.

iv) Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund - The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Obligations requires that the City will fix and establish, and revise from time to time whenever necessary, the rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of O'Hare and for services rendered by the City in the operation of O'Hare in order that Revenues in each Fiscal Year, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the Trustee with respect to that Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of that Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account, will be at least sufficient: (i) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year; and (ii) to provide for the greater of (a) the sum of the amounts needed to make the deposits required to be made pursuant to all resolutions, ordinances, indentures and trust agreements pursuant to which all outstanding Senior Lien Obligations or other outstanding Airport Obligations are issued and secured, and (b) one and tenhundredths times Aggregate Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during that Fiscal Year, reduced by any proceeds of Airport Obligations held by the Trustee for disbursement during that Bond Year to pay principal of and interest on Senior Lien Obligations. This requirement was met at December 31, 2016.

The Master Trust Indenture securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Obligations requires PFC Revenues, as defined, received by the City to be deposited into the PFC Revenue Fund. The City covenants to pay from the PFC Revenue Fund not later than the twentieth day of each calendar month the following amounts in the following order of priority: (1) to the Trustee for deposit in the Bond Fund, the sum required to make all of the Sub-Fund Deposits and Other Required Deposits to be disbursed from the Bond Fund [to meet debt service and debt service reserve requirements] in the calendar month pursuant to the Master Indenture; (2) to make any payments required for the calendar month with respect to Subordinated PFC Obligations; and (3) all moneys and securities remaining in the PFC Revenue Fund shall be transferred by the City (or the Trustee if it then holds the PFC Revenue Fund pursuant to the Master Indenture) to the PFC Capital Fund.

The Indenture of Trust Securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Senior Lien Revenue Bonds requires that, as long as any Bonds remain Outstanding, in each Fiscal Year, the City shall set the amount of the CFC (when multiplied by the total number of projected Contract Days) plus projected Facility Rent at an annual level sufficient to provide sufficient funds (1) to pay principal of

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and interest on the Bonds due in such Fiscal Year, (2) to reimburse the Rolling Coverage Fund, the Supplemental Reserve Fund, the Debt Service Reserve Fund and any Subordinate Reserve Fund for any drawings upon such Funds over a period not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City, (3) to provide funds necessary to pay any "yield reduction payments" or rebate amounts due to the United States under the Indenture for which funds in the Rebate Fund or the CFC Stabilization Fund are not otherwise available, (4) to maintain the balance of the CFC Stabilization Fund in an amount of no less than the CFC Stabilization Fund Minimum Requirement and to reimburse any drawings below the CFC Stabilization Fund Minimum Requirement over a period not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City, and (5) to maintain the balance of the Operation and Maintenance Fund in an amount of no less than the Operation and Maintenance Fund Requirement over a period of not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City.

- f) No-Commitment Debt and Public Interest Loans include various special assessment, private activity bonds and loans. These types of financings are used to provide private entities with low-cost capital financing for construction and rehabilitation of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. Bonds payable on no-commitment debt are not included in the accompanying financial statements because the City has no obligation to provide for their repayment, which is the responsibility of the borrowing entities. In addition, federal programs/grants, including Community Development Block Grants and Community Service Block Grants, provide original funding for public interest loans. Loans receivable are not included as assets because payments received on loans are used to fund new loans or other program activities in the current year and are not available for general City operating purposes. Loans provide to third parties are recorded as current and prior year programs/grants expenditures. Funding for future loans will be from a combination of the repayment of existing loans and additional funds committed from future programs/grants expenditures.
- g) Defeased Bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net Position because related assets have been placed in irrevocable trusts that, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for payment of all principal and interest. Defeased bonds at December 31, 2016, not including principal payments due January 1, 2017, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Amount efeased	Out	tstanding
General Obligation Emergency Telephone System - Series 1993	\$ 213,730	\$	81,765
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 1998	7,255		7,255
General Obligation VRDB Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2003B	4,955		4,955
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2007A	5,615		5,615
General Obligation Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program - Series 2002B	2,055		2,055
Lakefront Millennium Project Parking Facilities Bonds - Series 1998	149,880		43,880
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2006B	30,280		30,280
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2008A	530,170		530,170
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2008B	175,500		175,500
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2008C	36,255		36,255
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2011C	238,985		238,985
Special Transportation Revenue Bonds - Series 2001	 <u>118,715</u>		82,730
Total	\$,513,395	\$ 1	,239,445

11) Pension Funds and Other Postemployment Benefits

a) Pension

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - Eligible City employees participate in one of four single-employer defined benefit pension plans (Plans). These Plans are: the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Municipal Employees'); the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Laborers'); the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Policemen's); and the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Firemen's). Plans are administered by individual retirement boards of trustees comprised of City officials or their designees and of trustees elected by plan members. Certain employees of the Chicago Board of Education participate in Municipal Employees' or Laborers'. Each Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information that can be obtained at www.meabf.org, www.labfchicago.org, www.chipabf.org, and www.fabf.org.

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Benefits provided - The Plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits as established by State law. Benefits generally vest after 10 years of credited service. Employees qualify for an unreduced retirement age minimum formula annuity based on a combination of years of service and age of retirement. Employees may also receive a reduced retirement age minimum formula annuity if they do not meet the age and service requirements for the unreduced retirement age annuity. The requirement of age and service are different for employees who became members before January 1, 2011, and those who became members on or after January 1, 2011. The annuity is computed by multiplying the final average salary by a percentage ranging from 2.2 percent to 2.5 percent per year of credited service. The final average salary is the employee's highest average annual salary for any four consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service for participants who became members before January 1, 2011 and any eight consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service for participants who became members on or after January 1, 2011.

Benefit terms provide for annual adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employees' retirement date. For participants who became members before January 1, 2011, the annual adjustments for Municipal Employees' and Laborers' are 3.0 percent, compounded, and for Policemen's and the majority of participants in Firemen's 3.0 percent, simple, for annuitants born before January 1, 1966 and 1.5 percent, simple, born after January 1, 1966 or later. For participants that first became members on or after January 1, 2011, the annual adjustments are equal to the lesser of 3.0 percent and 50 percent of CPI-U of the original benefit.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At December 31, 2016, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled	25,236	3,769	13,394	4,777	47,176
to but not yet receiving benefits	16,876	1,476	606	88	19,046
Active employees	30,296	2,822	12,177	4,760	50,055
	72,408_	8,067	26,177	9,625	116,277

Contributions – Historically State law required City contributions at statutorily, not actuarially, determined rates. State law also requires covered employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries. The City's contribution for Municipal Employees' and Laborers' was calculated based on the total amount of contributions by employees to the respective Plans made in the calendar year two years prior, multiplied by 1.25 for the Municipal Employees', 1.00 for the Laborers'.

For the Policemen's, and Firemen's Plans, Public Act 99-0506 (P.A. 99-0506) was enacted on May 31, 2016. The City will contribute specific amounts set forth in P.A. 99-0506 to the Policemen's and the Firemen's Plans in the aggregate amounts as follows: in payment year 2017, \$672 million; in payment year 2018, \$727 million; in payment year 2019, \$792 million; and in payment year 2020, \$824 million. Additionally, P.A. 99-0506 requires that the City's contributions are at actuarially determined rates beginning in payment year 2021 and future funding be sufficient to produce a funding level of 90% by the year ended December 31, 2055.

The City's contributions are budgeted in the same year as the applicable levy year for the property taxes funding the contributions. The City's contributions are then paid to the pension funds in the following year (which is when the levied property taxes are collected and paid to the City by the Cook County Treasurer).

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The actuarial reports were provided by each of the pension funds.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's
Inflation	3.0%	3.0%	2.8%	2.5%
Salary Increases	4.5% - 8.25% (a)	3.75% (b)	3.75% (c)	3.75% (d)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (e)	7.5% (f)	7.25%	7.5%

(a) Varying by years of service

(b) Plus a service - based increase in the first 15 years

(c) Plus additional percentage related to service

(d) Plus additional service based increases

(e) Net of investment expense

(f) Net of investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate for Municipal Employees', Laborers', and Firemen's and RP-2014 for Policemen's.

The mortality actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were adjusted based on the results of actuarial experience study for the period:

Municipal Employees' - January 1, 2005 - December 31, 2009. Laborers' - January 1, 2004 - December 31, 2011 Policemen's - January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2013 Firemen's - January 1, 2003 - December 31, 2010

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of

return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target /	Allocation		Long-Ter	m Expected	d Real Rate of	Return
	Municipal				Municipal			
Asset Class:	Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's
Domestic equity	26.0%	-	-	-	4.80%	-	-	-
Domestic large cap equity	-	-	-	24.0%	-	-	-	7.50%
Domestic small cap equity .	-	-	-	16.0%	-	-	-	7.85%
U.S. equity	-	12.0%	21.0%	-	-	6.40%	6.10%	-
Non U.S. equity	-	18.0%	20.0%	-	-	8.00%	7.60%	-
Global equity	-	20.0%	-	-	-	6.80%	-	
International equity	22.0%	-	-	25.0%	5.00%	-	-	7.50%
Domestic Fixed income	-	-	-	21.0%	-	-	-	3.00%
Fixed income	27.0%	16.0%	22.0%	-	0.50%	2.60%	1.80%	-
Hedge funds	10.0%	8.0%	7.0%	-	2.80%	3.90%	3.70%	-
Private equity	5.0%	-	-	3.0%	8.60%	-	-	8.50%
Private markets	-	7.0%	11.0%	-	-	7.20%	7.80%	-
GAA	-	7.0%	10.0%	-	-	4.30%	5.00%	-
Real estate	10.0%	8.0%	5.0%	2.0%	5.20%	4.60%	4.60%	6.15%
Alternative investments	-	· •	-	2.0%	-	-	-	5.25%
Commodities	-	-	-	3.0%	-	-	-	2.75%
Cash deposits and			-					
short-term investments	-	-	-	4.0%	-	-	-	2.25%
Real assets	-	-	4.0%	-	-	-	4.80%	-
Private Real assets	-	4.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%				

Discount rate

Municipal Employees' - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.91 percent. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.78 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the 1.25 multiple of member contributions from two years prior. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions and contributions from future plan members that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The projected benefit payments through 2023 were discounted at the expected long-term rate of return. Starting in 2024, the projected benefit payments were discount at the municipal bond rate. Therefore, a single equivalent blended discount rate of 3.91 percent was calculated using the long-term expected rate of return and the municipal bond index.

Laborers' - A Single Discount Rate of 4.17 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.78 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made under the statutory funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2027. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2027, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Policemen's - A Single Discount Rate of 7.07 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.78 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions and employer contributions are made in accordance with the statutory requirements. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2068. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2068, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Firemen's – A Single Discount Rate of 7.30 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.78 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that member contributions and employer contributions are made in accordance with the statutory requirements. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance future benefit payments only through the year 2066. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2066, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (dollars in thousands):

	Municipal	I also and		Dellassaste		F '		Tetel
Total pension liability	 Employees'	 Laborers'		Policemen's		Firemen's		Total
Service cost	\$ 619,743	\$ 	* \$	220,570 *	\$	94,115 *	\$	1,017,388
Interest	878,369	150,166		851,098		342,085		2,221,718
Benefit changes	-	-		606,250		227,213		833,463
Differences between								
expected and actual experience	(127,119)	(30,428)		1,801		24,110		(131,636)
Assumption changes	(578,920)	(62,905)		112,585		(74,373)		(603,613)
Benefit payments including refunds	(859,672)	(154,683)		(707,196)		(286,759)		(2,008,310)
Pension plan administrative expense	 -	 (4,080)		(4,750)		(3,217)	_	(12,047)
Net change in total pension liability	(67,599)	(18,970)		1,080,358		323,174		1,316,963
Total pension liability:								
Total pension liability - Beginning	 23,358,870	3,712,615		12,032,733		4,826,084		43,930,302
Total pension liability - Ending (a)	\$ 23,291,271	\$ 3,693,645	\$	13,113,091	\$	5,149,258	\$	45,247,265
Plan fiduciary net position	 	 						
Contributions-employer	\$ 149,718	\$ 12,603	\$	272,428	\$	154,101	\$	588,850
Contributions-employee	130,391	17,246		101,476		48,960		298,073
Net investment income (loss)	281,419	57,997		142,699		60,881		542,996
Benefit payments including								
refunds of employee contribution	(859,672)	(154,683)		(707,196)		(286,759)		(2,008,310)
Administrative expenses	(7,056)	(4,080)		(4,750)		(3,217)		(19,103)
Other	-	-		1,413		(53)		1,360
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 (305,200)	(70,917)		(193,930)		(26,087)		(596,134)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 4,741,427	 1,238,657		3,058,949	- · -	1,045,101		10,084,134
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 4,436,227	\$ 1,167,740	\$	2,865,019	\$	1,019,014	\$	9,488,000
Net pension liability-ending (a)-(b)	\$ 18,855,044	\$ 2,525,905	\$	10,248,072	\$	4,130,244	\$	35,759,265

* Includes pension plan administrative expense

Changes in benefits: Public Act 99-0905 and Public Act 99-0906 changed the benefit provisions of the Firemen's and Policemen's Plans. Public Act 99-0905 extended 3.0 percent annual COLA increases to participants born after December 31, 1954, but before January 1, 1966. Additionally, the minimum benefit for widows was increased to 125 percent of the Federal poverty level. Public Act 99-0906 increased the minimum benefit for certain annuitants to 125 percent of the Federal Poverty level. The change in benefits increased the net pension liability by \$606.2 million for Policemen's and \$227.2 million for Firemen's. This impact is recognized as a portion of pension expense for 2016 in its entirety.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

Municipal Employees' - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2016, calculated using the discount rate of 3.91 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.91 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.91 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2016	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Municipal Employees' discount rate	2.91%	3.91%	4.91%
Municipal Employees' net pension liability	\$ 22,351,267	\$ 18,855,044	\$ 15,983,851

Laborers' - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2016, calculated using the discount rate of 4.17 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.17 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (5.17 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2016	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Laborers' discount rate	3.17%	4.17%	5.17%
Laborers' Employees' net pension liability	\$ 3,054,407	\$ 2,525,905	\$ 2,091,390

Policemen's - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2016, calculated using the discount rate of 7.07 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.07 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.07 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

,		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2016	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Policemen's Employees' discount rate	6.07%	7.07%	8.07%
Policemen's Employees' net pension liability	\$ 11,831,817	\$ 10,248,072	\$ 8,918,000

Firemen's - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2016, calculated using the discount rate of 7.30 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.30 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.30 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2016	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Firemen's Employees' discount rate	6.30%	7.30%	8.30%
Firemen's Employees' net pension liability	\$ 4,700,968	\$ 4,130,244	\$ 3,644,823

Pension plan fiduciary net position Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Pension Plans reports.

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Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$5.1 billion. At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

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ana ana ang manang managina. Ina ang managina ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	Municipal E	mployees	Lab	orers'	Police	men's	Firen	nen's
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$- 5,227,053	\$ 167,597 463,136	\$ 493,125	\$ 41,001 44,812	\$ 1,491 93,170	\$ 69,590 -	\$ 20,000 117,420	\$
on pension plan investments	186,142	-	97,171	-	200,502	-	56,646	-
Total	\$ 5,413,195	\$ 630,733	\$ 590,296	\$ 85,813	\$ 295,163	\$ 69,590	\$ 194,066	\$ 67,012

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Municipal					
Year ended December 31:	Ē	Employees'	Laborers'	P	olicemen's	F	iremen's
2017	\$	1,638,118	\$ 331,560	\$	63,416	\$	37,459
2018		1,638,118	149,309		63,416		37,459
2019		1,638,118	17,583		63,416		37,460
2020		(131,892)	6,031		19,568		22,101
2021		-	 -		15,757		(7,425)
Total	\$	4,782,462	\$ 504,483	\$	225,573	\$	127,054

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to changes in proportionate share of contributions

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the City reported pension expense of \$1.8 million and deferred outflows of \$7.3 million related to changes in its proportionate share of contributions. This deferred amount will be recognized as pension expense over a period of four years.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2016, the City reported a payable of \$601.9 million for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended December 31, 2016.

b) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) - Pension Funds

State law authorized the four respective Pension Funds (Policemen's, Firemen's, Municipal Employees', and Laborers') to provide a fixed monthly dollar subsidy to each annuitant who had elected coverage under any City health plan through December 31, 2016. After that date, no Pension Fund subsidies are authorized. The liabilities for the monthly dollar Pension Fund subsidies contributed on behalf of annuitants enrolled in the medical plan by their respective Pension Funds are included in the NPO actuarial valuation reports of the respective four Pension Funds under GASB 43.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in P.A. 98-0043, the City terminated health insurance supplement payments to eligible annuitants as of December 31, 2016, resulting in no OPEB liability at December 31, 2016.

c) Other Post Employment Benefits - City Obligation

Up to June 30, 2013, the annuitants who retired prior to July 1, 2005 received a 55 percent subsidy from the City and the annuitants who retired on or after July 1, 2005 received a 50, 45, 40 and zero percent subsidy from the City based on the annuitant's length of actual employment with the City for the gross cost of retiree health care under a court approved settlement agreement, known as the "Settlement Plan." The pension funds contributed their subsidies of \$65 per month for each Medicare eligible annuitant and \$95 per month for each Non-Medicare eligible annuitant to their gross cost. The annuitants contributed a total of \$110.9 million in 2016 to the gross cost of their retiree health care pursuant to premium amounts set by the City.

As described above, the City of Chicago subsidized a portion of the cost (based upon service) for hospital and medical coverage for eligible retired employees and their dependents based upon a settlement agreement entered in 2003 and which expired on June 30, 2013.

On May 15, 2013, the City announced plans to, among other things: (i) continue the then current plan for the remaining six months of 2013; then, as of January 1, 2014, (ii) provide a healthcare plan to, and for the lifetimes of, former employees who retired before August 23, 1989 with a contribution from the City of up to 55 percent of the cost of that plan to the annuitant; and (iii) provide employees who retired on or after August 23, 1989 with healthcare benefits in a new Retiree Health Plan (Health Plan), but with significant changes to the terms including increases in premiums and deductibles, reduced benefits and the phase-out of the Health Plan for such employees by December 31, 2016.

The cost of health benefits is recognized as an expenditure in the accompanying financial statements as claims are reported and are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. In 2016, the net expense to the City for providing these benefits to approximately 22,195 annuitants plus their dependents was approximately \$45.7 million.

Plan Description Summary – The City of Chicago was party to a written legal settlement agreement outlining the provisions of the Settlement Plans, which ended June 30, 2013, but the City voluntarily continued those Settlement Plans until the end of 2013. As of January 1, 2014, the Health Plan provided for annual modifications to the City's level of subsidy during the three-year phase out. The Health Plan, along with any further City subsidy, expired as of December 31, 2016, for all but the group of former employees (the Korshak class of members) who retired before August 23, 1989, who shall have lifetime benefits. Duty Disabled retirees who have statutory pre-63/65 coverage will continue to have fully subsidized coverage under the active health plan until age 65.

The provisions of the Health Plan provide in general, that the City pay a percentage of the cost (based upon an employee's service) for hospital, medical, and drug coverage to eligible retired employees and their dependents for the specified period, ending December 31, 2016. During the three-year phase out of the Health Plan, the percentage subsidies were revised to reduce by approximately 25 percent of 2013 subsidy levels in 2014, 50 percent of 2013 subsidy levels in 2015, and 75 percent of 2013 subsidy levels in 2016.

Special Benefits under the Collective Bargaining Agreements (CBA) - Under the terms of the collective bargaining agreements for the Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) and the International Association of Fire Fighters (IAFF), certain employees who retire after attaining age 55 with the required years of service are permitted to enroll themselves and their dependents in the healthcare benefit program offered to actively employed members. They may keep this coverage until they reach the age of Medicare eligibility. These retirees do not contribute towards the cost of coverage, but, until December 31, 2016, the Policemen's Fund contributed \$95 per month towards coverage for police officers; the Firemen's Fund did not contribute. After December 31, 2016, the Pension Funds no longer contribute toward retiree healthcare.

Both of these agreements which provide pre-65 coverage originally expired at June 30, 2012. These benefits have been renegotiated to continue through 2016 or June 30, 2017, depending on bargaining unit agreements. This valuation assumes that the CBA special benefits, except for those who will have already retired as of December 31, 2016, will cease on December 31, 2016 or June 30, 2017, depending on bargaining unit agreements.

Funding Policy - No assets are accumulated or dedicated to funding the retiree health plan benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution "ARC" of the employer. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period of ten years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB costs for the year for the Health Plan and CBA Special Benefits, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation. The *Net OPEB Obligation* is the amount entered upon the City's Statement of Net Position as of year end as the net liability for the other post-employment benefits – the Health Plan. The amount of the annual cost that is recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Position for 2016 is the annual OPEB cost (expense).

Annual OPEB Cost and Contributions Made

		etiree		СВА		
		tlement	5	Special		
	Hea	lth Plan	Ε	Benefits		Total
Contribution Rates:						
City	Pay-A	ls-You-Go	Pay-	As-You-Go	Pay-	As-You-Go
Plan Members		N/A		N/A		N/A
Annual Required Contribution	\$	39,666	\$	58,851	\$	98,517
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		428		4,757		5,185
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		(1,625)		(18,048)		(19,673)
Annual OPEB Cost		38,469		45,560		84,029
Contributions Made		50,051		39,620		89,671
Decrease in Net OPEB Obligation		(11,582)		5,940		(5,642)
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year		14,280		158,571		172,851
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$	2,698	\$	164,511	\$	167,209

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2016 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

PEB (Costs and	Net Obligations		
	Annual	Percentage of Annual	N	et OPEB
OF	PEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	_C	bligation
\$	38,469	130.1%	\$	2,698
	43,645	133.5		14,280
	62,666	149.9		28,914
\$	45,560	87.0%	\$	164,511
	48,195	79.4		158,571
	49,766	68.5		148,648
\$	84,029	106.7%	\$	167,209
	91,840	105.1		172,851
	112,432	113.9		177,562
	<u>OF</u> \$	Annual OPEB Cost \$ 38,469 43,645 62,666 \$ 45,560 48,195 49,766 \$ 84,029 91,840	OPEB Cost OPEB Cost Contributed \$ 38,469 130.1% 43,645 133.5 62,666 149.9 \$ 45,560 87.0% 48,195 79.4 49,766 68.5 \$ 84,029 106.7% 91,840 105.1	Annual Percentage of Annual N OPEB Cost OPEB Cost Contributed C \$ 38,469 130.1% \$ 43,645 133.5 62,666 62,666 149.9 \$ \$ 45,560 87.0% \$ 48,195 79.4 49,766 68.5 \$ \$ \$ 84,029 106.7% \$ 91,840 105.1 \$

Schedule of Contributions,

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of January 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$715.5 million, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$2,563.6 million and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 27.9 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as the results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presents, as required, (unaudited) supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule of Funding Progress (dollars in thousands)										
					ł	Unfunded			UAAL	
Actuarial	Ac	tuarial	ŀ	Actuarial		Actuarial			as a	
Valuation	Va	lue of		Accrued	Acc	rued Liability	Funded	Covered	Percentage of	
Date	A	ssets	Lia	bility (AAL)		(UAAL)	<u>Ratio</u>	Payroll	Covered Payroll	
Settlement Plan 12/31/2015	\$	-	\$	254,910	\$	254,910	0%	\$ 2,563,649	9.9%	
CBA Special Benefits										
12/31/2015	\$			460,612	\$	460,612	0%	\$ 1,499,552	30.7 %	
Total										
12/31/2015	\$	-	\$	715,522	\$	715,522	0%	\$ 2,563,649	27.9 %	

Actuarial Method and Assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and included the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial method and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations.

For the Health Plan benefits (not provided by the Pension Funds), the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent in 2027. The range of rates included a 3.0 percent inflation assumption. Rates included a 2.5 percent inflation assumption. The plan has not accumulated assets and does not hold assets in a segregated trust. However, the funds expected to be used to pay benefits are assumed to be invested for durations which will yield an annual return rate of 3.0 percent. The remaining Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over ten years. The benefits include the provisions under the new Health Plan, which have been completely phased-out by December 31, 2016, except for the Korshak category, which is entitled to lifetime benefits. Also included in the Non-CBA benefits are the duty disability benefits under the active health plan payable to age 63/65.

For the Special Benefits under the CBA for Police and Fire, the renewed contracts' expiration dates of June 30, 2016 (for Police Captains, Sergeants and Lieutenants) and June 30, 2017 for all other Police and Fire are reflected, such that liabilities are included only for payments beyond the end of the calendar year of contract expiration on behalf of early retirees already retired and in pay status as of December 31 of the expiration year of the contract. The entry age normal method was selected. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0 percent in 2015, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent in 2027./ Rates included a 2.5 percent inflation assumption. The plan has not accumulated assets and does not hold assets in a segregated trust. The funds expected to be used to pay benefits are assumed to be invested for durations that will yield an annual return rate of 3.0 percent. The remaining Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over ten years.

Summary of Assumptions and Methods							
-	Settlement Health Plan	CBA Special Benefits					
Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal					
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, open	Level Dollar, open					
Remaining Amortization Period	10 years	10 years					
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value	Market Value					
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases Healthcare Inflation Rate	3.0% 2.5% 8.0% initial to 5.0% in 2027	3.0% 2.5% 8.0% initial to 5.0% in 2027					

12) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; certain benefits for and injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City provides worker's compensation benefits and employee health benefits under self-insurance programs except for insurance policies maintained for certain Enterprise Fund activities. The City uses various risk management techniques to finance these risks by retaining, transferring and controlling risks depending on the risk exposure.

Risks for O'Hare, Midway, and_certain other_major properties, along with various special events, losses_from certain criminal acts committed by employees and public official bonds are transferred to commercial insurers. Claims have not exceeded the purchased insurance coverage in the past three years. Accordingly, no liability is reported for these claims. All other risks are retained by the City and are self-insured. The City pays claim settlements and judgments from the self-insured programs. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The General Fund is primarily used to record all non-Enterprise Fund claims. The estimated portion of non-Enterprise Fund claims not yet settled has been recorded in the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position as claims payable

along with amounts related to deferred compensatory time and estimated liabilities for questioned costs. As of December 31, 2016, the total amount of non-Enterprise Fund claims was \$508.7 million and Enterprise Fund was \$76.7 million. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability for all funds are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	2016	2015
Balance, January 1	\$ 572,360	\$540,272
Claims incurred and change in estimates	666,444	688,800
Claims paid on current and prior year events	(653,432)	(656,712)
Balance, December 31	\$ 585,372	\$572,360

13) Expenditure of Funds and Appropriation of Fund Balances

The City expends funds by classification as they become available, and "Restricted" funds are expended first. If/when City Council formally sets aside or designates funds for a specific purpose, they are considered "Committed." The Mayor (or his/her designee) may in this capacity, also set aside or designate funds for specific purposes and all of these funds will be considered "Assigned." Any remaining funds, which are not specifically allocated in one or more of the previous three categories, are considered "Unassigned" until such allocation is completed.

In addition to the categories above, any amounts that will be used to balance a subsequent year's budget will be considered "Assigned" as Budgetary Stabilization funds. The amounts may vary from fiscal year to fiscal year or depending on the City's budgetary condition, or may not be designated at all. The funds may be assigned by the Mayor or his designee, up to the amount of available "Unassigned" fund balance at the end of the previous fiscal year.

a) Fund Balance Classifications

On the fund financial statements, the Fund Balance consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	General	Federal, State and Local Grants	Special Taxing Areas	Service Concession and Reserve	Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	Community Development Improvement Projects	Other Governmental Funds
Nonspendable Purpose:							
Inventory	\$ 23,730	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Restricted Purpose:							,
Capital Projects	-	-	1,309,819	-	-	45,032	24,988
Grants	-	11,054	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	267,821	-	94,143
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,057
Committed Purpose:							
Budget and Credit Rating Stabilization	-	-	-	640,241	-	-	-
Repair, Maintenance and City Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,528
Assigned Purpose:							
Future obligations	29,115	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Projects	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for Future							
Appropriated Fund Balance	53,000						
Unassigned	153,737	(253,961)	-	(1,534,227)	-	-	(38,859)
Total Government Fund Balance	\$ 269,582	\$ (242,907)	\$ 1,309,819	\$ (893,986)	\$ 267,821	\$ 45,032	\$ 152,857

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At the end of the fiscal year, total encumbrances amounted to \$14.1 million for the General Operating Fund, \$45.1 million for the Special Taxing Areas Fund, \$30.1 million for the Capital Projects Fund and \$24.3 million for the Non Major Special Revenue Fund.

14) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

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In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, the City reports deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position in a separate section following Assets. Similarly, the City reports deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position in a separate section following Liabilities.

The components of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31,2016 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	G	Governmental Activities		usiness-type Activities
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred outflows from pension activities Unamortized deferred	\$	5,438,514	\$	1,097,575
bond refunding costs		229,368		161,842
Derivatives		-		26,034
. Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	5,667,882	\$	1,285,451
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows from pension activities Long-Term lease and	\$	720,224	\$	157,978
Service concession arrangements		1,534,227		1,608,182
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,254,451	\$	1,766,160

The components of the deferred inflows of resources related to the governmental funds at December 31, 2016 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	General	Federal, State and Local <u>Grants</u>	Special Taxing Areas	Service Concession and <u>Reserve</u>	Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	Pension	Goverr	her nmental nds	Total Governmental Funds
Governmental Funds:									
Deferred inflow of resources:									
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$-	\$ 371,156	\$-	\$ 389,880	\$ 599,121	\$	15,122	\$ 1,375,279
Grants	-	253,053	-	-	-	-		-	253,053
Charges for Services	11,209	-	-	-	-	-		-	11,209
Long-term Lease and									
Concession Agreements	-		-	1,534,227		-		-	1,534,227
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 11,209	\$ 253,053	\$ 371,156	\$1,534,227	\$ 389,880	\$ 599,121	\$	15,122	\$ 3,173,768

15) Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a defendant in various pending and threatened individual and class action litigation relating principally to claims arising from contracts, personal injury, property damage, police conduct, alleged discrimination, civil rights actions, and other matters. City management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in a number of federal- and state-assisted grant programs. These grants are subject to audits by or on behalf of the grantors to assure compliance with grant provisions. Based upon past experience and management's judgment, the City has made provisions in the General Fund for questioned costs and other amounts estimated to be disallowed. City management expects such provision to be adequate to cover actual amounts disallowed, if any.

As of December 31, 2016, the Enterprise Funds have entered into contracts for approximately \$1,249.3 million for construction projects.

The City's pollution remediation obligation of \$33.2 million is primarily related to Brownfield redevelopment projects. These projects include removal of underground storage tanks, cleanup of contaminated soil, and removal of other environmental pollution identified at the individual sites. The estimated liability is calculated using the expected cash flow technique. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from price increases or reductions, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

16) Concession Agreements

The major fund entitled Service Concession and Reserve Fund is used for the purpose of accounting for the deferred inflows associated with governmental fund long-term lease and concession transactions. Deferred inflows are amortized over the life of the related lease and concession agreements. Proceeds from these transactions may be transferred from this fund in accordance with ordinances approved by the City Council that define the use of proceeds.

In February 2009, the City completed a \$1.15 billion concession agreement to allow a private operator to manage and collect revenues from the City's metered parking system for 75 years. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.15 billion which was recognized as a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$15.3 million of revenue for each year through 2083.

In December 2006, the City completed a long-term concession and lease of the City's downtown underground public parking system. The concession granted Chicago Loop Parking, LLC (CLP) the right to operate the garages and collect parking and related revenues for the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$563.0 million of which \$347.8 million was simultaneously used to purchase three of the underground garages from the Chicago Park District. The City recognized a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the term of the lease. The City recognizes \$5.7 million of revenue for each year through 2105. In January 2014, CLP assigned all of its interests in the concession and lease agreement to LMG2, LLC, the designee of its lenders, in lieu of foreclosure by the lenders on their leasehold mortgage on the underground garages.

In January 2005, the City completed a long-term concession and lease of the Skyway. The concession granted a private company the right to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue from the Skyway for the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion; a portion of the payment (\$446.3 million) advance refunded all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The City recognized a deferred inflow of \$1.83 billion that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the 99-year term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$18.5 million of revenue related to this transaction for each year through 2103. Skyway land, bridges, other facilities and equipment continue to be reported on the Statement of Net Position and will be depreciated, as applicable, over their useful lives. The deferred inflow of the Skyway is reported in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position.

In February 2016, the owners of the Skyway concessionaire sold their ownership interests in the concessionaire to a new entity. Pursuant to the concession and lease agreement for the Skyway, the City approved the transfer of ownership interests.

In May 2016, the concessionaire of the City's downtown underground public parking garages sold its concession interest in the garages to Millennium Parking Garages, LLC. Pursuant to the concession and lease agreement for the garages, the City approved the transfer of the concession interest.

17) Tax Abatements

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* ("GASB 77"), requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose: (1) Brief descriptive information concerning the agreement; (2) The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period; and 3) Commitments made by government, other than to abate taxes, that are part of the tax abatement agreement.

Tax Abatement Agreements Entered into Directly by the City

The Boeing Company

The City entered into a Tax Reimbursement Payment Agreement with The Boeing Company ("Boeing") on November 1, 2001. A provision in the Illinois Property Tax Code allowed the City to enter into an agreement with Boeing, which qualified as an Eligible Business, as defined, under the Corporate Headquarters Relocation Act (the "Act"). The Act allows the City to make annual payments to Boeing in an amount not to exceed the property taxes paid, directly or indirectly, by Boeing to the City and other taxing districts for premises occupied as its Corporate Headquarters pursuant to a written lease. The relocation of Boeing constitutes a substantial public benefit from its creation of not less than 500 permanent FTE jobs and through payment of various taxes and governmental charges will foster further economic growth and development in the City.

Boeing must submit for each year of the agreement an Annual Reimbursement Form to the City for reimbursement of an amount equal to the portion of the Boeing General Real Estate Taxes paid during such calendar year to the City, the Chicago School Finance Authority, the Board of Education of the City of Chicago and the City Public Library Fund, in aggregate. Together with the form, Boeing must be in compliance with the terms of the agreement and must provide the City all documents stipulated on the agreement. This includes evidence that Boeing continues to qualify as an Eligible Business and has at least \$25.0 million in annual worldwide revenues, satisfaction of the MBE/WBE requirements, compliance with the resident hiring and prevailing wage requirements, employment of a minimum of 500 full time employees within Chicago, and leasing and occupying not less than 125,000 rentable square feet in Chicago, among other requirements.

The above listed property taxes are reduced by way of a reimbursement to Boeing in an amount equal to the allocable share of the real estate taxes. The City is entitled to terminate the agreement or recover certain payments if Boeing defaults on their commitments. For the 2016 reporting period, the tax reimbursement to Boeing totaled \$1.4 million

Tax Increment Financing

The City adopted certain ordinances approving various redevelopment plans pursuant to provisions of the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, 65 ILCS 5/11-7 4.4-1 (the "Act"). The redevelopment plans designate a "redevelopment project area" under the Act, and adopt tax increment allocation financing for each redevelopment project area.

In an effort to promote redevelopment and finance construction projects in the redevelopment project areas to eradicate blighted conditions, the City uses tax increment financing to reimburse developers for the costs of the TIF-funded improvements pursuant to the terms and conditions of redevelopment agreements entered into by the City and a developer. Projects range from new construction to redevelopment and expansion initiatives throughout the city. The maximum reimbursable amount is set forth in each agreement. If the total project cost is lower than the project budget established in the agreement, the reimbursable amount will be prorated.

For the 2016 reporting period, the amount of property tax revenue forgone by the City due to the agreements under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act amounts to \$90.3 million on an accrual basis of accounting.

Tax Abatement Agreements Entered Into By Other Governments

Cook County

Cook County provides tax reductions under numerous programs with individuals, local businesses, and developers. The objective of the agreements is to encourage the development and rehabilitation of new and existing industrial and commercial property, reutilization of abandoned property, and increase multi-family residential affordable rental housing throughout Cook County by offering a real estate tax incentive. An eligibility application must be filed prior to commencement of a project and include a resolution from the municipality where the real estate is located. Once the project has been completed, the applicant must file an Incentive Appeal Form with the County Assessor's Office. Upon approval by the County Assessor's Office and based on the property classification, the applicant is eligible to receive one of the following tax incentives:

- Property will be assessed at 10% of market value for the first 10 years, 15% in the 11th year and 20% in the 12th year.
- Property will be assessed at 10% of market value for the first 3 years, 15% in the 4th year and 20% in the 5th year.
- Property will be assessed at 10% of the market value for ten years from the date of completion of major rehabilitation.

In the absence of the incentive, the property tax would be assessed at 25% of its market value. This incentive constitutes a substantial reduction in the level of assessment and results in significant tax savings for eligible applicants. For the 2016 reporting period, the amount of property tax revenue forgone by the City due to these incentives is estimated at \$11.5 million.

18) Subsequent Events

Ratings

In February 2017, Fitch Ratings (Fitch) downgraded the rating of the Motor Fuel Tax revenue bonds from BBB to BBB-, with a negative outlook.

In May 2017, Fitch downgraded ratings of the Senior Lien Water revenue bonds from AA+ to AA, with a negative outlook.

In May 2017, Fitch downgraded ratings of the Second Lien Water revenue bonds from AA to AA-, with a negative outlook.

In May 2017, Fitch downgraded ratings of the Senior Lien Wastewater Transmission revenue bonds from AA to AA-, with a negative outlook.

In June 2017, S&P downgraded the rating of the Motor Fuel Tax revenue bonds from BBB- to BB+ with a negative outlook.

Bonds

In January 2017, the City sold O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Revenue Bonds Series 2016DEFG (\$1,117.3 million). The 2016D bonds were issued at interest rates between 5.00% and 5.25% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2020 and January 1, 2052. The 2016E bonds were issued at interest rates between 5.00% and 5.25% and maturity dates between January 1, 2024 and January 1, 2028. The 2016F bonds were issued at interest rates between January 1, 2028. The 2016F bonds were issued at interest rates between January 1, 2028. The 2016F bonds were issued at interest rates between January 1, 2052. The 2016G bonds were issued at interest rates between January 1, 2052. The 2016G bonds were issued at interest rates between 5.00% and 5.25% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2020 and January

1, 2052. Proceeds will be used to pay the cost of certain airport projects, fund reserve requirements for the bonds, fund capitalized interest, and pay costs of issuance.

In January 2017, the City sold General Obligation Project and Refunding Series 2017A (\$886.0 million) and Taxable Project Series 2017B (\$274.3 million). The 2017A bonds were issued at interest rates between 5.625% and 6.0% and maturity dates between January 1, 2029 and January 1, 2038. The 2017B bonds were issued at an interest rate of 7.045% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates ranging from January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2029. Proceeds will be used to pay a portion of the costs of 2017 projects, pay certain judgments and settlements, to refund or pay interest on all or a portion of certain outstanding General Obligation bonds, fund capitalized interest, and pay costs of issuance.

In February 2017, the City completed a refinancing of the outstanding Michael Reese Loan. The City secured a lower, fixed interest rate of 3.55%, with the same maturity date of June 30, 2024. Principal payments will be made semi-annually with the first semi-annual principal payment on the refinanced loan due on June 30, 2019.

In June 2017, the City sold Second Lien Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds, Project Series 2017A (\$180.6 million) and Refunding Series 2017B (\$215.5 million). The 2017A bonds were issued at interest rates between 4.0% and 5.25% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2020 and January 1, 2052. The 2017B bonds were issued at an interest rate of 5.0 % and maturity dates between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2038. Proceeds will be used to finance capital improvements of the Wastewater Transmission System, to refund a portion of certain outstanding wastewater transmission bonds, and pay costs of issuance.

In June 2017, the City sold Second Lien Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 (\$199.4 million). The 2017 bonds were issued at interest rates between 5.0% and 5.25% and maturity dates between November 1, 2017 and November 1, 2036. Proceeds will be used to refund a portion of certain outstanding water bonds and pay costs of issuance.

In June 2017, the City sold O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017ABCD (\$812.4 million). The 2017A bonds were issued at interest rates between 3.125% and 5.00% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2040. The 2017B bonds were issued at an interest rate of 5.00% with maturity dates between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2039. The 2017C bonds were issued at interest rates between 4.00% and 5.00% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between 4.00% and 5.00% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2039. The 2017C bonds were issued at interest rates between 4.00% and 5.00% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2019 and January 1, 2041. The 2017D bonds were issued at an interest rate of 5.00% and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2022 and January 1, 2052. Proceeds will be used to refund a portion of certain outstanding airport bonds, pay the cost of certain airport projects, fund reserve requirements for the bonds, fund capitalized interest, and pay costs of issuance.

Commercial Paper and Lines of Credit

As of December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance for the City's General Obligation Line of Credit was \$124.2 million. Since January 1, 2017, the City has not executed any additional draws and has paid down \$81.7 million. The City's repayment obligation under the line of credit is a general obligation of the City. The line of credit expires September 24, 2019.

In May 2017, the City drew \$30.0 million aggregate principal amount of its Chicago O'Hare International Airport Commercial Paper Notes (O'Hare CP Notes). The proceeds of these O'Hare CP Notes are being used to finance a portion of the cost of authorized airport projects. This Page Intentionally Left Blank

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Two Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Aunicipal Employees':	 2016		2015
Fotal pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 619,743	\$	226,816
Interest	 878,369	narite, giarri	909,067
Benefit changes	-		2,140,009
Differences between expected and actual experience	(127,119)		(109,835)
Assumption changes	(578,920)		``8,711,755
Benefit payments including refunds	(859,672)		(826,036)
Pension plan administrative expense	 		-
Net change in total pension liability	\$ (67,599)	\$	11,051,776
otal pension liability - beginning	 23,358,870		12,307,094
Fotal pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 23,291,271	\$	23,358,870
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions-employer	\$ 149,718	\$	149,225
Contributions-employee	130,391		131,428
Net investment income	281,419		114,025
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(859,672)		(826,036)
Administrative expenses	(7,056)		(6,701)
Other	 -		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (305,200)	\$	(438,059)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 4,741,427		5,179,486
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 4,436,227	\$	4,741,427
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 18,855,044	<u>\$</u>	18,617,443
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	19.05 %		20.30 %
Covered-employee payroll*	\$ 1,646,939	\$	1,643,481
mployer's net pension liability as a percentage of			
covered-employee payroll	1,144.85 %		1,132.81 %

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*Covered employee payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

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Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued Last Two Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Laborers':	2016	2015
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 82,960 *	\$ 38,389 *
Interest	150,166	153,812
Benefit changes	-	384,033
Differences between expected and actual experience	(30,428)	(46,085)
Assumption changes	(62,905)	1,175,935
Benefit payments including refunds	(154,683)	(152,530)
Pension plan administrative expense	 (4,080)	 (3,844)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ (18,970)	\$ 1,549,710
Total pension liability - beginning	 3,712,615	2,162,905
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,693,645	\$ 3,712,615
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions-employer	\$ 12,603	\$ 12,412
Contributions-employee	17,246	16,844
Net investment income	57,997	(22,318)
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(154,683)	(152,530)
Administrative expenses	(4,080)	(3,844)
Other	 	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (70,917)	\$ (149,436)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 1,238,657	1,388,093
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,167,740	\$ 1,238,657
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 2,525,905	\$ 2,473,958
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability	31.61 %	33.36 %
Covered-employee payroll **	\$ 208,155	\$ 204,773
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1,213.47 %	1,208.15 %

* Includes pension plan administrative expense

** Covered employee payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

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Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued Last Two Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

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Policemen's:		2016		2015
Total pension liability	-			
Service cost	\$	220,570 *	\$	213,585 *
_Interest				
Benefit changes		606,250		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,801		(105,969)
Assumption changes		112,585		-
Benefit payments including refunds		(707,196)		(676,777)
Pension plan administrative expense		(4,750)	_	(4,508)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,080,358	\$	259,303
Total pension liability - beginning		12,032,733		11,773,430
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	13,113,091	\$	12,032,733
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions-employer	\$	272,428	\$	572,836
Contributions-employee		101,476		107,626
Net investment income		142,699		(5,334)
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution		(707,196)		(676,777)
Administrative expenses		(4,750)		(4,508)
Other		1,413		3,092
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(193,930)	\$	(3,065)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,058,949		3,062,014
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		2,865,019	\$	3,058,949
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	10,248,072	\$	8,973,784
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		21.85 %		25.42 %
Covered-employee payroll**	\$	1,119,527	\$	1,086,608
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll		915.39 %		825.85 %
* Includes pension plan administrative expense				
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** Covered employee payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Concluded Last Two Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Firemen's:	2016	2015
Total pension liability	 	 ··· <u>·····</u>
Service cost	\$ 94,115 *	\$ 87,203 *
Interest	342,085	338,986
Benefit changes	227,213	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	24,110	(7,981)
Assumption changes	(74,373)	176,282
Benefit payments including refunds	(286,759)	(278,017)
Pension plan administrative expense	 (3,217)	 (3,149)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 323,174	\$ 313,324
Total pension liability - beginning	 4,826,084	 4,512,760
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 5,149,258	\$ 4,826,084
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions-employer	\$ 154,101	\$ 236,104
Contributions-employee	48,960	46,552
Net investment income	60,881	7,596
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(286,759)	(278,017)
Administrative expenses	(3,217)	(3,149)
Other	 (53)	 7
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (26,087)	\$ 9,093
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 1,045,101	 1,036,008
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,019,014	\$ 1,045,101
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 4,130,244	\$ 3,780,983
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability	19.79 %	21.66 %
Covered-employee payroll **	\$ 478,471	\$ 465,232
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	863.22 %	812.71 %

* Includes pension plan administrative expense

** Covered employee payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

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Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last Ten Years (dollars are in thousands)

Municipal Employees':

317.772.727

		Contributions in Relation to				Contributions a a percentage of	of
and a state of the second s	Actuarially	the Actuarially	na nu nyanà angaranja sa sa m	र्थः २२ १३२२ वेश्व ास् वयः	Covered	Covered	nanger (seine seine s
Years Ended	Determined	Determined	Contrib	oution	Employee	Employee	
December 31,	Contributions*	Contribution	Deficie	ency	Payroll**	Payroli	·
2007	\$ 343,123	\$ 139,606	\$ 2	03,517 \$	5 1,564,459	8.92	%
2008	360,387	146,803	2	13,584	1,543,977	9.51	%
2009	413,509	148,047	2	65,462	1,551,973	9.54	%
2010	483,948	154,752	2 3:	29,196	1,541,388	10.04	%
2011	611,756	147,009) 4	64,747	1,605,993	9.15	%
2012	690,823	148,859) 5	41,964	1,590,794	9.36	
2013	820,023	148,197	6	71,826	1,580,289	9.38	%
2014	839,039	149,747	6	89,292	1,602,978	9.34	%
2015	677,200	149,225	5 5	27,975	1,643,481	9.08	% . "
2016	961,770	149,718	8	12,052	1,646,939	9.09	%

* The funding method mandated by the Illinois Pension Code is insufficient to avoid insolvency, and without a change, the Fund is projected to become insolvent within the next 10 years (during 2025). Therefore, the actuarially determined contribution is comprised of an employer normal cost payment and a 30-year, level dollar amortization payment on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Laborers':

Years Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contributions *	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency	Covered Employee Payroll **	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2007	\$ 21,726	\$ 13,256	\$ 8,470	\$ 192,847	6.87 %
2008	17,652	15,233	2,419	216,744	7.03 %
2009	33,518	14,627	18,891	208,626	7.01 %
2010	46,665	15,352	31,313	199,863	7.68 %
2011	57,259	12,779	44,480	195,238	6.55 %
2012	77,566	11,853	65,713	198,790	5.96 %
2013	106,199	11,583	94,616	200,352	5.78 %
2014	106,019	12,161	93,858	202,673	6.00 %
2015	79,851	12,412	67,439	204,773	6.06 %
2016	117,033	12,603	104,430	208,155	6.05 %

* The LABF Statutory Funding does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice, therefore, the actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using dollar payments and a 30 year open amortization period.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - Continued Last Ten Years (dollars are in thousands)

Policemen's:

Years Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contributions *	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency	Covered Employee Payroll **	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2007	\$ 312,726	\$ 170,598	\$ 142,128	\$ 1,038,957	16.42 %
2008	318,235	172,836	145,399	1,023,581	16.89 %
2009	339,488	172,044	167,444	1,011,205	17.01 %
2010	363,625	174,501	189,124	1,048,084	16.65 %
2011	402,752	174,035	228,717	1,034,404	16.82 %
2012	431,010	197,885	233,125	1,015,171	19.49 %
2013	474,177	179,521	294,656	1,015,426	17.68 %
2014	491,651	178,158	313,493	1,074,333	16.58 %
2015	785,501	575,928	209,573	1,086,608	53.00 %
2016	785,695	273,840	511,855	1,119,527	24.46 %

* The PABF Statutory Funding does not confrom to Actuarial Standards of Practice; therefore, the 2015 and 2016 actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus a 30-year closed level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability. Prior to 2015 the actuarially determined contribution was equal to the "ARC" which was equal to normal cost plus a 30-year open level percent amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Firemen's:

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Years Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contributions *	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency	Covered Employee Payroll **	Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2007	\$ 188,202	\$ 72,023	\$ 116,179	\$ 389,125	18.51 %
2008	189,941	81,258	108,683	396,182	20.51 %
2009	203,867	89,212	114,655	400,912	22.25 %
2010	218,388	80,947	137,441	400,404	20.22 %
2011	250,056	82,870	167,186	425,385	19.48 %
2012	271,506	81,522	189,984	418,965	19.46 %
2013	294,878	103,669	191,209	416,492	24.89 %
2014	304,265	107,334	196,931	460,190	23.32 %
2015	323,545	236,104	87,441	465,232	50.75 %
2016	333,952	154,101	179,851	478,471	32.21 %

 * The FABF Statutory Funding does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice, therefore, the actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using dollar payments and a 30 year open amortization period.
 Amounts for fiscal years prior to 2015 were based on the "ARC" which was equal to normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using a 30-year open period level dollar amortization.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - Concluded

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:	Municipal Laborers' Employees' Laborers' 12/31/2016 (a) 12/31/2016 (b)		_	Policemen's 12/31/2016		Firemen's		
Actuarial valuation date			12/31/2016 (b)					
Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method			Entry age normal Level dollar, open 30 years 5-yr. Smoothed Market	(c)	Entry age normal Level percent, open 30 years 5-yr. Smoothed Market		Entry age normal Level dollar, open 30 years 5-yr. Smoothed Market	
Actuarial assumptions:	WIDI NEL		Market		Market		Market	
Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement Age Mortality	3.0% 4.5% - 8.25% 7.5% (i) (m)	(d) (g)	3.0% 3.75% 7.5% (j) (n)	(e) (h)	2.8% 3.75% 7.25% (k) (0)	(f)	2.5% 3.75% 7.5% (I) (p)	(f)
Other information	(q)		(r)		(s)		(s)	

(a) Actuarially determined contribution amount is determined as of December 31, with appropriate interest to the middle of the year.

(b) Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, which is 12 months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

(c) The statutory contributions are based on a multiple of member contributions from the second prior year. The statutory contribution multiple is 1.00

(d) Varying by years of service.

(e) Plus a service-based increase in the first 15 years.

(f) Salary increase rates based on age-related productivity and merit rates plus inflation.

(g) Net of investment expense.

(h) Net of investment expense, including inflation.

(i) For employees first hired prior to January 1, 2011, rates of retirement are based on the recent experience of the Fund (adopted December 31, 2010). For employees first hired on or after January 1, 2011, rates of retirement for each age from 62 to 80 were used (adopted December 31, 2011).

(j) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31, 2012, valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1, 2004, through December 31, 2011.

- (k) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1, 2009, through December 31, 2013.
- (I) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31, 2011, valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1, 2003, through December 31, 2010.
- (m) Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Mortality Tables with mortality improvements projected to 2010 using Scale AA. Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the post-retirement mortality assumption, multiplied by 85% for males and 70% for females.
- (n) RP2000 Combined Healthy mortality table, sex distinct, set forward one year for males and setback two years for females. No adjustment is made for post-disabled mortality.
- (0) Post-Retirement Healthy mortality rates: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table weighted 108% for males and 97% for females. Pre-Retirement mortality rates: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Total Employee mortality table weighted 85% for males and 115% for females. Disabled Mortality: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table weighted 115% for males and 115% for females.
- (p) RP2000 Combined Healthy mortality table, sex distinct for post retirement mortality. RP2000 Combined Healthy mortality table, sex distinct, set forward six years for post retirement mortality. Pre-retirement mortality is 80 percent of the post-retirement rates.
- (q) Other assumptions: Same as those used in the December 31, 2016, actuarial funding valuations.

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- (r) There were no benefit changes during the year.
- (s) The valuation is based on the statutes in effect as of December 31, 2016. Benefit changes as aresult of PA 99-0506 were recognized in the Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2016.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUNDING PROGRESS Last Three Years (dollars are in thousands)

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	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded (Surplus) AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
City of Chicago								
Settlement Plan								
2014	12/31/2013	-	\$ 498,205	\$ 498,205	- %	\$ 2,425,000	20.54 %	
2015	12/31/2014	-	311,748	311,748	-	2,487,787	12.53	
2016	12/31/2015	-	254,910	254,910	-	2,563,649	9.94	
CBA Special Benefits								
2014	12/31/2013	-	\$ 466,421	\$ 466,421	- %	\$ 1,400,269	33.31 %	
2015	12/31/2014	-	468,889	468,889	-	1,438,428	32.60	
2016	12/31/2015	-	460,612	460,612	-	1,499,552	30.72	

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PENSION FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:				<u> </u>
Property Taxes	\$ 785,956	\$ 785,956	\$ 747,957	\$ (37,999)
Miscellaneous	192,294	192,294	50,953	(141,341)
Transfers In			11,587	11,587
Total Revenues	978,250	978,250	810,497	(167,753)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
City Contribution to -				
Municipal Employees' Annuity				
and Benefit Fund	277,714	277,714	170,195	107,519
City Contribution to -				
Laborers' Employees' Annuity				
and Benefit Fund	28,536	28,536	15,807	12,729
City Contribution to -			,	
Policemen's Employees' Annuity)	
and Benefit Fund	464,000	464,000	415,500	48,500
City Contribution to -				
Firemen's Employees' Annuity				
and Benefit Fund	208,000	208,000	208,995	(995)
Total Expenditures	978,250	978,250	810,497	. 167,753
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	\$ -	\$	\$

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See notes to basic financial statements.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS GENERAL FUND

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)
LOCAL TAX REVENUE				
UTILITY TAX:				
Gas	\$ 123,100	\$ 123,100	\$ 111,087	\$ (12,013)
Electric	98,200	98,200	98,694	494
Telecommunication	100,200	100,200	103,577	3,377
Commonwealth Edison	90,300	90,300	91,436	1,136
Cable Television	29,200	29,200	29,615	415
Total Utility Tax	441,000	441,000	434,409	(6,591
SALES TAX:				
Home Rule Retailers' Occupation	315,883	315,883	308,089	(7,794
TRANSPORTATION TAX:				
Parking	130,500	130,500	134,464	3,964
Vehicle Fuel	49,120	49,120	53,042	3,922
Ground Transportation	60,825	60,825	59,594	(1,231
Total Transportation Tax	.240,445	240,445	247,100	6,655
TRANSACTION TAX:				
Real Property	160,000	160,000	197,080	37,080
Personal Property Lease	177,900	177,900	259,939	82,039
Motor Vehicle Lessor	6,800	6,800	6,588	(212
Total Transaction Tax	344,700	344,700	463,607	118,907
RECREATION TAX:				
Amusement	139,000	139,000	163,563	24,563
Automatic Amusement	490	490	499 ·	9
Liquor	32,700	32,700	33,137	437
Boat Mooring	1,320	1,320	1,332	12
Cigarette	21,600	21,600	23,131	1,531
Off Track Betting	506	506	592	86
Soft Drink	22,400	22,400	24,354	1,954
Total Recreation Tax	218,016	218,016	246,608	28,592
BUSINESS TAX:				
Hotel	109,500	109,500	113,500	4,000
Foreign Fire Insurance	4,400	4,400	5,385	985
Total Business Tax	113,900	113,900	118,885	4,985
TOTAL LOCAL TAX REVENUE	1,673,944	1,673,944	1,818,698	144,754

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Schedule A-1 - Continued CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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	Origina Budge		Final Budget		tual ounts	F	/ariance Positive Jegative)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE							
STATE INCOME TAX:							
Income	\$ 265,3	\$ 00	265,300	\$ 25	53,968	\$	(11,332)
Personal Property Replacement	170,4	00	170,400	1	59,705		(10,695)
Total State Income Tax	435,7	'00	435,700	4	13,673		(22,027)
STATE SALES TAX:							
State Retailers' Occupation	361,9	000	361,900	36	66,426		4,526
STATE AUTO RENTAL TAX:							
Municipal Auto Rental	4,4	00	4,400		4,223		(177)
FEDERAL/STATE GRANTS:							
Grants	1,8	00	1,800		1,869		69
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	803,8	00	803,800	78	36,191		(17,609)
LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE							
INTERNAL SERVICE:							
Water Fund	88,4	07	88,407	8	38,407		-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund	23,9		23,928		23,928		-
Vehicle Tax Fund	16,7		16,768		16,768		-
Chicago Midway International Airport Fund	-	570	7,670		7,670		-
Federal Funds	18,1	09	18,109		16,485		(1,624)
Sewer Fund	48,3	67	48,367	. 4	48,367		-
Emergency Communication Fund	96,4	05	96,405	ç	96,400		(5)
Federal Funds - Pensions	28,2	.32	28,232		16,398		(11,834)
Intergovernmental Vouchers (IV)	9,3	31	9,331		8,733		(598)
Transportation	3,9	21	3,921		4,438		517
Department of Fleet and Facility Management	6,9	60	6,960		5,539		(1,421)
Miscellaneous - Planning, Purchasing, etc	4,9	33	4,933		3,600		(1,333)
Public Safety - Police, Fire and OEMC	8	343	843		178		(665)
Other	4,6	68	4,668		5,695		1,027
Total Internal Service	358,5	542	358,542	34	42,606		(15,936)
LICENSES AND PERMITS:							
Alcoholic Liquor Dealers' License	11,8	800	11,800		12,206		406
Business License	18,5	500	18,500		18,529		29
Building Permits	45,1	16	45,116	4	43,483		(1,633)
Fines and Penalties	6,5	500	6,500		7,925		1,425
Other	43,3	307	43,307	4	48,256		4,949
Total Licenses and Permits							

Schedule A-1 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)
LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE - Concluded				
FINES:				
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	\$ 350,500	\$ 350,500	\$ 318,388	\$ (32,112)
INVESTMENT INCOME:				
Interest on Investments	· 4,400	4,400	8,251	3,851
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:				
Inspection	13,515	13,515	13,130	(385)
Information	605	605	1,526	921
Safety	67,500	67,500	77,335	9,835
Sanitation	62,700	62,700	54,365	(8,335)
Reimbursement of Current Expense	6,100	6,100	6,296	196
Other	24,443	24,443	32,544	8,101
Total Charges for Services	174,863	174,863	185,196	10,333
MUNICIPAL UTILITIES:				
Parking	10,105	10,105	7,476	(2,629)
Total Municipal Utilities	10,105	10,105	7,476	(2,629)
LEASES, RENTALS AND SALES:				-
Sale of Land and Buildings	19,225	19,225	9,601	(9,624)
Vacation of Streets and Alleys	2,000	2,000	2,181	181
Sale of Impounded Autos	42	42	15	(27)
Sale of Materials	1,200	1,200	1,278	78
Rentals and Leases	13,561_	13,561	13,036	(525)
Total Leases, Rentals and Sales	36,028	36,028	26,111	(9,917)
MISCELLANEOUS:				
Property Damage	150	. 150	. 111	(39)
Other	69,900	69,900	59,185	(10,715)
Total Miscellaneous	70,050	70,050	59,296	(10,754)
TOTAL LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE	1,129,711	1,129,711	1,077,723	(51,988)
Transfers In	26,000	26,000	14,998	(11,002)
Total Revenues	\$ 3,633,455	\$ 3,633,455	\$ 3,697,610	\$ 64,155

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services			\$ 6,307,504
2005.0100-Contractual Services	•	250,721	213,962
2005.0200-Travel	•		22,662
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials			29,759
Total	6,276,667	6,276,667	6,573,887
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL - 03 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	2,630,869	2,960,737	2,534,070
2005.0100-Contractual Services	318,520	342,652	342,426
2005.0200-Travel	4,433	· 4,433	4,433
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	9,773	9,773	8,774
2005.0700-Contingencies	4,283	4,283	4,283
Total	2,967,878	3,321,878	2,893,986
OFFICE OF BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT - 05 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	2,296,393	2,296,393	2,271,148
2005.0100-Contractual Services		49,295	21,080
2005.0200-Travel	-	1,000	354
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		5,800	4,217
Total	areas	2,352,488	2,296,799
DEPARTMENT OF INNOVATION			
AND TECHNOLOGY - 06 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	8,615,408	8,615,408	7,505,137
2005.0100-Contractual Services		9,236,310	8,598,695
2005.0200-Travel		4,500	3,321
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		26,743	6,342
Total	17,882,961	17,882,961	16,113,495
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES			
CITY COUNCIL - 15 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	15,570,156	15,570,156	15,232,308
2005.0100-Contractual Services		70,150	66,585
2005.0200-Travel		1,000	
2005.0700-Contingencies		43,000	43,000
2005.0982-Order of The City Council		1,000	-
2005.9008-Aldermanic Expense Allowance		4,850,000	4,545,224
2005.9010-Legal, Technical, Medical and Professional	.,,	.,,	
Services, Appraisals, Consultants, Printers, Court			
Reporters and Contractual Services:			
To Be Expended Under the Direction of the			

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued		·,	
-CI∓Y-COUNCIL-COMMITTEESContinued	an a		antenantes i se al antes avec e composite attende se co
CITY COUNCIL - 15 - Concluded			
2005.9072-Contingent and Other Expenses for			
Corporate Purposes not Otherwise Provided for:			
To Be Expended Under Direction of the President			
Pro Tempore of the City Council	4,000 \$	5 4,000	\$ -
Total	20,631,378	20,631,378	19,965,586
COMMITTEE ON FINANCE - 15 -			
2010.0000-Personnel Services	1,809,864	1,809,864	1,519,797
2010.0000-Personner Services	138,400	138,400	126,552
2010.0200-Contractual Services	8,000	8,000	(23)
2010.0200-Traver	51,500	51,500	51,499
2010.0700-Contingencies	100	100	51,455
2010.9005-The Payment of Legal Fees Pursuant to Sec. 2-152-170 of the Municipal Code:	100	100	-
To Be Expended at the Direction			
of the Committee on Finance	50,000	50,000	10,306
2010.9006-Legal Assistance to The City Council:	50,000	50,000	10,000
To Be Expended at the Direction of the			
Chairman of the Committee on Finance	50,000	50,000	-
2010.9010-Legal, Technical, Medical and Professional	00,000	00,000	
Services, Appraisals, Consultants, Printers, Court			
Reporters and Contractual Services:			
To Be Expended at the Direction of the			
Chairman of the Committee on Finance	92,500	92,500	34,268
Total	<u> </u>	2,200,364	1,742,399
COUNCIL OFFICE OF FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - 15 -			
2012.0000-Personnel Services	258,924	258,924	243,038
	25,000	258,924 25,000	1,519
2012.0700-Contingencies	283,924	283,924	244,557
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
LEGISLATIVE INSPECTOR GENERAL			
2015.0100-Contractual Services	354,000	-	-
Total	354,000	-	
COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET AND GOVERNMENT			
OPERATIONS - 15 -			
2214.0000-Personnel Services	482,812	482,812	771,093
2214.0100-Contractual Services	15,000	15,000	14,613
2214.0300-Commodities and Materials	12,000	12,000	11,983

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued				
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Continued				
COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS - 15 - Concluded				
2214.0400-Equipment	\$ 9,500	\$ 9,500	\$ 9,492	
2214.0700-Contingencies	15,000	15,000	14,998	
Total	534,312	534,312	822,179	
COMMITTEE ON AVIATION - 15 -				
2220.0000-Personnel Services	105,928	105,928	106,572	
2220.0100-Contractual Services	200	200	-	
2220.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	-	
2220.0700-Contingencies		750		
Total	107,378	107,378	106,572	
COMMITTEE ON LICENSE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 15 -				
2225.0000-Personnel Services	105,143	105,143	125,889	
2225.0100-Contractual Services	7,500	7,500	6,612	
2225.0300-Commodities and Materials	10,500	10,500	499	
Total	123,143	123,143	133,000	
COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY - 15 -				
2235.0000-Personnel Services	156,230	156,230	192,125	
2235.0100-Contractual Services	1,000	1,000	964	
2235.0300-Commodities and Materials	1,000	1,000	978	
2235.0700-Contingencies		500	483	
Total	158,730	158,730	194,550	
COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION - 15 -				
2240.0000-Personnel Services	90,300	90,300	88,379	
2240.0100-Contractual Services	200	200	-	
2240.0300-Commodities and Materials	800	800	-	
2240.0700-Contingencies	500	500	-	
Total	91,800	91,800	88,379	
COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES, RULES AND ETHICS - 15 -				
2245.0000-Personnel Services	103,008	103,008	119,075	
2245.0100-Contractual Services	40,000	40,000	39,999	
2245.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	499	
Total	143,508	143,508	159,573	

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
CIFY-COUNCIL-COMMITTEES-Continued		אסירי בעלול (מאוי וייד די איז אונו דירי	<u>Anala Ting Ing Katalan pana</u> na ang panana ang panana
COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC, CAPITAL			
AND TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT - 15 -			
2255.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 100,564 \$	\$ 101,964	\$ 99,404
2255.0100-Contractual Services	1,000	-	-
2255.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	100	97
2255.0700-Contingencies	1,000	1,000	564
Total		103,064	100,065
COMMITTEE ON PARKS AND RECREATION - 15 -			
DEVELOPMENT- 15 -			
2260.0000-Personnel Services	160,277	160,277	115,636
2260.0100-Contractual Services	•	3,000	. 120
2260.0700-Contingencies		2,000	-
Total	165,277	165,277	115,756
BUILDING STANDARDS - 15 -			
2275.0000-Personnel Services	314,288	314,288	314,627
2275.0100-Contractual Services	5,300	5,300	1,296
2275.0300-Commodities and Materials	74,700	74,700	73,884
Total	394,288	394,288	389,807
COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND REAL ESTATE - 15 -			
2280.0000-Personnel Services	194,278	194,278	194,000
2280.0300-Commodities and Materials	•	8,000	7,970
Total	202,278	202,278	201,970
COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RELATIONS - 15 -	 .		
2286.0000-Personnel Services	90,741	· 90,741	69,326
2286.0300-Commodities and Materials		1,000	386
-		91,741	69,712
Total	31,741	31,141	03,112
COMMITTEE ON WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT AND AUDIT - 15-			۵.
2290.0000-Personnel Services	493,691	493,691	485,156
2290.0100-Contractual Services	30,000	25,000	2,501
2290.0300-Commodities and Materials	•	10,000	9,677
Total		528,691	497,334
CITY COUNCIL LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE			
BUREAU - 15 -			
2295.0000-Personnel Services	357,543	346,543	313,071
2295.0000-Personner Services			14,532
2295.0300-Commodities and Materials	4,000	15,000	14,332

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued		·	
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Concluded			
CITY COUNCIL LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU - 15 - Concluded			
Total	\$ 361,543	\$ 361,543	\$ 327,603
TOTAL CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES	26,475,419	26,121,419	25,159,042
CITY CLERK - 25 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	2,511,914	2,511,914	2,413,126
2005.0100-Contractual Services	555,913	555,913	383,298
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	56,290	56,290	26,269
Total	3,124,117	3,124,117	2,822,693
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 - City Comptroller		?	
2011.0000-Personnel Services	2,883,721	2,883,721	2,538,683
2011.0100-Contractual Services	49,168	49,168	43,966
2011.0200-Travel	2,386	2,386	15
2011.0300-Commodities and Materials	17,920	17,920	4,570
Total	2,953,195	2,953,195	2,587,234
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
Accounting and Financial Reporting			
2012.0000-Personnel Services	4,088,078	4,088,078	4,119,057
2012.0100-Contractual Services	739,582	739,582	573,705
2012.0200-Travel	3,000	3,000	2,659
2012.0300-Commodities and Materials	15,000	15,000	11,303
Total	4,845,660	4,845,660	4,706,724
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			2
Financial Strategy and Operations			
2015.0000-Personnel Services	6,102,124	6,102,124	5,723,633
2015.0100-Contractual Services	779,243	779,243	454,770
2015.0200-Travel	4,200	4,200	2,740
2015.0300-Commodities and Materials	84,800	84,800	46,916
2015.0400-Equipment	90,000	90,000	90,000
Total	7,060,367	7,060,367	6,318,059
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE -			
Revenue Services and Operations - 27 -			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	23,669,206	23,669,206	20,762,832
2020.0100-Contractual Services	28,417,814	28,417,814	26,759,895
2020.0200-Travel	10,000	10,000	623

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
DEPARTMENTROF-FINANCE-			רשה הכיירוע באני אייני איין אייניענע איין איינענע איינענע איינענע איינעע איינעע איינעע איינעע איינעע איינעע אי איינער איינער
Revenue Services and Operations - 27 - Concluded			
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials \$	5 191,659	\$ 191,659	\$ 161,565
2020.0400-Machinery and Equipment	150,000	150,000	- ,
Total	52,438,679	52,438,679	47,684,915
TOTAL FINANCE	67,297,901	67,297,901	61,296,932
CITY TREASURER - 28 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	849,693	849,693	756,431
2005.0100-Contractual Services	800,158	800,158	604,704
2005.0200-Travel	500	500	-
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	6,500	6,500	3,779
– Total	1,656,851	1,656,851	1,364,914
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE			
HEARINGS - 30 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	3,084,954	3,084,954	2,988,330
2005.0100-Contractual Services	5,071,577	5,071,577	4,827,890
2005.0200-Travel	2,000	2,000	673
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	29,605	29,605	23,929
Total	8,188,136	8,188,136	7,840,822
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	25,197,284	25,197,284	23,761,874
2005.0100-Contractual Services	2,715,933	2,715,933	2,617,927
2005.0200-Travel	92,883	92,883	45,956
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	126,291	126,291	118,463
Total	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	28,132,391	26,544,220
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES - 33 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	5,298,565	5,298,565	4,794,992
2005.0100-Contractual Services	449,187	449,187	403,908
2005.0200-Travel	2,754	2,754	1,960
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	28,268	28,268	14,290
2005.0900-Purposes as Specified	210,000	210,000	7,001
Total	5,988,774	5,988,774	5,222,151
DEPARTMENT OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES - 35 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	5,542,782	5,542,782	5,353,327
2005.0100-Contractual Services	688,821	688,821	351,278

DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT - 38 - BUREAU OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION - 38 - 2103.0000-Personnel Services 2103.0100-Contractual Services 2103.0300-Commodities and Materials Total BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2126.0000-Personnel Services 2126.0100-Contractual Services 2126.0200-Travel 2126.0300-Commodities and Materials Total 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0100-Contractual Services 2131.0200-Travel	11,490 21,635 6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315	\$	11,490 21,635 6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000 2,453,315	3,043 15,800 5,723,448 2,773,313 556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484 55,670,077
35- Concluded \$ 2005.0200-Travel \$ 2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	21,635 6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315	\$	21,635 6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	 15,800 5,723,448 2,773,313 556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
2005.0200-Travel \$ 2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	21,635 6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315	\$	21,635 6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	 15,800 5,723,448 2,773,313 556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials Total Total	21,635 6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315	\$	21,635 6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	 15,800 5,723,448 2,773,313 556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
Total	6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315	-	6,264,728 2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	5,723,448 2,773,313 556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITIES MANAGEMENT - 38 - BUREAU OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION - 38 - 2103.0000-Personnel Services 2103.0100-Contractual Services 2103.0300-Commodities and Materials Total BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2126.0000-Personnel Services 3 2126.0100-Contractual Services 2126.0200-Travel 2126.0300-Commodities and Materials Total 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.0300-Personnel Services 2131.0300-Personnel Services 2131.0300-Personnel Services 2131.0300-Personnel Services 2131.0300-Personnel Services 2131.0300-Personnel Services 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams	2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315	-	2,896,107 674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	2,773,313 556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
MANAGEMENT - 38 - BUREAU OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION - 38 - 2103.0000-Personnel Services 2103.0100-Contractual Services 2103.0300-Commodities and Materials Total Total BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2126.0000-Personnel Services 2126.0200-Travel 2126.0300-Commodities and Materials Total SUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0100-Contractual Services 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.0900-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams	674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315		674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
2103.0000-Personnel Services 2103.0100-Contractual Services 2103.0300-Commodities and Materials Total BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2126.0000-Personnel Services 2126.0100-Contractual Services 2126.0200-Travel 2126.0300-Commodities and Materials Total 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0100-Contractual Services 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.0300-Contractual Services 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams	674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315		674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
2103.0100-Contractual Services 2103.0300-Commodities and Materials Total Total BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2126.0000-Personnel Services 2126.0100-Contractual Services 2126.0200-Travel 2126.0300-Commodities and Materials Total 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.0900-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams	674,035 46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315		674,035 46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	556,861 34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
2103.0300-Commodities and Materials Total Total	46,000 3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315		46,000 3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	34,993 3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
Total	3,616,142 1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315		3,616,142 31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	3,365,167 28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2126.0000-Personnel Services 3 2126.0100-Contractual Services 2 2126.0200-Travel 2 2126.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 1 2131.0000-Personnel Services 1 2131.0200-Travel 1 2131.0200-Travel 5 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams 5	1,226,613 5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315		31,226,613 25,587,520 27,000	28,388,976 24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
2126.0000-Personnel Services32126.0100-Contractual Services22126.0200-Travel22126.0300-Commodities and Materials5BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 -52131.0000-Personnel Services12131.0100-Contractual Services12131.0200-Travel52131.0300-Commodities and Materials52131.0300-Commodities and Materials52131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams5	5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315		25,587,520 27,000	24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
2126.0100-Contractual Services22126.0200-Travel22126.0300-Commodities and Materials5Total5BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services12131.0100-Contractual Services12131.0200-Travel52131.0300-Commodities and Materials52131.0300-Commodities and Materials52131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams5	5,587,520 27,000 2,453,315		25,587,520 27,000	24,847,145 4,472 2,429,484
2126.0200-Travel 2126.0300-Commodities and Materials Total 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0100-Contractual Services 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams	27,000 2,453,315		27,000	 4,472 2,429,484
2126.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 Total 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0100-Contractual Services 1 2131.0200-Travel 1 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams 5	2,453,315		-	 2,429,484
Total 5 BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0100-Contractual Services 1 2131.0200-Travel 1 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams 5			2,453,315	
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 - 2131.0000-Personnel Services 2131.0100-Contractual Services 2131.0200-Travel 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams	· · · -			55 670 077
2131.0000-Personnel Services12131.0100-Contractual Services12131.0200-Travel12131.0300-Commodities and Materials52131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams5	9,294,448		59,294,448	
2131.0100-Contractual Services 1 2131.0200-Travel 1 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams 5				
2131.0200-Travel 5 2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams 5	3,633,084		3,633,084	3,357,759
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 5 2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams	4,213,691		14,213,691	14,009,222
2131.9000-Purposes as Specified-Physcial Exams	495		495	-
	4,972,795		50,409,991	45,095,762
2131.9100-Purposes as Specified- For Expenses	18,150		18,150	17,390
Related to Services Provided by PBC	72,800	_	72,800	 53,256
Total <u>7</u>	2,911,015	<u> </u>	68,348,211	 62,533,389
BUREAU OF FLEET OPERATIONS - 38 -				
2140.0000-Personnel Services	2,094,398		36,009,899	33,941,103
2140.0100-Contractual Services 1	2,707,094		17,248,916	16,755,925
2140.0200-Travel	10,000		10,000	6,128
2140.0300-Commodities and Materials 1			12,576,624	 12,286,662
Total5	2,576,624		65,845,439	 62,989,818
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND	2,576,624 7,388,116			
FACILITIES MANAGEMENT				

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued		······	
BOARD:0F:ELECTION:COMMISSIONERS-	un el su como el compañía de	n na titer a titer a titer tabler a table to the titer of the second second second second second second second	
ELECTION AND ADMINISTRATION DIVISION - 39 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	8,670,853	\$ 8,670,853	\$ 8,780,147
2005.0100-Contractual Services	5,747,875	5,747,875	5,746,401
2005.0200-Travel	13,536	13,536	13,444
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	331,285	331,285	331,153
– Total	14,763,549	14,763,549	14,871,145
COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS - 45 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	1,081,149	1,081,149	975,725
2005.0100-Contractual Services	70,637	70,637	54,602
2005.0200-Travel	1,341	1,341	250
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	2,750	2,750	2,331
– Total	1,155,877	1,155,877	1,032,908
MAYOR'S OFFICE FOR PEOPLE			
WITH DISABILITIES - 48 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	1,049,578	1,049,578	1,042,758
2005.0100-Contractual Services	357,283	357,283	328,186
2005.0200-Travel	11,163	11,163	8,637
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	8,586	8,586	5,226
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	23,259	23,259	23,259
– Total	1,449,869	1,449,869	1,408,066
DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY AND SUPPORT SERVICES			
ADMINISTRATION - 50 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	4,396,441	4,396,441	3,902,302
2005.0100-Contractual Services	1,114,883	1,114,883	820,342
2005.0200-Travel	2,800	2,800	532
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	28,040	28,040	11,440
2005.9253-Early Childhood Education Program	15,075,000	15,075,000	14,601,738
2005.9254-Violence Reduction Program	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,994,499
2005.9255-Homeless Services for Youth	1,540,979	1,540,979	1,540,979
2005.9259-Summer Program	15,451,803	15,451,803	15,250,686
2005.9260-After School Program	15,822,801	15,822,801	15,821,677
2005.9261-Children Advocacy Center	900,000	900,000	900,000
2005.9262-Earn Income Tax Credit	1,050,000	1,050,000	1,032,995
	6,564,876	6,564,876	6,556,177
2005.9263-Homeless Services	0,004,070	-,	
2005.9263-Homeless Services 2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	66,531	66,531	66,531

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued		·	
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND			
DEVELOPMENT - 54 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services \$	• •	\$ 9,676,450	\$ 9,267,626
2005.0100-Contractual Services	3,192,146	3,192,146	2,883,643
2005.0200-Travel	3,340	3,340	2,621
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	21,123	21,123	5,579
2005.0400-Equipment	10,000	10,000	7,328
2005.9110-Property Management,			
Maintenance and Security	80,000	80,000	54,388
2005.9183-Foreclosure Prevention Program	180,000	180,000	180,000
2005.9211-Single-Family Troubled Building Initiative	150,000	150,000	150,000
2005.9212-Multi-Family Troubled Building Initiative	300,000	300,000	300,000
2005.9224-Micro Market Recovery Program	522,700	522,700	522,700
Total	14,135,759	14,135,759	13,373,885
POLICE BOARD - 55 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	273,577	273,577	225,776
2005.0100-Contractual Services	121,824	121,824	80,077
2005.0200-Travel	450	450	290
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	990	990	152
– Total	396,841	396,841	306,295
LICENSE APPEAL COMMISSION - 77 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	74,045	74,045	78,427
2005.0100-Contractual Services	102,095	102,095	75,993
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	346
 Total	176,640	176,640	154,766
BOARD OF ETHICS - 78 -			
2005 0000-Personnel Services	782,762	782,762	764,666
2005.0100-Contractual Services	66,730	66,730	25,776
2005.0200-Travel	5,125	5,125	3,220
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	3,210	3,210	2,173
Total	857,827	857,827	795,835
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	407,070,989	407,070,989	207 427 200
			397,437,328
2005.0100-Contractual Services	68,519,284	68,519,284 578,900	63,490,424
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	578,800	578,800	466,441

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GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Concluded DEPARTMENT-OF:FINANCE GENERAL 2005.0912-For Payment of Bonds 2005.0931-For Payment of Non-Tort Judgements 2005.0934-For Claims for Damages and Liabilities Against the City when Ordered Paid by the City Council 2005.0991-To Provide Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds Currently in Effect as well as New Grants 2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax 2005.9121-Lobbyist on Behalf of the City of Chicago 2005.9120-For World Business Chicago Program 2005.927-For Transfer to Debt Serivce 2005.9286-Burge Reparations 2005.9377 For Transfer to Debt Serivce 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Salaries 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation	5,478,572 11,326,800 200,000 5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235 2,852,109	\$ 5,478,572 11,326,800 200,000 5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235 2,852,109	\$ 5,478,570 17,741,409 84,010 4,876,384 359,964 34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235 2,852,109
 2005.0912-For Payment of Bonds 2005.0931-For Payment of Non-Tort Judgements 2005.0934-For Claims for Damages and Liabilities Against the City when Ordered Paid by the City Council 2005.0991-To Provide Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds Currently in Effect as well as New Grants 2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax 2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax 2005.9121-Lobbyist on Behalf of the City of Chicago 2005.9180-For World Business Chicago Program 2005.9257-Community Policing 2005.9268-Burge Reparations 2005.9377 For Transfer to Debt Serivce. 2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Salaries 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation. 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation. 	5,478,572 11,326,800 200,000 5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	11,326,800 $200,000$ $5,607,900$ $877,917$ $34,382,917$ $480,000$ $425,000$ $1,200,000$ $1,500,000$ $5,500,000$ $67,324,235$	17,741,409 84,010 4,876,384 359,964 34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.0931-For Payment of Non-Tort Judgements 2005.0934-For Claims for Damages and Liabilities Against the City when Ordered Paid by the City Council 2005.0991-To Provide Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds Currently in Effect as well as New Grants 2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax	11,326,800 200,000 5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	11,326,800 $200,000$ $5,607,900$ $877,917$ $34,382,917$ $480,000$ $425,000$ $1,200,000$ $1,500,000$ $5,500,000$ $67,324,235$	17,741,409 84,010 4,876,384 359,964 34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.0934-For Claims for Damages and Liabilities Against the City when Ordered Paid by the City Council 2005.0991-To Provide Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds Currently in Effect as well as New Grants 2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax	200,000 5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	200,000 5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	84,010 4,876,384 359,964 34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 the City when Ordered Paid by the City Council	5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	4,876,384 359,964 34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.0991-To Provide Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds Currently in Effect as well as New Grants 2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax	5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	5,607,900 877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	4,876,384 359,964 34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 Funds Currently in Effect as well as New Grants	877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	359,964 34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax 2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax 2005.9121-Lobbyist on Behalf of the City of Chicago 2005.9121-Lobbyist on Behalf of the City of Chicago 2005.9176-West Nile Virus Program 2005.9180-For World Business Chicago Program 2005.9257-Community Policing 2005.9286-Burge Reparations 2005.9286-Burge Reparations 2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Salaries 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 	877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	877,917 34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	359,964 34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
Social Security Tax 2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax 2005.9121-Lobbyist on Behalf of the City of Chicago 2005.9176-West Nile Virus Program 2005.9180-For World Business Chicago Program 2005.9286-Burge Reparations 2005.9286-Burge Reparations 2005.9377 For Transfer to Debt Serivce. 2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Salaries 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation. 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation.	34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax	34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	34,382,917 480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	34,091,800 310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.9121-Lobbyist on Behalf of the City of Chicago 2005.9176-West Nile Virus Program 2005.9180-For World Business Chicago Program 2005.9257-Community Policing	480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	480,000 425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	310,807 247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.9176-West Nile Virus Program 2005.9180-For World Business Chicago Program 2005.9257-Community Policing 2005.9286-Burge Reparations 2005.9377 For Transfer to Debt Serivce. 2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Salaries 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation 	425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	425,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	247,765 970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.9180-For World Business Chicago Program 2005.9257-Community Policing	1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	1,200,000 1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	970,000 1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.9257-Community Policing 2005.9286-Burge Reparations 2005.9377 For Transfer to Debt Serivce. 2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Salaries 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation. 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation. 	1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	1,500,000 5,500,000 67,324,235	1,466,543 5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.9286-Burge Reparations 2005.9377 For Transfer to Debt Serivce. 2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Salaries 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation 	5,500,000 67,324,235	5,500,000 67,324,235	5,467,500 67,324,235
 2005.9377 For Transfer to Debt Serivce	67,324,235	67,324,235	67,324,235
 2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Salaries 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation 			
Department Salaries	2,852,109		2.852.109
 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation 	2,852,109	2 852 100	2.852.109
 2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation 		2,002,100	
Department Benefits 2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation			
2005.9638-For Corporate Subsidy of Chicago Public Library 2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation 2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation	1,467,410	1,467,410	1,467,410
Library			
2005.9980 Municipal Fund Pension Allocation	18,264,000	18,264,000	18,264,000
2005.9981 Laborers Fund Pension Allocation	106,161,273	106,161,273	11,586,926
	7,799,098	7,799,098	, , , -
	747,016,304	747,016,304	633,983,625
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1,213,784,852	1,217,679,371	1,076,837,263
HEALTH			
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH - 41 -			
1005.0000-Personnel Services	15,426,504	15,426,504	15,117,503
1005.0100-Contractual Services	14,383,935	14,383,935	13,603,902
1005.0200-Travel	19,150	19,150	27,263
1005.0300-Commodities and Materials	588,918	588,918	164,293
1005.0445-Equipment		7,920	-
Total	30,426,427	30,426,427	28,912,961
			20,012,001
TOTAL HEALTH	30,426,427	30,426,427	28,912,961

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		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY			·		· <u> </u>	
INDEPENDENT POLICE REVIEW AUTHORITY - 56 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$	8,217,168	\$	8,217,168	\$	7,266,428
2005.0100-Contractual Services		206,065		206,065		172,593
2005.0200-Travel		2,790		2,790		1,971
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		34,460		34,460		29,388
Total		8,460,483		8,460,483	_	7,470,380
DEPARTMENT OF POLICE - 57 -						
1005.0000-Personnel Services	1	1,329,544,272		1,329,544,272		1,345,966,039
1005.0100-Contractual Services		11,053,618		11,053,618		10,768,774
1005.0200-Travel		307,070		307,070		187,737
1005.0300-Commodities and Materials		3,564,998		3,564,998		3,074,775
1005.0400-Equipment		36,250		36,250		36,250
1005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort Judgements, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert Costs, as Approved by the		,		,		
Corporation Counsel and Budget Director 1005.0937-For Cost and Administration of Hospital and Medical Expenses for Employees		19,844,350		19,844,350		81,287,651
Injured on Duty Who Are Not Covered Under Workers Compensation Act		19,000,000		19,000,000		19,493,136
1005.9067-For Physical Exams		1,159,748		1,159,748		875,193
Total	1	1,384,510,306		1,384,510,306		1,461,689,555
OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS - 58 -						
2705.0000-Personnel Services		77,649,780		77,649,780		77,903,564
2705.0100-Contractual Services		15,301,862		15,301,862		15,177,079
2705.0200-Travel		87,090		87,090		103,912
2705.0300-Commodities and Materials		1,344,190		1,344,190		1,258,394
2705.0401-Tools Less Than or Equal to \$100/Unit		39,000		39,000		47,917
2705.0423-Communication Devices		25,102		25,102		25,079
Total	<u> </u>	94,447,024	_	94,447,024		94,515,945
FIRE DEPARTMENT - 59 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services		554,359,070		554,359,070		558,555,350
2005.0100-Contractual Services		6,419,047		6,419,047		4,945,841
2005.0200-Travel		50,900		50,900		28,671
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		2,780,407		2,780,407		2,507,432
2005.0400-Equipment		119,000		119,000		111,635
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort Judgements, Outside Counsel Expenses						
and Expert Costs, as Approved by the		0 700 000		0 700 000		
Corporation Counsel and Budget Director		2,702,000		2,702,000		9,643,472
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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY - Concluded			
FIRE:DEPARTMENT ~ 59 - Concluded	n stan on one of the state of the		ter geneen eusensse maar een servichter e
2005.0937-For Cost and Administration of Hospital			
and Medical Expenses for Employees			
Injured on Duty Who Are Not Covered Under			
Workers Compensation Act	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 6,481,501
2005.9067-For Physical Exams		1,080,000	434,779
Total		576,510,424	582,708,681
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS - 67 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services		18,659,113	17,898,491
2005.0100-Contractual Services		4,274,828	4,185,879
2005.0200-Travel	,	155,000	121,075
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	41,620	41,620	24,115
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort			
Judgements, Outside Counsel Expenses			
and Expert Costs, as Approved by the			
Corporation Counsel	300,000	300,000	49,397
2005.0989-For Refunds for Cancelled Voucher Warrant	s		
and Payroll Checks and for Refunding Duplicate			
Payments and Payments Made in Error	100,000	100,000	99,304
2005.9019-For Board Up and Demolition			
of Abandoned Buildings		3,000,000	1,377,378
of Abandoned Buildings Total		3,000,000 26,530,561	<u>1,377,378</u> 23,755,639
Total			
Total			
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 -	26,530,561	26,530,561	23,755,639
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561	26,530,561	23,755,639
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 -	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828	26,530,561	23,755,639
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878 9,192
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878 9,192 91,434
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878 9,192 91,434 16,174,229
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878 9,192 91,434 16,174,229 4,415,157
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411 733,337	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411 733,337	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878 9,192 91,434 16,174,229 4,415,157 680,454
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411 733,337 480	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411 733,337 480	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878 9,192 91,434 16,174,229 4,415,157 680,454 209
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411 733,337 480 	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411 733,337 480 445,079	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878 9,192 91,434 16,174,229 4,415,157 680,454 209 418,364
Total DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411 733,337 480 	26,530,561 13,441,388 4,554,828 37,343 140,234 18,173,793 4,524,411 733,337 480	23,755,639 11,891,725 4,181,878 9,192 91,434 16,174,229 4,415,157 680,454 209

	Original Budget		inal Idget		Actual
STREETS AND SANITATION			<u></u>		
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE - 81 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services		\$ 1	,305,809	\$	1,227,382
2005.0100-Contractual Services	215,375		215,375		209,801
2005.0200-Travel	200		200		-
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	6,150		6,150		5,909
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort					
Judgements, Outside Counsel Expenses					
and Expert Costs, as Approved by the					
Corporation Counsel and Budget Director	540,000		540,000		280,780
Total	2,067,534	·2	2,067,534	·	1,723,872
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE -					
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIVISION - 81 -					
2006.0000-Personnel Services	4,476,526	4	,476,526		1,811,655
2006.0100-Contractual Services	31,850		31,850		28,883
2006.0200-Travel	250		250		-
2006.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,250		5,250		3,676
Total	4,513,876	4	,513,876		1,844,214
BUREAU OF SANITATION - 81 -					
2020.0000-Personnel Services	103,506,665	103	3,506,665		98,112,972
2020.0100-Contractual Services	50,963,420	50	,963,420		52,754,330
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials	188,434		188,434		181,916
2020.0400-Equipment	27,332		27,332		27,332
Total	154,685,851	154	,685,851		151,076,550
BUREAU OF STREET OPERATIONS - 81 -					
2045.0000-Personnel Services	19,675,354	19	,675,354		20,230,622
2045.0100-Contractual Services	2,377,420	2	2,377,420		2,377,005
2045.0300-Commodities and Materials	440,125		440,125		429,631
Total	22,492,899	22	2,492,899		23,037,258
BUREAU OF FORESTRY - 81 -					
2060.0000-Personnel Services	15,570,209	15	5,570,209		15,838,114
2060.0100-Contractual Services	1,723,963		,723,963		1,715,535
2060.0200-Travel	5,200		5,200		5,128
2060.0300-Commodities and Materials	95,645		95,645		89,607
2060.0400-Equipment			11,575		11,534
Total	17,406,592	17	,406,592		17,659,918
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION	201,166,752	201	,166,752		<u>1</u> 95,341,8 <u>1</u> 2

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
TRANSPORTATION			
- OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER - 84-	e e constructiva, esta de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción de la const La construcción de la construcción d	un aerokateren in die die ooksteren in	
2105.0000-Personnel Services \$	2,367,129	\$ 2,367,129	\$ 2,261,022
2105.0100-Contractual Services	158,935	158,935	147,211
2105.0200-Travel	3,000	3,000	505
2105.0300-Commodities and Materials	7,100	7,100	6,519
2105.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort			
Judgements, Outside Counsel Expenses			
and Expert Costs, as Approved by the			
Corporation Counsel	1,890,000	1,890,000	1,429,061
Total	4,426,164	4,426,164	3,844,318
DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION - 84 -			
2115.0000-Personnel Services	5,149,025	5,149,025	4,694,362
2115.0100-Contractual Services	241,423	241,423	222,218
2115.0200-Travel	1,300	1,300	265
2115.0300-Commodities and Materials	11,600	11,600	10,247
	5,403,348	5,403,348	4,927,092
DIVISION OF TRAFFIC SAFETY - 84 -			
2130.0000-Personnel Services	829,983	829,983	782,143
2130.0100-Contractual Services	15,169,716	15,169,716	14,240,868
2130.0200-Travel	3,629	3,629	2,424
2130.0300-Commodities and Materials	4,100	4,100	2,638
Total	16,007,428	16,007,428	15,028,073
DIVISION OF SIGN MANAGEMENT- 84 -			
2140.0000-Personnel Services	3,210,423	3,210,423	2,814,422
2140.0100-Contractual Services	451,702	451,702	424,650
2140.0300-Commodities and Materials	508,983	508,983	477,759
2140.0400-Equipment	7,800	7,800	3,172
	4,178,908	4,178,908	3,720,003
DIVISION OF PROJECT DEVELOPMENT - 84 -			
2145.0000-Personnel Services	2 222 020	2 000 000	2040 240
	3,222,936	3,222,936	3,048,340
2145.0100-Contractual Services	779,215	779,215	736,388
2145.0200-Travel	5,500	5,500	5,920
		19,200	14,076
2145.9042-Ex-Offender/Re-Entry Initiatives	250,000	250,000	250,000
Total	4,276,851	4,276,851	4,054,724
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS - 84 -			
2150.0000-Personnel Services	8,069,569	4,175,050	7,234,676
2150.0100-Contractual Services	536,971	536,971	515,962

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
TRANSPORTATION - Concluded		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS - 84 - Conclude 2150.0200-Travel 2150.0300-Commodities and Materials 2150.0400-Equipment 2150.0400-Equipment		\$ 23,000 488,605 21,000	\$
Total	9,139,145	5,244,626	8,240,074
DIVISION OF IN-HOUSE CONSTRUCTION - 84 - 2155.0000-Personnel Services	12,436,277 269,507 1,600 305,161 15,325 13,027,870 56,459,714	12,436,277 269,507 1,600 305,161 15,325 13,027,870 52,565,195	11,335,443 211,554 - 214,585 13,181 11,774,763 51,589,047
PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT			
2005.9540 - Payment of General Obligation Certificate	11,135,000	11,135,000	11,135,000
TOTAL PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT	11,135,000	11,135,000	11,135,000
INTEREST AND OTHER FISCAL CHARGES			
2005.9540-Interest on General Obligation Certificate	6,146,357	6,146,357	4,948,059
TOTAL INTEREST AND OTHER FISCAL CHARGES	6,146,357	6,146,357	4,948,059
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 3,633,455,000	\$ 3,633,455,000	\$ 3,560,592,755

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Schedule B-1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Total		Debt		Total		- / /
		Vonmajor		Service	r	Vonmajor		Total
		Special		Fund		Capital		Nonmajor
	l	Revenue	та	Special		Project		vernmental
ASSETS		Funds	1.3	ixing Areas	222	-r <u>unas</u>	· · <u>· · · · · ·</u> · · ·	Funds
	¢	25 200	¢		¢	7	¢	25 206
Cash and Cash Equivalents	φ	25,289 33,619	\$	- 41,903	\$	7 32,658	\$	25,296 108,180
Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		33,619		•		32,000		83,587
•		115		83,472		-		03,307
Receivables (Net of Allowances):				20.222				20.222
Property Tax		-		20,232		-		20,232
Accounts		15,198		161		687		16,046
Due from Other Funds		91,712		-		10.040		91,712
	-	20,073	_	-	_	18,040		38,113
Total Assets	\$	186,006	\$	145,768	\$	51,392	<u>\$</u>	383,166
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:								
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	41,662	\$	- '	\$	22,678	\$	64,340
Accrued Interest	•	-	•	1,058	•	-	•	1,058
Due to Other Funds		58,967		35,336		42,344		136,647
Accrued and Other Liabilities		12,792		109		241		13,142
Total Liabilities		113,421		36,503		65,263		215,187
Deferred Inflows		-		15,122				15,122
Fund Balance:								
Fund Balance: Restricted		3,057		94,143		24.988		122,188
		3,057 69,528		94,143 -		24,988		122,188 69,528
Restricted Committed		3,057 69,528 -		94,143 - -		-		69,528
Restricted		•		94,143 - - 94,143		24,988 - (38,859) (13,871)		•

Schedule B-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Utility Tax	\$ 101,260	\$-	\$-	\$ 101,260
Transportation Tax	191,665	-	-	191,665
Transaction Tax	79,289	-	-	79,289
Special Area Tax	-	22,104	-	22,104
Other Taxes	26,088	-	-	26,088
Internal Service	34,289	-	-	34,289
Fines	19,381	-	-	19,381
Investment Income	(1,692)	(902)	1,245	(1,349)
Charges for Services	29,293	-	_	29,293
Miscellaneous	20,674	924	1,012	22,610
Total Revenues	500,247	22,126	2,257	524,630
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	342,195	-	-	342,195
Health	81	-	-	81
Public Safety	7,444	-	-	7,444
Streets and Sanitation	52,704	-	-	52,704
Transportation	88,844	-	-	88,844
Cultural and Recreational	83,733	-	-	83,733
Other	606	-	-	606
Capital Outlay	-	-	68,898	68,898
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	5,000	58,090	-	63,090
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	2,103	18,561		20,664
Total Expenditures	582,710	76,651	68,898	728,259
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(82,463)	(54,525)	(66,641)	(203,629)

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Schedule B-2 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Total Ionmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas	Total Ionmajor Capital Project Funds	-	Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 97,731 (2,279) 95,452	\$ 73,047 (17,693) 55,354	\$ (1,500) (1,500)	\$	170,778 (21,472) 149,306
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 12,989 59,596 72,585	\$ 829 93,314 94,143	\$ (68,141) 54,270 (13,871)	\$	(54,323) 207,180 152,857

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Vehicle Tax Fund - Expenditures made in accordance with the policy established by the City Council in connection with street repairs and maintenance, as provided by sale of vehicle licenses.

Motor Fuel Tax and Project Fund - Expenditures for repair and maintenance of streets and pavements as provided by the City's distributive share of State Motor Fuel Tax and Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds.

Public Building Commission Fund - For rentals of space and long-term lease obligations by the City as provided by tax levy.

Miscellaneous Fund - Expenditures for environmental management purposes related to liquid waste, inspection, operation of emergency communication system and other obligations, as provided by revenues from fees collected for disposal of liquid waste, by surcharges on telephone billings and transfers in.

Chicago Public Library Fund - Expenditures for acquisition, repairs, construction and equipment of library buildings; also library maintenance and operations as provided by proceeds of debt, fines and miscellaneous revenues.

Special Events, Tourism and Festivals Fund - Expenditures for promoting tourism, conventions and other special events projects in Chicago as provided by the State from Municipal Hotel-Motel Tax receipts and by proceeds from Jazz, Blues and Gospel Festivals and Taste of Chicago.

Health and Welfare Fund - For general assistance to be expended and administered by the Illinois Department of Public Aid as provided by patient fees, City and State grants and proceeds of debt, and for neighborhood human infrastructure projects designed to improve the quality of life for citizens.

Schedule C-1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	1	Vehicle		Motor Fuel Tax and Project	E	Public Building nmissionzeroe
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$	12,481	\$	
Investments	Ψ	- 18,368	φ	12,401	φ	-
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		10,500		115		
Receivables (Net of Allowances):		-		115		-
Accounts		1,033		1,662		_
Due from Other Funds		50,664		31		_
Due from Other Governments		-		10,625		3,119
Total Assets	\$	70,065	\$	24,914	\$	3,119
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:						
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	10,004	\$	7,903	\$	
Due to Other Funds		22,547		16		30
Accrued and Other Liabilities		7,902		534		-
Total Liabílities		40,453		8,453		30
Fund Balance (Deficit):						
Restricted		-		-		-
Committed		29,612_		16,461		3,089
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		29,612		16,461		3,089
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	70,065	\$	24,914	\$	3,119

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\$ 5,679 10,152 - 10,523 25,280 - \$ 51,634 \$ 13,231 30,721 37	\$ 6,73 1,23 13,63 <u>\$ 21,59</u>	- - 32 35 -	3,425 440 2,102 6,329 12,296	\$	399 1,674 - 308 - - 2,381	\$ 25,289 33,619 115 15,198 91,712 20,073 186,006
25,280 \$ 51,634 \$ 13,231 30,721 37	13,63	35	2,102 6,329	\$	-	\$ 91,712 20,073
\$ 13,231 30,721 37	\$ 21,59	97 \$		\$	2,381	\$
30,721 37						
	\$ 6,87 1,33	34	3,648 4,319	\$	-	\$ 41,662 58,967
43,989	3,97 12,18		347 8,314	. <u> </u>	-	 12,792 113,421
3,057 4,588	9,41	- 15	- 3,982		2,381	 3,057 69,528
7,645 \$51,634	9,41	<u>15</u> 97 \$	3,982 12,296	 \$	2,381 2,381	\$ 72,585

Schedule C-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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		Vehicle Tax		Motor Fuel Tax and Project	E	Public Building mmission	
	•		•		~		
Utility Tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Transportation Tax		132,490		57,856		-	
Transaction Tax		-		-		-	
Other Taxes		-		-		-	
Internal Service		34,313		(24)		-	
Fines		17,991		-		-	
Investment Income		(40)		15		-	
Charges for Services		16,156		-		-	•
Miscellaneous		290		429		593	
Total Revenues		201,200		58,276		593	
Expenditures: Current:							
General Government		72,532		18,515		1,107	
Health		· -		, _		-	
Public Safety		366		-		· _	
Streets and Sanitation		37,827		14,750		_	
Transportation		76,341		12,455		-	
Cultural and Recreational		-		-		-	
Other		-		-		-	
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		-		-		-	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		_		-		_	
Total Expenditures		187,066		45,720		1,107	
			<u> </u>			1,107	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		14,134		12,556		(514)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		742		-		-	
Transfers Out		(33)		(55)		-	•
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		709		(55)		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		14,843		12,501		(514)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		14,769		3,960		3,603	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	29,612	\$	16,461	⇒	3,089	

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Miscellaneous		Chicago Public Library	ו ר	Special Events, Tourism and Festivals		Health and Velfare	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$	101,260	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,260	
	-	-		1,319		-		191,665	
	79,289	-		-		-		79,289	
	-	-		26,088		-		26,088	
	-	-		-		-		34,289	
		1,390		-		-		19,381	
	(1,636)	2		(64)		31		(1,692)	
	68	1,175		11,894		-		29,293	
	12,691	165		6,506		-		20,674	
	191,672	2,732		45,743		31		500,247	
	195,303	40,869		11,649		2,220		342,195	
	81			-		-		81	
	6,879	-		199		-		7,444	
	127	-		-		-		52,704	
	48	-		-		-		88,844	
	-	54,862		28,871		-		83,733	
	-	-		606		-)	606	
	-	-		5,000		-		5,000	
	-	2,103		-		-		2,103	
	202,438	97,834		46,325		2,220		582,710	
	(10,766)	(95,102)		(582)		(2,189)		(82,463)	
	80	96,909		-		-		97,731	
	_	-		(2,191)		-		(2,279)	
	80	96,909		(2,191)		-		95,452	
	(10,686)	1,807		(2,773)		(2,189)		12,989	
	18,331	7,608		6,755		4,570	<u> </u>	59,596	
\$	7,645	\$ 9,415	\$	3,982	\$	2,381	\$	72,585	

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Schedule C-3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

n na seren e entre a reference a tresse e company e d'arte de la company e d'arte de la company e d'arte de la	 ansaction and roperty Tax	Special Area and .Utility Taxes	Trans- portation Tax	. °. *tv-fa	State	•
FUND	 	 				•
Final Budgeted Revenues:						
Vehicle Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 121,200	\$	10,000	
Motor Fuel Tax and Project	-	-	56,684		-	
Miscellaneous	63,280	96,077	-		-	
Chicago Public Library	-	-	-		-	
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals	-	-	-		24,650	
Health and Welfare	 -	 	<u>-</u>			
Total Final Budgeted Revenues	 63,280	 96,077	177,884		34,650	·
Actual Revenues:						
Vehicle Tax	-	-	132,490		-	
Motor Fuel Tax and Project	-	-	57,856		-	
Public Building Commission	-	-			-	
Miscellaneous	79,289	101,260	-		-	
Chicago Public Library	-	-	-		-	
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals	-	-	1,319		26,088	
Health and Welfare	 -	 				
Total Actual Revenues	 79,289	 101,260	191,665	<u> </u>	26,088	
Variance Positive (Negative)	\$ 16,009	\$ 5,183	<u>\$ 13,781</u>	\$	(8,562)	

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Internal Service	Fines	Investment Income	0		Proceeds of Debt	Budgeted Prior Years' Surplus and Operating Transfers In/ Other	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$ 32,297	\$ 9,000	\$-	\$ 16,509	\$ 2,400	\$-	\$ 5,142	\$ 196,548	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,684	
-	-	-		24,215	-	428	184,000	
-	1,520	10	165	1,600	77,145	22,464	102,904	
-	-	-	12,274	6,500	-	8,270	51,694	
 	<u> </u>	-				74	74	
 32,297	10,520	10	28,948	34,715	77,145	36,378	591,904	
34,313	17,991	(40)	16,156	290	-	742	201,942	
(24)	-	15	-	429	-	-	58,276	
-	-	-	-	593	-	-	593	
-	-	(1,636)	68	12,691	-	80	191,752	
-	1,390	2	1,175	165	-	96,909	99,641	
-	-	(64)	11,894	6,506	-	-	45,743	
 		31				<u> </u>	31	
 34,289	19,381	(1,692)	29,293	20,674		97,731	597,978	
\$ 1,992	<u>\$ 8,861</u>	<u>\$ (1,702)</u>	<u>\$ 345</u>	<u>\$ (14,041)</u>	<u>\$ (77,145)</u>	<u>\$ 61,353</u>	\$ 6,074	

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Schedule C-4 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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		General				Public		Streets and
си на от на от то	Go	overnment	··· •:	ealth		Safety	<u></u> S	anitation
FUND								
Final Budget:	ው	77 705	\$		¢		\$	37,902
Vehicle Tax	Ф	77,725	Φ	-	Φ	-	φ	
Motor Fuel Tax and Project		18,050		-		-		17,161
Miscellaneous		180,728		-		3,272		-
Library		46,895		-		-		-
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals		21,590		-		199		-
Health and Welfare		74				-		-
Total Original and Final Budget		345,062		-		3,471		55,063
Actual Expenditures and Encumbrances: Vehicle Tax Motor Fuel Tax and Project Miscellaneous Library Special Events, Tourism and Festivals Health and Welfare		73,109 15,864 194,115 42,608 19,448 -		- - - - -		- 2,417 - 199 - -		37,918 14,908 - - - -
Total Actual Expenditures and Encumbrances		345,144				2,616		52,826
Variance Positive (Negative)	\$	(82)	\$		\$	855	<u>\$</u>	2,237

Trans- portation		Cultural and creational	Employee Pensions		Operating Transfers Out		Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	80,920 21,473	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	196,547 56,684
	-	_		_		_		_		184,000
	-	56,009		-		-		-		102,904
	-	29,905		-		-		-		51,694
	-	-		-		-		-		74
<u> </u>	102,393	85,914					<u></u>	-		591,903
	77,094	-		-		-		-		188,121
	15,046	-		-		-		-		45,818
	-	-		-		-		-		196,532
	-	54,943		-		-		-		97,551
	-	29,049		-		-		-		48,696
	-	 -		-		-		-		
	92,140	 83,992				-		-		576,718
\$	10,253	\$ 1,922	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,185

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
VEHICLE TAX FUND				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - 15 -				
COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC WAY				
2230.0000-Personnel Services	• •	\$ 414,167	\$ 478,697	
2230.9000-Purposes as Specified	16,387	31,387	30,288	
Total	445,554	445,554	508,985	
COMMITTEE ON PEDESTRIAN AND TRAFFIC SAFETY				
2265.0000-Personnel Services	239,587	239,587	244,468	
2265.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,000	5,000	4,955	
Total	244,587	244,587	249,423	
TOTAL CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES	690,141	690,141	758,408	
CITY CLERK - 25 -				
2005.0000-Personnel Services	4,185,817	4,185,817	3,787,973	
2005.0100-Contractual Services	2,267,433	2,267,433	1,830,382	
2005.0200-Travel	23,940	23,940	8,070	
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	416,045	416,045	337,039	
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	30,000	30,000	26,305	
Total	6,923,235	6,923,235	5,989,769	
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -				
FINANCIAL STRATEGY AND OPERATIONS				
2015.0000-Personnel Services	503,860	503,860	438,792	
Total	503,860	503,860	438,792	
REVENUE SERVICES AND OPERATIONS				
2020.0000-Personnel Services	463,799	463,799	469,740	
2020.0100-Contractual Services	4,500	4,500	-	
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	-	
2020.0400-Equipment	600,000	600,000	593,494	
Total	1,068,799	1,068,799	1,063,234	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE	1,572,659	1,572,659	1,502,026	
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -				
2005.0000-Personnel Services	1,182,322	1,182,322	1,159,548	
2005.0100-Contractual Services	86,188	86,188	79,682	
2005.0200-Travel	3,610	3,610	940	
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,280	5,280	4,960	

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	:
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Continued				•
GENERAL-GOVERNMENT Concluded	NAME OF BRITTERSON, STRATES	ar an militik en et i je overen stador, te statori te	and the second state of the se	ant the second second
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -				
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	\$ 852	\$ 852	\$ 700	!
Total			1,245,830	
DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 -				
2126.0100-Contractual Services	845,577	845,577	767,191	, ⁷
2126.0300-Commodities and Materials			24,339	
2131.0100-Contractual Services		•	1,671,043	
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials			8,646,350	
2140.0100-Contractual Services			-	I.
Total			11,108,923	
			· ·	
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS - 67 -				1
2005.0000-Personnel Services	. 468,007	468,007	360,879	
2005.0100-Contractual Services	34,500	34,500	32,390	
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	3,008	3,008	2,077	
Total		505,515	395,346	
		**		
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -	00 470 004	00 470 004	07 000 070	
2005.0000-Personnel Services			27,363,379	
2005.0100-Contractual Services	7,115,485	7,115,485	5,461,664	
2005.0931-Tort and Non-Tort Judgments, Outside	0 500	0.500	4 007	
Counsel and Expert Costs			1,807	
2005.0934-Claims for Damage and Liability	1,375,000	1,375,000	139,121	
2005.0989-Refunds for Cancelled Voucher Warrants and Payroll	705 000	705 000	740.000	
Checks and Duplicate Payments and Payments Made in Error	. 765,000	765,000	746,289	
2005.0991-Provide for Matching and Supplementary Grants Funds				
Currently in Effect as well as New Grants			649,162	
2005.9027-City's Contribution to Social Security Tax			20,186	
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax			926,090	
2005.9610-To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Pension Payments	. 15,229,638	15,229,638	15,229,638	
2005.9611-To Reimburse the Corporate Fund for Indirect Costs			,	
Chargeable to Fund	1,538,000	1,538,000	1,538,000	
2005.9774- Transfer for Services provided by the Office of				
Emergency Management and Communications			33,000	
Total	53,892,883	53,892,883	52,108,336	
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	77,725,306	77,725,306	73,108,638	۰.
	11,120,000			

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Continued	····		
STREETS AND SANITATION			
BUREAU OF SANITATION - 81 -			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 5,357,842	2 \$ 5,357,842	\$ 6,316,370
2020.0100-Contractual Services	2,475,656	2,475,656	2,473,838
2020.0400-Equipment	500	500	143
Total	7,833,998	7,833,998	8,790,351
BUREAU OF STREET OPERATIONS - 81 -			
2045.0000-Personnel Services	4,136,213	4,136,213	3,556,224
2045.0100-Contractual Services	1,885,950		1,877,748
2045.0300-Commodities and Materials	241,219		235,909
2045.0400-Equipment	33,700	•	31,242
2045.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements		-	5,400
Total			5,706,523
BUREAU OF TRAFFIC SERVICES - 81 -			
2070.0000-Personnel Services	13,816,613	13,816,613	13,655,734
2070.0100-Contractual Services	8,966,125		8,792,334
2070.0300-Commodities and Materials	150,150	•	140,000
2070.0992-For Tow Storage Refund	797,000		796,999
2070.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	-		35,900
Total			23,420,967
	23,703,700	23,703,700	23,420,907
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION	37,902,268	37,902,268	37,917,841
TRANSPORTATION			
DIVISION OF ENGINEERING - 84 -			
2125.0000-Personnel Services	7,385,897	7,385,897	6,579,736
2125.0100-Contractual Services	1,209,320		1,113,141
2125.0200-Travel	44,878		35,768
2125.0300-Commodities and Materials			14,950
Total	8,672,701		7,743,595
			· · · ··· <u></u>
DIVISION OF INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT - 84 -	4 050 007		4 000 004
2135.0000-Personnel Services	4,959,027		4,338,094
2135.0100-Contractual Services	4,598,990		4,248,738
2135.0200-Travel	104,800	-	71,152
2135.0300-Commodities and Materials	35,150		25,694
2135.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	4,000		4,000
Total	9,701,967	9,701,967	8,687,678

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	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Concluded					
TRANSPORTATION - Concluded	ч. Т				
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS - 84 -	earth frith a search anna.	·. ·.· ·	· • · · · · · · ·	• •	
2150.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 17,245,51	1 \$	17,245,514	\$	16,608,72
2150.0100-Contractual Services	1,418,91	3	1,418,918		1,397,40
2150.0200-Travel	117,56)	117,560		130,84
2150.0300-Commodities and Materials	896,97	5	896,975		892,08
2150.0400-Equipment	3,250)	3,250		3,20
Total	19,682,21	7	19,682,217	·	19,032,26
DIVISON OF IN-HOUSE CONSTRUCTION - 84 -					
2155.0000-Personnel Services	41,328,520)	41,328,520		40,274,01
2155.0100-Contractual Services	630,62		630,621		534,27
2155.0200-Travel	18,500		18,500		24,75
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials	850,900		850,900		761,58
2155.9400-Internal Tranfers and Reimbursements	35,000		35,000		35,44
Total	42,863,54		42,863,541		41,630,07
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	80,920,426		80,920,426		77,093,61
TOTAL VEHICLE TAX FUND	196,548,000)	196,548,000		188,120,09

MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 -

2131.0300-Commodities and Materials 2140.0000-Personnel Services 2140.0100-Contractual Services	940,216 3,915,501 4,541,822	5,503,020	5,503,020 - 134,601
			104,001
TOTAL FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT	9,397,539	5,503,020	5,637,621
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0100-Contractual Services	1,725,000	1,725,000	1,528,246
2005.9500-Reserved for Excess Expense Related to Snow Events	2,122,634	2,122,634	-
2005.9600-Reimbursements	8,698,511	8,698,511	8,698,511
	12,546,145	12,546,145	10,226,757
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	21,943,684	18,049,165	15,864,378

_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND - Concluded			
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS AND SANITATION - 81 -			
2047.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 3,308,601	\$ 3,308,601	\$ 2,583,072
2047.0100-Contractual Services	467,588	467,588	427,614
2047.0300-Commodities and Materials	13,385,200	13,385,200	11,897,248
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION	17,161,389	17,161,389	14,907,934
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - 84 -			
2005.9100-C.T.A./Regional Transportation Authority Agreement	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
2125.0300-Commodities and Materials	-	690,542	8,849
2150.0000-Personnel Services	-	3,894,519	-
2150.0300-Commodities and Materials	2,026,911	2,026,911	2,012,513
2155.0000-Personnel Services	6,360,682	6,360,682	4,881,328
2155.0100-Contractual Services	825,000	825,000	825,000
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials	4,675,334	4,675,334	4,318,475
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	16,887,927	21,472,988	15,046,165
TOTAL MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND	55,993,000	56,683,542	45,818,477

MISCELLANEOUS FUND

EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

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DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -

2005.0100-Contractual Services	100,000	100,000	23,410
2005.9639-For Oper. of the Emer Management and Comm	96,405,000	96,405,000	96,400,000
Total	96,505,000	96,505,000	96,423,410
	96.505.000	96.505.000	96.423.410

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		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual
MISCELLANEOUS FUND - Continued		Duuyei	 Buuyot	· <u> </u>	
SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACTIVITIES					
CHICAGO PARKING METERS	angator (no constant)	tan yan ang ang garang	 . 44. NARAH - H. M. MAR		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -					
2005.0100-Contractual Services	\$	15,067,077	\$ 15,067,077	\$	14,809,75
Total	······ <u></u>	15,067,077	 15,067,077		14,809,75
TOTAL CHICAGO PARKING METERS		15,067,077	 15,067,077	. <u></u>	14,809,75
PUBLIC SAFETY					
DEPARTMENT OF POLICE - 57 -					
2005.9999-Miscellaneous		3,272,496	 3,272,496		2,416,95
Total	·····	3,272,496	 3,272,496		2,416,95
TOTAL SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACTIVITIES		18,339,573	 18,339,573		17,226,71
COMMONWEALTH EDISON SETTLEMENT					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services		390,000	390,000		67,47
Total	······	390,000	 390,000		67,47
DEPARTMENT OF STREETS & SANITATION - 81 -					
2005.0100-Contractual Services	•••••	126,500	126,500		126,50
Total		126,500	 126,500		126,50
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - 84 -					
2150.0000-Personnel Services		25,000	25,000		-
2005.9999-Miscellaneous		50,000	 50,000		50,00
Total		75,000	 75,000		50,00
TOTAL COMMONWEALTH SETTLEMENT		591,500	591,500		243,97

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
MISCELLANEOUS FUND - Concluded		·	<u></u>
ALLIED SETTLEMENT FUND			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -			
2005.9999-Miscellaneous	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 13,335
Total	1,000,000	1,000,000	13,335
DEPARTMENT OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES - 35 -			
2005.0100-Contractual	1,391,000	1,391,000	754,533
2005.0200-Travel	7,500	7,500	1,939
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	10,000	10,000	5,084
2005.0400-Equipment	75,000	75,000	_
Total	1,483,500	1,483,500	761,556
TOTAL ALLIED SETTLEMENT	2,483,500	2,483,500	774,891
CTA REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX			
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.9205-For Distribution of the Net Proceeds of the Real Property		9	
Transfer Tax-CTA Portion	62,647,000	62,647,000	79,063,378
2005.9640-To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Costs Incurred for	000 000		
Collection of the Real Property Transfer Tax-CTA Portion	633,000	633,000	
Total	63,280,000	63,280,000	79,063,378
TOTAL CTA REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX	63,280,000	63,280,000	79,063,378
LEGAL RESERVE FUND			
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0900-For Distribution of the Net Proceeds			
of the Real Property	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000
Total	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000
TOTAL LEGAL RESERVE FUND	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS FUND	183,999,573	183,999,573	196,532,367

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
IBRARY FUND			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
DEPARTMENT OF INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY - 06 -	. 1 . 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	78-01-01-91-01-01-01-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-90-	<u></u>
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 1,157,867	\$ 1,157,867	\$ 1,185,499
Total		1,157,867	1,185,499
DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 - BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT			
2126.0000-Personnel Services	1,480,418	1,480,418	1,285,344
2126.0100-Contractual Services	. 6,681,901	6,681,901	6,457,295
2126.0300-Commodities and Materials	462,500	462,500	443,667
Total	8,624,819	8,624,819	8,186,306
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 -			•
2131.0100-Contractual Services	. 1,253,976	1,253,976	1,252,182
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials		3,280,371	3,258,566
Total	· · ·	4,534,347	4,510,748
3UREAU OF FLEET OPERATIONS - 38 -			
2140.0100-Contractual Services	. 37,485	37,485	-
2140.0300-Commodities and Materials	-	15,000	14,100
Total		52,485	14,100
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND			
	13,211,651	13,211,651	12,711,154
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	10,089,347	10,089,347	9,648,490
2005.0100-Contractual Services			1,502,888
2005.0955-Interest on Library Financing		1,500,000	2,102,598
2005.9027-City's Contribution to Social Security Tax		17,198	17,198
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax		789,004	789,004
2005.9112-Property Maintenance Contract for the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Harold Washington Library Center	7,174,166	7,174,166	7,147,323
2005.9199 -For Purchase of Chicago Public Library	•	¢ .	•
Books and Materials	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,503,588
2005.9980-Municipal Fund Pension Allocation		3,557,763	
Total		32,525,191	28,711,089
		·	· •

LIBRARY FUND - Concluded		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL						
CHICAGO PUBLIC LIBRARY - 91 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services 2005.0100-Contractual Services 2005.0300-Commodities and Materials 2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	•••••	51,918,465 3,495,306 540,520 55,000	\$	51,918,465 3,495,306 540,520 55,000	\$	51,093,281 3,266,793 528,214 55,000
Total		56,009,291		56,009,291	. <u></u>	54,943,288
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	····· <u>.</u>	56,009,291		56,009,291		54,943,288
TOTAL LIBRARY FUND	·····	102,904,000		102,904,000		97,551,030
SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM AND FESTIVALS FUND						
MUNICIPAL HOTEL OPERATORS' OCCUPATION TAX						
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 -						
2005.0000-For Personnel Services Total		550,686		550,686		452,632 452,632
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ON SPECIAL EVENTS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS - 15 -						
2155.0000-Personnel Services		150,380		150,380		154,295
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials Total		8,720 159,100		<u> </u>		3,432
		100,100				
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services		1,105,221		1,105,221		986,401
2005.0100-Contractual Services		5,969,370		5,969,370		4,102,505
2005.0912-For Payment of Bonds		5,000,000		5,000,000		5,000,000
2005.0991-To Provide for Matching and Supplementary						
Grant Funds		183,750		183,750		128,750
2005.9027-City's Contribution to Social Security Tax		1,726		1,726		1,726
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax		79,206		79,206		79,206
2005.9124-For the Sisters City Program		528,643		528,643		528,643
2005.9610-To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Pension		1,107,041		1,107,041		1,107,041
2005.9611-To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Indirect Cost						
Chargeable to Fund		3,561,000		3,561,000		3,561,000
2005.9700-Reimbursable Transfers Between Funds		2,193,355		2,193,355		2,190,855
Total	····· <u> </u>	19,729,312	<u></u>	19,729,312		17,686,127
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		20,439,098		20,439,098		18,296,486

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	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		
SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM AND FESTIVALS FUND - Continued	Budgot				
MUNICIPAL HOTEL OPERATORS' OCCUPATION TAX - Concluded					
CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	n na siya da siya niyan yan degi kas	n Variation (no series de la construction de la	n teachtean an an an Anna an An		
DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS - 23 -		·			
2015.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 6,403,144	\$ 6,403,144	\$ 5,989,340		
2015.0100-Contractual Services	3,002,562	3,002,562	2,789,818		
2015.0200-Travel	10,500	10,500	5,640		
2015.0300-Commodities and Materials	95,000	95,000	51,637		
2015.9188-For Expenses Related to the Operations of					
Millennium Park	6,680,000	6,680,000	6,680,000		
2015.9219-Implementation of Cultural Plan	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000		
2015.9288-For Expenses Related to the Programming for	. ,		, ,		
Millennium Park	165,000	165,000	165,000		
2015.9800-For Special Events Projects	12,298,696	12,298,696	12,117,841		
Total	29,904,902	29,904,902	29,049,276		
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	29,904,902	29,904,902	29,049,276		
TOTAL MUNICIPAL HOTEL OPERATORS' OCCUPATION TAX	50,344,000	50,344,000	47,345,762		
-					
DEPARTURE TAX					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -					
2003.0100-Contractual Services	545,155	545,155	545,155		
Total	545,155	545,155	545,155		
DEPARTMENT OF AVIATION - 85 -	. –				
2015.0100-Contractual Services	606,051	606.051	606,051		
- Total	606,051	·	606,051		
i utal	1 50,000	606,051			
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1 151 206	1,151,206	1 151 206		
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1,151,206	1,151,206	1,151,206		

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SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM AND FESTIVALS FUND - Concluded	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual
SFECIAL EVENTS, TOORISM AND TESTIVALS TOWD - CONCIDENCE						
DEPARTURE TAX - Concluded						
PUBLIC SAFETY						
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 -						
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$	199,149	\$	199,149	\$	199,149
Total		199,149		199,149		199,149
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY		199,149		199,149		199,149
TOTAL DEPARTURE TAX		1,350,355		1,350,355		1,350,355
TOTAL SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM						
AND FESTIVALS FUND		51,694,355		51,694,355		48,696,117
HEALTH AND WELFARE FUND						
MISCELLANEOUS					•	
2005.9999-Miscellaneous		74,000		74,000		-
Total	<u>. </u>	74,000	·	74,000		
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS		74,000		74,000		
HEALTH AND WELFARE FUND		74,000		74,000	. <u></u>	
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	\$	591,212,928	\$	591,903,470	\$	576,718,085

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Schedule C-6 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2016 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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Report Constraints

	General overnment		Health		Public Safety		Trans- portation	
ASSETS:	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			265-26-33-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3	1999-199 1999-199		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Investments	4,881		9,359		9,937		12,211	
Restricted Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents	-		-		-		-	
Receivables (Net of Allowances)	1,350		62		2,746		66	
Due from Other Funds	11,636		774		4,343		153	
Due from Other Governments	84		28,617		28,302		258,675	
Other Assets	 -		-				-	
Total Assets	\$ 17,951	\$	38,812	\$	45,328	\$	271,105	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:								
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$ 257	\$	18,457	\$	7,579	\$	58,719	
Due to Other Funds	28,168		18,666		26,163		187,686	
Accrued and Other Liabilities	1,806		1,285		763		548	
Unearned Revenue	 4,017		6,322		9,524		30,711	
Total Liabilitíes	\$ 34,248	\$	44,730	\$	44,029	\$	277,664	
Deferred Inflows:								
Deferred Inflows	 81		7,712	<u> </u>	25,619		187,766	
Fund Balance (Deficit):								
Restricted	-		-		-		-	
Unassigned	 (16,378)		(13,630)		(24,320)		(194,325)	
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	 (16,378)		(13,630)		(24,320)		(194,325)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$ 17,951	\$	38,812	\$	45,328	\$	271,105	

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				C	Cultural				Urban				rafund		То	tals	
Av	iation		ironmental Control	Rec	and creational		Human Services		evelop- ment		Capital Outlay		ctivity nination		2016		2015
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Ψ	56	Ψ	4,702	Ψ	4,071	ψ	55,630	Ψ	2,541	Ψ	4,963	Ψ	-	Ψ	108,351	Ψ	- 36,793
	-		-		-		3,215		3		-		-		3,218		3,218
	-		-		11		302		93		-		-		4,630		3,796
	22		1,176		3,009		3,173		_		1,622		-		25,908		50,724
	-		54		256		100,387		306		8,445		-		425,126		421,526
						_	3,772		303_						4,075		4,075
\$	78	\$	5,932	\$	7,347	\$	166,479	\$	3,246	\$	15,030	\$	-	\$	571,308	\$	520,132
\$: 2	\$	15	\$	43	\$	75,658	\$	81	\$	9,141	\$	_ ·	\$	169,952	\$	156,058
	-		6		110		18,903	•	906	•	409		-	•	281,017	•	261,316
	4		2		47		7,676		72		-		-		12,203		7,408
	-				3,225		37,872		576		5,743				97,990		72,293
\$	6	\$	23	<u>\$</u>	3,425	\$	140,109	\$	1,635	\$	15,293	\$		\$	561,162	\$	497,075
			47		106		29,617		307		1,798		<u>-</u>		253,053		239,199
	72		5,862		3,816		- (3,247)		1,304		(2,061)				11,054 (253,961)		17,617 (233,759)
	72		5,862		3,816		(3,247)		1,30 <u>4</u>		(2,061)				(242,907)		(216,142)
\$	78	\$	5,932	\$	7,347	\$	166,479	\$	3,246	\$	15,030	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	571,308	\$	520,132

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Schedule C-7 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2016 With Comparative Totals for 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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	General Government	Health	Public Safety	Trans- portation
Revenues: Federal/State Grants	<u>\$5;897</u> -	\$ 86,300-	<u></u>	\$ 172,946_
Total Revenues	5,897	86,300	54,972	172,946
Expenditures: Current	436	86,905	62,568	214,819
Total Expenditures	436	86,905	62,568	214,819
Revenues Over Expenditures	5,461	(605)	(7,596)	(41,873)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of Debt, net Operating Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,000) (4,000)		- 	30,746
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,461	(605)	(7,596)	(11,127)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(17,839)	(13,025)	(16,724)	(183,198)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	<u>\$ (16,378)</u>	\$ (13,630)	<u>\$ (24,320)</u>	<u>\$ (194,325)</u>

Aviation	Environmental Control	Cultural and Recreational	Human Services	Urban Development	Capital Outlay	To 2016	tals 2015
<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ 498</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 364,650	\$ (169)	\$_48,672_	<u>\$ 743,734</u>	<u>\$ 763,001</u>
(1)	498	9,969	364,650	(169)	48,672	743,734	763,001
<u> </u>	620	9,815	374,322		47,760	797,245	772,755
<u> </u>	620	9,815	374,322	<u>-</u>	47,760	797,245	772,755
(1)	(122)	154	(9,672)	(169)	912	(53,511)	(9,754)
	- 	- · ·		- 		30,746 (4,000) 26,746	28,657 (10,000) 18,657
(1)	(122)	154	(9,672)	(169)	912	(26,765)	8,903
73	5,984	3,662	6,425	1,473	(2,973)	(216,142)	(225,045)
<u>\$ 72</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 3,816	\$ (3,247)	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (2,061)</u>	\$ (242,907)	<u>\$ (216,142)</u>

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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Highway and Transportation Projects - Proceeds of debt used to improve highways and transportation systems.

Building Projects - Proceeds of debt used to finance exterior and interior construction and mechanical work on buildings used by City departments and the public.

Equipment Projects - Proceeds of debt used to purchase capital assets and maintain equipment and machinery for various City departments.

Chicago Public Building Commission - Accounts for assets held by Public Building Commission as trustee or agent during the interim financing period of certain City projects.

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Schedule D-1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Highway and Transportation	0	Equipment	Chicago Public Building Commission	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds=
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowances) Due from Other Governments Total Assets	\$ 7 15 - - \$ 22	\$	\$	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 7 32,658 687 <u>18,040</u> <u>\$ 51,392</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Voucher Warrants Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 123 	\$ - 722 - 722	\$ 22,555 23,582 241 46,378	\$ 18,040 18,040	\$ 22,678 42,344
Fund Balance: Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balance	(101) (101)	(607)	25,696 (38,859) (13,163)	- 	24,988 (38,859) (13,871)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 22</u>	<u>\$ 115</u>	\$ 33,215	<u>\$ 18,040</u>	<u>\$51,392</u>

Schedule D-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Highwa and Transport Projec	ation	ilding ojects	quipment Projects	Pւ Bui	cago ıblic Iding nission	Total onmajor Capital Project Funds
REVENUES							
Investment Income	\$	-	\$ (4)	\$ 1,249	\$	-	\$ 1,245
Miscellaneous		-	 	 1,012		-	 1,012
Total Revenues		-	 (4)	 2,261		-	2,257
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay Total Expenditures			 	 68,898 68,898			 68,898 68,898
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	 (4)	 (66,637)			 (66,641)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out			 	 (1,500)			 (1,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			 -	 (1,500)		-	 (1,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year		- 101) 101)	\$ (4) (603) (607)	\$ (68,137) 54,974 (13,163)	\$		\$ (68,141) 54,270 (13,871)

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS - Account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for various entities.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS - Expenditures for employee pensions as provided by employee and employer contributions and investment earnings.

Schedule E-1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Payroll Clearing Eund	Payroll Deduction Eund	Other Clearing	License and Special Deposit	Special Assessment	
ASSETS:						
Cash,						
January 1, 2016 \$		\$ 306	\$ 201,580	\$ 39,864	\$ 761	\$ 248,865
Additions	4,071,689	362	3,798,256	140,429	3,735	8,014,471
Deductions	4,071,502	543	3,875,239	167,717	612	8,115,613
Cash,						
December 31, 2016	6,541	125	124,597	12,576	3,884	147,723
lesse atma a mba						
Investments, January 1, 2016	_	94	50,073	12,266	3,389	65,822
Additions	27,629	529	14,304,265	53,118	10,580	14,396,121
Deductions	13,635	355	14,243,253	38,480	13,680	14,309,403
-						
Investments,						
December 31, 2016	13,994	268	111,085	26,904	289	152,540
Cash and Investments						
with Escrow Agent,						
January 1, 2016	-	-	5,090	122	-	5,212
Additions	-	-	99,871	-	-	99,871
Deductions			95,895			95,895
Cash and Investments						
with Escrow Agent,						
December 31, 2016	-		9,066	122	<u></u>	9,188
Accounte Receivables				· ·		<u> </u>
Accounts Receivables, January 1, 2016		3,846	153,245	1,582	1,040	159,713
Additions	- 881	5,040	317,028	1,562	-	333,256
Deductions	236	-	304,950	15,988	- 15	321,189
-				10,000		021,100
Accounts Receivables,						
December 31, 2016	645	3,846	165,323	941	1,025	171,780

Schedule E-1 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES December 31, 2016

(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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	Payroll Clearing Fund	Payroll Deduction Fund	Other Clearing Fund	License and Special Deposit Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Total
ASSETS - Concluded: Total Assets,						
January 1, 2016 Additions Deductions	\$ 6,354 4,100,199 4,085,373	\$ 4,246 891 898	\$ 409,988 18,519,420 18,519,337	\$ 53,834 208,894 222,185	\$ 5,190 14,315 14,307	\$ 479,612 22,843,719 22,842,100
Total Assets, December 31, 2016	<u>\$21,180</u>	\$ 4,239	<u>\$ 410,071</u>	<u>\$ 40,543</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 481,231</u>
LIABILITIES: Voucher Warrants Payable						
Januáry 1, 2016 Additions Deductions	\$- 8,986,606 8,986,428	\$ 34 - -	\$ 29,269 800,699 790,892	\$ 2,377 25,652 24,884	\$ 4 6	\$ 31,684 9,812,963 9,802,210
Voucher Warrants Payable December 31, 2016	e, 178	34	39,076	3,145	4	42,437
Accrued Liabilities, January 1, 2016 Additions Deductions	6,354 1,332,149 1,317,501	4,212 - 7	380,719 838,879 848,603	51,457 23,616 37,675	5,186 31 23	447,928 2,194,675 2,203,809
Accrued Liabilities, December 31, 2016	21,002	4,205	370,995		5,194	438,794
Total Liabilities, January 1, 2016 Additions Deductions	6,354 10,318,755 10,303,929	4,246	409,988 1,639,578 1,639,495	53,834 49,268 62,559	5,190 37 29	479,612 12,007,638 12,006,019
Total Liabilities December 31, 2016	\$ 21,180	\$ 4,239	\$ 410,071	\$ 40,543	\$ 5,198	\$ 481,231

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Schedule E-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust Funds									
	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total					
ASSETS	an an a' an an an ann ann ann ann an an an an									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 489	\$ 27,042	\$ 94,260	\$ 66,905	\$ 188,696					
Receivables										
Employer and Other	201,876	15,111	477,999	163,958	858,944					
Interest and Dividends		2,004	5,990	5,903	25,744					
Total Receivables	213,723	17,115	483,989	169,861	884,688					
Due from City	24,353	2,162	90,537	38,832	155,884					
Property, Plant,										
Equipment and Other	15	5		214	234					
Investments, at Fair Value Bonds and U.S. Government										
Obligations	1,007,436	223,889	535,458	176,628	1,943,411					
Stocks	1,926,589	611,831	1,331,825	520,286	4,390,531					
Mortgages and Real Estate	458,151	63,491	74,676	21,896	618,214					
Other	893,571	228,917	448,967	28,676	1,600,131					
Total Investments	4,285,747	1,128,128	2,390,926	747,486	8,552,287					
Invested Securities Lending										
Collateral	304,808	55,359	177,837	123,059	661,063					
			<u> </u>	<i>```</i>						
Total Assets	4,829,135	1,229,811	3,237,549	1,146,357	10,442,852					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
LIABILITIES	88.000	E 070	104 602	1 201	202 45/					
Voucher Warrants Payable	88,099 304,808	5,378 55,359	194,693 177,837	4,284 123,059	292,454 661,063					
·	···				<u>`````</u> 					
Total Liabilities	392,907	60,737	372,530	127,343	953,517					
Deferred Inflows		1,333			1,333					
Net Position Restricted for										
Pension Benefits	\$ 4,436,228	\$ 1,167,741	\$ 2,865,019	\$ 1,019,014	\$ 9,488,002					

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Schedule E-3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust Funds									
	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total					
ADDITIONS										
Contributions										
Employees	\$ 130,391	\$ 17,246	\$ 101,476	\$ 48,960	\$ 298,073					
City	157,445	14,443	281,583	154,101	607,572					
Total Contributions	287,836	31,689	383,059	203,061	905,645					
Investment Income										
Net Appreciation in Fair										
Value of Investments	178,673	45,918	105,369	40,958	370,918					
Interest, Dividends and Other	121,326	20,684	47,482	24,283	213,775					
Investment Expense	(20,477)	(8,864)	(9,349)	(5,007)	(43,697)					
Net Investment Income	279,522	57,738	143,502	60,234	540,996					
Securities Lending Transactions										
Securities Lending Income	2,013	400	536	870	3,819					
Securities Lending Expense		(140)	74	(217)	(399)					
Net Securities Lending	(110)	(140)		(217)	(000)					
Transactions	1,897	260	610	653	3,420					
Total Additions	569,255	89,687	527,171	263,948	1,450,061					
		03,007	521,111	203,340	1,400,001					
DEDUCTIONS					、					
Benefits and Refunds of										
Deductions		156,523	716,351	286,758	2,027,029					
Administrative and General	7,057	4,080	4,750	3,277	19,164					
Total Deductions	874,454	160,603	721,101	290,035	2,046,193					
Net Decrease in Net Position	(305,199)	(70,916)	(193,930)	(26,087)	(596,132)					
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits:										
Beginning of Year	4,741,427	1,238,657	3,058,949	1,045,101	10,084,134					
End of Year		\$ 1,167,741	\$ 2,865,019	\$ 1,019,014	\$ 9,488,002					
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PART III

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

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These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning that year.

Table 1 CITY OF CHICAGO NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

1. Same for Darth of the

	2007		2008	 2009 (1)	 2010	
Governmental Activities:					 	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 570,665	\$	494,930	\$ 251,103	\$ (324,284)	
Restricted	2,980,207		2,842,149	3,735,128	3,611,533	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,435,506)		(4,092,388)	(5,840,026)	 (6,582,562)	
Total governmental activities,						
net position	\$ 115,366	\$	(755,309)	\$ (1,853,795)	\$ (3,295,313)	
Business-type activities:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,168,833	\$	2,323,394	\$ 2,286,658	\$ 2,365,522	
Restricted	881,908		779,894	821,909	790,881	
Unrestricted	(1,561,634)		(1,517,891)	(1,541,136)	 (1,431,859)	
Total business type activities,					 	
net position	\$ 1,489,107	\$	1,585,397	\$ 1,567,431	\$ 1,724,544	
Primary Government:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,739,498	\$	2,818,324	\$ 2,537,761	\$ 2,041,238	
Restricted	3,862,115		3,622,043	4,557,037	4,402,414	
Unrestricted	(4,997,140)		(5,610,279)	(7,381,162)	(8,014,421)	
Total primary government,			<u></u>	 		
net position	\$ 1,604,473	\$	830,088	\$ (286,364)	\$ (1,570,769)	
		_		 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement No. 34

in fiscal year ended 2002.

(1) As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 53, the results of 2009 were restated, retroactively.

(2) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015 and the net position was restated at January 1, 2015.

2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
\$ (299,859) 1,596,408 (5,691,215)	\$ (215,961) 1,908,516 (7,537,057)	\$ (242,862) 1,940,911 (9,120,377)	\$ 28,744 1,491,995 (10,564,064)	\$ (292,432) 1,519,914 (25,263,289)	\$ (65,466) 2,269,517 (29,676,310)
<u>\$ (4,394,666)</u>	\$ (5,844,502)	<u>\$ (7,422,328)</u>	<u>\$ (9,043,325)</u>	<u>\$ (24,035,807)</u>	<u>\$ (27,472,259)</u>
\$ 2,451,787 874,837 (1,541,515)	\$ 2,388,310 982,517 (1,354,572)	\$ 2,446,242 883,758 (1,278,777)	\$ 2,713,825 978,972 (1,185,755)	\$ 2,892,548 1,042,980 (3,731,167)	\$ 3,373,063 879,934 (4,210,657)
<u>\$ 1,785,109</u>	\$ 2,016,255	\$ 2,051,223	\$ 2,507,042	\$ 204,361	\$ 42,340
\$ 2,151,928 2,471,245 (7,232,730)	\$ 2,172,349 2,891,033 (8,891,629)	\$ 2,203,380 2,824,669 (10,399,154)	\$ 2,742,569 2,470,967 (11,749,819)	\$ 2,600,116 2,562,894 (28,994,456)	\$3,307,597 3,149,451 (33,886,967)
<u>\$ (2,609,557)</u>	<u>\$ (3,828,247)</u>	<u>\$ (5,371,105)</u>	<u>\$ (6,536,283)</u>	<u>\$ (23,831,446)</u>	<u>\$ (27,429,919)</u>

Table 2 CITY OF CHICAGO CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	· 2007	2008	2009	2010
Expenses	, 2007		2009	2010
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$2,452,145	\$2,384,586	\$ 2,364,754	\$ 2,557,681
Public Safety			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2,435,437	2,434,842	2,521,151	2,824,028
Streets and Sanitation	367,222	371,112	297,156	235,863
Transportation	333,401	381,090	351,101	373,437
Health	175,577	170,838	166,914	142,352
Cultural and Recreational	128,003	140,065	129,996	126,939
Interest on Long-term Debt	385,305	381,504	386,125	404,218
Total Governmental Activities	****	6,264,037	6,217,197	6,664,518
Business-type Activities: Water Sewer Chicago Midway	350,181 136,961	371,441 158,292	382,502 169,982	399,347 184,888
International Airport Chicago-O'Hare	211,082	217,609	206,613	224,465 "
International Airport	751,351	803,404	811,710	834,487
Chicago Skyway		12,359	11,775	11,312
Total Business-type Activities	1,463,130	1,563,105	1,582,582	1,654,499
Total Primary Government		\$ 7,827,142	\$ 7,799,779	\$ 8,319,017

NOTES:

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Employee Pensions and Other have been reclassified by function. The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year ended 2002.

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 2011		2012	 2013	 2014		2015	 2016
\$ 2,734,419 2,689,471 245,898 410,802 151,152 102,808 474,226	\$	2,751,944 2,910,160 228,622 383,510 123,055 146,283 460,660	\$ 2,667,205 3,044,811 242,500 400,506 119,678 128,302 477,959	\$ 2,857,789 2,913,469 275,814 475,751 125,068 121,548 580,701	\$	6,238,028 3,192,197 253,432 471,689 119,199 118,775 861,293	\$ 4,549,261 4,266,146 256,985 378,779 116,692 114,676 495,856
 6,808,776		7,004,234	 7,080,961	 7,350,140	_	11,254,613	 10,178,395
416,289		417,499	442,474	455,433		900,346	816,012
194,838	,	195,911	216,587	225,600		505,032	350,388
218,172		225,867	241,080	248,231		315,724	320,033
879,281		955,276	920,781	1,029,559		1,380,512	1,330,240
10,930		10,621	10,585	10,314		8,727	8,651
 1,719,510		1,805,174	 1,831,507	 1,969,137	_	3,110,341	 2,825,324
\$ 8,528,286	\$	8,809,408	\$ 8,912,468	\$ 9,319,277	\$	14,364,954	\$ 13,003,719

Table 2 - Continued **CITY OF CHICAGO** CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		2007		2008		2009		2010	
Program Revenues			_		-				
Governmental Activities:									
Licenses, Permits, Fines and		. بودی و مرکز می ار وکر را در انه	•••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	₹72 (7) \ ~	ana a sana ang			
Charges for Services:									
General Government		422,363	\$	440,023	\$	382,617	\$	370,028	
Public Safety		155,529		129,518		158,490		150,710	
Streets and Sanitation		41,467		40,578		30,990		38,092	
Transportation		13,262		14,071		24,895		21,640	
Health		2,795		3,157		2,504		8,332	
Cultural and Recreational		24,412		25,725		22,375		21,635	
Operating Grants and Contributions		610,974		624,356		611,301		674,677	
Capital Grants and Contributions		137,613		139,949		115,261		114,871	
Total Governmental Activities		1,408,415		1,417,377	_	1,348,433		1,399,985	
			-						
Business-type Activities:									
Licenses, Permits, Fines and									
Charges for Services:									
Water		334,377		370,244		410,213		458,395	
Sewer		138,681		160,005		175,163		198,229	
Chicago Midway									
International Airport		107,253		124,985		122,301		149,056	
Chicago-O'Hare									
International Airport		652,763		684,282		624,443		702,603	
Chicago Skyway		-		-		-		-	
Capital Grants and Contributions		268,331		224,823		_211,174		246,309	
Total Business-type Activities and			-				_		
Program Revenues		1,501,405		1,564,339		1,543,294		1,754,592	
Total Primary Government									
Program Revenues	\$	2,909,820	<u>\$</u>	2,981,716	\$	2,891,727	\$	<u>3,154,577</u>	
Net (Expenses)/Revenues									
· · ·	¢	(4.000.075)	¢	(4.946.660)	¢	(4 969 764)	¢	(5.064.522)	
Governmental Activities		(4,868,675)	\$	(4,846,660)	\$	(4,868,764)	\$	(5,264,533)	
Business-type Activities		38,275		1,234		(39,288)		100,093	
Total Primary Government	<u> </u>	(1 000 (00)	<u> </u>	(1.045.400)	<u>_</u>	(1.000.050)	<u>_</u>		
Net Expense	\$	(4,830,400)	\$	(4,845,426)	\$	(4,908,052)	<u>\$</u>	(5,164,440)	

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<u></u>	2011	 2012		2013	 2014		2015		2016
\$	388,886 211,157 37,291 28,613 7,796 7,201 788,812 282,008 1,751,764	\$ 452,892 199,572 42,138 39,343 1,751 14,454 748,256 172,456 1,670,862	\$	467,423 196,344 45,629 46,076 2,023 15,947 634,384 184,415 1,592,241	\$ 505,275 208,206 44,552 44,278 2,281 14,643 470,659 249,860 1,539,754	\$	534,325 182,670 39,602 37,522 5,839 14,850 496,679 249,064 1,560,551	\$	501,468 202,379 100,996 52,524 7,232 15,122 516,728 221,532 1,617,981
	454,221 203,349 157,371 679,402	576,287 253,912 201,749 857,114		637,114 292,290 221,205 870,654	692,634 322,228 216,662 1,012,529		769,408 375,877 225,383 1,029,788		761,411 368,966 232,483 1,139,380
		 83,219 1,972,281		213,067	 95,624 2,339,677	<u></u>	85,968 2,486,424		115,206 2,617,446
\$	3,503,545	\$ 3,643,143	<u>\$</u>	3,826,571	\$ 3,879,431	\$	4,046,975	<u>\$</u>	4,235,427
\$	(5,057,012) 32,271 (5,024,741)	\$ (5,333,372) 167,107 (5,166,265)	\$	(5,488,720) 402,823 (5,085,897)	\$ (5,810,386) 370,540 (5,439,846)	\$	(9,694,062) (623,917) (10,317,979)	\$	(8,560,414) (207,878) (8,768,292)

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Table 2 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

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		2007		2008		2009 (1)		2010
General Revenues and Other								
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental Activities:								
Taxes			, .					
Property Tax	\$	732,415	\$	799,878	\$	797,026	\$	796,928
Utility Tax	Ŧ	552,179	T	629,497	•	579,101	•	561,936
Sales Tax		293,078		273,951		252,282		260,364
Transportation Tax		332,459		321,362		333,199		335,235
Transaction Tax		304,715		275,434		205,026		227,772
Special Area Tax		533,260	,	531,314		501,042		477,241
Other Taxes		245,408		262,734		250,982		259,325
Grants and Contributions Not		,				,		· ·
Restricted to Specific Programs		714,661		712,360		601,198		654,043
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		182,700		90,176		12,296		100,269
Loss on Capital Assets		_		-		-		-
Transfers		1,000		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		69,941	j.	79,279		238,126		149,902
Total Governmental Activities		3,961,816		3,975,985		3,770,278		3,823,015
Business-type Activities:								
Investment Earnings		100,720		57,451		12,381		6,831
Miscellaneous		27,313		37,605		8,941		50,190
Special Item		_		. -		-		-
Transfers		(1,000)		-		-		-
Total Business-type Activities		127,033		95,056		21,322		57,021
Total Primary Government	\$	4,088,849	\$	4,071,041	\$	3,791,600	\$	3,880,036
Change in Net Position								
	\$	(906,859)	\$	(870,675)	\$	(1,098,486)	\$	(1,441,518)
Business-type Activities	•	165,308	•	96,290	•	(17,966)	•	157,114
Total Primary Government	\$	(741,551)	\$	(774,385)	\$	(1,116,452)	\$	(1,284,404)
•				·····				

(1) As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 53, the results of 2009 were restated, retroactively.
 (2) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015 and the net position was restated at January 1, 2015.

	2011	2012		2013		2014		2015		 2016
\$	934,870	\$	896,246	\$	906,740	\$	926,839	\$	1,179,395	\$ 1,264,473
	564,236		548,682		547,651		570,469		562,697	557,992
	310,626		294,417		307,837		324,273		346,319	347,131
	331,441		373,544		381,080		406,624		384,978	449,744
	250,486		281,957		344,493		379,256		466,432	542,896
	457,192		274,617		306,057		260,256		444,972	537,026
	269,258		294,280		298,951		323,946		369,405	395,889
	598,498		692,232		754,716		740,911		815,157	781,968
	64,294		92,050		(6,259)		62,400		(1,357)	30,400
	-		-		(16,886)		-		-	-
	1,000		-		-		-		625	2,540
	175,758		135,511		139,710		194,415		264,806	 213,903
	3,957,659		3,883,536		3,964,090		4,189,389		4,833,429	 5,123,962
	48,517		25,197		(13,243)		35,849		27,563	13,196
	34,687		38,842		47,354		49,430		39,744	35,201
	(53,910)		-		-		-		-	-
	(1,000)						-		(625)	 (2,540)
<u> </u>	28,294		64,039		34,111	_	85,279	_	66,682	 45,857
\$	3,985,953	\$	3,947,575	\$	3,998,201	\$	4,274,668	\$	4,900,111	\$ 5,169,819
\$	(1,099,353)	\$	(1,449,836)	\$	(1,524,630)	\$	(1,620,997)	\$	(4,860,633)	\$ (3,436,452)
_	60,565		231,146	<u> </u>	436,934		455,819		(557,235)	 (162,021)
<u>\$</u>	(1,038,788)	\$	(1,218,690)	\$	(1,087,696)	\$	(1,165,178)	\$	(5,417,868)	\$ (3,598,473)

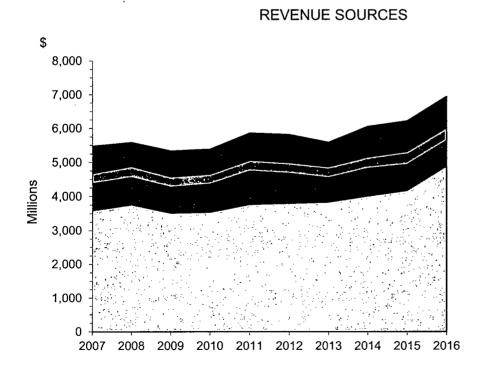
Table 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Percent		Percent		Percent
	2007	of Total	2008	of Total	2009	of Total
Revenues:						
Property Tax	\$ 661,707	12.1 % \$	729,823	13.1 % \$	806,010	15.1 %
Utility Tax	552,179	10.1	629,497	11.3	579,101	10.9
Sales Tax		10.4			503;952	9.4
Transportation Tax		6.1	321,362	5.8	333,199	6.2
State Income Tax		7.9	435,393	7.8	347,814	6.5
Transaction Tax	304,715	5.6	275,434	4.9	205,026	3.8
Special Area Tax	488,193	8.9	552,709	9.9	487,909	9.1
Other Taxes	``	4.5	262,734	4.7	250,982	4.7
Total Taxes		65.6	3,755,523	67.4	3,513,993	65.7
Federal/State Grants	781,967	14.3	796,911	14.2	753,269	14.1
Internal Service	303,827	5.5	329,643	5.9	306,095	5.8
Licenses and Permits	148,172	2.7	114,707	2.1	100,458	1.9
Fines	240,277	4.4	274,443	4.9	267,891	5.0
Investment Income	182,700	3.3	90,176	1.6	31,520	0.6
Charges for Services	151,369	2.8	144,161	2.6	124,557	2.4
Miscellaneous		1.4	79,279	1.3	238,126	4.5
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 5,477,302</u>	<u> 100.0 % </u>	5,584,843	<u> 100.0 % </u> \$	5,335,909	100.0
		Percent		Percent		Percen
	2014	of Total	2015	of Total	2016	of Tota
Revenues:						
Property Tax	\$ 929,841	15.4 % \$	6 869,841	14.0 % \$	1,294,063	18.6
Utility Tax		9.4	562,697	9.0	557,992	8.0
Sales Tax	658,799	10.9	703,234	11.3	713,557	10.3
Transportation Tax		6.7	384,978	6.2	449,744	6.5
State Income Tax	404,050	6.7	456,397	7.3	413,673	6.0
Transaction Tax	379,256	6.3	466,432	7.5	542,896	7.8
Special Area Tax	331,380	5.5	353,413	5.7	516,886	7.4
Other Taxes	323,946	5.4	369,405	5.9	395,889	5.7
Total Taxes	4,004,365	66.3	4,166,397	66.9	4,884,700	70.3
Federal/State Grants	812,175	13.3	764,846	12.3	745,603	10.8
Internal Service	335,762	5.5	382,758	6.2	376,895	5.4
Licenses and Permits	122,143	2.0	-129,035	2.1	132,873	1.9
Fines	353,517	5.8	387,160	6.2	337,769	4.9
	69,650	1.2	(26,895)	(0.4)	30,400	0.4
Investment Income		2.9	147,927	2.4	221,965	3.2
Charges for Services	172,928	2.5	· · · / · = ·			
		<u>3.0</u>	264,806	4.3	213,865	3.1

NOTE:

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds.

	Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
 2010	of Total	2011	of Total	2012	of Total	2013	of Total
\$ 754,081	14.0 % \$	888,531	15.2 % \$	941,398	16.2 % \$	866,149	15.5 %
561,936	10.4	564,236	9.6	548,682	9.4	547,651	9.8
527,004	9.8	563,156	9.6	594,290	10.2	623,942	11.2
335,235	6.2	331,441	5.7	373,544	6.5	381,080	6.8
385,668	7.2	344,674	5.9	391,285	6.7	436,740	7.8
227,772	4.2	250,486	4.3	281,957	4.9	344,493	6.2
486,526	9.0	552,894	9.4	370,454	6.3	332,040	5.9
259,325	4.8	269,258	4.5	294,280	5.0	298,951	5.4
 3,537,547	65.6	3,764,676	64.2	3,795,890	65.2	3,831,046	68.6
815,879	15.2	976,051	16.7	877,864	15.1	708,702	12.7
295,765	5.5	321,138	5.5	319,285	5.5	324,601	5.8
96,240	1.8	102,702	1.8	117,568	2.1	123,633	2.2
272,667	5.1	283,822	4.8	306,510	5.3	329,460	5.9
103,725	1.9	73,921	1.3	90,885	1.6	(19,111)	(0.3)
113,565	2.1	160,649	2.7	170,724	2.9	161,415	2.9
 149,902	2.8	173,768	3.0	135,511	2.3	122,710	2.2
\$ 5,385,290	100.0 % \$	5,856,727	100.0 % \$	5,814,237	100.0 % \$	5,582,456	100.0 %



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■ Other

Internal Service

Earnings

■Federal/State Grants

⊡Taxes

Table 4 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1)** Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Percent		Percent		Percer
	2007	of Total	2008	of Total	2009	of Tota
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	\$1,880,599	30.8_%_	\$1,892,152	27.7_%_	\$1,913,711	30.5
General Government	1,650,679	27.1	1,804,925	26.4	1,663,990	26.5
Employee Pensions	371,649	6.1	413,690	6.0	430,915	6.9
Streets and Sanitation	377,485	6.1	382,628	5.6	300,131	4.8
Transportation	267,476	4.4	334,684	4.9	261,948	4.2
Health	195,254	.3.2	184,597	2.7	177,812	2.8
Cultural and Recreational	108,527	1.8	117,664	1.7	107,604	1.7
Other	4,427	0.1	14,483	0.2	7,676	0.2
Capital Outlay	602,433	9.9	661,464	9.7	619,273	9.9
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	297,503	4.9	656,805	9.6	434,905	6.9
Charges	342,489	5.6	376,297	5.5	351,430	5.6
Total Expenditures	\$6,098,521	100.0 %	\$6,839,389	100.0 %	\$6,269,395	100.0
	2014	Percent of Total	2015	Percent of Total	2016	Percer of Tota
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	\$2,066,979	28.8 %	\$2,111,709		\$2,265,213	
				28.0 %	$\Psi L, L U U, L U U$	30.5
-	2,043,557	28.5		28.6 % 27.9		
General Government	2,043,557 483,493	28.5 6.7	2,063,897 479,581	28.6 % 27.9 6.5	2,046,396 810,497	27.6
-			2,063,897	27.9	2,046,396	27.6 10.9
General Government Employee Pensions	483,493	6.7	2,063,897 479,581	27.9 6.5	2,046,396 810,497	27.6 10.9 3.3
General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation	483,493 269,393	6.7 3.8	2,063,897 479,581 249,078	27.9 6.5 3.3	2,046,396 810,497 248,029	27.6 10.9 3.3 5.4
General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation Transportation	483,493 269,393 518,501	6.7 3.8 7.2	2,063,897 479,581 249,078 475,482	27.9 6.5 3.3 6.4	2,046,396 810,497 248,029 402,477	27.6 10.9 3.3 5.4 1.6
General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational Other	483,493 269,393 518,501 128,769 93,525 5,410	6.7 3.8 7.2 1.8	2,063,897 479,581 249,078 475,482 119,048 95,049 6,726	27.9 6.5 3.3 6.4 1.6 1.3 0.1	2,046,396 810,497 248,029 402,477 116,416 94,030 4,086	27.6 10.9 3.3 5.4 1.6 1.3
General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational	483,493 269,393 518,501 128,769 93,525	6.7 3.8 7.2 1.8 1.4	2,063,897 479,581 249,078 475,482 119,048 95,049	27.9 6.5 3.3 6.4 1.6 1.3	2,046,396 810,497 248,029 402,477 116,416 94,030	27.6 10.9 3.3 5.4 1.6 1.3 0.1
General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational Other Capital Outlay	483,493 269,393 518,501 128,769 93,525 5,410	6.7 3.8 7.2 1.8 1.4 0.0	2,063,897 479,581 249,078 475,482 119,048 95,049 6,726	27.9 6.5 3.3 6.4 1.6 1.3 0.1	2,046,396 810,497 248,029 402,477 116,416 94,030 4,086	27.6 10.9 3.3 5.4 1.6 1.3 0.1 3.9
General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational Other Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal	483,493 269,393 518,501 128,769 93,525 5,410 395,216	6.7 3.8 7.2 1.8 1.4 0.0 5.5	2,063,897 479,581 249,078 475,482 119,048 95,049 6,726 425,050	27.9 6.5 3.3 6.4 1.6 1.3 0.1 5.8	2,046,396 810,497 248,029 402,477 116,416 94,030 4,086 286,018	27.6 10.9 3.3 5.4 1.6 1.3 0.1 3.9 8.9
General Government Employee Pensions Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational Other Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Retirement	483,493 269,393 518,501 128,769 93,525 5,410 395,216 599,395 568,156	6.7 3.8 7.2 1.8 1.4 0.0 5.5 8.4	2,063,897 479,581 249,078 475,482 119,048 95,049 6,726 425,050 513,806	27.9 6.5 3.3 6.4 1.6 1.3 0.1 5.8 7.0	2,046,396 810,497 248,029 402,477 116,416 94,030 4,086 286,018 660,019	30.5 27.6 10.9 3.3 5.4 1.6 1.3 0.1 3.9 8.9 6.5 100.0

NOTES:

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds.

(2) Non Capital Expenditures include all expenditures except Capital Expenditures included in Capital Outlay with Transportation.

	Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
2010	of Total	2011	of Total	2012	of Total	2013	. of Total
\$ 1,909,728	30.1 %	\$1,984,312	30.0 %	\$2,075,959	31.7 %	\$2,034,896	32.1 %
1,786,450	28.2	2,057,524	31.1	1,806,541	27.5	1,834,558	29.0
435,432	6.9	481,407	7.3	458,951	7.0	444,748	7.0
232,426	3.7	236,591	3.6	228,100	3.6	241,787	3.8
297,339	4.7	507,589	7.7	514,303	7.8	443,199	7.0
153,877	2.4	148,449	2.2	127,567	1.9	126,599	2.0
104,297	1.6	90,905	1.4	102,384	1.6	97,487	1.6
30,000	0.5	26,211	0.3	11,725	0.1	7,681	0.1
628,910	9.9	470,213	7.1.	435,600	6.6	340,481	5.4
389,928	6.2	188,608	2.8	340,754	5.2	297,152	4.7
366,035	5.8	429,822	6.5	461,962	7.0	464,587	7.3
\$6,334,422	100.0 %	\$6,621,631	100.0 %	\$6,563,846	100.0 %	\$6,333,175	100.0 %
	12.6 %		10.3 %		13.7 %		13.1 %

EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

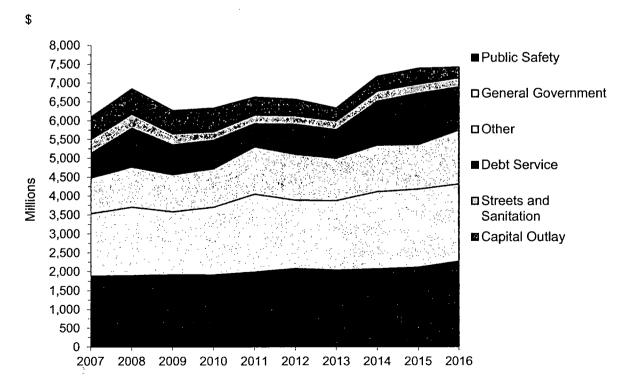


Table 4A CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	 2007	 2008	 2009	 2010	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (621,219)	\$ (1,254,546)	\$ (933,486)	 (949,132)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of Debt,					
including premium/discount	\$ 1,653,881	\$ 795,432	\$ 1,001,302	\$ 1,434,390	
Payment to Refunded Bond					
Escrow Agent	(951,419)	(186,421)	(213,435)	(412,184)	
Issuance of line of credit	-	-	-	-	
Transfers in	332,016	293,448	2,253,459	647,407	
Transfers out	(331,016)	(293,448)	(2,253,459)	(647,407)	
Total other financing sources				- · · ·	
(uses)	 703,462	 609,011	 787,867	 1,022,206	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 82,243	\$ (645,535)	\$ (145,619)	\$ 73,074	

.

	2011	 2012	2013		2014		2015	 2016
_\$	(764,110)	\$ (749,609)	\$	(750,719)	\$	(1,121,915)	(1,173,635)	\$ (472,579)
\$	1,212,326 (476,787) - 572,211 (571,210)	\$ 758,557 (268,397) - 178,750 (178,750)	\$	235,367 - 144,673 160,322 (160,322)	\$	1,021,812 (302,862) - 652,586 (652,586)	1,093,939 - 239,131 229,609 (228,984)	\$ 554,638 (496,150) 337,140 375,790 (373,250)
\$	736,540 (27,570)	\$ 490,160 (259,449)	\$	380,040 (370,679)	\$	718,950 (402,965)	1,333,695 \$ 160,060	\$ <u>398,168</u> (74,411)

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Table 5 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts Are in Thousands of Dollars) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	<u> </u>	2007		2008		2009		2010	
General Fund:	¢	20.072	ſ	40.047	¢	52.049	ſ	54 200	
Reserved		39,673 4,634	\$	48,217 226	\$	52,048 2,658	\$	54,390 81,151	
Total General Fund		44,307	4 A <u>*- 199</u> 7	48,443		54,706	· <u>· · · ·</u>	135,541	9 4 - 19 10
General Fund Balance: (2)									
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned				<u> </u>		-			
Total Fund Balance		-		-		-		-	
Other Governmental Funds:									
Reserved Unreserved, Reported in:	\$	1,191,674	\$	461,830	\$	1,418,399	\$	1,419,714	
Special Revenue Funds		816,551		959,424		(409,796)		(349,517)	
Capital Projects Funds		906,603		372,063		321,251		534,013	
Debt Service Funds		(556,819)		(551,137)		-		-	
Permanent Fund (1)		191,391		660,333		422,319		138,724	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	_	2,549,400		1,902,513		1,752,173		1,742,934	
Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,593,707	\$	1,950,956	\$	1,806,879	\$	1,878,475	
Other Governmental Fund Balance: (2)									
Restricted	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Committed		-		-		-		. –	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned								-	
Total Fund Balance		-		-		-		-	
Total Governmental Funds	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

NOTE:

owners:

(1) This balance represents the Reserve Fund, Unreserved, Designated for Future Appropriations balance.

(2) Beginning with 2011, GASB Statement No. 54 was implemented which changed the way fund balance is presented. All periods after 2011 will be presented in the same format.

 2011		2012		2013		2014	<u> </u>	2015	 2016
\$ - -	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
-				-		-		-	-
\$ 24,055 143,549 167,929 335,533	\$	20,885 177,000 33,417 231,302	\$	24,788 108,424 33,845 167,057	\$	24,498 65,223 51,557 141,278	\$	23,828 98,377 93,027 215,232	\$ 23,730 92,115 <u>153,737</u> 269,582
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
-		-		-		-		-	-
-		-		-		-		-	-
 -		-	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		-	
\$	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
\$ 2,317,734 961,246	\$	2,332,911 882,127	\$	2,262,028 699,073	\$	1,829,431 696,067	\$	1,878,692 677,821	\$ 1,755,914 709,769
 2,550 (1,761,077) 1,520,453	<u> </u>	(1,852,973) 1,362,065		(1,901,567) 1,059,534	_	<u>(1,843,440)</u> 682,058		- (1,789,019) 767,494	
\$ 1,855,986	<u>\$</u>	1,593,367	\$	1,226,591	\$	823,336	\$	982,726	\$ 908,218

Table 6 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Five Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

_	2012 (3)	2013 (3)	2014 (3)	2015 (3)	2016 (3)
Revenues:					
Utility Tax\$	6 462,475	\$ 456,869	\$ 473,496	\$ 437,780	\$ 434,409
Sales Tax	572,185	583,681	620,299	665,793	674,515
State Income Tax	282,779	308,899	278,031	336,959	413,673
Other Taxes	694,383	749,742	803,961	935,658	1,080,423
Federal/State Grants	1,074	1,871	2,335	1,845	1,869
Other Revenues (1)	907,760	929,429	998,028	1,088,600	1,077,723
Total Revenues	2,920,656	3,030,491	3,176,150	3,466,635	3,682,612
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety	1,956,152	1,953,572	2,020,072	2,061,540	2,195,201
General Government	864,556	885,268	929,918	1,064,470	993,682
Other (2)	258,501	267,852	270,899	298,817	263,503
Debt Service	2,160	2,382	10,369	8,275	20,822
Total Expenditures	3,081,369	3,109,074	3,231,258	3,433,102	3,473,208
Revenues Under Expenditures	(160,713)	(78,583)	(55,108)	33,533	209,404
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original					
Discount/Including Premium	55,000	-	-	19,300	-
Transfers In	31,617	21,018	39,700	34,551	14,998
Transfers Out	(26,965)	(10,583)	(10,081)	(12,760)	(169,955)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) .	59,652	10,435	29,619	41,091	(154,957)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	(101,061)	(68,148)	(25,489)	74,624	54,447
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	335,533	231,302	167,057	141,278	215,232
Change in Inventory	(3,170)	3,903	(290)	(670)	(97)

NOTES:

(1) Includes Internal Service, Licenses and Permits, Fines, Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.

(2) Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation, Cultural and Recreational and Other Expenditures.(3) Source: City of Chicago Basic Financial Statements for years ended December 31, 2012-2016.

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Table 7 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Five Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

_	2012 (3)		2013 (3)		2014 (3)		2015 (3)		2016 (3)
Revenues:									
Property Tax\$	350,408	\$	316,958	\$	357,457	\$	360,132	\$	747,957
Utility Tax	63,883	Ψ	68,458	Ψ	74,641	ψ	102,593	φ	101,260
State Income Tax	108,506		127,841		126,019		119,438		-
Other Taxes	607,135		589,422		624,676		626,821		791,824
Federal/State Grants	876,790		706,831		809,840		763,001		743,734
Other Revenues (1)	168,040		96,263		162,996		143,029		194,061
Total Revenues	2,174,762		1,905,773		2,155,629		2,115,014		2,578,836
-				· —	<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public Safety	119,807		81,324		46,907		50,169		70,012
General Government	941,985		949,290		1,113,639		999,427		1,052,714
Employee Pensions	458,951		444,748		483,493		479,581		810,497
Other (2)	725,578		648,901		744,699		646,566		601,535
Capital Outlay	5,25 9		7,187		9,863		45,445		47,760
Debt Service	723		115		4,332	_	<u> </u>		9,267
Total Expenditures	2,252,303		2,131,565		2,402,933		2,221,259		2,591,785
Revenues Under Expenditures	(77,541)		(225,792)	. <u> </u>	(247,304)		(106,245)		(12,949)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original									
Discount/Including Premium	70,541		125,063		17,768		28,657		30,746
Line of Credit	-		-		-		75,994		-
Transfers In	76,968		91,022		184,033		32,257		123,941
Transfers Out	(56,622)		(59,631)		(64,863)		(70,322)		(81,412)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	90,887		156,454		136,938		66,586		73,275
				·	,				
Revenues and Other Financing Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures and									
Other Financing Uses	13,346		(69,338)		(110,366)		(39,659)		60,326
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	391,202		404,548		335,210		224,844		185,185
	404,548	\$	335,210	\$	224,844	\$	185,185	\$	245,511
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(1) Includes Internal Service, Fines, Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.

(2) Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation, Cultural and Recreational and Other Expenditures.(3) Source: Major and Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds for years ended December 31, 2012-2016.

Table 8 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Five Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

-	2012 (2)	2013 (2)	2014 (2)	2015 (2)	2016 (2)
Revenues:					
Property Tax \$	590,990	\$ 549,191	\$ 572,384	\$ 509,709	\$ 546,106
Utility Tax	22,324		22,332 -		22,323
Sales Tax	22,105	40,261	38,500	37,441	39,042
Other Taxes	18,717	17,400	12,569	11,749	33,168
Other Revenues (1)	53,340	11,888	36,443	22,460	23,920
Total Revenues	707,476	641,064	682,228	603,683	664,559
Expenditures:					
Debt Service	799,833	759,242	1,152,850	1,355,703	1,113,398
Total Expenditures	799,833	759,242	1,152,850	1,355,703	1,113,398
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(92,357)	(118,178)	(470,622)	(752,020)	(448,839)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original					
Discount/Including Premium	337,410	4	371,207	1,096,759	861,032
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent.	(268,397)	-	(300,600)	_	(496,150)
Transfers In	47,322	46,352	411,413	57,351	223,151
Transfers Out	(83,359)	(89,157)	(268,872)	(124,488)	(106,838)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	32,976	(42,801)	213,148	1,029,622	481,195
Revenues and Other				;	
Financing Sources				·	
Over (Under) Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	; (59,381)	(160,979)	(257,474)	277,602	32,356
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	529,840	470,459	309,480	52,006	329,608

NOTES:

(1) Includes Investment Income and Miscellaneous Revenues.

(2) Source: Major (Bond, Note Redemption and Interest) and Nonmajor (Special Taxing Areas) Debt Service Funds for years ended December 31, 2012-2016.

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Table 9 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Five Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

_	2012 (2)		2013 (2)		<u>2014 (2)</u>	 2015 (2)		2016 <u>(</u> 2)
Revenues:								
Other Revenues (1) \$	11,343	\$	5,128	\$	36,472	\$ 30,702	\$	18,063
Total Revenues	11,343	_	5,128		36,472	 30,702		18,063
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay	430,341		333,294		385,353	379,605		238,258
Total Expenditures	430,341		333,294	_	385,353	 379,605	_	238,258
Revenues Under Expenditures	(418,998)		(328,166)		(348,881)	 (348,903)		(220,195)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original								
Discount/Including Premium	295,606		110,300		630,575	62,360		-
Issuance Line of Credit	-		144,673		-	50,000		-
Transfers In	22,843		1,930		17,440	105,450		13,700
Transfers Out	(11,804)		(951)		(308,770)	 (21,414)		(15,045)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) .	306,645		255,952		339,245	 196,396		(1,345)
Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources Over								
(Under) Expenditures and								
Other Financing Uses	(112,353)		(72,214)		(9,636)	(152,507)		(221,540)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	599,411		487,058		414,844	 405,208		252,701
Fund Balance - End of Year	487,058	\$	414,844	\$	405,208	\$ 252,701	\$	31,161

NOTES:

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(1) Includes Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.

(2) Source: Major (Community Development and Improvement Projects) and Nonmajor (Capital Projects Funds) for years ended December 31, 2012-2016.

mani 1984 - Anna II I I I Anna II Anna II Anna II I I I Anna II Anna II An	2012		Percent Change	ر ۲۰ میڈینڈر یند ۲۰
Note Redemption and Interest (2)	\$ 73,481	\$ 74,231	1.02 %	
Bond Redemption and Interest	411,489	411,807	0.08	
Policemen's Annuity and Benefit (3)	143,865	138,146	(3.98)	
Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit (3)	129,138	122,066	(5.48)	
Firemen's Annuity and Benefit (3) Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees'	65,461	81,518	24.53	
Annuity and Benefit (3)		10,486	(6.39)	
Total	\$ 834,636	\$ 838,254	0.43	

NOTES:

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- (1) See Table 11 PROPERTY LEVIES, COLLECTIONS AND ESTIMATED ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE TAXES 2007 - 2016. Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.
- (2) Includes Corporate, Chicago Public Library Maintenance and Operations, Chicago Public Library Building and Sites and City Relief Funds.
- (3) For information regarding the City's unfunded (assets in excess of) pension benefit obligations under its Pensions Plans, see the individual Pension Plans Financial Statements.
- (4) Estimated; actual was not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.
- (5) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.

2014	Percent Change	2015	Percent Change	2016	Percent Change
\$ 97,061	30.76 %	\$ 97,708	0.67 %	\$ 80,359	(17.76) %
412,139 136,680	0.08 (1.06)	411,730 361,987	(0.10) 164.84	429,846 455,355	4.40 25.79
123,239	0.96	124,706	1.19	124,706	-
81,363	(0.19)	179,424	120.52	194,825	8.58
10,934	4.27	11,070	1.24	11,070	-
<u>\$ 861,416</u>	2.76	<u>\$ 1,186,625</u>	37.75	<u>\$ 1,296,161</u> (4)	9.23

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Table 11 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS PROPERTY LEVIES, COLLECTIONS AND ESTIMATED ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE TAXES Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

				Collected \ Fiscal Y					Total Colle to Da					
		otal Tax Levy			Percen-	Collections				Percen-	Estimated Allowance		Net	
Tax Year (1)		for Fiscal ar (2), (3)		Amount	tage of Levy	S	in Subsequent Years		Amount	tage of Levy	Ur	for ncollectible Taxes	٦	standing Faxes ceivable
2007		749,351	- <u> </u>	712,008	[~] 95.02 %	\$	12,978	 \$	724,986	96.75 %	 \$		<u> </u>	
2007	Φ	834,152	φ	776,522	93.02 % 93.09	φ	32,243	φ	724,960 808,765	96.75 % 96.96	φ	24,365 - 25,387	φ	-
2009		834,102 834,109		700,579	83.99		100,189		800,768	96.00		33,341		-
2010		834,089		790,141	94.73		16,216		806,357	96.68		27,732		-
2011		833,948		800,582	96.00		5,867		806,449	96.70		27,499		-
2012		834,636		804,245	96.36		13,907		818,152	98.03		16,484		-
2013		838,254		807,985	96.39		17,557		825,542	98.48		12,483		229
2014		861,416		832,042	96.59		19,023		851,065	98.80		10,144		207
2015	1	1,186,625		1,156,428	97.46		-		1,156,428	97.46		29,291		906
2016	1	1,296,161	(4)	-	N/A		-		-	N/A		51,847	1	,244,314

NOTES:

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(1) Taxes for each year become due and payable in the following year. For example, taxes for the 2016 tax levy become due and payable in 2017.

(2) Does not include levy for Special Service Areas and Tax Increment Projects.

(3) Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.

(4) Estimate; actual was not available from Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.

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Table 12 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS TOP TEN ESTIMATED EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION (EAV) Current Year and Nine Years Ago (2) (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Property	 2015 EAV	Rank	Percent- tage of Total EAV	 2006 EAV	Rank	Percent- tage of Total EAV
Willis Tower (4)	\$ 386,933	1	0.55 %	\$ 493,803	1	0.71 %
AON Building (3)	239,092	2	0.34	356,510	2	0.51
Blue Cross Blue Shield Tower (5)	238,631	3	0.34			
Water Tower Place	215,481	4	0.30	219,995	6	0.32
300 N. LaSalle	196,095	5	0.28			v
Franklin Center (6)	194,504	6	0.27	283,387	3	0.41
Chase Plaza	193,365	7	0.27	238,266	5	0.34
Citadel Center	187,291	8	0.26			
Prudential Plaza	186,795	9	0.26	279,532	4	0.40
Three First National Plaza	182,523	10	0.26	196,044	9	0.28
UBS Tower				189,061	10	0.27
Leo Burnett Building				201,662	8	0.29
Citicorp Plaza				205,854	7	0.30
Totals	\$ 2,220,710	•	3.13 %	\$ 2,664,114		3.83 %

NOTES:

(1) Source: Cook County Treasurer's Office, Cook County Assessor's Office.

(2) 2016 information not available at time of publication.

(3) AON Building formerly known as AMOCO Building.

(4) Willis Tower formerly known as Sears Tower.

(5) Blue Cross Blue Shield formerly known as Health Care service Corporation Blue Cross.

(6) Franklin Center formerly known as AT&T Corporate Center 1.

Table 13 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED FAIR MARKET VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Years (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		ΑΑ	ssessed Values (1)		
Tax Year	Class.2-(2)			Other (5)		
2006	18,521,873	2,006,898	12,157,149	688,868	33,374,788	
2007	18,937,256	1,768,927	12,239,086	678,196	33,623,465	
2008	19,339,574	1,602,768	12,359,537	693,239	33,995,118	
2009	18,311,981	1,812,850	10,720,244	592,364	31,437,439	
2010	18,074,177	1,416,863	10,467,682	606,941	30,565,663	
2011	17,932,671	1,116,175	10,456,103	588,672	30,093,621	
2012	15,529,678	1,208,620	10,233,051	498,310	27,469,659	
2013	15,410,659	1,236,401	10,172,186	494,714	27,313,960	
2014	15,390,835	1,298,776	10,124,569	512,390	27,326,570	
2015	17,296,324	1,532,714	11,269,605	592,903	30,691,546	

NOTES:

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- (1) Source: Cook County Assessor's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County.
- (2) Residential, 6 units and under.

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- (3) Residential, 7 units and over and mixed use.
- (4) Industrial/Commercial.
- (5) Vacant, not-for-profit and industrial/commercial incentive classes. Includes railroad and farm property.
- (6) Source: Illinois Department of Revenue.
- (7) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County and net of exemptions. Calculations also include assessment of pollution control facilities.
- (8) Source: The Civic Federation. Excludes railroad property and portion of City in DuPage County.

(9) 2015 information not available at time of publication.

2016 information not available at time of publication.

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State Equalization Factor (6)	Total Equalized Assessed Value (7)	Total Direct Tax Rate	Total Estimated Fair Market Value (8)	Ratio of Total Equalized Assessed to Tota Estimated Fair Market Value (9)
2.7080	69,517,264	1.062	329,770,733	21.08
2.8439	73,645,316	1.044	320,503,503	22.98
2.9786	80,977,543	1.030	310,888,609	26.05
3.3701	84,685,258	0.986	280,288,730	30.21
3.3000	82,087,170	1.020	231,986,397	35.38
2.9706	75,122,914	1.110	222,856,064	33.71
2.8056	65,250,387	1.279	206,915,723	31.53
2.6621	62,363,876	1.344	236,695,475	26.35
2.7253	64,908,057	1.327	255,639,792	25.39
2.6685	70.963.289	1.672	N/A (9)	N/A (9)

EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUE

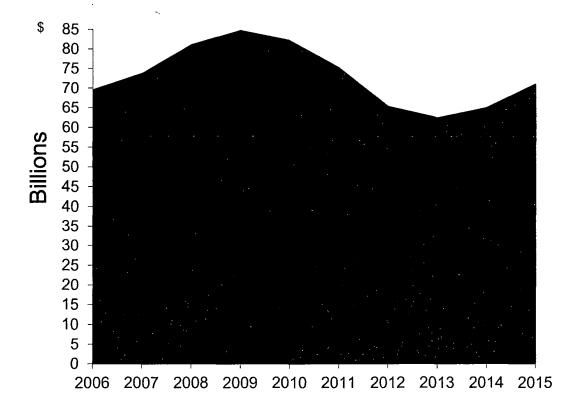


Table 14 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Per \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION Last Ten Years

Tax Year			Chicago School Building and Improvement		Chicago School Finance Authority		Board of Education		C	mmunity College District Io . 508
2006	\$	1.062	\$	-	\$	0.118	\$	2.697	\$	0.205
2007		1.044		-		0.091		2.583		0.159
2008		1.030		0.117		-		2.472		0.156
2009		0.986		0.112		-		2.366		0.150
2010		1.016		1.116		-		2.581		0.151
2011		1.110		0.119		-		2.875		0.165
2012		1.279		0.146		-		3.422		0.190
2013		1.344		0.152		-		3.671		0.199
2014		1.327		0.146		-		3.660		0.193
2015 (*	1)	1.672		0.134		-		3.455		0.177

NOTE:

(1) 2016 information not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.

Table 15 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX RATES - CITY OF CHICAGO Per \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION Last Ten Years (Amounts for Tax Extension are in Thousands of Dollars)

Tax Year	•		Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		Chicago Public Library Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		olicemen's nnuity and Benefit
2006	\$ 719,230	\$	0.519706	\$	0.049968	\$	0.194953
2007	749,351		0.550055		0.039514		0.191548
2008	834,152		0.508488		0.094354		0.172426
2009	834,109		0.478955		0.091851		0.167552
2010	834,089		0.494109		0.094665		0.170734
2011	833,948		0.542475		∖ 0.103443		0.191381
2012	834,636		0.623916		0.119254		0.220459
2013	838,254		0.653302		0.125978		0.221494
2014	861,416		0.659187		0.125228		0.210554
2015 (1) 1,186,625		0.602426		0.115391		0.510054

NOTES:

(1) 2016 information not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.

(2) Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.

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 Chicago Park District	Metropolitan Water Reclamation District		Forest Preserve District of Cook County		Cook County		Total		
\$ 0.379	\$		0.284	\$	0.057	\$	0.500	\$	5.302
0.355			0.263		0.053		0.446		4.994
0.323		(0.252		0.051		0.415		4.816
0.309			0.261		0.049		0.394		4.627
0.319			0.274		0.051		0.423		5.931
0.346			0.320		0.058		0.462		5.455
0.395			0.370		0.063		0.531		6.396
0.420			0.417		0.069		0.560		6.832
0.415			0.430		0.069		0.568		6.808
0.382			0.426		0.069		0.552		6.867

E	Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit 0.197399 \$ 0.174302 0.162182 0.153704 0.161435		Firemen's Annuity and Benefit	Retir E	borers' and rement Board mployees' nnuity and Benefit	Total		
\$	0.197399	\$	0.099974	\$	-	\$	1.062	
	0.174302		0.088581		·		1.044	
	0.162182		0.080787		0.011763		1.030	
	0.153704		0.078184		0.015754		0.986	
	0.161435		0.078352		0.016705		1.016	
	0.169036		0.088014		0.015651		1.110	
	0.197892		0.100313		0.017166		1.279	
	0.195713		0.130700		0.016813		1.344	
	0.189848		0.125339		0.016844		1.327	
	0.175716		0.252815		0.015598		1.672	

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Table 16 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RATIO OF GENERAL NET BONDED DEBT TO EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA Last Ten Years

(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

Tax Year	Population (1)	Equalized Assessed Value (2)	G. O. Bonds	Other G. O. Debt	General Certificates Obligation and Other	Unamortized Premiums (3)
2007	2,896,016	73,651,158	5.759.573	77,998	458,654	. – Un de server de la contraction de la deserver d
2008	2,896,016	80,977,543	5,687,447	259,097	362,140	-
2009	2,896,016	84,685,258	6,051,947	230,263	439,670	-
2010	2,695,598	82,087,170	6,536,596	268,526	574,755	-
2011	2,695,598	75,122,914	6,997,975	198,132	554,015	-
2012	2,695,598	65,250,387	7,244,917	166,460	528,305	-
2013	2,695,598	62,363,876	7,159,396	270,188	501,490	-
2014	2,695,598	64,908,057	7,798,956	-	473,290	129,002
2015	2,695,598	70,963,289	8,562,720	239,131	434,525	87,809
2016	2,695,598	N/A (6)	8,551,473	124,263	392,440	91,787

NOTES:

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(1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

(2) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.

(3) Beginning in 2014, the City will present Unamortized Premiums and Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest amounts applicable to General Obligation Bonds, Commercial Paper and Other General Obligation Debt.

(4) Gross Bonded Debt includes bonds, and notes obligations that are noncurrent.

(5) Amounts are in dollars.

(6) N/A means not available at time of publication.

Accreted Interest (3)	Total Gross -Net of Premiums & Accretions- Bonded Debt (4)	Less Reserve for Debt Service	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Equalized Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita (5)
-	6,296,225	70,543	6,225,682	8.45	2,149.74
· -	6,308,684	10,080	6,298,604	7.78	2,174.92
-	6,721,880	50,431	6,671,449	7.88	2,303.66
-	7,379,877	58,822	7,321,055	8.92	2,715.93
-	7,750,122	249,355	7,500,767	9.98	2,782.60
-	7,939,682	105,582	7,834,100	12.01	2,906.26
-	7,931,074	16,298	7,914,776	12.69	2,936.19
290,179	8,691,427	99,725	8,591,702	13.24	3,187.31
297,645	9,621,830	232,442	9,389,388	13.23	3,483.23
307,236	9,467,199	285,375	9,181,824	N/A (6)	3,406.23

Table 17 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES Last Ten Years (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

				Interest					Ratio of
				and		General			Debt Service
Year				Other	C	Obligation			Expenditures to
Ended			F	inancing	De	ebt Service	G	overnmental	Governmental
December 31,	_ <u></u> PI	rincipal (2)	<u>C</u>	harges (3)	Ex	penditures	<u></u> E	xpenditures	Expenditures (1)
2007	\$	143,575	\$	267,698	\$	411,273	\$	6,098,521	6.7 %
2008		429,066		302,105		731,171		6,839,389	10.7
2009		380,946		298,057		679,003		6,269,395	10.8
2010		336,378		319,423		655,801		6,334,422	10.4
2011		129,303		369,880		499,183		6,621,207	7.5
2012		305,879		475,906		781,785		6,563,846	11.9
2013		218,918		399,794	,	618,712		6,333,175	9.8
2014		446,749		442,705	,	889,454		7,172,394	12.4
2015		326,556		501,721		828,277		7,389,669	11.2
2016		574,949		424,489		999,438		7,416,649	13.5

(1) The City issued bonds backed by a property tax levy on behalf of Community College District No. 508. The annual debt service related to the bonds was (in thousands) \$6,891 in 2007 and approximately \$35,170 since 2008.

(2) This includes G. O. Bonds, G. O. Notes, G. O. Certificates, G. O. Commercial Paper (CP), G. O. Line of Credit, (LOC), Other G. O. Debt, and City Colleges of Chicago Bonds. For FY 2016 the principal payments for LOC

were \$452.0 million.

(3) For FY 2016, interest payments exclude Michael Reese Loan.

Table 18 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

			Percentage of	
	City	Net Direct	Overlapping	Net
	of Chicago	Long-term	Bonded	Debt
	Direct Debt	Debt (1)	Debt (2)	Applicable
City of Chicago G. O. Bonds	\$ 8,943,914	\$ 8,943,914	100.00 %	\$ 8,943,914
Board of Education	-	6,778,084	100.00	6,778,084
Chicago Park District		863,580	100.00	863,580
City Colleges of Chicago		241,830	100.00	241,830
Cook County		3,213,142	51.98	1,670,215
Cook County Forest Preserve District		159,440	53.47	85,253
Metropolitan Water Reclamation				
District of Greater Chicago		2,926,998	54.46	1,594,027
Total Overlapping Debt		14,183,074		11,232,989
Net Direct and				
Overlapping Long-term Debt		\$ 23,126,988		\$ 20,176,903

NOTES:

- (1) Source: Amount of Net Direct Debt was obtained from each of the respective taxing bodies.
- (2) Cook County Clerk's Office.
- (3) Table 18 includes the governmental entities that operate as separate, independent units of government and have the authority to issue bonds and levy taxes on real property within the City of Chicago. The net direct longterm debt amount provided by each entity is comprised solely of the tax-levy supported obligations. Table 18 does not include non-property tax levy backed debt issued by the listed entities.

Table 19 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT STATISTICS Last Ten Years

(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

		2007	 2008		2009		2010
Direct Debt Overlapping Debt	\$	5,805,921 7,904,184	\$ 6,126,295 7,529,359	\$	6,866,270 8,539,070	\$	7,328,452 9,158,243
Total Debt	<u>\$</u>	13,710,105	\$ 13,655,654	\$	15,405,340	* \$	16,486,695
Equalized							
Assessed Valuation (1)	\$	73,645,316	\$ 80,977,543	\$	84,685,258	\$	82,087,170
Direct Debt Burden (2)		8.35%	8.32%		8.48%		8.65%
Total Debt Burden (2)		19.72%	18.54%		19.02%		19.47%
Estimated Fair Market							
Value (FMV) (5)	\$	320,503,503	\$ 310,888,609	\$	280,288,730	\$	231,986,397
% of Direct Debt to FMV		1.81%	1.97%		2.45%		3.16%
% of Total Direct Debt to FMV		4.28%	4.39%		5.50%		7.11%
Population (3)		2,896,016	2,896,016		2,896,016		2,695,598
Direct Debt Per Capita (4)	\$	2,004.80	\$ 2,115.42	\$	2,370.94	\$	2,718.67
Total Debt Per Capita (4)		4,734.13	4,715.32	-	5,319.49	•	6,116.15

NOTES:

euro prime

(1) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County and exemptions.

(2) Due to the one-year lag in the Equalized Assessed Valuation, debt burden measures are computed utilizing the prior year's Assessed Valuation. The Assessed Valuation for 2006 is \$69,517,264.

(3) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

(4) Amounts are in dollars.

(5) Source: The Civic Federation.

(6) N/A means not available at time of publication.

 2011		2012	 2013	 2014	 2015		2016
\$ 7,628,222 9,877,084	\$	7,939,682 10,384,421	\$ 7,670,298 10,338,490	\$ 8,339,626 10,113,429	\$ 9,041,892 10,397,181	\$	8,943,914 11,232,989
\$ 17,505,306	\$	18,324,103	\$ 18,008,788	\$ 18,453,055	\$ 19,439,073	\$	20,176,903
\$ 75,122,914 9.29% 21.33%	\$	65,250,387 10.57% 24.39%	\$ 62,363,876 11.76% 27.60%	\$ 64,908,057 13.37% 29.59%	\$ 70,963,289 13.93% 29.95%	\$,	N/A (6) 12.60% 28.43%
\$ 222,856,064 3.42% 7.85%	t	206,915,723 3.84% 8.86%	236,695,475 3.24% 7.61%	255,639,792 3.26% 7.22%	N/A (6) N/A (6) N/A (6)		N/A (6) N/A (6) N/A (6)
\$ 2,695,598 2,829.88 6,494.03	\$	2,695,598 2,945.43 6,797.79	\$ 2,695,598 2,845.49 6,680.81	\$ 2,695,598 3,093.79 6,845.63	\$ 2,695,598 3,354.32 7,211.41	\$	2,695,598 3,317.97 7,485.13

Table 20 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS REVENUE BOND COVERAGE Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

					Proprietary F	unds			
					Net Revenue				
		0	Orantina	Other	Available	Debt S	ervice Requi	rements	
 Year	R	Gross evenues (1)	Operating Expense (2)	Available Funds (3)	for Debt Service (4)	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2007	\$	1,550,299	\$ 856,550	\$ 31,554	\$ 725,303	\$ 168,712	\$ 416,810	\$ 585,522	1.24
2008		1,602,668	913,499	47,067	736,236	219,482	438,553	658,035	1.12
2009		1,516,939	887,676	41,021	670,284	216,841	369,379	586,220	1.14
2010		1,768,225	911,935	10,370	866,660	220,124	379,185	599,309	1.45
2011		1,767,722	937,233	61,202	891,691	166,825	306,916	473,741	1.88
2012		1,935,020	967,517	83,050	1,050,553	209,298	479,277	688,575	1.53
2013	í .	2,020,371	969,551	211,531	1,262,351	277,225	494,226	771,451	1.64
2014 *	*	2,306,308	1,042,605	280,251	1,543,954	290,340	569,475	859,815	1.80
2015 *	*	2,391,485	1,054,949	344,579	1,681,115	336,960	570,523	907,483	1.85
2016 *	*	2,531,472	1,112,868	555,170	1,973,774	417,727	579,779	997,506	1.98

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* Beginning in 2014, revenues are net of provision for doubtful accounts.

			Тах	Inc	crement Finar	ncir	ng Funds				
				٢	Net Revenue Available		Debt S	ervi	ce Requi	rements	
Year		Gross Revenues (1)	Operating Expense (2)		for Debt Debt (4)	F	Principal		nterest	Total	Coverage
2007	•••••	\$ 509,238	\$ 238,757	\$	270,481	\$	91,378	\$	48,514	\$ 139,892	1.93
2008		557,596	296,469		261,127		176,221		58,292	234,513	1.11
2009		495,588	185,947		309,641		37,000		28,740	65,740	4.7.1
2010		474,390	229,266		245,124		36,535		28,431	64,966	3.77
2011		544,415	266,916		277,499		44,290		31,796	76,086	3.65
2012		487,495	361,783		125,712		43,025		29,136	72,161	1.74
2013	1	427,287	334,414		92,873		51,194		27,721	78,915	1.18
2014		410,018	567,079		(157,061)		69,912		30,963	100,875	(1.56)
2015		366,264	349,066		17,198		37,070		24,089	61,159	0.28
2016	••••••	493,399	376,482		116,917		58,090		18,561	76,651	1.53

Table 20 - ConcludedCITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOISREVENUE BOND COVERAGELast Ten Years Ended December 31, 2016(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

	 	Sale	es Ta	x Funds		·			
	/	et Revenue Available for Debt		Debt	Servi	ce Require	emer	nts	
Year		ervice (4)	_ <u>P</u>	rincipal		nterest		Total	Coverage
2007	 \$	570,927	\$	8,550	\$	17,781	\$	26,331	21.68
2008		548,571		9,135		16,385		25,520	21.50
2009		503,952		425		13,630		14,055	35.86
2010		527,004		445		6,300		6,745	78.13
2011		563,156		465		18,481		18,946	29.72
2012		594,290		11,300		29,509		40,809	14.56
2013		623,942		11,875		27,515		39,390	15.84
2014		658,798		12,485		27,292		39,777	16.56
2015		703,234		13,125		25,678		38,803	18.12
2016		713,557		13,795		25,610		39,405	18.11

Motor Fuel Tax Funds

		et Revenue Available		Debt S	Servi	ce Require	emer	nts	
Year		 for Debt Service (4)	Pi	rincipal	1	nterest		Total	Coverage
2007		\$ 61,467	\$	4,480	\$	7,835	\$	12,315	4.99
2008		57,472		1,210		9,976		11,186	5.14
2009		55,625		5,000		10,618		15,618	3.56
2010		55,209		5,270		10,332		15,602	3.54
2011		52,567		5,550		9,996		15,546	3.38
2012	•	53,421		5,850		9,840		15,690	3.40
2013		52,405		6,165		9,453		15,618	3.36
2014		53,772		5,915		6,642		12,557	4.28
2015		49,048		5,045		9,356		14,401	3.41
2016		51,626		4,085		10,207		14,292	3.61

NOTES:

(1) Total revenues include nonoperating revenues except for grants.

(2) Total operating expenses excluding depreciation and amortization.

(3) Other Available Funds is calculated only for the Water and Sewer funds, and is calculated as net current unrestricted assets as of December 31 of the prior year.

(4) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service will not tie to the revenues from Exhibit 4 since not all revenue is available for debt service.

Table 21 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

		(Governmental Func	ls					
Year	Net General Obligation Debt	Tax Increme Allocation Bonds and Notes	and	Installment Purchase Agreement	Capital Leases	Water Revenue Bonds	Chicago O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Revenue Bonds	Chicago O'Hare International Airport Other Debt	2010 - 202 (UNICA)
2007	\$ 6,296,225	\$ 285,36	63 \$ 499,555	\$ 7,500	\$ 245,685	\$ 1,195,803	\$-	\$-	
2008	6,308,684	204,8 ⁻	11 552,345	5,500	207,065	1,464,838	-	-	
2009	6,721,880	179,87	71 559,417	.3,500	169,282	1,424,319	-	-	
2010	7,379,877	156,88	553,702	1,200	177,011	1,711,615	-	-	
2011	7,750,122	125,20	01 770,312	-	166,787	1,677,851	-	-	
2012	7,939,682	106,24	41 753,162	-	163,012	1,988,655	-	-	
2013	7,931,074	80,12	27 735,122	-	171,673	1,954,020	248,750	-	• ·
2014	8,272,246	69,99	95 725,395	-	116,858	2,381,770	248,750	-	
2015	9,236,376	60,66	50 735,882	-	-	2,391,395	248,750	-	
2016	9,068,176	33,52	20 748,748	-	-	2,468,397	248,750	12,098	

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(1) See Table 13 for Estimated Fair Market Value

(2) Amounts in Dollars

(3) 2016 information not available at time of publication.

 Chicago O'Hare nternational Airport evenue Bonds	In F Fac	Chicago O'Hare ternational Airport Passenger cility Charge renue Bonds	 Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Bonds	Tr	Vastewater ansmission Revenue Bonds	 Total Primary Government	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Fair Market Value (1)	(Per Capita (2)
\$ 4,562,956 4,912,635 5,092,010 5,647,115 6,481,960 6,270,770 6,563,780	\$	766,255 725,675 709,200 816,110 797,769 750,706 683,780	\$ 1,254,664 1,239,404 1,246,190 1,465,495 1,439,185 1,383,215 1,470,343	\$	754,908 902,904 878,875 1,100,800 1,084,224 1,334,918 1,333,984	\$ 15,868,914 16,523,861 16,984,544 19,009,806 20,293,411 20,690,361 21,172,653	4.81 5.16 5.46 6.78 8.75 9.28 10.23	\$	5,479.57 5,705.72 5,864.80 7,052.17 7,528.35 7,675.61 7,854.53
6,406,710 6,586,490 6,404,030		682,271 631,245 595,630	1,506,325 1,506,325 1,781,605		1,602,175 1,686,178 1,692,820	22,012,495 23,083,301 23,053,774	9.30 9.03 N/A (3)		8,166.09 8,563.33 8,552.38

Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds

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Table 22 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (1) December 31, 2016

Year					S	ales Tax and			T	ax Incremer		•				
Ended		General Ob	liga	tion Debt		Revenu	e B	onds		Service A	rea	Bonds			tals	
Dec. 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest		Principal	_	Interest		Principal		Interest
2017	\$	272,291,947	\$	512,360,661	\$	18,250,000	\$	35,298,281	\$	5,595,000	\$, ,	\$	296,136,947	\$	549,126,318
2018		294,921,972		499,915,272		19,150,000		34,408,706		5,710,000		1,232,911		319,781,972		535,556,889
2019		313,378,700		485,973,423		20,334,654		33,468,881		6,020,000		959,730		339,733,354		520,402,034
2020		329,703,918		473,191,811		21,440,292		32,467,744		4,135,000		706,375		355,279,210		506,365,930
2021		333,877,240		457,640,076		22,567,526		31,447,860		4,375,000		493,625		360,819,766		489,581,561
2022		338,903,400		447,500,095		23,737,119		30,330,775		7,685,000		192,125		370,325,519		478,022,995
2023		331,703,319		432,072,096		25,039,882		29,157,835		-		-		356,743,201		461,229,931
2024		327,287,012		416,549,104		26,401,683		27,922,600		-		-		353,688,695		444,471,704
2025		317,748,971		401,837,691		27,843,447		26,622,348		-				345,592,418		428,460,039
2026		332,356,163		387,527,887		29,361,159		25,253,509		-		-		361,717,322		412,781,396
2027		346,659,720		365,813,325		28,708,425		26,149,984		-		-		375,368,145		391,963,309
2028		356,554,806		356,005,907		32,523,716		22,462,317		-		-		389,078,522		378,468,224
2029		376,054,515		336,431,047		22,679,282		32,383,180		-		-		398,733,797		368,814,227
2030		391,392,520		320,443,003		25,039,348		30,194,677		-		-		416,431,868		350,637,680
2031		502,118,596		298,360,362		24,327,530		31,091,840		-		-		526,446,126		329,452,202
2032		458,108,762		253,722,968		25,253,712		30,346,760		-		-		483,362,474		284,069,728
2033		483,916,194		227,922,494		26,759,422		29,528,434		-		-		510,675,616		257,450,928
2034		512,382,377		199,452,122		42,955,951		15,879,401		-		-		555,338,328		215,331,523
2035		357,812,607		166,876,415		45,359,513		13,766,832		-		-		403,172,120		180,643,247
2036		305,366,559		147,226,958		47,932,886		11,498,137		-		-		353,299,445		158,725,095
2037		285,042,925		129,750,667		50,648,085		9,104,421		-		-		335,691,010		138,855,088
2038		278,021,380		112,997,953		38,598,555		6,578,922		-		-		316,619,935		119,576,875
2039		290,235,000		66,214,977		40,726,747		4,711,261		-		-		330,961,747		70,926,238
2040		290,555,000		48,415,307		42,967,303		2,743,590		-		-		333,522,303		51,158,897
2041		307,605,000		31,341,080		4,962,113		670,747		-		-		312,567,113		32,011,827
2042		101,745,000		13,254,033		5,433,199		505,509		_		-		107,178,199		13,759,542
2043		108,170,000		6,829,854		5,615,766		324,583		-		-		113,785,766		7,154,437
2044				0,020,004		4,131,483		137,578		-		-		4,131,483		137,578
2077						+, 101,+00	_	101,070		_	_	-		-,101,400		101,070
	\$8	,943,913,603	\$ 7	7,595,626,588	\$	748,748,798	\$	574,456,712	\$	33,520,000	\$	5,052,142	\$ 9	9,726,182,401	\$ 8	3,175,135,442

NOTE:

(1) The amounts listed above for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2017, have been excluded from this schedule because funds for their payment have been provided in the debt service funds.

Table 23 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT (1) December 31, 2016

Year Ended	General Obl	igation Bonds	Alternative Rev	enue Bonds (2)		al Obligation
Dec. 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017		\$486,352,596			-\$-11,245,000	\$4 , 295,980
, 2018	227,616,972	477,158,047	55,955,000	19,118,525	11,350,000	3,638,700
2019	245,063,700	466,738,898	59,215,000	16,258,775	9,100,000	2,975,750
2020	254,263,918	457,541,027	66,340,000	13,223,135	9,100,000	2,427,649
2021	265,907,240	445,894,500	58,870,000	9,852,726	9,100,000	1,892,850
2022	272,398,400	439,348,929	57,405,000	6,799,766	9,100,000	1,351,400
2023	284,308,319	427,446,998	38,295,000	3,815,148	9,100,000	809,950
2024	297,427,012	414,373,887	20,760,000	1,907,451	9,100,000	267,766
2025	310,803,971	400,973,504	6,945,000	864,187	-	-
2026	324,691,163	387,015,975	7,665,000	511,912	-	-
2027	345,984,720	365,693,171	675,000	120,154	-	-
2028	355,839,806	355,921,960	715,000	83,947	-	-
2029	375,204,515	336,385,453	850,000	45,594	-	-
2030	391,392,520	320,443,003	-	-	-	-
2031	502,118,596	298,360,362	-	-	-	-
2032	458,108,762	253,722,968	-	-	-	-
2033	483,916,194	227,922,494	-	-	-	-
2034	512,382,377	199,452,122	-	-	-	-
2035	357,812,607	166,876,415	-	-	-	
2036	305,366,559	147,226,958	-	-	-	-
2037	285,042,925	129,750,667	-	-	-	-
2038	278,021,380	112,997,953	-	-	- .	-
2039	290,235,000	66,214,977	-	-	-	-
2040	290,555,000	48,415,307	-	-	-	-
2041	307,605,000	31,341,080	-	-	-	-
2042	101,745,000	13,254,033	-	-	-	-
2043	108,170,000	6,829,854	-	-	-	-
	\$ 8,440,363,603	\$ 7,483,653,138	\$ 426,355,000	\$ 94,313,405	\$ 77,195,000	\$ 17,660,045

7.7

NOTE:

(1) The amounts listed above for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2017, have been excluded from this schedule because funds for their payment have been provided in the debt service funds.

(2) Alternative Revenue Bonds include General Obligation Bonds (Emergency Telephone System), Series 1999 and Series 2004, and General Obligation Bonds (Modern Schools Across Chicago Program) Series 2007A-K and 2010A/B.

	То	tals			
	Principal		Interest		Total
_					
\$	272,291,947	\$	512,360,661	l I	\$ 784,652,608
	294,921,972		499,915,272	2	794,837,244
	313,378,700		485,973,423	3	799,352,123
	329,703,918		473,191,811		802,895,729
	333,877,240		457,640,076	6	791,517,316
	338,903,400		447,500,095	5	786,403,495
	331,703,319		432,072,096	5	763,775,415
	327,287,012		416,549,104	ŀ	743,836,116
	317,748,971		401,837,691		719,586,662
	332,356,163		387,527,887	,	719,884,050
	346,659,720		365,813,325	5	712,473,045
	356,554,806		356,005,907	,	712,560,713
	376,054,515		336,431,047		712,485,562
	391,392,520		320,443,003	}	711,835,523
	502,118,596		298,360,362	2	800,478,958
	458,108,762		253,722,968	3	711,831,730
	483,916,194		227,922,494	Ļ	711,838,688
	512,382,377		199,452,122	2	711,834,499
	357,812,607		166,876,415	5	524,689,022
	305,366,559		147,226,958	5	452,593,517
	285,042,925		129,750,667	•	414,793,592
	278,021,380		112,997,953	}	391,019,333
	290,235,000		66,214,977	,	356,449,977
	290,555,000		48,415,307	,	338,970,307
	307,605,000		31,341,080)	338,946,080
	101,745,000		13,254,033	5	114,999,033
	108,170,000		6,829,854	ŀ	114,999,854
\$ 8	3,943,913,603	\$ 7	7,595,626,588		\$ 16,539,540,191

Table 24 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS (1) December 31, 2016

Year Ended	Wate		Wastewater Tra Revenue E	
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 79,305,350 \$		\$ 49,325,130 \$	82,666,580
2018	84,017,576	127,950,422	53,827,914	80,447,515
2019	87,835,117	119,167,722	56,332,223	77,980,386
2020	91,783,424	115,518,961	52,004,720	82,736,330
2021	93,703,128	106,055,759	51,823,076	82,960,422
2022	97,942,745	101,719,043	53,753,996	81,080,181
2023	101,811,664	97,150,501	55,940,857	78,941,711
2024	106,877,059	92,331,917	58,220,121	76,700,670
2025	111,781,339	87,419,893	70,967,233	64,056,345
2026	116,468,271	82,079,101	55,189,895	79,751,296
2027	122,196,002	76,382,685	57,268,704	77,675,800
2028	115,797,746	70,338,458	59,393,412	75,459,122
2029	120,593,587	64,750,713	66,691,716	52,980,670
2030	122,358,607	58,868,213	69,977,250	49,588,664
2031	93,907,892	52,953,276	72,877,116	45,974,683
2032	86,479,571	48,316,345	76,223,868	42,121,221
2033	89,748,157	44,073,680	78,245,875	38,066,902
2034 ,	93,637,500	39,678,535	81,629,647	33,824,826
2035	92,267,620	35,101,437	84,611,838	29,379,029
2036	92,689,247	30,424,963	85,330,000	24,678,771
2037	85,650,000	25,609,596	80,485,000	19,954,343
2038	89,620,000	20,988,587	84,585,000	15,245,506
2039	77,395,000	15,946,126	77,130,000	10,645,474
2040	81,035,000	11,415,897	59,225,000	6,716,893
2041	43,530,000	6,674,750	31,955,000	4,214,125
2042	45,705,000	4,498,250	33,525,000	2,627,125
2043	21,590,000	2,213,000	17,685,000	1,371,875
2044	22,670,000	1,133,500	18,595,000	464,875
2045	-	-	-	-
2046	-	-	-	-
	\$ 2,468,396,602 \$	1,668,851,737	\$ 1,692,819,591 \$	1,318,311,340

NOTE:

1) For variable rate debt, interest has been calculated at the rate in effect or effective rate of a Swap Agreement, if applicable, as of December 31, 2016. Amounts above exclude Commercial Paper issues as the timing of payments is not certain.

	Chicago-O'Har								N
	Airport and Ch International A	-	•		Tot				Year Ended
	Principal	Апрс	Interest		Principal	ais	Interest	Total	December 31,
			Interest		глисира		Interest	 TULAI	December 51,
\$	303,620,000	\$	418,037,929	\$	432,250,480	\$	630,794,916	\$ 1,063,045,396	2017
	324,120,000		424,587,936		461,965,490		632,985,873	1,094,951,363	
	326,585,000		409,121,475	1	470,752,340		606,269,583	1,077,021,923	2019
	312,355,000		393,909,940		456,143,144		592,165,231	1,048,308,375	2020
	279,030,000		379,372,084		424,556,204		568,388,265	992,944,469	2021
	296,620,000		364,997,387		448,316,741		547,796,611	996,113,352	2022
	295,585,000		350,140,199		453,337,521		526,232,411	979,569,932	2023
	307,970,000		334,985,349		473,067,180		504,017,936	977,085,116	2024
	326,465,000		319,087,817		509,213,572		470,564,055	979,777,627	2025
	337,465,000		302,434,467		509,123,166		464,264,864	973,388,030	2026
	354,195,000		285,099,710		533,659,706		439,158,195	972,817,901	2027
	370,770,000		267,152,486		545,961,158		412,950,066	958,911,224	2028
	383,380,000		248,412,381		570,665,303		366,143,764	936,809,067	2029
	403,685,000		228,634,109		596,020,857		337,090,986	933,111,843	2030
	422,890,000		207,779,137		589,675,008		306,707,096	896,382,104	2031
	439,115,000		186,144,327		601,818,439		276,581,893	878,400,332	2032
	465,020,000		164,206,084		633,014,032		246,346,666	879,360,698	2033
	480,280,000		142,503,967		655,547,147		216,007,328	871,554,475	2034
	520,125,000		120,692,646		697,004,458		185,173,112	882,177,570	2035
	284,175,000		102,199,449		462,194,247		157,303,183	619,497,430	2036
	303,200,000		85,279,387		469,335,000		130,843,326	600,178,326	2037
1	318,725,000		67,512,845		492,930,000		103,746,938	596,676,938	2038
	334,770,000		48,851,007		489,295,000		75,442,607	564,737,607	2039
	240,155,000		32,294,974		380,415,000		50,427,764	430,842,764	2040
	195,945,000		20,575,233		271,430,000		31,464,108	302,894,108	2041
	108,575,000		13,716,853		187,805,000		20,842,228	208,647,228	2042
	114,015,000		9,511,624		153,290,000		13,096,499	166,386,499	2043
	101,435,000		5,607,159		142,700,000		7,205,534	149,905,534	2044
	38,900,000		3,014,750		38,900,000		3,014,750	41,914,750	2045
	40,845,000		1,021,125		40,845,000		1,021,125	41,866,125	2046
\$ 9	9,030,015,000	\$5,	936,883,836	\$1	3,191,231,193	\$ 8	8,924,046,913	\$ 22,115,278,106	

Table 25 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** LONG-TERM DEBT December 31, 2016

		Original Principal	De	utstanding at ecember 31, 2016	
General Long-term Debt.	36477781			در <mark>مربع در محرد م</mark> در م	
General Obligation Debt:					
General Obligation Bonds (1):					
Refunding Series of 1993 B - 4.25% to 5.125%	\$	153,280	\$	20,280	
Project and Refunding Series 1995 A-2 - 5.0% to 6.25%		220,390		18,190	
* Emergency Telephone System Refunding Series 1999 - 4.5% to 5.5%		213,110		82,190	
City Colleges of Chicago Capital Improvement Project Series 1999 - 6.0%		308,964		135,219	
Project Series 2000 A - 4.85% to 6.75%		254,293		7,403	
Project and Refunding Series 2001 A - 4.0% to 5.65%		580,338		61,220	
Project and Refunding Series 2002 A - 4.0% to 5.65%		169,765		2,305	
Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program Series 2002 B - 5.0% to 5.5%		206,700		166,210	
Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program Series 2003 - 2.0% to 5.25%		103,140		9,650	
Project and Refunding Series 2003 A - 4.625% to 5.25%		157,990		34,840	
Project and Refunding Series 2003 B - 5.0% to 5.5%		202,500		151,185	
Project Series 2003 C and D - 2.0% to 5.25%		198,265		33,780	
* Emergency Telephone System Series 2004 - 3.0% to 6.9%		64,665		28,920	
Project and Refunding Series 2004 - 1.92% to 5.5%		489,455		75,835	
Refunding Series 2005 A - 2.5% to 5.0%		441,090		99,780	
Project and Refunding Series 2005 B and C - 3.5% to 5.0%		339,275		192,980	
Project and Refunding Series 2005 D - 5.5%		222,790		174,005	
Direct Access Bonds, Series 2005 - 2.876% to 4.5%		114,695		64,196	
Direct Access Bonds, Series 2006 - 3.5% to 4.4%		35,753		30,578	
Project and Refunding Series 2006 A and B - 3.5% to 5.375%		649,995		338,920	
Project and Refunding Series 2007 A and B - 3.75% to 5.462%		589,590		521,505	
City Colleges of Chicago Capital Improvement Project Series 2007 - 4.0% to 5.0%		39,110		32,875	
Project and Refunding Series 2007 C and D - 4.0% to 5.44%		330,890		269,680	
Project and Refunding Series 2007 E through G - 5.5%		200,000		153,700	
Project and Refunding Series 2008 A and B - 3.0% to 5.765%		473,705		456,800	
Project and Refunding Series 2008 C through E - 1.0% to 6.05%		611,017		600,052	
Project and Refunding Series 2009 A through D - 4.0% to 6.257%		793,275		793,275	
Project Series 2010 B - 7.517%	•	213,555		213,555	
Project Series 2010 C-1 - 7.781%		299,340		299,340	
Project Series 2011 A and B - 4.625% to 6.034%		416,345		416,345	
Project Series 2012 A and C - 4.0% to 5.432%		594,850		594,850	
Project and Refunding Series 2014 A and B - 4.0% to 6.314%		883,420		883,420	
General Obligation Series 2015 A and B - 5.0% to 7.75%		1,088,390		1,088,390	
Refunding Series 2015C - 5.0%		500,000		500,000	
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	12,159,940	\$	8,551,473	

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* Secured by alternate revenues.

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ne of Credit:		Original Principal		itstanding at ecember 31, 2016
Line of Credit: Line of Credit - Variable Rate (5.625% at December 31, 2016)	\$	124,263	\$	124,263
Total Line of Credit	-	124,263	<u> </u>	124,263
Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes	_	12,284,203		8,675,736
General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations (1):		_		
** Building Acquisition Certificates (Limited Tax) Series 1997 - 4.4% to 5.4%	\$	28,800	\$	4,395
* Modern Schools Across Chicago Program - Series 2007 A through K - 3.6% to 5.0%		356,005		197,675
* Modern Schools Across Chicago Program - Series 2010 A and B - 3.0% to 5.364%		150,115		117,570
** MRL Financing LLC Promissory Note - 5.0% to 7.5%		91,000		72,800
Total General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations		625,920	_	392,440
Total General Obligation Debt		12,910,123		9,068,176
Tax Increment Allocation Bonds and Notes (1):				
Goose Island Redevelopment Tax Increment - Series 2000 - 7.45%		16,800		6,455
Pilsen Redevelopment Project - Series 2014 A and B - 0.95% to 5.0%		33,410		27,065
Total Tax Increment Allocation Bonds and Notes		50,210		33,520
Motor Fuel Tax and Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (1):				
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2008 A and B - 4.0% to 5.0%		66,635		62,195
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2013 - 2.0% to 5.0%		105,895		95,290
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Riverwalk TIFIA Loan - 3.33%		76,571		76,571
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2002 - 4.23%		116,595		110,580
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2005 - 3.25% to 5.0%		142,825		80,315
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2009 - 4.25% to 6.0%		90,892		90,892
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2011 - 4.375% to 5.504%		232,905		232,905
Total Motor Fuel Tax and Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		832,318		748,748
Total General Long-term Debt	\$	13,792,651	\$	9,850,444

* Secured by alternate revenues.

** General Obligation Certificates and other obligations without property tax levy.

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NOTE: (1) The balance outstanding at December 31, 2016 listed above for each bond series excluded amounts payable January 1, 2017, if applicable.

Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds:

Water Revenue Bonds:			
Series 1997 - Sr Lien 3.9% to 5.25%	\$ 277,911	\$ 5,089	
Series 2000 - 2nd Lien - 5.0%	100,000	100,000	
Series 2000 - Sr Lien 4.375% to 5.875%	156,819	9,871	
Series 2001 - 2nd Lien 3.0% to 5.75%	353,905	80,745	
Series 2004 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%	500,000	344,575	
Series 2006A - 2nd Lien - 4.5% to 5.0%	215,400	174,605	
Series 2008 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.25%	549,915	436,215	

	Original Principal	Outstanding at December 31, 2016	
Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Continued			and a second
Water Revenue Bonds - Concluded:			
Series 2010 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 6.742%	313,580	300,355	
Series 2012 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%	399,445	391,745	
Series 2014 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	367,925	357,610	
Series 2016 - 2nd Lien - 1.05% to 5.0%	81,715	75,990	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.905%	3,605	1,328	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.57%	2,642	1,400	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	6,000	4,637	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 0.00%	9,077	6,839	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	1,528	1,280	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	1,502	1,259	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	6,092	5,105	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.29%	6,542	5,878	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	39,421	36,187	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	15,000	13,796	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	47,000	44,149	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	15,058	14,420	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.21%	55,615	55,319	
Total Water Revenue Bonds	3,525,697	2,468,397	
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds:			
Chicago-O'Hare In: Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds:			
Series of 2004 A through H - 3rd Lien - 3.49% to 5.35%	385,045	29,360	
Series of 2005 A and B - 3rd Lien - 5.0% to 5.25%	1,200,000	110,395	
Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (.71% and .74% at December 31, 2016)	300,000	240,600	
Series of 2008 A through D - 3rd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%	779,915	31,140	
Series of 2010 A through F - 3rd Lien - 1.75% to 6.845%	1,039,985	924,365	
Series of 2011 A through C - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.5%	1,000,000	728,830	
Refunding Series of 2012 A through C - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0%	728,895	546,685	
Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25%	501,785	463,115	
Series of 2013 C and DSenior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5%	396,120	396,120	
Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%	1,620,180	1,591,885	
Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0%	327,200	327,200	
Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	1,014,335	1,014,335	
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds	9,293,460	6,404,030	•
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Revenue Bonds:			
Series of 2013 A Senior Lien - 4.125% to 5.75%	248,750	248,750	÷.,
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Revenue Bonds	248,750	248,750	

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	Original Principal	Outstanding at December 31, 2016
Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Concluded:		
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Bonds:	407.005	400.000
Refunding Series of 2010 A through D - 2.0% to 6.322%	137,665	130,680
Refunding Series of 2011 A and B - 5.0% to 6.0%	46,005	46,005
Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - 2.5% to 5.0%	452,095	418,945
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Bonds	635,765	595,630
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revolving Line of Credit:		
Revolving Line of Credit - AMT Variable Rate (1.53125% at December 31, 2016)	6,916	6,916
Revolving Line of Credit - Non- AMT Variable Rate (1.53125% at December 31, 2016)	5,182	5,182
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revolving Line of Credit	12,098	12,098
Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds:		
Series 1998 A, B and C - 4.3% to 5.5%	397,715	28,730
Series 2004 C - 2nd Lien - Variable Rate (.77% at December 31, 2016)	137,125	119,150
Series 2004 D - 2nd Lien - Variable Rate (.74% at December 31, 2016)	15,025	13,050
Series 2010 B through D - 2nd Lien - 3.532% to 7.168%	246,540	62,385
Refunding Series 2013 A through C - 2nd Lien74% to 5.5%	333,960	319,375
Series 2014 A through B - 2nd Lien - 5.0%	771,810	771,810
Refunding Series 2014C - Variable Rate (.79% at December 31, 2016)	124,710	124,710
Series 2016 A through B - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%	342,395	342,395
Total Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds	2,369,280	1,781,605
Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds:		
Refunding Series 1998 A Sr Lien - 4.55% to 5.0%	62,423	35,168
Series 2001 - 2nd Lien - 3.5% to 5.5%	187,685	54,855
Series 2006 A and B - 2nd Lien - 4.5% to 5.0%	155,030	115,965
Series 2008 A - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.5%	167,635	146,985
Series 2008 C1 through C3 - 2nd Lien - 3.886%	332,230	332,230
Series 2010 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 6.9%	275,865	262,350
Series 2012 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	276,470	261,545
Series 2014 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	292,405	287,685
Series 2015 - 2nd Lien - 2.591% to 6.042%	87,080	87,080
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.5%	1,546	952
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 0.00%	15,000	11,093
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	17,564	14,925
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	17,812	15,132
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	15,000	13,787
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	54,170	53,068
Total Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds	1,957,915	1,692,820
Total Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds	\$ 18,042,965	\$ 13,203,330

Table 26 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS POPULATION AND INCOME STATISTICS Last Ten Years

	Year	Population(1)	Median Age (2)	Number of Households (2)	City Employment	Unemployment Rate (3)	Per Capita Income (4)	Total Income
र्ज उत्तर							43,714	
	2008	2,896,016	34.1	1,032,746	1,237,856	6.4	45,328	131,270,613,248
	2009	2,896,016	34.5	1,037,069	1,171,841	10.0	43,727	126,634,091,632
	2010	2,695,598	34.8	1,045,666	1,116,830	10.1	45,957	123,881,597,286
	2011	2,695,598	33.2	1,048,222	1,120,402	9.3	45,977	123,935,509,246
	2012	2,695,598	33.2	1,054,488	1,144,896	8.9	48,305	130,210,861,390
	2013	2,695,598	33.5	1,062,029	1,153,725	8.3	49,071	132,275,689,458
	2014	2,695,598	33.9	1,031,672	1,264,234	5.7	50,690	136,639,862,620
	2015	2,695,598	34.2	1,053,229	1,273,727	5.7	53,886	145,254,993,828
	2016	2,695,598	N/A (5)	N/A (5)	1,282,117 *	5.4	N/A (5)	N/A (5)

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(1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

- (2) Source: American Fact Finder United States Census Bureau data estimates. Data not available for 2016.
- (3) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics 2016, Unemployment rate for Chicago-Naperville-Illinois Metropolitan Area.
- (4) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Per Capita Personal Income for Chicago-Naperville-Illinois Metropolitan Area.
- (5) N/A means not available at time of publication.

December 2016 data.

Table 27CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOISPRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (NON-GOVERNMENT)Current Year and Nine Years Ago (See Note at the End of this Page)

		2016 (1)	2007 (5)			
			Percentage			Percentage	
	Number		of	Number		of	
	of		Total City	of		Total City	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Advocate Health Care	18,930	1	1.48 %				
	16,374	2	1.40 %				
University of Chicago Northwestern Memorial Healthcare		2	1.23				
	15,747			0 111	4	0 70 0/	
JPMorgan Chase & Co. (2)	15,229	4	1.19	9,114	1	0.73 %	
United Continental Holdings Inc. (3)	15,157	5	1.18	6,102	2	0.49	
Walgreens Boots Alliance Inc.	12,685	6	0.99				
Northwestern University	10,241	7	0.80				
Presence Health	10,183	8	0.79				
Abbott Laboratories	9,800	9	0.76				
Jewel Food Stores, Inc.	9,660	10	0.75	5,424	3	0.43	
Northern Trust Corporation	-,			4,787	4	0.38	
Accenture LLP				4,283	5	0.34	
				•			
SBC/AT&T (4)				4,002	6	0.32	
American Airlines				3,645	7	0.29	
Ford Motor Company				3,367	8	0.27	
CVS Corporation				3,120	9	0.25	
Deloitte & Touche				2,988	10	0.24	

NOTES:

- (1) Source: Reprinted with permission from the January 16, 2017 issue of Crain's Chicago Business. © 2017 Crain Communications Inc. All Rights Reserved.
- (2) J. P. Morgan Chase formerly known as Banc One.
- (3) United Continental Holdings Inc. formerly known as United Airlines.
- (4) AT&T Inc. formerly known as SBC Ameritech.
- (5) Source: City of Chicago, Department of Revenue, Employer's Expense Tax Returns. Prior to 2014, the source for information was the City of Chicago, Bureau of Revenue-Tax Division report, which is no longer available.

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Table 28CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOISFULL TIME EQUIVALENT CITY OF CHICAGO EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONLast Ten Years (See Note at the End of this Page)

	Budgeted Full Time Equivalent Positions											
Function	2016	2015		2013.(2)		20.1.1	2010	2009	2008	2007		
General Government	3,674	3,764	3,760	3,725	3,857	4,363	4,401	4,419	5,112	5,195		
Public Safety	21,458	21,182	21,138	21,067	21,040	22,716	22,912	22,954	23,313	23,397		
Streets and Sanitation	3 2,328	2,341	2,341	2,351	2,302	2,576	2,605	3,087	3,648	3,609		
Transportation	1,321	1,297	1,171	932	929	980	1,022	718	819	829		
Health	613	656	713	738	904	991	1,117	1,257	1,535	1,554		
Cultural and Recreational	1,261	1,253	1,244	1,214	1,153	1,207	1,213	1,318	1,596	1,608		
Business-type Activities	3,672	3,636	3,679	3,528	3,559	3,615	3,619	3,666	3,898	4,015		
Total	34,327	34,129	34,046	33,555	33,744	36,448	36,889	37,419	39,921	40,207		

NOTES:

(1) Source: City of Chicago 2016 Budget Overview.

Includes full time equivalent positions in grant related programs.

(2) Per_Office of Budget Management restated figures.

Table 29 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Police Physical Arrests	85,493	112,996	129,166	143,618	145,390	152,740	167,355	181,254	196,621	221,915
Fire Emergency Responses (1)	713,492	685,525	685,588	675,570	472,752	343,749	343,214	363,519	377,808	402,403
Refuse Collection Refuse Collected (Tons per Day)	3,561	3,403	3,265	3,562	3,763	3,983	3,931	3,974	4,240	4,320
Cultural Volumes in Library (2)	11,823	11,469	11,527	11,452	5,691	5,790	5,770	5,743	5,721	5,891
Water Average Daily Consumption (Thousands of Gallons)	701,148	719,467	752,362	756,486	793,274	770,925	773,612	808,551	827,156	860,285

Notes: (1) In 2013, Office of Emergency Management and Communications implemented new system accounting for Administrative calls as well. (2) Beginning in 2013, Chicago Public Library utilizes new process to identify library holdings. Figures in thousands.

Table 30 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Years

Function	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Police Stations	25	25	25	25	25	26	25	25	25	25
Fire Stations	104	104	104	104	104	104	103	103	101	102
Other Public Works:										
Streets (Miles)	4,116	4,116	4,116	4,116	4,116	4,091	3,775	3,775	3,775	3,775
Streetlights	328,683	327,613	327,613	327,613	279,668	278,788	261,019	259,699	285,989	192,511
Traffic Signals	3,042	3,037	3,035	3,035	3,035	2,960	2,960	2,960	2,960	2,727
Water										
Mains (Miles)	4,295	4,311	4,322	4,321	4,349	4,360	4,300	4,300	4,375	4,236
Sewers										
Mains (Miles)	4,452	4,428	4,428	4,428	4,450	4,400	4,400	4,400	4,500	4,500

Table 31 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS INTEREST RATE SWAP COUNTERPARTY ENTITIES December 31, 2016 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Associated Bond Issue	Current Notional Amounts	Counterparty Credit Rating Moody's/S&P	Counterparty Entity	City ATE Level (1)	,
	ay Airport ds (Series 2004C&D)	79,320 52,280	<u>A1/A+</u> Aa2/AA-	Goldman Sachs Wells Fargo	Baa1/BBB+ Baa2/BBB	eren and a state of the
Total		\$ 131,600				

Source: Survey of Derivative Instruments.

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(1) A counterparty may terminate its related interest rate swap if the City rating for the respective credit falls below the rating listed in the column City ATE Level by Moody's or Standard and Poor's.

Certain swaps were terminated in 2016 and are no longer included in the chart above, see Note 10, for additional information.

							Ratings Thresholds (1)			
Issue	Series	Principal Outstanding		Expiration or Termination	Bond Maturity Date	Bank	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 C-1	\$	54,725	11/25/2019	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 C-2	\$	64,425	11/25/2019	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 D	\$	13,050	11/25/2019	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	
Midway 2nd Lien	2014 C	\$	124,710	11/25/2017	01/01/2035	JPMorgan	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	
O'Hare 3rd Lien	2005 C	\$	140,600	08/15/2017	01/01/2035	Citibank	BBB	Baa2	BBB	
O'Hare 3rd Lien	2005 D	\$	100,000	08/15/2017	01/01/2035	Barclays	(2)	(2)	(2)	

Bond Liquidity, Letters of Credit and Direct Purchase Facilities

Commercial Paper (CP) Letters of Credit and Lines of Credit Providers

Issue	Series	orrowing	Amount Outstanding (Dec. 31, 2016)	Expiration or Termination	Bank	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	Kroli
G. O. Line of Credit	2015	\$ 170,000	41,421	09/23/2017	JPMorgan	BBB- (3)	N/A	BBB- (3)	BBB- (3)
G. O. Line of Credit	2015	\$ 170,000	41,421	09/23/2017	BMO Harris	BBB- (3)	N/A	BBB- (3)	BBB- (3)
G. O. Line of Credit	2015	\$ 170,000	41,421	09/23/2017	Bank of China	BBB- (3)	N/A	BBB- (3)	BBB- (3)
Midway CP	2003A-D	\$ 85,000	-	07/12/2017	JPMorgan	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	N/A
O'Hare CP	2016 (4)	\$ 180,000	-	09/27/2019	Bank of America	BBB- (3)	Baa3	BBB- (3)	N/A
O'Hare CP	2016 (4)	\$ 120,000	-	09/27/2019	Bank of Tokyo	BBB- (3)	Baa3	BBB- (3)	N/A
O'Hare CP	2016 (4)	\$ 120,000	-	09/27/2019	Barclays	BBB- (3)	Baa3	BBB- (3)	N/A
O'Hare Line of Credit	2016	\$ 180,000	12,098	12/12/2019	JPMorgan	BBB-	N/A	BBB-	BBB-

Ratings Thresholds (1)

Notes:

- (1) An underlying rating by any rating agency for the related debt (or lowest rated lien of the related credit) below what is shown in the chart in the "Ratings Threshold" column would constitute an event of default under the agreements with the related banks.
- (2) The agreement with Barclays provides that it is an event of default if (A) any two Rating Agencies then rating the Debt of the City payable from or secured by Pledged Revenues which is senior to or on parity with the Bonds shall have downgraded their rating on such Debt to or below "Baa2" (or its equivalent) or "BBB" (or its equivalent), respectively, or (B) any Rating Agency shall have downgraded its rating of any Debt of the City payable from or secured by the Pledged Revenues which is senior to or on a parity with the Bonds to below "Baa3" (or its equivalent) or "BBB-" (or its equivalent), respectively, or (a) any Rating Agency shall have downgraded its rating of any Debt of the City payable from or secured by the Pledged Revenues which is senior to or on a parity with the Bonds to below "Baa3" (or its equivalent) or "BBB-" (or its equivalent), respectively, or suspended or withdrawn its rating of the same and such downgrade, suspension or withdrawal shall remain for a period of 180 days.
- (3) An underlying rating by two of the three rating agencies, S&P, Fitch or Kroll, would constitute an event of default under the agreements with the banks.
- (4) O'Hare 2009 Program. 2016 Issue series A1-A3, B1-B3 and C1-C3.

Certain series of bonds were converted to fixed rate and are no longer included in the chart above. See Note 10 for additional information.

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