

Legislation Details (With Text)

File #:	F201	1-6				
Туре:	Communication		Status:	Placed on File		
File created:	1/13/2011		In control:	City Council		
			Final action:	1/13/2011		
Title:	Designation of Jeremy Fine as proxy for Chief Financial Officer					
Sponsors:	Dept./Agency					
Indexes:	PROXIES					
Attachments:	1. F2	011-6.pdf				
Date	Ver.	Action By	Act	tion	Result	
1/13/2011	1	City Council	Pla	aced on File		

City of Chicago Richard M. Daley, Mayor December 14, 2010 GeneR.Saflbld Chief Financial Officer (312)744-0014 (FAX) Suite 600 33 North LaSalle Street Chicago, Illinois 60602 (312)744-1034 <http://www.cityofchicago.org> Miguel Del Valle City Clerk 121 North LaSalle Street Room 107 Chicago, Illinois 60602 RE: City of Chicago, Illinois \$213,555,000 General Obligation Bonds Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) Dear Mr. Del Valle: Attached is the Notification of Sale which is required to be filed with your office pursuant to Section 12 of the ordinance authorizing the issuance of General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2010, which was passed by the City Council on July 28, 2010. Please direct this filing to the City Council. Very Truly Yours,

Gene R./Saffolcf ' Chief Financial Officer

BUILDING CHICAGO TOGETHER RECEWED CITY COUHCILn; MoiUh Notification of Sale **2010DEC »U PM3--31** * _ \$213,555,000 OFF ICE. Or Wjf- General Obligation Bonds, CITY CLERK Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) Being Issued By The City Of Chicago STATE OF ILLINOIS)

) SS

COUNTY OF COOK)

To: The City Council of the City of Chicago

Please be advised that responsive to authority contained in an Ordinance (the "Ordinance") adopted by the City Council (the "City Council") of the City of Chicago (the "City") on July 28, 2010, authorizing the issuance of up to \$900,000,000 aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds of the City, a Bond Purchase Agreement dated December 1, 2010 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement") providing for the sale of \$213,555,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) (the "Series 2010B Bonds"), was entered into by me as the Chief Financial Officer of the City, with the concurrence of the Chairman of the Committee on Finance of the City Council, and the purchasers thereof named below (the "Underwriters"). The Series 2010B Bonds were sold at a purchase price of \$212,374,652.27 (representing the aggregate principal amount of the Series 2010B Bonds less an Underwriters' discount of \$1,180,347.73).

The Underwriters for the Series 2010B Bonds are Loop Capital Markets LLC, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Duncan Williams, Inc., Estrada, Hinojosa & Company, Inc., In Capital LLC, Melvin & Company LLC, Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc., and Stifel Nicolaus & Co. The compensation (including all fees) being paid to the Underwriters in connection with the sale of the Series 2010B Bonds of \$1,180,347.73 represents less than 1% of the aggregate principal amount of the Series 2010B Bonds.

Capitalized terms used herein without definition have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Ordinance. The Series 2010B Bonds are being issued for the purpose of (i) paying a portion of the costs of the Project, (ii) funding capitalized interest on a portion of the Series 2010B Bonds and (iii) paying the costs of issuance of the Series 2010B Bonds (including the Underwriters' discount).

Attached hereto as Exhibits A and B, respectively, are executed copies of the Bond Purchase Agreement and the Official Statement dated December 1, 2010.

Pursuant to Section 12 of the Ordinance, the undersigned hereby makes the following determinations: (a) the aggregate principal amount of the Series 2010B Bonds is \$213,555,000, the Series 2010B Bonds are issued in fully registered form in the denominations

of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and the designation of the Series 201 OB Bonds is set forth in the first paragraph hereof, (b) the Series 201 OB Bonds are issued as Current Interest Bonds and as Build America Direct Payment Bonds, (c) the Series 2010B Bonds mature and are subject to mandatory redemption as set forth in Schedule I attached hereto, (d) the Series 2010B Bonds are subject to optional redemption as provided in Schedule I attached hereto, (e) the principal amount and interest rate on the Series 2010B Bonds are set forth in Schedule I attached hereto, (f) the Series 2010B Bonds are issued in book-entry form; the book entry depository is The Depository Trust Company, (g) the Underwriters of the Series 2010B Bonds are as set forth above, and (h) the Bond Registrar for the Series 2010B Bonds and Bond Fund depository is Wells Fargo Bank, National Association.

Pursuant to Section 12 of the Ordinance and on behalf of the City, the undersigned hereby makes the following elections under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). Pursuant to Section 54AA(d)(l)(C) of the Code, the City irrevocably elects to have Section 54AA of the Code apply to the Series 2010B Bonds. Pursuant to Section 54AA(g)(2)(B) of the Code, the City irrevocably elects to have subsection (g) of said Section 54AA apply to the Series 2010B Bonds. Pursuant to the foregoing elections, the Series 2010B Bonds will be issued as "build America bonds" as defined in Section 54AA(d)(l) of the Code and as "qualified bonds" as defined in Section 54AA(g)(2) of the Code.

Notification to the City Council of the disposition of collections of the tax levy authorized in Section 7 of the Ordinance in excess of any amount required for the payment of the principal and interest on the Series 2010B Bonds and for the payment of the principal and interest on any other Bonds to be issued pursuant to the Ordinance, will be made upon the sale of the final series of Bonds authorized by the Ordinance and as provided in Section 12 of the Ordinance.

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Respectfully submitted as of this I' day of December, 2010.

EXHIBIT A BOND PURCHASE AGREEMENT

BOND PURCHASE AGREEMENT

CITY OF CHICAGO

\$213,555,000 General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds-Direct Payment)

December 1, 2010

City of Chicago Office of the City Comptroller 33 North LaSalle Street, 6th Floor Chicago, Illinois 60602 Attention: Chief Financial Officer

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned, Loop Capital Markets LLC (the "Representative"), on behalf of itself and the other underwriters listed below (the "Underwriters"), hereby offers to enter into this Bond Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement') with the City of Chicago (the "City"), for the purchase by the Underwriters, and sale by the City, of all but not less than all of the City's General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds-Direct Payment) (the "Bonds"). This offer is made subject to the acceptance by the City on or before 5:00 P.M., Chicago time on the date hereof, and upon such acceptance this Agreement shall be in full force and effect in accordance with its terms and shall be binding on the City and the Underwriters.

The Representative is authorized, and hereby represents and warrants that it is authorized, to act as Representative of the Underwriters and to execute this Agreement and has full authority to take such action as it may deem advisable with respect to all matters pertaining to this Agreement. Each Underwriter hereby severally represents to the City that it is registered and in good standing under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as a municipal securities dealer.

Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Preliminary Official Statement, as defined herein.

1. Agreement to Sell and Purchase.

(a) Upon the terms and conditions and based upon the representations, warranties and covenants herein set forth, the Underwriters, jointly and severally, hereby agree to purchase from the City and the City hereby agrees to sell to the Underwriters \$213,555,000 aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, at the purchase price of \$212,374,652.27 (representing the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds less an underwriters' discount of \$1,180,347.73.

(b) It shall be a condition to the City's obligation to sell and deliver the Bonds that all the Bonds be purchased and paid for by the Underwriters at the Closing (as defined herein)

and a condition to the Underwriters' obligation to purchase and pay for the Bonds that all Bonds be issued, sold and delivered by the City at the Closing.

2. The Ordinance. The Bonds are authorized by an ordinance of the City adopted by the City Council of the City (the "City Council") on July 28, 2010 (the "Ordinance") and will be issued and secured as provided thereunder. The Bonds will mature, bear interest and have such other terms and conditions as are set forth on Schedule I hereto.

3. The Preliminary Official Statement. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a copy of the Preliminary Official Statement of the City, dated October 26, 2010 relating to the Bonds (the "Preliminary Official Statement'). For purposes of Rule 15c2-12 {"Rule 15c2-12") of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC), the Preliminary Official Statement is "deemed final" by the City as of its date except for the omission of such information as is permitted by Rule 15c2-12.

4. Public Offering Price. The Underwriters have agreed to make a bona fide public offering of the Bonds at the initial offering prices set forth on Schedule I. The Representative will provide the City and Co-Bond Counsel (as defined herein) with a closing certificate confirming the reoffering yields and prices of the Bonds and the Underwriters acknowledge that the City and Co-Bond Counsel will rely on such certificate to establish the yield

on the Bonds and that such reliance is material to the City in entering into this Agreement and in connection with the delivery of the Bonds.

5. The Official Statement.

(a) The City shall provide, or cause to be provided, at its expense, to the Underwriters within seven (7) business days after the City's acceptance of this Agreement, three copies of the Official Statement of the City, dated the date hereof, relating to the Bonds (the "Official Statement'), signed on behalf of the City by the Mayor or the Chief Financial Officer and the Official Statement so delivered shall be "final" for purposes of Rule 15c2-12. Such delivery of the Official Statement shall occur in sufficient time to accompany any confirmation that requests payment from any customer and in sufficient quantity to comply with the rules of the SEC and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB").

(b) If on or prior to the Closing or within twenty-five (25) days after the "end of the underwriting period" (as hereinafter defined) any event known to the City relating to or affecting the City, the Ordinance or the Bonds, shall occur which would cause any statement of a material fact contained in the Official Statement to be materially incorrect or materially incomplete, the City will promptly notify the Representative in writing of the circumstances and details of such event. If, as a result of such event, it is necessary, in the joint opinion of the City and the Representative to amend or supplement the Official Statement by stating or restating any material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, the City will forthwith prepare and furnish to the Underwriters a reasonable number of copies of an amendment of or a supplement to such Official Statement in form and substance satisfactory to the City and the Representative, at the City's sole cost and expense, which will so amend or supplement such Official Statement will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any

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material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "end of the underwriting period" shall mean the later of the date of Closing or the date on which an Underwriter no longer retains an unsold balance of the Bonds for sale to the public. The Underwriters agree that the date on which the end of the underwriting period shall occur shall be the date of the Closing, unless the Underwriters otherwise notify the City in writing prior to twenty-five (25) days after the date of the Closing that, to the best of their knowledge, the Underwriters retain for sale to the public an unsold balance of the Bonds, in which case the end of the underwriting period shall be extended for additional periods of thirty (30) days each upon receipt of additional written notification from the Underwriters that, to the best of their knowledge, there exists an unsold balance of the Bonds, but in no event shall the end of the underwriting period be extended longer than sixty (60) days after the date of Closing.

(c) At or prior to the Closing, the Representative shall file, or cause to be filed, the Official Statement with the MSRB in compliance with the rules of the SEC and the MSRB. Promptly after the date after which the Underwriters are no longer obligated under Rule 15c2-12(b)(4) to deliver to potential customers the Official Statement, the Representative shall notify the City of such date.

6. Representations, Warranties and Covenants of the City. The City represents and warrants to the Underwriters as of the date hereof that:

(a) The City is a municipal corporation and home rule unit of local government, existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois (the "State").

(b) The City Council has: (i) duly adopted the Ordinance, which remains in full force and effect; (ii) duly authorized the use of the Preliminary Official Statement prior to the date hereof in connection with the public offering and sale of the Bonds and duly authorized the execution, delivery and distribution of the Official Statement in connection with the public offering and sale of the Bonds; and (iii) duly authorized and approved the execution and delivery of the Bonds, this Agreement and a continuing disclosure undertaking pursuant to the provisions of Section (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 (the "Undertaking").

(c) The City has full legal right, power and authority to: (i) adopt the Ordinance; (ii) execute and deliver this

Agreement and the Undertaking; (iii) issue, sell and deliver the Bonds to the Underwriters pursuant to the Ordinance and as provided in this Agreement; and (iv) pay for the Bonds from the sources pledged under the Ordinance for their payment.

(d) The adoption of the Ordinance and compliance with the provisions thereof do not, and the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the Undertaking will not, in any material manner, violate any applicable law or administrative regulation of the State or any department, division, agency or instrumentality thereof or of the United States of America (the "United States") or of any department, division, agency or instrumentality thereof, or any applicable judgment or decree to which the City is subject, or conflict with, in a material manner, or constitute a material breach of, or a material default under, any ordinance, agreement or other instrument to which the City is a party or is otherwise bound.

(e) All approvals, consents and orders of, and filings (except, if any, under applicable state "blue sky" laws) with, any governmental authority, board, agency or

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commission having jurisdiction which would constitute a condition precedent to the performance by the City of its obligations under this Agreement, the Undertaking, the Ordinance and the Bonds have been obtained or made.

(f) The financial statements of the City contained in the Official Statement fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the City as of the date and for the periods therein set forth and the City has no reason to believe that such financial statements have not been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units, consistently applied except as otherwise noted therein. (g) The Official Statement (excluding any description of The Depository Trust Company ("Z)7C"), Clearstream, Luxembourg ^Clearstream"), Euroclear Bank ("Euroclear"), information under the captions "THE BONDS - Book-Entry System," "CERTAIN VERIFICATIONS", "RATINGS", "UNDERWRITING," and "TAX MATTERS," Appendices D thereto, information sourced in Appendices A and B from sources other than the City or departments thereof, and any information in or omitted from the Official Statement relating to DTC, Clearstream or Euroclear, all information and notices set forth under the caption "Information Concerning Offering Restrictions in Certain Jurisdictions Outside the United States," and information furnished by the Underwriters for use in the Official Statement) does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

(h) The Ordinance, this Agreement and the Undertaking, when duly executed and delivered by the parties thereto, as appropriate, will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the City enforceable in accordance with their terms (except to the extent that enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies and the availability of equitable remedies generally).

(i) When delivered to the Representative, and paid for by the Underwriters at the Closing in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, the Bonds will be duly authorized, executed and delivered and will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the City enforceable in accordance with their terms (except to the extent that enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies and the availability of equitable remedies generally).

(j) Except as disclosed in the Official Statement, there is no action, suit or proceeding, at law or in equity, or before or by a court, public board or body, pending or, to the City's knowledge, threatened, against the City wherein an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding would materially adversely affect the validity or enforceability of the Bonds, the Ordinance, this Agreement or the Undertaking.

(k) Any certificate signed by any Authorized Officer of the City and delivered to the Representative at the Closing in connection with the issuance or sale of the Bonds shall be deemed to be a representation and warranty by the City to the Underwriters as to the statements made therein as of the date so delivered.
(1) The City will make available such information, execute such instruments and take such other action in cooperation with the Underwriters as the Representative may reasonably request to qualify the Bonds for offering and sale under the "blue sky" or other

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securities laws and regulations of such states and other jurisdictions of the United States as the Underwriters may designate in writing; provided, however, that nothing in this Section 6(a) shall require the City to consent to general service of process in any state or jurisdiction other than the State of Illinois.

(m)The City will apply the proceeds of the Bonds in accordance with the

Ordinance.

(n) The City acknowledges and agrees that (i) the purchase and sale of the Bonds pursuant to this Purchase Contract is an arm's-length commercial transaction between the City and the Underwriters, (ii) the Underwriters have not assumed an advisory or fiduciary responsibility in favor of the City with respect to the purchase and sale of the Bonds or the discussions, undertakings and procedures leading thereto (irrespective of whether the Underwriters have provided other services or are currently providing other services to the City on other matters) and (iii) it has consulted its own legal, financial and other advisors to the extent it has deemed appropriate.

7. Closing. Subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement, the closing (the "Closing") of the sale of the Bonds by the City and the purchase of the Bonds by the Underwriters, shall take place at approximately 9:00 a.m., Chicago time, on December 14, 2010, at the offices of Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP, 525 West Monroe Street, Suite 1900, Chicago, Illinois 60661 (or at such other time, date and place as the City and the Representative mutually agree).

(a) At the Closing, the City shall deliver or cause to be delivered to DTC, as securities depository, for the account of the Underwriters one fully registered certificate for each maturity (Bonds with the same maturities but different interest rates will have separate certificates) of the Bonds in the aggregate principal amount thereof, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC.

(b) Upon delivery of the Bonds to the Representative at the Closing, the City will deliver to the Representative the closing documents as set forth in Section 10 hereof.

(c) The Representative will accept delivery of the Bonds and pay the purchase price therefor at the Closing by delivering federal funds checks or making federal funds wire transfers or otherwise confirming deposits of same day funds, as the City shall direct, to the City's account at a bank specified by the City, in an aggregate amount equal to the purchase price of the Bonds pursuant to Section 1 hereof.

8. Reliance and Further Conditions of the Underwriters. The Underwriters have entered into this Agreement in reliance upon the representations, warranties and agreements of the City herein and the performance by the City of its obligations hereunder, both as of the date hereof and as of the date of the Closing. The Underwriters' obligations under this Agreement are and shall be subject to the following further condition that at the time of the Closing, the Ordinance, the Undertaking and this Agreement shall be in full force and effect and the Ordinance and the Official Statement shall not have been amended, modified or supplemented except as may have been agreed to with respect to the Official Statement pursuant to Section 5 hereof, and the City shall have duly adopted and there shall be in full force and effect such ordinances as, in the opinion of Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP, Chicago, Illinois and Cotillas and Associates, Chicago, Illinois, as co-bond counsel ("Co-Bond CounseF) shall be necessary in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

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9. Tenriination of Agreement.

(a) The Underwriters shall have the right to cancel their obligations to purchase the Bonds and have the further right to terminate this Agreement, without liability therefor, by written notice to the City from the Representative, if, between the date hereof and the Closing:

(i) legislation shall have been enacted by the Congress of the United States to become effective on or prior to the Closing, or a decision of a court of the United States shall be rendered, or a stop order, ruling, regulation or proposed regulation by or on behalf of the SEC or other agency having jurisdiction over the subject matter shall be issued or made, to the effect that the issuance, sale and delivery of the Bonds, or any similar obligations of any similar public body of the general character of the City, is in violation of, or has the effect of requiring the contemplated offering, sale and distribution of the Bonds to be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as

amended, or the enactment of the Ordinance or any ordinance of similar character is in violation of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, or with the purpose or effect of otherwise prohibiting the issuance, sale or delivery of the Bonds as contemplated hereby or by the Official Statement or of obligations of the general character of the Bonds which, in the Representative's reasonable opinion, does materially adversely affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds, or

(ii) there shall have occurred any event which in the Representative's reasonable opinion, after consultation with its legal counsel, makes the Official Statement either (A) contain an untrue statement of a material fact or (B) omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in any material respect, and the City fails to prepare or furnish or fails to cause to be prepared or furnished to the Underwriters an amendment or supplement to the Official Statement, pursuant to Section 5 hereof, which will amend or supplement the Official Statement so that, as amended or supplemented, the Official Statement will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in a material respect, or

(iii) there shall be in force a general suspension of trading on The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., or minimum or maximum prices for trading shall have been fixed and be in force, or maximum ranges for prices for securities shall have been required and be in force on The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., whether by virtue of a determination by that Exchange or by order of the SEC or any other governmental authority having jurisdiction, or

(iv) a general banking moratorium shall have been declared by either federal, State or New York authorities having jurisdiction and be in force, or

(v) any legislation, ordinance, rule or regulation shall be enacted by the City or State, or any department or agency thereof, or a decision by any court of competent jurisdiction within the State shall be rendered which, in the reasonable opinion of the Representative, would have a material adverse effect on the market price or marketability of the Bonds, or

(vi) a war involving the United States, an outbreak or escalation of or adverse development in hostilities or terrorist activities or other national or international

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calamity or crisis shall have occurred which, in the reasonable opinion of the Representative, materially adversely affects the market price or marketability of the Bonds, or

(vii) there shall be any proceeding or threatened proceeding by the SEC against the City and such proceeding or threatened proceeding, in the reasonable opinion of the Representative, materially adversely affects the market price or marketability of the Bonds.

(b) If the City shall be unable to satisfy the conditions contained in this Agreement or if the Underwriters' obligations shall be terminated for any reason permitted by this Agreement, this Agreement shall terminate and neither the City nor the Underwriters shall have any further obligations hereunder.

10. Closing Conditions.

(a) The Underwriters' obligations to purchase, to accept delivery of and to pay for the Bonds at the Closing shall be conditioned upon the City's performance of its obligations under Sections 7 and 8 hereof and the Underwriters' receipt of the following documents:

(i) three copies of the Official Statement manually executed by the Chief Financial Officer;

(ii) the approving opinions, dated the date of the Closing, of Co-Bond Counsel to the City, substantially in the form attached to the Official Statement as Appendix D;

(iii) the opinions, dated the date of the Closing and addressed to the Representative on behalf of the

Underwriters and to the City, of Co-Bond Counsel, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B;

(iv) an opinion, dated the date of the Closing and addressed to the Representative on behalf of the Underwriters, of the Corporation Counsel of the City, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C;

(v) an opinion or opinions, dated the date of the Closing and addressed to the Representative on behalf of the Underwriters, of McGaugh & Associates, Chicago, Illinois, counsel for the Underwriters (herein collectively

"Underwriters' Counsel'), substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit D;

(vi) a certificate, dated the date of the Closing, signed by the Chief Financial Officer, to the effect that (A) the representations and warranties of the City herein are correct in all material respects as of the date of the Closing; and (B) to his knowledge, there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the City since December 31, 2009, as reflected in Appendix C to the Official Statement, except as set forth in the Official Statement;

(vii) a certificate of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as bond registrar and paying agent ("Bond Registrar"), to the effect that the Bond Registrar has full legal right, power and authority to act as the Bond Registrar under the Ordinance;

(viii) a certificate, dated the date of the Closing, signed by the

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Representative, in form and substance satisfactory to the City and Co-Bond Counsel;

(ix) an executed copy of the Undertaking substantially in the form summarized in the Official Statement under the heading "SECONDARY MARKET DISCLOSURE";

(x) a copy of an agreement between the City and DTC relating to the safekeeping and book-entry form of the Bonds;

(xi) a copy, duly certified by the City Clerk of the City, of the Ordinance, as passed by the City Council and approved by the Mayor;

(xii) evidence satisfactory to the Representative that the Bonds have ratings of A+ from S&P, Aa3 from Moody's and AA- from Fitch;

(xiii) such additional closing certificates and agreements, as Co-Bond Counsel shall reasonably determine to be necessary to deliver their opinions as provided hereinabove.

(b) All of the opinions, letters, certificates, instruments and other documents mentioned above or elsewhere in this Agreement will be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions hereof if, but only if, they are in form and substance satisfactory to the Representative, in its reasonable judgment. Payment for the Bonds and acceptance of the Bonds by the Underwriters shall constitute acknowledgment by the Underwriters of the City's full performance hereunder.

11. Expenses. The Underwriters shall be under no obligation to pay, and the City shall pay, any and all expenses incident to the performance of the City's obligations hereunder, including but not limited to: (a) the cost of the preparation and printing or other reproduction of the Ordinance, the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, as well as the cost of shipping the Official Statement; (b) the cost of the preparation and printing of the Bonds; (c) the fees and disbursements of Co-Bond Counsel; (d) the fees and disbursements of any experts or consultants retained by the City; (e) the fees of DTC and the Bond Registrar; and (f) the fees for the municipal bond ratings on the Bonds. The Underwriters will pay the expenses incurred by them or any of them in connection with their public offering and distribution of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, the CUSIP Service Bureau charges, the fees and expenses of Underwriters' Counsel and advertising expenses directly incurred by the Underwriters.

12. Notices. Any notice or other communication to be given to the City under this Agreement shall be given by delivering the same in writing at the address set forth above, and any such notice or other communication to be given to the Underwriters shall be given by delivering the same in writing to the Representative at the following address:

Loop Capital Markets LLC

200 West Jackson Blvd, Suite 1600

Chicago, Illinois 60606

Attention: Clarence Bourne, Senior Vice President

13. No Third Party Beneficiaries, Survival, Etc. This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the City and the Underwriters (including the successors or assigns of any Underwriter),

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and no other person, partnership, association or corporation including any purchaser of the Bonds shall acquire

or have any right hereunder or by virtue hereof. All of the representations and agreements by the City in this Agreement shall remain operative and in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the Underwriters and shall survive the delivery of and payment for the Bonds.

14. Governing Law. The rights and obligations of the parties to this Agreement shall be governed by, construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State, without giving effect to the conflict of laws provisions thereof

15. Representations and Warranties of the Underwriters. The Underwriters represent and warrant that: (a) They have heretofore authorized the Representative to execute any document on behalf of or exercise any authority of and otherwise to act for, the Underwriters in all matters under or pertaining to this Agreement. Each Underwriter has warranted and confirmed to the Representative, and the Representative warrants and confirms to the City that: (i) it is duly registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Acf), as a brokez/dealer or municipal securities dealer and has duly paid the fee prescribed by MSRB Rule A-12 or is exempt from such requirements, (ii) it is (a) a member in good standing of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") or (b) otherwise eligible under FINRA rules to receive underwriting discounts and concessions available to such members with respect to underwriters of municipal securities, and (iii) it has complied with the dealer registration requirements, if any, of the various jurisdictions in which it offers Bonds for sale. The Underwriters represent, warrant and covenant that they are and will be in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations in connection with the offering, issuance and sale of the Bonds. (b) To the knowledge of the Underwriters, no person holding office of the City, either by election or appointment, is in any manner financially interested, either directly in the officer's own name or indirectly in the name of any other person, association, trust or corporation, in any contract being entered into or the performance of any work to be carried out in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds upon which said officer may be called upon to act or vote.

(c) Each Underwriter severally represents to the City that neither the Underwriter, nor any Affiliate thereof is listed on any of the following lists maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury, the Bureau of Industry and Security of the U.S. Department of Commerce, the U.S. Department of State or their successors, or on any other list of persons or entities with which the City may not do business under any applicable law, rule, regulation, order or judgment: the Specially Designated Nationals List, the Denied Persons List, the Unverified List, the Entity List, the List of Statutorily Debarred Parties and the Excluded Parties List. Such representation shall be provided to the City in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E.

For purposes of this representation, "Affiliate," when used to indicate a relationship with a specified person or entity, means a person or entity that, directly or

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indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such specified person or entity, and a person or entity shall be deemed to be controlled by another person or entity, if controlled in any manner whatsoever that results in control in fact by that other person or entity (or that other person or entity and any persons or entities with whom that other person or entity is acting jointly or in concert), whether directly or indirectly and whether through share ownership, a trust, a contract or otherwise. (d) The Underwriters may enter into distribution agreements with certain financial institutions for the retail distribution of municipal securities, including the Bonds, at the public offering price. In accordance with such arrangements, the Underwriters may share a portion of its underwriting compensation.

(e) Each of the Underwriters undertakes to the City that it will comply with all applicable laws and regulations in each country or jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Bonds or has in its possession or distributes the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement or any related offering material, in all cases at its own expense and each underwriter undertakes and agrees to comply with the applicable selling restrictions as set forth in the Official Statement.

(f) To the knowledge of the Underwriters after commercially reasonable and appropriate due diligence, the Underwriters have formed an independent reasonable belief that the City is currently in compliance with, and

will provide ongoing, continuing disclosure in accordance with Rule 15c2-12 adopted by the SEC under the 1934 Act, as the same may be amended from time to time.

(g) They have offered the Bonds for sale only in the United States of America.

16. Approval. The approval of the Underwriters when required hereunder or the determination of their satisfaction as to any document referred to herein shall be in writing signed by the Representative and delivered to the City.

17. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns, and will not confer any rights upon any other person. The terms "successors" and "assigns" shall not include any purchaser of any Bond or Bonds from the Underwriters merely because of such purchase.

18. Enforceability. If any provision of this Agreement shall be held or deemed to be or shall, in fact, be invalid, inoperative or unenforceable as applied in any particular case in any jurisdiction or jurisdictions, or in all jurisdictions, because it conflicts with any provisions of any constitution, statute, rule or public policy, or for any other reason, such circumstances shall not have the effect of rendering the provision in question invalid, inoperative or unenforceable in any other case or circumstances, or of rendering any other provision or provisions of this Agreement invalid, inoperative or unenforceable to any extent whatsoever.

19. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be regarded as the original and all of which shall constitute one and the same document.

20. Business Relationships with City Elected Officials. Each Underwriter understands and agrees that it is required to and will comply with the provisions of Chapter 2-56 and 2-156 of 10

the Municipal Code of Chicago (the "Municipal Code"). Pursuant to Section 2-156-030(b) of the Municipal Code, it is illegal for any elected official of the City, or any person acting at the direction of such official, to contact, either orally or in writing, any other City official or employee with respect to any matter involving any person with whom the elected official has a business relationship, or to participate in any discussion in any City Council committee hearing or in any City Council meeting or to vote on any matter involving the person with whom an elected official has a business relationship. Violation of Section 2-156-030(b) of the Municipal Code by any elected official with respect to this Agreement shall be grounds for termination of this Agreement. The term "business relationship" shall be defined as set forth in Section 2-156-080 of the Municipal Code. 11

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Bond Purchase Agreement in connection with the City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 201 OB (Build-America Bonds-Direct Payment), to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date first above written.

Accepted by the City: CITY OF CHICAGO

Edward M. Burke Chairman, Committee on Finance of the City Council Very truly yours,

THE UNDERWRITERS

Loop Capital Markets LLC Wells Fargo Bank, National Association Duncan Williams, Inc. Estrada Hinojosa & Company, Inc. Incapital LLC Melvin & Company LLC Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc. Stifel Nicolaus & Co. **By: Loop Capital Markets LLC** As Representative By: Clarence Bourne Senior Vice President

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SCHEDULE I TERMS OF BONDS

1. Aggregate Principal Amount: \$213,555,000

2. Dated: December 14, 2010

3. Maturities, Principal Amounts, Interest Rates, Yields, Prices and CUSIP Numbers:

\$213,555,000 General Obligation Bonds Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds-Direct Payment)

\$213,555,000 7.517% Term Bonds due January 1, 2040, Price 100.000% CUSIP: 167486MK2 13

Redemption

The Bonds are subject to both optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity, as described below. The Bonds shall be redeemed only in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Optional Redemption. The Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, on any date at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of Bonds of such series to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Bonds of such series to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate (defined below) plus 50 basis points plus accrued interest on the Bonds of such series being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption. The City's Chief Financial Officer or the City Comptroller (each such officer being hereinafter referred to as an "Authorized Officer") shall confirm and transmit the redemption price as so calculated on such dates and to such parties as shall be necessary to effectuate such redemption.

The "Treasury Rate" is, as of any redemption date, the yield to maturity as of such redemption date of Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519) that has become publicly available four Business Days (as defined below) prior to the redemption date (excluding inflation indexed securities) (or, if such Statistical Release is no longer published, any publicly available source of similar market data)) most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to the Bonds of such series to be redeemed; provided, however, that if the period from the redemption date to such maturity date is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year will be used. "Business Day" means any day other than a day on which banks in New York, New York, Chicago, Illinois, or the city in which the Bond Registrar maintains its designated office are required or authorized to close. The Treasury Rate will be determined by an independent accounting firm, investment banking firm or financial advisor retained by the City at the City's expense.

The City is authorized to sell or waive any right the City may have to call the Taxable Bonds for optional redemption.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption. The Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part on any date upon the occurrence of an "Extraordinary Event" (as defined below), at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of Bonds of such series to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Bonds of such series to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate plus 100 basis points plus accrued interest on the Bonds of such series being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption.

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An "Extraordinary Event" means any determination by the City that a material adverse change has occurred to Section 54AA or 6431 of the Code or any other applicable Section of the Code or there is any guidance

published by the Internal Revenue Service or the Treasury with respect to such Sections or any other determination by the Internal Revenue Service or the Treasury, pursuant to which the Subsidy Payments from the Treasury with respect to the Taxable Series 201 OB Bonds is reduced, eliminated or adversely adjusted. Mandatory Redemption of the Bonds. The Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption, in part and by lot, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof, on January 1 of the following years and in the following principal amounts, provided, however, if less than all of the Taxable Bonds of a single maturity within such series are to be redeemed prior to maturity, the particular Taxable Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed will be selected on a pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal basis in accordance with DTC procedures.

 Taxable Series 2010B Bonds due January 1,2040

Year Principal Amount

2036 \$38,735,000 2037 40,630,000 2038 42,615,000 2039 44,695,000 2040* 46,880,000 *Final Maturity 15

EXHIBIT A PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT A-1

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED OCTOBER 26, 2010 NEW ISSUE-GLOBAL BOOK ENTRY RATINGS: See "RATINGS" herein.

In the opinion of Co-Bond Counsel, under existing larv, if there is continuing compliance with certain requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, interest on the Series 2010A Bonds will not be includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes. Interest on the Series 2010A Bonds is not. required to be included as an item of tax preference for purposes of computing individual or corporate "alternative minimum taxable income." However, interest on the Series 2010A Bonds is includable in corporate earnings and profits and therefore must be taken into account when computing corporate alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the corporate alternative minimum tax. Interest on the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds and Taxable Series 2010C Bonds is not excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Interest on tlie Bonds is not exempt from Illinois income taxes. See "TAX MATTERS" herein.

\$804,285,000* CITY OF CHICAGO

\$213,590,000* General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment)

\$123,155,000* General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2010A

Dated: Date of Delivery

\$467,540,000* General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2010C

Due: As shown on the inside front cover page

The General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2010A (the "Series 2010A Bonds"), the General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) (the "Taxable Series 2010B Bonds"), and the General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2010C (the "Taxable Series 2010C Bonds," and collectively, with the Series 2010A Bonds and the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds, the "Bonds") will be issuable as fully registered bonds and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Purchasers of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their interests in the Bonds purchased. Ownership by the beneficial owners of the Bonds will be evidenced by book-entry only.

Interest on the Bonds will accrue from the date of issuance and be payable on each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1,2011. Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be paid by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association as bond registrar and paying agent (the "Bond Registrar"), to DTC, which in turn will remit such principal and interest payments to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. As long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner as nominee of DTC, payments on the Bonds will be made to such registered owner, and disbursal of such payments will be the responsibility of DTC and its participants. See "THE BONDS - Book-Entry System."

The Bonds are direct and general obligations of the City of Chicago (the "City"). The City has pledged its full faith and credit for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds.

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as described herein. See "THE BONDS - Redemption."

For maturities, principal amounts, interest rates, prices or yields and CUSD? numbers of the Bonds, see the inside front cover page.

Ttve Bonds are being offered when, as and if issued, and subject to the delivery of approving legal opinions by Katten Muchin

Rosenman LLP, Cliicago, Illinois, and Cotillas and Associates, Chicago, Illinois, Co-Bond Counsel, and to certain other conditions. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the City by its Corporation Counsel and for the Underwriters by their counsel McGaugh & Associates, Chicago, Illinois. Il is expected that the Bonds will be available for delivery through the facilities of DTC on or about , 2010. Loop Capital Markets Duncan-Williams, Inc. Incapital LLC BAIRD Wells Fargo Securities Estrada Hinojosa & Company, Inc. Melvin & Company Stifel Nicolaus & Co. Dated: ,2010 * Preliminary; subject to change MATURITIES, AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, PRICES OR YIELDS AND CUSIP NUMBERS¹ \$123,155,000* General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2010A Principal Interest or Maturity Principal Interest or **Price Price Maturity** Rate Yield* CUSIP (January 1) Amount Rate Yield CUSIP (January 1) Amount % Term Bonds due January 1, 20 , Price 100.000% CUSIPf: \$213,590,000* General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) **Price Price Maturity** Principal Interest or Maturity **Principal Interest or** (January 1) Amount Rate Yield* CUSIP (January 1) Amount Rate Yield CUSIP % Term Bonds due January 1, 20 , Price 100.000% CUSIP*: \$467,540,000* General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2010C **Price Price Maturity** Principal Interest or Maturity Principal Interest or Yield CUSIP (January 1) Amount Rate (January 1) Amount Rate Yield CUSIP % Term Bonds due January 1,20 , Price 100.000% CUSIP*: Copyright 2010, American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein arc provided by CUSIP Global Services LLC, managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by Standard & Poor's, a subsidiary of The McGraw -Hill Companies, Inc. The CUSIP numbers listed are being provided solely for the convenience of the Bonds roll at the time of issuance of the Bonds and the City does not market any representation with respect to such numbers or undertake any responsibility for their accuracy now or at any time in the future. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds are result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds. * Preliminary, subject to change. CITY OF CHICAGO MAYOR Richard M. Daley **CITY TREASURER** Stephanie D. Neely **CITY CLERK** Miguel del Valle **CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ON FINANCE** Edward M. Burke, Chairman **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER** Gene R. Saffold **CITY COMPTROLLER** Steven J. Lux **BUDGET DIRECTOR** Eugene L. Munin **CORPORATION COUNSEL** Mara S. Georges, Esq. **CO-BOND COUNSEL** Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP Chicago, Illinois Cotillas and Associates Chicago, Illinois FINANCIAL ADVISOR Gardner, Underwood & Bacon-Illinois, LLC Chicago, Illinois

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Certain information contained in, or incorporated by reference in, this Official Statement has been obtained by the City of Chicago (the "City") from The Depository Trust Company and other sources that are deemed reliable. No representation or warranty is made, however, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information by the Underwriters or the City. The Underwriters have provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriters have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with and as part of their responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information and nothing contained in this Official Statement is or shall be relied upon as a promise or representation by the Underwriters. This Official Statement is being used in connection with the sale of securities as referred to herein and may not be used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose. The delivery of this Official Statement at any time does not imply that information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to its date. No dealer, broker, salesperson or any other person has been authorized by the City or the Underwriters to give any information or to make any representation other than as contained in this Official Statement in connection with the offering described herein and, if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than those described on the inside cover page, nor shall there be any offer to sell, solicitation of an offer to buy or sale of such securities in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful to make such offer, solicitation or sale. Neither this Official Statement nor any statement that may have been made verbally or in writing is to be construed as a contract with the registered or beneficial owners of the Bonds.

Any statements made in this Official Statement, including the Appendices, involving matters of opinion or estimates, whether or not so expressly stated, are set forth as such and not as representations of fact, and no representation is made that any of such estimates will be realized. This Official Statement contains certain forward-looking statements and information that are based on the City's beliefs, as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the City. Such statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or expected.

These securities have not been recommended by any federal or state securities commission or regulatory authority. Furthermore, the foregoing authorities have not confirmed the accuracy or determined the adequacy of this Official Statement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE BONDS, THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICES OF THE BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING. IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME. THE PRICES AND OTHER TERMS RESPECTING THE OFFERING AND SALE OF THE BONDS MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITERS AFTER THE BONDS ARE RELEASED FOR SALE, AND THE BONDS MAY BE OFFERED AND SOLD AT PRICES OTHER THAN THE INITIAL OFFERING PRICES. INCLUDING SALES TO DEALERS WHO MAY SELL THE BONDS INTO INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS. iii

INFORMATION CONCERNING OFFERING RESTRICTIONS IN CERTAIN JURISDICTIONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES **MINIMUM UNIT SALES**

THE BONDS WILL TRADE AND SETTLE ON A UNIT BASIS (ONE UNIT EQUALING ONE BOND OF \$5,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT). FOR ANY SALES MADE OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, THE MINIMUM PURCHASE AND TRADING AMOUNT IS 20 UNITS (BEING 20 BONDS IN AN AGGREGATE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF \$100,000).

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS LOCATED IN AUSTRALIA

This Official Statement is not a prospectus, disclosure document or product disclosure statement for the purposes of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (the "Act"). It is not required to contain, and does not contain, all the information which would be required in a prospectus, disclosure document or product disclosure statement. It has not been lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC").

The offer or invitation contained in this Official Statement is only made to persons to whom an offer of securities can be made in Australia without a disclosure document in accordance with Chapter 6D of the Act as either:

1. a "sophisticated investor" who is exempt from the disclosure requirements under section 708(8) of the Act; or

2. a "professional investor" who is exempt from the disclosure requirements under section 708(11) of the Act. This Official Statement and any other documents provided in connection with it are furnished solely on the basis that the recipient in Australia is a "sophisticated investor" or a "professional investor". The information may not be reproduced or

redistributed to any other persons except with the City's prior written consent. This Official Statement and any other documents provided in connection with it are strictly confidential.

An investor may not transfer or offer to transfer or sell their securities to any person where the offer is received in Australia unless the transfer or the offer can be made without a disclosure document in accordance with Chapter 6D of the Act (for example, as an offer to either a "sophisticated investor" or "professional investor" who is exempt from the disclosure requirements under section 708(8) or (11) (respectively) of the Act).

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF BRAZIL

THE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED WITH THE BRAZILIAN SECURITIES COMMISSION (COMISSAO DE VALORES MOBILIARIOS - "CVM"). ANY PUBLIC OFFERING, AS DEFINED UNDER BRAZILIAN LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE SECURITIES IN BRAZIL IS NOT LEGAL WITHOUT SUCH PRIOR REGISTRATION UNDER LAW NO. 6.385/76.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN THE PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA

This Official Statement has not been and will not be circulated or distributed in the Peoples Republic of China ("PRC"), and the securities may not be offered or sold, and will not be offered or sold

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to any person for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, to any residents of the PRC except pursuant to applicable laws and regulations of the PRC. For the purposes of this paragraph, the PRC does not include Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macau.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN DENMARK

This Official Statement does not constitute a prospectus under any Danish law and has not been filed with or approved by the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority as this Official Statement has not been prepared in the context of a public offering of securities in Denmark within the meaning of the Danish Securities Trading Act or any Executive Orders issued pursuant thereto. Pursuant to Section 11 (1) of the Danish Prospectus Order No. 223 of 10 March 2010 and Section 2 of the Danish Executive Order No. 222 of March 10, 2010, this Official Statement will only be directed to:

(i) qualified investors as defined in Section 2 of the Danish Prospectus Order No. 223 of 10 March 2010, and/or (ii) fewer than 100 natural or legal persons in Denmark, and/or

(iii) investors who acquire securities for a total consideration of at least EUR 50,000 per investor for each single offer of securities, and/or

(iv) securities which are subject to a minimum denomination equivalent to at least EUR 50,000 per security.

Accordingly, this Official Statement may not be made available nor may the securities otherwise be marketed and offered for sale in Denmark other than in circumstances which are deemed not to be considered as marketing or an offer to the public in Denmark.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN DUBAI

This Official Statement relates to an Exempt Offer in accordance with the Offered Securities Rules of the Dubai Financial Services Authority.

This Official Statement is intended for distribution only to persons of a type specified in those rules. It must not be delivered to, or relied on by, any other person.

The Dubai Financial Services Authority has no responsibility for reviewing or verifying any documents in connection with Exempt Offers. The Dubai Financial Services Authority has not approved this Official Statement nor taken steps to verify the information set out in it, and has no responsibility for it.

The securities to which this Official Statement relates may be illiquid and/or subject to restrictions on their resale. Prospective purchasers of the securities offered should conduct their own due diligence on the securities.

If you do not understand the contents of this Official Statement you should consult an authorised financial adviser.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AREA

This Official Statement has been prepared on the basis that all offers of the securities will be made pursuant to an exemption under Article 3 of Directive 2003/7 1/EC (the "Prospectus Directive"), as

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implemented in member states of the European Economic Area (the "EEA"), from the requirement to produce a prospectus for offers of the securities. Accordingly, any person making or intending to make any offer within the EEA of the securities should only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the City or any of the initial purchasers to produce a prospectus for such offer. Neither the City nor the initial purchasers have authorized, nor do they authorize, the making of any offer of securities through any financial intermediary, other than offers made by the initial purchasers, which constitute the final placement of the securities contemplated in this Official Statement.

In relation to each Member State of the EEA that has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State"), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State, the offer of any securities which is the subject of the offering contemplated by this Official Statement is not being made and will not be made to the public in that Relevant Member State, other than: (a) to legal entities which are authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorized or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in securities; (b) to any legal entity which has two or more of (i) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year, (ii) a total balance sheet of more than Euro 43,000,000, and (iii) an annual net turnover of more than Euro 50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts; or (c) in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive: provided that no such offer of the securities shall require the City or the initial purchasers to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive. For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer of securities to the public" in relation to the securities in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the securities to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase the securities, as the same may be varied in that Relevant Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State and the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/7 1/BC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each Relevant Member State.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF FRANCE

The securities have not been offered or sold and will not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, by way of a public offer in France (offre an public, as defined in articles L. 411-1 et seq., of the Code Monetaire et Financier (the "Monetary and Financial Code")).

The securities may not lawfully be offered or sold to persons in France nor may any offering material be distributed in connection therewith, except to (i) qualified investors (investisseurs qualifies) and/or (ii) a restricted circle of investors each investing for their own account and/or (iii) to persons carrying out the activity of portfolio management on behalf of third parties (gestion de portefeuille pour compte de tiers) in compliance with Articles L. 411-1 et seq. of the Code Monetaire et Financier and the General Regulation of the Autorite des Marches Financiers.

Pursuant to Article 211-3 of the General Regulation of the Autorite des Marches Financiers, residents of France are hereby informed that:

1. the offer does not require a prospectus to be submitted for approval to the AMF. Neither this Official Statement nor any other offering document has been or will be submitted to the "Autorite des Marches Financiers" for approval;

2. persons or entities referred to in Point 4°, Section II of Article L.411-2 of the Monetary and Financial Code (qualified investors and/or restricted circle of investors) may take part in the offer

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solely for their own account, as provided in Articles D. 411-1, D. 411-2, D. 734-1, D. 744-1, D. 754-1 and D. 764-1 of the Monetary and Financial Code; and

3. the securities thus acquired cannot be distributed directly or indirectly to the public otherwise than in accordance with Articles L. 411-1, L. 411-2, L. 412-1 and L. 621-8 to L. 621-8-3 of the Monetary and Financial Code.

This Official Statement is furnished to potential qualified investors solely for their information and may not be reproduced or redistributed to any other person. It is strictly confidential and is solely destined for qualified investors to which it was initially supplied.

This Official Statement or any other .material relating to the securities may not be distributed to the public in France or used in connection with any offer for subscription or sale of securities in France other than in accordance with articles L. 411-2, D. 411-1 and D. 411-2 of the Code Monetaire et Financier. Any contact with potential qualified investors in France does not and will not constitute financial and banking solicitation (Demarchage Bancaire et Financier) as defined in

articles L. 341-1 et seq. of the Code Monetaire et Financier.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN GERMANY

The securities have not been, will not be and may not be offered, promoted or sold, either directly or indirectly, in Germany by way of an offer to the public within the meaning of section 2 No. 4 of the Securities Prospectus Act (Wertpapierprospektgesetz).

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to subscribe for or buy any of the securities offered hereby to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation in Germany. This Official Statement is given to potential investors solely for their information and may not be distributed to any other person. It is confidential and solely targeted at the recipients, i.e. qualified investors within the meaning of section 2 No. 6 of the Securities Prospectus Act, to which it has been initially supplied.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF HONG KONG

The securities have not been authorised by the securities and futures commission in Hong Kong for public offering in Hong Kong, nor has a copy of this Official Statement been registered with the registrar of companies in Hong Kong. The securities may not be offered or sold by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute, or form part of, an offer to the public within the meaning of the companies ordinance (Cap.32 of the laws of Hong Kong), or (ii) to "professional investors" within the meaning of the securities and futures ordinance (Cap.571 of the laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstance which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" within the meaning of the securities may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to the securities which are or are intended to be sold or otherwise disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" within the meaning of the securities and futures ordinance (cap.571 of the laws of Hong Kong) and any rules made thereunder.

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF JAPAN

The securities have not been and will not be registered under the financial instruments and exchange law of Japan (law no. 25 of 1948, as amended, the "FIEL"). The securities may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEL and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN KOREA

The securities have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Investments Services and Capital Markets Act of Korea and the decrees and regulations thereunder (the "FSCMA") and the securities are offered in Korea only by way of private placement in conformance with the conditions required for exemption from registration under the FSCMA. Neither the City nor any of the Underwriters is making any representation with respect to the eligibility of any recipient of this Official Statement to acquire the securities under the laws of Korea. None of the securities may be offered, sold and delivered directly or indirectly, or offered or sold to any person for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Korea or to any resident of Korea except pursuant to the applicable laws and regulations thereunder (the "FSCMA and the Foreign Exchange Transaction Law of Korea and the decrees and regulations thereunder (the "FETL"). For a period of one year from the issue date of the securities, the denomination of the securities may not be sub-divided. Furthermore, the purchaser of the securities shall comply with all applicable regulatory requirements (including but not limited to requirements under the FETL) in connection with the purchase of the securities.

Each Underwriter will represent and agree that it has not offered, sold or delivered the securities directly or indirectly to any person for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Korea or to any resident of Korea and will not offer, sell or deliver the securities directly or indirectly to any person for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly to any person for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Korea or to any resident of Korea, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FSCMA, the FETL and other relevant laws and regulations of Korea.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN THE NETHERLANDS

1. In accordance with the Dutch Financial Supervision Act ("Wet op het Financieel Toezicht" or "Wft") and the Wft

Exemptions Regulation (in Dutch: "Vrijstellingsregeling Wft") a straight forward offering of the securities to the public in the Netherlands requires publication of a prospectus that is duly approved by the competent Dutch authority (i.e. Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets, in Dutch: "Autoriteit Financiele Markten" or "AFM") or by a competent authority of another European Member State, unless:

(a) the securities are offered exclusively to qualified investors as defined in the Wft; and/or

(b) the securities are offered to less than 100 people, not being qualified investors as defined in the Wft; and/or

(c) the securities are offered in minimum lots of EUR 50,000 in terms of nominal value or subscription price; and/or viii

(d) the total consideration value of the offering of securities involves a total amount of less than EUR 100,000 calculated over a 12-month-period; and/or

(e) the offering of securities forms part of an offer under which the total consideration value of the offer, calculated over a period of twelve months, does not exceed EUR 2.5 million, provided that in all relevant documentation and advertisements the offeror mentions that the offer in question is exempted from the statutory requirement to publish a prospectus; and/or

(f) the securities are offered to investors, not being qualified investors, who have concluded a written mandate agreement ("schriftelijke overeenkomst van lastgeving") with an asset manager entitled . to provide investment services under the law of the Netherlands and who is entitled in terms of that agreement to undertake or realise transactions at his own discretion without taking orders from or consulting with the investors who granted the mandate.

2. In light of the above, the securities that are offered to you without publication of a prospectus that is duly approved by the AFM or by a competent authority of another European Member State shall not be deemed to be in violation of the Wft and the Wft Exemption Regulation, if and insofar as:

(a) you are a qualified investor as defined in the Wft; and /or

(b) you are not a qualified investor as defined in the Wft, but you have concluded a written mandate agreement ("schriftelijke overeenkomst van lastgeving") with an asset manager entitled to provide investment services under the law of the Netherlands and who is entitled in terms of that agreement to undertake or realise transactions in the securities at his own discretion without being required to take orders from or consult with you; and/or

(c) you invest at least EUR 50,000 in the acquisition of the securities.

3. The offering of securities is only aimed at, directed and made to prospective investors in The Netherlands who fall within the scope of par. 2 above and, therefore, any response to an offer of securities made by an investor that does not fall within the scope of par. 2 above shall not be deemed to constitute nor imply acceptance of the offer and the offeror shall in that case not be held to sell the securities to that investor.

4. This notice is furnished to prospective investors in The Netherlands only in connection with this Official Statement and is solely for their information. This opinion is not to be used, circulated, quoted or otherwise relied upon by any other person or entity or, for any purpose.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN NEW ZEALAND

No action has been taken to authorize the offer of any of the securities to the public in New Zealand. Accordingly, the securities may not be offered or sold, or re-offered or resold, and this Official Statement or any other material in connection with the securities may not be issued, circulated, delivered or distributed, in New Zealand, either directly or indirectly, other than to:

(a) persons whose principal business is the investment of money or who, in the course of and for the purposes of their business, habitually invest money;

(b) persons who are each required to pay a minimum subscription price of at least \$500,000 for the securities before the allotment of those securities;

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(c) persons who have each, in a single transaction, previously paid the City a minimum subscription price of at least \$500,000 for other securities issued by the same entity before the allotment of such other securities and provided that the offer of the current securities is made within 18 months of the date of the first allotment of the previous securities; or (d) persons who are "eligible persons" (as defined in Section 5(2CC) of the Securities Act 1978 (NZ)), in each case as interpreted in accordance with the Securities Act 1978 (NZ) and the laws of New Zealand.

All persons into whose possession this material may come must inform themselves about and strictly observe the restrictions detailed in the preceding sentence.

This Official Statement is not a New Zealand registered prospectus or investment statement, the content of which is prescribed by the Securities Act 1978 (NZ) and other laws, and does not contain the information that such documents

would be required to contain.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN NORWAY

This Official Statement has not been produced in accordance with the prospectus requirements laid down in the Norwegian Securities Trading Act 2007, nor in accordance with the prospectus requirements laid down in the Norwegian Securities Fund Act of 1981 as amended. This Official Statement has not been approved or disapproved by, or registered with, the Oslo Stock Exchange, the Norwegian FSA (Finanstilsynet) nor the Norwegian Registry of Business Enterprises. The interests described herein have not been and will not be offered or sold to the public in Norway and no offering or marketing materials relating to the shares may be made available or distributed in any way that would constitute, directly or indirectly, an offer to the public in Norway. This Official Statement is for the recipient only and may not in any way be forwarded to any other person or to the public in Norway.

SELLING RESTRICTIONS FOR OFFER OF SECURITIES IN SINGAPORE TO ACCREDITED INVESTORS AND INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS

Neither this Official Statement nor any other document or material in connection with any offer of the securities has been or will be lodged or registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) under the Securities and Futures Act (Cap.289) of Singapore (SFA). Accordingly, MAS assumes no responsibility for the contents of this Official Statement. This Official Statement is not a prospectus as defined in the SFA and statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the contents of prospectuses would not apply.

This Official Statement and any other documents or materials in connection with this offer and the securities may not be directly or indirectly issued, circulated or distributed, nor may the securities be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under section 274 of the SFA;

(ii) to a relevant person (as defined in section 275(2) of the SFA) pursuant to section 275(1) of the SFA;

(iii) to any person pursuant to the conditions of section 275(1 A) of the SFA; or (iv) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with, the conditions of any other applicable provisions of the SFA.

Any subsequent offers in Singapore of securities acquired pursuant to an initial offer made in reliance on an exemption under section 274 of the SFA or section 275 of the SFA may only be made, pursuant to the requirements of section 276 of the SFA, for the initial six month period after such acquisition to persons who are institutional investors (as defined in section 4A of the SFA) or to accredited investors and certain other persons (as set out in section 275 of the SFA). Any transfer after such initial six month period in Singapore shall be made, pursuant to the requirements of section 257 of **x**

the SFA, in reliance on any applicable exemption under Subdivision (4) of Division 1 of Part XIII of the SFA. In addition to the above, pursuant to the requirements of section 276(3) of the SFA, where the securities are acquired pursuant to an offer made in reliance on the exemption under section 275 of the SFA by a corporation (other than a corporation that is an accredited investor (as defined in section 4A of the SFA)) whose sole business is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals each of whom is an accredited investor (as defined in section 4A of the SFA), securities of such corporation shall not be transferred within 6 months after the corporation has acquired the securities pursuant to an offer made in reliance on the exemption under section 275 of the SFA unless that transfer is made only to institutional investors (as defined section 4A of the SFA) or relevant persons (as defined in section 275(2) of the SFA); or arises from an offer referred to in section 275(1 A) of the SFA; or no consideration is or will be given for the transfer; or the transfer is by operation of law. This restriction does not apply to securities previously made in or accompanied by a prospectus and which are of the same class as other securities of a corporation listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

Pursuant to the requirements of section 276(4) of the SFA, where the securities are acquired pursuant to an offer made in reliance on the exemption under section 275 of the SFA for a trust (other than a trust the trustee of which is an accredited investor (as defined in section 4A of the SFA)) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor (as defined in section 4A of the SFA)) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor (as defined in section 4A of the SFA), the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in the trust shall not be transferred within 6 months after the securities are acquired for the trust pursuant to an offer made in reliance on the exemption under section 275 of the SFA unless that transfer is made only to institutional investors (as defined in section 4A of the SFA) or relevant persons (as defined in section 275(2) of the SFA); or arises from an offer that is made on terms that such rights or interest are acquired at a consideration of not less than S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in a foreign currency) for each transaction, whether such amount is to be paid for in cash or by exchange of securities or other assets; or no consideration is or will be given for the transfer; or the transfer is by operation of law. This restriction does not apply to securities previously made in or accompanied by a prospectus and

which are of the same class as other securities of a corporation listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

NOTICE TO SWEDISH INVESTORS

This Official Statement has not been, and will not be, registered with or approved by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (Sw. Finansinspektionen). Accordingly, this Official Statement is not intended for and may not be made available to the public in Sweden. Nor may the securities otherwise be marketed and offered for sale, other than under circumstances that are deemed not to be an offer to the public in Sweden under the Swedish Financial Instruments Trading Act (1991:980). Notwithstanding the above, if the offer is deemed as an offer to the public in Sweden, please note that the offer is directed solely to qualified investors.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN SWITZERLAND

This Official Statement together with the any accompanying documents does not constitute an issue prospectus to Art. 1156 and Art. 652a of the Swiss Federal Code of Obligations. The securities may not be offered to the public in or from Switzerland, but only to a selected and limited circle of investors. This Official Statement together with any accompanying documents and any other supplement hereto are personal to each offeree and do not constitute an offer to any other person. This Official Statement together with any accompanying documents may only be used by those persons to whom they have been

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distributed in connection with the offering of the securities and may neither be copied nor directly or indirectly be distributed nor be made available to other persons without the express prior written consent of the City.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN TAIWAN

The offer of the securities has not been and will not be registered with the Financial Supervisory Commission of Taiwan pursuant to relevant securities laws and regulations of Taiwan and the securities, including any copy of this Official Statement or any other documents relating to the securities, may not be offered, sold, delivered or distributed within Taiwan through a public offering or in circumstances which constitute an offer within the meaning of the Securities and Exchange Act of Taiwan that requires the prior registration with or approval of the Financial Supervisory Commission of Taiwan. Taiwan investors who subscribe and purchase the securities shall comply with all relevant securities, tax and foreign exchange laws and regulations in effect in Taiwan.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS FROM THE KINGDOM OF THAILAND Warnings:

Prior to making an investment decision, investors should exercise their own judgment when considering information relating to a party issuing securities or bonds as well as the terms and conditions of the securities or bonds, including the suitability of such securities or bonds for investment and their relevant risk exposure. Nothing in this Official Statement should be read to represent or even suggest that the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission have recommended investment in the offered securities or bonds; nor does this Official Statement contain any assurance in relation to the value or returns on the offered securities or bonds; nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission noted, acknowledged or certified the accuracy and completeness of information contained in this Official Statement. The liability for certification of the accuracy and completeness of information contained in this Official Statement is vested in the offerer of the securities or bonds.

If this Official Statement contains any false statements or omits to state any material information which should have been disclosed, the securities or bond holders shall be entitled to claim damages from the securities or bond offeror or the securities or bond owners pursuant to section 82 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 (1992). Risks and restrictions:

In respect of investing in securities or bonds in this Official Statement, investors shall be entitled to rights and protections similar in nature to those provided by any foreign jurisdiction to investors making direct investments in the securities or bonds offered. Accordingly, investors are strongly encouraged to review and update themselves on the pertinent laws and regulations of the Kingdom of Thailand, the foreign offeror's home jurisdiction and of any jurisdiction where the securities or bonds of the foreign offeror are traded on an exchange.

This Official Statement is not intended to be distributed or offered in the Kingdom of Thailand and nothing in this Official Statement shall be construed as an invitation or a solicitation to investors in Thailand. Should an investor from Thailand be interested in the securities or bonds herein, it is at one's own free-will and one's endeavor to make a decision to invest in such securities or bonds, concerning proceedings including settlement shall be conducted in the jurisdiction of the securities or bonds issuer or any other jurisdiction except in the Kingdom of Thailand.

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NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN THE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

This Official Statement has not been reviewed, approved or licensed by the UAE Central Bank or any other relevant licensing authorities or governmental agencies in the United Arab Emirates. This Official Statement is strictly private and confidential and has not been reviewed, deposited or registered with any licensing authority or governmental agency in the United Arab Emirates, and is being issued to a limited number of institutional or private investors and must not be provided to any person other than the original recipient and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose. The securities may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly to the public in the United Arab Emirates.

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM

This Official Statement is for distribution only to, and is directed solely at, persons who (i) are outside the United Kingdom, (ii) are investment professionals, as such term is defined in Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, as amended (the "Financial Promotion Order"), (iii) are persons falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Financial Promotion Order, or (iv) are persons to whom an invitation or inducement to engage in investment banking activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) in connection with the issue or sale of any securities may otherwise be lawfully communicated or caused to be communicated (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons"). This Official Statement is directed only at relevant persons and must not be acted on or relied on by persons who are not relevant persons. Any investment or investment activity to which this Official Statement relates is available only to relevant persons and will be engaged in only with relevant persons. Any person who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this Official Statement or any of its contents.

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\$804,285,000* CITY OF CHICAGO

\$123,155,000* Ceneral Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 201 OA

\$213,590,000* Ceneral Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment)

\$467,540,000* General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project and Refunding Series

2010C

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement (including the cover page and Appendices hereto) is furnished by the City of Chicago (the "City") to provide information with respect to \$123,155,000* aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 201 OA (the "Series 201 OA Bonds"), \$213,590,000* aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) (the "Taxable Series 2010B Bonds") and \$467,540,000* aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series 2010C Bonds," and together with the Series 201 OA Bonds and the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds, the "Bonds").

The proceeds from the sale of the Series 201 OA Bonds will be used to (i) refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City described in APPENDIX E - "DESCRIPTION OF REFUNDED BONDS - Bonds Refunded by the General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 201 OA" (the "Series 201 OA Refunded Bonds"), and (ii) pay the costs of issuance of the Series 201 OA Bonds (including the underwriters' discount). See "PLAN OF FINANCING" and "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS."

The proceeds from the sale of the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the Project (as defined herein), (ii) fund capitalized interest on a portion of the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds and (iii) pay the costs of issuance of the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds (including the underwriters' discount). See "PLAN OF FINANCING" and "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS."

The proceeds from the sale of the Taxable Series 2010C Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the Project, (ii) refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City described in APPENDIX E - "DESCRIPTION OF REFUNDED BONDS - Bonds Refunded by the General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2010C" (the "Series 2010C Refunded Bonds" and together with the Series 201 OA Refunded Bonds, the "Refunded Bonds"), (iii) refund principal amounts of certain outstanding commercial paper notes of the City to pay certain Project costs, (iii) fund capitalized interest on a portion of the Taxable Series 2010C Bonds and (iv) pay the costs of issuance of the Taxable Series 2010C Bonds (including the underwriters' discount). See "PLAN OF FINANCING" and "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS."

The City intends to designate the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds as "Build America Bonds." See "PLAN OF FINANCING - Build America Bonds."

The Bonds are authorized by an ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City (the "City Council") on July 28, 2010 (the "Ordinance").

'Preliminary, subject to change.

THE CITY

The City was incorporated in 1837. The City is a municipal corporation and home rule unit of local government under the Illinois Constitution of 1970 and as such, "may exercise any power and perform any function pertaining to its government and affairs including, but not limited to, the power to regulate for the protection of the public health, safety, morals and welfare; to license; to tax; and to incur debt" except that it can "impose taxes upon or measured by income or earnings or upon occupation" only if authorized by statute.

The General Assembly of the State of Illinois (the "State") may, by a three-fifths vote of each house, limit the ability of a home rule municipality to levy taxes. The General Assembly may similarly limit the debt that the City may incur, except that the General Assembly does not have the power to limit the debt payable from property taxes to less than three percent of the assessed valuation of the taxable property in the City. To date, the General Assembly has not imposed limits on the City's ability to levy taxes under its home rule powers or to incur debt payable from real property taxes. See APPENDIX A - "REAL PROPERTY TAX SYSTEM AND LIMITS - Property Tax Limits - State of Illinois."

Corporate Fund

The Corporate Fund of the City is used to account for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in special revenue or enterprise funds. Information for the Corporate Fund is presented in the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements of the City for the year ended December 31, 2009 are included as APPENDLX C to this Official Statement.

2009 Corporate Fund Operations

Under generally accepted accounting principles, actual revenues and other financing sources of approximately \$3,036.2 million exceeded expenditures and other financing uses of approximately \$3,031.5 million for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2009. On December 31, 2009, the Corporate Fund balance was approximately \$54.7 million including an unreserved balance of approximately \$2.7 million.

2010 Corporate Fund Budget

The City's 2010 Corporate Fund budget was approved by the City Council on December 2, 2009. The budget totals \$3,179.7 million, reflecting a decrease of \$6.8 million or less than 1% of the 2009 Corporate Fund budget. The 2010 budget includes \$114.0 million in expense reductions, some of which are extensions of those implemented in 2009. Reductions include the elimination of 220 vacant positions across all departments and the elimination of cost-of-living increases for non-union employees. Additional cost-saving measures include fuel cost savings, equipment rental savings, real estate lease renegotiations, debt refunding and the closure of tax increment financing districts. The City will also use some of its existing asset concession proceeds to manage revenue decline brought on by the national economic recession. See "Use of Nonrecurring Revenue Sources for Budgetary Purposes" below.

2011 Budget Reccommendations

On October 13, 2011, the Mayor presented balanced 2011 budget recommendations to the City Council for consideration. The City's Corporate Fund budget recommendation totals \$3,260.2 million, reflecting an increase of \$80.5 million or approximately 2.5% of the 2010 Corporate Fund budget. The 2011 budget recommendations balance a preliminary shortfall of \$654.7 million by reducing costs, better managing resources and utilizing strategic financial options, including the reduction of 277 full time

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budgeted positions. The City Council will hold hearings on the proposed budget and by law must pass a balanced budget before December 3 1, 2010.

Use of Nonrecurring Revenue Sources for Budgetary Purposes

Due to severe economic conditions over recent years, the City has needed to utilize nonrecurring revenue sources for budgetary purposes. This has taken the form of expending asset concession reserves; for the 2011 Corporate Fund budget, the City also intends to utilize tax increment funds (by declaring a surplus in 25 tax increment financing districts). In 2009, the City transferred approximately 35% of the proceeds from reserves created from the parking meters concession transaction into the Corporate Fund to offset declining revenues. The City's 2010 budget contemplates that another 48% of these proceeds would be transferred to the Corporate Fund for 2010. The 2011 budget recommendations would, if enacted, make certain changes to the 2010 transfers of parking meters concession reserve proceeds and provide for another transfer of such proceeds to the Corporate Fund for 2011, resulting in 92% of such proceeds having been transferred to the Corporate Fund by the end of 2011. The 2011 budget recommendations also provide for the City to declare a surplus in 25 tax increment financing districts within the City and transfer an expected amount of \$38.5 million

to the Corporate Fund for 2011.

There can be no assurance that the City's final budget as approved for 2011 will reflect the 2011 budget recommendations.

Annual Budget Process

Prior to August 1 of each year, the Budget Director prepares the Preliminary Budget Estimate Report for the following fiscal year. The Preliminary Budget Estimate Report includes a statement of expenditures and revenues for the most recently completed calendar year, a statement of the amounts received and expended during the first six months of the current calendar year, an estimate of year-end expenditures and revenues for the current calendar year, and a statement of estimated expenditures and revenues for the following fiscal year. The Preliminary Budget Estimate Report forecasts a gap (or surplus) of revenues versus expenses and sets the stage for the formal budget process.

The Budget Director considers the proposed annual budgets requested by all of the departments and agencies whose budgets become part of the City's proposed annual budget. The Budget Director reviews each requested oudget with the respective department head. During the same time, the Budget Director forecasts the level of resources available to the City to fund requested budgets. The final recommendation compiles a budget recommendation that balances expenditures to forecasted available resources, and is submitted to the Mayor. Once it is approved by the Mayor, it is then submitted as the Mayor's Recommendation to City Council for consideration through the City Council's Committee on Budget and Governmental Operations. The City's proposed budget may be changed by the City Council through amendments made in the Committee on Budget and Governmental Operations. The City Council has approved the proposed annual budget as the annual appropriation ordinance, it is forwarded to the Mayor for approval.

Should the Mayor veto the approved annual appropriation ordinance, the City Council, with a two-thirds vote, may override the veto. The City Council may also refuse to approve the Mayor's proposed annual budget. In such a case, the appropriate process for passage of the City budget may have to be judicially determined. By law, the City must have a balanced budget approved by December 31 of the year preceding the budget year.

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Collective Bargaining Agreements

The City has collective bargaining agreements with a coalition of various trade unions (including Laborers, Teamsters, Carpenters, and Electricians), representing approximately 7,800 employees. The agreements cover the period from July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2017, and provide for annual wage increases. The agreements were ratified by the City Council and went into effect on December 12, 2007.

The City also has a collective bargaining agreement with the Illinois Nurses Association, covering approximately 120 public health nurses employed by the City. The agreement covers the period from July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2012, and provides for annual wage increases. The agreement was ratified by the City Council and went into effect on March 14, 2008. The City also has a collective bargaining agreement with the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, covering approximately 3,900 administrative, clerical, professional, human services and library employees. The agreement covers the period from July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2012, and provides for annual wage increases. The agreement was ratified by the City Council and went into effect on August 5, 2008.

The City reached agreement with the Public Safety Employees Bargaining Unit/Unit II, covering approximately 2,500 non-sworn, non-Fire Department public safety employees. The agreement covers the period from July 1, 2007 through December 31, 2010, and provides for annual wage increases beginning in 2009. The agreement was ratified by the City Council effective August 6, 2009. The City also reached agreements with the Police Lieutenants and Captains Associations on collective bargaining agreements covering approximately 241 Police Lieutenants and 66 Police Captains. Each agreement covers the period from July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2012. Under both agreements, any increases in wages are to be determined by the outcome of the City's negotiations with the Fraternal Order of Police ("FOP") and the Chicago Fire Fighters Union, Local 2. These two agreements were ratified by the City Council in February, 2010. The City concluded negotiations with the FOP, covering approximately 11,300 employees, and submitted the dispute to binding arbitration pursuant to the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act. In April 2010, the arbitrator issued his award, the terms of which were ratified by the City Council on June 30, 2010. The City also reached agreement with the Police Sergeants Association, and that agreement was also ratified by the City Council on June 30, 2010. The arbitrator's award for the FOP contract provides for wage increases effective in each of the years 2007 through 2012. The 2010 Corporate Fund budget includes funds for the 2010 wage increases mandated by the arbitrator's award. These same increases in base salary for the members of FOP will be applied to the three separate bargaining units representing approximately 1,258 Police Sergeants, 241 Police Lieutenants, and 66 Police Captains. The retroactive wage increases for the years 2007

through 2009 for the members of the FOP and the other three separate bargaining units were paid as a lump-sum payment on or about August 9, 2010 in the amount of approximately \$151,200,000 (the "Retroactive Police Payment"). The City remains in negotiations with the Chicago Fire Fighters Union, Local 2 (covering approximately 5,000 employees) for a successor agreement to the collective bargaining agreement covering the period July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2007, and which has remained in effect during negotiations for the successor agreement. The 2010 Corporate Fund budget includes funds for wage increases and anticipated wage increases with respect to this successor agreement.

Pension Plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Pension Plans

Eligible City employees participate in one of four single-employer defined benefit pension plans (the "Pension Plans"). For a description of the Pension Plans and of the Pension Plans' assets and

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liabilities, see APPENDIX C - "CITY OF CHICAGO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Note (11)."

Other Post-Employment Benefits

In 1987, the City sued the Pension Plans with respect to the alleged obligation on the part of the City to provide healthcare benefits to certain retired City employees. The City maintained that it is not obligated to provide healthcare benefits to such retired employees. Certain retired employees intervened as a class in the litigation, and the Pension Plans countersued the City. To avoid the risk and expense of protracted litigation, the City and the other parties entered into a settlement (the "Settlement"), the terms of which have been renegotiated over time. The Settlement expires on June 30, 2013. Pursuant to the Settlement, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Health Plan"), for which the City pays a portion of the costs. The Health Plan provides healthcare benefits for certain eligible retired City employees during the term of the Settlement (the "Settlement Period"). The Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

The City contributes, on a pay-as-you-go method, the amount required to fund the City's share of current year costs for the Health Plan. For 2009, the City contributed approximately \$87.8 million to the Health Plan (calculated on a basis net of pension and retiree contributions as well as Medicare Part D subsidy payments received by the City). Health Plan members receiving benefits contribute to the Health Plan based upon a schedule which takes into account their years of employment at the City and their projected dates of retirement. The City expects to continue to fund its share of costs of retiree healthcare benefits for each remaining year of the Settlement Period, on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("Statement 45"), was applied by the City for retiree healthcare benefits in its financial reports beginning in fiscal year 2007.

An actuarial valuation of the Health Plan under Statement 45 provided that the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities for the Health Plan for the 2009 fiscal reporting period, based upon the valuation date of December 31, 2008, was \$787.4 million.

These actuarial accrued liabilities represent the amount of healthcare benefits under the Health Plan, payable during the remainder of the Settlement Period and assume, among other things, that no health benefits are paid by the City on behalf of any retired City employees following expiration of the Settlement Period.

City Investment Policy

The investment of City funds is governed by the Municipal Code of Chicago (the "Municipal Code"). The City Council has adopted a Statement of Investment Policy and Guidelines for the purpose of establishing written cash management and investment guidelines to be followed by the Office of the City Treasurer in the investment of City funds in accordance with the Municipal Code. See APPENDIX C - "CITY OF CHICAGO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009- Notes (1) and (4)."

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PLAN OF FINANCING

General

The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used as described below. For additional information, see "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS."

Refunding of Certain General Obligation Bonds

To provide for the refunding of the Refunded Bonds, a portion of the net proceeds of the Series 2010A Bonds and a portion of net proceeds of the Taxable Series 20IOC Bonds will be used to purchase obligations of the United States Treasury (the "Treasury") and obligations of agencies of the United States guaranteed as to timely payment of principal

and interest by the United States (collectively, the "Government Securities"), the principal of which, together with interest to be earned thereon and any initial cash balances, shall be sufficient to pay (i) the interest on the Refunded Bonds when due, and (ii) the principal amount or redemption price of the Refunded Bonds on the applicable maturity date or redemption date. The principal of, redemption premium (if any) and interest on the Refunded Bonds shall be payable from the separate escrow accounts established and administered for the benefit of the City and the holders of the outstanding Refunded Bonds:

Neither the maturing principal of the Government Securities purchased to refund the Refunded Bonds nor the interest earned thereon will serve as security or be available for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds. The arithmetical computations of (i) the sufficiency of the escrow accounts to provide for payments on the Refunded Bonds as described above and (ii) the actuarial yields on the Series 2010A Bonds and the Government Securities providing for the refunding of the Series 201 OA Refunded Bonds will be verified at the time of the delivery of the Bonds by Robert Thomas CPA, LLC, Shawnee Mission, Kansas, independent certified public accountants. See "CERTAIN VERIFICATIONS."

The City will notify the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") of the Refunded Bonds to be refunded in accordance with the continuing disclosure undertaking of the City with respect to each series of Refunded Bonds, as and to the extent required by Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

Financing of the Project

A portion of the net proceeds of the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds and Taxable Series 2010C Bonds will be used by the City to finance one or more of the following projects (collectively, the "Project"): (i) public right-of-way infrastructure improvements in City neighborhoods, including street and alley construction and improvements, lighting improvements, sidewalk improvements and replacement, and curb and gutter repairs and replacement; (ii) infrastructure improvements to enhance the development of economic activity, including industrial street construction and improvements, streetscaping, median landscaping, demolition of hazardous, vacant or dilapidated buildings that pose a threat to public safety and welfare, shoreline reconstruction and riverbank stabilization, residential and commercial infrastructure redevelopment and railroad viaduct clearance improvements; (iii) transportation improvements, including street resurfacing, bridge and freight tunnel rehabilitation, traffic signal modernization, new traffic signal installation, intersection safety improvements and transit facility improvements; (iv) grants to assist not-for-profit organizations or educational or cultural institutions, or to assist other municipal corporations, units of local government, school districts, the State 6

of Illinois or the United States of America; (v) cash flow needs of the City; (vi) the acquisition of personal property, including, but not limited to, computer hardware and software, vehicles or other capital items useful or necessary for City purposes; (vii) the duly authorized acquisition of improved and unimproved real property within the City for municipal, industrial, commercial or residential purposes, or any combination thereof, and the improvement, demolition and/or remediation of any such property; (viii) constructing, equipping, altering and repairing various municipal facilities including fire stations, police stations, libraries, senior and health centers and other municipal facilities; (ix) the enhancement of economic development within the City by making direct grants to, or deposits to funds or accounts to secure the obligations of, not-for-profit or for-profit organizations doing business or seeking to do business in the City; (x) the funding of (A) judgments entered against the City, (B) certain settlements or other payments required to be made by the City as a condition to the resolution of litigation or threatened litigation or arbitration and (C) such escrow accounts or other reserves as shall be deemed necessary for any of said purposes; (xi) the payment of certain contributions (the "Pension Contributions") to the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund, the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund, the Municipal Employees', Officers' and Officials' Annuity and Benefit Fund and the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' -Annuity and Benefit Fund, (xii) the provision of facilities, services and equipment to protect and enhance public safety, including, but not limited to, increased costs for police and fire protection services, emergency medical services, staffing at the City's emergency call center and other City facilities, and enhanced security measures at airports and other major City facilities, (xiii) any expenditure qualifying as a "qualified economic development purpose" pursuant to the provisions of the hereinafter defined Code, including expenditures for public infrastructure and construction of public facilities, and (xiv) acquiring motor vehicles for a term of years or lease period.

Build America Bonds

The City intends to designate the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds as taxable "Build America Bonds" pursuant to Section 54AA of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Build America Bonds may generally be issued by a governmental entity to finance capital expenditures for which it could otherwise issue tax-exempt bonds and, at the

election of the issuer, either provide for tax credits to the holders of such bonds or for certain direct payments to the governmental issuer from the Treasury.

The City intends to elect under Section 54AA(g) of the Code to receive cash subsidy payments from the Treasury under Section 6431 of the Code ("Subsidy Payments") equal to 35% of the interest payable on the Taxable Series 201 OB Bonds. No tax credit or other tax benefits will be available to holders of the Taxable Series 201 OB Bonds. The Subsidy Payments with respect to the Taxable Series 201 OB Bonds are not pledged to the payment of the Bonds and may be applied to any lawful purpose of the City.

SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The following table sets forth the estimated sources and uses of Bond proceeds.

General

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Each series of Bonds will be dated their date of issuance, will mature on January 1 of the years and in the amounts set forth on the inside front cover page of this Official Statement, and will bear interest from their date of issuance. Interest on the Bonds will be payable on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing July 1, 2011. Each Bond will bear interest from the later of its date of issuance or the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid until the principal amount of such Bond is paid on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Chicago, Illinois (the "Bond Registrar"), will serve as bond registrar and paying agent for the Bonds. Principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable in lawful money of the United States at the designated corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar.

The Bonds will be initially registered through the book-entry system (the "Book-Entry System") operated by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). Details of payments of the Bonds when in the book-entry form and the Book-Entry System are described below under the subcaption "- Book-Entry System." Except as described under the subcaption "- Book-Entry System are described below, beneficial owners of the Bonds will not receive or have the right to receive physical delivery of Bonds, and will not be or be considered to be the registered owners thereof. Accordingly, beneficial owners must rely upon (i) the procedures of DTC and, if such beneficial owner is not a Direct or Indirect Participant (as defined below), the Direct or Indirect Participant who will act on behalf of such beneficial owner to receive notices and payments of principal and interest or redemption price of the Bonds and to exercise voting rights, and (ii) the records of DTC and, if such beneficial owner is not a Direct or Indirect Participant, such beneficial owner's Direct or Indirect Participant, to evidence its beneficial owners of the Bonds. So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Bonds, references herein to the owners of the Bonds shall mean DTC or its nominee and shall not mean the beneficial owners of such Bonds. The laws of some states may require that certain purchasers of securities take physical delivery of

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such securities in definitive form. Such limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in a Bond. **Payment of the Bonds**

Principal of each Bond will be payable in lawful money of the United States upon presentation and surrender of such Bond at the designated corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar.

Each Bond shall be payable as to interest as follows:

(i) Payments of the installments of interest on the Bonds will be paid to the registered owner of such Bond as shown on the registration books of the City maintained by the Bond Registrar at the close of business on the 15th day of the month next preceding such interest payment date.

(ii) All payments of interest on the Bonds will be paid to the persons entitled thereto by the Bond Registrar on the interest payment date (A) at the option of any registered owner of Bonds of a series in the principal amount of \$1,000,000 or more, by wire transfer of immediately available funds, to such bank in the continental United States as such registered

owner requests in writing to the Bond Registrar, or (B) by check or draft of the Bond Registrar mailed to the persons entitled thereto at such address appearing on the registration books of the Bond Registrar or such other address as has been furnished to the Bond Registrar in writing by such person.

Redemption

The Bonds are subject to both optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity, as described below. The Bonds shall be redeemed only in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Optional Redemption of the Series 2010A Bonds. The Series 2010A Bonds due on and after

January 1, 20_are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the City, in whole or in part,

on any date on or after January 1, 20 at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Series

2010A Bonds being redeemed plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

The City is authorized to sell or waive any right the City may have to call any of the Series 201 OA Bonds for optional redemption, in whole or in part; provided, that such sale or waiver shall not adversely affect the exclusion of interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds for federal income tax purposes.

Optional Redemption of the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds and Taxable Series 2010C Bonds. The Taxable Series 2010B Bonds and Taxable Series 2010C Bonds (collectively, the "Taxable Bonds") shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, on any date at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of Bonds of such series to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Bonds of such series to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve

30-day months) at the Treasury Rate (defined below) plus_basis points plus accrued and unpaid interest on the Bonds of such series being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption. The City's Chief Financial Officer or the City Comptroller (each such officer being hereinafter referred to as an "Authorized Officer") shall confirm and transmit the redemption price as so calculated on such dates and to such parties as shall be necessary to effectuate such redemption.

The "Treasury Rate" means, as of any redemption date, the yield to maturity as of such redemption date of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published 9

in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519) that has become publicly available four Business Days (as defined below) prior to the redemption date (excluding inflation indexed securities) (or, if such Statistical Release is no longer published, any publicly available source of similar market data)) most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to the maturity date of the Bonds of such series to be redeemed; provided, however, that if the period from the redemption date to such maturity date is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year will be used. "Business Day" means any day other than a day on which banks in New York, New York, Chicago, Illinois, or the city in which the Bond Registrar maintains its designated office are required or authorized to close. The Treasury Rate will be determined by an independent accounting firm, investment banking firm or financial advisor retained by the City at the City's expense.

The City is authorized to sell or waive any right the City may have to call the Taxable Bonds for optional redemption. Extraordinary Optional Redemption of lhe Taxable Series 2010B Bonds. The Taxable Series 201 OB Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part on any date upon the occurrence of an "Extraordinary Event" (as defined below), at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of Taxable Series 2010B Bonds to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Taxable Series 201 OB Bonds to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate plus_basis points plus accrued interest on the Taxable Series 201 OB Bonds being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption.

An "Extraordinary Event" means any determination by the City that a change has occurred to Section 54AA or 6431 of the Code or any other applicable Section of the Code or there is any guidance published by the Internal Revenue Service or the United States Treasury with respect to such Sections or any other determination by the Internal Revenue Service or the United States Treasury, pursuant to which the Subsidy Payments from the United States Treasury with respect to the Taxable Series 2010B Bonds is reduced, eliminated or adversely adjusted.

Mandatory Redemption of the Bonds. The Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption, in part, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof, on January 1 of the following years and in the following principal amounts, and, if

less than all of the Bonds of a single maturity within a series are to be redeemed prior to maturity, the particular Series 201 OA Bonds will be selected by lot and the Taxable Bonds of a series being redeemed, or portions thereof to be redeemed, will be selected on a pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal basis to the extent permitted by and in accordance with DTC procedures (see "THE BONDS - Redemption - Selection of Bonds for Redemption"): 10

Series 2010A Bonds due January 1, 20_ <u>Year Principal Amount</u> Taxable Series 2010B Bonds due January 1, 20_ Year Principal Amount Taxable Series 2010C Bonds due January 1, 20_ <u>Year Principal Amount</u>

* Final maturity.

Reduction of Mandatory Redemption Amounts. In connection with any mandatory redemption of Bonds of a series as described above, the principal amounts of Bonds of such series to be mandatorily redeemed in each year may be reduced through the earlier optional redemption thereof, with any partial optional redemptions of such Bonds of such series credited against future mandatory redemption requirements in such order of the mandatory redemption dates as an Authorized Officer may determine. In addition, on or prior to the 60th day preceding any mandatory redemption date of Bonds of a series, the Bond Registrar may, and if directed by an Authorized Officer shall, purchase Bonds of such series required to be retired on such mandatory redemption date at such prices as an Authorized Officer shall determine. Any such Bonds so purchased shall be cancelled and the principal amount thereof shall be credited against the payment required on such next mandatory redemption date with respect to such series of Bonds.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption. If fewer than all of the outstanding Series 201 OA Bonds are to be optionally redeemed, the Series 201 OA Bonds to be called shall be called from such maturities and interest rates as may be determined by the City and within any Series 201 OA Bonds of the same maturity and interest rate by lot. In the event of the redemption of fewer than all Series 201 OA Bonds of the same maturity and interest rate, the aggregate principal amount thereof to be redeemed shall be \$5,000 or an integral multiple thereof, and the Bond Registrar shall assign to each Series 201 OA Bond of such maturity

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and interest rate a distinctive number for each \$5,000 principal amount of such Series 201 OA Bond and shall select by lot from the numbers so assigned as many numbers as, at \$5,000 for each number, shall equal the principal amount of such Series 201 OA Bonds to be redeemed. The Series 201 OA Bonds to be redeemed shall be those to which were assigned numbers so selected; provided that only so much of the principal amount of each Series 201 OA Bond shall be redeemed as shall equal \$5,000 for each number assigned to it and so selected. The City shall, at least 45 days prior to the redemption date (unless a shorter time period shall be satisfactory to the Bond Registrar), notify the Bond Registrar of such redemption date and of the principal amount of Series 2010A Bonds to be redeemed. So long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Series 201 OA Bonds, if fewer than all of the Series 201 OA Bonds of the same maturity and interest rate are called for redemption, the particular Bonds or portions of such Series 201 OA Bonds will be selected by lot by DTC in such manner as DTC may determine. See "THE BONDS - Book-Entry System."

If fewer than all of the outstanding Taxable Bonds of a series are to be optionally redeemed, the Taxable Bonds of such series to be called shall be called from such maturities and interest rates as may be determined by the City. While the Taxable Bonds are registered in the Book-Entry System and so long as DTC or a successor securities depository is the sole registered owner of such Taxable Bonds, if less than all of the Taxable Bonds of the same maturity and interest rate within such series are to be redeemed prior to maturity, the particular Taxable Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed will be selected on a pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal basis in accordance with DTC procedures, provided that, so long as the Taxable Bonds are registered in the Book-Entry System, the selection for redemption of such Taxable Bonds will be made in accordance with the operational arrangements of DTC then in effect and, if the DTC operational arrangements do not allow for redemption on a pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal basis, the Bonds subject to redemption will be selected for redemption, in accordance with DTC procedures, by lot.

It is the City's intent that redemption allocations made by DTC be made on a pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal basis as described above. However, none of the City, the Underwriters or the Bond Registrar can provide any assurance that DTC, DTC's Direct Participants, Indirect Participants or any other intermediary will allocate the redemption of Bonds on such basis. If the DTC operational arrangements do not allow for the redemption of the Taxable Bonds on a pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal basis as discussed above, then the Taxable Bonds will be

selected for redemption in accordance with DTC procedures, by lot.

If the Taxable Bonds are not registered in the Book-Entry System, any redemption of less than all of a maturity of the Taxable Bonds will be allocated by the Bond Registrar among the registered owners of such Taxable Bonds on a pro-rata basis.

Notice of Redemption. Unless waived by any owner of the Bonds to be redeemed, notice of redemption of such Bonds will be given by the Bond Registrar on behalf of the City and in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance by first class mail at least 30 days and not more than 45 days prior to the redemption date to each registered owner of the Bonds to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books of the Bond Registrar or at such other address as is furnished in writing by such registered owner to the Bond Registrar. Failure to give such notice of redemption as to any Bond, or any defect therein as to any Bond, will not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Bond of the same series. Any notice mailed as described in this paragraph will be conclusively presumed to have been given whether or not actually received by the addressee. With respect to an optional redemption of any Bonds, such notice may, at the option of the City, state that said redemption is conditioned upon the receipt by the Bond Registrar on or prior to the date fixed for redemption of moneys sufficient to pay the redemption price of such Bonds. If such moneys are not so received by the redemption notice will be of no force and effect, the City will not redeem such 12

Bonds, the redemption price will not be due and payable and the Bond Registrar will give notice, in the same manner in which the notice of redemption was given, that such moneys were not so received and that such Bonds will not be redeemed. Unless the notice of redemption is made conditional as described above, on or prior to any redemption date, the City is required to deposit with the Bond Registrar an amount of money sufficient to pay the redemption price of all the Bonds or portions thereof which are to be redeemed on that date.

The Bonds called for redemption will become due and payable on the redemption date at the applicable redemption price. When funds sufficient for redemption are deposited with the Bond Registrar, interest on such Bonds to be redeemed will cease to accrue on the date fixed for redemption.

Book-Entry System

The following information under "- Book-Entry System - General" has been furnished by DTC for use in this Official Statement and neither the City nor any Underwriter takes any responsibility for its accuracy or completeness. General. DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of each series of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC. DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has Standard & Poor's highest rating: AAA. Direct Participants and Indirect Participants are collectively referred to as "DTC Participants." The DTC Rules applicable to DTC Participants are on file with the Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com <http://www.dtcc.com> and www.dtc.org <http://www.dtc.org>.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct Participant's and Indirect Participant's records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written

confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct Participant or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership

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interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct Participants and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct Participants and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, defaults and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Bond Registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds, unless authorized by a Direct Participant in connection with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Bond Registrar or the City on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by DTC Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Bond Registrar or the City, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Bond Registrar or the City, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of DTC, and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the City or the Bond Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The City may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, certificates for the Bonds will be printed and delivered to DTC.

Additional Information. For every transfer and exchange of the Bonds, DTC, the Bond Registrar and the DTC

Participants may charge the Beneficial Owner a sum sufficient to cover any tax, fee or other charge that may be imposed in relation thereto.

NEITHER THE CITY NOR THE BOND REGISTRAR WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO ANY DTC PARTICIPANTS, OR TO THE PERSONS FOR WHOM THEY ACT AS NOMINEES WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS, OR TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS

MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT IN RESPECT OF THE PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS, OR ANY NOTICE WHICH IS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS, INCLUDING ANY NOTICE OF REDEMPTION OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN, BY DTC AS REGISTERED OWNER OF THE BONDS.

The City is entitled to treat Owners as absolute owners of the Bonds for the purpose of paying principal, interest and redemption price.

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Bonds are in the Book-Entry System, references in other sections of this Official Statement to registered owners should be read to include the person for which a Participant acquires an interest in the Bonds, but (a) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the Book -Entry System and (b) notices that are to be given to registered owners will be given only to DTC.

Global Clearance Procedures

The information set out below has been obtained from sources that the City believes to be reliable, but prospective investors are advised to make their own inquiries as to such procedures. In particular, such information is subject to any change in or interpretation of the rules, regulations and procedures of Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg (together, the "Clearing Systems") currently in effect and investors wishing to use the facilities of any of the Clearing Systems are therefore advised to confirm the continued applicability of the rules, regulations and procedures of the relevant Clearing System. Neither the City nor the Underwriters will have any responsibility for the performance by the Clearing Systems, the Clearstream, Luxembourg participants or the Euroclear Operator or their respective direct or indirect participants or accountholders ("Participants") of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations or for the sufficiency for any purpose of the arrangements described below. No representation is made as to the completeness or the accuracy of such information or as to the absence of material adverse changes in such information subsequent to the date hereof.

Clearstream

Clearstream Banking, societe anonyme, 42 Avenue J.F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg ("Clearstream, Luxembourg"), was incorporated in 1970 as "Cedel S.A.," a company with limited liability under Luxembourg law (a societe anonyme). Cedel S.A. subsequently changed its name to

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Cedelbank. On January 10, 2000, Cedelbank's parent company, Cedel International, societe anonyme ("CI") merged its clearing, settlement and custody business with that of Deutsche Bdrse AG ("DBAG"). The merger involved the transfer by CI of substantially all of its assets and liabilities (including its shares in Cedelbank), and the transfer by DBAG of its shares in Deutsche Borse Clearing (DBC), to a new Luxembourg company, which with effect January 14, 2000 was renamed Clearstream International, societe anonyme, and was then 50% owned by CI and 50% owned by DBAG. Following this merger, the subsidiaries of Clearstream International were also renamed to give them a cohesive brand name. On January 18, 2000, Cedelbank was renamed "Clearstream Banking, societe anonyme," and Cedel Global Services was renamed "Clearstream Services, societe anonyme." On January 17, 2000, Deutsche Borse Clearing AG was renamed "Clearstream Banking AG." Today Clearstream International is 100% owned by DBAG. The shareholders of DBAG are comprised of mainly banks, securities dealers and financial institutions.

Clearstream, Luxembourg holds securities for its customers and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Clearstream, Luxembourg customers through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of Clearstream, Luxembourg customers, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. Transactions may be settled by Clearstream, Luxembourg in any of 36 currencies, including United States Dollars. Clearstream, Luxembourg provides to its customers, among other things, services for safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream, Luxembourg also deals with domestic securities markets in over 30 countries through established depository and custodial relationships. Clearstream, Luxembourg is registered as a bank in Luxembourg, and as such is subject to regulation by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier, "CSSF," and the Banque Centrale du Luxembourg ("BCL") which supervise and oversee the activities of Luxembourg banks. Clearstream, Luxembourg's customers are world-wide financial institutions including underwriters, securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations. Clearstream, Luxembourg's U.S. customers are limited to securities brokers and dealers and banks. Currently, Clearstream, Luxembourg has approximately 2,000 customers located in over 80 countries, including all major European countries, Canada, and the United States. Indirect access to Clearstream, Luxembourg is available to other institutions that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with an account holder of Clearstream, Luxembourg. Clearstream, Luxembourg has established an electronic bridge with Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. as the Operator (the "Euroclear

Operator") of the Euroclear System, as defined below, in Brussels to facilitate settlement of trades between Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear Operator.

Euroclear Bank

Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. ("Euroclear Bank") holds securities and book-entry interests in securities for participating organizations and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Euroclear Participants, and between Euroclear Participants and Participants of certain other securities intermediaries through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of such Participants or other securities intermediaries (the "Euroclear System").

Euroclear Bank provides Euroclear Participants, among other things, with safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement, securities lending and borrowing, and related services. Euroclear Participants are investment banks, securities brokers and dealers, banks, central banks, supranational, custodians, investment managers, corporations, trust companies and certain other organizations. Certain of the managers or underwriters for this offering, or other financial entities involved in this offering, may be Euroclear Participants. Non-Participants in the Euroclear System may hold and transfer book-entry interests in the securities through accounts with a Participant in the 16

Euroclear System or any other securities intermediary that holds a book-entry interest in the securities through one or more securities intermediaries standing between such other securities intermediary and Euroclear Bank. Clearance and Settlement. Although Euroclear Bank has agreed to the procedures provided below in order to facilitate transfers of securities among Participants in the Euroclear System, and between Euroclear Participants and Participants of other intermediaries, it is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures and such procedures

may be modified or discontinued at any time.

Initial Distribution. Investors electing to acquire securities through an account with Euroclear Bank or some other securities intermediary must follow the settlement procedures of such an intermediary with respect to the settlement of new issues of securities. Securities to be acquired against payment through an account with Euroclear Bank will be credited to the securities clearance accounts of the respective Euroclear Participants in the securities processing cycle for the business day following the settlement date for value as of the settlement date, if against payment.

Secondary Market. Investors electing to acquire, hold or transfer securities through an account with Euroclear Bank or some other securities intermediary must follow the settlement procedures of such an intermediary with respect to the settlement of secondary market transactions in securities. Please be aware that Euroclear Bank will not monitor or enforce any transfer restrictions with respect to the securities offered herein.

Custody. Investors who are Participants in the Euroclear System may acquire, hold or transfer interests in the securities by book-entry to accounts with Euroclear Bank. Investors who are not Participants in the Euroclear System may acquire, hold or transfer interests in the securities by book-entry to accounts with a securities intermediary who holds a book-entry interest in the securities through accounts with Euroclear Bank.

Custody Risk. Investors that acquire, hold and transfer interests in the securities by book-entity through accounts with Euroclear Bank or any other securities intermediary are subject to the laws and contractual provisions governing their relationship with their intermediary, as well as the laws and contractual provisions governing the relationship between such an intermediary and each other intermediary, if any, standing between themselves and the individual securities. Euroclear Bank has advised as follows:

Under Belgian law, investors that are credited with securities on the records of Euroclear Bank have a co-property right in the fungible pool of interests in securities on deposit with Euroclear Bank in an amount equal to the amount of interests in securities credited to their accounts. In the event of the insolvency of Euroclear Bank, Euroclear Participants would have a right under Belgian law to the return of the amount and type of interests in securities credited to their accounts with Euroclear Bank. If Euroclear Bank did not have a sufficient amount of interests in securities on deposit of a particular type to cover the claims of all Participants credited with such interests in securities on Euroclear Bank's records, all Participants having an amount of interests in securities of such type credited to their accounts with Euroclear Bank would have the right under Belgian law to the return of their pro-rata share of the amount of interests in securities actually on deposit.

Under Belgian law, Euroclear Bank is required to pass on the benefits of ownership in any interests in securities on deposit with it (such as dividends, voting rights and other entitlements) to any person credited with such interests in securities on its records.

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Initial Settlement; Distributions; Actions Upon Behalf of Owners

All of the Bonds will initially be registered in the name of Cede & Co., the nominee of DTC. Clearstream, Luxembourg

and Euroclear Bank may hold omnibus positions on behalf of their participants through customers' securities accounts in Clearstream, Luxembourg's and/or Euroclear Bank's names on the books of their respective U.S. Depository, which, in turn, holds such positions in customers' securities accounts in its U.S. Depository's name on the books of DTC. Citibank, N.A. acts as depository for Clearstream, Luxembourg and JPMorgan Chase Bank acts as depository for Euroclear Bank (the "U.S. Depositories"). Holders of the Bonds may hold the Bonds through DTC (in the United States) or Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear Bank (in Europe) if they are participants of such systems, or directly through organizations that are participants in such systems. Investors electing to hold the Bonds through Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg accounts will follow the settlement procedures applicable to conventional EuroBonds in registered form. Securities will be credited to the securities custody accounts of Euroclear Bank and Clearstream, Luxembourg holders on the business day following the settlement date against payment for value on the settlement date.

Distributions with respect to the Bonds held beneficially through Clearstream, Luxembourg will be credited to the cash accounts of Clearstream, Luxembourg customers in accordance with its rules and procedures, to the extent received by its U.S. Depository. Distributions with respect to the Bonds held beneficially through Euroclear Bank will be credited to the cash accounts of Euroclear Participants in accordance with the Terms and Conditions, to the extent received by its U.S. Depository. Such distributions will be subject to tax reporting in accordance with relevant United States tax laws and regulations. Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear Operator, as the case may be, will take any other action permitted to be taken by an owner of the Bonds on behalf of a Clearstream, Luxembourg customer or Euroclear Participant only in accordance with the relevant rules and procedures and subject to the U.S. Depository's ability to effect such actions on its behalf through DTC.

Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of the Bond must look solely to Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg for his share of each payment made by the City to the registered holder of the Bonds and in relation to all other rights arising under the Bonds, subject to and in accordance with the respective rules and procedures of Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg (as the case may be). The City expects that payments by Euroclear Participants or Clearstream, Luxembourg customers to owners of beneficial interests in the Bonds held through such Euroclear Participants or Clearstream, Luxembourg customers will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices. Euroclear Participants or Clearstream, Luxembourg customers should note that for so long as the Bonds are held in book entry form, the obligations of the City will be discharged by payment to the registered holder of the Bonds in respect of each amount so paid.

Secondary Market Trading

Secondary market trading between Participants (other than U.S. Depositories) will be settled using the procedures applicable to U.S. corporate debt obligations in same-day funds. Secondary market trading between Euroclear Participants and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg customers will be settled using the procedures applicable to conventional EuroBonds in same-day funds. When securities are to be transferred from the account of a Participant (other than U.S. Depositories) to the account of a Euroclear Participant or a Clearstream, Luxembourg customer, the purchaser must send instructions to the applicable U.S. Depository one business day before the settlement date. Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, will instruct its U.S. Depository to receive the securities against payment. Its U.S. Depository will then make payment to the Participant's account against delivery of the securities. After settlement has been completed, the securities will be credited to the respective clearing system and by the clearing system, in accordance with its usual procedures, to the Euroclear Participant's 18

or Clearstream, Luxembourg customers' accounts. Credit for the securities will appear on the next day (European time) and cash debit will be back-valued to, and the interest on the Bonds will accrue from the value date (which would be the preceding day when settlement occurs in New York). If settlement is not completed on the intended value date (i.e., the trade fails), the Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg cash debit will be valued instead as of the actual settlement date.

Euroclear Participants and Clearstream, Luxembourg customers will need to make available to the respective clearing systems the funds necessary to process same-day funds settlement. The most direct means of doing so is to pre-position funds for settlement, either from cash on hand or existing lines of credit, as they would for any settlement occurring within Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg. Under this approach, they may take on credit exposure to Euroclear Bank or Clearstream, Luxembourg has extended a line of credit to them, participants/customers can elect not to pre-position funds and allow that credit line to be drawn upon to finance settlement. Under this procedure, Euroclear Participants or Clearstream, Luxembourg customers purchasing securities would incur overdraft charges for one day,

assuming they cleared the overdraft when the securities were credited to their accounts. However, interest on the securities would accrue from the value date. Therefore, in many cases, the investment income on securities earned during that one day period may substantially reduce or offset the amount of such overdraft charges, although this result will depend on each participant's/customer's particular cost of funds. Because the settlement is taking place during New York business hours, Participants can employ their usual procedures for sending securities to the applicable U.S. Depository for the benefit of Euroclear Participants or Clearstream, Luxembourg customers. The sale proceeds will be available to the DTC seller on the settlement date. Thus, to the Participant, a cross-market transaction will settle no differently from a trade between two Participants.

Due to time zone differences in their favor, Euroclear Participants and Clearstream, Luxembourg customers may employ their customary procedure for transactions in which securities are to be transferred by the respective clearing system, through the applicable U.S. Depository to another Participant's. In these cases, Euroclear Bank will instruct its U.S. .Depository to credit the securities to the Participant's account against payment. The payment will then be reflected in the account of the Euroclear Participant or Clearstream, Luxembourg customers' accounts will be backvalued to the value date (which would be the preceding day, when settlement occurs in New York). If the Euroclear Participant or Clearstream, Luxembourg customer system and elects to draw on such line of credit in anticipation of receipt of the sale proceeds in its account, the back-valuation may substantially reduce or offset any overdraft charges incurred over that one-day period. If settlement is not completed on the intended value date (i.e., the trade fails), receipt of the cash proceeds in the Euroclear Settlement date.

Procedures May Change

Although DTC, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear Bank have agreed to these procedures in order to facilitate transfers of securities among DTC and its Participants, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear Bank they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform these procedures and these procedures may be discontinued and may be changed at any time by any of them.

General Statement

THE CITY CANNOT AND DOES NOT GIVE ANY ASSURANCES THAT DTC, DIRECT PARTICIPANTS OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS OF DTC, CLEARSTREAM, LUXEMBOURG, 19

CLEARSTREAM PARTICIPANTS, EUROCLEAR BANK OR EUROCLEAR PARTICIPANTS WILL DISTRIBUTE TO THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE BONDS (1) PAYMENTS OF PRINCIPAL OF OR INTEREST OR REDEMPTION PREMIUM ON THE BONDS (2) CONFIRMATIONS OF THEIR OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN THE BONDS OR (3) OTHER NOTICES SENT TO DTC OR CEDE & CO., ITS PARTNERSHIP NOMINEE, AS THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THE BONDS, OR THAT THEY WILL DO SO ON A TIMELY BASIS, OR THAT DTC, DIRECT PARTICIPANTS OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS, CLEARSTREAM, LUXEMBOURG, CLEARSTREAM PARTICIPANTS, EUROCLEAR BANK OR EUROCLEAR PARTICIPANTS WILL SERVE AND ACT IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

THE CITY WILL NOT HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATIONS TO DTC, THE DIRECT PARTICIPANTS, THE INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS OF DTC, CLEARSTREAM, LUXEMBOURG, CLEARSTREAM PARTICIPANTS, EUROCLEAR BANK, EUROCLEAR PARTICIPANTS OR THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS* WITH RESPECT TO (1) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANTS OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS OF DTC, CLEARSTREAM, LUXEMBOURG, CLEARSTREAM PARTICIPANTS, EUROCLEAR BANK OR EUROCLEAR PARTICIPANTS; (2) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANTS, OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS OF DTC, CLEARSTREAM, LUXEMBOURG, CLEARSTREAM PARTICIPANTS, EUROCLEAR BANK OR EUROCLEAR PARTICIPANTS OF ANY AMOUNT DUE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER IN RESPECT OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF OR INTEREST OR REDEMPTION PREMIUM ON THE BONDS; (3) THE DELIVERY BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANTS OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS OF DTC, CLEARSTREAM, LUXEMBOURG, CLEARSTREAM PARTICIPANTS, EUROCLEAR BANK OR EUROCLEAR PARTICIPANTS OF ANY NOTICE TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED TO BE GIVEN TO OWNERS UNDER THE TERMS OF THE DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE BONDS; OR (4) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS OWNER OF THE BONDS.

Bonds Not Presented for Payment

If any Bond is not presented for payment when the principal amount thereof becomes due, either at maturity or at a date

fixed for redemption thereof or otherwise, and if moneys sufficient to pay such Bond are held by the Bond Registrar for the benefit of the registered owner of such Bond, the Bond Registrar will hold such moneys for the benefit of the registered owner of such Bond without liability to the registered owner for interest. The registered owner of such Bond thereafter will be restricted exclusively to such funds for satisfaction of any claims relating to such Bond.

Defeasance

If payment or provision for payment is made, to or for the registered owners of the Bonds, of the principal of and interest due and to become due on any Bond at the times and in the manner stipulated therein, and there is paid or caused to be paid to the Bond Registrar or a bank or trust company (the "Defeasance Escrow Agent") designated by an Authorized Officer of the City, all sums of money due or to become due according to the Ordinance, then the provisions of the Ordinance and the estates and rights granted by the Ordinance will cease, determine and be void as to those Bonds or portions thereof, except for those provisions of the Ordinance governing the registration, transfer and exchange of Bonds and the payment of such moneys or obligations to or for the registered owners of the Bonds.

Any Bond shall be deemed to have been paid with the effect expressed in the immediately preceding paragraph when payment of the principal of any such Bond, plus interest thereon to the due date thereof (whether at maturity, upon redemption or otherwise), either shall have been made in

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accordance with its terms or shall have been provided for by irrevocably depositing with the Bond Registrar or the Defeasance Escrow Agent in trust and exclusively for such payment: (1) moneys sufficient to make such payment; or (2) (a) direct obligations of the United States, (b) obligations of agencies of the United States, the timely payment of principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the United States, (c) obligations of the following government-sponsored agencies that are not backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) debt obligations, Farm Credit System (formerly: Federal Land Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks and Banks for Cooperatives) debt obligations. Federal Home Loan Banks (FHL Banks) debt obligations. Fannie Mae debt obligations, Financing Corp. (FICO) debt obligations, Resolution Funding Corp. (REFCORP) debt obligations and U.S. Agency for International Development (U.S. A.I.D.) Guaranteed notes, (d) pre-refunded municipal obligations as defined as follows: any bonds or other obligations of any state of the United States of America or of any agency, instrumentality or local governmental unit of any such state which are not callable at the option of the obligor prior to maturity or as to which irrevocable instructions have been given by the obligor to call on the date specified in the notice, or (e) instruments evidencing an ownership interest in obligations described in (a), (b) and (c) above; or (3) a combination of the investments described in (1) and (2) above, such amounts so deposited being available or maturing in such amounts and at such times, without consideration of any reinvestment thereof, as will ensure the availability of sufficient moneys to make such payment (all as confirmed by a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants).

Registration and Transfers

The books for registration and transfer of the Bonds will be kept at the designated corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar. See "THE BONDS - Book-Entry System" for a discussion of registration and transfer of the beneficial ownership interests in Bonds while they are in the Book-Entry System. The following provisions relate to the registration and transfer of Bonds when the Bonds are in certificated form.

Upon surrender for transfer of any Bond at the designated corporate trust office of the Bond Registrar, duly endorsed by, or accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer in form satisfactory to the Bond Registrar and duly executed by the registered owner or its attorney duly authorized in writing, the City shall execute and the Bond Registrar shall authenticate, date and deliver in the name of the transferee or transferees one or more fully registered Bond or Bonds of the same series, interest rate and maturity of authorized denominations, for a like aggregate principal amount. Any fully registered Bond or Bonds may be exchanged at the office of the Bond Registrar for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds of the same series, interest rate and maturity of other authorized denominations.

In all cases in which the privilege of exchanging Bonds or registering the transfer of Bonds is exercised, the City is required to execute and the Bond Registrar is required to authenticate, date and deliver Bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance. For every such exchange or registration of transfer of Bonds, whether temporary or definitive, the Bond Registrar may make a charge in an amount sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or registration of transfer (except in the case of the issuance of a Bond or Bonds for the unredeemed portion of a Bond surrendered for redemption), which sum or sums shall be paid by the person requesting such exchange or registration of transfer as a condition precedent to the exercise of the privilege of making such exchange or registration of transfer. The Bond Registrar is not required to transfer or exchange (i) any Bond after notice calling such Bond for redemption has been mailed, or (ii) any Bond during a period of 15 days next preceding mailing of a notice of redemption of such Bond.

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Registered Owner Treated as Absolute Owner

The City and the Bond Registrar may deem and treat a registered owner of a Bond as the absolute owner of such Bond for all purposes, and payment of the principal of or interest on any Bond, as appropriate, shall be made only to the registered owner thereof or its legal representative. All such payments so made shall be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid.

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

General Obligation of the City

The Bonds are direct and general obligations of the City and shall be payable, as to principal and interest, from any moneys, revenues, receipts, income, assets or funds of the City legally available for such purpose, including, but not limited to, the proceeds of a direct annual tax levied by the City in the Ordinance upon all taxable property located in the City sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The City has pledged its full faith and credit to the payment of the Bonds. See APPENDIX B - "FINANCIAL AND OTHER CITY INFORMATION - Property Tax Supported Bonded Debt - Debt Service Schedule." In addition to the Bonds, the City has other direct and general obligations previously issued and outstanding under separate ordinances adopted by the City Council. See APPENDIX B - "FINANCIAL AND OTHER CITY INFORMATION - Property Tax Supported Bonded Debt - Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt."

Under the Ordinance, the City is obligated to appropriate amounts sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds for the years such amounts are due, and the City covenants in the Ordinance to take timely action as required by law to carry out such obligation, but, if for any such year the City fails to do so, the Ordinance constitutes a continuing appropriation of such amounts without any further action by the City.

If the taxes to be applied to the payment of the Bonds are not available in time to make any payments of principal of or interest on the Bonds when due, then the appropriate fiscal officers of the City are directed in the Ordinance to make such payments from any other moneys, revenues, receipts, income, assets or funds of the City that are legally available for that purpose in advancement of the collection of such taxes.

Property Tax Limits

The City. In 1993, the City Council adopted an ordinance (the "City Tax Limitation Ordinance") limiting the City's aggregate property tax levy for any one year to an amount equal to the prior year's aggregate property tax levy (subject to certain adjustments) plus the lesser of five percent or the increase in the Consumer Price Index. The City Tax Limitation Ordinance also established a safe harbor amount for each year equal to a specified 1994 base amount increased annually by the lesser of five (5%) percent or the increase in the Consumer Price Index. See APPENDIX A - "REAL PROPERTY TAX SYSTEM AND LIMITS - Property Tax Limits - The City." Pursuant to the Ordinance, the taxes levied by the City for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds are not subject to the limitations contained in the City Tax Limitation Ordinance.

State of Illinois. The City continues to be excluded from property tax limits imposed by the State of Illinois on non-home rule units of local government in Cook County and the five adjacent counties. The property tax limitations imposed by the State differ from those contained in the City Tax Limitation Ordinance. There can be no assurance that legislation applying such property tax limitations to the City

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will not be enacted by the Illinois General Assembly. For additional information, see APPENDIX A - "REAL PROPERTY TAX SYSTEM AND LIMITS - Property Tax Limits - State of Illinois."

Additional General Obligation Debt

The City may issue from time to time notes and bonds that are general obligations of the City and that are secured by the full faith and credit of the City, which may or may not be subject to the provisions of the City Tax Limitation Ordinance. **LITIGATION**

There is no litigation pending in any court or, to the knowledge of the City, threatened, questioning the corporate existence of the City, or which would restrain or enjoin the issuance or delivery of the Bonds, or which concerns the proceedings of the City taken in connection with the Bonds or the City's pledge of its full faith, credit and resources to the payment of the Bonds.

The City is a defendant in various pending and threatened individual and class action litigation relating principally to claims arising from contracts, personal injury, property damage, police conduct, discrimination, civil rights actions and other matters. The City believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the

financial position of the City.

Property Tax Objections: 2004-2007. The City's property tax levies for 2004 through 2007, varied between approximately \$720 and \$833 million annually. Objections have been filed in the Circuit Court to these levies, which objections remain pending. The City is unable to predict the outcome of proceedings concerning the objections.

E2 Nightclub Litigation. The City is a defendant in 57 wrongful death and personal injury lawsuits arising out of a stampede of patrons at the E2 Nightclub on February 17, 2003. The cases allege that the City, in a number of ways, engaged in conduct that contributed to the injuries or deaths. The circuit court denied the City's motion to dismiss the cases, but certified three questions of law for interlocutory appeal to the Illinois appellate court. Upon review, the appellate court addressed one of the questions so certified and found that the City is immune from liability for its alleged failure to enforce laws or court orders or provide police protection, effectively resolving all three questions in the City's favor. The plaintiffs filed a petition for leave to appeal to the Illinois Supreme Court for further review. In a September 24, 2008 order, the Supreme Court denied the plaintiffs petition and let stand the appellate court's favorable decision. Effectively, the vast majority of issues in the case have been resolved in the City's favor. There is only one issue remaining before the circuit court. As to that issue, the City previously filed a summary judgment motion, and the parties have fully briefed it. The City cannot predict whether the circuit court will grant the City's motion; regardless, the City will continue to defend each case vigorously.

Parking Meters Litigation. On December 4, 2008, the City entered into the Chicago Metered Parking System Concession Agreement (the "Agreement") with Chicago Parking Meters, LLC (the "Concessionaire"), whereby the Concessionaire paid the City approximately \$1,151 billion, and the City granted the Concessionaire the right to operate the City's metered parking system, including the right to collect revenues derived from the metered parking spaces. The City Comptroller (along with the State's Comptroller) has been named as a defendant in a case brought by the Independent Voters of Illinois Independent Precinct Organization and an individual plaintiff, arguing that certain provisions of the Agreement are illegal or unconstitutional, and requesting that the City and the State be enjoined from making certain expenditures in connection with the City's metered parking system. In March, 2010, the Circuit Court of Cook County granted the motion to dismiss the plaintiffs' complaint but gave the

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plaintiffs leave to file an amended complaint. The plaintiffs have filed an amended complaint. While the City cannot predict the outcome of this litigation, the City will continue to defend the case vigorously.

Automatic Red-Light Ticketing Litigation. In July 2010, individual plaintiffs, seeking to maintain a class action, filed suit against the City and other defendants in the Circuit Court. The plaintiffs allege that the State statute governing the use of automated red-light ticketing systems violates several provisions of the State Constitution, and that all such systems are therefore unlawful. The alleged grounds are that the State statute constitutes special legislation, violates the uniformity requirement, and violates equal protection because most of the State's African-American population lives in the eight counties covered by the statute. Plaintiffs seek to enjoin the operation of the City's red-light ticketing system, along with all others, and restitution of fines paid. Although the City cannot predict the outcome of this litigation, the City will vigorously defend this suit.

Firefighter Hiring Process Litigation. A class action was filed challenging the 1995 exam the City used as the first step of the hiring process for firefighter candidates. The City admitted in the district court that the exam had a disparate impact on African-American candidates but argued that the case was filed too late. The City also defended the exam on the basis that it was job-related and valid, and that the cut-off score was consistent with business necessity. The district court rejected all these defenses and entered judgment against the City. The court of appeals reversed, agreeing that the case was filed too late. The Supreme Court then reversed and remanded the case to the court of appeals. The City is unable to predict the outcome of this litigation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The basic financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, included in APPENDIX C to this Official Statement, have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing in APPENDIX C.

CERTAIN VERIFICATIONS

Robert Thomas CPA, LLC, Shawnee Mission, Kansas (the "Verification Agent"), independent certified public accountants, upon delivery of the Bonds, will deliver to the City a report stating that the firm, based upon information supplied by the City in connection with such matters, has reviewed the mathematical accuracy of certain computations relating to (i) the sufficiency of the maturing principal of and interest on the Government Securities to pay, when due, the principal and redemption price of and interest on the Refunded Bonds as described under the caption "PLAN OF"

FINANCING - Refunding of Certain General Obligation Bonds," and (ii) the actuarial yields on the Series 201 OA Bonds and the Government Securities, such computations with respect to such yields to be used to support the conclusion of Co-Bond Counsel that the Series 201 OA Bonds are not "arbitrage bonds" under Section 148 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder. The Verification Agent will express no opinion on the attainability of any assumptions or the taxexempt status of the Series 201 OA Bonds.

RATINGS

The Bonds are rated "_" by S&P, "_" by Moody's and "_" by Fitch based upon each

rating agency's assessment of the creditworthiness of the City. A rating reflects only the view of the rating agency giving such rating. An explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from such organization. There is no assurance that any rating will continue for any given period of time or that any rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely if, in the judgment of the rating agency, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of a rating may have an adverse effect on the price at which the Bonds may be resold.

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FINANCIAL ADVISOR

The City has engaged Gardner, Underwood & Bacon-Illinois, LLC, to act as financial advisor (the "Financial Advisor") in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds. Under the terms of its engagement, the Financial Advisor is not obligated to undertake, and has not undertaken to make, an independent verification of, or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information contained in this Official Statement.

UNDERWRITING

The Underwriters have agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the Series 201 OA Bonds

at a price equal to \$_(which represents the aggregate principal amount of the Series 201 OA

Bonds less an Underwriters' discount of *plus/less* a net reoffering premium/discount of

\$_), to purchase the Taxable Series 201 OB Bonds at a price equal to \$_(which

represents the aggregate principal amount of the Series 201 OB Bonds less an Underwriters' discount of

 $_)$ and to purchase the Taxable Series 2010C Bonds at a price equal to $_$

(which represents the aggregate principal amount of the Series 2010C Bonds less an Underwriters'

discount of \$_). The Underwriters have agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the

Bonds at a price equal to \$_(which represents the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds

less an Underwriters' discount of \$_).

The obligation of the Underwriters to accept delivery of the Bonds is subject to various conditions set forth in a Bond Purchase Agreement between the Underwriters and the City. The Underwriters are obligated to purchase all of the Bonds if any of the Bonds are purchased.

Loop Capital Markets LLC, an underwriter of the Bonds, has entered into an agreement (the "Distribution Agreement") with UBS Financial Services Inc. for the retail distribution of certain municipal securities offerings at the original issue prices. Pursuant to the Distribution Agreement, Loop Capital Markets LLC will share a portion of its underwriting compensation with respect to the Bonds with UBS Financial Services Inc.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("WFBNA"), one of the underwriters of the Bonds, has entered into an agreement (the "Distribution Agreement") with Wells Fargo Advisors, LLC ("WFA") for the retail distribution of certain municipal securities offerings, including the Bonds. Pursuant to the Distribution Agreement, WFBNA will share a portion of its underwriting compensation with respect to the Bonds with WFA. WFBNA and WFA are both subsidiaries of Wells Fargo & Company.

Wells Fargo Securities is the trade name for certain capital markets and investment banking services of Wells Fargo & Company and its subsidiaries, including Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. Wells Fargo Bank, National Association is serving as one of the underwriters for the Bonds and as Bond Registrar for the Bonds.

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TAX MATTERS

Series 2010A Bonds

Summary of Co-Bond Counsel Opinion

Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP and Cotillas and Associates, Co-Bond Counsel, are of the opinion that under existing law, interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds is not includable in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. If there is continuing compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), Co-Bond Counsel are of the opinion that interest on the Series 2010A Bonds will continue to be excluded from the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. In addition, interest on the Series 2010A Bonds is

not an item of tax preference for purposes of computing individual or corporate alternative minimum taxable income. However, interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds is includable in corporate earnings and profits and therefore must be taken into account when computing corporate alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the corporate alternative minimum tax.

Interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds is not exempt from Illinois income taxes.

Exclusion from Gross Income: Requirements

The Code contains certain requirements that must be satisfied from and after the date of issuance of the Series 201 OA Bonds in order to preserve the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds. These requirements relate to the use and investment of the proceeds of the Series 201 OA Bonds, the payment of certain amounts to the United States, the security and source of payment of the Series 2010A Bonds and the use of the property financed with the proceeds of the Series 201 OA Bonds. Among these specific requirements are the following: Investment Restrictions. Except during certain "temporary periods," proceeds of the Series 201 OA Bonds and investment earnings thereon (other than amounts held in a reasonably required reserve or replacement fund, if any, or as part of a "minor portion") may generally not be invested in investments having a yield that is materially higher than the yield on the Series 2010A Bonds.

Rebate of Permissible Arbitrage Earnings. Earnings from the investment of the "gross proceeds" of the Series 201 OA Bonds in excess of the earnings that would have been realized if such investments had been made at a yield equal to the yield on the Series 201 OA Bonds are required to be paid to the United States at periodic intervals. For this purpose, the term "gross proceeds" includes the original proceeds of the Series 201 OA Bonds, amounts received as a result of investing such proceeds and amounts to be used to pay debt service on the Series 2010A Bonds.

Limitations on Private Use. The Code includes limitations on the amount of Series 201 OA Bond proceeds that may be used in the trade or business of, or used to make or finance loans to, persons other than governmental units. *Covenants to Comply*

The City has covenanted to comply with the requirements of the Code relating to the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds.

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Risk of Non-Compliance

In the event that the City fails to comply with the requirements of the Code, interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds may become includable in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes retroactively to the date of issue. In such event, the City's agreements with the owners of the Series 201 OA Bonds require neither acceleration of payment of principal of or interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds nor payment of any additional interest or penalties to the owners of the Series 201 OA Bonds. *Federal Income Tax Consequences*

Pursuant to Section 103 of the Code, interest on the Series 2010A Bonds is not includable in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. However, the Code contains a number of other provisions relating to the treatment of interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds that may affect the taxation of certain types of owners, depending on their particular tax situations. Some of the potentially applicable federal income tax provisions are described in general terms below. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS CONCERNING THE PARTICULAR FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THEIR OWNERSHIP OF THE BONDS.

Cost of Carry. Owners of the Series 201 OA Bonds will generally be denied a deduction for otherwise deductible interest on any debt that is treated for federal income tax purposes as incurred or continued to purchase or carry the Series 201 OA Bonds. Financial institutions are denied a deduction for their otherwise allowable interest expense in an amount determined by reference to their adjusted basis in the Series 201 OA Bonds.

Corporate Owners. Interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds is generally taken into account in computing earnings and profits of a corporation and consequently may be subject to federal income taxes based thereon. Thus, for example, interest on the Series 2010A Bonds is taken into account not only in computing the corporate alternative minimum tax but also the branch profits tax imposed on certain foreign corporations, the passive investment income tax imposed on certain S corporations, and the accumulated earnings tax. Individual Owners. Receipt of interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds may increase the amount of social security and railroad retirement benefits included in the gross income of the recipients thereof for federal income tax purposes.

Certain Blue Cross or Blue Shield Organizations. Receipt of interest on the Series 2010A Bonds may reduce a special deduction otherwise available to certain Blue Cross or Blue Shield organizations.

Property or Casualty Insurance Companies. Receipt of interest on the Series 2010A Bonds may reduce otherwise deductible underwriting losses of a property or casualty insurance company.

Foreign Personal Holding Company Income. A United States shareholder of a foreign personal holding company may realize taxable income to the extent that interest on the Series 201 OA Bonds held by such a company is properly allocable to the shareholder. *Series 201 OA Bonds Purchased at a Premium or at a Discount*

The difference (if any) between the initial price at which a substantial amount of each maturity of the Series 201 OA Bonds is sold to

the public (the "Offering Price") and the principal amount payable at

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maturity of such Series 201 OA Bonds is given special treatment for federal income tax purposes. If the Offering Price is higher than the maturity value of a Series 201 OA Bond, the difference between the two is known as "bond premium;" if the Offering Price is lower than the maturity value of a Series 201 OA Bond, the difference between the two is known as "original issue discount."

Bond premium and original issue discount are amortized over the term of a Series 201 OA Bond on the basis of the owner's yield from the date of purchase to the date of maturity, compounded at the end of each accrual period of one year or less with straight line interpolation between compounding dates, as provided more specifically in the Income Tax Regulations. The amount of bond premium accruing during each period is subtracted from the owner's tax basis in the Series 201 OA Bond. The amount of original issue discount accruing during each period is treated as interest that is excludable from the gross income of the owner of such Series 201 OA Bond for federal income tax purposes, to the same extent and with the same limitations as current interest, and is added to the owner's tax basis in the Series 2010A Bond's adjusted tax basis is used to determine whether, and to what extent, the owner realizes taxable gain or loss upon the disposition of the Series 201 OA Bond (whether by reason of sale, acceleration, redemption prior to maturity or payment at maturity of the Series 201 OA Bond).

Owners who purchase Series 201 OA Bonds at a price other than the Offering Price, after the termination of the initial public offering or at a market discount should consult their tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of their ownership of the Series 2010A Bonds. In addition, owners of Series 201 OA Bonds should consult their tax advisors with respect to the state and local tax consequences of owning the Series 201 OA Bonds; under the applicable provisions of state or local income tax law, bond premium and original issue discount may give rise to taxable income at different times and in different amounts than they do for federal income tax purposes.

Taxable Bonds

General

Interest on the Taxable Bonds is not excludable from gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. In addition, interest on the Taxable Bonds is not exempt from State of Illinois income taxes.

Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following is a summary of the principal United States federal income tax consequences of ownership of Taxable Bonds. It deals only with Taxable Bonds held as capital assets by initial purchasers, and not with special classes of holders, such as dealers in securities or currencies, banks, tax-exempt organizations, life insurance companies, persons that hold Taxable Bonds that are a hedge or that are hedged against currency risks or that are part of a straddle or conversion transaction, or persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar. The summary is based on the Code, its legislative history, existing and proposed regulations thereunder, published rulings and court decisions, all as currently in effect and all subject to change at any time, perhaps with retroactive effect.

The Code contains a number of provisions relating to the taxation of the Taxable Bonds (including but not limited to the treatment of and accounting for interest, premium, original issue discount and market discount thereon, gain from the disposition thereof and withholding tax on income therefrom) that may affect the taxation of certain owners, depending on their particular tax situations. Prospective purchasers of Taxable Bonds should consult their own tax advisors concerning the consequences, in their particular circumstances, under the Code and the laws of any other taxing jurisdiction, of ownership of Taxable Bonds.

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Payments of Interest to United States Holders

Interest on the Taxable Bonds will be taxable to a United States Holder (as defined below) as ordinary income at the time it is received or accrued, depending on the holder's method of accounting for tax purposes in accordance with generally applicable principles.

A United States Holder for purposes of this discussion is a beneficial owner of a Taxable Bond for U.S. federal income tax law purposes and:

a citizen or resident of the United States;

• a corporation or partnership which is created or organized in or under the laws of the

United States or of any political subdivision thereof;

an estate the income of which is subject to United States federal income taxation regardless of its source; or

a trust if (T) a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (2) the trust was in existence on August 10, 1996 and properly elected to continue to be treated as a U.S. person.

The term "Non-U.S. Holder" refers to any beneficial owner of a Taxable Bond who or which is not a United States Holder.

Original Issue Discount

In general, if the excess of a Taxable Bond's stated redemption price at maturity over its issue price is less than one-quarter of one percent (0.25%) of the Taxable Bond's stated redemption price at maturity multiplied by the number of complete years to its maturity, then such excess, if any, constitutes de minimis original issue discount. In such case, the Taxable Bond is not considered to be a Taxable Bond issued with original issue discount that is required to be included in income calculated using a constant-yield method without regard to the receipt of cash attributable to such income. Such excess will be treated as gain recognized upon retirement of the Taxable Bond.

Sale and Retirement of the Taxable Bonds

United States Holders of Taxable Bonds will recognize gain or loss on the sale, redemption, retirement or other disposition of such Taxable Bonds. The gain or loss is measured by the difference between the amount realized on the disposition of the Taxable Bond and the United States Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Taxable Bond. Such gain or loss will be capital gain or loss, except to the extent of accrued market discount not previously included in income, and will be long term capital gain or loss if at the time of disposition such Taxable Bond has been held for more than one year.

United States Federal Income Tax Considerations for Non-U. S. Holders

Withholding Tax on Payments of Principal and Interest on Taxable Bonds. Generally, payments of principal and interest on a Taxable Bond will not be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax, provided that in the case of an interest payment: 29

• the holder is not a bank to whom the Taxable Bonds would constitute an extension of credit made pursuant to a loan agreement entered into in the ordinary course of its trade or business; and

• either (A) the beneficial owner of the Taxable Bond certifies to the applicable payor or its agent, under penalties of perjury on an IRS Form W-8BEN (or a suitable substitute form), that such owner is not a United States person and provides such owner's name and address or (B) a securities clearing organization, bank or other financial institution, that holds customers' securities in the ordinary course of its trade or business (a "financial institution") and holds the Taxable Bond, certifies under penalties of perjury that such an IRS Form W-8BEN (or suitable substitute form) has been received from the beneficial owner by it or by a financial institution between it and the beneficial owner and furnishes the payor with a copy thereof.

Except to the extent otherwise provided under an applicable tax treaty, a Non-U. S. Holder generally will be taxed in the same manner as a United States Holder with respect to interest and original issue discount payments on a Taxable Bond if such interest and original issue discount is effectively connected with its conduct of a trade or business in the United States. Effectively connected interest and original interest discount received by a corporate Non-U.S. Holder may also, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" at a 30% rate (or, if applicable, a lower treaty rate), subject to certain adjustments. Such effectively connected interest and original issue discount will not be subject to withholding tax if the holder delivers an IRS Form W-8ECI to the payor.

Gain on Disposition of the Taxable Bonds. A Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on gain realized on the sale, exchange or redemption of a Taxable Bond unless:

• the Holder is an individual present in the United States for 183 days or more in the year of such sale, exchange or redemption and either (A) has a "tax home" in the United States and certain other requirements are met, or (B) the gain from the disposition is attributable to its office or other fixed place of business in the United States; or the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States.

U.S. Federal Estate Tax. A Taxable Bond held by an individual who at the time of death is not a citizen or resident of the United States (as specially defined for U.S. federal estate tax purposes) will not be subject to United States federal estate tax if at the time of the individual's death, payments with respect to such Taxable Bond would not have been effectively connected with the conduct by such individual of a trade or business in the United States. The United States federal estate tax was repealed effective January 1, 2010. In addition, the legislation repealing the estate tax expires in 2011, and thus the estate tax will be reinstated at that time unless future legislation extends the repeal.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

United States Holders. Information reporting applies to payments of interest made by the City, or the proceeds of the sale or other disposition of the Taxable Bond with respect to certain non-corporate U.S. holders, and backup withholding may apply unless the recipient of such payment supplies a taxpayer identification number, certified under penalties of perjury, as well as certain other information or otherwise establishes an exemption from backup withholding. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or a credit against that holder's U.S. federal income tax liability provided the required information is furnished to the IRS.

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Non-U.S. Holders. Backup withholding and information reporting on Form 1099 will not apply to payments of principal and interest on the Taxable Bonds by the City or its agent to a Non-U.S. Holder provided the Non-U.S. Holder provides

the certification described above under "United States Federal Income Tax Considerations for Non-U.S. Holders-Withholding Tax on Payments of Principal and Interest on Taxable Bonds" or otherwise establishes an exemption (provided that neither the City nor its agent has actual knowledge that the holder is a United States person or that the conditions of any other exemptions are not in fact satisfied). Interest payments made to a Non-U.S. Holder may, however, be reported to the IRS and to such Non-U.S. Holder on Form 1042-S.

Information reporting and backup withholding generally will not apply to a payment of the proceeds of a sale of Taxable Bonds effected outside the United States by a foreign office of a foreign broker. However, information reporting requirements (but not backup withholding) will apply to a payment of the proceeds of a sale of Taxable Bonds effected outside the United States by a foreign office of a broker if the broker (i) is a United States person, (ii) derives 50 percent or more of its gross income for certain periods from the conduct of a trade or business in the United States, (iii) is a "controlled foreign corporation" as to the United States, or (iv) is a foreign partnership that, at any time during its taxable year is 50 percent or more (by income or capital interest) owned by United States persons or is engaged in the conduct of a U.S. trade or business, unless in any such case the broker has documentary evidence in its records that the holder is a Non-U.S. holder (and has no actual knowledge to the contrary) and certain conditions are met, or the holder otherwise establishes an exemption. Payment by a United States office of a broker of the proceeds of a sale of Taxable Bonds will be subject to both backup withholding and information reporting unless the holder certifies its non-United States status under penalties of perjury or otherwise establishes an exemption.

Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or a credit against that holder's U.S. federal income tax liability provided the required information is furnished to the IRS.

Circular 230 Disclaimer

The description of certain tax matters under the heading "TAX MATTERS," above is not intended to be used, and cannot be used by any purchaser of the Bonds, for the purpose of avoiding penalties that may be imposed on such purchaser. This advice is written to support the promotion or marketing of the Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors concerning the particular federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of their ownership of Bonds.

Change of Law

The opinions of Co-Bond Counsel and the descriptions of the tax law contained in this Official Statement are based on statutes, judicial decisions, regulations, rulings, and other official interpretations of law in existence on the date the Bonds were issued. There can be no assurance that such law or the interpretation thereof will not be changed or that new provisions of law will not be enacted or promulgated at any time while the Bonds are outstanding in a manner that would adversely affect the value or the tax treatment of ownership of the Bonds.

APPROVAL OF LEGAL MATTERS

Legal matters with regard to the authorization, issuance and sale of the Bonds are subject to the approving opinions of Katten Muchin Rosenman LLP, Chicago, Illinois, and Cotillas and Associates,

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Chicago, Illinois, Co-Bond Counsel, which opinions will be substantially in the forms included as APPENDIX D hereto. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the City by its Corporation Counsel and for the Underwriters by their counsel, McGaugh & Associates, Chicago, Illinois.

SECONDARY MARKET DISCLOSURE

The City will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (the "Undertaking") for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds to send certain information annually and to provide notice of certain events to the MSRB pursuant to the requirements of Section (b)(5) of the Rule. The MSRB has designated its Electronic Municipal Market Access system, known as EMMA, as the system to be used for continuing disclosures to investors. The information to be provided on an annual basis, the events that will be noticed on an occurrence basis and a summary of other terms of the Undertaking, including termination, amendment and remedies, are set forth below.

A failure by the City to comply with the Undertaking will not constitute a default under the Bonds or the Ordinance, and beneficial owners of the Bonds are limited to the remedies described in the Undertaking. See "- Consequences of Failure of the City to Provide Information" under this caption. A failure by the City to comply with the Undertaking must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

The following is a brief summary of certain provisions of the Undertaking of the City and does not purport to be complete. The statements made under this caption are subject to the detailed provisions of the Undertaking, a copy of

which is available upon request from the City.

Annual Financial Information Disclosure

The City covenants that it will disseminate its Annual Financial Information and its Audited Financial Statements (as described below) to the MSRB. The City is required to deliver such information so that the MSRB receives the information by the dates specified in the Undertaking.

"Annual Financial Information" means information generally consistent with that contained under the caption "THE CITY - Corporate Fund" and in APPENDIX B hereto.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the audited basic financial statements of the City prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units as in effect from time to time.

Annual Financial Information exclusive of Audited Financial Statements will be provided to the MSRB not more than 210 days after the last day of the City's fiscal year, which currently is December 31. If Audited Financial Statements are not available when the Annual Financial Information is filed, unaudited financial statements will be included, and Audited Financial Statements will be filed when available.

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Events Notification; Material Events Disclosure

The City covenants that it will disseminate in a timely manner to the MSRB the disclosure of the occurrence of an Event (as described below) that is material, as materiality is interpreted under the Exchange Act. The "Events," certain of which may not be applicable to the Bonds, are:

principal and interest payment delinquencies;

non-payment related defaults;

unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the security; modifications to rights of security holders; Bond calls; defeasances;

release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities; and rating changes.

Consequences of Failure of the City to Provide Information

The City shall give notice in a timely manner to the MSRB of any failure to provide disclosure of Annual Financial Information and Audited Financial Statements when the same are due under the Undertaking.

In the event of a failure of the City to comply with any provision of the Undertaking, the beneficial owner of any Bond may seek mandamus or specific performance by court order, to cause the City to comply with its obligations under the Undertaking. The Undertaking provides that any court action must be initiated in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois. A default under the Undertaking shall not be deemed a default under the Bonds or the Ordinance, and the sole remedy under the Undertaking in the event of any failure of the City to comply with the Undertaking shall be an action to compel performance.

The City is currently in compliance with undertakings previously entered into by it pursuant to the Rule. The City has had to take corrective action with respect to its undertakings for its Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds issued from 1996 to 2002. See "- Corrective Action Related to Certain Bond Disclosure Requirements" below.

Amendment; Waiver

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Undertaking, the City may amend the Undertaking, and any provision of the Undertaking may be waived, if:

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(a) (i) the amendment or waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of the City or type of business conducted;

(ii) the Undertaking, as amended, or the provision, as waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(iii) the amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of the beneficial owners of the Bonds, as determined by a party unaffiliated with the City (such as bond counsel), or by approving vote of the owners of the Bonds pursuant to the terms of the Ordinance at the time of the amendment or waiver; or

(b) the amendment or waiver is otherwise permitted by the Rule.

Termination of Undertaking

The Undertaking shall be terminated if the City shall no longer have any legal liability for any obligation on or relating to repayment of the Bonds. If this provision is applicable, the City shall give notice in a timely manner to the MSRB.

Additional Information

Nothing in the Undertaking shall be deemed to prevent the City from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in the Undertaking or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Financial Information or Audited Financial Statements or notice of occurrence of a material Event, in addition to that which is required by the Undertaking. If the City chooses to include any information in any Annual Financial Information or Audited Financial Statements or notice of a material Event in addition to that which is specifically required by the Undertaking, the City shall have no obligation under the Undertaking to update such information or include it in any future Annual Financial Information or Audited Financial Statements or notice of occurrence of a comparison of the terms of the Undertaking of the City shall have no obligation under the Undertaking to update such information or include it in any future Annual Financial Information or Audited Financial Statements or notice of a material Statements or notice of a material Statements or notice of an Event.

Corrective Action Related to Certain Bond Disclosure Requirements

While the City is currently in compliance with respect to its undertakings to file Annual Financial Information relating to all previously issued bonds and the Bonds in accordance with the Rule, the City and the dissemination agent for the City's Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds issued from 1996 to 2002 (the "Single Family Mortgage Bonds") did not distribute annual bond disclosure reports for those Single Family Mortgage Bonds in a timely manner as required by Section (b)(5) of the Rule. The City has filed current annual bond disclosure reports for those Single Family Mortgage Bonds with the trustee for the Single Family Mortgage Bonds and such trustee has disseminated such reports to each Nationally Recognized Municipal Securities Information Repository then recognized by the Commission for purposes of the Rule with respect to those previously issued Single Family Mortgage Bonds and has complied with the Rule for Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds issued subsequent to 2002.

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MISCELLANEOUS

The foregoing summaries or descriptions of provisions of the Ordinance and the Undertaking and all references to other materials not purporting to be quoted in full, are qualified in their entirety by reference to the complete provisions of the documents and other materials summarized or described. Copies of these documents may be obtained from the Chief Financial Officer of the City.

The Bonds are authorized and are being issued pursuant to the City Council's approval under the powers of the City as a home rule unit under Article VII of the Illinois Constitution of 1970. This Official Statement has been authorized by the City Council.

CITY OF CHICAGO By: Chief Financial Officer 35 [This Page Intentionally left Blank] APPENDIX A CITY OF CHICAGO REAL PROPERTY TAX SYSTEM AND LIMITS **TABLE OF CONTENTS** Page Real Property Assessment, Tax Levy and Collection Procedures......A-1 Equalization......A-2 Tax Levy......A-4 State of Illinois......A-6 The City......A-6 **REAL PROPERTY ASSESSMENT, TAX LEVY AND COLLECTION PROCEDURES** General

Information under this caption provides a general summary of the current procedures for real property assessment, tax levy and tax collection in Cook County (the "County"). The following is not an exhaustive discussion, nor can there be any assurance that the procedures described under this caption will not be changed either retroactively or prospectively. The Illinois laws relating to real property taxation are contained in the Illinois Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code").

Substantially all (approximately 99.99 percent) of the "Equalized Assessed Valuation" (described below) of taxable property in the City is located in the County. The remainder is located in DuPage County. Accordingly, unless otherwise indicated, the information set forth under this caption and elsewhere in this Official Statement with respect to taxable property in the City does not reflect the portion situated in DuPage County.

Assessment

The Cook County Assessor (the "Assessor") is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within the County, except for certain railroad property and pollution control equipment assessed directly by the State. One-third of the real property in the County is reassessed each year on a repeating triennial schedule established by the Assessor. The City was reassessed in 2009. In 2008, the suburbs in the western and southern portions of the County were reassessed. The suburbs in the northern and northwestern portions of the County will be reassessed in 2010.

Real property in the County is separated into various classifications for assessment purposes. After the Assessor establishes the fair cash value of a parcel of land, that value is multiplied by one of the classification percentages to arrive at the assessed valuation (the "Assessed Valuation") for the parcel. Beginning with the 2009 tax year, the classification percentages range from 10 to 25 percent depending on the type of property (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial) and whether it qualifies for certain incentives for reduced rates. For prior years, the classification percentages ranged from 16 to 38 percent.

The Cook County Board of Commissioners has adopted various amendments to the County's Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance (the "Classification Ordinance"), pursuant to which the Assessed Valuation of real property is established. Among other things, these amendments have reduced certain property classification percentages, lengthened certain renewal periods of classifications and created new property classifications.

The Assessor has established procedures enabling taxpayers to contest the Assessor's tentative Assessed Valuations. Once the Assessor certifies final Assessed Valuations, a taxpayer can seek review of its assessment by the Cook County Board of Review (the "Board of Review"). The Board of Review has powers to review and adjust Assessed Valuations set by the Assessor. Owners of property are able to appeal decisions of the Board of Review to the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board (the "PTAB"), a statewide administrative body, or to the Circuit Court of Cook County (the "Circuit Court"). The PTAB has the power to determine the Assessed Valuation of real property based on equity and the weight of the evidence. Based on the amount of the proposed change in assessed valuation, taxpayers may appeal decisions of the PTAB to either the Circuit Court or the Illinois Appellate Court under the Illinois Administrative Review Law.

In a series of PTAB decisions, the PTAB reduced the assessed valuations of certain commercial and industrial property in the County based upon the application of median levels of assessment derived

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from Illinois Department of Revenue sales-ratio studies instead of utilizing the assessment percentages provided in the Classification Ordinance. On appeal, the Illinois Appellate Court determined that it was improper for the PTAB, on its own initiative, to use the sales-ratio studies when such studies were not even raised as an issue by the taxpayer before the Board of Review or in its appeal to the PTAB.

The Appellate Court decisions do not preclude a taxpayer in a properly presented case from introducing into evidence sales-ratio studies for the purpose of obtaining an assessment below that which would result from application of the Classification Ordinance. No prediction can be made whether any currently pending or future case would be successful. The City believes that the impact of any such case on the City would be minimal, as the City's ability to levy or collect real property taxes would be unaffected.

As an alternative to seeking review of Assessed Valuations by the PTAB, taxpayers who have first exhausted their remedies before the Board of Review may file an objection in the Circuit Court. The City filed a petition to intervene in certain of these proceedings for the first time in 2003, but the Circuit Court denied the City's petition in early 2004. The City appealed the Circuit Court decision. On appeal, the Circuit Court decision was reversed and the matter was remanded to the Circuit Court with instructions to allow the City to proceed with its petitions to intervene. In addition, in cases where the Assessor agrees that an assessment error has been made after tax bills have been issued, the Assessor can correct the Assessed Valuation, and thus reduce the amount of taxes due, by issuing a Certificate of Error. Equalization

After the Assessed Valuation for each parcel of real estate in a county has been determined for a given year including any revisions made by the Board of Review, the Illinois Department of Revenue reviews the assessments and determines an equalization factor (the "Equalization Factor"), commonly called the "multiplier," for each county. The purpose of equalization is to bring the aggregate assessed value of all real property, except farmland and undeveloped coal, in each

county to the statutory requirement of 33-1/3 percent of estimated fair cash value. Adjustments in Assessed Valuation made by the PTAB or the courts are not reflected in the Equalization Factor. The Assessed Valuation of each parcel of real estate in the County is multiplied by the County's Equalization Factor to determine the parcel's equalized assessed valuation (the "Equalized Assessed Valuation").

The Equalized Assessed Valuation for each parcel is the final property valuation used for determination of tax liability. The aggregate Equalized Assessed Valuation for all parcels in any taxing body's jurisdiction, after reduction for all applicable exemptions, plus the valuation of property assessed directly by the State, constitutes the total real estate tax base for the taxing body and is the figure used to calculate tax rates (the "Assessment Base"). The Equalization Factor for a given year is used in computing the taxes extended for collection in the following year. The Equalization Factors for levy years 1999 through 2008 are listed in APPENDIX B in the table captioned "Property Tax Information." In 1991, legislation was enacted by the State which provided that for 1992 and for subsequent years' tax levies, the Equalized Assessed Valuation used to determine any applicable tax limits is the one for the immediately preceding year and not the current year. This legislation impacts taxing districts with rate limits only and currently does not apply to the City. See "Property Tax Limits" below.

Exemptions

The Illinois Constitution allows homestead exemptions for residential property. Pursuant to the Illinois Property Tax Code, property must be occupied by the owner as a principal residence on January 1 of the tax year for which the exemption will be claimed.

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The annual general homestead exemption provides for the reduction of the Equalized Assessed Valuation ("EAV") of certain property owned and used exclusively for residential purposes by the amount of the increase over the 1977 EAV, up to a maximum reduction of \$5,000. There is an additional homestead exemption for senior citizens (individuals at least 65 years of age), for whom the Assessor is authorized to reduce the EAV by a maximum of \$4,000. An additional exemption is available for homes owned and exclusively used for residential purposes by disabled veterans or their spouses, for whom the Assessor is authorized to annually exempt up to \$70,000 of the Assessed Valuation. In addition, there is a homestead exemption of \$5,000 for the taxable year in which a veteran returns from active duty in an armed conflict involving the armed forces of the United States. An exemption is available for homestead improvements by an owner of a single family residence of up to \$75,000 of the increase in the fair cash value of a home due to certain home improvements to an existing structure for at least four years from the date the improvement is completed and occupied. Senior citizens whose household income is \$55,000 or less, and who are either the owner of record or have a legal or equitable interest in the property, qualify to have the EAV of their property frozen in the year in which they first qualify for the so-called "freeze" and each year thereafter in which the qualifying criteria are maintained.

On July 12, 2004, the Property Tax Code was amended to permit each county in the State, by enacting an ordinance within six months of the effective date of the law, to limit future increases in the taxable value of residential property in such a county to an annual increase of not more than 7% per year. This is known as the Alternative Homestead Exemption. Upon adoption of such an ordinance, homestead property will generally be entitled to an annual homestead exemption equal to the difference between the property's EAV and the property's "adjusted homestead value." The County adopted an ordinance electing to be governed by this law. The exemption provided for under this law cannot exceed \$20,000 in any taxable year. The purpose of the law is to reduce the increase in the taxable value of residential property that otherwise occurs when home values rise rapidly.

In 2007, the Alternative Homestead Exemption law enacted in 2004 was allowed to sunset. Later in 2007, Public Act 95-0644 was enacted, which extended the Alternative Homestead Exemption law for an additional three years, subject to certain revisions and adjustments to the prior law. The extension enacted in 2007 expired for properties located in the City with the 2008 assessment. On August 1, 2010, Public Act 96-1418 was enacted to extend the Alternative Homestead Exemption for three more years. The maximum exemption is \$20,000 for the first year, \$16,000 for the second year, and \$12,000 for the third year. This exemption is being applied over a three-year period: 2009 through 2011 in the City, 2010 through 2012 in the northern and northwestern portions of the County, and 2011 through 2013 in the western and southern portions of the County.

In October 2004, the Chicagoland Chamber of Commerce, along with multiple other plaintiffs, filed a Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief in the Circuit Court, requesting the court to enter an order declaring the 2004 Alternative Homestead Exemption law unconstitutional and enjoining the application and enforcement of its provisions. (The Chicagoland Chamber of Commerce, et al. v. Maria Pappas, et al., 04 CH 16874). On April 22, 2005, the circuit court dismissed the complaint, and that ruling was appealed. On appeal, the Appellate Court affirmed the decision of the

Circuit Court.

Aside from homestead exemptions, upon application, review and approval by the Board of Review, or upon an appeal to the Illinois Department of Revenue, there are exemptions generally available for properties of religious, charitable, and educational organizations, as well as units of federal, state and local governments.

Additionally, counties have been authorized to create special property tax exemptions in long-established residential areas or in areas of deteriorated, vacant or abandoned homes and properties. Under such an exemption, long-time, residential owner-occupants in eligible areas would be entitled to a deferral

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or exemption from that portion of property taxes resulting from an increase in market value because of refurbishment or renovation of other residences or construction of new residences in the area. On June 5, 2001, the County enacted the Longtime Homeowner Ordinance, which provides property tax relief from dramatic rises in property taxes directly or indirectly attributable to gentrification in the form of an exemption. This is generally applicable to homeowners: (i) who have resided in their homes for 10 consecutive years (or five consecutive years for homeowners who have received assistance in the acquisition of the property as part of a government or nonprofit housing program), (ii) whose annual household income for the year of the homeowner's triennial assessment does not exceed 115 percent of the Chicago Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area median income as defined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, (iii) whose property has increased in assessed value to a level exceeding 150 percent of the current average assessed value for properties in the assessment district where the property is located, and (iv) who, for any triennial assessment cycle, did not cause a substantial improvement which resulted in an increase in the property's fair cash value in excess of the \$45,000 allowance set forth in the Property Tax Code.

There are over 800 units of local government (the "Units") located in whole or in part in the County that have taxing power. The major Units having taxing power over property within the City are the City, the Chicago Park District, the Board of Education of the City of Chicago, the School Finance Authority, Community College District No. 508, the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago, the County and the Forest Preserve District of Cook County.

As part of the annual budgetary process of the Units, each year in which the determination is made to levy real estate taxes, proceedings are adopted by the governing body for each Unit. The tax levy proceedings impose the Units' respective real estate taxes in terms of a dollar amount. Each Unit certifies its real estate tax levy, as established by the proceedings, to the County Clerk's Office. The remaining administration and collection of the real estate taxes is statutorily assigned to the County Clerk and the County Treasurer, who is also the County Collector (the "County Collector").

After the Units file their annual tax levies, the County Clerk computes the annual tax rate for each Unit by dividing the levy of each Unit by the Assessment Base of the respective Unit. If any tax rate thus calculated or any component of such a tax rate (such as a levy for a particular fund) exceeds any applicable statutory rate limit, the County Clerk disregards the excessive rate and applies the maximum rate permitted by law.

The County Clerk then computes the total tax rate applicable to each parcel of real property by aggregating the tax rates of all the Units having jurisdiction over the particular parcel. The County Clerk enters in the books prepared for the County Collector (the "Warrant Books") the tax (determined by multiplying that total tax rate by the Equalized Assessed Valuation of that parcel), along with the tax rates, the Assessed Valuation and the Equalized Assessed Valuation. The Warrant Books are the County Collector's authority for the collection of taxes and are used by the County Collector as the basis for issuing tax bills to all property owners.

The Illinois Truth in Taxation Law (the "Truth in Taxation Law") contained within the Property Tax Code imposes procedural limitations on a Unit's real estate taxing powers and requires that notice in prescribed form must be published if the aggregate annual levy is estimated to exceed 105 percent of the levy of the preceding year, exclusive of levies for debt service, levies made for the purpose of paying amounts due under public building commission leases and election costs. A public hearing must also be held, which may not be in conjunction with the budget hearing of the Unit on the adoption of the annual levy. No amount in excess of 105 percent of the preceding year's levy may be used as the basis for A-4

issuing tax bills to property owners unless the levy is accompanied by certification of compliance with the foregoing procedures. The Truth in Taxation Law does not impose any limitations on the rate or amount of the levy to pay principal of and interest on the general obligations bonds and notes of the City. **Collection**

Property taxes are collected by the County Collector, "who remits to each Unit its share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become payable during the following year in two installments, the first due on March 1 and the second on the later of August 1 or 30 days after the mailing of the tax bills. The first installment is an estimated bill calculated at 55% of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment is for the balance of the current year's tax bill, and is based on the current levy, assessed value and Equalization Factor and applicable tax rates, and reflects any changes from the prior year in those factors. Taxes on railroad real property used for transportation purposes are payable in one lump sum on the same date as the second installment.

The following table sets forth the second installment penalty date during the last 10 years; the first installment penalty date has been March 2 for all years.

Second Installment

Tax Year Penalty Date

2008 December 1, 2009 2007 November 3, 2008 2006 December 3, 2007 2005 September 1, 2006 2004 November 1, 2005 2003 November 15, 2004 2002 October 1, 2003 2001 November 1, 2002

2000 November 1, 2001

1999 October 2, 2000

The County may provide for tax bills to be payable in four installments instead of two. The County has not determined to require payment of tax bills in four installments. During the periods of peak collections, tax receipts are forwarded to each Unit not less than weekly.

At the end of each collection year, the County Collector presents the Warrant Books to the Circuit Court and applies for a judgment for all unpaid taxes. The court order resulting from the application for judgment provides for an annual sale of all unpaid taxes shown on the year's Warrant Books (the "Annual Tax Sale"). The Annual Tax Sale is a public sale, at which time successful tax buyers pay the unpaid taxes plus penalties. Unpaid taxes accrue penalties at the rate of 1.5 percent per month from their due date until the date of sale. Taxpayers can redeem their property by paying the amount paid at the sale, plus a maximum of 18 percent for each six-month period after the sale. If no redemption is made within the applicable redemption period (ranging from six months to two and one-half years depending on the type and occupancy of the property) and the tax buyer files a petition in Circuit Court, notifying the necessary parties in accordance with applicable law, the tax buyer receives a deed to the property. In addition, there are miscellaneous statutory provisions for foreclosure of tax liens.

If there is no sale of the tax lien on a parcel of property at the Annual Tax Sale, the taxes are forfeited and eligible to be purchased at any time thereafter at an amount equal to all delinquent taxes, interest and certain other costs to the date of purchase. Redemption periods and procedures are the same

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as applicable to the Annual Tax Sale, except that a different penalty rate may apply depending on the length of the redemption period.

A scavenger sale (the "Scavenger Sale"), like the Annual Tax Sale, is a sale of unpaid taxes. A Scavenger Sale must be held, at a minimum, every two years on all property in which taxes are delinquent for two or more years. The sale price of the unpaid taxes is the amount bid at the Scavenger Sale, which may be less than the amount of the delinquent taxes. Redemption periods vary from six months to two and one-half years depending upon the type and occupancy of the property.

The annual appropriation ordinance of the City has a provision for an allowance for uncollectible taxes. The City reviews this provision annually to determine whether adjustments are appropriate. For tax year 2009, collectible in 2010, the allowance for uncollectible taxes is four percent of the gross tax levy. For financial reporting purposes, uncollected taxes are written off by the City after four years, but are fully reserved after one year.

Property Tax Limits

State Legislation

As described above under "Real Property Assessment, Tax Levy and Collection Procedures - Exemptions," the Alternative Homestead Exemption was recently extended for an additional three years.

State of Illinois

The Property Tax Code limits (a) the amount of property taxes that can be extended for non-home rule units of local government located in the County and five adjacent counties and (b) the ability of those entities to issue general obligation bonds without voter approval (collectively, the "State Tax Cap"). Generally, the extension of property taxes for a unit of local government subject to the State Tax Cap may increase in any year by five percent or the percent increase in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding year, whichever is less, or the amount approved by referendum. The State Tax Cap does not apply to "limited bonds" payable from a unit's "debt service extension base" or to "double-barreled alternate bonds" issued pursuant to Section 15 of the Local Government Debt Reform Act.

As a home rule unit of government, the City is not subject to the State Tax Cap. Under the Illinois Constitution of 1970, the enactment of legislation applying the State Tax Cap to the City and other home rule municipalities would require a law approved by the vote of three-fifths of the members of each house of the Illinois General Assembly and the concurrence of the Governor of the State of Illinois. It is not possible to predict whether, or in what form, any property tax limitations applicable to the City would be enacted by the Illinois General Assembly. The adoption of any such limits on the extension of real property taxes by the Illinois General Assembly may, in future years, adversely affect the City's ability to levy property taxes to finance operations at current levels and the City's power to issue additional general obligation debt without the prior approval of voters.

State law imposes certain notice and public hearing requirements on non-home rule units of local government that propose to issue general obligation debt. These requirements do not apply to the City.

The City

In 1993, the City Council of the City adopted an ordinance (the "City Tax Limitation Ordinance") limiting, beginning in 1994, the City's aggregate property tax levy to an amount equal to the prior year's aggregate property tax levy (subject to certain adjustments) plus the lesser of (a) five percent or (b) the

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percentage increase in the annualized Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers for all items, as published by the United States Department of Labor, during the 12-month period most recently announced prior to the filing of the preliminary budget estimate report. The City Tax Limitation Ordinance also provides that such limitation shall not reduce that portion of each levy attributable to the greater of: (i) for any levy year, interest and principal on general obligation notes and bonds of the City outstanding on January 1, 1994, to be paid from collections of the levy made for such levy year, or (ii) \$395,255,686, the amount of the aggregate interest and principal payments on the City's general obligation bonds and notes during the 12-month period ended January 1, 1994, subject to annual increase in the manner described above for the aggregate levy (the "Safe Harbor"). Additional safe harbors are provided for portions of any levy attributable to payments under installment contracts or public building commission leases or attributable to payments due as a result of the refunding of general obligation bonds or notes or of such installment contracts or leases. Pursuant to the Ordinance, the taxes levied by the City for the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds are not subject to the limitations contained in the City Tax Limitation Ordinance. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS - Property Tax Limits." The tax limits set forth in the City Tax Limitation Ordinance may in future years adversely affect the City's ability to finance operations at current levels and limit the ability of the City to finance capital improvement projects through the issuance of property-tax-supported bonds.

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APPENDIX B CITY OF CHICAGO FINANCIAL AND OTHER CITY INFORMATION

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The following tables reflect information for Cook County, which represents approximately 99.99 percent of the equalized assessed value of taxable property in the City, unless otherwise indicated.

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* Source: The Civic Federation. Excludes railroad property, pollution control facilities and portion of City in DuPage County. ¹⁰ 2009 information not available at time of publication.

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Property Taxes for All City Funds, Collections and Estimated Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes 2000 - 2009¹ (Dollars in Thousands)

Collections within Fiscal Year Total Collections to Date Tax Levy Year² 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year³ \$672,104 687,381 707,181 719,695 °719,780 °718,071 °719,230 °749,351 °834,152 °833,206 ° Amount \$646,409 664,393 676,997 674,325 694,214 694,593 630,666 712,008 776,522 423,547 Percentage of Levy 96.2% 96.7 95.7 93.7 96.4 96.7 87.7 95.0 93.1 50.8 **Collections in Subsequent Years** \$ 7,157 13,078 13,310 25,237 9,077 8,636 69,979 27,976 42,625 **Total Tax Collections⁴** \$653,566 677,471 690,307 699,562 703,291 703,229 700,645 739,984 819,147 423,547 Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy 97.2% 98.6 97.6 97.2 97.7 97.9 97.4 98.7 98.2 50.8 **Estimated Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes** \$18,538 9,910 16,874 20,133 16,489 14,842 18,250 9.180 8,997 16,386 **Net Outstanding Taxes Receivable** 335 187 6,008 393,273 Source: Cook County Clerk's Office ² Taxes for each year become due and payable in the following year. For example, taxes for the 2009 tax levy become due and payable in 2010. ³ Does not include the levy for the Special Services Areas and net of collections for Tax Increment Financing Districts. ⁴ Reflects tax collections through October 21, 2010. ⁵ Does not include the levy for the Schools Building and Improvement Fund, which is accounted for in an agency fund. **B-2 PROPERTY TAX RATES BY FUND PER \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION** 1999-2008¹ Tax Levy Year Tax Extension (in thousands)² Bond, Note Redemption and Interest³ **Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Firemen's Annuity and Benefit** Laborers' and Retirement **Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit**

Total 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008⁵ \$657,731 672,104 687,381 707,181 719,695" 719,780" 718,071" 719,230" 749,351 " 834,152 " \$1.076812 0.980950 0.942710 0.943061 0.831169 0.760676 0.696607 0.569261 0.588843 0.602842 \$.314836 .301167 .289912 .271463 .230466 .216752 .231467 .194953 .191548 .172426 \$.298024 .260291 .277774 .259848 .218316 .229048 .231683 .197399 .174302 .162182 \$.134637 .117590 .126603 .116628 .100049 .095524 .083243 .099974 .088581 .080787 \$.035691 .011763 1.860 1.660 1.637 1.591 1.380 1.302 1.243 1.062 1.044 1.030 ¹ Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. ² Does not include levy for Special Service Areas and net of collections for Tax Increment Financing districts. 'Includes rates from the Chicago Public Library Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund. ⁴ Does not include the levy for the Schools Building and Improvement Fund, which is accounted for in an agency fund. ⁵ 2009 information not available at time of publication. B-3 COMBINED PROPERTY TAX RATES OF THE CITY AND OTHER MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL UNITS PER \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION 1999-2008¹ Tax Levy Year City **City of Chicago School Building & Improvement Fund Chicago School Finance Authority Board of Education City Colleges** of Chicago Chicago **Park District** Metropolitan Water Reclamation District **Forest Preserve District of Cook** County **Cook County** Total 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008² 51.860 1.660 1.637 1.591 1,380 1.302 1.243 1.062 1.044 1,030 ;.255 .223 .223 .177 .151 .177 .127 .118 .091 \$.117 \$4,104 3.714 3.744 3.562 3.142 3.104 3.026 2.697 2.583 2.472 \$.347 .311 .307 .280 .246 .242 .234 .205 .159 .156 \$.627 .572 .567 .545 .464 .455 .443 .379 .355 .323 \$.419 .415 .401 .371 .361 .347 .315 .284 .263 .252 \$.070.069.067.061.059.060.060.057.053.051 \$.854 .824 .746 .690 .630 .593 .533 .500 .446 .415 \$8,536 7.788 7.692 7.277 6.433 6.280 5.981 5.302 4.994 4.816 ¹ Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. ² 2009 information not available at time of publication. B-4 CITY OF CHICAGO PROPERTY TAX SUPPORTED BONDED DEBT Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt As of October 21, 2010 (Not Adjusted for the issuance of the Bonds and the refunding of the Refunded Bonds) (Dollars in Thousands) Direct Debt: General Obligation Bonds and Notes'.....\$7,272,150 The Bonds......

City Colleges of Chicago......\$ -0-

Board of Education...... 5,263,309s

Net Direct Percent Debt Overlapping Debt² Debt³

100.00% \$ -0-

100.00 5,263,309

Net Direct Long-Term Debt......\$

Overlapping" Applicable

Chicago School Finance Authority0- Chicago Park District	
	100.00 -0-
CHICARO FAIR DISUICL	
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District Of Greater Chicago 1,991,70	04 47.61 948,250
Cook County	
Cook County Forest Preserve District	
Total Overlapping Long-Term Debt \$ 8.743.	
Net Direct and Overlapping Long-Term Debt	
' Includes Fixed Rate General Obligation, General Obligation Tender and	
(a) Fixed Rate Notes outstanding in the amounts shown below (dollars in t	housands):
Amount Scries Final Maturity	
\$70,425 2010 04/01/2012	1)
(b) Tender Notes outstanding in the amounts shown below (dollars in thou Amount Scries Final Maturity	isanas):
\$70,425 2009 05/31/2011	
(c) Commercial Paper Notes outstanding in the amounts below (dollars in	thousands):
Amount Series \$178,966* 2002B (Taxable)	,
*A portion of the Commercial Paper Notes is expected to be refunded with	a portion of the proceeds of the Taxable Scries 20 IOC Bonds.
² Includes debt secured by property taxes (including "alternate bonds" and	
by long-term lease obligations also secured by property taxes. ' Source: Ea	ch of the respective tax districts.
⁴ Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.	
Includes \$4,904,509,237 and \$329,735,000 of general obligation bonds c	of the Board and the Chicago Park District, respectively, issued as "alternate revenue" bonds
	iled in an amount sufficient to pay debt service on the alternate revenue bonds. When
	ernate revenue bonds, the property tax levy is abated. To date, alternate revenues have been the alternate revenue bonds issued by the Board of Education and the Chicago Park District.
B-5	The alternate revenue bonds issued by the board of Education and the emerge fark District.
Selected Debt Statistics	
Population (2000) 2,896,016 ¹ Total Equalized Assessed Val	
Total Estimated Fair Cash Value (2008) \$310,888,609,224 ³	
Percent of Total	
Amount	
Per Capita	
Net Direct Long-Term Debt	
Total Net Direct and Overlapping Long-Term Debt	
Percent of Total Estimated Fair Cash Value	
°∕₀~	
%	
Source: U.S. Census Bureau.	
	et of exemptions. Includes assessment of pollution control facilities and excludes portions of
the City in DuPage County. Source: The Civic Federation. Excludes railroad property, pollution contro	al facilities and portion of the City in DuPage County
\	n admites and portion of the only in Dar age county.
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	020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033
2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041	
Total	
Total The Bonds	
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule'	
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond	ls and the refunding of the Refunded Bonds)
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_	ls and the refunding of the Refunded Bonds)
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal	ls and the refunding of the Refunded Bonds)
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_	ls and the refunding of the Refunded Bonds)
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal	
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509,	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145, 581, 189 156, 646, 211 167, 752, 714 205, 826, 569 215, 509, 306, 148, 918 309, 397, 240 313, 448, 400 305, 023, 320 299, 152, 00	
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 \$6,952,3\$7,842	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 012 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,S06 291,954,515 377 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 \$6,952,357,842 Interest ^{2'3} \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,5	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,806 291,954,515 377 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145, 581, 189, 156, 646, 211, 167, 752, 714, 205, 826, 569, 215, 509, 306, 148, 918, 309, 397, 240, 313, 448, 400, 305, 023, 320, 299, 152, 0 287, 002, 520, 209, 983, 596, 206, 198, 762, 187, 596, 194, 170, 492, 3 24, 625, 000, 25, 645, 000, s6, 952, 357, 842 Interest ²⁺³ , \$166, 809, 815, 343, 890, 386, 340, 210, 720, 331, 877, 5 266, 110, 969, 254, 701, 417, 240, 619, 906, 232, 055, 380, 218, 325, 7	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,S06 291,954,515 377 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390 781 204,724,463 191,619,096 178,940,902 159,630,164 153,273,377
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145, 581, 189, 156, 646, 211, 167, 752, 714, 205, 826, 569, 215, 509, 306, 148, 918, 309, 397, 240, 313, 448, 400, 305, 023, 320, 299, 152, 0 287, 002, 520, 209, 983, 596, 206, 198, 762, 187, 596, 194, 170, 492, 3 24, 625, 000, 25, 645, 000, s6, 952, 357, 842 Interest ²⁺³ , \$166, 809, 815, 343, 890, 386, 340, 210, 720, 331, 877, 5 266, 110, 969, 254, 701, 417, 240, 619, 906, 232, 055, 380, 218, 325, 7	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,806 291,954,515 377 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145, 581, 189, 156, 646, 211, 167, 752, 714, 205, 826, 569, 215, 509, 306, 148, 918, 309, 397, 240, 313, 448, 400, 305, 023, 320, 299, 152, 0 287, 002, 520, 209, 983, 596, 206, 198, 762, 187, 596, 194, 170, 492, 3 24, 625, 000, 25, 645, 000, 86, 952, 387, 842 Interest ²⁺³ , \$166, 809, 815, 343, 890, 386, 340, 210, 720, 331, 877, 9 266, 110, 969, 254, 701, 417, 240, 619, 906, 232, 055, 380, 218, 325, 7 137, 627, 286, 127, 250, 344, 113, 581, 490, 89, 252, 744, 79, 931, 170 2, 077, 366, 1, 059, 901, 55, 630, 155, 284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778, 526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677)	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,S06 291,954,515 377 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390 781 204,724,463 191,619,096 178,940,902 159,630,164 153,273,377
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 86,952,337,842 Interest ²¹³ \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,9 266,110,969 254,701,417 240,619,906 232,055,380 218,325,7 137,627,286 127,250,344 113,581,490 89,252,744 79,931,170 2,077,366 1,059,901 55,630,155,284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778,526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,S06 291,954,515 377 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390 781 204,724,463 191,619,096 178,940,902 159,630,164 153,273,377
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 86,952,387,842 Interest ^{2,13} \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,5 266,110,969 254,701,417 240,619,906 232,055,380 218,325,7 137,627,286 127,250,344 113,581,490 89,252,744 79,931,170 2,077,366 1,059,901 55,630,155,284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778,526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding Debt Service ¹ⁿ²	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,S06 291,954,515 377 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390 781 204,724,463 191,619,096 178,940,902 159,630,164 153,273,377
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 \$6,952,3\$7,842 Interest ²¹³ \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,5 266,110,969 254,701,417 240,619,906 232,055,380 218,325,7 137,627,286 127,250,344 113,581,490 89,252,744 79,931,170 2,077,366 1,059,901 55,630,155,284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778,526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,S06 291,954,515 377 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390 781 204,724,463 191,619,096 178,940,902 159,630,164 153,273,377
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 86,952,357,842 Interest ^{2'3} \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,5 266,110,969 254,701,417 240,619,906 232,055,380 218,325,7 137,627,286 127,250,344 113,581,490 89,252,744 79,931,170 2,077,366 1,059,901 55,630,155,284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778,526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding <u>Debt Service^{Ln2m}</u> 5320,081,854 \$(67,035,216) \$320,081,854	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,S06 291,954,515 877 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390 781 204,724,463 191,619,096 178,940,902 159,630,164 153,273,377 0 71,490,114 63,566,355 55,685,905 48,682,331 42,667,127 7,745,633
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 \$6,952,3\$7,842 Interest ^{2,3} \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,5 266,110,969 254,701,417 240,619,906 232,055,380 218,325,7 137,627,286 127,250,344 113,581,490 89,252,744 79,931,170 2,077,366 1,059,901 55,630,155,284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778,526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding <u>Debt Service^{1,1}</u> <u>5320,081,854</u> \$(67,035,216) \$320,081,854 Total Debt Service \$ 615,694,332 466.460.568 495.817.449	533,669,375 539.1 14,055 539.926.217 545,517,863 558,071,140
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 \$6,952,3\$7,842 Interest ^{2 '13} \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,5 266,110,969 254,701,417 240,619,906 232,055,380 218,325,7 137,627,286 127,250,344 113,581,490 89,252,744 79,931,170 2,077,366 1,059,901 55,630,155,284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778,526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding Debt Service ^{1,12,111} 5320,081,854 \$(67,035,216) \$320,081,854 Total Debt Service \$ 615,694,332 466.460.568 495.817.449 558,749,362 556.779,668 560,850,335 550,017,145 545,503.7	425 228,386,371 243,871,761 267,126,948 279,736,972 290,668,700 12 289,668,971 290,626,163 286,229,720 285,219,S06 291,954,515 877 168,297,607 148,066,559 126,962,925 104,866,380 111,675.000 283 323,604,631 311,539,846 301,646,102 290,944,192 279,012,390 781 204,724,463 191,619,096 178,940,902 159,630,164 153,273,377 0 71,490,114 63,566,355 55,685,905 48,682,331 42,667,127 7,745,633
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 \$6,952,3\$7,842 Interest ^{2:13} \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,5 266,110,969 254,701,417 240,619,906 232,055,380 218,325,7 137,627,286 127,250,344 113,581,490 89,252,744 79,931,170 2,077,366 1,059,901 55,630,155,284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778,526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding Debt Service ^{1,12,111} 5320,081,854 \$(67,035,216) \$320,081,854 \$(67,035,216) \$320,081,854 Total Debt Service \$ 615,694,332 466.460.568 495.817.449 558,749,362 556.779,668 560,850,335 550,017,145 545,503.7	533,669,375 539.1 14,055 539.926.217 545,517,863 558,071,140
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145,581,189 156,646,211 167,752,714 205,826,569 215,509, 306,148,918 309,397,240 313,448,400 305,023,320 299,152,0 287,002,520 209,983,596 206,198,762 187,596,194 170,492,3 24,625,000 25.645.000 s6,952,387,842 Interest ^{2,13} \$166,809,815 343,890,386 340,210,720 331,877,5 266,110,969 254,701,417 240,619,906 232,055,380 218,325,7 137,627,286 127,250,344 113,581,490 89,252,744 79,931,170 2,077,366 1,059,901 55,630,155,284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778,526) (34,076,029) (12,145,985) (4,034,677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding Debt Service ^{11,2} ^{11,2} 5320,081,854 Total Debt Service \$ 615,694,332 466.460.568 495.817.449 558,749,362 556,779,668 560,850,335 550,017,145 545,503.7 441,493,184 429,581.801 414,252,864 323.565,086 295,451,5 147,533,507 119,420,633 26,702,366 6.704.901	533,669,375 539.1 14,055 539.926.217 545,517,863 558,071,140
Total The Bonds Debt Service Schedule' As of October 21, 2010 (Not adjusted for the issuance of the Bond General Obligation Bonds Outstanding_ Principal Interest Capitalized Interest Principal \$145, 581, 189, 156, 646, 211, 167, 752, 714, 205, 826, 569, 215, 509, 306, 148, 918, 309, 397, 240, 313, 448, 400, 305, 023, 320, 299, 152, 0287, 002, 520, 209, 983, 596, 206, 198, 762, 187, 596, 194, 170, 492, 32 24, 625, 000, 25, 645, 000, 86, 952, 387, 842 Interest ²⁺³ , \$166, 809, 815, 343, 890, 386, 340, 210, 720, 331, 877, 52 266, 110, 969, 254, 701, 417, 240, 619, 906, 232, 055, 380, 218, 325, 71 137, 627, 286, 127, 250, 344, 113, 581, 490, 89, 252, 744, 79, 931, 170 2, 077, 366, 1, 059, 901, 55, 630, 155, 284 Capitalized Interest \$(16,778, 526) (34,076, 029) (12,145, 985) (4,034, 677) General Obligation Notes Outstanding <u>Debt Service¹⁰²¹</u> 5320, 081, 854 S(67, 035, 216) S320, 081, 854 Total Debt Service \$615, 694, 332, 466, 460, 568, 495, 817, 449 588, 749, 362, 556, 779, 668, 560, 850, 335, 550, 017, 145, 545, 503, 74 414, 493, 184, 429, 581, 801, 414, 252, 864, 323, 565, 086, 295, 451, 51 147, 533, 507, 119, 420, 633, 26, 702, 366	533,669,375 539.1 14,055 539.926.217 545,517,863 558,071,140

¹ Principal and interest (including the amount of interest that has accreted on capital appreciation bonds) for each year includes amounts payable on the City's general obligation bonds and notes on July I of that year and January I of the following year, except that each year includes principal and interest payable on the General Obligation Bonds Scries 20U7A-K (Modem Schools Across Chicago Program), the General Obligation Bonds Scries 2010 A (Modern Schools Across Chicago Program) (Tax-Exempt) and the General Obligation Bonds. Taxable Scries 201UB (Modem Schools Across Chicago Program) (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) on June 1 and December I of that year.

¹ Interest for each year includes the full amount of the interest payable on General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Scries 2009C (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment), the General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Scries 2009D (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds-Direct Payment) and the General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Scries 2010B (Modem Schools Across Chicago Program) (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) without adjustment for Subsidy Payments to be received by the City.

³ The interest rate on variable rate bonds is assumed to be approximately between four and six percent. The City has entered into interest rate hedge agreements which required the City to pay interest al a rate of 3.575 percent for ils General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds (Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program), Series 2002B, 4.052 percent for its General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds, Project and Refunding Scries 2003B, 4.104 percent for its General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds, Project and Refunding Scries 2005D and 3.9982 percent for ils General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds Refunding Scries 2007E, F and G. The table includes the interest payable by the City under the interest rate hedge agreements for these four bond issues

⁴ The interest rate on Fixed Rate and Tender Notes is assumed to be between 0.64 and 1.625 percent. ¹ Includes outstanding Fixed Rale, Tender and Commercial Paper Notes. See APPENDIX B - "FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION - Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt - Note (1)." b A portion of the Commercial Paper Notes is expected to be refunded with a portion of the proceeds of the Taxable Series 2010C Bonds. Note: May not total due to rounding

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PROPERTY TAX LEVIES BY FUND For Fiscal Years Ended 2005 - 2009^{1/2} (Dollars in Thousands) 2005 2006 Change 2007 Change 2008 Change 2009 Change

Note Redemption and Interest³ \$81,223 \$ 60,116 (25.99)% \$ 33,506 (44.26)% \$ 73,363 1 18.95% \$73,363 -%

Bond Redemption and Interest 312,780 316,858 1.30 381,145 20.29 414,853 8.84 408,609 (1.51)

Policemen's Annuity and Benefit⁴ 137,284 135,528 (1.28) 141,080 4.10 139,640 (1.02) 141,741 1.50

Municipal Employees'Annuity and Benefit⁴ 137,412 137,228 (0.13) 128,378 (6.45) 131,344 2.31 130,026 (1.00)

Firemen's Annuity and Benefit⁴ 49,372 69,500 40.77 65,242 (6.13) 65,426 0.28 66,140 1.09 Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees'

Annuity and Benefit⁴ - - ~ - 9J26 - 13,327 39.90

Total \$718,071 \$719,230 0.16% \$749,351 4.19% \$834,152 11.32% \$833,206 (0.11)%

¹ Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.

² See APPENDIX B - "FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION - Property Taxes For All City Funds, Collections And Estimated Allowance For Uncollectible Taxes 2000-2009." Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.

³ Includes Corporate, Chicago Public Library Maintenance and Operations, Chicago Public Library Building and Sites, and City Relief Funds. ⁴ For information regarding the City's unfunded (assets in excess of) pension benefit obligations under its Pension Plans, see the individual Pension Plans Financial Statements.

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CITY OF CHICAGO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES General Fund (Corporate) For Fiscal Years Ended 2005-2009¹

(Dollars in Thousands) Revenues: Utility Tax..... Sales Tax..... State Income Tax..... Other Taxes..... Federal/State Grants..... Other Revenues^..... Total Revenues..... Expenditures: Current: Public Safety..... General Government..... Other³..... Debt Service..... Total Expenditures..... Revenues Under Expenditures..... Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of Debt, Net of Original Discount/Including Premium..... Transfers In..... Transfers Out..... Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)..... Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses..... Fund Balance - Beginning of Year.. Change in Inventory..... Fund Balance - End of Year..... 2005 \$492,109 471,069' 307,462 669,041 2,066 722,366 2,664,113

1,546,359 884,040 301,466 7,705 2,739,570 15,050 118,244 (17,100) 116,194 40,737 73,227 (3,145) \$110,819 2006 \$475,482 537,441 314,559 708,706 2,802 729,999 2007 \$501,023 543,238 377,727 687,51 1 3,366 822,561 2008 \$524,842 518,131 378,545 637,923 2,347 813,983 2,935,426 2,875,771 2,768,989 1,783,993 783,059 328,081 7,069 2,902,202 1,845,497 1,856,634 860,976 889,266 349,616 356,066 6,930 5,318 3,063,019 3,107,284 115,058 (30,500) 84,558 (48, 655)110,819 227 \$62,391 23,921 130,561 (42,500) 111,982 (15, 611)62,391 (2,473) \$44,307 164,000 94,058 (25,193) 232,865 1,352 44,307 2,784 \$48,443 2009 \$481,275 476,557 251,820 572,472 1,714 777,788 2,561,626 \$1,862,914 857,626 288,559 4,978 3,014,077 (75, 457)(133, 213)(127,593) (231,513) (452,451) 58,500 416,135 (17,463) 457,172 4,721 48,443 1,542 \$54,706 ' Source: Table 6 in the Statistical Section of the City of Chicago Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2009. The City's CAFR for the year ended December 31, 2009 is available upon request from the Office of the City Comptroller. ~ Includes Internal Service, Licenses and Permits, Fines, Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues. ' Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation, Cultural and Recreational and Other Expenditures. B-9 Special Revenue Funds For Fiscal Years Ended 2005 - 2009¹ (Dollars in Thousands) 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 Revenues: Property Tax......\$310,543 \$302,772 \$314,742 \$326,334 \$334,972 State Income Tax...... 46,560 65,552 55,719 56,848 95,944 Other Revenues²...... 107,150 115,023 114,906 120,401 131,295 Expenditures: Current:

Capital Outlay	
Debt Service	
	<u>817,312 1,771,850 1,824,284 2,052,845 1,854,549</u> (192,295) ((1,104) ((5,040) (119,290) 107,420
Revenues Under Expenditures	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds	
Including Premium	14,730 79,230 144,014 103,028 72,925
Payment to Refunded Bond	24 1 4 9
Escrow Agent	521,879 193,850 108,045 155,637 185,358
	$\dots (55,168) (38,177) (86,470) (48,604) (1,746,126)$
Total Other Financing	(33,108)(38,177) (80,470) (48,004)(1,740,120)
	270,661 (1,487,843)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Ov	
	255,008 173,729 100,249 152,432 (1,380,417)
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	
Fund Balance-End of Year	
	of Chicago Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2009. The City's
CAFR for the year ended December 31, 2009 is availa	ble upon request from the Office of the City Comptroller.
 ² Includes Internal Service, Licenses and Permits, Find ³ Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation 	s, Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.
B-10	si, Cutural and Recreational and Outer Experiorities.
Debt Service Funds For Fiscal Years End	led 2005
(Dollars in Thousands)	
- 2009'	
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	
Revenues:	
	\$428,876 \$363,218 \$346,965 \$403,489 \$471,218
Utility Tax	. 15,541 22,308 22,318 22,282 22,138
Sales Tax	
Other Taxes	. 211,990 193,824 217,731 220,220 131,993
Other Revenues ²	
Total Revenues71	6,995 634,357 645,292 682,993 691,464
Expenditures:	
Debt Service	
Total Expenditures	7,241 693,110 625,459 1,022,156 777,725
Revenues Over (Under)	
Expenditures	0,246) (58,753) 19,833 (339,163) . (86,261)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
•	/Including Premium Payment to Refunded Bond
Escrow Agent	
Transfers In	
Transfers Out Total Other Financing	
Sources (Uses)	
	er (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	(Onder) Expenditures and Other I maneing Oses
Fund Balance - End of Year	
1,513,417	
(1,051,917) 2,107 (93,246)	
370,361	
330,115 358,772 \$688,887	
302,658	
(276,607) 8,741 (509,884)	
(533,845) 688,887 \$155,042	
777,151	
(951,419) 63,807 (73,325)	
(475,092) (183,786)	
405,311	
$\frac{(186,421) \ 33,186 \ (141,498)}{110,570}$	
110,578	

(228,585) (8,911)
340,324
(213,435) 684,277 (81,291)
729,875
(163,953) 155,042
$\frac{(103, 503)}{\$(8, 911)}$ $\frac{(237, 496)}{\$(237, 496)}$ $\$406, 118$
$\frac{(0,511)}{643,614}$ (237,496)
'Source: Table 8 in the Statistical Section of the City of Chicago Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2009. The City's
CAFR for the year ended December 31, 2009 is available upon request from the Office of the City Comptroller.
² Includes Investment Income and Miscellaneous Revenues.
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Capital Projects Funds For Fiscal Years Ended 2005-2009 ¹
(Dollars in Thousands)
<u>2005 2006 2007 2008 2009</u>
Revenues:
Other Revenues ²
Total Revenues
Expenditures
Capital Outlay
Total Expenditures
<u>Revenues Under Expenditures</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of Debt, Net of Original
Discount/Including Premium
Transfers In
Transfers Out
Total Other Financing
Sources (Uses)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other
Financing Uses
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year 1,070,608 910,819 782,639 983,823 444,147
Fund Balance-End of Year

¹ Source: Table 9 in the Statistical Section of the City of Chicago Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2009. The City's CAFR for the year ended December 31, 2009 is available upon request from the Office of the City Comptroller. ² Includes Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2009¹

(Dollars in Thousands)
REVENUES
Property Tax
Utility Tax
Sales Tax
Transportation Tax
State Income Tax
Transaction Tax
Special Area Tax
Other Taxes
Federal/State Grants
Internal Service
Fines
Investment Income
Charges for Services
Miscellaneous
Total Revenues
EXPENDITURES Current:
General Government
Health
Public Safety
Streets and Sanitation
Transportation
Cultural and Recreational
Employee Pensions
Other
Capital Outlay

Debt Service: Principal Retirement..... Interest and Other Fiscal Charges..... Total Expenditures..... Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures ... OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of Debt..... Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent..... Transfers In..... Transfers Out..... Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)..... Net Change in Fund Balances..... Fund Balance - Beginning of Year..... Fund Balance - End of Year..... **Total Special Revenue Funds** \$334,792 75,688 161,736 95,994 25,385 13,982 16,995 15,408 3,886 26,974 26,366 797,206 218,141 7,565 2,497 76,785 73,916 89,705 430,915 377 3,632 903,533 (106,327) 72,925 117,176 (11,290) 178,811 72,484 18,273 \$90,757 **Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas** \$1,405 16,361 20 36 117,822 37,000 28,740 65,740 52,082 33,140 (66,097) (32,957) 19,125 130,522 \$149,647 **Total Capital Project** Funds \$1,686 744 2,430 88,000 88,000 (85,570) 89,200 89,200 3,630 44,116 \$47,746 **Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds"** \$334,792 75,688 1,405 161,736 95,994 25,385 116,361 14,002 i 6,995 15,408 5,608 26,974 27,110 917,458 218,141 7,565 2,497 76,785 73,916 89,705 430,915 377 88,000 37,000 32,372 1,057,273 (139,815) 162,125 150,316 (77,387) 235,054 95,239 192,911 \$288,150 ¹ Source: Schedule B-2 in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds Section of the City of Chicago Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2009. The City's CAFR for the year ended December 31, 2009 is available upon request from the Office of the City Comptroller. ² The line items under "Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds" above are identical to the line items under the column captioned "Other Governmental Funds" appearing as Exhibit 4 to the City's Basic Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2009 included as APPENDIX C hereto. B-13 [This Page Intentionally Left Blank] APPENDIX C CITY OF CHICAGO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 [This Page Intentionally Left Blank]

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City of Chicago

Basic Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Richard M. Daley, Mayor Gene R. Saffold, Chief Financial Officer Steven J. Lux, City Comptroller [This Page Intentionally Left Blank] CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 TABLE OF CONTENTS Pages INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT...... 1-2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS...... 4-16 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Government-wide Financial Statements: Exhibit 1 Statement of Net Assets 17 Exhibit 2 Statement of Activities 18-19 Fund Financial Statements: Exhibit 3 Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds 20-21 4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Exhibit Governmental Funds...... 22-25 5 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes Fxhibit in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Exhibit 6 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual -General Fund (Budgetary Basis) 27 Exhibit 7 Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds 28-29 8 Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets -Exhibit Proprietary Funds 30 Exhibit 11 Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets -Exhibit Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress 79 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Deloitte 5 Touche LLP IMS. Wicker Drive Ct-iccico, IL 6C505-4301 USA *

Tel: rl 312 435 1000 Fd<: +1 312 <^S6 U86 wwvv.del-Mne.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Richard M. Daley, Mayor, and Members of the City Council City of Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City's Pension Plans (the "Plans") which, in aggregate, represent substantially all the assets and revenues of the fiduciary funds, included in the aggregate remaining fund information. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Plans, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the respective financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the respective financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective net assets or financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This supplementary information is the responsibility of the City's management. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

June 29, 2010

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2009 Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Chicago, Illinois (City) we offer readers of the City's Basic Financial Statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information that we have furnished in the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements contained within this report.

Fiscal 2009 Financial Highlights

• Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of the City, in the government-wide financial statements, exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$264.5 million (net deficit). Of this amount, \$7,359.3 million is an unrestricted deficit, while \$2,537.8 million is invested in capital assets, net of related debt and \$4,557.0 million is restricted for specific purposes.

• The City's total assets increased by \$1,242.6 million. The increase relates to \$808.6 million increase in capital assets as a result of the City's capital improvement program and \$345.9 million increase in unrestricted and restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments primarily as a result of the City's Meter Parking System Services Concession Agreement.

• Revenues and Other Financing Sources, in the fund financial statements, available for general governmental operations during 2009 were \$8,590.7 million, an increase of \$1,917.0 million (28.7 percent) from 2008.

• The General Fund, also in the fund financial statements, ended 2009 with a total Fund Balance of \$54.7 million. Total Fund Balance increased from 2000 primarily because Revenues and Other Financing Sources were more than Expenditures and Other Financing Uses by \$4.7 million. Fund Balance at December 31, 2009 of \$32.4 million was reserved for commitments. Unreserved Fund Balance was \$2.7 million at December 31, 2009, compared to a balance of \$.2 million at the end of 2008.

• The City's general obligation bonds and notes outstanding increased by \$407.4 million during the current fiscal year. The proceeds from the increase in bonds were used to finance the City's capital plan.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. These components are described below:

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's financial position, which assists in assessing the City's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These financial statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basically means such statements follow methods that are similar to those used by most businesses. They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the City, the reader should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during each fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (for example, uncollected taxes, and earned but unused

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued

vacation). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City. Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and

intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and sanitation, transportation, health, and cultural and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, tollway and airport services.

The government-wide financial statements present information about the City as a primary government, which includes the Chicago Public Library and the City related funds of the Public Building Commission. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this management's discussion and analysis.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of a fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the

information presented for governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide imancial statements, it is defined to compare the financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The City maintains 20 individual governmental funds. Information for the seven funds that qualify as major is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The seven major governmental funds are as follows: the General Fund, the Federal, State and Local Grants Fund, the Special Taxing Areas Fund, Service Concession Agreement Fund, the Reserve Fund, the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund, and the Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general and certain special revenue funds on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund, the only major fund with an appropriation budget, to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds. These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Because these funds charge user fees for services provided to outside customers including local governments, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, use the accrual basis of accounting and provide both long- and short-term financial information. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements. The City uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, tollway and two airports operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but provide more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Chicago Skyway Fund, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund and the Chicago Midway International Airport Fund. All the proprietary funds are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements.

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used primarily to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City also uses fiduciary funds to account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for various entities. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

Net assets (deficit). As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets by \$264.5 million at December 31, 2009.

A large portion of the City's net deficit, \$2,537.8 million reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, roads, bridges, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities and deferred inflows.

Current and other assets Capital assets

Total assets Long-term liabilities

outstanding Other liabilities

Total Liabilities

```
Deferred Inflows
Net assets:
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt
Restricted
Unrestricted Total net assets (deficit)
City of Chicago, Illinois Summary Statement of Net Assets (in millions of dollars)
Governmental Activities
2009
2008
6,106.2 7,311.5
13,417.7
12,122.8 1,448.0
13,570.8 1,681.5
251.1 3,735.1 (5,820.8)
5,112.5 7,208.5
12,321.0
11,732.3 1,344.0
13,076.3
494.9 2,842.2 (4,092.4)
Business-type Activities
2009
2,772.6 10,917.5
13,690.1
9,600.3 782.1
10,382.4 1,737.6
2,286.7 821.9 (1,538.5)
2008
$ 3,332.3 10,211.9
13,544.2
11,284.1 674.7
11,958.8
2.323.4 779.9 (1.517.9)
Total
2009
8,878.8 18,229.0
27,107.8
21,723.1 2,230.1
23.953.2
3,419.1
2,537.8 4,557.0 (7,359.3)
2008
8,444.8 17,420.4
25,865.2
23,016.4 2,018.7
25,035.1
2,818.3 3,622.1 (5,610.3)
<u>$ (1,834.6)</u> $ (755.3) $ 1,570.1 $ 1,585.4 $ (264.5) $ 830.1
6
```

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued An additional portion of the City's net assets (\$4,557.0 million) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Governmental Activities. Net assets of the City's governmental activities decreased \$1,079.3 million to a deficit of \$1,834.6 million. However, a significant portion of those net assets are either restricted as to the purpose they can be used for or they are invested in capital assets (buildings, roads, bridges, etc.) net of related debt. Consequently, unrestricted net assets showed a \$5,820.8 million deficit at the end of this year. This deficit does not mean that the City does not have the resources available to pay its bills next year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments that are greater than currently available resources. Specifically, the City did not include in past annual budgets the full amounts needed to finance future liabilities arising from personnel, property, pollution and casualty claims (\$664.7 million), Municipal employees, Policemen's and Firemen's net pension obligation (\$3,453.4 million) and postemployment benefits (\$329.0 million). The City will include these amounts in future years' budgets as they come due. In addition, the remaining deferred inflow of \$1,681.5 million will be amortized into income over the life of the concession service agreements. Over half of the City's revenue comes from taxes. Total taxes decreased by 5.7 percent. Total taxes include a decrease in property taxes of \$2.9 million (.4 percent). Other taxes decreased by \$172.5 million (7.5 percent) as a result of decreases in sales, income and transaction taxes. Federal/State-grants vary from year to year depending primarily on the level of spending for programs, construction and other projects.

Expenses for governmental activities in 2009 were \$6,217.2 million. This reflects a decrease of \$46.8 million (.8 percent) over 2008. Public Safety was the largest component of current expenses, accounting for 40.6 percent of total expenses. Expenses remained consistent with 2008 expenses.

The cost of all governmental activities was \$6,217.2 million.

The amount that taxpayers paid for these activities through City taxes was only \$2,918.6 million.

Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$621.9 million), or

By other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$726.6 million). The City paid for the "public benefit" portion with \$870.8 million with other revenues such as state aid, interest and miscellaneous income.

Although total net assets of business-types activities were \$1,570.1 million, these resources cannot be used to make up for the net asset deficit in governmental activities. The City generally can only use these net assets to finance the continuing operations of the

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued

water, sewer, tollway, and airports activities. Revenues: Program Revenues: Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions General Revenues: Property Taxes Other Taxes Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs Other Total Revenues City of Chicago, Illinois Changes in Net Assets Years Ended December 31, (in millions of dollars) **Governmental Activities** 2009 621.9 611.3 115.3 797.0 2,121.6 601.2 269.6 5,137.9 2008 653.1 624.4 139.9 799.9 2,294.1 712.4 169.5 5,393.3 **Business-type Activities** 2009 2008 1,332.1 \$1,339.5 211.2 224.8 24 0 95 1 Total 2009 2008 1,567.3 1,659.4 \$ 1,954.0 611.3 326.5 797.0 2.121.6 601.2 293.6 6,705.2 \$ 1,992.6 624.4 364.7 799.9 2,294.1 712.4 264.6 7,052.7 Expenses: General Government Public Safety Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational Interest on Long-term Debt Water Sewer Midway International Airport Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Chicago Skyway Total Expenses Change in Net Assets Before Transfers Transfers Change in Net Assets Net Assets, Beginning of Year Net Assets, End of Year 2,364.8 2,521.1 297.2 351.1 166.9 130.0 386.1 6.217.2 (1.079.3) (1,079.3) (755.3) 2,384.6 2,434.8 371.1 381.1 170.8 140.1 381.5 6,264.0 (870.7) (870.7) 115.4 382.5 170.0 206.6 811.7 11.8 1,582.6 (15.3)(15.3) 1,585.4 371.4 158.3 217.6 803.4 12.4 1,563.1 96.3 96.3 1,489.1 <u>2,364.8 2,521.1 297.2 351.1 166.9 130.0 386.1 382.5 170.0 206.6 811.7 11.8</u> 7,799.8 (1,094.6) (1,094.6) 830.1 2,384.6 2,434.8 371.1 381.1 170.8 140.1 381.5 371.4 158.3 217.6 803.4 12.4 7,827.1 (774.4)

<u>(1,834.6)</u> (755.3) <u>\$ 1,570.1</u> <u>\$ 1,585.4</u> <u>\$ (264.5)</u> <u>\$ 830.1</u> 8 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in millions of dollars) 1,000 1,400 1,800 1,200 1,600 2,000 2,200 2,400 2,600 200 400 600 800 General Government Public Safety Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health

Cultural and Recreational Interest on Long-term Debt

Expenses Program Revenues

(774.4) 1,604.5

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

Operating Grants and CaPitai Grants and Contributions Contributions

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued

Business-type Activities. Revenues of the City's business-type activities decreased by \$92.1 million in 2009 due primarily to decreases in rent and investment earnings. All Funds met debt service coverage ratios set forth in the applicable bond indentures.

• The Water Fund's operating revenues for 2009 increased by 10.8 percent from 2008 due to an increase in water rates. Operating expenses in 2009 decreased by .5 percent primarily due to a decrease in personnel services.

• The Sewer Fund's operating revenues increased 9.5 percent during fiscal year 2009, as the result of an increase in water and sewer rates. Operating expenses increased 10.1% as a result of increased repairs and maintenance.

• Chicago Midway International Airport Fund's operating revenues for 2009 decreased by \$2.7 million compared to prior year operating revenues. Operating expenses decreased by \$8.3 million primarily due to a decrease in contractual services.

• Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund's operating revenues for 2009 decreased by \$59.8 million (8.7 percent) compared to prior year operating revenues as a result of decreased fund deposit requirements. Operating expenses increased by \$3.7 million as a result of an increase in depreciation and amortization of \$27.9 million.

• The Chicago Skyway was leased for 99 years to a private company. The agreement granted the company to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue during the term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion of which \$446.3 million was used to advance refund all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The upfront payment is being amortized into non-operating revenue over the period of the lease (\$18.5 million annually).

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (in millions of dollars)

Water

Sewer Chicago Midway International Airport Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Chicago Skyway 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 1,000

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities

11

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At December 31, 2009, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,806.9 million, a decrease of \$144.1 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount (\$85.9 million) constitutes undesignated fund deficit. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$147.3 million), 2) to pay debt service (\$406.1 million), 3) to provide a longterm reserve (\$880.0 million), 4) for future appropriations (\$422.3 million), and 5) for a variety of other restricted purposes (\$37.1 million).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$2.7 million with a total fund balance of \$54.7 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be helpful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total General Fund balance represents 1.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$6.3 million during the current fiscal year. Revenues and Other Financing Sources exceeded Expenditures and Other Financing Uses by \$4.7 million.

The Federal, State and Local Grants Fund has a total fund balance of \$13.1 million, \$17.4 million of which is reserved for the resale of property, while there is an unreserved, undesignated deficit of \$4.3 million.

The Special Taxing Areas Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,232.8 million, of which \$37.1 million is reserved for encumbrances, and the remaining \$1,197.7 million is unreserved, undesignated.

The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund have a total fund balance of \$256.5 million. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund was \$624.5 million primarily from the transfer of the underground parking garage system deferred inflow to the Concession Service Agreement Fund that also includes the Meter Parking System Service Agreement transaction.

The Service Concession Agreement Fund accounts for deferred inflows from non business type long-term concession and lease transactions and has an unreserved, undesignated fund deficit of \$1,681.5 million.

The Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$340.9 million, of which \$48.7 million is reserved for encumbrances and the remaining \$292.2 million is unreserved, undesignated. The decrease in fund balance during the current year in the Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund was \$59.2 million.

The Reserve Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,302.3 million, of which \$880.0 million is reserved as a long-term trust. The remaining is designated for future appropriations.

Changes in fund balance. The City's governmental fund revenues (excluding other financing sources) decreased by 4.5 percent or \$248.9 million.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued

Unrestricted net assets of the Water, Sewer, Chicago Skyway, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport, and Chicago Midway International Airport Funds at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of \$1,538.5 million. The total decrease in unrestricted net assets related to changes in the \$2,286.7 million of net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt and the \$821.8 million of net assets restricted is primarily due to assets being reserved for debt service, construction, and rehabilitation. Other factors concerning the finances of these five funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's 2009 Original General Fund Budget is \$3,186.5 million. This budget reflects a decrease of \$32.0 million (1.0 percent) over the 2008 Budget. The City's 2009 General Fund Budget was approved by the City Council on November 9, 2008. The General Fund revenues and expenditures in 2009 ended the current fiscal year with an available unreserved fund balance of \$2.7

The General Fund revenues and expenditures in 2009 ended the current fiscal year with an available unreserved fund balance of \$2.7 million, which is a \$2.5 million increase over 2008.

The General Fund revenues on a budgetary basis were \$148.7 million less than the final budget as a result of lower than expected taxes. In addition, unfavorable results occurred in internal services revenue, licenses and permits, and leases, rentals and sales. Expenditures were \$146.3 million less than budgeted as a result of favorable variances in general government, primarily as a result of certain labor contracts not being finalized during 2009 as was budgeted. Additional information on the City's budget can be found in Note #3 under Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability within this report.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2009 amount to \$18,229.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways and bridges, and property, plant and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• The City continued its LEED Strategy with new libraries, police stations and fire engine company construction projects totaling \$54.0 million in 2009.

• The City also continued its commitment to libraries with the addition of \$7.0 million of books and equipment in 2009.

• The City also completed \$30.3 million in street lighting and transit improvement projects. An additional \$60.9 million in bridge and viaduct reconstruction projects were also completed. The City completed street construction and resurfacing projects totaling \$160.5 million in 2009

• The City purchased the Michael Reese Hospital Campus for \$91.0 million.

• During 2009 the Water Fund expended \$186.7 million for capital activities. This included \$11.5 million for structures and improvements, \$95.4 million for distribution plant, \$11.0 million for equipment and \$68.8 million for construction in progress. The 2009 Water Main Replacement Program completed 31.6 miles of water mains. During 2009, net completed projects amounted to \$73.0 million.

• The 2009 Sewer Main Replacement Program completed 8.1 miles of sewer mains and 43.0 miles of relining of existing sewer mains at a cost of \$112.0 million.

• Chicago Midway International Airport had capital asset additions in 2009 of \$38.6 million principally due to land acquisition, terminal improvements, security enhancements, parking, and runway improvements.

• Chicago-O'Hare International Airport had capital asset additions in 2009 of \$621.6 principally due to land acquisition, terminal improvements, security enhancements, snow dump improvements, water drainage and sewer, heating and refrigeration, runway, roadway and parking improvements.

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2009 - Continued City of Chicago, Illinois Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)

Governmental Business-type _Activities__Activities__Total_ 2009 2008 2009 2008 2009 2008 Land \$ 1,372.7 \$ Works of Art and ' 1,271.6 \$ 839.5 \$ 791.3 \$ 2,212.2 \$ 2,062.9 Historical Collections 13.1 11.6 -- 13.1 11.6 Construction in Progress 225.3 345.5 1,502.5 1,135.0 1,727.8 1,480.5 Buildings and Other Improvements 1,589.8 1,512.0 8,286.6 8,005.8 9,876.4 9,517.8 Machinery and Equipment 335.9 344.2 288.9 279.7 624.8 623.9 Infrastructure 3,774.7 3.723.6 _____3,774.7 3.723.6 Total \$ 7,311.5 \$ 7,285.5 10,917.5 \$ 10,211.8 \$ 18,229.0 \$ 17,420.3 Information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note #7 of this report. Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$6,192.1 million in General Obligation Bonds and Notes and \$671.3 million in General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations outstanding. Other outstanding long-term debt is as follows: \$208.9 million in

Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds; \$355.9 million of Sales Tax Revenue Bonds; \$186.2 million in Tax Increment Financing Bonds; \$3.5 million in Installment Purchase Agreements; and \$9,532.3 million in Enterprise Fund Bonds and long-term obligations. For more detail, refer to the Long-term Obligations note in the Basic Financial Statements. City of Chicago, Illinois General Obligation and Revenue Bonds (in millions of dollars) Governmental Business-type _Activities _ Activities _ Total_ 2009 2008 2009 2008 2009 2008 General Obligation \$ 6,863.4 \$ 6,456.0 \$ - \$ 6,863.4 \$ 6,456.0 - \$ Installment Purchase Agreement 3.5 5.5 - - 3.5 5.5 Tax Increment 186.2 210.2 - - 186.2 210.2 Revenue Bonds 564.8 562.7 9.532.3 9,467.7 10,097.1 10,030.4 Total \$ 7,617.9 \$ 7,234.4 \$ 9,532.3 \$ 9,467.7 \$ 17,150.2 \$ 16.702.1 During 2009, the City issued the following: General Obligation Bonds and Notes: General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2008C, Library Series 2008D and Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2008E (\$611 million) General Obligation Tender Notes Series 2009 (\$70.4 million) General Obligation Commercial Paper Notes (\$135.7 million) **Revenue Bonds:** Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2009A-C (\$90.9 million) 14 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Continued Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes: Chicago-O'Hare International Airport General Commercial Paper Notes (\$259.8 million) Chicago Midway International Airport General Commercial Paper Notes (\$61.4 million) At December 31, 2009 the City had credit ratings with each of the three major rating agencies as follows: Rating Agency General Obligation: City Revenue Bonds: O'Hare Airport: First Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds Second Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds Third Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds First Lien Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Midway Airport: First Lien Second Lien Water: First Lien Second Lien Wastewater: First Lien Junior Lien Sales Tax Motor Fuel Tax Standard & Moody's Poors Fitch Aa3 AA- AA Aa3 AA AA+ A1 AA- AA A1 A- A A1 A A+ A2 A A+ A3 A- A Aa3 AA AA+ A1 AA- AA n/a AA- n/a A2 A+ AA-Aa3 AAA AA A1 AA+ A In 2007, the City closed and extinguished the First Lien Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) bonds. All outstanding PFC bonds exist within the same lien status.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's finances are closely tied with the global and national economies. As a result, the City's economically sensitive taxes and tax collections decreased. Nationally, in 2009 new housing unit starts were 28 percent below 2008 levels. Additionally, in Illinois year to date home sales decreased 1.4 percent in 2009 and the average home price decreased 15.5 percent. Therefore, real estate transaction tax collections decreased by 48.0 percent from 2008 collections. Additionally, 2009 sales tax collections decreased by 7.6 percent. An increase in the amusement tax resulted in an increase in the recreation tax of 4.1 percent over 2008 collections. Chicago's business district includes more than 30,000 hotel rooms within a five-mile range of McCormick Place, the convention facility that contains 2.6 million square feet of exhibit halls. A combination of economic factors and an increase in supply resulted in hotel occupancy declining to 67 percent in 2009 while the average daily room rate decreased by 18.4 percent. Hotel projects completed in 2009 included the Wit with 298 rooms and Hotel Felix with 230 rooms. Additionally, the 661 room Swissotel completed the \$120 million upgrade of all guest rooms and the expansion of its meeting and ballroom space totaling 55,000 square feet.

The 2009 national unemployment rate reached 9.275 percent up from 5.82 percent in 2008. The City saw a similar trend as its unemployment rate increased to 10.0 percent in 2009 up from 6.4 percent in 2008.

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - Concluded

On December 2, 2009, the City Council approved the City's 2010 General Fund Budget in the amount of \$3,179.7 million. This budget reflects a decrease over the 2009 General Fund budget of \$6.8 million or under 1.0 percent over the 2009 General Fund budget. The

City's 2010 budget includes \$114.0 million in expense reductions, some of which are extensions of those implemented in 2009. Reductions include the elimination of 220 vacant positions across all departments and the elimination of cost-of-living increases for non -union employees. Additional cost saving measures include fuel cost savings, equipment rental savings, real estate lease renegotiations, debt refunding and the closure of TIF districts. The City will also temporarily leverage some of its existing asset concession proceeds to manage the revenue decline brought on by the national economic recession.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Chicago Comptroller's Office.

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Exhibit 1	
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET AS	SETS December 31, 2009
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)	
Primary Government	
Governmental Activities	
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,606,394
Investments	
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent	
Receivables (Net of Allowances):	
Property Tax	1 323 772
Accounts	
Internal Balances	
Inventories	
Restricted Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	100.075
•	
Investments	
Other Assets	
Capital Assets:	
Land, Improvements, Art, and Construction in Progress	
Other Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation	
Total Capital Assets	
Total Assets	<u> \$ 13,417,702</u>
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$ 427,573
Short-term Debt	672
Accrued Interest	
Accrued and Other Liabilities	
Unearned Revenue	
Long-term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	274,506
Long-term Purchase Obligation	
Due in More Than One Year	
Total Liabilities	
Deferred Inflows	
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	251 103
Restricted for:	201,100
Capital Projects	13 725
Long-term Reserve	
Debt Service	
Federal, State and Local Grants	
Special Taxing Areas	1,306,237
Passenger Facility Charges	
Noise Mitigation Program	
Other Purposes	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	
Total Net Assets	<u> \$ (1,834,571)</u>
Business-type Activities	
95,177 114,417	
256,827 9,134 15,112	
790,250 988,282 503,473	
2,341,993 8,575,482 10,917,475	
Total	
1,701,571 916,321 491,626	
-, · · · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

1,323,772 959,085 34,770 912,325 1,745,429 793,945 3,953,190 14,275,815 18,229,005 13,690,147 \$ 27,107,849 Ś 319,382 \$ 181,405 128,952 152,482 220,125 14,291 9,365,860 746,955 672 319,699 915,080 247,825 494,631 14,291 21,214,158 10,382,497 1,737,576 2,286,658 178,462 40,032 203,752 207,850 191,813 (1, 538, 493)<u>1,</u>570,074 \$ (264,497) Ś 23,953,311 3,419,035 2,537,761 192,187 1,302,319 1,139,829 13,050 1,306,237 203,7<u>52 207,850 191,813 (7,359,295)</u> See notes to basic financial statements. 17 Exhibit 2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Functions/Programs Expenses Primary Government Governmental Activities: General Government\$ Public Safety Streets and Sanitation Transportation Health Cultural and Recreational Interest on Long-term Debt Total Governmental Activities **Business-type Activities:** Water Sewer Chicago Midway International Airport Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Chicago Skyway Total Business-type Activities Total Primary Government\$ 2,364,754 2,521,151 297,156 351,101 166,914 129,996 386,125 6,217,197 382,502 169,982 206,613 811,710 11,775 1,582,582 7,799,779 \$ Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services 382,617 158,490 30,990 24,895 2,504 22,375 621.871 410,213 175,163 122,301 624,443 1,332,120 1,953,991 See notes to basic financial statements. 18 Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government Operating Capital Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-type Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total 435,503 3,357 \$ (1,543,277) \$ - \$ (1,543,277) \$ \$ 44,400 - (2,318,261) - (2,318,261)

(266,166) - (266,166)	
111,904 (214,302) - (214,302)	
115,204 - (49,206)	- (49,206)
16,194 - (91,427)	- (91,427)
<u> (386,125) - (386,125)</u>	
<u>611,301_115,261 (4,868,764) (4,868,764)</u>	
27,711 27,711	
5,181 5,181 39,862 - (44,450)) (44,450)
	5) (15,955)
(11,775) (11,775)	(10,000)
- 211.174 - (39.288) (39.288)	
\$ 611,301 \$ 326,435	(4,868,764) (39,288) (4,908,052)
General Revenues Taxes:	
Property Tax	
Utility Tax	
Sales Tax	
Transportation Tax	
Transaction Tax	
Special Area Tax Recreation Tax	
Other Taxes	
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to	50,344 - 50,344
Specific Programs	601.198 - 601.198
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	
Miscellaneous	
Total General Revenues	3,789,502 23,965 3,813,467
Transfers	<u> </u>
Change in Net Assets (1	1 070 262\ (15 323) (1 00/ 585)
	1,079,202) (13,323) (1,094,003)
Net Assets - Beginning	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHE	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances):	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEIR (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets Total Assets	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Cother Assets Ditter Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Assets Dulate Trees Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Investments UIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND INFLOWS	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - 0	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - O	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEIR (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - O Accrued Interest Due To Other Funds	
Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEIR (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - 0 Accrued Interest Due To Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - 0 Accrued Interest Due To Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities Claims Payable	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - 0 Accrued Interest Due To Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities Claims Payable Deferred Revenue	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Threatments Other Assets Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - 0 Accrued Interest Due To Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities Claims Payable Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - 0 Accrued Interest Due To Other Funds Due To Other Funds Due To Other Funds Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Assets Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - 0 Accrued Interest Due To Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities Claims Payable Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Fund Balance:	
Net Assets - Beginning 19 Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEI (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) General ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax Accounts Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Inventories Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments Other Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND I Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - 0 Accrued Interest Due To Other Funds Due To Other Funds Due To Other Funds Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows	

Reserved for Resale Property		
Reserved for Inventory 19,658		
Reserved for Debt Service		
Reserved for Long-term Trust Fund		
Unreserved, Designated for Future Appropriations		
Unreserved, Undesignated - Major Funds 2,658 Unreserved, Undesignated - Special Revenue Funds		
Unreserved, Undesignated - Capital Projects Funds		
Total Fund Balance		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance \$ 702,669		
Federal, State and Local Grants		
\$		
46,666 9,083		
24,558 45,513 152,148		
$\frac{17,397}{2000}$		
\$ 295,365		
\$ 133,141		
54,967 3,224		
90,983 282,315		
17,397		
(4, 347)		
13,050		
Special Taxing Areas		
1,088,549 134,848		
380,257 1,538 5,212		
\$ 1,610,404		
20,689		
9,382 2,313		
345,256		
377,640 37,087		
1,195,677		
1,232,764		
<u>\$ 295,365 \$ 1,610,404</u>		
See notes to basic financial statements.		
20 Community		
Community Service Bond, Note Development Other Total		
Concession Redemption and Improvement Governmental Go	vernmental	
Agreements Reserve and Interest Projects Funds_Funds		
\$ - \$ 291,120 \$ 653 \$ 10,488 \$ 166,441 \$ 1,60 127,138 89,220 408,198 33,407 801,904	6,394	
127,138 89,220 408,198 33,407 801,904 361,946 - 129,680 491,626		
482,059 - 461,456 1,323,772		
6,979 56,314 1,691 22,147 318,862		
25,068 34,938 98,066 502,384 1,510 - 48,436 383,396		
19,658		
122,075	- 122,075	
757,147 – –	- 757,147	
- - - - 17,397		
\$ - \$ 1,304,459 \$ 1,016,770 \$	455,315 \$	959,633 \$
6,344,615		
\$ - \$ - \$	-	\$
53,565 \$ 74,874 \$ 410,820		
147,644 - 6,285 153,929		
133,605 - 3,074 136,679		

	<u></u>	40 670 100 001	F 2 0 1 0 C	
2,140 35,2	93	40,672 139,021	538,196	
20,200 37,321 310,907				
10,482				
<u>443,757</u> 410,9				
2,140760,299114,		277		
1,681,459 1,681,4	59			
48,677 29,120 147,274				
17,397 19,658				
256,471 - 149,647 406,118				
880,000 880,000				
422,319 422,319				
(1,681,459) 292,201 -	(195,270)			
80,333 80,333				
29,050 2	9,050			
(1,681,459) 1,302,319 25	6,471 340,878 288	,150 1,806,879		
\$ - \$ 1,304,459	\$ 1,016,770	\$ 45	5,315 \$ 959,63	33
\$ 6,344,615	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Amounts reported for governmental activ	ties in the statement of net as	sets are different because	:	
Capital assets used in governmental activ	vities are not financial resource	es and therefore are not re	eported in the funds 7,311,530	
Other long-term assets are not available			deferred in the funds. 1,389,531	
Certain liabilities, including bonds payable				
period and therefore are not reported in the Net assets of governmental activities		\$ (1,834,571)		
21		<u>Ψ(1,004,071)</u>		
Exhibit 4				
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS				
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPEND	ITURES AND CHANGES IN F	UND BALANCES GOVE	RNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended	
December 31, 2009				
(Amounto are in Theusendo of Dellare)				
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)				
General				
General Revenues:	¢			
General Revenues: Property Tax				
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax	481,275			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax	481,275 476,557			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax	481,275 476,557 155,851			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax	481,275 476,557 155,851 251,820			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax	481,275 476,557 155,851 251,820 179,641			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax	481,275 476,557 155,851 251,820 179,641 			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax	481,275 476,557 155,851 251,820 179,641 154,038			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Recreation Tax	481,275 476,557 155,851 251,820 179,641 154,038 82,942			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Recreation Tax Other Taxes	481,275 476,557 155,851 251,820 179,641 154,038 82,942 1,714			
General Revenues: Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Recreation Tax Other Taxes Federal/State Grants	481,275 476,557 155,851 251,820 179,641 154,038 82,942 1,714 289,100			
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax	481,275 476,557 155,851 251,820 179,641 154,038 82,942 1,714 289,100 100,458 252,483			
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax				
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax				
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax				
GeneralRevenues:Property TaxUtility TaxSales TaxTransportation TaxState Income TaxTransaction TaxSpecial Area TaxRecreation TaxOther TaxesFederal/State GrantsInternal ServiceLicenses and PermitsFinesInvestment Income (Loss)Charges for ServicesMiscellaneousTotal Revenues				
GeneralRevenues:Property TaxUtility TaxSales TaxTransportation TaxState Income TaxTransaction TaxSpecial Area TaxRecreation TaxOther TaxesFederal/State GrantsInternal ServiceLicenses and PermitsFinesInvestment Income (Loss)Charges for ServicesMiscellaneousTotal RevenuesExpenditures: Current:	$\begin{array}{c} \dots 481,275\\ \dots 476,557\\ \dots 155,851\\ \dots 251,820\\ \dots 179,641\\ \dots\\ \dots\\ \dots\\ 154,038\\ \dots 82,942\\ \dots 1,714\\ \dots\\ 289,100\\ \dots 100,458\\ \dots 252,483\\ \dots\\ 3,011\\ \dots\\ 96,705\\ \dots\\ \underline{36,031}\\ \underline{2,561,626}\end{array}$			
GeneralRevenues:Property TaxUtility TaxSales TaxTransportation TaxState Income TaxTransaction TaxSpecial Area TaxRecreation TaxOther TaxesFederal/State GrantsInternal ServiceLicenses and PermitsFinesInvestment Income (Loss)Charges for ServicesMiscellaneousTotal RevenuesExpenditures: Current:General Government	$\begin{array}{c} \dots & 481,275 \\ \dots & 476,557 \\ \dots & 155,851 \\ \dots & 251,820 \\ \dots & 179,641 \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ \dots & 154,038 \\ \dots & 82,942 \\ \dots & 1,714 \\ \dots & 289,100 \\ \dots & 100,458 \\ \dots & 252,483 \\ \dots & 3,011 \\ \dots & 96,705 \\ \dots & 36,031 \\ \underline{2,561,626} \\ \dots \end{array}$			
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax				
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax	$\begin{array}{c} \dots 481,275\\ \dots 476,557\\ \dots 155,851\\ \dots 251,820\\ \dots 179,641\\ \dots\\ \dots\\ 154,038\\ \dots 82,942\\ \dots 1,714\\ \dots 289,100\\ \dots 100,458\\ \dots 252,483\\ \dots 3,011\\ \dots 96,705\\ \dots 36,031\\ \underline{2,561,626}\\ \dots\\ \dots\\ \dots\\ \dots\\ \dots\\ \dots\\ \dots\end{array}$			
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax				
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax				
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax	$\begin{array}{c} \dots 481,275 \\ \dots 476,557 \\ \dots 155,851 \\ \dots 251,820 \\ \dots 179,641 \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ 154,038 \\ \dots 82,942 \\ \dots 1,714 \\ \dots 289,100 \\ \dots 100,458 \\ \dots 252,483 \\ \dots 3,011 \\ \dots 96,705 \\ \dots \\ 36,031 \\ \underline{2,561,626} \\ \dots \end{array}$			
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax	$\begin{array}{c} \dots 481,275 \\ \dots 476,557 \\ \dots 155,851 \\ \dots 251,820 \\ \dots 179,641 \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ 154,038 \\ \dots 82,942 \\ \dots 1,714 \\ \dots 289,100 \\ \dots 100,458 \\ \dots 252,483 \\ \dots 3,011 \\ \dots 96,705 \\ \dots \\ 36,031 \\ \underline{2,561,626} \\ \dots \end{array}$			
GeneralRevenues:Property Tax	$\begin{array}{c} \dots 481,275 \\ \dots 476,557 \\ \dots 155,851 \\ \dots 251,820 \\ \dots 179,641 \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ 154,038 \\ \dots 82,942 \\ \dots 1,714 \\ \dots 289,100 \\ \dots 100,458 \\ \dots 252,483 \\ \dots 3,011 \\ \dots 96,705 \\ \dots \\ 36,031 \\ \underline{2,561,626} \\ \dots \\ $			

Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges Total Expenditures 3,014,077 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures ... (452,451) 857,626 41,044 1,862,914 219,485 26,976 700 354 3,410 1,568 Federal, State and Local Grants 751,555 751,555 431,938 128,999 47,741 115,833 17,146 6,541 3,357 751,555 Special Taxing Areas 371,548 2,967 878 16,788 392,181 149,157 204 559 3,861 45,223 53 404 199,461 192,720 Continued on following pages. 22 Service Concession Agreements Reserve 21,033 22,604 80,000 Bond, Note Redemption and Interest 471,218 22,138 25,990 15,612 (8,682) 47,366 **Community Development** and Improvement Projects \$ 6,012 9,798 Nonmajor Governmental Funds Ś 334,792 75,688 1,405 161,736 95,994 25,385 116,361 14,002 16,995 15,408 5,608 26,974 27,110 Total Governmental Funds 806,010 579,101 503,952 333,199 347,814 205,026 487,909 154,038 96,944 753,269 306,095 100,458 267,891 31,520 124,557 238,126 21,033 102,604 573,642 15,810 917,458 5,335,909 7,128 218,141 1,663,990 7,565 177,812 2,497 1,913,711 76,785 300,131 73,916 261,948

89,705 107,604 430,915 430,915 377 7,676 88,000 619,273 527,916 394,495 37,000 434,905 317,490 - 32,372 351,430 7,128 711,985 527,916 1,057,273 6,269,395 21,033 95,476 (138,343) (512,106) (139,815) (933,486) 23 Exhibit 4 - Concluded **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Federal, State and Local **General Grants Special Taxing Areas** Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of Debt \$ 58,500 \$ - \$ Premium Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent ... -Transfers In 416,135 - 68,182 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 457,172 - 35,838 Net Changes in Fund Balance 4,721 - 228,558 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 48,443 13,050 1,004,206 Change in Inventory 1,542 -See notes to basic financial statements. 24 Service Concession Agreements Reserve Bond, Note Redemption and Interest **Community Development** and Improvement Projects Nonmajor Governmental Funds **Total Governmental Funds** (1,702,492)(1,702,492)951,355 (404,845) 546,510 340.324 (213,435) 651,137 (15,194) 762,832 438,094 2,259 16,334 (3,734) 452,953 162,125 150,316 (77,387) 235,054 999,043 2,259 (213,435) 2,253,459 (2,253,459) 787.867 (1,681,459)641,986 660,333 624,489 (368,018) (1,681,459) \$ 1,302,319 \$ 256,471 _\$_ (59,153) 400,031 340,878 95,239 192,911 288,150 (145,619) 1,950,956 1,542 1,806,879 25

Exhibit 5	
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2009	
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)_	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated	
over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded	
depreciation in the current	
period 101,786	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the	
statement of net	
assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments	
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not	
reported as expenditures in governmental funds	
Change in the net assets of governmental activities	
See notes to basic financial statements.	
26	
Exhibit 6	
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	
STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2009	
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)	
BUDGET AND ACTUAL	
Revenues:	
Utility Tax\$	
Sales Tax	
Transportation Tax	
Transaction Tax	
Recreation Tax	
Business Tax	
State Income Tax	
State Sales Tax	
State Auto Rental	
Federal/State Grants	
Internal Service	
Licenses and Permits	
Fines	
Investment Income	
Charges for Services	
Municipal Utilities	
Leases, Rentals and Sales	
Miscellaneous	
Issuance of Debt, Net of	
Original Discount	
Budgeted Prior Years' Surplus	
and Reappropriations	
Transfers In/Out	
Total Revenues	
Expenditures: Current:	
General Government	
Health	
Public Safety	
Streets and Sanitation	
Transportation	
Cultural and Recreational	
Debt Service:	
Principal Retirement	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	
	_

Total Expenditures Original Budget 523,266 262,715 161,568 257,250 162,551 93,991 362,045 284,820 3,800 2,500 315,546 125,990 293,546 10,960 93,686 5,900 24,061 19,214 1,473 181,590 3,186,472 1,058,261 42,694 1,823,197 223,904 32,925 700 3,410 1,381 3,186,472 Final Budget 523,266 262,715 161,568 257,250 162,551 93,991 362,045 284,820 3,800 2,500 315,546 125,990 293,546 10,960 93,686 5,900 24,061 19,214 1,473 181,590 3,186,472 1,058,261 42,694 1,823,197 223,904 32,925 700 3,410 1,381 3,186,472 Actual Amounts 481,275 224,887 155,851 179,641 154,038 79,557 251,820 251,670 3,385 1,714 289,100 100,458 252,483 3,011 87,520 9,120 10,683 25,413 58,500 1,473 416,135 3,037,734 885,049 41,169 1,862,429 219,618 26,487 700 3,410 1,354 3,040,216 Variance Positive (Negative) (41,991) (37,828) (5,717) (77,609) (8,513) (14,434) (110,225) (33,150) (415) (786) (26,446) (25,532) (41,063) (7,949) (6,166) 3,220 (13,378) 6,199 58,500 234,545 (148,738) 173,212 1,525 (39,232) 4,286 6,438 27 146,256 Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$ (2,482)(2, 482)See notes to basic financial statements. 27 Exhibit 7 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2009 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds Water ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS: Unrestricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents..... \$ 20,012 \$ Investments...... 1,532 Accounts Receivable (Net of Due from Other Governments..... 13,817 Inventories. Total Unrestricted Assets..... 152,872 _ Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents...... 34,639 Total Current Assets..... 273,895 _ NONCURRENT ASSETS: OTHER ASSETS..... 14,175 _ PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT: Land...... 5,083 Structures, Equipment and Accumulated Depreciation...... (736,433)

Construction Work in Progress..... 172,718 Total Property, Plant and Equipment... 2,398,742 Total Noncurrent Assets...... 2,412,917 Total Assets..... \$ 2,686,812 \$ Sewer 58,521 35,440 1,295 103,200 57,478 28,834 86,312 189,512 10,896 560 1,604,229 (364,782) 29,490 1,269,497 1,280,393 Chicago Midway International Airport 4,505 \$ 3,439 66,106 135,383 94,584 229,967 296,073 117,073 106,918 1,318,793 (293,557) 36,042 1,168,196 1,285,269 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport 7,049 \$ 43,432 12,056 3,564 5 Chicago Skyway 61,398 65,956 82,375 20,820 3,843 234,392 562,750 778,480 1,341,230 1,575,622 350,806 714,373 5,937,981 (2,158,534) 1,264,200 5,758,020 6,108,826 2,213 58 57 2,328 2,328 10,523 12,609 490,755 (180,344) 323,020 333,543 Total 95,177 114,417 252,979 77,365 3,848 15,112 558,898 790,250 988,282 1,778,532 2,337,430 503,473 839,543 12,309,132 (3,733,650) 1,502,450 10,917,475 11,420,948 1,469,905 \$ 1,581,342 \$ 7,684,448 \$ 335,871 \$ 13,758,378 See notes to basic financial statements. 28 Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES: Unrestricted Liabilities: Voucher Warrants Payable \$ Due to Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities Deferred Revenue Total Unrestricted Liabilities

Restricted Liabilities: Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets Total Current Liabilities NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: Revenue Bonds Payable Long-term Purchase Obligation Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS NET ASSETS: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Net Assets: Debt Service Capital Projects Passenger Facility Charges Contractual Use Agreement Noise Mitigation Program Other Unrestricted Net Assets Total Net Assets \$ Water 149,069 73,884 222,953 1,452,061 14,291 1,466,352 1,689,305 958,723 350 38,434 Sewer 21,912 \$ 45,345 60,648 21,164 98,629 37,844 136,473 879,731 879,731 1,016,204 391,248 9,533 52,920 Chicago Midway International Airport 16,802 \$ 10,017 36,437 35,373 60.730 116,800 177,530 1.196,154 1,196,154 1.373,684 708 10,408 9,620 30,565 105,540 45,025 5.792 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport 17,085 \$ 7,808 4,404 31,433 59,528 \$ 5,046 11,908 64,512 140,994 392,198 533,192 5,837,914 5,837,914 6,371,106 612,920 40,032 158,171 194,132 108,811 102,310 7,412 89,554 Chicago Skyway 267 \$ 15 147 429 429 429 1,737.576 323,059 (1,725,193)

Total 115,594 68.231 113,544 152,482 449.851 620.726 1,070,577 9,365,860 14,291 <u>9,380.151</u> 10,450.728 1,737,576 2,286,658 40,032 178,462 203,752 139,376 207,850 52,437 (1,538,493)' 997,507 \$ 453,701 \$ 207,658 \$ 1,313,342 \$ (1.402,134) \$ 1,570,074 See notes to basic financial statements. 29 Exhibit 8 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds Chicago Chicago-Midway O'Hare International International Chicago Water Airport Airport Sewer Skyway Total Operating Revenues: Charges for Services \$ 396,954 \$ 173,906 \$ 52,640 \$ 394,279 \$ \$ 1.017.779 Rent..... 69,661 230,164 - 299.825 Other 13,259 1,257 14,516 1,332,120 Operating Expenses: Personal Services 104,549 14,403 39,521 150,338 - 308,811 Contractual Services \ 52,780 3,319 6,727 54,767 - 117,593 Repairs and Maintenance 1,808 66,490 37,967 82,518 - 188,783 Commodities and Materials 24,534 24,534 21.878 47,667 178,717 11,775 298,785 General Fund Reimbursements 60,714 25,431 - 86,145
 Other
 29,722
 15,426
 116,662
 161,810

 Total Operating Expenses
 312,855
 131,521
 147,308
 583,002
 11,775
 1,186,461
 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): 234 1 051 12 775 3 15 024 ,sub) (228,708) 120,992 (38,461) (59,305) - (396,121) Interest Expense (69,647) Passenger Facility Charges -- 160,854 - 39.862 314 18,499 8,941 Total Nonoperating Revenues Transfers Out Capital Grants 50,320 50,320 Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of Year 966,251 467,814 243,985 1,316,208 (1,408,861) 1,585,397 Net Assets (Deficit) - End of Year \$ 997,507 \$ 453,701 \$ 207,658 \$.1,313,342 \$ (1,402,134) \$ 1,570,074 See notes to basic financial statements. 30 Exhibit 9 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds Water Sewer Chicago Midway International Airport Chicago-O'Hare International Airport 259,790 (564,350) 59,908 (184) (146,795) (285,247) 127,583 (20,564) (569,859) Chicago Skyway Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Received from Customers 383,102 \$ 158,741 \$ 137,846 \$ 666,030 Payments to Vendors (85,965) (26,447) (57,685) (233,800) Payments to Employees (104,550) (44,039) (32,175) (135,096) Transactions with Other City Funds (47,752) (28,615) (4,321) (50,461) Cash Flows from 59,640 43,665 246,673 Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds -- 50,686 Acquisition and Construction of (113,324) (27,787) - 3,344 Bond Issuance Costs

Payment to Refund Bonds Principal Paid on Bonds (42,853) (21,208) (38,835) (37,267) (59,713) - 37,944 Noise Mitigation Program -- (23,791) Deposit -Cash Flows from Capital and - 6.295 (171,799) (51,857) _ _ Sale (Purchases) of Investments, Net 130,706 89,115 (91,773) 180,803 Investment Interest4,629_2,201 _1,040 _26,737 _ Cash Flows from Investing Activities 135,335_91,316 (90,733) 207,540 _ Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (20,670) (20,843) (98,925) (115,646) Cash and Cash Equivalents, End ofYear \$ 54,651 \$ 61,983 \$ 142,432 \$ 624,148 \$ (96)(96) (34) 3 (31) (127) 2,340 2,213 \$ Total 1,345,719 (403,897) (315,860) (131,149) 494,813 310,476 (891,065) 63,252 (184) (249,691) (454,706) 165,527 (44,355) 6,295 (1,094,451)308,817 34,610 343,427 (256,211) 1,141,638 885,427 See notes to basic financial statements. 31 Exhibit 9 - Concluded **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds Water Sewer Chicago Chicago-Midway O'Hare International International Chicago Airport Airport Skyway Reconciliation of Operating Income to Cash Flows from Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)...... \$ 97,358 \$ 43,642 \$ (25,007) Adjustments to Reconcile: Provision for Uncollectible Accounts 10,396 5,803 (968) Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Funds 2,771 (7,569) (388) Increase (Decrease) in Voucher Warrants and Other Liabilities 5,121 6,826 20,704 (Increase) Decrease in Inventories and Cash Flows from Operating Activities \$ 144,835 \$ 59,640 % 43,665 178,717 2,153 (5,685) (3,449) (13,842) 47,338 Total 41,441 \$ (11,775) \$ 145,659 \$ 11,775 \$ 246,673 \$ 298,785 17,384 (50,400) (8,635) 11,447 79,989 584

¢ 404 012	
\$ 494,813 Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Items:	
Capital asset additions in 2009 included in accounts payable	
and accrued and other liabilities \$ 21,942 \$ 41,168 \$	<u>20,484 \$ 133,808 \$ \$ 217,402</u>
See notes to basic financial statements. 32	
Exhibit 10	NET ASSETS FIDUCIADY FUNDS December 31, 2000
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY	NET ASSETS FIDUCIART FUNDS December 31, 2009
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)_ Pension Trust	
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	¢ 020 167
Investments	
Investments, at Fair Value Bonds and U.S. Government	
Obligations	2 031 978
Stocks	
Mortgages and Real Estate	
Other	
Cash and Investments with	······································
Escrow Agent	
Property Tax Receivable	
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Due From City	
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	1,352,612
Total Assets	\$ 12,528,009
LIABILITIES	
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$ 298,549
Accrued and Other Liabilities	
Securities Lending Collateral	
Total Liabilities	<u> 1,651,161</u>
NET ASSETS	
Reserved for Employee	
Benefit Plans	
Total Net Assets	\$ 10,876,848
5,322 55,100	
14,119 94,756 212,580	
381,877	
18,987 362,890	
381,877	
See notes to basic financial statements.	
33	
Exhibit 11	
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS	
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2009	
(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)	
Total	
ADDITIONS Contributions:	
Employees \$ 285,738	
City	
Total Contributions 732,993	
Investment Income: Net Appreciation in	
Fair Value of Investments 1,568,421	
Interest, Dividends and Other	
Investment Expense	
Net Investment Income 1,756,596	
Securities Lending Transactions:	
Securities Lending Income 44,215	
Securities Lending Expense	
Net Securities Lending Transactions 35,758	
Total Additions	
DEDUCTIONS	

Benefits and Refunds of Deductions	
Administrative and General	19,347
Total Deductions	
Net Increase in Net Assets	1,033,463
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	:
Beginning of Year	
End of Year	\$ 10,876,848
See notes to basic financial statements.	

34 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Chicago (City), incorporated in 1837, is a "home rule" unit under State of Illinois (State) law. The City has a mayor-council form of government. The Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and is elected by general election. The City Council is the legislative body and consists of 50 members, each representing one of the City's 50 wards. The members of the City Council are elected through popular vote by ward for four-year terms.

The accounting policies of the City are based upon accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

a) Reporting Entity - The City includes the Chicago Public Library and the City-related funds of the Public Building Commission. The financial statements for the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), applicable to governmental units, as required by the Municipal Code of Chicago (Code).

The City's financial statements blend the following legally separate component units because they are fiscally dependent on the City and perform services primarily for City, employees:

The Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicaqo is governed by a five-member board: three members are elected by plan participants and two are members ex-officio.

The Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicaqo is governed by an eight-member board: two members are elected by plan participants, two are members ex-officio, two members are appointed by the City Department of Human Resources, one member is elected by retired plan participants and one member is elected by the local labor union.

The Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are appointed by the Mayor.

The Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicaqo is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are members ex-officio.

Financial statements for each of the pension plans may be obtained at the respective fund's office.

Related Organizations - City officials are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making appointments and no fiscal dependency exists between the City and these organizations. Therefore, the Chicago Park District, Chicago Public Schools, Community College District No. 508, Chicago Housing Authority and the Chicago Transit Authority are deemed to be related organizations.

b) Government-wide and fund financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identified with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or 35

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered

to be available when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period with the exception of property tax revenue, which is deferred unless taxes are received within 60 days subsequent to year-end. Licenses and permits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are not considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recorded as revenues when received in cash. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual basis of accounting, except for interest and principal on long-term debt, the long-term portion of compensated absences, claims and judgments and pension obligations. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Federal, State and Local Grants Fund accounts for the expenditures for programs, which include general government, health, public safety, transportation, aviation, cultural and recreational, and capital outlays. The majority of revenues are provided by several agencies of the Federal government, departments of the Illinois State government and City resources.

Special Taxing Areas Fund accounts for expenditures for special area operations and maintenance and for redevelopment project costs as provided by tax levies on special areas.

Service Concession Agreement Fund accounts for deferred inflows from long-term concession and lease transactions whose proceeds are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Reserve Fund accounts for a Mid-term and Long-term Reserve. The Mid-term is subject to appropriation; whereas the Long-term's principal is legally restricted. These reserves were created as a result of the Skyway Lease and Meter Parking System transactions. Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund accounts for the expenditures for principal and interest as provided by property tax, utility tax, sales tax, transportation tax, and investment income.

Community Development and Improvement Projects Funds account for proceeds of debt used to acquire property and finance construction and supporting services for various redevelopment projects.

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

The City reports the following major proprietary funds as business-type activities:

Water Fund accounts for the operations of the Chicago Water System (Water). The Water system purifies and provides Lake Michigan water for the City and 125 suburbs. The Water Fund operates two water treatment facilities and 12 pumping stations with a combined pumping capacity of 3,661 million gallons per day.

Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the Wastewater Transmission System (Sewer). The Sewer system transports wastewater to the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago for processing and disposal. This service is provided for the residents and businesses of the City and certain suburban customers.

Chicago Midway International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago Midway International Airport (Midway) that provides regional travelers with access to airlines that generally specialize in low-cost, point-to-point, origin and destination passenger service. Midway Airport is conveniently located 10 miles from downtown Chicago. The Chicago Department of Aviation celebrated the completion of the historic Midway Airport Terminal Development Program in 2004, an eight year program that transformed Chicago's southwest side airport. Throughout the redevelopment of Midway, the airport experienced record-breaking growth, and today remains one of the fastest growing airports in the nation.

Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago-O'Hare International Airport (O'Hare), the primary commercial airport for the City. The airlines servicing the airport operate out of four terminal buildings. Three domestic terminal buildings, having a total of 157 gates, serve domestic flights and certain international departures. The International Terminal, having a total of 21 gates and five remote aircraft parking positions, serves the remaining international departures and all international arrivals requiring customs clearance.

Chicago Skyway Fund records operations of the Chicago Skyway (Skyway) which provides vehicle passage across the Calumet River, between the State of Indiana and the State of Illinois (State) through the operation of a tollway which consists of a 7.8-mile span connecting the Dan Ryan Expressway to the Indiana Toll Road. Facilities include a single toll plaza consisting of a central office, maintenance garage and toll collection area. In January 2005, the City entered into a long-term Concession and Lease Agreement of the Skyway, granting a private company the ability to operate and to collect toll revenue during the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received a one-time upfront payment of \$1.83 billion.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension Trust Funds report expenditures for employee pensions as provided by employee and employer contributions and investment earnings.

Agency Funds account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for certain activities or for various entities. Payroll deductions and special deposits are the primary transactions accounted for in these funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water, sewer, airports and skyway funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods and services, or privileges provided, or fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported^for the various functional activities. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are derived from landing fees and terminal use charges as well as rents and concessions. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

d) Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net assets or equity

i) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments generally are held with the City Treasurer as required by the Code. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their average combined cash and investment balances. Due to contractual agreements or legal restrictions, the cash and investments of certain funds are segregated and earn and receive interest directly. The City uses separate escrow accounts in which certain tax revenues are deposited and held for payment of debt. The Code permits deposits only to City Council-approved depositories, which must be regularly organized state or national banks and federal and state savings and loan associations, located within the City, whose deposits are federally insured.

Investments authorized by the Code include interest-bearing general obligations of the City, State and U.S. Government; U.S. Treasury bills and other noninterest-bearing general obligations of the U.S. Government purchased in the open market below face value; domestic money market funds regulated and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission and tax anticipation warrants issued by the City. The City is prohibited by ordinance from investing in derivatives, as defined, without City Council approval. The City values its investments at fair value or amortized cost. U.S. Government securities purchased at a price other than par with a maturity of less than one year are reported at amortized cost.

The City's four retirement plans are authorized to invest in bonds, notes, and other obligations of the U.S. Government; corporate debentures and obligations; insured mortgage notes and loans; common and preferred stocks; stock options; real estate; and other investment vehicles as set forth in the Illinois Compiled Statutes. These investments are reported at fair value. 38

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

Repurchase agreements can be purchased only from banks and certain other institutions authorized to do business in the State. The City Treasurer requires that securities that are pledged to secure these agreements have a market value equal to the cost of the repurchase agreements plus accrued interest.

Investments generally may not have a maturity date in excess of ten years from the date of purchase. Certain other investments are held in accordance with the specific provisions of applicable ordinances.

Cash equivalents include certificates of deposit and other investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased. Deficit cash balances result in interfund borrowings from the aggregate of funds other than escrowed funds. Interest income and expense are generally not recognized on these interfund borrowings.

State statutes and the City's Pension Plans' policies permit lending Pension Plan securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Securities lent at year-end for cash collateral are presented as not categorized in the schedule of custodial credit risk; securities lent for securities collateral are classified according to the category for the collateral.

ii) Receivables and Payables activity between funds are representative of services rendered, outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is based on historical trends. The estimated value of services provided but unbilled at year-end has been included in receivables.

iii) Inventory includes government-wide inventories, which are stated at cost determined principally, using the average cost method. For proprietary funds, the costs of inventories are recorded as capital assets when used (consumption method). Governmental fund inventories are accounted for using the purchases method and are offset by a reservation of fund balance to indicate that they do not represent expendable available financial resources.

 iv) Assets Held for Resale includes land and buildings of \$17.4 million, recorded at lower of cost or market in the Federal, State and Local Grant Funds. These assets are purchased through the use of federal grants and City resources and are intended to be resold.
 v) Restricted Assets include certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment. These assets are classified as restricted in the basic financial statements because they are maintained in separate

bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

The Skyway Lease Transaction legally requires the Long-term reserve's principal to be restricted.

The Water and Sewer funds maintain Rate Stabilization Accounts where any net revenues remaining after providing sufficient funds for all required deposits in the bond accounts may be transferred upon the direction of the City to be used for any lawful purpose of the specific fund.

The O'Hare and Midway funds maintain Passenger Facility Charge accounts as restricted as they are subject to Federal Aviation Administration regulation and approval, to finance specific eligible capital and debt related activities.

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

vi) Capital Assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets, or a network of assets, with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalization value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense (Governmental and Business Activities) incurred by the City during the current fiscal year was \$809.5 million, of which \$64.7 million was capitalized as part of the capital assets under construction projects in proprietary funds.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method, in the year subsequent to acquisition or when placed into service, over the following estimated useful lives:

Utility plant	. 25- 100 years
Utility structures and improvements	. 50- 100 years
Buildings and improvements	. 5-40 years
Airport runways, aprons, tunnels, taxiways, and paved roads	
Bridge infrastructure	. 10- 50 years
Lighting infrastructure	. 25 years
Street infrastructure	. 10- 25 years
Transit infrastructure	. 10- 40 years
Equipment (vehicle, office, and computer)	4 - 33 years

The City has a collection of artwork and historical treasures presented for public exhibition and education that are being preserved for future generations. The proceeds from sales of any pieces of the collection are used to purchase other acquisitions. A portion of this collection is not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets.

vii) Employee Benefits are granted for vacation and sick leave, workers' compensation and health care. Unused vacation leave is accrued and may be carried over for one year. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day for each month worked, up to a maximum of 200 days. Severance of employment terminates all rights to receive compensation for any unused sick leave. Sick leave pay is not accrued. Employee benefit claims outstanding, including claims incurred but not reported, are estimated and recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Employees are eligible to defer a portion of their salaries until future years under the City's deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Third-party administrators who maintain the investment portfolio administer the Plan. The plan's assets have been placed in trust accounts with the plan administrators for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries and are not considered assets of the City.

The City is subject to the State of Illinois Unemployment Compensation Act and has elected the reimbursing employer option for providing unemployment insurance benefits for eligible former 40

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

employees. Under this option, the City reimburses the State for claims paid by the State. Expenditures for workers' compensation are recorded when paid in the governmental funds. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

viii) Judgments and claims are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. In the fund financial statements, expenditures for judgments and claims are recorded on the basis of settlements reached or judgments entered within the current fiscal year. Amounts that related to deferred compensatory time and reserves for questioned costs are treated the same way.

ix) Long-term obligations are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements. Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are

deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt, except in the case of refunding debt transactions where the amortization period is over the term of the refunding or refunded debt, whichever is shorter.

The City enters into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on outstanding debt. Other than the net interest expenditures resulting from these arrangements, no amounts are recorded in the financial statements. All interest rate swaps and swaptions are approved by City Council.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received and discounts given on debt issued are reported as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Certain debt obligations are to be paid from sales tax, motor fuel or special area taxes.

Long-term purchase obligation represents an agreement with DuPage Water Commission to construct electrical generation facilities not to exceed \$15.0 million. The payment of the obligation will be in the form of credits against the charges for water supplied.

x) Deferred inflows represent amounts to be recognized as revenue on a straight line basis over the life of the related long-term lease and concession agreements.

xi) Fund equity in the government-wide statements is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

(1) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or any other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

(2) Restricted net assets - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) are legally restricted through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net assets for governmental activities represent restrictions associated with the nonmajor special revenue funds. Restricted net assets for business activities are provided in Exhibit #7, Statement of Net Assets, Proprietary Funds. 41

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

(3) Unrestricted net assets - All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

2) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

i) The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net assets - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds." The details of this \$1,389.5 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Deferred revenue - property tax.....\$ 1,199,921

Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds - to arrive at net assets -

governmental activities..... \$ 1,389,531

ii) Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$12,342.5 million are as follows (dollars in thousands): Long-term liabilities:

Long term nuomites.
Total bonds, notes and certificates payable\$ 7,835,419
Pension obligation
Lease obligation
Pollution remediation
Claims and judgments627,370
Total Long-term liabilities
Bonds, notes and other obligations payable current (153,257)
Other assets - issuance costs
Accrued interest
Accrued and other liabilities - pension accrual
Accrued and other liabilities - other post employment benefits 329,040
Accrued and other liabilities - compensated absences 109,021
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds - to arrive at net assets -
governmental activities\$ 12,342,511
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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in

fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

i) The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets - governmental activities as reported in the government -wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$101.8 million are as follows (dollars in thousands): Capitalized asset expenditures...... \$ 482,741 Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at changes in net assets - governmental activities...... \$ 101,786 ii) Another element of that reconciliation states that "Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets." The details of this \$370.5 million are as follows (dollars in thousands): Proceeds of debt...... \$ (999,043) Payment of refunded bond escrow agent...... 213,435 Payment of cost of issuance...... J1,607 Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at changes in net assets - governmental activities...... \$_(370,549) iii) A third element of that reconciliation states that "Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$669.0 million are as follows (dollars in thousands): Claims and judgments......\$ (22,309)

Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at

changes in net assets - governmental activities...... \$ (669,029)

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

3) Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a) Annual Appropriation Budgets are established for the General Fund and the Vehicle Tax, Pension, Chicago Public Library and certain Miscellaneous, Special Events, Tourism and Festivals and Health and Welfare nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, on a non-GAAP budgetary basis:

i) Prior to November 15, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget of expenditures and the means of financing them for the next year.

ii) The budget document is available for public inspection for at least ten days prior to passage of the annual appropriation ordinance by the City Council, which is also required to hold at least one public hearing.

iii) Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the appropriation ordinance.

iv) Subsequent to the enactment of the appropriation ordinance, the City Council has the authority to make necessary adjustments to the budget, which results in a change in total or individual appropriations. The legal level of budgetary control is designated in the budget by object grouped by purpose except for the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, which is subsequently re-appropriated by project. A separate Motor Fuel Tax Fund Report demonstrates compliance with annual and project-length budgets required by the State. The separately issued Supplement to the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides budgetary information for all other budgeted funds. Copies of this report are available upon request.

v) All annual appropriations unused and unencumbered lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the following year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for Capital Project Funds. Appropriations for Debt Service Funds are established by bond ordinance.

b) Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budgetary Basis - The City's budgetary basis of accounting used for budget vs. actual reporting differs from GAAR. For budgetary purposes, encumbrances are recorded as expenditures but are reflected as reservations of fund balances for GAAP purposes. For budgetary purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers in are classified as revenues. For budgetary purposes prior years' resources used to cover current year budgetary expenditures are recorded as revenues. For GAAP purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers out are treated as other financing sources. Provision for doubtful account expenditures are not budgeted. A reconciliation of the different basis of revenue and expenditure recognition for the year ended December 31, 2009 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

General Fund

<u>General Fund</u>	
Revenues, GAAP Basis	\$ 2,561,626
Add:	
Proceeds of Debt	58,500
Transfers In	416,135
Prior Year's Surplus Utilized	<u>1,473</u>
Revenues, Budgetary Basis	<u>\$ 3,037,734</u>
Expenditures, GAAP Basis	\$ 3,014,077
Add:	
Transfers Out	17,463
Encumbered in 2009	
Deduct:	
Payments on Prior Years' Encumbrances	
Provision for Doubtful Accounts	(354)
Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$ 3,040,216

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

c) Individual Funds over Budget includes the Motor Fuel Tax Fund (\$8.6 million).

d) Individual Fund Deficits include the Vehicle Tax Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, the Special Events, Tourism, Festivals Fund, and Service Concession Agreements Fund, which are Special Revenue Funds, and the Chicago Skyway Fund, an Enterprise Fund, have fund deficits of \$5.3 million, \$26.2 million, \$6.7 million, \$1,681.5 million, and \$1,402.1 million, respectively, which management anticipates will be funded through operations.

4) Restricted and Unrestricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

a) Investments As of December 31, 2009, the City had the following Investments (dollars in thousands): _Investment Type_Investment Maturities (in Years)_

Less Than 1 1J5 6-10 More Than 10 Fair Value

City Funds
U.S. Treasuries\$ 112,480 \$ 1,063 \$ - \$ 29,282 \$ 142,825
U.S. Agencies
Commercial Paper
Corporate Bonds
Corporate Equities
Certificates of Deposit and
<u>Other Short-term</u>
Total City Funds\$ 3,180,963 \$ 1,568,254 \$ 236,806 \$ 597,645 \$ 5,583,668
Pension Trust Funds
U.S. and Foreign
Government Agencies\$ 83,616 \$ 208,716 \$ 163,273 \$ 401,414 \$ 857,019
Commercial Paper
Corporate Bonds
Corporate Equities
Pooled Funds
Real Estate
Investments Held by Master
Custodian under Securities Loans
Securities Received from
Securities Lending1,352,6121,352,612
Venture Capital
Certificates of Deposit and
Other Short-term
Other
Total Pension Trust Funds
Total\$ 13,204,669 \$ 2,164,211 \$ 675,367 \$ 1,369,805 \$ 17,414,052

i) Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits all securities so purchased, except tax anticipation warrants, municipal bonds, notes, commercial paper or other instruments representing a debt obligation of the City, shall show on their face that they are fully payable as to principal and interest, where applicable, if any, within ten years from the date of purchase.

45 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

ii) Credit Risk The Code limits investments in commercial paper to banks whose senior obligations are rated in the top two rating categories by at least two national rating agencies and who are required to maintain such rating during the term of such investment. The Code also limits investments to domestic money market mutual funds regulated by, and in good standing with, the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certificates of Deposit are also limited by the Code to national banks which provide collateral of at least 105 percent by marketable U.S. government securities marked to market at least monthly; or secured by a corporate surety bond issued by an insurance company licensed to do business in Illinois and having a claims-paying rating in the top rating category, as rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization maintaining such rating during the term of such investment. The following schedule summarizes the City's and Pension Trust Funds exposure to credit risk (dollars in thousands):

Quality Rating City Pension Trust Funds

Aaa/AAA\$ 5,371,845 \$ 426,664
Aa/AA
A/A 243,809
Baa/BBB ,'277,286
Ba/BB 87,265
B/B 88,755
Caa/CCC 44,572
Ca 3.366
CC/C 1,101
D/D 452
Not Rated 373,630
Not Applicable 138,315 477,912
Total Funds \$ 5,583,668 \$ 2,107,28

iii) Custodial Credit Risk - Cash and Certificates of Deposit This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's Investment Policy states that in order to protect the City's deposits, depository institutions are to maintain collateral pledges on City deposits during the term of the deposit of at least 105 percent of marketable U.S. government, or approved securities or surety bonds, issued by top-rated insurers. Collateral is required as security whenever deposits exceed the insured limits of the FDIC. The bank balance of cash and certificates of deposit with the City's various municipal depositories was \$301.9 million. Of the bank balance, 100 percent was either insured or collateralized with securities held by City agents in the City's name. The remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized.

iv) Custodial Credit Risk - Investments For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Of the investment in corporate bonds of \$78.3 million the City has no custodial credit risk exposure because the related securities are insured, registered and held by the City.

46 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

v) Foreign Currency Risk - In the case of the Pension Trust Funds, is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The risk of loss is managed by limiting its exposure to fair value loss by requiring their international securities managers to maintain diversified portfolios. The following schedule summarizes the Pension Trust Funds exposure to foreign currency risk (dollars in thousands):

Foreign Currency Risk

r oreign ourrency rusk	
Australian dollar	
Brazilian real	
British pound	304,118
Canadian dollar	. 79,323
Chilean peso	2,918
Columbian peso	1,245
Czech Republic koruny	766
Danish krone	. 18,432
Egyptian pound	2,229
European euro	457,702
Hong Kong dollar	129,675
Hungarian forint	
Indian rupee	
Indonesian rupiah	
Japanese yen	
Malaysian ringgit	6,915
Mexican peso	19,733
Moroccan dirham	177
New Israeli shekel	. 5,151
New Taiwan dollar	38,292
New Zealand dollar	
Norwegian krone	18,111
Pakistan rupees	213
Philippines peso	
Polish zloty	2,253
Singapore dollar	
South African rand	28,083
South Korean won	
Swedish krona	37,789
Swiss franc	. 119,192
Thailand baht	
Turkish lira	7,599
···· · · · _ · · · · · · · ·	

\$ 81,709

United Arab Emirates dirham		
vi) The following schedule summarizes the cash and investigation of the second se	siments reported in the basic lin	iancial statements (dollars in thousands):
Per Note 4:		
Investments - City		\$ 5,583,668
Investments - Pension Trust Funds	<u> 11,830,384</u>	
\$ 17,414,052		
Per Financial Statements:		
Restricted Investments	\$ 1,745,429	
Unrestricted Investments	916,321	
Investments with Fiduciary Funds	10,306,587	
Investments with Escrow Agent	505,745	
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	1,352,612	
Investments included as cash and cash equivalents on the	e Statements of Net Assets	
<u>\$ 17,414,052</u>		

5) Property Tax

The City's property tax becomes a lien on real property on January 1 of the year it is levied. The Cook County Assessor (Assessor) is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within Cook County (County), except for certain railroad property assessed directly by the State. The County Board has established a triennial cycle of reassessment in which one-third of the County will be reassessed each year on a repeating schedule established by the Assessor.

Property in the County is separated into nine classifications for assessment purposes. After the Assessor establishes the fair market value of a parcel of land, that value is multiplied by one of the classification percentages to arrive at the assessed valuation (Assessed Valuation) for that parcel. These percentages range from 16.0 percent for certain residential, commercial, and industrial property to 38.0 percent for other commercial and industrial property.

The Illinois Department of Revenue has the statutory responsibility of ensuring uniformity of real property assessments throughout the State. Each year, the Department of Revenue furnishes the county clerks with an adjustment factor to equalize the level of assessment among counties. This factor (Equalization Factor) is then applied to the Assessed Valuation to compute the valuation of property to which a tax rate will be applied (Equalized Assessed Valuation). The County Clerk adds the Equalized Assessed Valuation of all real property in the County to the valuation of property assessed directly by the State (to which the Equalization Factor is not applied) to arrive at the base amount (Assessment Base) used in calculating the annual tax rates.

The County Clerk computes the annual tax rate by dividing the levy by the Assessment Base and then computes the rate for each parcel of real property by aggregating the tax rates of all governmental units having jurisdiction over that particular parcel. The County Treasurer then issues the tax bills. Property taxes are deposited with the County Treasurer, who remits to the City its respective share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year on March 1 and August 1 or 30 days from mailing of tax bills if later than July 1. The first installment is estimated and is one-half of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment is based on the current levy, assessment and equalization and also reflects any changes from the prior year.

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

The City Council has adopted an ordinance beginning in 1994, limiting the City's aggregate property tax levy to an amount equal to the prior year's aggregate property tax levy plus the lesser of (a) five percent or (b) the percentage increase in the annualized Consumer Price Index, all as defined in the ordinance. The ordinance provides a safe harbor for that portion of any property tax debt service levy equal to the aggregate interest and principal payments on the City's general obligation bonds and notes during the 12-month period ended January 1, 1994, subject to annual increase in the manner described above for the aggregate levy, all as provided by the ordinance. Increases in the debt service portion of each levy may, however, reduce amounts available within such levy to finance operations.

6) Interfund Balances and Transfers

a) The following balances at December 31, 2009 represent due from/to balances among all funds (dollars in thousands):

<u>Fund Type/Fund_ Due From Due To</u>

Governmental activities:			
General	\$	293,587 \$ 256,7	'21
Federal, State and Local Grants	45,513	3 54,967	
Special Taxing Areas	5,212	9,382	
Reserve	- 2,14	0	
Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	25,068	8 35,293	
Community Development and Improvement Projects	34,93	8 40,672	
Nonmajor governmental funds	98,06	<u>66 139,021</u>	
Total Governmental activities	02,384	1 538,196	
Business-type activities:			
	· ·		

M/ata a	47 544 45 945
Water	
Sewer	
Chicago Midway International Airport	
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	
Chicago Skyway	15
Total Business-type activities	77,365 68,231
Fiduciary activities:	
Pension Trust	
Total Fiduciary activities	
Total	
The balances resulted from the time lag between the	dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable
expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in t 49	he accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED	
	resent interfund transfers among all funds (dollars in thousands):
<u>Fund Type/Fund</u> Transfer In Transfer Out	esent internationalisiers anong an turios (donars in triodsarios).
Governmental activities:	
	¢ 446 495 ¢ 47 469
General	
Federal, State and Local Grants	
Special Taxing Areas	
Service Concession Agreements	1,702,492
Reserve	
Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	
Community Development and Improvement Projects.	
Nonmajor governmental funds	
Total Governmental activities	
	hat statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget
	ted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund
as debt service payments become due.	
50	
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED 7) Capital Assets	
a) Capital Assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2	2000 was as follows (dollars in thousands):
Balance January 1, 2009	
Additions	
Disposals	
and Transfers	
Balance December 31, 2009	
Governmental activities:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	
LandS 1,271,593 Works of Art and Historical Collections 11,632	\$ 101,149 \$ 1,372,742 1 500 12 122
Construction in Progress	1,500 13,132 1 380 (381 514) 225 323
	<u>1.560 (361,514) 223,323</u> 8,682 364,029 (381,514) 1,611,197
Capital assets, being depreciated:	0,002_004,020_(001,014)1,011,101
Buildings and Other Improvements	136,571 2,252,114
Machinery and Equipment 1,146,951	89,553 (23,619) 1,212,885
Infrastructure	75,357 6,609,112
Total capital assets, being depreciated	501,481 (23,619) 10,074,111
Less accumulated depreciation for:	
Buildings and Other Improvements	58,781 662,326
Machinery and Equipment	91,069 (16,844) 877,029
Infrastructure	<u>24,330 2,834,423</u> 4,016,442 374,180 (16,844) 4,373,778
	9,807 127,301 (6,775) 5,700,333
Total governmental activities	
Business-type activities:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	
Land\$ 791,345	\$ 48,198 \$ -\$ 839,543
Construction in Progress	1,134,996_710,291_(342,837) 1,502,450
	6,341 758,489 (342,837) 2,341,993
Capital assets, being depreciated:	
Buildings and Other Improvements	564,488 (35,759) 11,741,796
Machinery and Equipment	
Total capital assets, being depreciated 11,756,299	591,049 (38,216) 12,309,132

Less accumulated depreciation for:	
Buildings and Other Improvements 3,205,576	250,240 (632) 3,455,184
Machinery and Equipment	265,194 14,661 (1,389) 278,466
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>3,470,770 264,901 (2,021) 3,733,650</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 8,28	5,529 326,148 (36,195) 8,575,482
Total business-type activities\$ 10,211,8	<u>70 \$ 1,084,637 \$ (379,032) \$ 10,917,475</u>
Total Capital Assets\$ 17,420,3	<u>59 \$ 1,575,967 \$ (767,321) \$ 18,229,005</u>
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUE	
	programs of the City as follows (dollars in thousands):
Governmental activities:	
General government	
Public safety	37,268
Streets and sanitation	13,115
Transportation	227,169
Health	
Cultural and recreational	23,246
Total depreciation expense - governmental activitie	s \$ 374,180
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 39,119
Sewer	
Chicago Midway International Airport	
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	152,911
Chicago Skyway	<u>11,663</u>
Total depreciation expense - business-type activitie	s <u>\$_264,901</u>
8) Leases	

a) Operating Leases

The City leases building and office facilities under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were approximately \$17.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2009. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows (dollars in thousands):

2010	\$ 17,517
2011	
2012	
2013	
2014	
2015-2019	
Total Future Rental Expense	

b) Capital Leases

During 2003, the City entered into lease and lease back agreements with third parties pertaining to 911 Center Qualified

Technological Equipment (QTE), with a book value of \$143.3 million at December 31, 2003. Under the QTE lease agreement, which provides certain cash and tax benefits to the third party, the City entered into a long-term lease for applicable assets back to the City under a sublease. Under the sublease, the City is required to make future minimum lease payments. 52

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

During 2005, the City entered into sale and lease back agreements with third parties pertaining to the City owned portion of a rapid transit line with a book value of \$430.8 million at December 31, 2005. Under the lease agreement, which provides certain cash and tax benefits to the third party, the City entered into a long-term lease for applicable assets back to the City under a sublease. Under the sublease, the City is required to make future minimum lease payments.

The future minimum payments for these leases are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year Ending Total

December 31,

2010	\$ 1,303
2011	
2012	
2013	
2014	
2015-2019	

2020 - 2024	90,021
2025 - 2029	2,000
<u>2030 - 2032</u>	165,164
Total Minimum Future Lease Payments	348,519
Less Interest	179,237
Present Value of Minimum Future Lease Pa	ayments\$ 169,282

c) Lease Receivables

Most of the O'Hare land, buildings and terminal space are leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancellable operating leases as of December 31, 2009 (dollars in thousands):

2010	\$ 86,331
2011	69,798
2012	
2013	
2014	
2015-2019	
2020-2024	
2025 - 2029	
2030 - 2034	
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	\$ 407,206

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on the tenants' revenues or fuel flow are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for O'Hare, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except ramp rentals and automobile parking, amounted to \$348.7 million, including contingent rentals of \$71.9 million.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

Most of the Midway land and terminal space is leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancellable operating leases as of December 31, 2009 (dollars in thousands):

2010	\$ 18,524
2011	18,543
2012	15,412
2013	15,420
2014	14,654

Total Minimum Future Rental Income...... \$_82,553

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on tenants' revenues are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for Midway, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except ramp rentals and automobile parking, amounted to \$89.3 million, including contingent rentals of \$34.6 million.

9) Short-term Debt

Matured bonds represent principal due on coupon bonds in which the coupons have not been presented for payment. For the year ended December 31, 2009, there was minor activity; the balance remained at \$0.7 million. 54

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

10) Long-term Obligations

a) Long-term Debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2009 was as follows (dollars in thousands):

Balance	January 1, 2009	-
0		

Govern	nmental ac	tivities:
Danda	notos ond	lartificator

Bonds, notes and certificates payable:	
General obligation debt	\$ 6,455,979
Installment purchase agreement	5,500
Tax increment	210,213
Revenue	562,690
7,234,382	

7,234,382	
Less unamortized debt refunding transactions	134,773
Add unamortized premium	. 179,514
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds	
Less converted portion of conversion bonds	_7,637
Total bonds, notes and certificates payable	7,456,940
Other liabilities:	
Pension obligations	2,874,722
Lease obligations	207,065
Pollution Remediation	33,200
Claims and judgments	609,230
and a second	

```
Total governmental activities...... $ 11,181,157
Business-type activities: Revenue bonds and notes payable:
Water.....$ 1,503,924
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport..... 5,785,105
Chicago Midway International Airport..... 1,254,664
9,467,742
Less unamortized debt refunding transactions...... 148,883
Less unamortized discount (premium)...... (125,342)
Total business-type activities...... $ 9,513,559
Total long-term obligations..... $ 20,694,716
Additions
259,790 61,360
321,150
10,257 8,904
Reductions
$ 908,151 $
90,892 999,043
33,090 2,259 29,049
997,261
578,643 9,055 4,168 18,140
610,006
500,703 2,000 24,055 88,740
615,498
8,053 8,426 6,625 3,714
618,782
46,838
46,838
Balance December 31, 2009
6,863,427 3,500 186,158 564,842
7,617,927
159,810 173,347 207,878 3,923
7,835,419
3,453,365 169,282 37,368 627,370
4,287,385
39,085 21,209 146,795 49,509
256,598
12,128 867 3,768
1,464,839 902,840 5,898,100 1,266,515
9,532,294
136,755 (115,952) 74,494
<u>$ 319,797 $ 247,371</u>
$ 1,927,064 $ 912,991
$ 9,585,985 $ 21,708,789
Amounts Due within One Year
$ 155,092 2,300 21,350 5,425
184,167
1,522
185,689
1,303
87,514 88,817
<u>$1,607,267</u> <u>$665,620</u> <u>$12,122,804</u> <u>$274,506</u>
40,521 24,030 96,890 54,650
216,091
4,034
$ 220,125
$ 494.631
```

The Pension obligation liability will be liquidated through a Special Revenue Fund (Pension Fund) as provided by tax levy and State Personal Property Replacement Tax revenues.

55 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED b) Issuance of New Debt i) General Obligation Notes

The General Obligation Tender Notes, Series 2009 (\$70.4 million) were sold in July 2009 at an initial short-term intermediate rate of 1.34 percent through July 8, 2010. The notes mature no later than May 31, 2011. The Series 2009 notes were issued to meet cash flow requirements of the City's Library Funds; the notes are payable from tax collections in the following year or from any other resources

legally available to the City. Principal payments for the notes do not require the current appropriation and expenditure of Governmental Fund financial resources.

At the discretion of the City, the notes may bear interest at a weekly, short-term intermediate or fixed rate. Interest on notes in the short-term intermediate mode is payable on the first business day immediately following the short-term intermediate rate period. Interest on the notes in the weekly mode is payable on the first business day of each month. Interest on notes in the fixed mode is payable on each January 31 and July 31.

The City has appointed a remarketing agent for the notes in the weekly and short-term intermediate modes. The remarketing agent will use its best efforts to resell the notes at favorable rates following either an optional or mandatory tender. In the event the remarketing agent is unable to resell the notes, the City has obtained an unconditional, irrevocable letter of credit which may be drawn upon for the purchase of the notes until the remarketing agent is able to resell the Series 2009 notes.

The letter of credit securing the Series 2009 notes totals \$71.8 million and terminates on the earliest of June 6, 2011 or upon redemption of the notes. Advances under the letter of credit (none at December 31, 2009) are due on two years from the date of the advance. Advances bear interest from the date of advance through the 60th day at the greater of the prime rate or the sum of the one-month LIBOR rate plus two percent per annum (Base Rate) plus .75 percent. For the period from the date 61 days after any advance through the date 180 days after the date of any advance, the Base Rate plus 1.75 percent. Thereafter until due and payable, advances bear interest at the Base Rate plus two percent. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the interest rate per annum shall equal the Base Rate plus 3.5 percent and interest shall be payable upon demand. The maximum rate of interest cannot exceed 18.0 percent. The letter of credit was issued by a third-party financial institution that is expected to be financially capable of honoring its agreements. During 2009, the City issued \$135.7 million in commercial paper notes for certain capital and operating uses.

In 2009, the City entered into a promissory note for \$91.0 million for the Michael Reese Hospital Site. The promissory note has an interest rate of 5.0 percent through June 29, 2014 and a rate of 7.5 percent thereafter until maturity which is June 30, 2024. 56

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED ii) General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2008C-E (\$611.0 million) were sold at a discount in January 2009. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 1.0 percent to 6.05 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2010 to January 1, 2040. Net proceeds of \$603.0 million will be used to finance infrastructure improvements; transportation improvements; grants or loans to assist not-for-profit organizations or educational or cultural institutions; or to assist other municipal corporations or units of local government, or school districts; cash flow needs of the City; acquisition of personal property; acquisition, demolition, remediation or improvement of real property for industrial, commercial or residential purposes; constructing, equipping, altering and repairing various municipal facilities including fire stations, police stations, libraries, senior and health centers and other municipal facilities; enhancement of economic development within the City by making grants or deposits to secure obligations of not-for-profit or for-profit organizations doing or seeking to do business in the City; the funding of litigation judgments or settlement agreements involving the City, including escrow accounts or other reserves needed for such purposes; payment of certain pension contributions; providing for facilities, services, and equipment to protect and enhance public safety; and other uses permitted by the Ordinance (\$405.4 million); and to advance refund certain maturities of general obligation bonds outstanding (\$116.9 million; and to fund capitalized interest (\$80.7 million). The advance refunding of the bonds increased the City's total debt service payments by \$133.0 million and resulted in an economic loss (difference between the present values of the debt service on the old and new debt) of \$20.5 million.

iii) Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009A-C (\$90.9 million) were sold at a premium in October 2009. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.75 percent to 6.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2018 to January 1, 2034. Net proceeds of \$96.7 million will be used to advance refund certain maturities of the outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonds. The advance refunding of the bonds increased the City's total debt service payments by \$66.4 million and resulted in an economic loss (difference between the present values of the debt service on the old and new debt) of \$11.7 million.

iv) Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes

During 2009, \$259.8 million of Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Commercial Paper Notes, Series A, B and C were issued. The proceeds were used to finance portions of the costs of authorized airport projects, to repay the expenses of issuing the notes and refund a portion of certain outstanding bonds.

During 2009, \$61.4 million of Chicago Midway International Airport Commercial Paper Notes, Series A, B and D were issued. The proceeds were used to repay debt obligations that were in bank mode, finance portions of the cost of authorized airport projects and refund a portion of certain outstanding bonds.

During 2009, the City terminated the interest rate swap agreement with Lehman Brothers for the Series 2008C Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds. The City paid \$38.1 million to terminate the swap and received an up-front payment to execute a new swap of \$38.7 million. The termination fee and the 2009 portion of the upfront payment are recorded within other non-operating expense, net within the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

v) Financial Market Related Conversions

The global economic downturn has adversely impacted the City's variable rate debt. The credit crisis and the effect on monoline insurers' credit ratings, as a result of their exposure to subprime mortgages, have resulted in downgrades by the major rating agencies. As a result in 2008 and 2009, credit spreads increased on the City's variable rate debt, especially with insured bonds; therefore the City refinanced or converted many of its variable rate debt issues. In 2009, the City utilized liquidity facilities to convert two variable rate issues in the amount of \$409.2 million and thereby removing the monoline insurers or 57

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

impaired banks providing credit support. The remaining bond series that were unable to be remarketed and are still in bank bond mode have the annual debt service requirements disclosed based on the repayment terms in effect at December 31, 2009. c) Annual requirements listed below for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2010 have been excluded because funds for their payment have been provided for. Annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of December 31, 2009 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

unortize debt outstanding as of December 51, 2009 are as follows (donars in thousands).			
<u>General Obligation Installment Purchase</u>	<u>Tax Increment</u>		
Year Ending Principal Interest Prin	<u>icipal Interest Principal Interest</u>		
December 31,			
2010\$ 165,785 \$ 303,484	\$ 2,300 \$ 229 \$ 22,990 \$ 10,082		
2011	1,200 47 25,040 8,793		
2012 174,765 307,884	20,815 7,389		
2013 223,362 299,205	30,264 6,212		
2014	15,237 11,853		
2015-2019 1,364,901 1,314,628	51,775 13,093		
2020-2024 1,431,340 1,007,008	13,750 1,661		
2025-2029 1,199,797 701,664 -			
2030-2034			
2035-2039 503,314 187,913 -			
2040 - 2044 50,270 3,137			
\$ 6,562,042 \$ 5,154,40 1 \$ <u>3,500</u> \$			
Revenue Business-type Activities			
Year Ending Principal Interest Principal Interest			
December 31,	-		
2010\$ 5,715 \$ 19,303 \$ 281	,301 \$ 432,969		
2011 16,295 25,971 270,793 420,2	210		

2010	\$ 5,715\$ 19,303\$ 281,301\$432,9
2011	16,295 25,971 270,793 420,210
2012	17,150 25,121 257,927 408,021
2013	18,040 24,227 302,336 400,821
2014	18,980 23,286 294,926 387,919
2015-2019	94,935 102,206 1,631,410 1,728,654
2020-2024	117,455 77,288 1,714,124 1,310,875
2025-2029	134,638 60,420 2,009,098 866,008
2030 - 2034	. 101,484 67,342 1,936,300 292,686
<u>2035 - 2039</u>	. 34,725 3,529 336,185 34,934
¢ 550 417 ¢ 400	$(02 \pm 0.024400 \pm 0.02007)$

\$559,417 \$428,693 \$9,034,400 \$6,283,097

Debt service requirements above exclude commercial paper issues as the timing of payments is not certain. For the requirements calculated above, interest on variable rate debt was calculated at the rate in effect or the effective rate of a related swap agreement, if applicable, as of December 31, 2009. Standby bond purchase agreements were issued by third party financial institutions that are expected to be financially capable of honoring their agreements.

58 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

d) Derivatives

i) Pay-Fixed, Receive-Variable Interest Rate Swaps

(1) Objective of the swaps. In order to protect against the potential of rising interest rates, the City has entered into various separate pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps at a cost less than what the City would have paid to issue fixed-rate debt.
(2) Terms, fair values, and credit risk. The terms, including the fair values and credit ratings of the outstanding swaps as of December 31, 2009, are as follows. The notional amounts of the swaps match the principal amounts of the associated debt. The City's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to approximately follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in the associated "bonds payable" category. Under the swaps, the City pays the counterparty a fixed payment and receives a variable payment computed according to the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and/or The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index (dollars in thousands):

59 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED Swap Counter-Termi- party

Associated Notional Effective Rate Rate Fair nation Credit Bond Issue Amounts Date Paid Received Values Date Rating

Aa1/AA-

GO VRDB (Series 2007EFG)\$ 200,000 11/08/2007 3.998% SIFMA \$ (15,029) 01/01/2042 A2/A*** A1/A
GO VRDB (Series 2005D)
Chicago Midway International
Airport Revenue Bonds A1/A
(Series 2004C&D)
Plus .05%
Wastewater Transmission Aa1/AA-Variable Rate Revenue A2/A Bonds (Series 2008C)***"
01/01/2039 Aa1/AA-***
Water Variable Rate Revenue
Refunding Bonds (Series 2004) 196,890 08/05/2004 3.8669 SIFMA (22,501) 11/01/2031 Aaa/AA-
Water Variable Rate Revenue
Refunding Bonds (Series 2004) 195,335 04/16/2008 3.8694 SIFMA (21,938) 11/01/2025 Aa3/A+
Second Lien Water Revenue
Refunding Bonds (Series 2000) 100,000 04/16/2008 3.8694 SIFMA (13,443) 11/01/2030 Aa3/A+
66.91% of WR/NR GO VRDB (Series 2003B) 202,500 08/07/2003 4.052 10 Yr LIBOR (8,308) 01/01/2034 Aa1/AA-""
66.91% of 75% of
GO VRDB (Series 2003B)
GO VRDB (Neighborhoods Alive 21 70% of Aa1/AA-
Program, Series 2002B)
Sales Tax Revenue
Refunding Bonds SIFMA
(VRDB Series 2002)
Tax Increment Allocation Bonds 67%
(Near North TIF, Series 1999A) 44,900 09/01/1999 5.084 1 Mo. LIBOR (7,045) 01/01/2019 A2/A
Tax Increment Allocation Bonds 67%
(Near North TIF, Series 1999B) 3,000 09/01/1999 6.890 1 Mo. LIBOR - 01/01/2010 A1/AA-
Tax Increment Allocation Bonds
(Stockyards TIF, Series 1996A&B) 6,015 02/10/1997 5.375 SIFMA (526) 12/01/2014 A2/A
Total\$ 1,977,085 \$ (196,000)
* Two counterparties hold 70 and 30 percent respectively ** Two counterparties hold 60 and 40 percent respectively *** Three

* Two counterparties hold 70 and 30 percent respectively. ** Two counterparties hold 60 and 40 percent respectively. *** Three counterparties hold 70, 15 and 15 percent respectively. **** Two counterparties hold 75 and 25 percent respectively. **** Wastewater Transmission Variable Rate Revenue Bonds Series 2004A were refunded and the swap transferred to Wastewater

Transmission Variable Rate Revenue Bonds Series 2004A were refunded and the swap transferred to Wastewater Transmission Variable Rate Revenue Bonds Series 2008C. 60

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

(3) Fair Value. As of December 31, 2009, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$196.0 million. As per industry convention, the fair values of the City's outstanding swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. Because interest rates are below the Fixed Rate Paid, the City's swaps had negative values.

(4) Credit Risk. The City is exposed to credit risk (counterparty risk) through the counterparties with which it enters into agreements. If minimum credit rating requirements are not maintained, the counterparty is required to post collateral to a third party. This protects the City by mitigating the credit risk, and therefore the ability to pay a termination payment, inherent in a swap. Collateral on all swaps is to be in the form of cash or Eligible Collateral held by a third-party custodian. Upon credit events, the swaps also allow transfers, credit support, and termination if the counterparty is unable to meet the said credit requirements.

(5) Basis Risk. Basis risk refers to the mismatch between the variable rate payments received on a swap contract and the interest payment actually owed on the bonds. The two significant components driving this risk are credit and SIFMA/LIBOR ratios. Credit may create basis risk because the City's bonds may trade differently than the swap index as a result of a credit change in the City. SIFfvIA/LIBOR ratios (or spreads) may create basis risk. With percentage of LIBOR swaps, if the City's bonds trade at a higher percentage of LIBOR over the index received on the swap, basis risk is created. This can occur due to many factors including, without limitation, changes in marginal tax rates, tax-exempt status of bonds, and supply and demand for variable rate bonds. The City is exposed to basis risk on all swaps except those that are based on Cost of Funds, which provide cash flows that mirror those of the underlying bonds. For all other swaps, if the rate paid on the bonds is higher than the rate received, the City is liable for the difference. The difference would need to be' available on the debt service payment date and it would add additional underlying cost to the transaction.

(6) Tax Risk. The swap exposes the City to tax risk or a permanent mismatch (shortfall) between the floating rate received on the swap and the variable rate paid on the underlying variable-rate bonds due to tax law changes such that the federal or state tax exemption of municipal debt is eliminated or its value reduced. There have been no tax law changes since the execution of the City's swap transactions.

(7) Termination Risk. The risk that the swap could be terminated as a result of certain events including a ratings downgrade for the issuer or swap counterparty, covenant violation, bankruptcy, payment default or other defined events of default. Termination of a swap may result in a payment made by the issuer or to the issuer depending upon the market at the time of termination.

(8) Swap payments and associated debt. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2010 have been excluded because funds for their payment have been provided for. As of December 31, 2009, debt service requirements of the City's outstanding variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their term are as follows (dollars in thousands):

61 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLI NOTES TO BASIC FINA YEAR ENDED DECEMB Interest Variable-Rate Bonds Rat	NCIAL ST ER 31, 20 æ	009 - CON	TINUED	
Year Ending	Princi	pal_Inter	<u>est Swaps,</u>	<u>NetTotal</u>
December 31,				
2010			5,219 \$	73,323 \$ 87,262
2011			72,944 93,447	7
2012	21,395	5,144	72,310 98,84	9
2013			71,482 99,204	1
2014			70,596 112,55	56
2015 -2019			326,670 637	,095
2020-2024			260,564 731,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2025-2029			184,754 545,	513
2030-2034			109,664 593,0	023
2035-2039			35,726 300,1	44
<u>2040 - 2044</u>		143_2,485	46,163	

\$ 1,973,660 \$ 90,552 \$ 1,280,518 \$ 3,344,730

ii) Swaptions

(1) Objective of the swaptions. The City entered into several swaption contracts that provided the City upfront payments totaling \$42.1 million. The term swaption refers to the City selling an option to a counterparty to execute a swap at a certain date in the future if certain conditions exist. If the conditions do not exist, the counterparty will not execute the option, no swaptions have been exercised. In the event the options are executed and the City enters into a fixed to floating rate swap, the City would be exposed to the risks as described under Swaps.

(2) Terms. The terms, including fair values of the swaptions as of December 31, 2009, are as follows (dollars in thousands): Associated _Bond Issue_ GO Bonds

(GO, Series 2001A; GO Series 2002A; GO, Series 2003A and GO, Series 2004A)...

Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 1998A(AMT); Series 1998B(Non-AMT); and Refunding Series 1998C(Non-AMT)).....

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (Series 1999)..... Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (Series 1998)..... Sales Tax Revenue Bonds (Series 1997)..... Total...... Notional Amounts \$318,670 383.445 23.285 69,275 60.645 855.320 Trade Date 12/18/2003 10/27/1999 06/21/2002 06/21/2002 06/21/2002 Variable Rate Paid SIFMA+ 30bps SIFMA+ 25bps SIFMA+ 30bps SIFMA+ 30bps SIFMA+ 30bps Fixed Rate Received 5.000% 5.100 4.984 5.250 5.375 Fair Values (18,052) (314) (2,470) Swap Termination Date 01/01/2030 01/01/2019 01/01/2028 <u>Up-Front Payment</u> (12,764) 01/01/2024 \$ 13,384 (1,952) 01/01/2027 <u>\$ (35.552)</u> 23,500 728 2,562 1.964 <u>42.138</u> 62 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED 10 · · · · · · ·

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(3) Fair value. As of December 31, 2009, the swaptions had a negative fair value of \$35.6 million. As per industry convention, the fair values of the City's outstanding swaptions were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. Because interest rates are below the Fixed Rate Received, the City's swaptions had negative values. The negative value is also driven by the upfront payment received by the City upon execution of the swaption agreement.

(4) Credit Risk. The City is exposed to credit risk (counterparty risk) through the counterparties with which it enters into agreements. If minimum credit rating requirements are not maintained, the counterparty is required to post collateral to a third party. This protects the City by mitigating the credit risk, and therefore the ability to pay a termination payment, inherent in a swap. Collateral on all swaptions is to be in the form of cash or Eligible Collateral held by a third-party custodian. Upon credit events, the swaptions also allow transfers, credit support, and termination if the counterparty is unable to meet the said credit requirements.

(5) Basis Risk. Basis risk refers to the mismatch between the variable rate payments received on a swap contract and the interest payment actually owed on the bonds. The two significant components driving this risk are credit and SIFMA/LIBOR ratios. Credit may create basis risk because the City's bonds may trade differently than the swap index as a result of a credit change in the City. SIFMA/LIBOR ratios (or spreads) may create basis risk. With percentage of LIBOR swaps, if the City's bonds trade at a higher percentage of LIBOR over the index received on the swap, basis risk is created. This can occur due to many factors including, without limitation, changes in marginal tax rates, tax-exempt status of bonds, and supply and demand for variable rate bonds. The City is exposed to basis risk on all swaptions except those that are based on Cost of Funds, which provide cash flows that mirror those of the underlying bonds. For all other swaptions, if the rate paid on the bonds is higher than the rate received, the City is liable for the difference. The difference would need to be available on the debt service payment date, and it would add additional underlying cost to the transaction.

(6) Tax Risk. The swap exposes the City to tax risk or a permanent mismatch (shortfall) between the floating rate received on the swap and the variable rate paid on the underlying variable-rate bonds due to tax law changes such that the federal or state tax exemption of municipal debt is eliminated or its value reduced. There have been no tax law changes since the execution of the swaption transactions.

(7) Termination Risk. The risk that the swap could be terminated as a result of certain events including a ratings downgrade for the issuer or swap counterparty, covenant violation, bankruptcy, payment default or other defined events of default. Termination of a swap may result in a payment made by the issuer or to the issuer depending upon the market at the time of termination.

e) Debt Covenants

i) Water Fund - The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Water Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which net revenues, as defined, or proceeds are to be credited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for bonds, as adjusted, equal 120 percent of the current annual debt service on the outstanding senior lien bonds and that City management maintains all covenant reserve account balances at specified amounts. The above requirements were met at December 31, 2009. The Water Rate Stabilization account had a balance in restricted assets of \$51.4 million at December 31, 2009.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which monies will be deposited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues are equal to the sum of the aggregate annual debt service requirements for the fiscal year of the outstanding senior lien bonds and 110 percent of the aggregate annual debt service requirements of the outstanding second lien bonds. This requirement was met at December 31, 2009. ii) Sewer Fund - The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which net revenues, as defined, or proceeds are to be credited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for bonds equal 115 percent of the current annual debt service requirements on the outstanding senior lien bonds. This requirements on the outstanding senior lien bonds. This requirements on the outstanding senior lien bonds are to be credited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for bonds equal 115 percent of the current annual debt service requirements on the outstanding senior lien bonds. This requirement was met at December 31, 2009. The Sewer Rate Stabilization account had a balance in restricted assets of \$14.6 million at December 31, 2009.

The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Second Lien Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which monies will be deposited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues equal 100 percent of the sum of the current maximum annual debt service requirements of the outstanding senior lien bonds and the maximum annual debt service requirement was met at December 31, 2009.

iii) Chicago Midway International Airport Fund - The master indenture securing the issuance of Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds requires that the City set rates and charges for the use and operation of Midway so that revenues, together with any other available monies and the cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of such year not required to be deposited in any fund or account, will be at least sufficient (a) to provide for the operation and maintenance expenses for the year and (b) to provide for the greater of (i) the amounts needed to be deposited into the First and Junior Lien Debt Service Fund, the Operations & Maintenance Reserve Account, the Working Capital Account, the First Lien Debt Service Reserve Fund, the Repair and Replacement Fund, and the Special Project Fund and (ii) an amount not less than 125 percent of the Aggregate First Lien Debt Service for such fiscal year reduced by an amount equal to the sum of any amount held in any capitalized interest account for disbursement during such fiscal year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds. These requirements were met at December 31, 2009.

iv) Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund - In 1983, the City Council adopted the General Airport Revenue Bond ordinance authorizing the issuance and sale of Chicago-O'Hare International Airport General Airport Revenue Bonds in unlimited series for the purpose of financing the cost of improvements and expansion of O'Hare and to redeem its existing outstanding bond obligations. The ordinance further permits the issuance of second lien notes, bonds and other obligations which are payable from, and secured by, a

pledge of amounts deposited in the junior lien obligation debt service account created under the ordinance. The ordinance requires that net revenues in each year equal not less than the sum of (i) the amount required to be deposited for such year in the debt service reserve fund, the maintenance reserve fund, the special capital projects fund and the junior lien debt service fund, and (ii) 110 percent of the aggregate first lien and second lien debt service for the bond year commencing during such fiscal year reduced by an amount equal to the sum of any amount held in any capitalized interest account for disbursement during such fiscal year to pay interest on bonds. This requirement was met at December 31, 2009. The ordinance provides for the creation of separate accounts that are to be credited with revenues in a specified priority. At the end of each year, any excess funds over amounts required in accounts other than Special Capital Projects, Emergency Reserve and Airport Development accounts are reallocated with the following year's revenues. 64

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Third Lien Obligations requires that Revenues in each Fiscal Year, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the Trustee with respect to that Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of that Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account, will be at least sufficient: (i) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year; and (ii) to provide for the greater of (a) the sum of the amounts needed to make the deposits required to be made pursuant to all resolutions, ordinances, indentures and trust agreements pursuant to which all outstanding First Lien Bonds, Second Lien Obligations, Third Lien Obligations or other Airport Obligations are issued and secured, and (b) 110 percent the Aggregate First, Second and Third Lien Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during that Fiscal Year, reduced by any proceeds of Airport Obligations or Third Lien obligations. This requirement was met at December 31, 2009.

The master indenture securing the Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Revenue Bonds requires PFC revenues, as defined, to be deposited into the PFC Revenue Fund. The PFC Revenue Fund is required to transfer amounts no later than the twentieth day of each month to various funds, as defined, as appropriate to meet debt service and debt service reserve requirements.

f) No-Commitment Debt and Public Interest Loans include various special assessment, private activity bonds and loans. These types of financings are used to provide private entities with low-cost capital financing for construction and rehabilitation of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. Bonds payable on no-commitment debt are not included in the accompanying financial statements because the City has no obligation to provide for their repayment, which is the responsibility of the borrowing entities. In addition, federal programs/grants, including Community Development Block Grants and Community Service Block Grants, provide original funding for public interest loans. Loans receivable are not included as assets because payments received on loans are used to fund new loans or other program activities in the current year and are not available for general City operating purposes. Loans provide to third parties are recorded as current and prior year programs/grants expenditures. Funding for future loans will be from a combination of the repayment of existing loans and additional funds committed from future programs/grants expenditures.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

g) Defeased Bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net Assets because related assets have been placed in irrevocable trusts'that, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for payment of all principal and interest. Defeased bonds at December 31, 2009, not including principal payments due January 1, 2010, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Amount Defeased

Amount Deleased	
Emergency Telephone System - Series 1993	. \$
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 1993B	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 1995A-2	
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 1998	
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 1999A	
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2000A	
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2000C	
General Obligation Bonds - Series 2001A	
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2002A	
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2003A	
General Obligation Project Bonds - Series 2003C	
General Obligation Project Bonds - Series 2004A	
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2006A	
Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program - Series 2000A	
Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program - Series 2001A	
Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program - Series 2002A	
Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program - Series 2003	
Lake Millenium Project Parking Facilities Bonds - Series 1998	
Lake Millenium Project Parking Facilities Bonds - Series 1999	•
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 1998	•
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2005	
Near South Redevelopment Project Tax Increment - Series 1994A	
Water Revenue Senior Lien Bonds - Series 2000	•

Water Revenue Senior Lien Bonds - Series 2001 Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds - Series 2001 Chicago Skyway Tollbridge Revenue Bonds - Series 2000 Special Transportation Revenue Bonds - Series 2001 213,730 17,535 17,875 271,050 214,415 233,490 112,965 346,385 135,690 89,760 75,375 166,645 7,420 175,255 209,150 36,820 59,925 149,880 44,495 65,740 12,655 23,000 100,445 235,905 101,650 125,120 118,715 Outstanding \$ 148,620 17,535 13,625 4,975 21,475 205,850 112,965 320,020 122,270 88,635 65,125 166,645 5,765 175,255 205,010 20,665 56,580 43,880 44,495 3,315 6,465 12,325 100,445 222,430 98,615 125,120 106,340 Total.....\$ 3,361,090 \$ 2,514,445 66 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

11) Pension Trust Funds

a) Retirement Benefit - Eligible City employees participate in one of four single-employer defined benefit pension plans (Plans). These Plans are: the Municipal Employees'; the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees'; the Policemen's; and the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Funds of Chicago. Plans are administered by individual retirement boards represented by elected and appointed officials. Certain employees of the Chicago Board of Education participate in the Municipal Employees' or the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Funds for which the City levies taxes to make the required employer contributions. Each Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

The financial statements of the Plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when payable. Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Fixed income securities are valued principally using quoted market prices provided by independent pricing services. For collective investments, the net asset value is determined and certified by the investment managers as of the reporting date. Real estate investments are generally valued by appraisals or other approved methods; Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

The Plans have a securities lending program. At year-end, the Plans have no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Plans owe the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the Plans. The contract with the Plans' master custodian requires it to indemnify the Plans if the borrowers fail to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay the fund for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the Plans or the borrower, although the average term of the loans has not exceeded 87 days. The Plans' custodian lends securities for collateral in the form of cash, irrevocable letters of credit and/or U.S. government obligations equal to at least 102 percent of the fair value of securities or international securities for collateral of 105 percent. Cash collateral is invested in the lending agents' short-term investment pool, which at year-end has a weighted average maturity that did not exceed 81 days. The Plans cannot pledge to sell collateral securities received unless the borrower defaults. Loans outstanding as of December 31, 2009 are as follows: market value of securities loaned \$1,312.3 million, market value of cash collateral from borrowers \$1,352.6 million and market value of non-cash collateral from borrowers \$2.0 million.

The Plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits as established by State law. Benefits generally vest after 20 years of credited service. Employees who retire at or after age 55 (50 for policemen and firemen) with 20 years of credited service qualify to receive a money purchase annuity and those with more than 20 years of credited service qualify to receive a minimum formula annuity. The annuity is computed by multiplying the final average salary by a percentage ranging from 2.0 percent to 2.4 percent per year of credited service. The final average salary is the employee's highest average annual salary for any four consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service.

State law requires City contributions at statutorily, not actuarially determined rates. The City's contribution is equal to the total amount of contributions by employees to the Plan made in the calendar year two years prior, multiplied by 1.25 for the Municipal Employees', 1.00 for the Laborers', 2.00 for the Policemen's, and 2.26 for the Firemen's. State law also requires covered employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries.

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

The City's annual pension cost for the current year and related information for each Plan is as follows (dollars in thousands): Municipal

Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	<u>Total</u>	
Contribution r	ates:				
City (a)		8.5%	< 8.5% 9	0.0% 9.1%	
Plan member	s	8.5 8.5	5 9.0 9.1		
Annual requir	ed contributio	on \$ 41	3,509 \$ 33,5	517 \$ 339,488 \$	203,867 \$ 990,381
Interest on ne	t pension obl	igation 33,2	17 (18,061)	108,839 87,922	211,917
Adjustment to	annual requ	ired			
contribution		(34,15	0) 18,56	8 (74,355) (90,39	92) (180,329 <u>)</u>
A	1	440		070 070 004 0	

Annual pension cost 412,576 34,024	373,972 201,397 1,021,969
	<u>72,044</u> 89,212 423,929
ncrease in net pension obligation 264,530 19,397	201,928 112,185 598,040
Net pension obligation (excess),	
beginning of year 415,208 (225,759)	1, <u>360,491 1,099,023 2,648,963</u>
Net pension obligation (excess),	
end of year\$ 679,738 \$ (206,362)	\$ 1,562,419 \$ 1,211,208 \$ 3,247,003
Municipal	
Employees'Laborers'Policemen'sFiremen's	
Actuarial valuation date 12/31/2009 12/31/200	09 12/31/2009 12/31/2009
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal	
Amortization method Level dollar, open	
Remaining amortization period 30 years	
Asset valuation method 5-yr. Smoothed	
Market	
Actuarial assumptions:	
nvestment rate of return (b) 8.0%	
Projected salary increases (b):	
nflation	
Seniority/Merit	
Postretirement benefit increases (f)	
Entry age normal Level dollar, open	
30 years 5-yr. Smoothed Market	
3.0%	
3.0 (d) (f)	
Entry age normal Level percent, open 30 years 5-yr. Smoo	othed Market
3.0%	
3.0 (e) (9)	
Entry age normal Level dollar, open	
30 years 5-yr. Smoothed Market	
3.0%	
3.0 (e) (9)	
(a) Percentage represents amount applied to the employed	es account and not the total contributed.
(b) Compounded Annually	
(c) Service-based increases equivalent to a level annual ra	te increase of 2.0 percent over a full career.
d) Service-based increases equivalent to a level annual ra	
e) Service-based increases equivalent to a level annual ra	
(f) 3.0 percent per year beginning at the earlier of:	
1) the latter of the first anniversary of retirement and age 6	0
2) the latter of the third anniversary of retirement and age	
	r, born before 1955 with at least 20 years of service and 1.5 percent per yea
or 20 years for annuitants age 60 or over, born in 1955 or	
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS /EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED	ng each fund's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS IOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED The following tables of information assist users in assessir	ng each fund's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS IOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands):
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands):
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Municipal Employees':	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): st (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Municipal Employees': 2007\$	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): <u>st (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation</u> 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Aunicipal Employees': 2007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): st (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED) The following tables of information assist users in assessing when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cost Municipal Employees': 2007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): <u>st (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation</u> 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 'EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED 'he following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Municipal Employees': 0007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED) The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Municipal Employees': 0007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): st (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED) The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Aunicipal Employees': 2007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (EAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED) The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Aunicipal Employees': 2007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): <u>at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation</u> 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738 22,260 59.25 (228,692) 18,166 83.85 (225,759)
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED) The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Municipal Employees': 2007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): <u>at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation</u> 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738 22,260 59.25 (228,692)
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED) The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Aunicipal Employees': 2007\$ 2008 aborers': 2007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738 22,260 59.25 (228,692) 18,166 83.85 (225,759) 34,024 42.99 (206,362)
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED) The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Aunicipal Employees': 2007\$ 2008	Ian is as follows (dollars in thousands): at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738 22,260 59.25 (228,692) 18,166 83.85 (225,759) 34,024 42.99 (206,362) 338,507 50.40 1,185,054
when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Municipal Employees': 2007	Ian is as follows (dollars in thousands): at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738 22,260 59.25 (228,692) 18,166 83.85 (225,759) 34,024 42.99 (206,362) 338,507 50.40 1,185,054 348,273 49.63 1,360,492
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Municipal Employees': 2007	Ian is as follows (dollars in thousands): at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738 22,260 59.25 (228,692) 18,166 83.85 (225,759) 34,024 42.99 (206,362) 338,507 50.40 1,185,054
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED) The following tables of information assist users in assessir when due. The three-year historical information for each P Annual % of Annual Net Pension Pension Pension Cos Municipal Employees': 2007	lan is as follows (dollars in thousands): <u>at (Excess) Year Cost Contributed Obligation</u> 343,127 40.69% \$ 202,078 359,933 40.79 415,207 412,576 35.88 679,738 22,260 59.25 (228,692) 18,166 83.85 (225,759) 34,024 42.99 (206,362) 338,507 50.40 1,185,054 348,273 49.63 1,360,492 373,972 46.00 1,562,419

186,226 38.67 992,571

2008..... 187,710 43.29 1,099,024 2009..... 201,397 44.30 1,211,208 SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (dollars in thousands) Actuarial Actuarial Value of Valuation Assets Year Date (a) Municipal Employees': 2007..... 12/31/07 2008..... 12/31/08 2009..... 12/31/09 Laborers': 2007..... 12/31/07 2008..... 12/31/08 2009..... 12/31/09 Policemen's: 2007..... 12/31/07 2008...... 12/31/08 2009...... 12/31/09 Firemen's: 2007..... 12/31/07 1,374,960 2008..... 12/31/08 1,335,695 2009..... 12/31/09 1,269,231 \$6,890,463 6,669,502 6,295,788 1,757,711 1,698,427 1,601,352 4,231,682 4,093,720 3,884,978 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age IPJ \$9,968,747 10,383,158 10,830,119 1,808,295 1,915,324 1,975,749 8,220,353 8,482,574 8,736,102 3,215,874 3,311,269 3,428,838 Unfunded (Surplus) AAL \$3,078,284 3,713,656 4,534,331 50,584 216,897 374,397 3,988,671 4,388,854 4,851,124 1,840,914 1,975,574 2,159,607 Funded Ratio (a/b) 69% 64 58 97 89 81 51 48 44 43 40 37 **Covered Payroll** isl \$1,564,459 1,543,977 1,551,973 192,847 216,744 208,626 1,038,957 1,023,581 1,011,205 389,125 396,182 400,912 Unfunded (Surplus) AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c) 197% 241 292 26 100 179 384 429 480 473 499 539 69 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS**

NUTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

b) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Under State, law, certain health benefits are available to employees who retire from the City based upon their participation in the City's pension plans. The Pension Plans and the City agreed to share in the cost of the Settlement Health Care Plan (see Note 12). This single employee defined benefit plan is administered by the City. Substantially all employees who qualify as Municipal or Laborers' pension plan participants older than age 55 with at least 20 years of service and Police and Fire pension plan participants older than age 50 with at least 10 years of service may become eligible for postemployment benefits if they eventually become an annuitant. Health benefits include basic benefits for annuitants and supplemental benefits for Medicare eligible annuitants. The' amounts below represent the accrued liability of the City's pension plans related to their own employees and a subsidy paid to the City (see Note 12). The plan is financed on a pay as you go basis (dollars in thousands). **Annual OPEB Cost and Contributions Made For Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2009** Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual -Required Contribution Annual OPEB Cost Contributions Made

Increase in

Net OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year

Municipal

Employees' Laborers' Policemen's Firemen's

A portion of the City's contribution from the tax levy is used to finance the health insurance supplement benefit payments. 22,967 1,319

(1,722) 22,564 9,651 12,913 29,307 3,682 115 H5D 3,646 2,563 1.083 2,564 11,810 254 J2011 11,863 9,266 2,597 5,640 4,370 168 (219)4,319 2,645 1,674 3,723 Total 42,829 1,856 (2,293)42,392 24,125 18,267 41.234 42.220 \$ 3.647 8,237 \$ 5,397 \$ 59.501

Actuarial Method and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and included the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial method and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations. 70

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED <u>Municipal Employees'</u> Laborers' Policemen's Firemen's Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Method

Asset valuation ivietnoo Actuarial assumptions: OPEB Investment Rate of Return (a) Projected Salary Increases (a) Inflation Seniority / Merit Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (f): 12/31/2009 Entry Age Normal Level Dollar, Open 30 years No Assets (Pay-as-you-go) 4.5% 3.0% (b) 0.0% 12/31/2009 Entry Age Normal Level Dollar, Open 30 years No Assets (Pay-as-you-go) 4.5% 3.0% (c) 0.0% 12/31/2009 Entry Age Normal Level Percent, Open 30 years No Assets (Pay-as-you-go) 4.5% 3.0% (d) 0.0% (a) Compounded Annually (b) Service-based increases equivalent to a level annual rate of increase of 2.0 percent over (c) Service-based increases equivalent to a level annual rate of increase of 1.9 percent over (d) Service-based increases equivalent to a level annual rate of increase of 2.8 percent over (e) Service-based increases equivalent to a level annual rate of increase of 2.7 percent over (f) Trend not applicable fixed dollar subsidy OPEB COST SUMMARY (dollars in thousands) 12/31/2009 Entry Age Normal Level Dollar, Open 30 years No Assets (Pay-as-you-go) 4.5% 3.0% (e) 0.0% a full career a full career a full career a full career Annual OPEB Year Cost % of Annual OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation Municipal Employees' Laborers' Policemen's Firemen's 2007 2008 2009 2007 2008 2009 2007 2008 2009 2007 2008 2009 \$ 23,287 23,580 22,561 3,568 3,546 3,646 11,220 11,378 11,863 4,177 4,281 4,319 36.63% 38.29 42.77 61.74 66.20 70.29 72.26 77.78 78.11 53.83 58.09 61.24 \$

1 4 756 00 007 40 000

14,756 29,307 42,220 1,365 2,563 3,647 3,112 5,640 8,237 1,929 3,723 5,397 71 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED Actuarial valuations of an oppoing plan involve estimation

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as the results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presents, as required, supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements (dollars in thousands, unaudited).

Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarial Unfunded Actuarial Accrued ' (Surplus) Funded Covered Value of Liability (AAL) UAAL Ratio Payroll Assets (a) Entry Age (b) (b-a) [alb) (c) Municipal Employees' 12/31/2009 \$ Laborers' 12/31/2009 224.173 41.738 224,173 41,738 \$ 1,551,973 208,626 Unfunded (Surplus) AAL as a Percentage of Covered Pavroll <u>»b-a)/c)</u> 14.44 20.01 Policemen's 12731/2009 Firemen's 12/31/2009 164,800 47,933 164,800 47,933 1,011,205 400,912 16.30 11.96

12) Other Postemployment Benefits - City Obligation

The annuitants who retired prior to July 1, 2005 received a 55 percent subsidy from the City and the annuitants who retired on or after July 1, 2005. received a 50, 45, 40 and zero percent subsidy from the City based on the annuitant's length of actual employment with the City for the gross cost of retiree health care under a court approved settlement agreement. The pension funds contributed \$65 for each Medicare eligible annuitant and \$95 for each Non-Medicare eligible annuitant to their gross cost. The annuitants contributed a total of \$60.8 million in 2009 to the gross cost of their retiree heath care pursuant to premium amounts set forth in the above-referenced settlement agreement.

The cost of health benefits is recognized as an expenditure in the accompanying financial statements as claims are reported and are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. In 2009, the net expense to the City for providing these benefits to approximately 24,000 annuitants plus their dependents was approximately \$98.0 million.

The City's net expense and the annuitants' contribution indicated above are preliminary and subject to the reconciliation per the court approved settlement agreement.

Plan Description Summary - The City of Chicago is party to a written legal settlement agreement outlining the provisions of the retiree health program, The Settlement Health Care Plans (the Plans), through June 30, 2013. The agreement does not require or extend continuation of the Plans after June 30, 2013. Pursuant to the Settlement, the City administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Health Plan), for which the City pays a portion of the costs on a pay as you go method. Under the Settlement agreement, the City of Chicago sponsors health benefit plans for employees, former employees and retired former employees. The provisions of the program provide in general, that the City pay a percentage of the cost (based upon an employee's service) for hospital and medical coverage to eligible retired employees and their dependents for a specified period, until June 30, 2013.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

In addition, Illinois Compiled Statutes authorize the four respective Pension Funds (Police, Fire, Municipal, and Laborers) to provide a fixed monthly dollar subsidy to each annuitant who has elected coverage under the Health Plan through June 30, 2013. After that date, no supplements are authorized.

The liabilities for the monthly dollar supplements paid to annuitants enrolled in the retiree medical plan by their respective Pension Funds are included in the liabilities and reports of the respective four Pension Funds (see Note 11).

Funding Policy - The City's retiree health plan is a single employer plan which operates on a pay as you go funding basis. No assets are accumulated or dedicated to funding the retiree health plan benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated

pased on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The ARC (Annual Required Contribution) represents a level of funding, that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period of four and one-half years (the remaining years of coverage under the Settlement agreement). The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB costs for the year for the Settlement Plan, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan. The Net OPEB Obligation is the amount entered upon the City's Statement of Net Assets as of year end as the net liability for the other postemployment benefits - the retiree health plan. The amount of the annual cost for the retiree health plan which is to be recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets for 2009 is the Annual OPEB Cost (expense).

Annual OPEB Cost and Contributions Made

(dollars in thousands) Contribution Rates: Citv Plan Members **Retiree Settlement Health Plan** Pay As You Go N/A Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution Annual OPEB Cost Contributions Made 220,891 11,714 (74,796) 157,809 98,044 Increase in Net OPEB Obligation 59,765 Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year 269,275 Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year \$ 329,040 73 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2009 is as follows (dollars in thousands): Schedule of Contributions, OPEB Costs and Net Obligations OPEB Annual OPEB OPEB Ended Cost Cost Contributed Obligation Fiscal Annual Percentage of Net Year 12/31/2009 \$ 157,809 62.1% \$ 329,040 12/31/2008 218,897 44.8 269,275 12/31/2007 245.591 39.6 148.346 Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of January 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$787,395 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$2,475,107 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 32 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as the results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presents, as required, supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements (dollars in thousands, unaudited).

Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Value of Accrued Date Assets Liability (AAL)

12/31/2008 \$_- \$ 787,395

Unfunded Actuarial

Accrued Liability Funded Covered (UAAL) Ratio Payroll

<u>\$ 787,395 0% \$2,475,107</u>

Actuarial Method and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and included the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial method and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations.

For the Settlement Plan benefits (not provided by the Pension Funds) in the actuarial valuation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 12 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 9 percent. Both rates included a 3 percent inflation assumption. The plan has not accumulated assets and does not hold assets in a segregated trust. However, the funds expected to be used to pay benefits are assumed to be invested for durations which will yield an annual return rate of 4.35 percent. The Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over 4.5 years.

74 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED Summary of Assumptions and Methods Settlement Health Plan Actuarial Valuation Date December 31, 2008 Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Office of the City Clerk

Remaining Amortization Period 4.5 years Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 4.35% Projected Salary Increases 2.50% Healthcare Inflation Rate 12% initial to 9% ultimate 13) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; certain benefits for and injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City provides worker's compensation benefits and employee health benefits under self-insurance programs except for insurance policies maintained for certain Enterprise Fund activities. The City uses various risk management techniques to finance these risks by retaining, transferring and controlling risks depending on the risk exposure.

Risks for O'Hare, Midway, and certain other major properties, along with various special events, losses from certain criminal acts committed by employees and public official bonds are transferred to commercial insurers. Claims have not exceeded the purchased insurance coverage in the past three years, accordingly, no liability is reported for these claims. All other risks are retained by the City and are self-insured. The City pays claim settlements and judgments from the self-insured programs. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The General Fund is primarily used to record all non-Enterprise Fund claims. The estimated portion of non-Enterprise Fund claims not yet settled has been recorded in the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets as claims payable along with amounts related to deferred compensatory time and estimated liabilities for questioned costs. As of December 31, 2009, the total amount of non-Enterprise Fund claims was \$462.8 million. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability for all funds are as follows (dollars in thousands):

2009 2008

 Balance, January 1......\$ 497,527 \$503,636

 Claims incurred on current and

 prior year events......

 605,506 627,660

 Claims paid on current and

 prior year events......

 (589,700) (633,769)

 Balance, December 31...................................

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

14) Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a defendant in various pending and threatened individual and class action litigation relating principally to claims arising from contracts, personal injury, property damage, police conduct, alleged discrimination, civil rights actions and other matters. City management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in a number of federal-and state-assisted grant programs. These grants are subject to audits by or on behalf of the grantors to assure compliance with grant provisions. Based upon past experience and management's judgment, the City has made provisions in the General Fund for questioned costs and other amounts estimated to be disallowed. City management expects such provision to be adequate to cover actual amounts disallowed, if any.

As of December 31, 2009, the Enterprise Funds have entered into contracts for approximately \$439.2 million for construction projects. The City's pollution remediation obligation of \$37.4 million is primarily related to Brownfield redevelopment projects. These projects include removal of underground storage tanks, cleanup of contaminated soil, and removal of other environmental pollution identified at the individual sites. The estimated liability is calculated using the expected cash flow technique. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from price increases or reductions, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

15) Service Concession Agreements

On January 1, 2009, the City created a new major fund entitled Service Concession Agreements for the primary purpose of accounting for the deferred inflows associated with governmental fund long-term lease and concession transactions. Deferred inflows are amortized over the life of the related lease and concession agreements. Proceeds from these transactions maybe transferred from this fund in accordance with ordinances approved by city council that define the use of proceeds. As a result of the creation of this new fund, the City transferred the \$551.1 million deferred inflow associated with the lease of the City's downtown underground public parking system from the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund effective January 1, 2009.

In February 2009, the City completed a \$1.15 billion concession agreement to allow a private operator to manage and collect revenues from the City's metered parking system for 75 years. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.15 billion which was recognized as a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement. In 2009, the City recognized \$15.3 million of revenue and will continue to recognize \$15.3 million for each subsequent year through 2083.

In September 2008, the City of Chicago received a winning bid of \$2,521 billion from Midway Investment and Development Company, LLC for a ninety-nine year lease of Midway Airport. Amid the global credit crisis, the transaction to privatize Midway Airport was not executed. However, in April 2009, the City received a non-refundable security deposit payment of \$126 million.

In December 2006, the City completed a long-term concession and lease of the City's downtown underground public parking system. The concession granted a private company the right to operate the garages and collect parking and related revenues for the 99-year term of the operating lease. The City received an upfront payment of \$563.0 million of which \$347.8 million was simultaneously used to purchase three of the underground garages from the Chicago Park District. The City recognized a deferred inflow that will be amortized and the company of the lease of the City and the City recognized a deferred inflow that will be amortized and the company of the lease of the City and the City recognized a deferred inflow that will be amortized and the city recognized and the city and the

and recognized as revenue over the term of the lease. In 2007, the City recognized \$5.7 million of revenue and will continue to recognize \$5.7 million for each subsequent year through 2105.

In January 2005, the City completed a long-term concession and lease of the Skyway. The concession granted a private company the right to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue from the Skyway for the 99-year term of the operating lease. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion; a portion of the payment (\$446.3 million) 76

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009 - CONTINUED

advance refunded all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The City recognized a deferred inflow of \$1.83 billion that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the 99-year term of the operating lease. In 2005, the City recognized \$18.5 million of revenue related to this transaction and will recognize \$18.5 million for each subsequent year through 2103. Skyway land, bridges, other facilities and

this transaction and will recognize \$18.5 million for each subsequent year through 2103. Skyway land, bridges, other facilities and equipment continue to be reported on the Statement of Net Assets and will be depreciated, as applicable, over their useful lives. The deferred inflow of the Skyway is reported in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets.

16) Subsequent Events

In January 2010, the City sold General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2009A, General Obligation Taxable Project and Refunding Bonds Series 2009B, General Obligation Taxable Project (Build America Bonds) Series 2009C and General Obligation Taxable Project (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds) Series 2009D (\$793.3 million). The bonds were issued at interest rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 6.257 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2018 to January 1, 2040. Proceeds will be used to pay a portion of the costs of various capital projects and to refund certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City.

In March 2010, Moody's Investors Service downgraded Chicago O'Hare International Airport's Passenger Facility Revenue Bonds from "A1" to "A2." In addition, Moody's Investors Service assigned the Third Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2010A-F, issued in March 2010, a rating of "A2."

In the first quarter of 2010, \$31.2 million of Chicago Midway Commercial Paper Notes, Series A-C were issued. The proceeds will be used to finance portions of the costs of authorized airport projects and to repay the expenses of issuing the notes.

In April 2010, the City sold Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Third Lien Revenue Bonds Series 201 OA, General Airport Third Lien Revenue Taxable (Build America Bonds) Series 2010B, General Airport Third Lien Revenue (Non-AMT) Bonds Series 2010C, General Airport Third Lien Revenue Refunding (AMT) Bonds Series 2010D, General Airport Third Lien Revenue Refunding (AMT) Bonds Series 2010D, General Airport Third Lien Revenue Refunding (AMT) Bonds Series 2010D, General Airport Third Lien Revenue Refunding (AMT) Bonds Series 2010E and General Airport Third Lien Revenue (Non-AMT) Bonds Series 201 OF (\$1.04 billion). The bonds were issued at interest rates ranging from 1.75 percent to 5.25 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2011 to January 1, 2040. Proceeds will be used to pay a portion of the costs of certain projects at Chicago O'Hare International Airport including the O'Hare Modernization Program, to repay the City's outstanding commercial paper notes issued for O'Hare purposes and to refund certain outstanding General Airport Second Lien Revenue bonds.

In April 2010, to improve the transparency and ensure a greater degree of comparability, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings implemented ratings recalibrations across U.S. long-term municipal bond ratings resulting in an upward shift of credit ratings. The City of Chicago ratings recalibrations are as follows:

Ratings Agency Moody's Investor Service City: General Obligation Bonds...... Aa2 Water: Senior Lien - Revenue Bonds...... Aa2 Junior Lien - Revenue Bonds...... Aa3 Wastewater: Junior Lien - Revenue Bonds...... Aa3 Sales Tax: Sales Tax - Revenue Bonds..... Aa2 Motor Fuel: Motor Fuel Tax - Revenue Bonds..... Aa3 Fitch Ratings AA+ AAA AA+ AA AA+ A-77 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008 - CONCLUDED

In April 2010, Fitch Ratings downgraded the Chicago Midway International Airport's First Lien Airport Revenue Bonds from "A+" to "A" and the Second Lien Airport Revenue Bonds from "A" to "A-." In addition, Fitch Ratings assigned the Second Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2010, issued in April 2010, a rating of "A-."

In May 2010, the City sold Chicago Midway Airport Second Lien Revenue Variable Rate Demand Taxable Bonds Series 2010 A-1 and Series 2010 A-2 (\$80.5 million) in the daily rate mode and maturity dates from January 1, 2021 to January 1, 2025. Proceeds will be used to refund certain outstanding Chicago Midway Airport Second Lien Revenue Bonds, to refund certain other outstanding Airport Second Lien Revenue Bonds, to refund certain other outstanding Airport Second Lien Revenue Bonds, to refund certain other outstanding Airport Second Lien Revenue Bonds, to refund certain other outstanding Airport

obligations and to repay a portion of the City's Chicago ividway Airport Commercial Paper Notes.

In May 2010, the City sold Chicago O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue (Non-AMT) Bonds Series 2010A, Passenger Facility Charge Revenue (Non-AMT) Series 2010B, Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Taxable Bonds Series 2010C and Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Refunding (Non-AMT) Bonds Series 2010D (\$137.7 million). The bonds were issued at interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 6.395 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2011 to January 1, 2040. Proceeds will be used to pay a portion of the costs of certain projects at Chicago O'Hare International Airport including the O'Hare Modernization Program and to refund certain outstanding Passenger Facility Charge Revenue bonds.

In June 2010, the City negotiated a novation of the fixed payer swap associated with the Series 2003B variable rate bonds from Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc. to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. All economic terms of the interest rate swap remained Identical and the City did not Incur any cost In association with replacing the counterparty to the swap.

The global economic downturn has adversely impacted the City's variable rate debt. In 2008 and 2009 global financial markets incurred substantial declines in value due to the credit crisis. Monoline insurers' credit ratings came under review due to subprime mortgage exposure resulting in downgrades by the major rating agencies. As a result, credit spreads increased on the City's variable rate debt, especially with insured bonds, therefore the City refinanced or converted many of its variable rate debt issues. In 2010, the City has utilized liquidity facilities to convert two variable rate issues in the amount of \$284.7 million and thereby removing the monoline insurers. Various bonds series that were unable to be remarketed in 2008 were converted out of bank bond mode during 2009 and 2010.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FUNDING PROGRESS Last Three Years (dollars are in thousands)_ Actuarial Valuation Date

LD

217,868 222,691 224,173 Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a) 217.868 222.691 224.173 Funded Ratio (a/b) Covered Payroll (c) %\$ 1.564,459 1.543,977 1.551,973 Unfunded (Surplus) AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c) 13.93 % 14.42 14.44 Laborers' 2007 12/31/2007 2008 12/31/2008 2009 12/31/2009 Policemen's 2007..... 12/31/2007 2008 12/31/2008 2009 12/31/2009 Firemen's 2007 12/31/2007 2008 12/31/2008 2009 12/31/2009 City of Chicago 2006 12/31/2006 2007 12/31/2007 2008 12/31/2008 41,411 42,064 41,738 179,040 169,972 164,800 -----

4/,09/ 4/,309 4/,933 1,301,417 1,062,864 787,395 41,411 42,064 41,738 179,040 169,972 164,800 47,097 47,309 47,933 1,301,417 1,062,864 787,395 8 8 0/ /0 192,847 216,744 208,626 1,038,957 1,023,581 1,011,205 389,125 396,182 400,912 2,502,154 2,562,067 2,475,107 21.47 % 19.41 20.01 17.23 % 16.61 16.30 12.10 % 11.94 11.96 52.01 % 41.48 31.81 79 [This Page Intentionally Left Blank]

APPENDIX D FORMS OF OPINIONS OF CO-BOND COUNSEL

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Form of Co-Bond Counsel Opinions for General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 201 OA , 2010

City of Chicago City Hall Chicago, Illinois

We have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance of \$_

aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 201 OA (the "Bonds") of the City of Chicago (the "City"). The Bonds are authorized and issued pursuant to the provisions of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution of 1970 and by virtue of an ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City on July 28, 2010 (the "Bond Ordinance").

The Bonds are issuable in fully registered form in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral

multiple thereof, are dated as of , 2010 and bear interest from their dated date, payable

on July 1, 2011 and semiannually thereafter on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

The Bonds mature on January 1 of each of the following years in the respective principal amount set forth opposite each such year in the following table and bear interest at the respective rate of interest per annum set forth opposite such principal amount:

Year Principal Amount Interest Rate

\$ %

The Bonds maturing on and after January 1, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at

the option of the City, in such principal amounts and from such maturities as the City shall determine and

by lot for a partial redemption of Bonds having the same maturity, on_,_and on

any date thereafter, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest thereon to the date fixed for redemption.

The Bonds maturing on January 1 of the years _ and _ are subject to mandatory

redemption by the application of sinking fund installments, in part and by lot, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof on January I of the following years and in the following principal amounts:

D-1 Bonds Due Bonds Due Year

Principal Amount Year Principal Amount \$ \$

In our opinion, the Bonds are valid and legally binding general obligations of the City, and the City has power and is obligated to levy ad valorem taxes upon all the taxable property within the City for the payment of the Bonds and the interest thereon, without limitation as to rate or amount. The enforceability of rights or remedies with respect to the Bonds, however, may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws affecting creditors' rights and remedies heretofore or hereafter enacted.

We are further of the opinion that, under existing law, interest on the Bonds is not includable in the gross income of the owners thereof for Federal income tax purposes. If there is continuing compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), we are of the opinion that interest on the Bonds will continue to be excluded from the gross income of the owners thereof for Federal income tax purposes. We are further of the opinion that the Bonds are not "private activity bonds" within the meaning of Section 141(a) of the Code; accordingly, interest on the Bonds is not an item of tax preference for purposes of computing individual or corporate alternative minimum taxable income. Interest on the Bonds, however, is includable in earnings and profits of a corporation and therefore must be taken into account when computing corporate alternative minimum taxable income for purposes of the corporate alternative minimum tax.

The Code contains certain requirements that must be satisfied from and after the date hereof in order to preserve the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds. These requirements relate to the use and investment of the proceeds of the Bonds, the payment of certain amounts to the United States, the security and source of payment of the Bonds and the use of the property financed with the proceeds of the Bonds. The City has covenanted in the Bond Ordinance to comply with these requirements.

With respect to the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds we have relied on the verification report of Robert Thomas, CPA LLC, certified public accountants, regarding the computation of the arbitrage yield on the Bonds and of certain investments made with the proceeds of the Bonds.

Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from Illinois income taxes.

Respectfully submitted,

D-2

Form of Co-Bond Counsel Opinions for General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 201 OB (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) and General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2010C

,2010

City of Chicago City Hall Chicago, Illinois

We have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance of \$_

aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 201 OB (Build America

Bonds - Direct Payment) (the "Series 2010B Bonds") and \$_ aggregate principal

amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2010C (the "Series 2010C Bonds" and together with the Series 2010B Bonds, the "Bonds") of the City of Chicago (the "City"). The Bonds are authorized and issued pursuant to the provisions of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution of 1970 and by virtue of an ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City on July 28, 2010. Certain matters with respect to the Bonds are determined pursuant to the Notification of Sale with respect to the Bonds dated_, 2010 (the "Notification of Sale"). The Bonds are issuable in fully registered form in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral

multiple thereof, are dated as of , 2010 and bear interest from their dated date, payable

on July 1, 2011 and semiannually thereafter on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

The Series 2010B Bonds mature on January 1 of each of the following years in the respective principal amount set forth opposite each such year in the following table and bear interest at the respective rate of interest per annum set forth opposite such principal amount:

Year Principal Amount Interest Rate

\$ %

The Series 2010B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in such principal amounts and from such maturities as the City shall determine and for a partial redemption of Series 2010B Bonds having the same maturity, pro-rata as provided in the Notification of Sale and subject to the operational procedures of the Depository Trust

Company ("DTC"), on any date, at a redemption price determined pursuant to the Notification of Sale, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

The Series 2010B Bonds maturing on January 1, 20_are subject to mandatory redemption, in

part pro-rata as provided in the Notification of Sale and subject to the operational procedures of the DTC, on January 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts set forth in the following table, at the redemption price of par and by the application of sinking fund installments as provided in the Notification of Sale.

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Year Principal Amount Year Principal Amount

\$\$

The Series 20IOC Bonds mature on January 1 of each of the following years in the respective principal amount set forth opposite each such year in the following table and bear interest at the respective rate of interest per annum set forth opposite such principal amount:

Year Principal Amount Interest Rate

\$ %

The Series 2010C Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in such principal amounts and from such maturities as the City shall determine and for a partial redemption of Series 2010C Bonds having the same maturity, pro-rata as provided in the Notification of Sale and subject to the operational procedures of DTC, on any date, at a redemption price determined pursuant to the Notification of Sale, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The Series 2010C Bonds maturing on January 1, 20 are subject to mandatory redemption, in

part and pro-rata as provided in the Notification of Sale and subject to the operational procedures of DTC, on January 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts set forth in the following table, at the redemption price of par and by the application of sinking fund installments as provided in the Notification of Sale.

Year Principal Amount Year Principal Amount

\$\$

In our opinion, the Bonds are valid and legally binding general obligations of the City, and the City has power and is obligated to levy ad valorem taxes upon all the taxable property within the City for the payment of the Bonds and the interest thereon, without limitation as to rate or amount. The enforceability of rights and remedies with respect to the Bonds, however, may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws affecting creditors' rights and remedies heretofore or hereafter enacted.

D-4

Interest on the Bonds is not excludable from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from Illinois income taxes.

Respectfully submitted,

D-5

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APPENDIX E DESCRIPTION OF REFUNDED BONDS

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DESCRIPTION OF REFUNDED BONDS Bonds Refunded by the General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2010A

Series Designation Maturity Date (January 1) Principal Amount Refunded Interest Rate Redemption Redemption Date Price Original CUSIP** Prior Unrefunded CUSIP*n Series_General Obligation Bonds: Series_General Obligation Refunding Bonds: Series_General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds: Series Conceral Obligation Project Bonds:

General Obligation Project Bonds:

* Copyright 2010. American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein are provided by CUSIP Global Services LLC, managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by Standard & Poor's, a subsidiary of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. The CUSIP numbers listed are being provided solely for the convenience of the Bondholders only at the time of issuance of the Bonds and the City does not make any representation with respect to such numbers or undertake any responsibility for their accuracy now or at any time in the future. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds.

⁴ Original CUSIP is the CUSIP number assigned to the maturity upon original issue.

^{t+} Prior Unrefunded CUSIP is the CUSIP number assigned to the unrefunded bonds of a maturity upon a partial refunding of the maturity.

E-1

Bonds Refunded by the General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2010C

Series Designation Maturity Date (January 1) Principal Amount Refunded Interest Rate Redemption Redemption Date Price Original CUSIP*¹ Prior Unrefunded CUSIP*ⁿ Series_General Obligation Bonds: Series_General Obligation Refunding Bonds: Series

Ceneral Obligation Project Bonds:

* Copyright 2010. American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein are provided by CUSIP Global Services LLC, managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by Standard & Poor's, a subsidiary of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. The CUSIP numbers listed are being provided solely for the convenience of the Bondholders only at the time of issuance of the Bonds and the City does not make any representation with respect to such numbers or undertake any responsibility for their accuracy now or at any time in the future. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the Bonds.

^fOriginal CUSIP is the CUSIP number assigned to the maturity upon original issue.

ⁿ Prior Unrefunded CUSIP is the CUSIP number assigned to the unrefunded bonds of a maturity upon a partial refunding of the maturity. E-2

CITY OF CHICAGO • General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2010A, Taxable Project Series 2010B and Taxable Project and Refunding Series 2010C

EXHIBIT B

SUPPLEMENTAL OPINION OF CO-BOND COUNSEL

B-l

[Date of Issuance of the Bonds]

December_, 2010

City of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

Loop Capital Markets, LLC, as Representative of

the Underwriters listed in the Bond Purchase

Agreement, dated December, 2010

Chicago, Illinois

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as Co-Bond Counsel in connection with the issuance by the

City of Chicago (the "City") of its \$_aggregate principal amount of

General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 201 OB (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) (the "Series 201 OB Bonds") (the "Bonds"). We have delivered our separate approving legal opinions as Co-Bond Counsel as to the validity of the Bonds (collectively, the "Opinions").

The following opinion is furnished pursuant to Section 10(a)(iii) of the

Bond Purchase Agreement, dated December_,2010 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement"),

between the City and the Underwriters named therein, and is based upon the same examination of the record of proceedings and accompanying certificates, and is subject to the same limitations, as described in our separate approving legal opinions as Co-Bond Counsel described above.

Based upon our examination opinion, we are of the opinion that:

The Bond Purchase Agreement and the Continuing Disclosure Undertaking have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the City and, assuming the due authorization, execution and delivery of the Bond Purchase Agreement by the other parties thereto, constitute binding agreements of the City, except that the enforcement of the provisions thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, and except that enforcement of the provisions

thereof by an equitable or similar remedy is subject to general principles of law or equity governing such a remedy, including the exercise of judicial discretion whether to grant any particular form of relief. The Bonds constitute exempt securities witJiin the meaning of Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and

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Section 304(a)(4)(A) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the "Trust Indenture Act"), and it is not necessary, in connection with the public offering and sale of the Bonds, to register any security under the Securities Act or to qualify the Ordinance under the Trust Indenture Act.

The statements contained in the Official Statement, dated December_,

2010 (the "Official Statement"), under the headings "THE BONDS" (except for the statements contained under the caption "Book-Entry System" and "Global Clearance Procedures"), and "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS" (except for the statements under the headings "Property Tax Limits" and "Additional General Obligation Debt"), present a fair and accurate summary of such provisions. We hereby confirm the opinions attributed to us in the Official Statement and consent to the references to such opinions contained in the Official Statement. Based upon our participation in the preparation of the Official Statement as Co-Bond Counsel and without having undertaken to determine independently the accuracy or completeness of the statements contained in the Official Statement (other than the opinions of this firm referred to in the preceding sentence), we have no reason to believe, as of the date hereof, that the Official Statement (except for (i) the financial statements and other financial and statistical data included in the Official, Statement, including, but not limited to, Appendices A, B and C attached thereto, (ii) the description of The Depository Trust Company, Clearstream, Euroclear and the Global Clearance Procedures and (iii) the information under the caption "Information Concerning Offering Restrictions in Certain Jurisdictions Outside the United States" and any information or notices to prospective investors outside the United States of America (as to which no view is expressed)), contains any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstance under which they were made, not misleading.

You may each rely on the Opinions as though the Opinions were addressed specifically to you. All capitalized terms used herein and not herein defined shall have the meanings attributed to them in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

Respectfully yours,

B-3

<u>EXHIBIT C</u>

OPINION OF CORPORATION COUNSEL OF THE CITY

C-1

December _, 2010

Loop Capital Markets LLC 200 West Jackson Street Suite 1600

Chicago, Illinois 60606

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This opinion is given to you pursuant to Section 10(a)(iv) of that certain contract

dated December_,2010 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement") between the City of Chicago

(the "City") and Loop Capital Markets LLC as representative of a group of Underwriters,

respecting the purchase of City of Chicago \$_General Obligation Bonds,

Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) (the "Bonds") which are being issued pursuant to an ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City on July 28, 2010 (the "Ordinance"). Unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

In connection with the issuance of the Bonds, I have caused to be examined a certified copy of the record of proceedings of the City Council of the City pertaining to

the issuance of the Bonds by the City, the Official Statement dated December_,2010

relating to the Bonds (the "Official Statement"), and executed counterparts, where applicable, of the following documents:

(a) the Ordinance;

(b) the Bond Purchase Agreement; and

(c) that certain Continuing Disclosure Undertaking dated the date hereof pursuant to the requirements of Section (b) (5) of Rule 15c-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Undertaking").

On the basis of such examination and review of such other information, records and documents as was deemed necessary or advisable, I am of the opinion that:

1. The City is a home rule unit of local government duly organized and existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois with full power and authority, among other things, to adopt the Ordinance, to authorize, issue and sell the Bonds, and to execute and deliver the Bond Purchase Agreement and the Undertaking.

2. The Bond Purchase Agreement and the Undertaking have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by, and the Ordinance has been duly

C-2

adopted by, the City, and, assuming the due execution and delivery by the other parties thereto, as appropriate, such instruments constitute legal and valid obligations of the City in each case enforceable in accordance with their respective terms except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies and the availability of equitable remedies generally.

3. To my knowledge, compliance with the provisions of the Bonds, the Ordinance, the Bond Purchase Agreement and the Undertaking does not conflict in a material manner with, or constitute a material breach of or material default under, any applicable law, administrative regulation, court order or consent decree of the State of Illinois, or any department, division, agency or instrumentality thereof or of the United States of America or any ordinance, agreement or other instrument to which the City is a party or is otherwise subject.
4. To my knowledge, all approvals, consents and orders of and filings (except with respect to state "blue sky" or securities laws) with any governmental authority, board, agency or commission having jurisdiction which would constitute conditions precedent to the performance by the City of its obligations under the Ordinance, the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Undertaking and the Bonds have been obtained.

5. There is no litigation or proceeding pending, or to my knowledge, threatened, materially affecting the existence of the City or seeking to restrain or enjoin the issuance, sale or delivery of the Bonds, or contesting the validity or enforceability of the Bonds, the Ordinance, the Bond Purchase Agreement or the Undertaking, or the completeness or accuracy of the Official Statement, or the powers of the City or its authority with respect to the Bonds, the Ordinance, the Bond Purchase Agreement or the Undertaking.

Nothing has come to my attention which would lead me to believe that the Official Statement (excluding information under the caption "THE BONDS - Book-Entry System," relating to DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear, information under the captions "RATINGS," "UNDERWRITING," and "TAX MATTERS," Appendices C, D and E, information sourced in Appendices A and B to sources other than the City or departments thereof, all information and notices set forth under the caption "Information Concerning Offering Restrictions in Certain Jurisdictions Outside the United States," any information in or omitted from the Official Statement, the financial statements and all other financial and statistical data contained in the Official Statement, including the Appendices thereto) contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

C-3

No opinion is expressed as to any "blue sky" or other securities laws or as to the laws regarding taxation of any state or the United States of America or any foreign jurisdiction, or any disclosure or compliance related thereto.

The statements contained herein are made in an official capacity and not personally and no personal responsibility shall derive from them. Further, the only opinions that are expressed are the opinions specifically

set forth herein, and no opinion is implied or should be inferred as to any other matter or transaction. No one other than you shall be entitled to rely on this opinion.

Very truly yours,

Mara S. Georges Corporation Counsel

EXHIBIT D OPINION OF UNDERWRITERS' COUNSEL

D-1

December ,2010

Loop Capital Markets LLC

as Representative of the Underwriters named in the Bond Purchase Agreement, dated December 1, 2010 between such Underwriters and the City of Chicago

(the "BondPurchase Agreement")

Re: City of Chicago

General Obligation Bonds

Taxable Project Series 201 OB (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment)

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as Underwriters' Counsel to Loop Capital Markets LLC, as Representative of the Underwriters named in the Bond Purchase Agreement, dated December 1, 2010 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement") between the City of Chicago (the "City") and Loop Capital Markets LLC, as Representative of the Underwriters, in connection with the purchase by the Underwriters of \$213,555,000 aggregate original principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) (the "Bonds"). This opinion is being rendered at the request of the Representative pursuant to Section 10(a)(v) of the Bond Purchase Agreement. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein have the meanings as defined in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

For purposes of rendering this opinion, we have examined originals or executed copies of: (i) the Bond Purchase Agreement, (ii) the Ordinance, (iii) the Undertaking, and (iv) the legal opinions, agreements and certificates delivered pursuant to Section 10(a) of the Bond Purchase Agreement (collectively, the "Documents"). We have also participated in the preparation of the

Official Statement dated December_, 2010 (the "Official Statement") relating to the Bonds.

In our examinations, we have assumed the legal capacity of natural persons, the genuineness of signatures on, and the authenticity of, all documents so examined, the conformity to originals of all documents submitted to us as copies, and that all records and other information made available to us, and on which we have relied, are complete in all respects.

Based upon and subject to our examination as described above and subject to the qualifications set forth herein, we are of the opinion that:

1. No registration is required under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to the issuance of the Bonds, and no ordinance or indenture in respect of the Bonds is required to be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.

2. The Undertaking complies with the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of Regulation §240.15c2-12 (Rule 15c2 -12) adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as in effect as of the date of the Closing.

D-2

3. The statements contained in the Official Statement under the captions "UNDERWRITING" and "SECONDARY MARKET DISCLOSURE" insofar as such statements purport to summarize or describe certain provisions of the Bond Purchase Agreement or the Undertaking, as the case may be, constitute a fair and accurate summary of such provisions.

We are not expressing (and cannot express) any opinion or view with respect to the authorization, issuance, delivery or validity of the Bonds, the tax exemption of the Bonds, if any, or the interest paid on the Bonds. Because the purpose of our professional engagement was not to establish factual matters and because of the wholly or partially nonlegal character of many of the determinations involved in the preparation of the Official

Statement, we are not passing upon and do not assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements contained in the Official Statement and make no representation that we have independently verified the accuracy, completeness or fairness of such statements. Without limiting the foregoing, we assume no responsibility for, and have not independently verified, the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the financial statements, notes to financial statements, tables and other financial, economic, market and statistical data included or incorporated by reference in the Official Statement and the appendices to the Official, and we have not reviewed the accounting, financial or statistical records from which such financial statements, schedules, appendices and data are derived. We note that we are not experts within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, with respect to such financial statements or schedules or the other financial, economic, market, or statistical data included or incorporated by reference therein. During the preparation of the Official Statement, however, we participated in conferences with you, Co-Bond Counsel, Corporation Counsel for the City and officials, employees and agents of the City, at which conferences the contents of the Official Statement and related matters were discussed. On the basis of the foregoing, but without independent verification of factual matters, nothing has come to our attention which would lead us to believe that the Official Statement and the Appendices thereto contain any statement which, at the time and in the light of the circumstances under which it is made, is false or misleading with respect to any material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, at the time and in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not false or misleading; provided that we express no view as to: (i) any financial or statistical information included in the Official Statement or the Appendices thereto, including Appendix B and Appendix C thereto; and (ii) the description of DTC, Clearstream and Euroclear in the Official Statement and the information included in the Official Statement under the caption "THE BONDS - Book-Entry System" or (iii) any information or notices to prospective investors outside the United States of America.

Our opinions and advice expressed herein are limited to the matters expressly stated herein and no opinion is implied or may be inferred beyond the matters expressly stated.

Our opinions and advice expressed herein are rendered as of the date hereof and are based on existing law which is subject to change. We do not undertake to advise you of any changes in the opinions and advice expressed herein from matters that may hereafter arise or be brought to our attention or to revise or supplement such opinions and advice should the present laws of any jurisdiction be changed by legislative action, judicial decision, or otherwise.

D-3

This opinion and advice are solely for the information of the addressees hereof and are not to be quoted in whole or in part or otherwise referred to. (except in a list of closing documents), nor are they to be filed with any governmental agency or other person, without our prior written consent. Other than the addressees hereof, no one is entitled to rely on this opinion and advice.

Very truly yours,

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<u>EXHIBIT E</u>

REPRESENTATION LETTER

City of Chicago

Department of Finance

33 North LaSalle Street, 6th Floor Chicago, Illinois 60602

Loop Capital Markets LLC 200 West Jackson Blvd, Suite 1600 Chicago, Illinois 60606 Attention: Clarence Bourne Attn.: Deputy Comptroller of Financial Policy

Pursuant to the Bond Purchase Agreement dated December 1, 2010 (the "Purchase Agreement"") among the City of Chicago (the "City") and Loop Capital Markets LLC, as representative (the "Representative") of the underwriters named therein (each an "Underwriter") relating to the City's \$213,555,000 General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds-Direct Payment) (the "Bonds"), each of the undersigned Underwriters severally represents to the City that:

(1) Neither the Underwriter, nor any Affiliate thereof is listed on any of the following lists maintained by the Office of

Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury, the Bureau of Industry and Security of the U.S. Department of Commerce, the U.S. Department of State or their successors, or on any other list of persons or entities with which the City may not do business under any applicable law, rule, regulation, order or judgment: the Specially Designated Nationals List, the Denied Persons List, the Unverified List, the Entity List, the List of Statutorily Debarred Parties and the Excluded Parties List.

For purposes of this representation, "Affiliate, " when used to indicate a relationship with a specified person or entity, means a person or entity that, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such specified person or entity, and a person or entity shall be deemed to be controlled by another person or entity, if controlled in any manner whatsoever that results in control in fact by that other person or entity (or that other person or entity and any persons or entities with whom that other person or entity is acting jointly or in concert), whether directly or indirectly and whether through share ownership, a trust, a contract or otherwise. (2) The undersigned Underwriters agree that in the event that any Underwriter or any of its Affiliates appears on any of the lists described in paragraph (1) above, at any time prior to the Closing (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) with respect to the Bonds, that Underwriter shall be deemed to have submitted to the Representative, Exhibit D to the Agreement Among Underwriters (Instructions, Terms And Acceptance) - Withdrawal From Agreement Among Underwriters.

E-1

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below.

Dated: December 1,2010

LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS LLC WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION **DUNCAN WILLIAMS, INC.** ESTRADA HINOJOSA & COMPANY, INC. By:_ Its: **INCAPITAL LLC** By: Its: **MELVIN & COMPANY LLC ROBERT W. BAJLRD & CO., INC. By: Its: By: Its: By: Its:** By: Its: **STIFEL NICOLAUS & CO. By: Its:** E-2 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below. Dated: December 2010 LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS LLC By: Its: Senior Vice President WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION gy. j^^gg^ _ Its: Director **DUNCAN WILLIAMS, INC.** By: Its:

ESTRADA HINOJOSA & COMPANY, INC. By: Its: **INCAPITAL LLC** By: Its: **MELVIN & COMPANY LLC** By:. Its: **ROBERT W. BAIRD & CO., INC.** Bv: Its: **STIFEL NICOLAUS & CO.** By:_ Its: E-2 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below. Dated: December , 2010 LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS LLC By: Its: Senior Vice President WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION By:_ Its: **DUNCAN WILLIAMS, INC.** ESTRADA HINOJOSA & COMPANY, INC. By: Its: **INCAPITAL LLC** By:_ Its: **MELVIN & COMPANY LLC** By:_ Its: **ROBERT W. BAIRD & CO., INC.** By: Its: **STIFEL NICOLAUS & CO.** By: Its:__ E-2 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below. Dated: December , 2010 LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS LLC By: Its: Senior Vice President WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION By:_:_ Its: **DUNCAN WILLIAMS, INC.** By: Its: ESTRADA HINOJOSA & COMPANY, INC. n

t, *CJT-'M* Rv: Its: -^e/Jor Vile WbJr\£t' INCAPITAL LLC By: Its: **MELVIN & COMPANY LLC Bv: Its: ROBERT W. BAJLRD & CO., INC. Bv: Its: STTFEL NICOLAUS & CO.** By: Its: E-2 Withdrawal From Agreement Among Underwriters. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below. Dated: December ,2010 LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS LLC By: Its: Senior Vice President WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION By:_ Its: **DUNCAN WILLIAMS, INC.** By: Its: ESTRADA HINOJOSA & COMPANY, INC. By: Its: **INCAPITAL LLC/** By: (p^^Or OM^OP^r HaS? Its: IjiCg: P&ggLi&fetNTT **MELVIN & COMPANY LLC** By:_ Its: **ROBERT W. BATUD & CO., INC.** By: Its: **STIFEL NICOLAUS & CO.** By: E-2 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below. Dated: December / , 2010 LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS LLC By: Its: Senior Vice President WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION By:_ Its: **DUNCAN WILLIAMS, INC. Bv: Its:**

ESTRADA HINOJOSA & COMPANY, INC. **By:**. Its: **INCAPITAL LLC By: Its: MELVIN & COMPANY LLC** r6berjAv. BAIRD & CO., INC. **By: Its: STIFEL NICOLAUS & CO.** By: Its: E-2 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below. Dated: December , 2010 LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS LLC Its: Senior Vice President WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION Its: **DUNCAN WILLIAMS, INC.** By:_ Its: ESTRADA HINOJOSA & COMPANY, INC. By:_ Its: **INCAPITAL LLC** By:_ Its: **MELVIN & COMPANY LLC** By:_ Its: **ROBERT W. BAIRD & CO., INC.** Bv: x^^^g^X/-----By: By: **STTFEL NICOLAUS & CO.** By: Its: E-2 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below. Dated: December , 2010 LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS LLC By: Its: Senior Vice President WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION By:_:_ Its: **DUNCAN WILLIAMS, INC. Bv: Its:**

ESTRADA HINOJOSA & COMPANY, INC. **Bv: Its: INCAPITAL LLC By: Its: MELVIN & COMPANY LLC Bv: Its: ROBERT W. BAIRD & CO., INC. Bv: Its: STEFEL NICOLAUS & CO.** *ite:* *'7*rJ** *wJiis.*<?*j**^ E-2 EXHIBIT B OFFICIAL STATEMENT **Schedule I Terms and Authorization** \$213.555,000 General Obligation Bonds **Taxable Project Series 2010B (Build America Bonds-Direct Payment)** 1. Aggregate Principal Amount: \$213,555,000 2. Dated: December 14, 2010 3. Maturity, Interest Rate, Price and CUSIP Number: Term Bonds due January 1, 2040, 7.517%, Price 100.00%, CUSIP: 167486MK2 4. Interest Payment Dates. July 1, 2011 and semiannually thereafter on each January 1 and July 1.

5. Redemption

The Series 2010B Bonds are subject to both optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity, as described below. The Series 2010B Bonds shall be redeemed only in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Optional Redemption of the Series 2010B Bonds. The Series 2010B Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, on any date at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of Series 2010B Bonds to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Series 2010B Bonds to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate (defined below) plus 50 basis points plus accrued and unpaid interest on the Series 2010B Bonds being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption. The City's Chief Financial Officer or the City Comptroller shall confirm and transmit the redemption price as so calculated on such dates and to such parties as shall be necessary to effectuate such redemption.

The "Treasury Rate" means, as of any redemption date, the yield to maturity as of such redemption date of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519) that has become publicly available four Business Days (as defined below) prior to the redemption date (excluding inflation indexed securities) (or, if such Statistical Release is no longer published, any publicly available source of similar market data)) most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to the maturity date of the Series 2010B Bonds to be redeemed; provided, however, that if the period from the redemption date to such maturity date is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year will be used. "Business Day" means any day other than a day on which banks in New York, New York, Chicago, Illinois, or the city in which the Bond Registrar maintains its designated office are required or authorized to close. The Treasury Rate will be determined by an independent accounting firm, investment banking firm or financial advisor retained by the City at the City's expense.

The City is authorized to sell or waive any right the City may have to call the Series 201 OB Bonds for optional redemption.

Extraordinary Optional Redemption of the Series 2010B Bonds. The Series 201 OB Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part on any date upon the occurrence of an "Extraordinary Event" (as defined below), at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of Series 201 OB Bonds to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the Series 201 OB Bonds to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date fixed for redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate plus 100 basis points plus accrued interest on the Series 2010B Bonds being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption.

An "Extraordinary Event" means any determination by the City that a change has occurred to Section 54AA or 6431 of the Code or any other applicable Section of the Code or there is any guidance published by the Internal Revenue Service or the United States Treasury with respect to such Sections or any other determination by the Internal Revenue Service or the United States Treasury, pursuant to which the Subsidy Payments from the United States Treasury with respect to the Series 2010B Bonds is reduced, eliminated or adversely adjusted. Mandatory Redemption of the Series 2010B Bonds. The Series 2010B Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption, in part, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof, on January 1 of the following years and in the following principal amounts, and, if less than all of the Series 2010B Bonds are to be redeemed on a pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal basis to the extent permitted by and in accordance with procedures of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC").

If the DTC operational procedures do not allow for the redemption of the Series 2010B Bonds on a pro-rata pass-through distribution of principal basis, then the Series 2010B Bonds will be selected for redemption in accordance with DTC procedures, by lot.

Year 2036 2037 2038 2039

Principal Amount

\$38,735,000 40,630,000 42,615,000 44,695,000 **2**

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ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF FILING NOTIFICATION OF SALE

The foregoing Notification of Sale of \$213,555,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 201 OB (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) of the City of Chicago (the "City"*) has been filed in my office as City Clerk of the City and is part of the official files and records of my office. In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto affixed my signature and caused to be affixed hereto the corporate seal of the City this day of December, 2010.

[SEAL]