

Legislation Text

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

Department of Finance CITY OF CHICAGO

Andrea M. Valencia City Clerk 121 North LaSalle Street City Hall-Room 107 Chicago, Illinois 60602

RE: \$1,160,000 City of Chicago I General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A and Taxable Project Series 2017B (the "Bonds") ■

Dear Ms. Valencia:

Attached is the Notification of Sale, for the Bonds which is required to be filed with your office pursuant to Section 12 of the ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City of Chicago (the "City Council") on October 5,2016.

Chief Financial Officer 121 NORTH LASALLE STREET, SUITE 700, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60602

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

Please direct this filing to the City Council.

0

(13)

State of Illinois)) SS County of Cook)

NOTIFICATION OF SALE

\$274,260,000"Vi Taxable Project Series 2017.

CITY OF CHICAGO \$1,160,260,000 General Obligation Bonds \$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A

To: The City Council of the City of Chicago,

Please be advised that responsive to authority contained in an Ordinance (the •'Ordinance''') adopted by the City Council (the "City Council") of the City of Chicago (the "City") on October 5, 2016, authorizing the issuance of up to \$1,275,000,000 aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds of the City, plus original issue discount, a Bond Purchase Agreement dated January 19, 2017 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement"), providing for the sale of \$1,160,260,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation iBonds, consisting of \$886,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Project and Refunding Series 2017A (the "Series 2017A Bonds") and \$274,260,000 aggregate principal amount of Taxable Project Series 2017B (the "Series 2017/3 Bonds" and together with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Bonds"), was entered into by me as the

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

Chief Financial Officer of the City, with the concurrence of the Chairman of the Committee on Finance of the City Council of the City, and the purchasers thereof named below (the "Underwriters"). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to the terms of a trust indenture dated as of February 1, 2017 (the "Indenture"), by and between the City and Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, Chicago, Illinois, as Trustee, Bond Registrar and Paying Agent for the Bonds (the "Trustee").

The Bonds were sold at a purchase price equal to \$1,131,142,442.93 (which represents the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds less an Underwriters' discount of \$7,361,336.07 and less original issue discount of \$21,756,221). The Underwriters for the Bonds are Goldman, Sachs Co., Mesirow Financial, Inc., Estrada Hinojosa & Company, Inc., Fifth Third Securities, Inc., Harvestons Securities, Inc., IFS Securities, Inc., Melvin & Company, LLC, North South Capital LLC, Sieberl Cisneros Shank & Co., L.L.C. and William Blair & Company. The compensation (including all fees) of \$7,361,336.07 being paid to the Underwriters in connection with the sale of the Bonds represents less than 5% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds.

Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Ordinance.

The proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the 2017 Projects; (ii) refund or pay interest on all or a portion of certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City; (iii) fund certain capitalized interest on the Series 2017A Bonds; and (iv) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017A Bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2017B Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the 2017 Projects; (ii) pay certain judgments and settlements; and (iii) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017B Bonds. The 2017 Projects constitute the "Project" as authorized and described in the Ordinance.

Attached hereto as Exhibits 1 through 3, respectively, are executed copies of the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Official Statement dated January 19, 2017 and the Indenture pursuant to which, the Bonds are being issued.

Pursuant to Section 12 of the Ordinance, the undersigned hereby makes the following determinations: (a) the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds is \$1,160,260,000 and the series designation of the Bonds and principal amount of each Series of the 'Bonds are set forth in the first paragraph hereof, (b) the Bonds are issued as Current Interest Bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, none of which are sold as Direct Purchase Bonds, Capital Appreciation Bonds or Convertible Bonds, (c) the Bonds mature and are subject to redemption as set forth in Schedule I attached hereto, (d) the principal amounts and interest rates on the Bonds are set forth in Schedule I attached hereto, (e) the specific maturities, series and amounts of the Outstanding Indebtedness to be refunded with proceeds of Bonds issued for Refunding Purposes, and interest on which is to be paid with proceeds of the Bonds and the date on and price or amount at which such Outstanding Indebtedness or interest thereon shall be paid or refunded, is set forth in Schedule II attached hereto, (f) no proceeds of the Bonds have been used to reimburse the Corporate Fund of the City for amounts expended therefrom in connection with the payment of debt service relating to Outstanding Indebtedness (g) None of the Bonds are insured, (h) the Underwriters of the Bonds and the compensation paid thereto are as set forth above in the second paragraph hereof, and such compensation does not exceed five percent of the principal amount of the Bonds, (i) the Bonds are issued in book-entry form; the book entry depository is The Depository Trust Company, (j) the sale price of the Bonds is as set forth in the second paragraph of this Notification of Sale, and such price with respect to the Bonds is not less than 85 percent of the principal amount of the Bonds, (k) the Trustee shall serve as Bond Registrar and Amalgamated Bank of Chicago, Zion Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. and U.S. Bank National Association shall serve as Escrow Trustees for the respective issues of bonds being refunded or for which interest is being paid, and for which they are currently acting as paying agents, as are set forth in Schedule II, and, (1) provisions relating to the transfer or exchange of Bonds are set forth in the Indenture. -

Pursuant to Section 7 of the Bond Ordinance, the amount of taxes to be levied for the Bonds in each year will be less than the levy of taxes specified in Section 7 of the Bond Ordinance and I have determined, pursuant to the Ordinance, to abate the excess levy of taxes not necessary for the purpose of payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds, as specified, together with the annual tax levy requirements for the payment of the principal and interest on the Bonds, in the Notification of Tax Abatement filed concurrently with the City Clerk, a copy of which is attached hereto as Schedule III.

Respectfully submitted as of this _[^Jjday o/pebruarv, 2€L17.

Carole L. Brown Chief Financial Officer

Notification of Sale Signature Page

Exhibit 1 Bond Purchase Agreement Bond Purchase Agreement

\$1,160,260,000 CITY OF CHICAGO

General Obligation Bonds,

\$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A \$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B

January 19, 2017

City of Chicago Office of the City Comptroller 121 North LaSalle Street, 7th Floor Chicago, Illinois 60602 Attention: Chief Financial Officer

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned, Goldman, Sachs & Col (the "Representative")) on behalf of itself and the other underwriters listed below (collectively, the "Underwriters"), hereby offers to enter into this Bond Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") with the City of Chicago (the "City"), for the purchase by the Underwriters, and sale by the City, of all but not less than all of \$1,160,260,000 of the City's General Obligation Bonds, consisting of all, but not less than all, of \$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A (the "Series 2017A Bonds") and of all, but not less than all, of \$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B (the "Series 2017B Bonds", and together with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Bonds"). This offer is made subject to the acceptance by the City, evidenced by the signature of a duly authorized officer of the City in the space provided below, on or before 5:00 P.M., Chicago time on the date hereof, and upon such acceptance this Agreement shall be in full force and effect in accordance with its terms and shall be binding on the City and the Underwriters.

The Representative is authorized, and hereby represents and warrants that it is authorized, to act as Representative of the Underwriters and to execute this Agreement and has fiill authority to take such action as it may deem advisable with respect to all matters pertaining to this Agreement. Each Underwriter hereby severally represents to the City that it is registered and in good standing under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act"), as a municipal securities dealer.

The primary role of the Underwriters is to purchase the Bonds, for resale to investors, in an arm's -length commercial transaction between the City and the Underwriters. The Underwriters have financial and other interests that differ from those of the City.

Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed

thereto in the Preliminary Official Statement, as defined herein.

1. AgreemfenVtovSeli^andcPurchase.

1) Upon the terms and conditions and based upon the representations, warranties and covenants herein set forth, the Underwriters, jointly arid severally, hereby agree to purchase from the City and the City hereby agrees to sell to the Underwriters: the Bonds at a price equal to \$1,131,142,442.93 (which represents the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds less an Underwriters' discount of \$7,361,336.07 and less original issue discount of \$21,756,221).

2) It shall be a condition to the City's obligation to sell and deliver the Bonds that all the Bonds be purchased and paid for by the Underwriters at the Closing (as defined in Section 7 hereof) and a condition to the Underwriters' obligation to purchase and pay for the Bonds that all Bonds be issued, sold and delivered by the City at the Closing.

2. Bond Authorization. The Bonds are authorized by an ordinance of the City adopted by the City Council of the City (the "City Council") on October 5, 2016 (the "Ordinance"), and the Bonds will be issued pursuant to and secured by a Trust Indenture dated as of January I, 2017 (the "Trust Indenture"), between the City and Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, as Trustee, Bond Registrar and Paying Agent for the Bonds (the 'Trustee"). The Bonds of each Series will mature, bear interest and have such other terms and conditions as are set forth on Schedule I hereto.

3. The Preliminary Official Statement. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a copy of the Preliminary Official Statement of the City, dated January 4, 2017, as supplemented by the Supplement dated January 6, 2017, relating to the Bonds (the "Preliminary Official Statement"). For purposes of Rule I5c2-12 ("Rule 15c2-12") adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") under the 1934 Act, the Preliminary Official Statement is "deemed final" by the City as of its date except for the omission of such information as is permitted by Rule I5c2-12(b)(l).

4. Public Offering Price; The Underwriters have agreed to make a bona fide public offering of the Bonds at the initial offering prices set forth on Schedule 1. The Representative will provide the City and Co-Bond Counsel (as defined herein) with a closing certificate confirming the reoffering yields and prices of the Bonds and the Underwriters acknowledge that the City and Co-Bond Counsel will rely on such certificate and that such reliance is material to the City in entering into this Agreement and in connection with the delivery of the Bonds.

5. The Official Statement.

(1) The City shall provide, or cause to be provided, at its expense, to the Underwriters no later than the earlier of (i) seven (7) business days after the date of this Agreement or (ii) one (1) day prior to the Closing, three copies of the Official Statement of the City, dated the date hereof, relating to the Bonds (the "Official Statement"), signed on behalf of the City by the Chief Financial Officer and the Official Statement so delivered shall be "final" for purposes of Rule 15c2-12. Such delivery of the Official Statement shali

occur in sufficient time to accompany any confirmation that requests payment from any customer and in sufficient quantity to comply with the rules of the SEC and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB").

(2) If on or prior to the Closing or within twenty-five (25) days after the "end of the underwriting period" (as hereinafter defined) any event known to the City relating to or affecting the City, the Ordinance or the Bonds, shall occur which would cause any statement of a material fact contained in the Official Statement to be materially incorrect or materially incomplete, the City will promptly notify the Representative in writing of the circumstances and details of such event. If, as a result of such event, it is necessary, in the joint opinion of the City and the Representative to amend or supplement the Official Statement by stating or restating any material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, the City will forthwith prepare and furnish to the Underwriters a reasonable number of copies of an amendment of or a supplement to such Official Statement in form and substance satisfactory to the City and the Representative, at the City's sole cost and expense, which will so amend or supplement such Official Statement so that, as amended or supplemented, the Official Statement will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "end of the underwriting period" shall mean the later of the dale of Closing or the date on which an Underwriter no longer retains an unsold balance of the Bonds for sale to the public. The Underwriters agree that the date on which the end of the underwriting period shall occur shall be the date of the Closing, unless the Underwriters otherwise notify the City in writing prior to twenty-five (25) days after the date of the Closing that, to the best of their knowledge, the Underwriters retain for sale to the public an unsold balance of the Bonds, in which case the end of the underwriting period shall be extended for additional periods of thirty (30) days each upon receipt of additional written notification from the Underwriters that, to the best of their knowledge, there exists an unsold balance of the Bonds, but in no event shall the end of the underwriting period be extended longer than sixty (60) days after the date of Closing.

The Official Statement shall be provided for distribution, at the expense of the City, in such quantity as may be requested by the Underwriters as set forth above in order to permit the Underwriters to comply with Rule 15c2-12, and the applicable rules of the MSRB, with respect to distribution of the Official Statement. The City shall prepare the Official Statement, including any amendments thereto, in word-searchable PDF format as described in the MSRB Rule G-32 and shall provide the electronic copy of the word-searchable PDF format of the Official Statement to the Underwriters no later than one (1) business day prior to the Closing, to enable the Underwriters to comply with MSRB Rule G-32.

The City further agrees to provides the Underwriters with any advance refunding documents (as defined in MSRB Rule G-32) in a word-searchable PDF format as described in the MSRB Rule G-32 and shall provide such electronic copy of the word-searchable PDF format of the advance funding documents to the Underwriters no later

3

than four (4) business days after the Closing, to enable the Underwriters to comply with MSRB Rule G-

32.

(3) At or prior to the Closing, the Representative shall file, or cause to be filed, the Official Statement with the MSRB in compliance with the rules of the SEC arid the MSRB. Promptly after the date after which the Underwriters are no longer obligated under Rule 15c2-12(b)(4) to deliver to potential customers the Official Statement, the Representative shall notify the City of such date.

6. Representations, Warr^ The City represents and warrants to the Underwriters as of the dale hereof that:

1) The City is a municipal corporation and home rule unit of local government, existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois (the "State")

2) The City Council has: (i) duly adopted the Ordinance, which remains in full force and effect; (ii) duly approved the execution and delivery of the Trust Indenture; (iii) duly authorized the use of the Preliminary Official Statement prior to the date hereof in connection with the public offering and sale of the Bonds and duly authorized the execution, delivery and distribution of the Official Statement in connection with the public offering and sale of the Bonds; and (iv) duly authorized and approved the execution and delivery of the Bonds, the escrow agreements to be executed and delivered by the City (collectively, the "Escrow Agreements") in connection with the refunding of the general obligation bonds of the City and the payment of interest as identified in Appendix F to the Official Statement (collectively, the "Refunded Bonds"), this Agreement and a continuing disclosure undertaking pursuant to the provisions of Section (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 (the "Undertaking").

3) With the exception of the disclosure described in the Preliminary Official Statement in the section titled "SECONDARY MARKET DISCLOSURE - Corrective Action Related to Certain Bond Disclosure Requirements", the City has not failed during

"the previous five years to comply in all material respects with any previous undertakings in a written continuing disclosure contract or agreement under Rule I5c2-I2.

4) The City has full legal right, power and authority to: (i) adopt the Ordinance; (ii) execute and deliver this Agreement, the Trust Indenture, the Escrow Agreements, the Undertaking and the Official Statement; (iii) issue, sell and deliver the Bonds of each Scries to the Underwriters pursuant to the Ordinance and the Trust Indenture and as provided in this Agreement; and (iv) pay for the Bonds from the sources pledged under the Ordinance and the Trust Indenture for their payment.

5) The adoption of the Ordinance and compliance with the provisions thereof do not, and the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Trust Indenture, the Escrow Agreements, the Undertaking and the Official Statement will not, in any material manner, violate any applicable law or administrative regulation of the State or any department, division, agency or instrumentality thereof or of the United States") or of any department, division, agency or instrumentality thereof, or any applicable

4

judgment or decree to which the City is subject, or conflict with, in a material manner, or constitute a material breach of, or a material default under, any ordinance, agreement or other instrument to which the City is a party or is otherwise bound.

6) All approvals, consents and orders of, and filings (except, if any, under applicable state "blue sky" laws) with, any governmental authority, board, agency or commission having jurisdiction

which would constitute a condition precedent to the performance by the City of its obligations under this Agreement, the Undertaking, the Ordinance, the Trust Indenture, the Escrow Agreements, and the Bonds have been obtained or made.

7) The financial statements of the City contained in the Official Statement fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the City as of the date and for the periods therein set forth and the City has no reason to believe that such financial statements have not been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units, consistently applied except as otherwise noted therein.

8) The Official Statement (excluding any description of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), information under the captions "THE BONDS - Book-Entry System," "RATINGS," VERIFICATIONS," "UNDERWRITING," "TAX MATTERS," **CERTAIN** APPENDIX Α APPENDIX B - "ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC "SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE", INFORMATION (with respect to the information under the headings "- Economy," "- Percentage of Total Non-Farm Employment by Major Industry Sector" and "- Housing Market/' and information relating to population, per capita personal income and employment, and unemployment rate with respect to the United States, the State of Illinois, Cook County and the Chicago MSA), APPENDIX E -"OPINIONS OF CO-BOND COUNSEL," and information furnished by the Underwriters in writing, explicitly for inclusion in the Official Statement under the heading "UNDERWRITING") as of its date does not, and at the Closing will not, contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

9) Information in the Third Party Sourced Retirement Fund Tables (as defined in the Official Statement) is sourced from documents published by the Retirement Funds and the City takes no responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of such information; however, nothing has come to the attention of the City which would lead the City to believe that the Third Party Sourced Retirement Fund Tables are not true and correct in all material respects;

10) The Ordinance, the Trust Indenture, this Agreement, the Escrow Agreements, and the Undertaking, when duly executed and delivered by the parties thereto, as appropriate, will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the City enforceable in accordance with their terms (except to the extent that enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies and the availability of equitable remedies generally).

5

11) When delivered to the Representative, and paid for by the Underwriters at the Closing in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, the Bonds will be duly authorized, executed and delivered and will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the City enforceable in accordance with their terms (except to the extent that enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies and the availability of equitable remedies generally).

12) Except as disclosed in the Official Statement, there is no action, suit or proceeding, at law or in equity, or before or by a court, public board or body, pending or, to the City's knowledge, threatened, against the City wherein an unfavorable decision, ruling or finding would materially adversely affect (i) the validity or enforceability of the Bonds, the Ordinance, the Trust Indenture, the Escrow Agreements, this Agreement, or the Undertaking or (ii) the excludability from federal income taxation of the interest on the Bonds under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

13) The City has not taken, or omitted taking, and will not take or omit to take, any action, which action or omission would adversely affect the excludability from federal income taxation of the interest on the Bonds under the Code.

14) Any certificate signed by any Authorized Officer of the City and delivered to the Representative at the Closing in connection with the issuance or sale of the Bonds shall be deemed to be a representation and warranty by the City to the Underwriters as to the statements made therein as of the date so delivered.

15) The City will make available such information, execute such instruments and take such other action in cooperation with the Underwriters as the Representative may reasonably request to qualify the Bonds for offering and sale under the "blue sky" or other securities laws and regulations of such states and other jurisdictions of the United States as the Underwriters may designate in writing; provided, however, that nothing in this Section shall require the City to consent to general service of process in any state or jurisdiction other than the State.

16) The City will apply the proceeds of the Bonds in accordance with the Ordinance and the Trust Indenture.

17) The City acknowledges and agrees that: (i) the transaction contemplated by this Agreement is an arm's length, commercial transaction between the City and the Underwriters in which the Underwriters are acting solely as a principal and not acting as a municipal advisor, financial advisor or fiduciary to the City; (ii) the Underwriters have not assumed any advisory or fiduciary responsibility to the City with respect to the transaction contemplated hereby and the discussions, undertakings and procedures leading thereto (irrespective of whether any Underwriter has provided other services or is currently providing other services to the City on other matters); (iii) the Underwriters have financial and other interests that differ from those of the City; and (iv) the City has consulted its own legal, account, tax, financial and other advisors, as applicable, to the extent it has deemed appropriate.

6

7. Closing. Subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement, the closing (the "Closing") of the sale of the Bonds by the City and the purchase of the Bonds by the Underwriters, shall take place at approximately 9:00 a.m., Chicago time, on February 1, 2017, at the offices of Schiff Hardin LLP, 233 S. Wacker Drive, Suite 6600, Chicago, Illinois 60606 (or at such other time, date and place as the City and the Representative mutually agree).

1) At the Closing, the City shall deliver or cause to be delivered to DTC, as securities depository, for the account of the Underwriters one fully registered certificate for each interest rate and maturity of the Bonds of each Series in the aggregate principal amount thereof, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC.

2) Upon delivery of the Bonds to the Representative at the Closing, the City will deliver to the Representative the closing documents as set forth in Section 16 hereof.

3) The Representative will accept delivery of the Bonds and pay the purchase price therefor at the Closing by delivering federal funds checks or making federal funds wire transfers or otherwise

confirming deposits of same day funds, as the City shall direct, to the City's account at a bank specified by the City, in an aggregate amount equal to the purchase price of the Bonds pursuant to Section 1 hereof.

8. Reliance and Further Conditions of the Underwriters, The Underwriters have entered into this Agreement in reliance upon the representations, warranties and agreements of the City herein and the performance by the City of its obligations hereunder, both as of the date hereof and as of the date of the Closing. The Underwriters' obligations under this Agreement are and shall be subject to the following further condition that at the time of the Closing, the Ordinance, the Trust Indenture, the Escrow Agreements, the Undertaking, and this Agreement shall be in full force arid effect and the Ordinance and the Official Statement shall not have been amended, modified or supplemented except as may have been agreed to with respect to the Official Statement pursuant to Section 5 hereof, and the City shall have duly adopted and there shall be in full force and effect such ordinances as, in the opinion of Schiff Hardin LLP, Chicago, Illinois, and Sanchez, Daniels & Hoffman LLP, Chicago, Illinois, as cobond counsel ("Co-Bond Counsel") shall be necessary in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby.

9. <u>Termination of Agreement.</u>

(1) The Underwriters shall have the right to cancel their obligations to purchase the Bonds and have the further right to terminate this Agreement, without liability therefor, by written notice to the City from the Representative, if, between the date hereof and the Closing:

(i) legislation shall be introduced in or enacted by the Congress of the United States or adopted by either House thereof or shall have been introduced and favorably reported for passage to either House by any committee of such House to which such legislation had been referred for consideration, or a decision shall have been rendered by or adopted by either House or a decision by a court of

7

the United States or the United States Tax Court or an order, ruling or regulation shall have been issued or proposed by or on behalf of the Treasury Department of the United States or the Internal Revenue Service, with respect to federal income taxation upon interest received on obligations of the general character of the Bonds which, in the Representative's reasonable opinion, does materially adversely affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriters to enforce contracts for the sale, at the contemplated offering prices (or yields), of the Bonds, or

ii) legislation shall have been enacted by the Congress of the United States to become effective on or prior to the Closing, or a decision of a court of the United States shall be rendered, or a stop order, ruling, regulation or proposed regulation by or on behalf of the SEC or other agency having jurisdiction over the subject matter shall be issued or made, to the effect that the issuance, sale and delivery of the Bonds, or any similar obligations of any similar public body of the general character of the City, is in violation of, or has the effect of requiring the contemplated offering, sale and distribution of the Bonds to be registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the enactment of the Ordinance or any ordinance of similar character is in violation of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, or with the puipose or effect of otherwise prohibiting the issuance, sale or delivery of the Bonds as contemplated hereby or by the Official Statement or of obligations of the general character of the Bonds which, in the Representative's reasonable opinion, does materially adversely affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds or the ability of the Underwriters to enforce contracts for the sale, at the contemplated offering prices (or yields), of the Bonds, or iii) there shall have occurred any event which in the Representative's reasonable opinion, after consultation with its legal counsel, makes the Official Statement either (A) contain an untrue statement of a material fact or (B) omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in any material respect, and (a) the City fails to prepare or furnish or fails to cause to be prepared or furnished to the Underwriters an amendment or supplement to the Official Statement, pursuant to Section 5 hereof, which will amend or supplement the Official Statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading in a material respect, or (b) the effect of the Official Statement as so supplemented is, in the reasonable opinion of the Representative, to materially adversely affect the market for the Bonds or the sale, at the contemplated offering prices (or yields), of the Bonds by the Underwriters, or

iv) there shall be in force a general suspension of trading on The New York Stock Exchange, Inc., or minimum or maximum prices for trading shall have been fixed and be in force, or maximum ranges for prices for securities shall have been required and be in force on The New York Stock Exchange, Inc.,

8

whether by virtue of a determination by that Exchange or by order of the SEC or any other governmental authority having jurisdiction, or any national securities exchange shall haveimposed additional material restrictions not in force as of the date hereof with respect to trading in securities generally, or to the Bonds or similar obligations, or

(v) a general banking moratorium shall have been declared by either

federal, State or New York authorities having jurisdiction and be in force, or

vi) any legislation, ordinance, rule or regulation shall be enacted by the City or State, or any department or agency thereof, or a decision by any court of competent jurisdiction within the State shall be rendered which, in the reasonable opinion of the Representative, would have a material adverse effect on the market price or marketability of the Bonds, or

vii) a war involving the United States, an outbreak or escalation of or adverse development in hostilities or terrorist activities or other national or international calamity or crisis shall have occurred which, in the reasonable opinion of the Representative, materially adversely affects the market price or marketability of the Bonds, or

viii) there shall be any proceeding or threatened proceeding by the SEC against the City and such proceeding or threatened proceeding, in the reasonable opinion of the Representative, materially adversely affects the market price or marketability of the Bonds.

(2) If the City shall be unable to satisfy the conditions contained in this Agreement or if the Underwriters' obligations shall be terminated for any reason permitted by this Agreement, this Agreement shall terminate and neither the City nor the Underwriters shall have any further obligations hereunder.

10. Closing Conditions.

(1) The Underwriters' obligations to purchase, to accept delivery of and to pay for the Bonds at the

Closing shall be conditioned upon the City's performance of its obligations under Sections 6, 7 and 8 hereof and the Underwriters' receipt of the following documents:

i) three copies of the Official Statement manually executed by the Chief Financial Officer;

ii) the approving opinions, dated the date of the Closing, of Co-Bond Counsel to the City, substantially in the form attached to the Official Statement as Appendix E;

iii) the opinions, dated the date of the Closing and addressed to the Representative on behalf of the Underwriters and to the City, of Co-Bond Counsel, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B-1;

9

(iv) separate letters dated the date of the closing and addressed to the City and the Representative on behalf of the Underwriters, respectively, of Chapman and Cutler LLP, Special Disclosure Counsel to the City in connection with certain pension matters described in the Official Statement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B-2;

(v) an opinion, dated the date of the Closing and addressed to the

Representative on behalf of the Underwriters, of the Corporation Counsel of the

City, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C;

vi) an opinion or opinions, dated the date of the Closing and addressed to the Representative on behalf of the Underwriters, of Ice Miller LLP, Chicago, Illinois, as counsel for the Underwriters ("Underwriter's Counsel"), in form and substance satisfactory to the Representative;

vii) an opinion or opinions, dated the date of the Closing and addressed to the Representative on behalf of the Underwriters, of Burke, Warren, MacKay & Serritella, P.C, Chicago, Illinois, and Golden Holley James LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Co-Disclosure Counsel to the City, substantially in the form attached hereto asExhibit.D;

viii) a certificate, dated the date of the Closing, signed by the Chief Financial Officer, to the effect that (A) the representations and warranties of the City herein are correct in all material respects as of the date of the Closing; and (B) there has been no material adverse change in the financial condition of the City since December 31, 2015, as reflected in Appendix C to the Official Statement, except as set forth in the Official Statement;

ix) a certificate of the Trustee to the effect that the Trustee has full legal right, power and authority to act as the Trustee, Bond Registrar, and Paying Agent under the Ordinance and the Trust Indenture;

(x) a certificate, dated the date of the Closing, signed by the

Representative, in form and substance satisfactory to the City and Co-Bond

Counsel;

xi) an executed copy of the Undertaking substantially in the form summarized in the Official Statement under the heading "SECONDARY MARKET DISCLOSURE";

xii) an executed copy of the Trust Indenture;

xiii) a copy of an agreement between the City and DTC relating to the safekeeping and bookentry form of the Bonds;

xiv) a copy, duly certified by the City Clerk of the City, of the Ordinance, as passed by the City Council and approved by the Mayor;

10

(xv) evidence satisfactory to the Representative that the Bonds have ratings of "BBB+" (stable outlook) by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., "BBB-" (stable outlook) by Fitch Ratings, and "BBB+" (stable outlook) by kroll Bond Rating Agency;

xvi) an executed copy of each of the Escrow Agreements;

xvii) a certificate from each escrow agent (collectively, the "Escrow Agents") to the effect that such Escrow Agent has the full legal right, power and authority to act as Escrow Agent under the related Escrow Agreement;

xviii) a verification report of Robert Thomas, CPA, LLC, Shawnee Mission, Kansas, dated the date of the Closing, as to (he accuracy of certain calculations with respect to the Bonds and the Refunded Bonds; and

(xix) such additional 'closing certificates and agreements related to the Bonds, including such tax certifications and agreements relating to the Bonds, as Co-Bond Counsel shall reasonably determine to be necessary to deliver their opinions as provided hereinabove.

(2) All of the opinions, letters, certificates, instruments and other documents mentioned above or elsewhere in this Agreement will be deemed to be In compliance with the provisions hereof if, but only if, they are in form and substance satisfactory to the Representative, in its reasonable judgment. Payment for the Bonds and acceptance of the Bonds by the Underwriters shall constitute acknowledgment by the Underwriters of the City's full performance hereunder.

11. Expenses; The Underwriters shall be under no obligation to pay, and the City shall pay, any and all expenses incident to the performance of the City's obligations hereunder, including but not limited to: (a) the cost of the preparation and printing or other reproduction of the Ordinance, the Trust Indenture, the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement, as well as the cost of shipping the Official Statement; (b) the cost of the preparation and printing of the Bonds; (c) the fees and disbursements of Co-Bond Counsel and Co-Disclosure Counsel; (d) the fees and disbursements of any experts or consultants retained by the City; (e) the fees of the Trustee and the Escrow Agents; (f) the fees for the municipal bond ratings on the Bonds; and (g) the fees of Digital Assurance Certification, L.L.C. for continuing disclosure undertaking compliance review. The City shall be responsible for any meal, travel and lodging expenses of its own officials and employees. The Underwriters will pay the expenses incurred by them or any of them in connection with their public offering and distribution of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, the CUSIP Service Bureau charges, the fees and expenses of Underwriters' Counsel and advertising expenses directly incurred by the Underwriters.

The City shall pay for any expenses (included in the expense component of the Underwriters' discount) incurred by the Underwriters on behalf of the City in connection with the marketing, issuance and delivery of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, meals, transportation, lodging, and entertainment of the City's employees and

11

representatives.

12. Notices. Any notice or other communication to be given to the City under this Agreement shall be given by delivering the same in writing at the address set forth above, and any such notice or other communication to be given to the Underwriters shall be given by delivering the same in writing to the Representative at the following address:

Goldman, Sachs & Co. 71 S. Wacker Drive Suite 500 Chicago, Illinois 60606 Attention: Carlos Pineiro

13. No Third Party Beneficiaries. SurvivaUEtc. This Agreement is made solely for the benefit of the City and the Underwriters (including the successors or assigns of any Underwriter), and no other person, partnership, association or corporation including any purchaser of the Bonds shall acquire or have any right hereunder or by virtue hereof. AH of the representations and agreements by the City in this Agreement shall remain operative and in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the Underwriters and shall survive the delivery of and payment for the Bonds.

14. Governing Law. The rights and obligations of the parties to this Agreement shall be governed by, construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State, without giving effect to the conflict of laws provisions thereof.

15. Representations and Warranties, of the Underwriters. The Underwriters represent and warrant that:

1) They have heretofore authorized the Representative to execute any document on behalf of or exercise any authority of and otherwise to act for, the Underwriters in all matters under or pertaining to this Agreement. Each Underwriter has warranted and confirmed to the Representative, and the Representative warrants and confirms to the City that: (i) it is duly registered under the 1934 Act, as a broker/dealer or municipal securities dealer and has duly paid the fee prescribed by MSRB Rule A-12 or is exempt from such requirements, (ii) it is (a) a member in good standing of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") or (b) otherwise eligible under FINRA rules to receive underwriting discounts and concessions available to such members with respect to underwriters of municipal securities, and (iii) it has complied with the dealer registration requirements, if any, of the various jurisdictions in which it offers Bonds for sale. The Underwriters represent, warrant and covenant that they are and will be in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations in connection with the offering, issuance and sale of the Bonds.

2) To the knowledge of the Underwriters, no person holding office of the City, either by election or appointment, is in any manner financially interested, either directly in the officer's own name or indirectly in the name of any other person, association, trust or corporation, in any contract being entered into by the Underwriters or

the performance of any work to be carried out by the Underwriters in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds upon which said officer may be called upon to act or vote.

3) Each Underwriter severally represents to the City that neither the Underwriter, nor any Affiliate thereof is listed on any of the following lists maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the United States Department of the Treasury, the Bureau of Industry and Security of the United States Department of Commerce, the United States Department of State or their successors, or on any other list of persons or entities with which the City may not do business under any applicable law, rule, regulation, order or judgment: the Specially Designated Nationals List, the Denied Persons List, the Unverified List, the Entity List, the List of Statutorily Debarred Parties and the Excluded Parties List. Such representation shall be provided to the City in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E.

For purposes of this representation, "Affiliate," when used to indicate a relationship with a specified person or entity, means a person or entity that, directly vr indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, Is controlled by or is under common control with such specified person or entity, and a person or entity shall be deemed to be controlled by another person or entity, if controlled in any manner whatsoever, that results in control in fact by that other person or entity (or that other person or entity and any persons or entities with whom that other person or entity is acting jointly or in concert), whether directly or indirectly and whether through share ownership, a trust, a contract or otherwise.

4) The Underwriters may enter into distribution agreements with certain financial institutions for the retail distribution of municipal securities, including the Bonds, at the initial public offering price. In accordance with such arrangements, the Underwriters may share a portion of its underwriting compensation.

16. Approval. The approval of the Underwriters when required hereunder or the determination of their satisfaction as to any document referred to herein shall be in writing signed by the Representative and delivered to the City.

17. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties and their successors and assigns, and will not confer any rights upon any other person. The terms "successors" and "assigns" shall not include any purchaser of any Bond or Bonds from the Underwriters merely because of such purchase.

18. Enforceability. If any provision of this Agreement shall be held or deemed to be or shall, in fact, be invalid, inoperative or unenforceable as applied in any particular case in any jurisdiction or jurisdictions, or in all jurisdictions, because it conflicts with any provisions of any constitution, statute, rule or public policy, or for any other reason, such circumstances shall not have the effect of rendering the provision in question invalid, inoperative or unenforceable in any other case or circumstances, or of rendering any other provision or provisions of this Agreement invalid, inoperative or unenforceable to any extent whatsoever.

13

19. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be regarded as the original and all of which shall constitute one and the same document.

20. Cooperation with City Inspector. General. As acknowledged by each Underwriters' Representation Letter, each Underwriter understands and agrees that it is required to and will comply with the provisions of Chapter 2-56 of the Municipal Code of Chicago. Pursuant to Section 2-56-090 of the Municipal Code of Chicago, it shall be the duty of each Underwriter to cooperate with the inspector general in any investigation or hearing undertaken pursuant to Chapter 2-56. Every Underwriter shall report, directly and without undue delay, to the City's inspector general any and all information concerning conduct by any person which such Underwriter knows to involve corrupt activity, pursuant to Section 2-156-018(b) of the Municipal Code of Chicago. As acknowledged by each Underwriters' Representation Letter, any Underwriter's knowing failure to report corrupt activity as required in subsection (b) of Section 2-156-018 of the Municipal Code of Chicago, shall constitute an event of default under this Agreement. For purposes of subsection (b) of Section 2-156-018 of the Municipal Code of Chicago, "corrupt activity" shall mean any conduct set forth in subparagraph (a)(1), (2) or (3) of Section 1-23-020 of the Municipal Code of Chicago:

1) bribery or attempted bribery, or its equivalent under any local, state or federal law, of any public officer or employee of the City or of any sister agency; or

2) theft, fraud, forgery, perjury, dishonesty or deceit, or attempted theft, fraud, forgery, perjury, dishonesty or deceit, or its equivalent under any local, state or federal law, against the City or of any sister agency; or

3) conspiring to engage in any of the acts set forth in items (1) or (2) of above.

The Underwriter (individually and collectively) agrees and covenants that no payment, gratuity or offer of employment shall be made in connection with this Agreement, by or on behalf of a subcontractor to the Underwriter or any higher-tier subcontractor or any person associated therewith, as an inducement for the award of a subcontract or order related to this Agreement.

21. Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between

the parties hereto with respect to the matters covered hereby, and supersedes all prior

agreements and understandings between the parties. This Agreement shall only be amended,

supplemented or modified in a writing signed by both of the parties hereto.

[Signature page fqllows]

14

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parlies hereto have caused this Bond Purchase Agreement in connection with the City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 20I7A and 2017B to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date first above written.

Very truly yours.

THE UNDERWRITERS

Goldman. Sachs & Co. Mesirow Financial, Inc. Estrada Hinojosa Fifth Third Securities, Inc. Harvestons Securities, Inc. IFS Securities Melvin & Company North South Capital LLC Siebert Cisneros Shank & Co., L.L.C. William Blair

> By: GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO. As Representative^ jv

yManaging Dirarcto!

Chief Financial Officer

Accepted by the City:

Schedule I Terms Of Bonds

- 1. Aggregate Principal Amount: \$1,160,260,000
- 2. Dated: Date of Issuance (Expected to be February 1,2017)
- 3. Maturities, Principal Amounts, Interest Rates, Prices and CUSIP Numbers:

MATURITIES, AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, YIELDS, PRICES AND CUSIP NUMBERS

City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds \$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A

Maturity Principal

<u>(January 1)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate	<u>Yield</u>	Price CUSIP
2029	\$20,980,000	5.625%	5.800%	98.503I67486ZT9
2030	41,563,000	5.625	5.880	97.709167486ZU6
2031	43,655,000	5.625	5.960	96.855167486ZV4
2033	32,690,000	5.750	6.080	96.658167486ZW2
2034	34,120,000	5.750	6.140	95^925167486ZX0

\$712,990,000 6.000%Term Bond due January 1,2038, Yield 6.200%, Price 97.667 CUSIP: 167486ZY8

City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds \$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B

\$274,260,000 7.045% Term Bond due January 1,2029, Yield 7.045%, Price 100,00 CUSIP: 167486ZZ5

4. Redemption.

The Bonds are subject to both optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity, as described below. The Bonds shall be redeemed only in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Optional Redemption of Series 20 J 7A Bonds

The Series 2017A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, on any date on or after January I, 2027, and if less than all of the outstanding Series 2017A Bonds of a single maturity are to be redeemed the Series 2017A Bonds called shall be called by lot, in such principal amounts and from such maturities as the City shall determine, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Series 2017A Bonds being redeemed plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

Optional Redemption of Series 2017B Bonds with Make Whole Payment

The Series 2017B Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, and if in part from such maturities and interest rates as shall be determined by an Authorized Officer on any Business Day (as defined in the Official Statement) at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date such Series 2017B Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date of redemption of such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at die Treasury Rate (as defined in the Official

Statement) plus 70 basis points plus accrued interest on such Bonds being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption.

The City is authorized to sell or waive any right the City may have to call any of the Bonds for optional redemption, in whole or in part; provided, that such sale or waiver will not adversely affect the excludability of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

2

Exhibit A Preliminary Official Statement

Exhibit B-l Supplemental Opinion of Co-Bond Counsel

February 1, 2017

City of Chicago City Hall 121 North LaSalle Street Chicago, Illinois 60602 *The Underwriters listed on Exhibit A*

Re:v City of Chicago

\$886,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A \$2 74,260,000 General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We acted as co-bond counsel in connection with the issuance by the City of Chicago (the "City") of \$886,000,000 aggregate original principal amount of its General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A (the "Series 2017A Bonds"), and \$274,260,000 aggregate original principal amount of its General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B (together with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Bonds"). We rendered our separate opinions today as co-bond counsel as to the validity of the Bonds.

The following opinions are based upon the same examination of the record of proceedings and accompanying certificates, and are subject to the same limitations, as described in our approving opinions as co-bond counsel described above. In addition to the items described in our approving opinions, the record of proceedings also includes executed copies of (i) the Bond Purchase Agreement, dated January 19, 2017 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement"), between the City and Goldman, Sachs & Co., Inc., as representative of the underwriters listed on Exhibit A (the "Underwriters"), (ii)the Continuing Disclosure Undertaking of the City, dated February 1, 2017 (the "Continuing Disclosure Undertaking"), with respect to the Bonds, and (iii) the Official Statement, dated January 19, 2017, of the City relating to the Bonds (the "Official Statement"). We are furnishing this opinion pursuant to Section 10(1)(iii) of the Bond Purchase Agreement. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this letter have the meanings ascribed to them in our approving opinions described above.

Based upon our examination as described in our approving opinions as co-bond counsel, we are further of the opinion as follows:

1. The Bonds are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). It is not necessary, in connection with the initial public offering and sale of the Bonds in the manner contemplated in the Bond Purchase Agreement, to

register any securities under the Securities Act or to qualify the Bond Ordinance or the Indenture under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.

2. We have reviewed the statements in the Official Statement on its front cover, under the captions "Introduction," "The Bonds" (except for the statements under the subcaption "Book-Entry System"), "Security for the Bonds," and 'Tax Matters," and in Appendix A and, insofar as those statements purport to summarize certain provisions of the Bonds, the Indenture and the Bond Ordinance, such statements present a fair and accurate summary of those provisions. The statements in the Official Statement in the first paragraph on its front cover, under the caption "Tax Matters" and in Appendix E present a fair and accurate summary of the matters relating to the tax status of interest on the Bonds discussed in such portions of the Official Statement.

3. The execution and delivery on behalf of the City of the Bond Purchase Agreement has been duly authorized by the City. The Bond Purchase Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the City and is a binding contractual obligation of the City in accordance with its terms if it is a valid and binding obligation of the Underwriters (as to which we express no opinion).

4. The Continuing Disclosure Undertaking has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the City and is a binding contractual obligation of the City in accordance with its terms.

Except as stated in paragraph 2 of this opinion letter, we have not undertaken to determine independently the accuracy or completeness of the Official Statement. However, we state that during our participation in the authorization and issuance of the Bonds as co-bond counsel (which included participation in conferences with the City and its financial advisors and counsel and the Underwriters and their counsel concerning the Official Statement), nothing has come to our attention which has caused us to beneve "The Bonds-Book-Entry System Funds," "General caused us to believe that the Official Statement (except for statements under the captions 'The City", Discussion and Analysis." System", "Plan of Financing," "Financial Considerations." Obligation Debt," "Investment "Litigation." "Financial Advisors and Independent Registered Municipal Advisor," "Underwriting," "Secondary Market Disclosure- Corrective Action Related to Certain Bond Disclosure Requirements," Appendices B, C, D and F, and the financial and statistical data in the Official Statement, as to which we express no view), as of its date or as of the date of this letter, contained or contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits a material fact necessary to make the statements in it, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

The enforceability of provisions of the Bond Purchase Agreement and the Continuing Disclosure Undertaking may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights. Enforcement of provisions of the Bond Purchase Agreement or the Continuing Disclosure Undertaking by an equitable or similar remedy is subject to general principles of law or equity governing such a remedy, including the exercise of judicial discretion whether to grant any particular form of relief. The enforceability of the

2

indemnification provisions of the Bond Purchase Agreement may be limited by federal'or state securities

laws.

This opinion letter is based upon facts known or certified to us and laws in effect on its date and speaks as of that date. The opinions stated in this letter are expressions of professional judgment based upon such facts and law and are not a guaranty of a result. We have hot undertaken any obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may come to our attention after the date of this opinion or any changes in law that may occur after that date.

This opinion letter is furnished at the request of our client, the City, to satisfy a requirement of the Bond Purchase Agreement. Addressing our separate approving opinions as co-bond counsel described above and this opinion letter to the Underwriters does not create or reflect an attorney-client relationship between our firm and the Underwriters. The opinions rendered and assurances given in this letter are solely for the benefit of the persons to whom this letter is addressed in connection with the issuance and delivery of the Bonds and may not be relied upon by other persons or for any other purpose without our express prior written consent.

Respectfully yours,

3

Exhibit A

The Underwriters

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

Goldman, Sachs & Co. 71 South Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606

Mesirow Financial, Inc. 353 North Clark Street Chicago, Illinois 60654

Estrada Hinojosa & Company, Inc. 161 North Clark Street Chicago, Illinois 60601

Fifth Third Securities, Inc. 222 South Riverside Plaza Chicago, Illinois 60606

Harvestons Securities, Inc. 8301 East Prentice Avenue Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 IFS Securities, Inc. 875 N. Michigan Ave., Suite 3100 Chicago, Illinois 60611

Melvin Securities, LLC 455 Cityfront Plaza Drive Chicago, Illinois 60611

North South Capital LLC 200 West Adams Street Chicago, Illinois 60606

Siebert Cisneros Shank & Co., L.L.C. Ill East Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60601

William Blair & Company 222 East Adams Street Chicago, Illinois 60606

Exhibit B-2

Letters of Special Pension Disclosure Counsel Letter to City

i İ

February 1,2017

City of Chicago 121 North LaSalle Street Chicago, Illinois 60602

Re:

\$ 1,160,260,000 City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds \$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A and

\$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B (collectively, the "Bonds") Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special disclosure counsel to you, the City of Chicago (the "City"), solely in connection with the information contained under the caption "Retirement Funds" (the "Pension Section") of the Preliminary Official Statement dated January 4, 2017, as supplemented by the Supplement dated January 6,2017 to the Preliminary Official Statement (together, the "Preliminary Official Statement") and (he Official Statement dated January 19, 2017 (the "Official Statement"), each relating to the Bonds issued by the City on this date.

In accordance with our understanding with the City, we have reviewed the Pension Section, certificates of officers of the City and other appropriate persons, and such other records, reports, opinions and documents, and we have made such investigations of law, as we have deemed appropriate as a basis for the conclusion hereinafter expressed. As to facts material to the views expressed herein, we have, with your consent, relied upon oral or written statements or representations of officers or other representatives or agents of or consultants to the City and of or to the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, and the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, and the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, and the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, section of Chicago (collectively, the "Retirement Funds"), including the representations and warranties of the City in the Bond Purchase Agreement dated January 19, 2017, with respect to the Bonds, between the City and Goldman, Sachs & Co., on

behalf of itself and the other underwriters named therein (collectively, the "Underwriters"). We have not independently verified such matters. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Official Statement.

In arriving at the conclusion hereinafter expressed, we are not expressing any opinion or view on, and with your permission are assuming and relying on, the validity,

accuracy and sufficiency of the records, reports, documents, certificates arid opinions referred to above (including¹ the accuracy of all factual matters represented and legal conclusions contained therein, including, without limitation, any representations and legal conclusions regarding the due authorization, issuance, delivery, validity and enforceability of the Bonds, the tax treatment of interest on the Bonds for federal income tax purposes, and the application of Bond proceeds in accordance with the authorization therefor). We have assumed that all records, reports, documents, certificates and opinions that we have reviewed, and the signatures thereto, are genuine.

We are not passing upon, and do not assume any responsibility for, the accuracy, completeness or fairness of any of the statements contained in the Pension Section and make no representation that we have independently verified the accuracy, completeness or fairness of any such statements. In our capacity as special disclosure counsel to the City, to assist you in discharging your responsibility with respect to the Pension Section, we participated in conferences and correspondence with representatives of the City, the City's attorneys, Co-Disclosure Counsel to the City, the Underwriters, counsel to the Underwriters, and other persons involved in the preparation of information for the Pension Section, during which the contents of the Pension Section and related matters were discussed and revised. The purpose of our professional engagement was not to establish or confirm factual matters set forth in the Pension, Section, and we have not undertaken any obligation to verify independently any of the factual matters set forth therein. Moreover, many of the determinations required to be made in the preparation of the Pension Section involve matters of a non-legal nature. Based on our participation in the above-mentioned conferences and correspondence, and in reliance thereon and on our limited review of the records, reports, documents, certificates, statements, representations, warranties, opinions and matters mentioned above, without independent verification, we advise you as a matter of fact and not opinion that, during our engagement as special disclosure counsel to the City in connection with the Pension Section, no facts came to the attention of the attorneys in our firm rendering legal services in connection with such limited role which caused us to believe that the Pension Section (apart from the financial statements or other financial, operating, numerical, accounting or statistical data or forecasts, estimates, projections, assumptions or expressions of opinion, or matters of litigation contained or incorporated therein, as to which we do not express any conclusion or belief) contained as of the dates of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement or contains as of the dale hereof any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. No responsibility is undertaken or statement rendered herein with respect to any other portions of the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement or any other disclosure document, materials or activity, or as to any information from another document or source referred to by or incorporated by reference in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement.

By acceptance of this letter you recognize and acknowledge that: (i) the preceding paragraph is not a legal opinion but is rather in the nature of negative observations based

on certain limited activities performed by specific lawyers in our firm during our engagement to the City as special

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

disclosure counsel in connection with the Pension Section; (ii) the scope of those activities performed by us for purposes of delivering this letter was inherently limited and does not purport to encompass all activities necessary for compliance with applicable securities laws; and (iii) those activities performed by us rely on third party representations, warranties, certifications, statements and opinions, including and primarily, representations, warranties and certifications made by the City, and are otherwise, subject to the conditions set forth herein.

We express herein no opinion or belief herein with respect to the validity of the Bonds or the taxation thereof or of the interest thereon, and our expression of belief with respect to the Pension Section assumes the validity of the Bonds and the tax treatment of the interest payable thereon for federal income tax purposes, all as set forth in the opinions of Co-Bond Counsel.

This letter is furnished by us in our limited capacity as special disclosure counsel to the City in connection with the Pension Section. This letter may not be used, quoted, relied upon or otherwise referred to for any other purpose or by any other person (including any person purchasing any of the Bonds from the Underwriters) without our prior written consent, except that such letter may be referenced in the Preliminary Official Statement, the Official Statement and the Bond Purchase Agreement with respect to the Bonds and included in the transcript of proceedings for the Bonds. This letter is given as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this letter to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention.

Respectfully submitted,

Letter to Underwriters

February 1,2017

Goldman, Sachs & Co. as Representative of the Underwriters named in the Bond Purchase Agreement described below

Re:

\$1,160,260,000 City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds \$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A and

\$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B (collectively, the "Bonds") Ladies and

Gentlemen:

We have acted as special disclosure counsel to the City of Chicago (the "City"), solely in connection with the information contained under the caption "Retirement Funds" (the "Pension Section") of the Preliminary Official Statement dated January 4, 2017, as supplemented by the Supplement dated January 6, 2017 to the Preliminary Official Statement (together, the "Preliminary Official Statement") and the Official Statement dated January 19,2017 (the "Official Statement"), each relating to the Bonds issued by the City on this date.

In accordance with our understanding with the City, we have reviewed the Pension Section, certificates of officers of the City and other appropriate persons, and such other records, reports, opinions and documents, and we have made such investigations of law, as we have deemed appropriate as a basis for the conclusion hereinafter expressed. As to facts material to the views expressed herein, we have, with your consent, relied upon oral or written statements or representations of officers or other representatives or agents of or consultants to the City and of or to the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, and the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (collectively, the "Retirement Funds"), including the representations and

warranties of the City in the Bond Purchase Agreement dated January 19, 2017, with respect to the Bonds, between the City and Goldman, Sachs & Co., on behalf of itself and the other underwriters named therein (collectively, the "Underwriters"). We have not independently verified such matters. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Official Statement.

In arriving at the conclusion hereinafter expressed, we are not expressing any opinion or view on, and with your permission are assuming and relying on, the validity, accuracy and sufficiency of the records, reports, documents, certificates and opinions referred to above (including the accuracy of all factual matters represented and legal

conclusions contained therein). We have assumed that all records, reports, documents, certificates and opinions that we have reviewed, and the signatures thereto, are genuine.

We are not passing upon, and do not assume any responsibility for, the accuracy, completeness or fairness of any of the statements contained in the Pension Section and make no representation that we have independently verified the accuracy, completeness or fairness of any such statements. In our capacity as special disclosure counsel, to the City, to assist it in discharging its responsibility with respect to the Pension Section, we participated in conferences and correspondence with your representatives, representatives of the City, the City's attorneys, Co-Disclosure Counsel to the City, counsel to the Underwriters, and other persons involved in the preparation of information for the Pension Section, during which the contents of the Pension Section and related matters were discussed and revised. The purpose of our professional engagement was not to establish or confirm factual matters set forth in the Pension Section, and we have not undertaken any obligation to verify independently any of the factual matters set forth therein. Moreover, many of the determinations required to be made in the preparation of the Pension Section involve matters of a non-legal nature. Based on our participation in the abovementioned conferences and correspondence, and in reliance thereon and on our limited review of the records, reports, documents, certificates, statements, representations, warranties, opinions and matters mentioned above, without independent verification, we advise you as a matter of fact and not opinion that, during our engagement as special disclosure counsel to the City in connection with the Pension Section, no facts came to the attention of the attorneys in our firm rendering legal services in connection with such limited role which caused us to believe that the Pension Section (apart from the financial statements or other financial, operating, numerical, accounting or statistical data or forecasts, estimates, projections, assumptions or expressions of opinion, or matters of litigation contained or incorporated therein, as to which we do not express any conclusion or belief) contained as of the dates of the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Statement or contains as of the date hereof any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to stale a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. No responsibility is undertaken or statement rendered herein with respect to any other portions of the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement or any other disclosure document, materials or activity, or as to any information from another document or source referred to by or incorporated by reference in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement.

By acceptance of this letter you recognize and acknowledge that: (i) the preceding paragraph is not a legal opinion but is rather in the nature of negative observations based on certain limited activities performed by specific lawyers in our firm during our engagement to the City as special disclosure counsel in connection with the Pension Section; (ii) the scope of those activities performed by us for purposes of delivering this letter was inherently limited and does not purport to encompass all activities necessary for compliance with applicable securities laws; (iii) those activities performed by us rely on third party representations, warranties, certifications, statements and opinions,

including and primarily, representations, warranties and certifications made by the City, and are otherwise subject to the conditions set forth herein; (iv)we have not been engaged to act, and have not acted, as your counsel for any purpose in connection with the issuance of the Bonds; (v) no attorneysclient relationship exists or has at any time existed between us in connection with the Bonds or by virtue of this letter; and (vi) this letter is based upon our review of proceedings and other documents undertaken as part of our engagement with the City, and in order to deliver this letter we neither undertook any duties or responsibilities to you nor conducted any activities in addition to those undertaken or conducted for the benefit of, and requested by, the City. Consequently, we make no representation that our review has been adequate for your purposes.

We express herein no opinion or belief herein with respect to the validity of the Bonds or the taxation thereof or of the interest thereon, and our expression of belief with respect to the Pension Section assumes the validity of the Bonds and the tax treatment of the interest payable thereon for federal income tax purposes, all as set forth in the opinions of Co-Bond Counsel.

This letter is furnished by us in our limited capacity as special disclosure counsel to the City in connection with the Pension Section and is solely for the benefit of the Underwriters. This letter may not be used, quoted, relied upon or otherwise referred to for any other purpose or by any other person (including any person purchasing any of the Bonds from the Underwriters) without our prior written consent; except that such letter may be referenced in the Preliminary Official Statement, the Official Statement and the Bond Purchase Agreement with respect to the Bonds and included in the transcript of proceedings for the Bonds. This letter is given as of the date hereof and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this letter to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention.

Respectfully submitted, Exhibit C

Opinion of Corporation Counsel of the City

February 1,2017

Goldman, Sachs & Co., as Representative of the Underwriters named in the Bond Purchase Agreement, dated January 19,2017, between such Underwriters and the City of Chicago Ladies and Gentlemen:

This opinion is given to you pursuant to Section 10(1)fv) of that certain Bond Purchase Agreement dated January 19, 2017 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement"), between the City of Chicago (the "City") and Goldman, Sachs & Co., as representative of a group of underwriters (the "Representative"), with respect to the purchase of the \$1,160,260,000 City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A and Taxable Project Series 2017B between the City and the Representative (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are being issued in accordance with the Trust Indenture between the City and Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee") dated as of February 1, 2017 (the "Indenture"). The Bonds are authorized by an ordinance of the City adopted by the City Council of the City (the "City Council") on October 5, 2016 (the "Ordinance"). Unless otherwise defined herein, capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Bond Purchase Agreement.

In connection with the issuance of the Bonds, I have caused to be examined a certified copy of the record of proceedings of the City Council pertaining to the issuance of the Bonds by the City, and executed counterparts, where applicable, of the following documents:

- a) the Ordinance;
- b) the Indenture;
- c) the Bond Purchase Agreement;

d) that certain Continuing Disclosure Undertaking dated the date hereof pursuant to the requirements of Section (b)(5) of Rule 15c-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Undertaking"); and

(e) Escrow Agreements dated the date hereof between the City and

"Escrow Agreements");

On the basis of such examination and review of such other information, records and documents as was deemed necessary or advisable, I am of the opinion that:

1. The City is a home rule unit of local government duly organized and existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois with full power and authority, among other things, to adopt the Ordinance, to authorize the issuance of the Bonds, and to execute and deliver the Indenture, the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Undertaking and the Escrow Agreements.

2. The Bond Purchase Agreement, the Indenture, the Undertaking and the Escrow Agreements have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by, and the Ordinance has been duly adopted by, the City, and, assuming the due execution and delivery by the other parties thereto, as



appropriate, such instruments constitute legal and valid obligations of the City in each case enforceable in accordance with their respective terms except as may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies and the availability of equitable remedies generally.

3. To my knowledge, compliance with the provisions of the Bonds, the Ordinance, the Indenture, the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Undertaking and the Escrow Agreements does not conflict in a material manner with, or constitute a material breach of or material default under, any applicable law, administrative regulation, court order or consent decree of the State of Illinois, or any department, division, agency or instrumentality thereof or of the United States of America or any ordinance, agreement or other instrument to which the City is a party or is otherwise subject.

4. To my knowledge, all approvals, consents and orders of and filings (except with respect to state "blue sky" or securities laws) with any governmental authority, board, agency or commission having jurisdiction which would constitute conditions precedent to the performance by the City of its obligations under the Ordinance, the Indenture, the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Undertaking, the Escrow Agreements and the Bonds have been obtained.

5. There is no litigation or proceeding pending, or to my knowledge, threatened, materially affecting the existence of the City or seeking to restrain or enjoin the issuance of the Bonds, or contesting the validity or enforceability of the Bonds, the Ordinance, the Indenture, the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Undertaking, or the Escrow Agreements or the completeness or accuracy of the Official Statement, or the powers of the City or its authority with respect to the Bonds, the Ordinance, the Indenture, the Bond Purchase Agreement or the Undertaking.

Nothing has come to my attention which would lead me to believe that the Official Statement (excluding information under the captions "THE BONDS - Book-

Entry System" relating to the Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), "RATINGS," "UNDERWRITING," "TAX MATTERS," "APPENDIX B-ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION" and "APPENDIX E - OPINIONS OF CO-BOND COUNSEL," information sourced to sources other than the City or departments thereof, any information in or omitted from the Official Statement relating to DTC, any information in or omitted from the Official Statement relating to any information furnished by the Underwriters for use in the Official Statement, the financial statements and all other financial and statistical data contained in the Official Statement, including the Appendices thereto) contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading in any material respect.

No opinion is expressed as to any "blue sky" or other securities laws or as to the laws regarding taxation of any state or the United States of America, or any disclosure or compliance related thereto.

The statements contained herein are made in an official capacity and not personally and no personal responsibility shall derive from them. Further, the only opinions that are expressed are the opinions specifically set forth herein, and no opinion is implied or should be inferred as to any other matter or transaction.

No one other than you shall be entitled to rely on this opinion.

Stephen R. Patton Corporation Counsel Exhibit D

OPINION OF CO-DISCLOSURE COUNSEL

February ^,2017

CITY OF CHICAGO \$1,160,260,000 Genera] Obligation Bonds

\$886,000,000 \$274,260,000

Project and Refunding Series 2017A

Taxable Proj ect Series 2017B

City of Chicago - Chicago, Illinois

Goldman, Sachs & Co. as Representative of the Underwriters Chicago, Illinois

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as co-disclosure counsel in connection with the issuance of the above-referenced bonds (the "Bonds") pursuant to a Bond Purchase Agreement dated January 19,2017 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement) by and between the City of Chicago (the "City") and Goldman, Sachs & Co., on behalf of itself and the other underwriters named in the Bond Purchase Agreement (collectively referred to as the "Purchasers"). In connection with the issuance of the Bonds and in accordance with our understanding with the City, we rendered legal advice and assistance to the City in the course of the City's preparation and review of the Preliminary Official Statement dated January 4, 2017, as supplemented by the Supplement dated January 6, 2017 (together, the "Preliminary Official Statement") and the Official Statement dated January 19,2017 (the "Official Statement*), relating to the Bonds.

In the course of such participation we have reviewed information furnished to us by, and have participated in conferences or otherwise with, the City's representatives, the City's Corporation Counsel, and the City's finance department; PFM Financial Advisors LLC and Public Alternative Advisors, LLC, as the City's co-financial advisors (the "Financial Advisors ^x); Mohanty Gargiulo LLC, as the City pricing advisor (the "Pricing Advisor"); the Purchasers; Schiff Hardin LLP and Sanchez Daniels & Hoffman LLP, as co-bond counsel ("Co-Bond Counsel"); Ice Miller, as underwriters' counsel ("Underwriters* CounseP'); and Chapman and Cutler LLP, as the City's special

disclosure counsel ("Special Disclosure Counsef). We have also reviewed certain documents, certificates and opinions delivered to the Purchasers and the City in connection with the issuance of the Bonds and

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

other documents and records relating lo the issuance and sale of the Bonds. In addition, we have relied upon statements, certificates and letters of the City's officials, the City's finance department, the City's Corporation Counsel, Co-Bond Counsel, Underwriters' Counsel, Special Disclosure Counsel, the Purchasers, the Pricing Advisor, and the Co-Financial Advisors. However, we have not independently investigated or verified the accuracy, completeness or fairness of any of the statements included in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement. In addition, we have assumed the genuineness of all signatures, the legal capacity of all individuals who have executed documents reviewed by us, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals and the conformity to original documents of all documents submitted to us as certified, photostatic, reproduced or conformed copies.

Based solely on the foregoing, we advise that, although we have made no independent investigation or verification of the accuracy, fairness or completeness of, and do not pass upon or assume any responsibility for, the statements included in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement, during the course of the activities described in the preceding paragraph, we are of the opinion that: (A) the Bonds are exempt from registration pursuant to the Securities Act. of 1933, as amended, and it is not necessary in connection with the public offering and sale of the Bonds to register any security under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and no ordinance or indenture in respect of the Bonds is required to be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, (B)the Continuing Disclosure Undertaking complies with the requirements of paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 in effect as of the date of the Closing and (C) nothing has come to our attention which would lead us to believe that the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement and the Appendices thereto (excluding the financial statements and other financial and statistical data contained in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement, including APPENDICES B and C, the financial and actuarial data concerning the retirement plans for City employees contained in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement under the heading "RETIREMENT FUNDS," the descriptions of DTC and the DTC Book-Entry System, and the information included in the Preliminary Official Statement or the Official Statement under the captions "INDEPENDENT AUDITORS," "FINANCIAL ADVISORS AND ADVISORS," "CERTAIN **INDEPENDENT** REGISTERED **MUNICIPAL** VERIFICATIONS." and "TAX MATTERS," or any other information therein relating to the tax "UNDERWRITING," exempt status of the Bonds, including APPENDIX E, as to any of which no view is expressed), contains an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

This letter is issued to and for the sole benefit of the above addressees and is issued for the sole purpose of the transaction specifically referred to herein. No person other than the above addressees may rely upon this letter without our express prior written consent. This letter may not be utilized for any other purpose whatsoever and may not be quoted without our express prior written consent. We assume no obligation to review or supplement this letter subsequent to its date, whether by reasons of a change in the current laws, by legislative or regulatory action, by judicial decision or for any other reason.

Respectfully,

Exhibit E

Representation Letter

City of Chicago Department of Finance 121 North LaSalle Street, 7^{,k} Floor Chicago, Illinois 60602 Attn.: Deputy Comptroller of Financial Policy Goldman, Sachs & Co. as Representative of the Underwriters named in the Bond Purchase Agreement, dated January 19,2017, between such Underwriters and the City of Chicago Pursuant to the Bond Purchase Agreement dated January 19, 2017 (the "Purchase Agreement"), among the City of Chicago (the "City") and Goldman, Sachs & Co., as representative (the "Representative") of the underwriters named therein (each an "Underwriter") relating to the City's General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds Series 2017A and Taxable Project Series 2017B, (the "Bonds"), each of the undersigned Underwriters severally represents to the City that:

1) Neither the Underwriter, nor any Affiliate thereof is listed on any of the following lists maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Department of the Treasury, the Bureau of Industry and Security of the U.S. Department of Commerce, the U.S. Department of State or their successors, or on any other list of persons or entities with which the City may not do business under any applicable law, rule, regulation, order or judgment: the Specially Designated Nationals List, the Denied Persons List, the Unverified List, the Entity List, the List of Statutorily Debarred Parties and the Excluded Parties List.

For purposes of this representation, "Affiliate," when used to indicate a relationship with a specified person or entity, means a person or entity that, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with such specified person or entity, and a person or entity shall be deemed to be controlled by another person or entity, if controlled in any manner whatsoever that results in control in fact by that other person or entity (or that other person or entity and any persons or entities with whom that other person or entity is acting jointly or in concert), whether directly or indirectly and whether through share ownership, a trust, a contract or otherwise.

2) The undersigned Underwriters agree that in the event that any Underwriter or any of its Affiliates appears on any of the lists described in paragraph (1) above, at any time prior to the Closing (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) with respect to the Bonds, that Underwriter shall be deemed to have submitted to the Representative its Withdrawal From Agreement Among Underwriters.

3) Each undersigned Underwriter understands and agrees that it is required to and will comply with the provisions of Chapter 2-56 of the Municipal Code of Chicago. Pursuant to Section 2-56-090 of the Municipal Code of Chicago, it shall be the

duty of each Underwriter to cooperate with the inspector general in any investigation or hearing undertaken pursuant to Chapter 2-56. Every Underwriter shall report, directly and without undue delay, to the City's inspector general any and all information concerning conduct by any person which such Underwriter knows to involve corrupt activity, pursuant to Section 2-156-018(b) of the Municipal Code of Chicago. Any Underwriter's knowing failure to report corrupt activity as required in subsection (b) of Section 2-156-018 Of the Municipal Code of Chicago, shall constitute an event of default under the Purchase Agreement. For purposes of subsection (b) of Section 2-156-018 of the Municipal Code of Chicago, "corrupt activity" shall mean any conduct set form in subparagraph (a)(1), (2) or (3) of Section 1 - 23-020 of the Municipal Code of Chicago:

1) bribery or attempted bribery, or its equivalent under any local, state or federal law, of any public officer or employee of the City or of any sister agency; or

2) theft, fraud, forgery, perjury, dishonesty or deceit, or attempted theft, fraud, forgery, perjury, dishonesty or deceit, or its equivalent under any local, state or federal law, against the City or of any sister agency; or

3) conspiring to engage in any of the acts set forth in items (1) or (2) of above.

The Underwriters (individually and collectively) agree and covenant that no payment, gratuity or offer of employment shall be made in connection with the Purchase Agreement, by or on behalf of a subcontractor to the Underwriter or any higher-tier subcontractor or any person associated therewith, as an inducement for the award of a subcontract or order related to this Purchase Agreement.

[Signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the panics hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below.

Dated: **■**...2017

GOLDMAN, SAGtfS & CO.MESIROW FINANCIAL. INC.Bv: 1Its: Mqrlugiog Ilis:ESTRADA HINOJOSA Bv:FIFTH THIRD SECURITIES, INC. By:Us: Us:ESTRADA HINOJOSA Bv:FIFTH THIRD SECURITIES, INC. By:

HARV ESTONS S ECURITIES, INFS SECURITIES BV:

Its: Its:

MELVIN & COMPANY BV: NORTH SOUTH CAPITAL LLC BV:...

Its:.....Its:

 SIEBERT CISNER●■■ WILLIAM BLAIR ' Bv:
 - ...

 its:. ': ": "~""" •'
 Us:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below.

Dated; , 2017

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO. / BvMESIROW FINANCIAL, INC. Bv:

 Its: Managing Director
 Its: ..

 ESTRADA HFIFTH THIRD SECURITIES, INC.
 Bv: . . . •

 Its: Senior vice? President
 Its:' " """ ■ :

its: ∎r'
∎Its:•‴
WILLIAM BLAIF Its; "
used this Representation Letter in connection esentatives as of the date written below.
Its:
WILLIAM BLAIR -
this Representation Letter in connection with the s of the date written below.
Its:
IFS SECURITIES
ITS SECORTIES Its:
2001
Printed on 5/30/202

MELVIN & COMPANY By: ($W^{\ NORTH SOUTH CAPITAL LLC}$ Bv:

Its: f) Managing Director

Its;

•••

i WILLIAM BLAIR

By:. Its:

SIEBERT CISNEROS SHANK & CO., LLC.

By:

Its:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below.

Dated: .,2017

GOLDMAMESIROW FINANCIA	
CO. By:	
Its: Managing DirecIts:	
ESTRADA IFIFTH THII	
.Its:,, Its:	
111 1 11	"• "
HAIFS SECURITIES By:	
ST(
SEC	
TIE	
INC	
•	
Its:	Its: '
III II II*	
MELVNORTH SOUTH CAPIT.	
COMP	
:	
■ Its: Its:	
V	VILLIA
SIEBERT CISNEROS SHANK & CO ^V	VILLIA
:Its: LmtAJ&WA/i^ ZrVfec'r^/s.	Its:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the dale written below.

Dutcd: fi2017

GOLDMAN. SACHS & CO. Bv: ■ Its: Managing Director ESTFIFTH THIRD SECURITIES, IN(MESIROW*»J^NCIAL, INC Bv: "" Its: ,/&iM?o-iL. MA&tij/Aiy. Vs-rte,-b»rz~.

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1	
its: :." •lis:	
[HARVESTONS SECURITIES, INC. By: Ills: ■" - Its:	: IPS SECURITIES Bv:
MELVIN & COMPANY Bv: NORTH SC	OUTH CAPITAL LLC Bv:
Us: .	ills:
SD3BERT CISNERC Its:" 'Its:.	1
i	j
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the with the Bonds to he executed by their d Dated:, 2017 ii	he parties hereto have caused this Representation Leiter in connection uly authorized representatives as of the date written below. j; i!
GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO. Bv: Its: Managing Director ESTRADA HINOJOSA Bv:	MESIROW FINANCIAL, INC. j: Bv: f <i>lis:</i> ""'(FIHn i THIRD^CURI'FIES, INC. j; By:. $A. \frac{1}{V_r^*}$
Its: Its: fl^MUX^r^ ^ J/V^J^J^: {	$A. \ l/V_r^* , \blacksquare$
HARVBSTONS SECURITIES, INC. Bv: Its: US:.:	IPS SECURITIES j: Bv:]
	NORTH SOUTH CAPITAL LLC j By: !•
SIEBERTWILLIAM BLAIR ; Us: 'Us: 1	i.t

J'k

1

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below.

Dated: 2017

Its:

Its: . <

SIEBERT CISNEIWILLIAM BLAIR Bv:

Its: Its:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with ihe Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below.

.Dated: , . . . 2017

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.ByMESIROW FINANCIAL, INC. Bv::Us: Managing Director""" fIts:'■"ESTRADA HINOJOSAFIFTH THIRD SECURITIES, INC. By:

Its: Its: ""			
•\	• •	•	
HARVEIFS SECURIT	TIES By:		
Us:.Its:.	.'		
MELVIN & COMPAN	VY By:		
	·	NORTH SOUTH CAPITAL	
		i^MM. CM~	
Its: ' '	Its: ():fr e\$\ cLcUl fh,		
SIEBERT CISNEROW	/ILLIAM BLAIR By:		
	••		
•			
• • • •			

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Representation Letter in connection with the Bonds to be executed by their duly authorized representatives as of the date written below.

Dated: . . ,2017

; GOLDMAN, SACHS & CCMESIROW FINANCIAL, INC. Bv:-

Its: lits:	
, ESTRADA HINOJOSA By:	FIFTH THIRD SEC
<u>.Its:</u> Its:	
HARVE;,IFS SECURITI	
Its:	Its:
MELVIN & COMPANY i By:	; NORTH SOUTH (
Its: Its:	
SIEBERT CISNEROS SHANK & CO., L.L.C. By:	i WILLIAM BLAIF
Its: Its:. $*Jt^{\wedge}Xr$	

Exhibit 2

Official Statement Dated January 19,2017 NEW ISSUE-GLOBAL BOOK ENTRY

Subject to the accuracy of certain representations and continuing compliance by tlic City of Chicago with certain covenants, in Uie respective opinions of SchiffHardin LLP and Sanchez Daniels & Hoffman LLP, Co-Bond Counsel, under present law, interest on the Series 2017A Bonds is excludable from the gross income of their owners for federal income tax purposes and thus is exempt from present federal income taxes based upon gross income. Such interest is not included as an item of tax preference in computing the federal alternative minimum tax on individuals and corporations, but is taken into account in computing an adjustment used in determining the federal alternative minimum tax for certain corporations. Interest on Hie Series 2017B Bonds is includable in the gross income of their owners for federal income taxes. See "TAX MATTERS" in this Official Statement for a more complete discussion of these matters.

\$1,160,260,000 CITY OF CHICAGO General Obligation Bonds

\$886,000,000 \$274,260,000

Project and Refunding Series 2017A Taxable Project Series 2017B

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: January 1, as shown on the inside front cover

The City of Chicago Genera] Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A (the "Series 2017A Bonds") and Taxable Project Series 2017B (the "Series 2017B Bonds" and collectively with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Bonds") are issrible as fully registered bonds and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). DTC will act as securities depository for the Bonds. Purchasers of the Bonds will not receive certificates representing their interests in the Bonds purchased. Ownership by the beneficial owners of the Bonds will be evidenced by book-entry only. The Bonds are issuable in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Interest on the Bonds will accrue from the date of issuance and be payable on each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2017. Principal of and interest on each Series of the Bonds will be paid by Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, Chicago, Illinois, as trustee under the Indenture described herein, to DTC, which in turn will remit such principal and interest payments to its participants for subsequent disbursement to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. As long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner as nominee of DTC, payments on the Bonds will be made to such registered owner, and disbursal of such payments will be the responsibility of DTC and its participants. See "THE BONDS-Book-Entry System."

The proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the 2017 Projects; (ii) refund or pay interest on all or a portion of certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City; (iii) fund certain capitalized interest on the Series 2017A Bonds; and (iv) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017A Bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2017B Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the 2017 Projects; (ii) pay certain judgments and settlements; and (iii) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017B Bonds. See "PLAN OF FINANCING" and "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS."

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity as described herein. See "THE BONDS-Redemption."

For maturities, principal amounts, interest rates, yields, prices and CUSIP numbers of the Bonds, see the inside front cover.

The Bonds are direct and general obligations of the City and all taxable property in the City is subject to a levy of ad valorem property taxes to pay the Bonds and the interest thereon without limitation as to rate or amount. The City has pledged its full faith and credit for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS" herein.

Prospective investors should read this Official Statement in its entirety prior to making an investment decision to purchase the Bonds.

Tiie Bonds are being offered when, as and if issued, and subject to the delivery of approving legal opinions by SchiffHardin LLP, Chicago, Illinois, and Sanchez Daniels & Hoffman LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Co-Bond Counsel, and to certain other conditions. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the City by (i) its Corporation Counsel, (ii) in connection with the preparation of this Official Statement, Burke, Warren, MacKay & Serritella, P.C, Chicago, Illinois, and Golden Holley James, LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Co-Disclosure Counsel to the City, and (iii) in connection with certain pension matters described in this Official Statement, Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Special Disclosure Counsel to the City. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the Underwriters by Ice Miller LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Underwriters' Counsel. It is expected that the Bonds will be available for delivery through the facilities of DTC on or about February 1, 2017.

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

	М	esirow Fina	ncial, Inc.			Estrada Hin	ojosa
Fifth Third	l Securities, Inc.	Harveston	s Securities, In	IC.	IFS Securities		in & Company
Nor	th South Capital L	LC	Siebert Ci	sneros Shank &	2 Co., L.L.C.	Willi	am Blair
Dated: January 19	9, 2017						
j i .I	of Chicago (the warranty is Underwriters information in th federal securities I accuracy or compl referred to herein a	e "On") from s made, howe have provide is Official St aws as applie eteness of su- and may not	The Depository ever, as to the acc d the following s atement in accor- ed to the facts an ch information. The be used, in whole	Trust Company a curacy or comple sentence for inclu- dance with, and a d circumstances of This Official State e or in part, for a	and other sources that teness of such inform usion in this Official S as part of, their respect of this transaction, bu ement is being used in	t are deemed relia tation by the Under Statement: The U ctive responsibilit t the Underwriters n connection with e delivery of this	been obtained by the City ble. No representation or erwriters or the City. The nderwriters reviewed the ies to investors under the s do not guarantee the the sale of securities as Official Statement al any
	No c	lealer, broker	, salesperson or	any other person	has been authorized b	by the City or the	Underwriters to give any
							n with the offering of the
			-		-		lied upon as having been
	-	•					solicitation of an offer to
'1	buy any securi	ties other that	n those describe	d on the cover pa	ge, nor shall there be	any offer to sell,	solicitation of an offer to buy
		statement th	at may have bee				sale. Neither this Official ntract with the registered
i \ '	AND DEMOGRA Payment for Pensi forward-looking st DISCUSSION AN well as assumption looking statements established by the the view of the Cit present, to the best performance of the	PHIC INFO on Benefits," atements and ID ANALYS as made by an s set forth in American In y, were prepa- t of the City's e City. I low ders of this C	RMATION" an all of which is s l information, ind IS-General fund and information c this Official St stitute of Certifi ared on a reasona knowledge and evcr, this inform official Statemen	d (ii) "Source Ir ourced to parties cluding the estim -GeneraLFund F urrently available atement were no ed Public Accou able basis, reflect belief, the expect ation is not fact a	aformation" as define other than the City), ates and projections s inancial Forecasts," the to the City. Such op the prepared with a vi- ntants with respect to the best currently av- ted course of action a	ed and used in "I contains certain o tet forth under the hat are based on the inions, estimates, ew toward complete prospective final ailable estimates a nd the expected fu- ied upon as being	projections and forward- ying with the guidelines ncial information, but, in and judgments, and iture financial necessarily indicative of
 ; I j	parties other than t auditors, have com preparation of, the auditors assume no including any 2010	he City, is so piled, exami prospective responsibili 6 year-end es	lely the product ned, or performe financial informa ty for the conten timates and 2017	of ihe City. 'Neit ed any procedures ation and, foi^yar t of the prospection 7-2019 projection adependent auditor	her trie City's' indepe s with respect to, or b d-looking;statements ve financial informat as, disclaim any assoc	ndent auditors, no een consulted in c contained herein. ion set forth in thi iation with such p nion or any other	The City's independent s Official Statement,
i	in the form of a hy	perlink solel	y for the reader'	^convenience.' /		erwise, such web	urposes only and may be sites and the information
Ι		THESE SI	ECURITIES HA	VE NOT BEEN	APPROVED. OR DI	SAPPROVED BY	THE SECURITIES
AND '! EXCHANGE AND			NY STATE	SECURITIES		NOR HAS	THE SECURITIES
!					COMMISSION PAS PRESEN TATION T		

.': 'i

I.

 : ."	CRIMINAL OFFENSE.
	THE BONDS HAVE NO T BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED,
NOR j	HAS THE INDENTURE BEEN QUALIFIED" UNDER T HE 'TRU ST' IN DENTURE * ACT OF 1939, AS AMENDED,
IN I	RELIANCE UPON EXEMPTIONS CONTAINED IN SUCH ACTS. THE REGISTRATION OR QUALIFICATION OF
THE I	BONDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE PROVISIONS. OF LAW OF THE STATES IN WHICH THE
BONDS I	HAVE BEEN REGISTERED OR QUALIFIED AND THE"EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION OR QUALIFICATION
IN I	OTHER STA TES CANNOT BE REGARDED AS A RECOMMENDATION
THEREOF.	OTHER STATES CARGOT BE REGARDED AS A RECOMMENDATION
	IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE BONDS,. THE. UNDERWRITERS MAY OVERALLOT OR

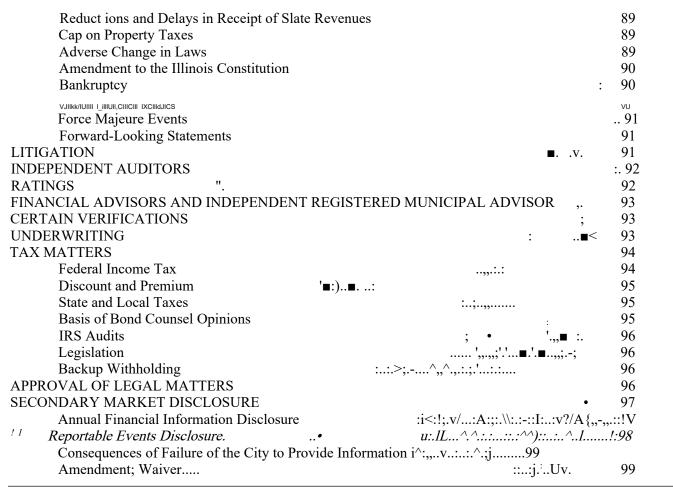
IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING OF THE BONDS,. THE. UNDERWRITERS MAY OVERALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICES OF THE BONDS AT LEVELS ABOVE THOSE WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME. THE PRICES AND OTHER TERMS RESPECTING THE OFFERING AND SALE OF THE BONDS MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITERS AFTER THE BONDS ARE RELEASED FOR SALE, AND THE BONDS MAY BE OFFERED AND SOLD AT PRICES OTHER THAN THE INITIAL OFFERING PRICES; INCLUDING SALES TO DEALERS WHO MAY SELL THE BONDS INTO INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	
THE CI TY	
General	
Government	
THE BONDS	
General :	
Payment of the Bonds	
Redemption	
Book-Entry System	
Bonds Not Presented for Payment	
Registration and Transfers	
Registered Owner Treated as Absolute Owner	1
SECURITY FOR THE BONDS	1
General Obligation of the City .	1
Property Tax Collection Process for the Bonds	
Lien and Security Interest Status	1
Additional General Obligation Debt	1
PLAN OF FINANCING	1
Financing of the 2017 Projects	
Refunding and Restructuring	
SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS '.	
FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS ,	
Annual Budget	1
City Fund Structure	1
General Fund	1

Pag

Fund Stabilization	3
Capital Improvements	3
City Workforce	3
Property Taxes	3
Overlapping Taxing Districts	4
Long-Term Leases, Concessions of City Facilities	4
Illinois Sports Facilities Authority	4
City Investment Policy	4
RETIREMENT FUNDS	4
Payment for Pension Benefits	4
Payment for Other Post-Employment Benefits	7
GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT	, 8
Long-Term General Obligation Bonds	8;
Short-Term Borrowing Program	8i
MRL Financing LLC Promissory Note	8
USX South Works	8
INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS	8
Unfunded Pensions	8!
	8! 8!
Overlapping Taxing Districts	• •
Structural Deficit and Debt Restructuring	8!
Increased Debt Service Levels	8'



97

emma.,100Termination of Undertaking100Additional Information::.i.i.:.^:iiUl^...i.:::Corrective Action Related to Certain Bond Disclosure RequirementsV.^-:::./.i.:-:VAv..::.':!:';"..:100MISCELLANEOUS> 102

APPENDIX A - SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE APPENDIX B - ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION APPENDIX C- CITY OF CHICAGO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR • ' THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 '>i' APPENDIX D- PROPERTY TAXES APPENDIX E- OPINIONS OF CO-BOND COUNSEL ''' APPENDIX F - REFUNDED AND INTEREST PAID BONDS '-

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$1,160,260,000 CITY OF CHICAGO General Obligation Bonds

\$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A \$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B

INTRODUCTION

This Official Statement is furnished by the City of Chicago (the "City") to provide information with respect to the City's \$1,160,260,000 General Obligation Bonds, City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, consisting of \$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017 A (the "Series 2017A Bonds"), and \$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B (the "Series 2017B Bonds" and collectively with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Bonds"). Certain capitalized terms used in this Official Statement, unless otherwise defined, are defined in APPENDIX A-"SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE-Glossary of Terms."

The Bonds are direct and general obligations of the City and all taxable property in the City is subject to the levy of ad valorem property taxes to pay the Bonds and the interest thereon without limitation as to rate or amount. The Bonds shall be payable, as to principal and interest, from any moneys, revenues, receipts, income, assets or funds of the City legally available for such purpose, including, but not limited to, the proceeds of a direct annual tax levied by the City in the Bond Ordinance (hereinafter defined) upon all taxable property located in the City sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The City has pledged its full faith and credit to the payment of the Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS."

The proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the 2017 Projects; (ii) refund or pay interest on all or a portion of certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City; (iii) fund certain capitalized interest on the Series 2017A Bonds; and (iv) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017A Bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2017B Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the 2017 Projects; (ii) pay certain judgments and settlements; and (iii) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017B Bonds. See "PLAN OF FINANCING" and "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS."

The Bonds are being issued under the authority granted to the City as a home rule unit of local government under the Illinois Constitution of 1970. The Bonds are authorized by an ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City (the "City Council") on October 5, 2016 (the "Bond Ordinance") and are being issued pursuant to a Trust Indenture (the "Indenture"), dated as of February 1, 2017, between the City and Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National

Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

THE CITY

General

Chicago is the third largest city in the United States with a population of approximately 2.7 million. The City, located on the shores of Lake Michigan in the Midwestern United States, is the commercial and cultural center of a large and diverse regional economy. Trade, transportation, utilities, professional and business services, education and health services, government, leisure and hospitality and

1

manufacturing are among (lie Chicago region's largest industry sectors. The City's transportation and distribution network includes Chicago O'Hare International Airport (ranked fourth worldwide and second in the United States in 2015 in terms of total passengers), rail traffic interchanges for the country's six largest freight railroad companies, and two ports capable of handling ocean-going ships and barges. See APPENDIX B-"ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION."

Government

The City was incorporated in 1837. The City is a municipal corporation and home rule unit of local government under the Illinois Constitution of 1970 and as such, "may exercise any power and perform any function pertaining to its government and affairs including, but not limited to, the power to regulate for the protection of the public health, safety, morals and welfare; to license; to tax; and to incur debt" except that it can "impose taxes upon or measured by income or earnings or upon occupation" only if authorized by statute.

. The Mayor and the City Council govern the City. The City Clerk;and-the City Treasurer along with the Mayor are the only three Citywide elected officials. The City is divided into fifty legislative districts, or wards. Each ward is represented by an alderman who is elected by their constituency. The citywide officials and the fifty aldermen are elected to serve coterminous four-year, terms. The aldermen comprise the 50-person City Council, which serves as the legislative branch of government of the City. The legislative powers of the City Council are granted by the State legislature and by home rule provisions of the Illinois Constitution.

•. As the legislative body of the, City ,; the City Council usually meets once every month to^exercise general and, specific'powers delegated by State law.. The City Council votes on loans extended by the City that exceed certain limits, bond.issues, the City's short-term.borrowing programs.(whether general obligation or; revenue), land acquisitions and sales, ;zoning changes, traffic, control issues,, certain mayoral appointees, -.and financial, appropriations, , Its standing committees, work, with ,individual:departments on the execution of City activities, and review proposed ordinances, resolutions and orders .before they are voted on by the full City Council.

. ; The, Committee, on Finance of the City Council considers .ordinances, orders or resolutions that are referred or submitted to the Committee on Finance by aldermen, the Office of the Mayor, various City departments, and the general public. The Committee, on Finance has jurisdiction over financial .matters, including tax levies; general obligation bonds and, revenue bonds; the financing of municipal services and capital improvements; mattery generally affecting the Department of Finance, ,the City, Comptroller, and the City Treasurer; claims under the Workmen's Compensation Act; the Condominium Refuse Rebate Program; and all pecuniary claims against the City.

THE BONDS

General

The Bonds mature on January 1 of the years and in the amounts set forth on the inside front cover of this Official Statement. The Bonds are fully registered bonds. The Bonds are issuable in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Each Bond will bear interest at the rates set forth on the inside cover of this Official Statement from the later of its .date, or the most recent Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, until the principal amount of such Bond is paid, such interest being payable on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on July 1, 2017. Interest on each Bond will be paid to the person, in

2

whose name such Bond is registered at the close of business on the Record Date next preceding the applicable Interest Payment Date.

The Trustee will serve as bond registrar and paying agent for the Bonds. The Bonds are registered through a book -entry only system operated by The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC). Details of payments of the Bonds when in the book-entry only system are described under "-Book-Entry System" below. Except as described under "Book-Entry System-General" below, Beneficial Owners of the Bonds will not receive or have the right to receive physical delivery of such Bonds, and will not be or be considered to be the Registered Owners thereof. Accordingly, Beneficial Owners must rely upon (i) the procedures of DTC and, if such Beneficial Owner is not a DTC "Direct Participant" or "Indirect Participant" (as defined below), the Direct or Indirect Participant who will act on behalf of such Beneficial Owner to receive notices and payments of principal and interest or Redemption Price of such Bonds, and to exercise voting rights and (ii) the records of DTC and, if such Beneficial ownership of such Bonds. So long as DTC or its nominee is the Registered Owner of the Bonds, references herein to Bondholders or Registered Owners of such Bonds mean DTC or its nominee and do not mean the Beneficial Owners of such Bonds. The laws of some states may require that certain purchasers of securities take physical delivery of such securities in definitive form. Such limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer beneficial interests in a Bond.

Payment of the Bonds

The principal of the Bonds will be payable in lawful money of the United States of America which, at the respective dates, of payment thereof, is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, upon presentation and surrender thereof at the Designated Corporate. Trust Office of the Trustee.

Interest on each Bond will be paid to the person in whose name such Bond is registered at the close of business on the Record Date next preceding the applicable Interest Payment Date, by check or draft of the Trustee, or, at the option of any; registered owner of \$1,000,000 or more in aggregate principal amount of Bonds of a . series, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to such bank in the continental United States of America as the registered owner of such Bonds requests in writing to the Trustee.

Redemption

The Bonds are subject to both optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity, as described below. The Bonds shall be redeemed only in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Optional Redemption of Series 2017A Bonds

The Series 2017A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, on any date on or after January I, 2027, and if less than all of the outstanding Series 2017A Bonds of a single maturity are to be redeemed the Series 2017A Bonds called shall be called by lot, in such principal amounts and from such maturities as the City shall determine, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Series 2017 A Bonds being redeemed plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

Optional Redemption of Series 2017B Bonds with Make Whole Payment

The Series 2017B Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, and if in part from such maturities and interest rates as shall be determined by an Authorized Officer on any Business Day (as defined below) at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present

3

values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date such Series 2017B Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date of redemption of such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting-of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate (defined below) plus 70 basis points plus accrued interest on such Bonds being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption.

The make whole optional redemption price of theSeries 2017B Bonds to be redeemed will be calculated by an independent accounting firm, investment banking firm or financial advisor (the "Calculation Agent") retained by the City at the City's expense. The Bond Registrar and the City may rely on the Calculation Agent's determination'of the make whole optional redemption price and will not be liable for such reliance. An Authorized Officer shall confirm and transmit the redemption price as so calculated on such dates and to such parties as shall be necessary to effectuate such redemption.

The "Treasury- Rate" is;< as.of any redemption-date, for the Series¹ 20.17B Bonds, the yield to maturity .as of such redemption date of U:S. Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled.and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519.) that, is publicly available four Business Days (as defined below) prior to the redemption date .(excluding inflation indexed.securities) (or, if such Statistical Releasees no longer published, any publicly available, source of similar market data)) most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to the maturity date of the Bonds of such series to be redeemed; provided, however, that if the period from the redemption'date) to such maturity date is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded U.S. Treasury securities adjusted to a constant-maturity ^of one year will be used.'- "Business Day" means any' day'other than, a day on which banks rin <New York, New York, Chicago, Illinois; or thecity in which the Bond Registrar maintains its designated office are i required'or authorized'to close.' 'The- Tfeasury/iRateMwill be ^determined by >ah independent accounting firm, investment banking firm, or financial advisor retained by the City at the City's expense; " v:-v * '' :...'(.v, :

¹ • The City.is authorized to sell or waive any right theiCity may have to call any 'of the Bonds for optional iredemption, inAvhole-'orUnpart; provided'; that: such sale: or waiver will not adversely ^affect the excludability of interest- on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.' ^{r;}

Mandatory Redemption

The Series 2017A Bonds maturing on January 1, 2038 are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity'on January 1 of the years and in the' amounts set forth below,'at a Redemption Price equal to 100 percent :of the principal

amount thereof.plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption:

<u>YearPrincipal Amoun</u>	<u>t</u>		
2035	\$ 35,605,000		
2036	224,380,000 ;		
• 2037	308,450,000		
2038*'' 144,555,000 ' '			
*Fiiial rhatufity		'_	• •

The Series 2017B Bonds maturing on January 1, 2029 are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity on January 1 of the years and in the amounts set forth below, at a'Redemption Price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption:

4

<u>Year</u> 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029*

Principal Amount

\$38,320,000 32,540,000 25,895,000 27,710,000 29,615,000 31,725,000 34,030,000 36,460,000 17,965,000

* Final maturity

Reduction of Mandatory Redemption Amounts

The principal amount of the Bonds of a series to be mandatorily redeemed in each year may be reduced through the earlier optional redemption thereof. Any partial optional redemption of a series of Bonds of a maturity will be credited against future mandatory redemption requirements for that maturity in such order of the mandatory redemption dates as the City may determine.

' In addition, on or prior to the sixtieth (60th) day preceding any mandatory redemption date, the Trustee, if directed by the City, shall purchase the Bonds required to be retired on such mandatory redemption date at such prices as the City shall determine. Any Bond so purchased shall be canceled and the principal amount thereof shall be credited against the payment required on such next mandatory redemption date.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption

While the Bonds of a series are registered in the book-entry system and so long as DTC or a successor-securities depository is the sole registered owner of such Bonds, if less than all of the Bonds of such series and maturity are to be redeemed prior to maturity, the particular Bonds or portions of such Bonds will be selected by lot by DTC or such successor securities depository in such manner as DTC or such successor securities depository may determine. See "THE BONDS-Book-Entry System." If the Bonds are not registered in the book-entry system, the following procedures for the selection of such Bonds shall apply.

If less than all the Bonds of a series shall be called for redemption under any provision of the Indenture permitting such partial redemption, (i) such redemption shall be by lot in such manner as the Trustee may determine among such Bonds, and (ii) subject to other applicable provisions of the Indenture, the portion of any Bond to be redeemed shall be in a principal amount equal to an Authorized Denomination. In selecting Bonds for redemption, the

Trustee shall assign' to each Bond of like series, Maturity Date, and interest rate a distinctive number for each minimum Authorized Denomination of such Bond and shall select by lot from the numbers so assigned as many numbers as, at such minimum Authorized Denomination for each number, shall equal the principal amount of such Bonds to be redeemed, m such case, the Bonds to be redeemed shall be those to which were assigned numbers so selected; provided that only so much of the principal amount of each Bond shall be redeemed as shall equal such minimum Authorized Denomination for each number assigned to it and so selected. If if is determined that one or more, but not all, of the integral multiples of the Authorized Denomination of principal amount represented by any Bond is to be called for redemption, then,'upon notice of intention to redeem such integral multiple of an Authorized Denomination, the Registered Owner of such Bond shall forthwith surrender such Bond to the Trustee for (a) payment to such Registered Owner of the Redemption Price of the integral multiple of the Authorized Denomination of principal amount called for redemption, and (b) delivery to such Registered Owner of a new Bond or Bonds in the aggregate

5

principal amount of the unredeemed balance of the principal amount of such Bond. New Bonds representing the unredeemed balance of the principal amount of such Bond shall be issued to the Registered Owner thereof without charge therefor.

Notice of Redemption

Unless waived by any owner of Bonds to be redeemed, notice of the call for any such redemption shall be given by the Trustee on behalf of the City by mailing the redemption notice by first class mail at least 30 days and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the Registered Owner of the Bond or Bonds to be redeemed at the address shown on the Bond Register or at such other address as is furnished in writing by such Registered Owner to the Trustee, but the failure to mail any such notice or any defect therein as to any Bond shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Bond. Any notice of redemption mailed as provided under the Indenture shall be conclusively presumed to have been given whether or not actually received by the. addressee. All notices of redemption with respect to the Bonds shall state: (1) the series designation of the Bonds to be redeemed; (2) the redemption date; (3),the Redemption Price; (4) if less than all outstanding Bonds of a series are to be redeemed, the identification (and, in the. case of partial redemption, the respective principal amounts and interest rates) of the Bonds of such series, to be redeemed; (5) that, on the redemption date the Redemption Price will become due and payable upon each such. Bond or portion thereof called for redemption, and that interest thereon shall cease to accrue or compound from and after said date; (6) the place where such,-Bonds, are. to be surrendered for payment of the Redemption .Price; ;and;(7) such other information, as shall be deemed necessary by [the Trustee at the time such notice is given to comply with ■ : ;- •

law, regulation or .industry standard.

With respect to an optional redemption of Bonds, such notice may state that said (redemption is conditioned upon the receipt by the Trustee on or prior to the date fixed for redemption of moneys sufficient to pay the applicable Redemption Price of such Bonds. If such moneys are, not so received, such redemption notice shall be of no force and effect, the City shall not redeem such Bonds and such failure to,deposit such,funds.shall not constitute.an Eyent.of Pefault:Under.the;Indenrxire...,:The Trustee shall give notice,;in;the,same manner in which the notice-of redemption was given^that such moneys were not so received and that such Bonds wilTnot be redeemed. Unless.the notice of redemption shall be made conditional-as provided above, on or prior to any redemption date for the Bonds; .the City, shall, deposit withithe Trustee an amount of money .sufficient to pay;the applicable Redemption Price of all . the Bonds orportions thereof which are to be redeemed on that date.

Book-Entry System

General ■

• The following information concerning DTC has been furnished by DTC for use in this Official Statement and neither the City- nor -the any of. the Underwriters, takes, any, responsibility for its accuracy, or completeness..

j ... D I G will act as securities.depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully registered securities registered, in the name of Cede &. Co. (DTC's partnership nominee), or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC- One fully registered Bond will be issued for each Series and. maturity of the Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of such .maturity, and, will be deposited with DTC.. DTC, the world's largest depository, is a limited^purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law,, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New: York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation'^within^he meaning of the New, York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market

>, ∎

6

instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies of the Depository and Eating Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant,' either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has an S&P Global Ratings rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file

with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com <http://www.dtcc.com>.

Purchases of the offered Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each offered Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of the Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Trustee and request that copies of the notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds of a Series and maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in the Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with¹ DTC's Money Management Institute ("MMF) Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the City as

7

soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the City or the Trustee, on the payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and. customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC (nor its nominee),-.the City or the Trustee, as applicable, subject to any statutory or regulatory

requirements as may be in effect from time, to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and interest .to. Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may. be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the City and the Trustee; disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC; and disbursement of:such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its. services: as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by; giving reasonable notice .to the City or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, ;in the. event that a successor securities depository is not obtained; certificates, for the.Bonds are required .to be _ printed and delivered.

DiscontimiedUse of Book₇Entzy System \blacksquare . ?,-, :, \bullet j; :₀,.n f[!] .,•,,,"''...»•.

 $Procedures"May Change , \qquad \blacksquare \qquad ., u \qquad ., f..., -, Mi...., - \qquad \bullet -/_ u < \blacksquare !>, -\blacksquare < \blacksquare -.$

Although DTC has agreed to .these procedures, in order, to facilitate, transfers of securities among QTC and its, Participants, pTC. is under no. obligation to. perform or continue to perform these procedures and these procedures may be discontinued and may be changed atanytimeiby.DTC..:

The information in this, section concerning DTC, and the, Book-Entry System has been obtained

from sources that.the City believes ;tq,be reliable, but neither-the City nor any of the,,Underwriters takes

any.responsibility, for the accuracy thereof.

Additional Information. ,,

.,, For every transfer and exchange of the Bonds, the Trustee and DTC and the Participants may

• ... • ... ,. ■

charge the Beneficial Owner a sum sufficient to, cover any tax,, fee. or other .charge that.may.be <http://that.may.be> imposed in

relation thereto.

•;••

NEITHER THE CITY NOR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION WITH RESPECT, TO (I) THE, ACCURACY OF THE RECORDS OF DTC, CEDE & CO. OR ANY PARi: CIPANT WITH RESPECT TO ANY OWNERSHIP, INTEREST IN THE BONDS, (II) THE DELIVERY TO ANY PARTICIPANT OR ANY OTHER, PERSON, OTHER, THAN AN OWNER, OF ANY NOTICE WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS, INCLUDING ANY NOTICE OF REDEMPTION, OR (111) THE PAYMENT TO ANY PARTICIPANT OR ANY OTHER PERSON, OTHER THAN AN OWNER OF ANY AMOUNT WITH RESPECT TO PRINCIPAL OF OR INTEREST,ON THE BONDS.

8

In reading this Official Statement it should be understood that while the Bonds are in the Book-Entry System, references in other sections of this Official Statement to Registered Owners should be read to include the person for which a Participant acquires an interest in the Bonds, but (a) all rights of ownership must be exercised through DTC and the Book-Entry System, and (b) notices that are to be given to Registered Owners will be given only to DTC.

Bonds Not Presented tor Payment

If any Bond is not presented for payment when the principal amount thereof becomes due, either at maturity or at a date fixed for redemption thereof or otherwise, and if moneys sufficient to pay such Bond are held by the Trustee for the benefit of the Registered Owner of such Bond, the Trustee shall hold such moneys for the benefit of the Registered Owner of such Bond without liability to the Registered Owner for interest. The Registered Owner of such Bond thereafter shall be restricted exclusively to such funds for satisfaction of any claims relating to such Bond.

Registration and Transfers

The Bond Register for the registration and transfer of the Bonds will be kept at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, as the registrar for the City in connection with the Bonds. See "THE BONDS-Book-Entry System" for a discussion of registration and transfer of the beneficial ownership interests in Bonds while they are in the Book-Entry System. The following provisions relate to the registration and transfer of Bonds when such Bonds are in certificated form.

Upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Bond at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, duly endorsed by, or accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer in form satisfactory to the Trustee and duly executed by the Bondholder or such Bondholder's attorney duly authorized in writing in such form and with guarantee of signature as shall be satisfactory to the Trustee, the City shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the transferee or transferees, one or more fully registered Bonds of the same Maturity Date and Series of Authorized Denominations, for a like principal amount bearing numbers not contemporaneously outstanding. Subject to the limitations described in the following paragraph, Bonds may be exchanged at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds of the same Maturity Date and Series of other Authorized Denominations bearing numbers not contemporaneously outstanding.

The Trustee shall not be required to transfer or exchange any Bond during the period commencing on the Record Date next preceding any Interest Payment Date of such.Bond and ending on such Interest Payment Date, or to transfer or exchange such Bond after the mailing of notice calling such Bond for redemption has been made as provided in the Indenture or during the period of 15 days next preceding the giving of notice of redemption of Bonds of the same Maturity Date arid Series.

No service charge shall be made for any transfer or exchange of Bonds, but the City or the Trustee may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any transfer or exchange of such Bonds, except that no such payment may be required in the case of the issuance of a Bond or Bonds for the unredeemed portion of a Bond surrendered for redemption.

Bonds delivered upon any registration of transfer or exchange will be valid general obligations of the City, evidencing the same debt as the Bonds surrendered, will be secured by the Indenture and will be entitled to all of the security and benefits of the Indenture and of the Bond Ordinance to the same extent as such Bond surrendered.

9

Registered Owner Treated as Absolute Owner

The City, the Trustee and any Paying Agent may treat the Registered Owner of any Bond as the absolute owner thereof for all purposes, whether or not such Bond shall be overdue, and shall not be bound by any notice to the contrary. All payments of or on account of the principal of and interest on any such Bond as provided in the Indenture shall be made only to or upon the written order of the Registered Owner thereof or such Registered Owner's legal representative,

but such registration may be changed as provided in the Indenture. All such payments shall be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid.

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

General Obligation of the City

The Bonds are direct and general obligations of the City and all taxable property in the City is subject to the levy of ad valorem property taxes to pay the Bonds and the interest'thereon without limitation as to rate or amount. The Bonds are payable, as to principal and interest, from any moneys, revenues, receipts, income, assets or funds of the City legally available for'such purpose including, but not limited to" the proceeds of a direct annual tax levied by the City in the Bond Ordinance (the "Bond Property Tax Levy") upon all taxable property located in the City in an amount not less than the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The Bond prdinahce'*also 'authorizes 'the' City' to use the proceeds of the Bond Property Tax Levy for costs of certain ongoing financing services related to the Bonds. The Bond Property Tax Levy_wiU.be> on file with the County Clerks of Cook and DuPage Counties,

Illinois (the

"Cc $^Wv'^$ issuance. of the Bonds? See "I'INANCIAL DISCUSSION AND A N A j. Y SIS-Property taxes" and XPH-NDIX D_r- POPERTY TAXES." ' "\"

' the City pledged its full faith" and credit "to' the payment of the, Bonds.' Under Ordinance, the City is obligated to appropriate amounts sufficient to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds authorized by the Ordinance' for the years such amounts are due, and the City covenanted in the Bond Ordinance to take timely action as required^ by law to carry put such obligation; however, if for any such year the City fails to do so, the. Bond Ordinance constitutes a continuing appropriation of such amounts without any' further action by the City.

If the revenues raised by the Bond Property Tax Levy are not available in time to make any payment's of priricipatof or intereston the,Bonds'when due, then the appropriate fiscal officers'of the City are'directed in the Bond Ordinance .to make such payments from any other moneys, revenues, receipts, income,"assets'or funds ofjh'e City 'that are' legally, available for that purpose in advance of the collection of the Bond Property/Tax Levy .t

Property Tax Collection Process for the Bonds

The City's annual aggregate property tax ievy'is used primarily to pay debt service on the City's general obligation debt and'to fund City contributions 'to'the City's pension plans. See "FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND⁵ ANALYSIS-Property taxes." the Bond Property Tax Levy is included'in the calculation of the City's annual aggregate property tax levy.

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

10

Set forth below is a general schematic of the process by which the Bond Property Tax Levy in Cook County (being the County in which approximately 99.99 percent of the taxable property in the City is located) is levied, billed, collected, and remitted to the City and, ultimately, to the Trustee.

Tax Levy Series 2017 Bonds

The Bond Ordinance provides for the levy and collection of a direct annual tax upon all taxable property in the City in not less than the amount needed to make payments of debt service on the Bonds, and a certified copy of the Bond Ordinance is filed with the County Clerk prior to the issuance of the Bonds.

The City informs the County Clerk of its annual aggregate tax levy (which includes confirmation of the Bond Property 'fax Levy), and the County Clerk determines the property tax for the City and all overlapping taxing districts for each City parcel.

The County Treasurer issues the tax bills, collects the property taxes, and remits the City's share of property taxes to the City Treasurer.

The City Treasurer deposits the portion of the property taxes earmarked for general obligation debt (including the Bonds) into the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund held by the City Treasurer described in the paragraph following this chart.

The City Treasurer remits from the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund an amount equal to the Principal and Interest Account Requirement for the - Bonds to the Trustee for deposit into the Bond Fund established under the Indenture sufficiently in advance to enable the Trustee to make debt service payments on the Bonds on or prior to the scheduled debt service payment dates. If property taxes are insufficient, payments to the Trustee are to be made from any other legally available revenues.

The Trustee makes the principal and interest payments for the Bonds to the Bondholders thereof on the scheduled debt service payment dates.

As shown above, when property taxes are remitted by the Cook County Treasurer to the City, the property taxes for debt service are deposited and held in the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund maintained by the City Treasurer. The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund is used for the payment of debt service on all of the City's general obligation bonds, including the Bonds, for which the City has levied property taxes, and is one of a number of governmental funds used by the City to account for its governmental activities.

11

Lien and Security Interest Status

Bondholders do not have a statutory lien on remittances from the Bond Property Tax Levy or any other funds on deposit in the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund. The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund is held by the City Treasurer. Until remittances from the Bond Property Tax Levy are deposited with the Trustee as required by the Indenture, any claim for payment made by Bondholders against such funds, or any other funds in the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund, will be subject to any competing claims which may exist against such funds. Once remittances from the Bond Property Tax Levy are deposited with the Trustee as required by the Indenture, such funds are subject to the Bondholders' security interest and may be used by the Trustee solely'for the purposes authorized by the Indenture, including payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS-Bankruptcy" and "-Uncertain Enforcement Remedies."

There is no guarantee that the flow of revenues from the Bond Property Tax Levy will always be maintained as described above. The City Council could alter the Bond Property Tax Levy or the City could use remittances from the Bond Property Tax Levy "or other funds held in the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund for other uses besides debt service on the Bonds as authorized by the Bond Ordinance or as may be authorized in the future. The Illinois General

Assembly could alter the procedure by which property taxes are extended and collected. However, because the Bonds are a general obligation of the City to which it has pledged its full faith and credit, if revenues from the Bond Property Tax Levy were insufficient to pay debt service on the Bonds, the City would still be obligated to find other sources of funds to remit to the Trustee for the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds when due.

For additional information on real property assessment, tax levies and collections, see Appendix d-^"prOperty taxes."

Additional General Obligation Debt

The City has issued, and may from time to time issue, 'debt and incur other obligations that are general obligations of the City, including commercial paper and borrowings under revolving lines of credit which comprise the City's short-term borrowing facilities (the "Short-Term Borrowing Program"), all of which are secured by the full faith and credit of the City. The City currently does not plan. to issue ariy additional, general obligation bonds prior to 2019. .;

For the last several years, in order .to limit the annual property tax levy for debt service oh its

outstanding general, obligation bonds, thei, City has annually issued general obligation, debt to pay, a

portion of the near-term debt service on .such bonds. The City currently plans to end this practice after the

issuance of the-Bonds. See also "GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT-Long-Term General Obligation

Bonds." • :[±]

PLAN OF FINANCING ~

The proceeds of the' Series 20 i 1A Bonds will be'''used-to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the 2017 Projects; (ii) refund or pay interest on all or a portion of certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City; (iii) fund certain capitalized interest on the Series 2017A Bonds; and (iv) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017A Bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2017B Bonds will be used to (i) pay a portion of the costs of the 2017 Projects; (ii) pay certain judgments and settlements; and (iii) pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017B Bonds". For additional information, see "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS" below.

12

Financing of" the 2017 Projects

The Bond Ordinance authorizes the City to use the Bond proceeds to finance one or more of the following (collectively, the "Authorized Uses"): (i) public right-of-way infrastructure improvements in City neighborhoods, including street and alley construction and improvements, lighting improvements, sidewalk improvements and replacement, and curb and gutter repairs and replacement; (ii) infrastructure improvements to enhance the development of economic activity, including industrial street construction and improvements, streetscaping, median landscaping, demolition of hazardous, vacant or dilapidated buildings that pose a threat to public safely and welfare, shoreline reconstruction, riverbank stabilization, residential and commercial infrastructure redevelopment and railroad viaduct clearance improvements; (iii) transportation improvements to City property and facilities and to property and facilities located within the City limits which are owned by other governmental entities, including street resurfacing, bridge and freight tunnel rehabilitation, traffic signal modernization, new traffic signal installation, intersection safety improvements

and transit facility improvements; (iv) grants to assist not-for-profit organizations or educational or cultural institutions, or to assist other municipal corporations, units of local government, school districts, the State of Illinois or the United States of America; (v) the acquisition of personal property, including, but not limited to, computer hardware and software, vehicles or other capital items useful or necessary for City purposes; (yi) constructing, equipping, altering and repairing various municipal facilities including fire stations, police stations, libraries, senior and health centers and other municipal facilities;-and (vii) the funding of (A) judgments entered against the City, (B) certain settlements or other payments required to be made by the City as a condition to the resolution of,litigation or threatened litigation or arbitration and (C) such escrow accounts or other reserves as shall be deemed necessary for any of said purposes. Projects described in categories (i) through (vi) above are collectively referred to as the "2077 Projects". See "GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT-Long-Term General Obligation Bonds."

One or more components of the 2017 Projects described above may later be changed by the City to include financing of other Authorized Uses-.

Refunding and Restructuring

A portion of the proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds will be used to refund all or a portion of the principal of and interest on certain maturities of outstanding general obligation bonds, of the City (the "Refunded Bonds"), and to pay interest on certain maturities of outstanding general obligation bonds of the City (the "Interest Paid Bonds") on certain respective payment dates. See "SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS." The Refunded Bonds and Interest Paid Bonds are set forth in APPENDIX F-"REFUNDED AND INTEREST PAID BONDS."

A portion of the proceeds of the Series .2017 A Bonds, along with \$77,545,341 of City funds (not constituting proceeds of any bonds), are being used to restructure general obligation debt service to lower the annual property tax levy necessary to service debt. This will reduce general obligation debt service in levy years 2016, 2017, and 2018, and will extend the average maturity of the City's general obligation debt. A portion of the proceeds is also being used to refund certain bonds for debt service savings. See "GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT-Long-Term General Obligation Bonds-Debt Service Schedule."

To provide for the payment and retirement of the Refunded Bonds and the payment of interest on the Interest Paid Bonds, certain proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds will be used to purchase "defeasance obligations" as defined in the ordinances authorizing each series of Refunded Bonds (collectively, the "Refunded Bonds Defeasance Obligations"). The principal of and interest on the Refunded Bonds Defeasance Obligations, together with available cash deposits, will be sufficient (i) to pay when due the interest on the Refunded Bonds to their respective maturity or redemption dates, (ii) to pay or redeem the Refunded Bonds on their respective maturity or redemption dates at their respective principal amounts or

13

redemption prices; and (iii) to pay the interest on the Interest Paid Bonds on the applicable interest payment dates.

The Refunded Bonds Defeasance Obligations purchased with certain proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds, together with available cash deposits, will be held in escrow accounts with the respective paying agents for the Refunded Bonds and the Interest Paid Bonds or an escrow agent (collectively, the "Escrow Accounts"). Neither the cash on deposit, the maturing principal of the Refunded Bonds Defeasance Obligations, nor the interest to be earned thereon will serve as security or be available for the payment of the principal of or the interest on the/Bonds.

The mathematical computation of,(i) the,adequacy, of maturing principal jpf and interest earnings on . the Refunded Bonds Defeasance Obligations , togetherwith initial cash,.deposits in the Escrow Accounts to provide for payments on the,Refunded Bonds, and the Interest Paid Bonds as described above and (ii) the actuarial yields on the Bonds.and The. Refunded.Bonds Qefeasance-ObiMgations will be verified at the time.of the delivery of the Bonds by Robert Thomas,,CPA, LLC, Shawnee, Mission, Kansas, independent certified public accountants: See "CERTAIN VERIFICATIONS."

SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

"The following¹ table sets forth 'the 'sources 'anduses of funds from the sale of the Bonds as

described'under "PLAN OF" FINANCING."; •' ; ;>

SOURCES OF FUNDS: Principal Amount of the Bonds Net Original^ssue Discount issuer Funds - ¹¹Total Sources of Funds

USES OF FUNDS: Costs of 2017 Projects Deposits.toEscrow Accounts Capitalized Interest ' ju'dgmerits'ahd Settlements ' Cbstsof Issuarice!(including the , .-underwriters' discount) Total Uses of-Funds

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Scries 20I7A ; Bonds .* -.j i,

\$886,000,000 (21,756,221) ./:.' = =! V.. • \$864.243.779

\$318,273,769, 461,687,698 77/206,2 io

,i . 7.076.101 ,\$864.243.779 Series 2017B i - Bonds ,

\$274,260,000

\$274.260,000.

\$47,067,444

225,'000,000'

:2,192.556,, S274.260.000

Total

60,260-000 (21,756,221) $\blacksquare'\blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare'77,545,341 \$1 . \blacksquare 216.049.120$

\$77,545,341

\$ 365,341,214 539,233,040 ' 77.206,210 ' 225',006;O00

.\$77.545.341: \$1-216.049.120

FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Annual Budget

•••••

·· ·

Budget Process .

Each year, the City prepares an annual budget that accounts for revenue from taxes and other sources and sets .forth a plan for how the City intends to. utilizeLthose resources over the course of the following, year. In accordance with the Illinois Municipal Code, the City -produces a ^balanced budget, meaning that its: appropriated expenditures do not exceed .the, amount of resources it estimates will be available for that year.

The budget.process begins each summer, when City-departments inform the.Office of Budget and Management ("OBM") of their personnel and non-personnel needs for the upcoming year. Departments begin the budget process using a zero-based spending plan that encourages strategic and creative thinking to provide top quality services while cutting extraneous costs. OBM then prepares a preliminary budget

14

based on the requests submitted by the departments and the resources OBM expects will be available to fund those needs.

Throughout the remainder of the summer, OBM continues the process of reviewing each department's operating and programmatic needs and developing detailed departmental budgets. OBM also estimates Citywide expenses such as pension contributions, employee health care and debt service, and prepares estimates on the amount of revenue that the City will collect in the following year.

In the fall, the Mayor's Office and OBM work with departments to develop a final budget for the entire City government. OBM then compiles and balances the Mayor's proposed budget, which is introduced to the City Council on or before October 15 of each year. Once announced, the proposed budget is available to the public. The City Council holds committee and public hearings on the Mayor's proposed budget and may propose amendments to it. Once the proposed budget, as amended, is adopted by the City Council, and approved by the Mayor, it becomes the Annual Appropriation Ordinance. The Annual Appropriation Ordinance is implemented on January 1 of the following year and represents the City's operating budget for that year.

Budget Documents

The documents prepared as part of the City's budget process are set forth below. Such documents are not prepared for investors in securities issued by the City, or intended to be a basis for making investment decisions with respect to any bonds, notes, or other debt obligations of the City, including the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds are cautioned not to rely on any of the information in the budget documents in connection with the offering of the Bonds.

Annual Budget Documents

Document

Annual Financial Analysis

Provides a review of the City's revenues and expenditures for the past 10 years, a forecast of the City's finances for the next three years and analysis of the City's reserves, pension contributions, debt obligations and capital improvement program.

Provides a summary of the proposed budget and detailed information on the City's anticipated revenues, expenditures, and personnel.

Budget

Recommendations

Constitutes the Mayor's proposed budget to the City Council in accordance with Illinois state law.

Consolidated Plan & Action Plan

The five-year plan setting forth priorities for the City's housing and non-housing community needs based on housing and community development assessments.

The City's line-item budget as passed by the City Council.

Capital Improvement Program

A comprehensive list of capital improvements scheduled to occur in the City over the next five years.

15

Budget Calendar

The general budget calendar of the City is presented in the following table.

Annual Budget Calendar Month Action

June

August/September

October

November/December

January

Throughout The Year' Departments submit preliminary revenue and expense estimates to OBM.

OBM receives detailed budget requests from City departments and holds a series of meetings with each department regarding the department's needs for the coming year. OBM works with the Mayor's Office to match . expenses with .available resources and balance the next year's budget.

On or before October 15, the Mayor submits a proposed budget to the City Council, and the City Council conducts hearings on the budget, including at least one public hearing, to gather comments on the proposed budget.

Additions or changes to the proposed budget are considered. The City Council must approve a balanced budget by December 31, at which point- the Budget- 'Recommendations' become' the Annual Appropriation 'Ordinance: The Final Action 'Plan and Final Consolidated Plan are submitted annually to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for funding consideration...

The City's Annual Appropriation Ordinance goes-into effect.

Throughout the' year, OBM manages the resources allocated through the Annual Appropriation¹ Ordinance. OBM regularly reviews revenues, expenditures, and any trends or events that may affect City finances. ' On 'ari' ongoing basis, City departments provide information about the performance of City programs to **u**"ensure that City resources are used'in a manner'that""'maximizes taxpayer value and provides the highest quality services.

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

16

City Fund Structure

The City organizes its activities by funds, each of which is accounted for separately. Each fund has a specific set of revenue sources, which are utilized to support a specific set of City services and functions. Descriptions of the City's major governmental funds and its special revenue and proprietary funds are set forth below.

City Funds

FundPurposeGeneral FundThe General Fund is the City's general operating fund and supports
essential City services and activities, such as police and fire protection, trash
collection, and public health programs. The General Fund also supports a portion of
the City's share of pension contributions for its employees. General Fund revenues
come primarily from a variety of local and intergovernmental taxes, fees, and fines.
See "-General Fund" below.

Federal, State and Local Grants Fund

Special Taxing Areas Fund

Grant funding, largely from the state and federal governments, makes up a significant and recurring source of revenue for the City and is utilized to provide a range of City services and certain capital improvements.

The Special Taxing Areas Fund accounts for expenditures for special area operations and maintenance and for redevelopment project costs as provided by tax levies on special areas, including tax increment financing districts.

Service Concession & Reserve Fund

Established in connection with the long-term lease/concession of City assets to create reserves for unexpected contingencies, emergencies, or revenue shortfalls. These reserves are not included in the City's annual operating budget. See "-Service Concession and Reserve Fund" below.

Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund

Accounts for the expenditures for principal and interest as provided by property tax, utility tax, sales tax, transportation tax, and investment income.

Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund

The Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund accounts for proceeds of debt used to acquire property, finance construction, and finance authorized expenditures and supporting services for various activities. See "-Capital Improvements" below.

Special Revenue Funds

The City's special revenue funds (the "Special Revenue Funds") are used to account for revenue from specific sources that by law are designated to finance particular functions, such as road repair, snow removal, the library system, emergency management and special events and tourism promotion.

The City's proprietary funds (the "Enterprise Funds") include the water fund, the sewer fund, the garbage collection fund, and a separate fund for each of the City's major airports. These funds are self-supporting, in that each fund derives its revenue from charges and associated user fees.

17

The revenue sources of the federal, State and Local Grants Fund, the Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund and the Enterprise Funds are restricted as to use by law and those of the Special Revenue Funds arc largely dedicated to specific services and functions. The revenues from these funds are not otherwise available to pay for general Citywide expenses, including debt service on the City's general obligation bonds (including'the Bonds) and the City's'pension costs exceeding amounts properly allocable to the funds.

General Fund

The City has historically presented information-on the City's Corporate Fund in connection with its general obligation bond issues. The Corporate Fund comprises approximately 99.0 percent of the City's General Fund, which is the City's primary operating fund and accounts for all of the City's sources and uses of general operating revenue. The General Fund, and'not the Corporate Fund, is included in the City's basic financial statements. The City is presenting information in this Official Statement about the General Fund in order to facilitate the reader's review of the City's basic financial statements. See APPENDIX C-"CITY OF CHICAGO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015."

The General Fund does not account, for the portion of the City's pension obligations that are paid from the City's.property tax levy or the.Enterprise Funds, nor does itaccount for the principal and interest payments on the City's long-term general obligation bonds that are-paid from the property tax levy. For information regarding the use of the City's property taxes for the payment of pension costs and general obligation- bond debt service,¹ see "-Property Taxes^Use of City Property Tax Levy," below..

Selected Financial Information v!":

The following table sets forth revenues and other financing sources (collectively, "resources")

and expenditures and other financing uses (collectively^ "expendiih|res')'> for the .^erierai. 'Fund on a

historical .basis for the years 2011, to 2015..., The financial information is based on the 'modified accrual basis of accounting; for the General Fund, as .reported .in the City's^audited basic financial statements for the years 2011 to 2015, respectively. This table should be read in conjunction with the financial information set forth in APPENDIX C-"CITY OF CHICAGO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 3[!]1, 2015."

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

18

General Fund ⁽¹⁾For Fiscal Years Ended 2011-2015 (S in thousands)

20112012201320142015

Revenues:			
Utility Tax	\$ 467,630	\$ 462,475\$ 456,869	\$473,496\$437,780
Sales Tax	536,281	572,185 583,681	620,299665,793
State Income Tax	236,521	282,779308,899	278,031336,959
Other Taxcs ⁽²⁾	618,384	694,383749,742	803,961935,658
Federal/State Grants	1,294	1,074 1,871	2,335 1,845
Other Revenues- ³	921,056	907,760929,429	998,0281,088,600
Total Revenues	2,78 U66	5 – 2,920,656	3,030, 3J76,150
			3,466,635
Expenditures: Current:			
Public Safety	1,895,404 1,9	956,152 1,953,572	2,020,0722,061,540
General Government	863,622 86	4,556 885,268	929,9181,064,470
Olher ⁽⁴ >	278,561	258,501 267	,852 270,899 298,817
Debt Serv	vice®	2,849 2,160	2,382 10,369 8,275
Total	Expenditures	3,040,436 3,081,3	369 3,109,074 3,231,258 3,433,102

Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures	(259>270>	(160>713)	(78>583) (52	⁵ » ¹⁰⁸)	³³ > ⁵³³
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds and Line of Credit, Net of Original	of Debt				
Discount/Including Premium	95,000	55,000		19,300	1
Transfers In	372,744	31,617	21,018	39,700 34,551	
Transfers'Out	(14,357)	(26,965)	(10,583)	(10,081) (12,760)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) :	453,387	59,652	10,435	29,619 41,091	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources O (Under) Expenditures and Other	ver				
Financing Uses	194,117	(101,061)	(68,148)	(25,489) 74,624	
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	135,541	335,533	231,302	167,057 141,278	
Change in Inventory	<u>5,875</u>	(3,170	<u>)</u> <u>3,90</u>	<u>(290) (670)</u>	
Fund Balance-End of Year	\$ 335,533 \$	\$ 231,302	\$167,057 \$	141,278 \$215,232	

Source: City of Chicago Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (the "City CAFR"), Exhibit 4 for the respective years. The City CAFR is available upon request from the Department of Finance.

⁽¹⁾ The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. It is comprised of the Corporate Fund as well as other non-major operating funds where the fund balance is not restricted or committed as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

⁽²⁾ Includes Transaction, Transportation, Recreation, and Business Taxes, as well as the City's share of the State Auto Rental Tax.

⁽³⁾ Includes Internal Service, Licenses and Permits, Fines, Investment Income, Charges for Services, and Miscellaneous Revenues.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation, Cultural and Recreational and Other Current Expenditures.

⁽⁵⁾ Represents debt service on general obligation bonds that are not payable from a levy of property taxes. See "GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT-Long-Term General Obligation Bonds."

19

General Fund Revenue

The General Fund's revenue sources consist of utility taxes, sales taxes, State income taxes, other taxes, federal and State grants, and other revenues. With the exception of federal and State grants, which are less than 1 percent of overall General Fund revenues, the various sources of General Fund revenues are described below.

The sources of General Fund resources have remained consistent over the past 5 years. In 201 I, 67 percent of General Fund resources came from tax revenues, 33 percent from other revenues, and less than 1 percent from other financing sources. In 2015, 69 percent of General Fund resources came from tax revenues, 31 percent from other revenues, and less than 1 percent from other financing sources. In the period from 2009 through 2011, an average of \$487 million each year, or 15 percent of General Fund resources, came from non-recurring revenue sources including transfers in from the Service Concession and Reserve Fund. Beginning with the 2012 budget, the City phased out the use of reserves to subsidize the operating budget. See "-Fund Stabilization-Asset Lease and Concession Reserves" below.

. Utility Taxes. Utility taxes consist of taxes on the purchase of telecommunications services, electricity, natural gas, and cable television. The following table sets forth the sources of utility tax revenue for the years 2011 through 2015:

Utility Tax Revenue 2011-2015

' '''(%I in' thousands)¹";

	<u>20112012201320142015</u>
Gas	\$113,681\$98,791\$122,139\$153,274SI 19,705 "
Electric	' 98,10098,01598,557' 96,353,.' 95,21-5 .
Commonwealth Edison	M90.65590,81490,602,90,202.;87,578
Telecommunications	140,998 149,336 119,348 .106,129105,514
'' Infrastructure Maintenance!	' '657
Fiber Optics	23• -* •
Cable Television	24,13125,51226,20027,53829,768
<u>Total Utility Tax</u>	\$467,630\$462,475\$456,869\$473,496\$437,7,80

Source: City CAFR, Schedule A-l for the respective years.

These combined taxes have been 15.1 percent, on average, of total General Fund resources between 20.11 and 2015/ In 2011, utility taxes were \$467.6 million, decreasing to \$437.8 millibn^n 2015. The reasons for fluctuations within the major categories of utility taxes are discussed Below¹. Infrastructure maintenance, fiber optics and cable television are excluded from the discussion because the amounts are immaterial.

Gas Tax, The City imposes two natural gas-related taxes; The natural gas occupation tax is an 8.0 percent tax imposed on gross receipts for gas and. delivery" charges.'.' The natural gas use tax is imposed at a rate of 6.3 cents per therm on entities not subject to the natural gas occupation tax. Natural gas tax collections are highly dependent upon, weather conditions and price.. Colder weather increases consumption and associated tax revenues, as natural gas is used to heat homes and buildings. Because the natural gas occupation tax is a percentage of gross revenues as opposed to a per -unit rate, these revenues are more directly impacted by price than electricity taxes, which are imposed entirely on a per7ur.it http://per7ur.it> basis. Natural gas-related taxes generated (i) in 2011, \$113.7 million, accounting for 4.1 percent of total General Fund resources for such year; and (ii) in 2015, \$119.7 million, accounting for 3.5 percent of total General Fund resources for such year.

20

Electric and Commonwealth Edison Taxes. The City's electricity taxes (shown in the table above under Electric and Commonwealth Edison) are charged based on the number of kilowatt hours of electricity used. Revenues from electricity taxes are dependent upon consumption and also weather conditions, particularly summer temperatures due to the electricity needed to cool homes and buildings. Electricity rates, conservation efforts, and technological changes that contribute to energy efficiency also affect the amount of electricity used and thus revenue from these taxes. Electricity tax revenues have been 6.1 percent, on average, of total General Fund resources from 2011 to 2015, averaging \$187.2 million each year, and have held relatively constant.

Telecommunications Tax. Revenue from telecommunications taxes, which are levied by the City on charges for telephone services in the City, has declined over the past decade, reflecting trends in the industry and consumer preferences. In 2011, telecommunications tax revenue was \$141.0 million and made up 5.1 percent of General Fund resources. By 2015, telecommunications tax revenue had dropped to \$105.5 million, accounting for 3.0 percent of total General Fund resources. The overall decline in revenues was due in part to the continuing reduction in the use of landlines as more customers rely solely on wireless services, and also a decline in the number of wireless accounts as use of online communication services has increased. In addition, federal law exempts most wireless data services, such as mobile broadband; from taxation. Consequently, growth in the market for such wireless services has not resulted in increased telecommunications tax revenues for the City.

Sales Taxes. The following table sets forth sources of sales tax revenue for the years 2011 through 2015:

	Sales Taxes 2011-2015 (\$ in thousands)				
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014 2015</u>	
Local Sales Taxes	\$252,530	\$272,312	\$267,576	\$285,773 \$308,878	
State Sales Taxes	283,751	299,873	316,105	<u>334,526 356,915</u>	
<u>Total Sales Ta</u>	X	<u>\$536,28</u>	\$572,1	<u>85 \$583,681</u> <u>\$620,299</u> <u>\$665,793</u>	

Source: City CAFR, Schedule A-l for the respective years.

Local Sales Taxes. Local sales tax revenues, as set forth in the table above, consist of four separate taxes imposed by the City pursuant to its home rule powers, the Municipal Code and State law (collectively, the "Local Sales Taxes"):

Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation, Tax. The Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax is a 1.25 percent tax imposed on the sale of most items of nontitled tangible personal property by retailers in the City. This tax is authorized by the Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act of the State. The tax .must be imposed in increments of 0.25 percent, and can only be imposed if the City also imposes a municipal service occupation tax.

Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax. The Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax is a 1.25 percent tax imposed on the selling price of most items of tangible personal property acquired as an incident to the purchase of a service from service providers in the City. This tax is authorized by the Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act of the State and must be imposed at the same rate as the Home Rule Municipal Retailers Occupation Tax described above.

Home Rule Municipal Use Tax on Titled Personal Property. The Home Rule Municipal Use Tax on Titled Personal Property is a 1.25 percent tax imposed on the privilege of using within the City titled personal property that is purchased from a.retailer and that is titled or registered at a location in the City. This tax is authorized by the Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act of the State.

21

Home Rule Municipal Use Tax on Nontitled Personal Property. The Home Rule Municipal Use Tax on Nontitled Personal Property is a 1.0 percent tax imposed on the privilege of using within the City most items of nontitled personal property that are purchased from a retailer located outside the City. This tax is authorized by the Home Rule Municipal Use Tax Act of the State. The tax must be imposed in increments of 0.25 percent'up to the maximum rate of 1.0 percent.

Currently there is no legal limit on the rate at which the City may impose the Home Rule Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax, the Home Rule Municipal Service Occupation Tax or the Home Rule Municipal Use Tax on Titled Personal Property. Except for the Home Rule Municipal Use Tax on Nontitled Personal Property, the Local Sales Taxes are collected by the State on behalf of the City.

For purchases subject to the Home Rule.Municipal Retailer's Occupation Tax and the Home Rule Municipal-.Use Tax on Titled Personal Property, most are subject;to,a. combined tax rate that includes, in addition to the .Local Sales Taxes and the State rate of 6.25 percent, a Regional Transportation Authority sales tax rate of 1.0 percent and a Cook County sales tax rate of 1:75 percent:

Revenue from the Local Sales. Taxes, that has been allocated to .the General Fund after provision for. sales tax revenue bond debt service has accounted for an average of approximately 9 percent of total General Fund resources between 20M and 2015. Beginning in the fall of 2008, receipts from Local Sales Taxes began to decline due to the recession. Moderate growth occurred from 2010 until 2012, with a modest decline in 2013, due to a larger portion<of

Local -Sales Taxes, allocated:to sales tax revenue bond debt service payments. Local Sales Taxes allocated to the General Fund were \$308.9 million in 2015, accounting for 8.9 percent of General Fund resources.

State Sales Taxes. The City's share of State.sales tax revenues, as set forth in the table above, consist of four separate taxes imposed.by the State as follows (collectively, the "State Sales Taxes"):

Illinois Retailers' "Occupation Tax,. The Illinois Retailers' Occupation fax is imposed by

the State at. the .'rate of ,6.25,-percent on. the sale of most items: of nontitled tangible personal property by

retailers. The City receives 1 percent on the sale of such items by retailers in the City, representing

16 percent of the net receipts of this tax attributable to sales occurring in the City. With respect to tax on

grocery food, drugs and medical appliances, the City receives 1 percent of the net receipts on the sale of

grocery food, drugs and medical appliances, representing 100 percent of the net receipts of this tax

attributable to sales occurring in the City. '

ILLINOIS SERVICE OCCUPATION Tax. The Illinois Service Occupation Tax is-imposed by the State at the rate of 6.25 percent on the sale of most items of nontitled tangible personal property by service providers. The City receives' 1 percent on the sale of such items by service providers in the City, representing 16' percehf of the-rief receipts¹ of this tax attributable 40 sales'occurring in the City/.' With respect to tax on grocery food,¹ drugs arid'medical-appliances,'the Gity receives 1 percent of the net receipts on the^sale'of grocery food; drugs and medicarappliances, representing-44.44 percent of the net receipts of this tax attributable to sales occurring in the City; $\blacksquare' \cdot <'$

ILLINOIS USE Tax. The Illinois Use Taxiis imposed by the State at the rate of 6.25 percent on the privilege of using most items of personal, property purchased outside of the State. The City receives 4 percent of the net receipts of this tax collected on most items of nontitled personal property purchased outside of the State;-subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Subject to annual appropriation of the net receipts of this tax imposed at the rate of 1 percent on grocery food, drugs and medical appliances purchased outside of the State. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS-Reductions and Delays in Receipt of State Revenues."

ILLINOIS SERVICE USE Tax. The City currently receives 4 percent of the net receipts of the Illinois Service Use Tax which is imposed by the State at the rate of 6.25 percent on the privilege of using

22

most items of tangible personal property acquired as an incident to the purchase of a service from a service provider in the State, subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. The City also receives 20 percent of the net receipts of this tax imposed at the rate of one percent on grocery food, drugs and medical appliances acquired as an incident to the purchase of a service from a service provider in the State, subject to annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS-Reductions and Delays in Receipt of Slate Revenues."

Except as noted above, the City currently receives its share of Slate Sales Tax revenues without annual appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Any change in the tax rates or amount of net tax receipts allocated to the City from State Sales Tax revenues would require the enactment of legislation by the Illinois General Assembly.

Revenue from the Slate Sales Taxes has accounted for an average of approximately 10.3 percent of total General Fund resources between 2011 and 2015. Following the recession in 2008, revenues had declined to \$266.6 million in

2010. Steady growth has continued since 2010, with State Sales Tax revenues increasing to \$356.9 million in 2015, accounting for 10.3 percent of total General Fund resources.

State Income Tax. State income tax revenues consist of the City's share of the State income taxes,-including personal property replacement taxes. The following table sets forth sources of State income tax revenue received by the General Fund for the years 2011 through 2015:

State Income Tax 2011-2015 (\$ in thousands) -1 2011 2012 201320142015 Income Taxes \$200,341 \$245,193 \$275,979 \$250,279 \$286,473 \$286,473 Personal Property Replacement Taxes 36,180 37,586 32,92027,75250,486 TotalState Income Tax...; \$236,521 \$282,779 \$308,899 \$278,031\$336,959

Source: City CAFR, Schedule A-1 for the respective years.

Income Tax. Income tax revenues are impacted by a combination of factors!, including employment rates, population, federal rules, and the timing of state distributions.

In 2011, the State increased the personal income tax rate from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent and the corporate income tax rate from 4.8 percent to 7.0 percent. However, municipalities: did not receive a share of this increase because the State, concurrently with increasing tax rates, reduced the percentage of total income tax receipts that flow in the Local Government Distributive Fund ("LGDF"), the fund from which municipalities are paid their share of state income tax revenue. Distributions to the LGDF were decreased from 10 percent of both personal and corporate income tax revenue to 6.0 percent of personal income tax receipts and 6.86 percent of corporate income tax receipts.

In 2015, the income tax rate increase expired, and thus the individual income tax rate decreased from 5.0 percent to 3.75 percent and the corporate income tax rate decreased from 7.0 percent to 5.25 percent. In connection with the expiration of the income tax increase, distributions to the LGDF were increased from 6.0 percent to 8.0 for individual income tax receipts and from 6.86 percent to 9.14 percent for corporate income tax receipts.

Personal Property Replacement Tax. The personal property replacement tax ("PPRV) derives its revenues primarily from an additional State income tax levied by the State on corporations, partnerships, trusts and S corporations. Currently, corporations pay a 2.5 percent tax on income, while partnerships, trusts, and S corporations pay a 1.5 percent tax on income. The PPRT also derives some of

23

its revenues from various taxes imposed on utilities at various rates. The tax is collected by the State and paid to local governments in order to replace revenues that were lost when the State eliminated the authority of local governments to collect personal property taxes on business entities.

The City historically utilized its PPRT revenue in part to support the General Fund and in part to pay for the City's share of pension contributions. In .2015, the City.changed the way it accounts for the non-property tax portion of its pension contributions. Historically, the City's pension contributions not paid from property taxes have been paid from PPRT revenues, which were recorded directly into the respective Retirement Funds (as hereafter defined) and did noLflow through the General Fund. See "RETIREMENT FUNDS--Payment for. Pension Benefits-Determinations of City's Contributions." Going forward, the total receipt of PPRT revenues will be deposited into the General Fund, and a portion of the City's share of pension contributions will be paid out of the General Fund to the Retirement Funds. This' change has the effect of increasing General Fund revenues by the'amount of the PPRT revenues deposited into the General Fund, arid .increasing General-Fund expenditures by a like amount.

Other Taxes 2011-2015
2014 2015 2013
: ';•;(\$ imthousands)' Is.
\$131,489 49,332 17,056 <u>20112012,</u>
191,148-192,504 6,656
145,675 544 . 33,651 1,386 22,832 '"'512 22,910
109,784
- 5,983 , 4,196 \$935,658 \$126,516 48,161 10,399
''i'57,194-• '152,576 6,431
112,895 584 32,113" 1,309 24,022 [;] 547 [:] 22,210
100,407:
. : 4,422 ■: ■ 4,175 _ \$803,961 \$124,384 49,089 9,070
■'■'-1'41 ¹ ,907 ^{1;} -140,227 6,249
96,739 631 32,048; "" "L275' 16,268:'60'4 ''21,564"
89,851: ;11,261' :4,601 3,974 :. \$749,742 "
Transportation Tax .' \$ 93,449 \$119,169 Parking \$ 93,449 \$119,169 'Vehicle Fuehf >,>/.>,;. 49,36749,818 Ground Transportation,., t 9,111 , : - 8,903 ^Transaction Tax' *
Real Property.,,85,986,102,571Motor Vehicle Lessor5,7536,037Recreation Tax5,7536,037
Amusement $86,055$ $87,843$ Automatic Amusement $V.$ 9.13 869 $"30\& \"32,626$ BoatMooring '.Z.ii::'::.Z:l^''' $1,439'$ '''' 'I,'361 $"30\& \'''32,626$ Cigarette , $18,666.18,015$ "30& \''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''
<i>iii</i> (- 'Otf TiFack-B'etting:.^.:2::^:J::l-' •''''' 83'7''''' t' ^u 694 <i>'''•••SoftDrink:'::-:</i> .^ <i>i</i> ,

 State Auto Rental Tax
 , ,, 3,59-1
 ,..3,910

 Total Other Taxes
 \$618,384 \$694,383

Source: City CAFR, Schedule A-1 for the respective years.

With'the exception of State auto rental¹ taxes, which are immaterial, the various sources of other taxes are described below.

Transportation Taxes. ¹ Transportation tax revenues include taxes on vehicle fuel, garage parking and hired ground transportation. Parking¹ taxes, which are imposed on parking garage operators, have consistently made up the largest portion of this category of revenues. Rate adjustments that took effect in 2012 and 2015'contributed to greater'revenue growth, with ah overall increase from \$93.4 million in 2011

24

to \$131.5 million in 2015. Pursuant to a change in State law, the City changed this tax from a tiered Hat rate structure to a percentage-based rate effective July 1, 2013, reducing the effective tax rate for low-cost parking while increasing the effective rale for high-cost parking.

The vehicle fuel tax is a 5 cent per gallon tax on the sale of vehicle fuel to a retailer doing business in the City, or who purchases fuel for use in the City. In 2011 through 2015, the vehicle fuel tax has generated an average \$49.2 million, accounting for an average 1.6 percent of total General Fund resources.

In recent years the City has included a number of revisions to the ground transportation tax. In 2015 a \$5.00 per trip surcharge on all transportation network provider ("TTVP") vehicles for airport, Navy Pier, and McCormick Place pick-up and drop-off went into effect. Prior to November 2015, TNP companies were not authorized to pick up at Chicago airports, though they were authorized to pick up at Navy Pier and McCormick Place with no surcharge. There was no surcharge associated with drop-offs at any of these locations. The \$5.00 per trip surcharge went into effect in November 2015. As a result of expanded service areas and increases in usage and rates, ground transportation revenues have increased 87 percent from 2011, at \$9.1 million, to 2015, at \$17.0 million.

Transaction Taxes. Transaction taxes include taxes on the transfer of real estate, the lease or rental of personal property, and the short-term lease of motor vehicles within the City. Combined transaction taxes have constituted an average 9.4 percent of total General Fund resources between 2011 and 2015. Fluctuations in these revenue sources track closely with the economy and the real estate market.

In the years leading up to the recession, real property transfer tax collections reached record levels. The decline in the real estate market reduced these collections to \$61.9 million in 2009. While commercial real estate activity started to increase in 2010 and continued to improve in 2011, the residential real estate market was slower to recover and did not show sustained growth until 2012. By 2013, home sales increased by 19 percent and median home prices increased by 10 percent from 2012, bringing overall real property transfer tax revenues to \$141.9 million. During 2014, median home prices increased by 11 percent over 2013 while home sales decreased by 7 percent due largely to inventory shortages. Due to the increase in median home prices, 2014 revenues increased to \$157.2 million. The recovering housing market, in combination with continued strong commercial real estate activity, drove real property tax revenues up to \$191.1 million, 5.5 percent of total General Fund revenues, in 2015.

As with other transaction and consumer-driven tax revenues, collections of personal property lease transaction tax suffered due to the recession's impact on personal and business consumption, but in recent years revenues started increasing with consumer confidence and continued economic recovery. Lease tax revenues reached \$192.5 million in 2015 following an increase in the rate from 8.0 percent to 9.0 percent.

Recreation Taxes. Recreation taxes include taxes on amusement activities and devices, liquor, the mooring of boats, cigarettes, off-track betting and non-alcoholic beverages. Recreation taxes accounted for approximately 6.6

percent of General Fund revenues in 2015.

Amusement taxes apply to most large sporting events, theater, and musical performances in the City. Amusement tax revenues vary significantly from year to year due to a variety of factors including consumer sentiment, tourism, and the. cost of attending live performances and sporting events. Some revenue increases can also be attributed to rate changes and phase-outs of special exemptions. The overall increase in these revenues over the last ten years was. due in part to the 1.0 percent increase in 2005 and again in 2009 along with the phase-out of the partial exemption from this tax that cable television companies had received in prior years. Additionally,-2015 was the first year that special seating areas such as sky boxes were taxed at the full rate. 2015 revenues are higher than previous years

25

due partially to the recent elimination of these exemptions. 2015 revenues also benefited from postseason play of local professional sports teams.

Cigarette lax revenues were \$27.5 million in 2005 and \$32.9 million in 2006 cine largely to increases in the City cigarette tax rate in those years. Cigarette tax revenues then fell steadily each year to \$16.3 million in 2013. These declines can be attributed in part to a decline in smoking in the overall population and in part to a cross-border effect. In 2014, the City cigarette tax rate was increased by 50 cents to \$1.18 per pack, bringing revenues back up to \$24.0 million. Continued declines in smoking and the price sensitivity of purchases, cigarette tax revenues ended 2015 at \$22.8 million.

Business Taxes. The City's business taxes: consist'of taxes on hotel accommodations, the employers' expense tax, and foreign fire insurance tax. beginning in 2012, overall business tax revenues showed the effect of. both the phasing -out of the employers' expense tax and the increase in the hotel accommodations tax rate from 3.5 to 4.5 percent.

■ Revenues'from the hotel tax experienced a sharp decline-in 2009 and recovered slowly in 2010. The second half of 2011 saw hotel sales and the related tax revenues begin to rebound. In 2012, the City increased the hotel accommodations tax from 3.5 percent to 4.5 percent. Starting in February 2015, the City required, website booking facilitators such as Airbnb to collect the hotel accommodations tax on transactions facilitated by their websites:

Other Revenues. Other revenues consist of internal service, licenses and permits, fines, investment income, charges for services, municipal utilities, leases, rentals and sales, and miscellaneous revenues. The following table sets forth the sources of other revenues for the years 2011 through 2015.

	OTHER REVENUES201U2015 !;					
,: •	$\blacksquare ;:\blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare > \bullet ::' - > ($' in thousands)$					
	"; 2011 ' 20122013 ' 2014; 2015					
	IntemafService \$302,924 ! \$306 345,426	;523' ' \$305,716 '\$				
	Licenscs [;] and ⁱ Penn [;] i [^] 123,633 119	,940 126,727				
	Fines '263,288 290,799 313,506 338,	329366,309				
	InvestmentIncome:,.:.^^ - 5,439 ; T,436 ' ' 1,57	3 ' [;] '9H				
	Charges for Services.::^;	119 ₅ 98				
	Municipal Utilities;;;,;^.u;;. : , .9,060 - BBBB .8,4-15 i 6,429; .v6;51.1	•7,257				
	Leases, Rentals and Sales 22,595 14,747 19,008 24,12725,	489				
	Miscellaneous	<u>97,629</u>				
	Total Other Revenues:.,.,::.; :\$921,056 \$907,760,. \$929,429 \$998,028	\$1,088,600				

Source:'City CAFR, Schedule A-l'for the respective years! ""

With the exception of investment income and municipal utilities, which are immaterial sources,

the various categories of other revenues, including 'major revenue' - types within the categories, are

described'below:

Internal Sendee. Internal service revenues are transfers to the General Fund for services provided to other City funds and departments, such as police, fire, and sanitation services provided to the City's Enterprise Funds. Such transfers constitute an average of 10.2 percent of General/Fund resources, and have ranged frorh \$306! I million in 2011 to \$345.4 million in 2015.

Licenses and Permits. ¹ License and permit-related revenue is generated through fees for business

licenses, building permits, and various dther licenses and permits. License and permit activity often

reflects economic health, with more construction commencing and businesses starting up when the

economy is strong.

": _ ' > ∎

26

As the real estate market has rebounded, license and permit activity and related revenues began to recover in 2012, increasing from \$117.6 million to \$126.7 million in 2015.

Fines. Fines consist of fines, forfeitures, and penalties, including parking tickets, red-light and speed camera tickets, and fines for items such as building code violations. These revenues have increased steadily from \$263.3 million in 2011 to \$366.3 million in 2015. These revenues accounted for 10.6 percent of total 2015 General Fund resources. This steady increase in revenues is partly a result of the increased use of technology, including the implementation of on-line bill payment systems and additional parking enforcement field technology. Increases in fine and penalty rates and improved debt collection have also impacted overall fine, forfeiture, and penalty revenues.

Charges for Services. Revenues from charges for services are generated by charging for activities such as inspections, public information requests and other services for private benefit. In 2011, these activities generated \$132.6 million, decreasing to \$119.6 million in 2015. The decline in revenues is due to the loss of certain scheduled reimbursements.

Leases, Rentals, and Sales. Revenues generated by the lease or sale of City-owned land, impounded vehicles, and other personal property account for a small percentage of overall General Fund revenue. In recent years, the City has implemented an online auction system for the sale of unneeded surplus materials and equipment. These revenues vary from year to year based on inventory of City property to be leased or sold and the market for such property, and have ranged from \$25.5 million to \$14.7 million over the last five years. In 2015, lease and sale income was \$25.5 million, slightly above historic averages.

Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous revenues include infrequent or one-time sources of revenues, such as insurance recoveries, settlements, and cash received from fund closeouts, as well as other revenues that do not fall into one of the revenue categories mentioned above, such as municipal, marketing fees and tax increment financing ("TIF") surpluses. These activities generated \$81.3 million in 2011 and \$97.6 million in 2015.

General Fund Expenditures

Total General Fund expenditures, including other financing uses, have increased from \$3.04 billion in 2011 to \$3.43 billion in 2015. Generally, the relative proportion of total General Fund spending devoted to different activities and expense types has. remained fairly consistent from year to year. Across all departments and City services, personnel-

related expenditures (including salaries and wages and employee healthcare costs) make up the largest portion of the General Fund budget, averaging 84 percent of total General Fund expenditures from 2011 through 2015.

General Fund expenditures consist of current operating expenditures and debt service. Debt service expenditures in the General Fund relate to debt service payments with respect to an issuance by the City in 1997 of certain building acquisition certificates which are not paid from property taxes and are not material. General Fund current expenditures are described below.

Public Safety. Each year, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures is dedicated to public safety functions, and includes departments such as Police, Fire, and the Office of Emergency Management and Communications. This also includes the activities of (i) the Department of Buildings, which ensures the safety of residential and commercial buildings in the City by enforcing design, construction, and maintenance standards and promoting conservation and rehabilitation through permitting and inspection processes, and (ii) the Department of Business Affairs and Consumer Protection, such as business licensing and support and consumer protection activities, including the regulation of the local taxicab industry. Public safety has remained a primary driver of expenditures, averaging 62 percent of General Fund expenditures from 2011 to 2015.

27

General Government. General government expenditures support functions necessary to provide essential City services, including accounting and finance, contract management, human resources, legal advice, administrative services, vehicle and facilities maintenance, community services, City development, technology and systems expertise. These expenditures have accounted for between 28 and 3 I percent of General Fund expenditures, from 201 I through 2015.

Other Current Expenditures. The following tabic sets forth the other current expenditures of the General Fund by function for the years 2011 through 2015.

	Other Current Expenditu (\$ in thousan			
	× ×	<i>,</i>		
	201120122013,20142	2015		
Health "V	\$ 32,390' \$ 24,371"\$' 26,5	552\$ 25,902\$26,001		
Streets and Sanitation	175,829178,065186,9921	95,390199,644		
Transportation	69,683' ' 53;815' 52,420'	47,30967,145		
Cultural and Recreational	1 42013			
Other	-239' - 2,2371,888. 2,2986	,027		
Total Other Current				
Expenditures\$278	<u>3;561</u>	<u>\$258.501.</u> <u>\$267,852</u>	\$270,899	<u>\$298,817,</u>

Source: City CAFR, Exhibit 4 for'the respective years.

With the exception of Cultural and Recreational and Other expenditures set forth in the table

above, which are immaterial in amounts, the categories of Other Current Expenditures are described

below.-' " --' **•** •" :'---">">"-: - **••** •" **•**" **•**" • -• ,-•

Health:' Health expenditures 'support' the 6perati6ris'df the Department of Public'Health; including providing health education 'to residents, access to care, guiding public^ health initiatives and monitoring and inspecting food establishments. Department of Public Health expenditures have'accounted for, on average, less than I percent of General Fund expenditures from 2011 through 2015.

• •<

Transportation. Transportation expenditures support the operations of the Department of Transportation and have av^ge^--apprdximately 2"percent of annual Geheral'Fund'expenditures between 2011" and 2015. These funds are used to 'build," repair,--'and"maintain streets; sidewalks;'and'bridges and complete'the planning and engineering behind 'the City's infrastructure. Much of the City's' major infrastructure construction is funded tHrbugfirS^ate^ahd'fe'deral'grants, g'enefar^j oblig ation bbnd 'fiharicihg¹; TIF revenues and other sources, and thus is not represented as a General Fund expenditure.

Budget Gaps

Each year, the City projects revenues arid expenses for the Coming year as part of its preliminary budget process. The difference • between revenues" and¹ expenditures anticipated by the 'City"'in its preliminary General Fund budget estimates each year is commonly referred'to as the "gap." The budget gap is closed each year 'prior to the passage of the Annual Appropriation Ordinance, in which expenditures are balanced with forecasted available resources.

28

Set forth below arc the preliminary budget gaps for fiscal years 2012 through 2017.

Preliminary Budget Gaps 2012-2017 (\$ in millions)

Year	Amount
2012	\$635.7
2013	369.0
2014	338.7
2015	297.3
2016	232.6
2017	137.6

Source: City of Chicago, Office of Budget and Management.

The decreasing size of the gap from 2012 through 2017 is the result of the recovering economy's impact on revenues, as well as the reductions made as part of the past 6 budgets. Initiatives such as the introduction of managed competitions for City services, the transition to grid-based garbage collection, consolidation of information technology systems and software licenses, implementation of energy efficiency programs, sale of excess City-owned land, review and renegotiation of major contractual costs, and reforms that have reduced the City's healthcare costs have all decreased the City's structural deficit, bringing the City's expenses more closely in line with revenues.

-In addition to closing the \$137.6 million preliminary budget gap, the 2017 budget increases revenues available to pay debt service payments by \$63 million and provides an additional \$81 million in new investments. Closing the preliminary budget gap, debt reform, and additional investments were achieved in the 2017 Annual Appropriation

Ordinance through savings and revenue enhancements in the following general categories: personnel and non-personnel savings and reforms (\$33.7 million), improved fiscal management (\$86.4 million), improved debt collection (\$17 million), growth in economically sensitive and other revenues (\$82.3 million), revenue enhancements (\$25.4 million), and prior year available resources (\$37 million).

General Fund Financial Forecasts

This section includes a discussion of the City's year-end estimates for 2016 and projections for years 2017, 2018, and 2019 for the General Fund. The estimates and projections are based on expectations and assumptions which existed at the time such estimates and projections were prepared, including, among other factors, evaluations of historical revenue and expenditure data, known changes or events, analyses of economic trends and current and anticipated laws and legislation affecting the City's finances. While the City believes that the numerous assumptions underlying the estimates and projections are reasonable, they are subject to certain contingencies and periodic revisions which may involve substantial change. The City makes no representation or warranty that these estimates and projections will be realized. The estimates and projections discussed below and elsewhere herein were not prepared with a view towards compliance with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants with respect to, prospective financial information. The estimates and projections assume that no substantive changes are made to City operations or the cost of City services. No cost-saving initiatives are incorporated into the estimates and projections. The estimates and projections are likely to change as future decisions are made in response to actual events, new or changing needs and Citywide priorities. No assurance can be given that actual results will conform to the estimates and projections provided. This prospective information is not fact and should not be relied upon as being necessarily indicative of future results. Purchasers of the Bonds are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this prospective financial information. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS-Forward-Looking Statements."

29

General Fund 2016 Year-End Estimates. The following table sets forth resources and expenditures for the General Fund based on actual results for the year 2015, the 2016 budget, the year-end estimates for 2016, and the adopted budget for 2017.

> General Fund Resources and expenditures (Budgetary Basis) (\$ in millions)

Tax Revenue	
Utility Taxes and Fees	
Transaction Taxes	
Transportation Taxes	
Recreation Taxes	
Business faxes	
Sales Taxes	
State'Income Taxes	
Other Intergovernmental	
	Total Tax Revenue!
Non-Tax Revenue	
Licenses and Permits	
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties:	
Charges for Services;,	
•/Municipal Parkingi,!,,;;:Leases,. Rentals, Salesi,i,i	
. Reimbursement, Interest & Other	
,. Total Non-Tax (Revenue	
Proceeds and Transfers In	
	Total Revenue

```
3,520.5 .3,570,8
0.0
```

0.0

1,088.6, =7'53.9'

2015 Actual""

```
$3,520.5 $3,570.8
$3,520:5 . • $3,57.0.8
```

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

Total Expendituresi:..;..:.;;;;,

Budgeted Prior Years' Surplus and Reappropriations

2016 Year-End Estimates'³

126.7 366,3-' 119.6 : .. 6.5 . ■: 2.5.5 ■, , 444.0 ,

S 429.7 412.9 238.3 218.0 113.9 677.8 402.8 6.2 2,499.5

```
124.9 348.9 116.0 . 7.6 .,21.9 426.9 1,046.2 43.0
```

Total General Fund Resources

\$ 437.8. 390.3 197.9 .227.5. 115,8 665.7 337.0' ■ , 6.0 2,378.0

3,588.7

\$3,588.7 .\$3,588.7

2017 Budget'⁴¹

\$ 437.0 394.9 241.4 221.6 123.9 698.8 399.6 6,2 2,523.5

128.0 ■'358.8 114:9 . 21.8-. : 36.0 ,461.9. 1,121,4 .' 37-6 ' 3,682,0 37.0 \$3,719.0 \$3,719.0

2016 fiscal year .are continuing to be.reranled^.and wiU.thenjbe subject to an annual audit. ⁽⁴⁾ Source: 2017 Annual Appropriation.

General Fund resources oft a budgetary basis, which includes Budgeted Prior Years' Surplus¹ and Reappropriations, if applicable, are expected to "exceed 'the' 20'1'6' budgeted" target of \$3,5'70'.8 • million' by \$17.9 million. Revenues from transaction taxes, liceri'ses aiid permits, and charges for services are estimated to outperform the budget: Gains from these revenues are estimated to offset losses in other revenues:

General Fund tax revenue consists of local tax revenue and intergovernmental tax revenue. Local tax revenue includes utility, transaction, Transportation, recreation, business, and local sales taxes: Intergovernmental tax revenue includes the City's share of the Illinois sales and use tax, income tax, PPRT, and municipal auto rental tax. The 2017 budget anticipates that local tax revenues will increase by

30

\$16.3 million, or 0.9 percent over 2016 year-end estimates, and that intergovernmental tax revenues will grow by \$7.7 million over the 2016 year-end estimate of \$770.9 million. Major categories of revenue and trends are discussed below.

Utility tax revenue is estimated to total \$429.7 million in 2016, \$8 million lower than the 2015 actual revenue of \$437.8 million, and accounts for 12.0 percent of total 2016 estimated General Fund resources at year-end. Numerous factors impact utility tax revenues including weather, natural gas prices, rate changes, and evolving technologies that affect consumer behavior and energy use. The 2017 budget forecast assumes the return of more typical winter weather and an increase in natural gas tax revenues from the 2016 year-end estimate.

Transaction taxes include taxes on the transfer of real estate, the lease or rental of personal property, and the short -term lease of motor vehicles in the City. The 2016 year-end estimate is 19.8 percent above 2016 budgeted amounts due to multiple large real estate transfers as well as greater compliance by businesses subject to these taxes. While the economy continues to grow at a modest pace, the 2017 budget anticipates transaction taxes in 2017 to be 4.4 percent less than the 2016 year-end estimate of \$412.9 million, reflecting fewer large real estate transfers. Transaction taxes are expected to generate \$394.9 million in 2017, or 10.7 percent of projected general fund revenue in 2017.

Transportation taxes include taxes on parking, vehicle fuel purchases, and the provision of ground transportation for hire. Transportation taxes are expected to generate \$238.4 million in 2016, up significantly from the \$197.9 million in revenue collected in 2015. The increase is due largely to revisions to ground transportation tax rates and other fees on rides provided by the taxi and rideshare industries included in the 2016 budget. Transportation taxes .account for 6.6 percent of total projected general fund revenue in the 2017 budget, and are expected to generate \$241.4 million for 2017.

- Recreation taxes are expected to generate \$221.6 million in 2017, an increase of \$3.6 million from 2016 year-end estimate of \$218.0 million. Recreation tax revenue represents 6.0 percent of total projected 2017 corporate fund revenue. Amusement tax revenue is forecasted to total \$143.2 million in 2017, up from a projected \$139 million in 2016, due in part to the growing tourism industry. Amusement tax revenue in 2017 is expected to increase as a result of changes to how the amusement tax is applied to ticket re-sales that are part of the 2017 budget.

Business taxes include the hotel accommodations tax and the tax on the sale of fire insurance within the City. In addition, the 2017 budget includes the implementation of a \$0.07 per bag tax on plastic and paper disposable bags not offered for sale as general merchandise with the retailer keeping \$0.02 per bag and remitting the remaining \$0.05 to the City. Anticipated revenue for the General Fund from this tax in 2017 is \$9.2 million.

Sales and use tax revenue in the General Fund is expected to total \$698.84 million in 2017, an increase of \$21.1 million over the 2016 year-end estimate of \$677.8 million. Sales and use taxes account for 19 percent of total projected General Fund revenues. The projected sales tax revenue increase in 2017 is driven in part by wage growth and consumer confidence.

Income taxes include the City's share of the State income tax and PPRT, both of which are distributed to the City by the State based on defined .formulas. Income tax and PPRT revenues to the General Fund are expected to total \$399.6 million in 2017, accounting for 10.9 percent of total projected General Fund revenue. Income tax revenue is expected to end 2016 slightly below budget at \$262.6 million as a result of the State increasing the amount it retains from corporate tax receipts for refunds as part of the State FY 2017 budget. Despite the larger diversion for refunds, income tax revenue is expected to increase in 2017 to \$267.4 million as a result of continued economic growth.

31

The City's 2016 budget originally anticipated SI70.4 million in PPRT revenue, but the City now estimates that PPRT revenue for 2016 will be \$140.2 million. The lower PPRT estimate for 2016 is the result of two factors. First, the Illinois Department of Revenue ("/DOR") notified local units of government receiving PPRT in April 2016 that it had mistakenly classified \$168 million of individual income tax as PPRT, which it distributed to-local units of government between April 2014 and March 2016. The misclassification also meant prior estimates of PPRT for State FY 2016 and preliminary estimates for State FY 2017 were inflated. As a precautionary measure, I DOR advised that it would reduce distributions for the remainder of 2016 to prevent further overpayment until final tax returns were filed in October 2016. IDOR also stated it would begin recouping the \$168 million from affected units of government over a two-year period starting in January 2017. The second factor impacting the City's 2016 allocation of PPRT is the State's FY 2017 'stop gap' budget, which diverts \$100 million in PPRT to community colleges and small school districts. IDOR has since indicated that this \$100 million diversion would count as an initial step toward the State's efforts to recover the \$168 million of income tax misclassified^as-PPRT: As a result, the City now assumes the \$19:4 million it received in error will be recouped by the State in the form >of reduced distributions from PPRT paid between July-20'16 arid-December 2017. As a result of these factors, PPRT revenue' for 2017 is anticipated to be \$132:3 million, which is nearly \$8 million less than the 2016 year-end estimate of \$140.2 million.' **m**

Non-tax revenues are estimated to be \$1,046.2 million in 2016, a 3.9 percent decrease over 2015 non-tax revenues of- \$1,088:6 million.' -The 2017'-budget forecasts that non-tax revenues will increase by \$75.2 million over the 2016 year-end'estimates, accounting for 30.5 percent of total projected General Fund revenues.' Total revenue from licenses⁻ and permits is' projected' to be \$128.0 million in 2017, accounting for⁻3:5>percent**=**'of-General 'Fund-revenues. Revenue from fines,: forfeitures, and penalties in 2017 is estimated t6-be'⁻\$358.8 million as a'-result of greater enforcement and collection efforts. This figure accounts for 9.7 percent of 2017 General Fund revenues and represents a 2.8 percent increase over 2016 year-end projected revenues of \$348.9 million. -In 2017, the Department of Finance plans to'¹ employ data' 'analyticsPexpahded ''debt'"bhe^ksj"-'ihd'
bther enforcement measures ' to' improve coiripliahce and increase outstanding'debt collection's: The City anticipates collecting \$15 million in revenue from these improved enfofceriient measures.

Year-end expenditures for 2017 are projected at \$3,719:0 million; an increase of 4.2 percent over 2016 budgeted expenditures. Under the 2017 budget, 82 percent of General Fund expenses are for personnel-related costs,- which include¹ salaries arid" wages, pension contributions, healthcare, overtime pay; arid unemployment compensation. Other Categories; of expenditure are debt service payments, contractual services, and commodities and materials.

General Fund 2018-2019 Outlook. The City projects operating budget gaps for the General Fund of \$233.2 million and \$324.2 million for the years 2018 and 2019, respectively.

These outlooks project revenue growth of approximately 1.0 percent over the prior year in both 2018 and'201-9, resulting"in"total^{1;}-General-"Fund"-revenues of \$3,539 million and \$3,575 million, respectively. A conservative approach is taken'in 'these projections under-the assumption that the economy will continue to experience moderate growth going forward.

These projections are based on the continuation of similar trends as discussed above with respect to 2017, including sales tax, transaction taxes, and local non-tax revenue. Real' property transfer tax revenue is expected to grow by 3.0 percent in both -2018 and 2019. Utility taxes are expected to decrease slightly both years as telecommunication taxes continue their downward trend. Hotel tax revenue is expected to grow by 3.0 percent in 2018 and 2.0 percent in 2019 as Chicago's tourism and convention industry continues to grow.

32

PPRT is expected to grow over 2017 estimates as the State recoups its final overpayments in 2018 and more PPRT is anticipated to flow to local governments. However, PPRT is not expected to return to its pre-2016 level in 2018 or 2019.

General Fund operating expenditures are projected to outpace General Fund revenue growth during this period, due largely to normal growth in wages and other personnel costs. The average annual rate of increase of 3.3 percent is expected to increase overall expenditures to \$3,772 million in 2018 and \$3,900 million in 2019. Most categories of expenditures, including motor fuel, settlements and judgments, and other miscellaneous expenses, are assumed to grow at their long-term historically average rates. Salary and wages and health care expenditures are projected based on the assumption that the number of full time equivalent positions will remain approximately flat and that costs associated with these positions will experience growth in line with long-term historical trends.

Fund Stabilization

The City's policy is to maintain sufficient unrestricted fund balances to mitigate current and future risks, emergencies, or unanticipated budget shortfalls. As part of its financial and budget practices, the City establishes and maintains three sources of the unrestricted budgetary fund balance, referred to collectively as Budget Stabilization Fund or fund balance: (i) Asset Lease and Concession Reserves, (ii) Operating Liquidity Fund, and (iii) Unassigned Fund Balance. Current City policy states that the.City will maintain an unrestricted budgetary fund balance equivalent to no less than two months of operating expenses.

Asset Lease and Concession Reserves

The City established long-term reserves of \$500 million and \$400 million, respectively, with proceeds of the upfront payments from the long-term lease *or concession of the Chicago Skyway and the City's metered parking system ("MeteredParking System").■• See "-Long-term Leases, Concessions of City Facilities" below.

The interest earned on the Skyway Lease reserves was intended to be used for City operating expenses and has been utilized as planned. The principal balance remains \$500 million and the earned interest has been transferred to the General Fund each year, with the dollar amount of the transfer reflecting variations in interest rates.

The reserves from the Metered Parking System were created to replace revenues that would have been generated from parking meters by transferring interest earnings on the reserves to the General Fund, with the principal remaining intact at \$400 million. However, starting in 2009, the City began utilizing these long-term reserves to subsidize the City's operating budget. In 2009, \$20 million was transferred to the General Fund, and in 2010, \$160 million was used for City operating expenses. The 2011 budget included a \$140 million transfer from the reserves for operating purposes.-' Utilizing these reserves reduced the principal balance substantially below the initial deposit and accordingly reduced the interest earnings generated by the reserves. The ordinance establishing the reserves directed that an annual transfer of \$20 million be made from the reserve fund into the General Fund to replace lost meter revenue. In order to maintain these reserves, the City amended the ordinance in 2012 to state that only interest generated from the reserves, and not principal, must be transferred for this purpose.

33

Set forth in the table below is information about the City's long-term reserves as of December 31 of the years 2010 through 2015.

Asset Lease and Concession Reserves 2010-2015 (\$ in millions)

, Metered

YearSkywayParking SystemTotal''' 2010 \$500\$220\$720

2010	00002200720
2011	' 500• ■ 80580
2012	500100.600
2013	-500∎ 115615
2014	500120620
2015	500120620

Source: City of Chicago, Office of Budget and.Management...

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented are. based on cost of funds held in'the Service Concession and Reserve Fund. The market value of the funds-may vary depending on the market value of investments.

Operating Liquidity Fund

In 2016, the City created the Operating Liquidity Fund for purposes .of fiscal management.. The Operating Liquidity Fund is expected to function as recurring short-term funding for City operations that are .funded; from. a.: dedicated, trevenue.source! (e:g.,v,Chicago. Public Library property tax revenue), to mitigate against-temporary revenue-shortfalls..caused-hy .timing differences, in the receipt,of .certain revenue.; ..The Operating-Liquidity Fund is not intendedvto. provide one-time revenue to;the,General Fund budget or provide an indefinite line of credit. The City has set aside \$5 million in the 2015. unassigned fund balance for the Operating Liquidity Fund. The City plans to deposit another \$5 million in the Operating Liquidity Fund. The City plans to deposit another \$5 million in the Operating Liquidity Fund.

Unassigned Fund* Balance'- -.•

Surplus resources identified throughout the annual financial audit process make up the unassigned fund balance:; The.Gity's unassigned fund balance was.\$33.-8 million in 2013; \$51.6 million in'.2014, and \$93-.0 millions in-'2015. The

growth.has. keen, due in part .foithe improving, economy, enhancements in revenue systems,' "including' debtcollection ..and investment; strategies, ..and ongoing:.-savings . and efficiencies.... $</:\cdot, \cdot::$ ' • . .: ...'.

the annual, corporate /budget.from the iprior year's audited iunassigned fund balance in the current year's

Capital Improvements,;

The City's Capital Improvement Program ("C/P") funds the physical improvement or replacement of City-owned infrastructure and facilities with long useful lives, such as roads, buildings and green spaces. The CIP is funded from general obligation bond proceeds, revenue bond proceeds (largely for water, sewer, and aviation improvements), State and federal funding, tax increment financing, and private funding through public/private ventures. Capital improvements are projects with long useful lives that maintain, upgrade, or replace public infrastructure and public service providing facilities. Each year, the City updates the CIP, producing a spending "blueprint" based upon the most current revenue

34

projections and project priorities. Continued investments in infrastructure and facilities are critical to support and enhance neighborhoods, stimulate the economy, and improve services. The CIP for 2017 is approximately \$1.9 billion, including \$595 million for infrastructure projects, \$26 million for greening and open space development, primarily the Chicago Riverwalk, and \$54 million for facilities. The City expects to use general obligation bonds to fund \$138 million of projects, and will fund the remaining projects through revenue bonds, federal and State funding, and other available sources.

From 2011 to 2015, the City utilized proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds to fund \$663.2 million in capital improvements. General obligation bonds were utilized to support the types of projects described in the following table.

Capital Improvement Projects'"

Project Description

Greening

Green ways, medians, trees, fountains, community gardens, neighborhood parks, wetlands, and other natural areas.

Facilities

Infrastructure

Aldermanic menu projects

Improvement and construction of City buildings and operating facilities, police and fire stations, health clinics, senior centers, and libraries.

Construction and maintenance of streets, viaducts, alleys, lighting, ramps, sidewalks, bridge improvements, traffic signals, bike lanes, streetscapes, and shoreline work.

Selected by members of . City Council, each of whom is annually allotted \$1.32 million of general obligation bond proceeds to be spent at their discretion on a specific menu of improvements in their respective wards. These funds have been used primarily for sidewalks, residential street resurfacing, street lighting, and curb and gutter replacement, with portions of these funds contributed to the Chicago Park District, Board of Education of the City of Chicago, and the Chicago Transit Authority. Also included in this category are costs related to the improvements selected by the alderman, such as design and engineering, utility adjustments, and sidewalk ramps.

General obligation bonds have also funded a limited number of other uses, which arc discussed under "GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT-Long-Term General Obligation Bonds."

Set forth in the following table are the capital uses of general obligation bonds from 2011 through

35

Capital Uses of General Obligation Bonds 2011-2015 (\$ in millions) 2011 2012 2013201420!5 \$ 5.8 \$ 4.2 \$ 4.4S 4.6\$ 4.0 Greening..... Facilities 24.9 12.7 3.64.65.0 36.332.024.0 Infrastructure. 33.1 26.0 Aldermanic Menu 102.0 84.0 84.084.084.0 Total S158.7 \$134.0 \$128.3 \$125.2 \$117.0

Source: City of Chicago, Office of Budget and Management.

General obligation bond-funded capital improvements have decreased since 2011 as the debt service associated with the City's ibng'-term general obligation debt has grown and the City has made efforts to cut overall costs.,

City Workforce

The City has decreased, its, workforce from. 38,200 positions (40,297 full-time equivalents, or "PTEs") in 2006 to 33,321 positions (34,327'FTEs) in 2016, a decrease of approximately 15 percent. Approximately 91 percent of the City's workforce is represented by unions. The City is party to collective bargaining agreements with more than 40, different unions.

The two largest/barg'ainiriglunits.are.the Fraternal Order-of'Police, Lodge No. 7 ("FOP") and the Chicago

Firefighters Union ("Local 2"), currently with 16,096 combined sworn public safety positions. When police'Captains, lieutenants;¹ and-sergeants ;are" included, the number of .unionized sworn public safety positions comestb'17^539. -<'^ ;i '.• $\blacksquare < h$.••••.»'!. /:«.«•••:• ;v

Themext largests grouprof positions is associated with the Coalition of Union Public Employees ("COUPE^V J), which currently represents 6,754 trades:positions (7,315iFTEs). The American Federation of State, County, land -Municipal Employees; p-AFSCME"). is the fourth largest group, representing 3,479 positions (3,650 ETEs)! that provide administrative support for City government and services, and the Service; Employees;InternationaliiUnion i (\vSEIW)< currently, represents 1,967 public safety civilian positions (2j717;FTEs), such as traffic control aides, detention aides, and police communication operators.

The. ;collectiv.e;bargaining.agreements, with each, of these, unions include regular salary increases, resulting in higher personnel costs each year.[^] The, curcent collective bargaining agreement between the City and the FOP, covering the terms and conditions of employment of approximately 11,015 Chicago police officers for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017, was signed and became effective on November, 18, 2014. /The agreement provides, for, wage increases during the 5-year term totaling approximately 10 percent, including retroactive increases effective during the period July 1, 2012 through November, 2014. Retroactive increases of 2.0% were effective July 1, 2012, January 1, 2013, and January 1, 2014. The retroactive increases have been paid by the City with borrowings under the Short-Term Borrowing Program. These borrowings will be repaid with available resources from the General Fund.

An agreement with the Local 2, providing for an 11 percent increase over the period 2012 to 2017, was ratified by the union in June 2014. The most recent agreement with COUPE provides for wage rates set at the prevailing rates established regularly by the Illinois Department of Labor for construction trades employees; for employees not subject to prevailing rate schedules, the agreement provides for 2 percent increases each year from 2013 through 2017. The most recent agreement with AFSCME,

36

ratified in June 2014, provides for a 10 percent increase over the 5-year period 2012 to 2017. The current SEIU agreement, ratified in August 2012, includes a 6 percent increase between 2011 and 2016. Agreements ratified by the unions representing police sergeants, lieutenants and captains in late 2013 and early 2014, each provide for an 8 percent salary increase between 2012 and 2016.

These increases are in addition to the raises based on time in service that most employees receive. Historically, non-union employees received salary increases equal to those negotiated for civilian positions; however, since 2009, the majority of non-represented employees have not received salary increases beyond normal step increases for time in service.

Property Taxes

The City levies ad valorem real property taxes pursuant to its authority as a home rule unit of local government under the Illinois Constitution of 1970. Real property taxes represent the single largest revenue source for the City. As part of the City's budget process each year, the City determines the aggregate property tax levy that will be levied in the next fiscal year and collected in the following year.

EAV and Property Taxes

The City's aggregate property tax levy is divided by the equalized assessed value ("EAV) of all property in the City to determine the tax rate that will be applied to an individual taxpayer's property. The tax rate is applied to the EAV of the taxpayer's property to determine the tax bill. Changes in EAV do not affect the amount of the City's property tax revenue because the City's property taxes are levied at a flat dollar amount. For information on. real property assessment,

tax levy and tax collection in Cook County, see APPENDIX D-"PROPERTY TAXES."

The following tables present statistical data regarding the City's property tax base, tax rates, tax levies and tax collections from 2006 forward.

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

o F-		L	0		-
«.3 15 » 8	« B	ns			
5. £ •= *	hS	i >	U < > £	tilu-	
°∎ -00					
-00					
r-; in m m m no iri m m i IC	1 ol				
0					
no o o					
> 05					
os W					
Ö OS. ■ ^{Ok}					
W''co <					
Н					
< O W"					
< c Q . 3					
^ .S					
cc W					
a Z «<					
Q cc cc W cc cc					
< 0					
W					
<					
a					
CT W					
cc cc o H					

31

. .

.

.3 .*

- S"SS

₀a«j^ f-hs£w

■ , ■ C ■ o_

« NO-.**СС..§..«.**

оH

x > a ts <v <u H J > ■OV O O m no _-r-'oo" oo' 00 oo oo ol O" o" -00 m ol on' O CC1 CM m m &0

no m. ii-; a \o r-l h rn o^ r~ no" no" in 'n" w in o On OO ON 'NO **nO** - (N « VO ...* *nc-io m.* (N / VO ...* *nc-io m.* (N / N / A) 01 no m. 00 o on.- rt-' or--- m in 00 .- in" r-" no" r-" -3- r-~ 00 00 '/^ ^3 a in o on" rn o" -d-" of no o- 00 00 00

oi-cf-ONCNOoCNmc- oi no --3- rn 00.- ;~.r-~ ^ cn r-~ OOOCTNO~-oimmNO

- 00 o-- in 00 on rn. 00. o r-i CN o" rn 00" cn M VHO O VO

Office of the City Clerk

r- no o- on 💵

cri2 >

. . o" 0-<n >n cn" o- vo no

Ol^ m Cn

NO ON VO - O VO NO « CI ifl

o~moooooinoiinoo o rt- r~ <r- o'.r-- o'no 01 no. r-ooONmrnONOONor- no : cn .oi cn''rn rn;oi oi. oi ;oiicn :.

ooinoooNm^-ONOO 00 N0 -7- mt N0 . CN: `cn,N0 0 Tj- NO-NV N0 ON -m 'I-" m icT in cn m no" C- cj On m no On no - oi cn^ no on Tf. in^ o m m m* m m* o* o r-- o-- o-mmmmmmcNoioi

OONOONTi-^-OIO-^-O NOONfnNOTfr^^ - on 00 < cn m on no m r- rn 00° 00° rn" ol" no" 00" 00" ^j-" ol" oor^ONONOooONON--t NONDNOIi'lNONnTfTin

ONNONOTI-CNm^NOON -3-oomTtooomocNO q<ncsio-₁oin KonoCor-*norn r-i4 Mana/inch/Nobinmr^oi ∧ - "

" o" o" o" o" o" o" CN CN OI

000 - ONOmPho-Ho ONONNOINNO0-0100-0100-000" no" 00" no" 00" ono.-- - 'OmON

O MO » * -'OIOICN Of -• -" -" ^" ^-" - " -"

rn 10 r- h ^ » on in r-mo-oor-o~o-inm OCNINCN - NONONOOO - "P> On ->" n-" of On o" o" oi m m .-1 m cn >-1 on in Oi m mOONin-^rm 00" 00" on 00 00" r-" in in in = ^_ ^ _

Nor- oocio-iMfn-^in 0000 0000000000 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01



Q.fd

cn y.)∎ >(L>

c '

.2 8 ² хі сд ∪і см ∎а -3

3 >! O rt

o (J

U

fO 0,

cn <U (/)^c c/i

₀^{CU}***-**₀

⁴(U C I-CS-tn C O

3 0

u

> c∘

File #: F201	7-11, Version:	1	
/- \-			
O 60			
0 C			
11 o\-on>			
0 3 1 ia ₁ . n cacu			
>∎ T3			
ps			

> CO ,0

"£ 0 -0 ⁰ ^	ТМ
$ \begin{array}{c} - & i \\ p-\$ \\ 0 & aa \\ Q, Q & CJ \\ 1 & cn \\ 1 & -v \\ ^*T & .50 \\ 0 & = 0 \end{array} $	
CO o O > C/l c/2	
3 o O u	
он з D	
P18.8°	
o &	
o .2 a.tj S S	
■a 3 ' ¹³ o	
§•£gB.SI •°"2 « «^co i"-•gW^	
C O > C3 - C3 ∞ P3 ■•e ■Si S3 g -/ o C	
o.SgS ^U I5^e ⇔ ^t : Sili boo® a.c3⊖	



аH

0 03 **Ch H**

- cn -- -i

oooovrtNjrohrihoq no" no r-~ no" t - r~~ oo oo in $0\0>0\ONONOAOnO\ONO\$

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

οH

cu -J

На 0-і 0

CO CN CN CO I-CN

on' _{CN}

X! so

f- .2

o s

oo -"3-ON o -' CN NO^CN ©" m" ON CN NO **r-**

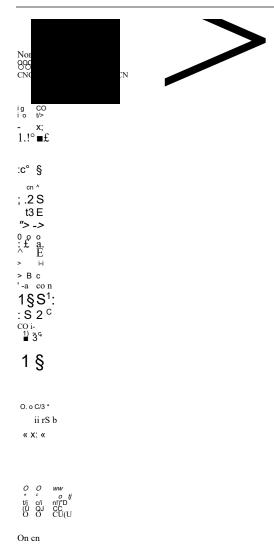
r- On 7h 00 010 m cn - cn cn cn ifl Nt NO 0 t 00

- Cn NO -H NO -> tN M %t n oo oo oo oo -h

P (U .2 ca ^{cj ca} о U .₅ в SİE jj ,fi >H 5<S

S	o Cu		
> cu J	U		
» o I			
03 g (H J £ 00 NO CN NC m >= On CN ON CC VN -■	0 -i N V		
no on m o"	no cn no tj- no in i oo cn on r- o" oC oo" o" CN-i '-<« CN		
NO CN in no" r-	tj- cn oo o o q r^incn-^f^fNONdNoinin o		
NO OC m < o" 0" © ON 0 on n in r. 0 N 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	NO CN On r-< "o" a_{c} m no cN a_{c} cN a_{c		
cn	10 oo oo -		

On On t- r--00000000000000.- no m-< CN NO



Use of City Property Tax Levy

Revenue from the City's property tax levy has been utilized primarily to pay the City's debt service and employer pension contributions. A small amount of the levy is allocated to the library system.

The amounts and tax rates of the City's property tax levy for debt service and employer pension contribution by Retirement Fund are set forth in the following tables for the years indicated.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES 2011-2015 ⁽¹ - (\$ in thousands)										
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>(%)</u>	<u>2013</u>	Change (%)	2014 .	Change (%)	<u>2015</u>	Char (%)	nge Change
Note Redemption and Interest ² ' ' 0.7%	\$ 7	73,377	\$ 73,481	0.	1% \$74,231	1.0%	•: \$ 97,061		30.8%,	\$97,708
Bond Redemption and Interest	411,9	905 41	1,489 (0.1)	411,	8070.1	412,139	0.1	2	11,730(0.1)	

CD

PABF ⁽³ >		143,785	143,8*65	0.1	138,146	(4.0) 136	6,680 (í.1) í	
361,987'.	164.8								
MLABF ⁽³⁾		126,997	129,138	1.7	122,066	(5.5)	1	23,239.	1.0
■ 124,706	1.2								
FABF ^{<3)}		66,125	65,461	(1.0)	81,518	' 24.5 81,	363 (0.2)	
179,424	120.5	,			<i>.</i>	·	,	,	
<u>LABF<³</u>		11,759	11,202	(4.7)		10,486(6.4)	10,934	4.3	11,070
1.2		<u> </u>		·		<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Total	\$833,948 \$	6834,636 0.1%	.\$838,254		0.	4% \$861,416	•		2.8%
	\$1,18	6,625. ~. 37.8%							

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. .. -

⁽¹⁾ Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund., -

⁽²⁾ Includes Corporate, Chicago Public Library Maintenance.and Operations, .Chicago Public Library Building and Sites, and City Relief Funds.

⁽³⁾ For information regarding the City's unfunded pension obligations, see "RETIREMENT* FUNDS-Payment for Pension Benefits-Funded Status of the Retirement Fiinds."

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

40

PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION 2006-2015

Tax Levy Year

Tax Extension""²' (in thousands)

Bond, Note Redemption and Interest'31

Policemen's Annuity and Benefit

Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit

Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Laborers'

and Retirement

Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit

2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 S719,230 749,351 834,152 834,109 834,089 833,948 834,636 838,254 861,416 1,186,625 \$0.569261 0.588843 0.602842 0.570806 0.588774 0.645918 0.743122 0.778719 0.783368 0.717373 \$0.194953 0.191548 0.172426 0.167552 0.170734 0.191381 0.220459 0.221494 0.210554 0.510054 \$0.197399 0.174302 0.162182 0.153704 0.161435 0.169036 0.197892 0.195703 0.189848 0.175716 \$0.099974 0.088581 0.080787 0.078184 0.078352 0.088014 0.100313 0.130700 0.125339 0.252815

\$0.011763 0.015754 0.016705 0.015651 0.017166 0.016813 0.016844 0.015598 \$1,062 1.044 1.030 0.986 1.016 1.110 1.279 1.343 1.327 1.672

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.

⁽¹⁾ Docs not include levy for Special Service Areas and net of collections for TIF districts.

⁽²⁾ Does not include the levy for the Schools Building and Improvement Fund, which is accounted for in an agency fund.

⁽³⁾ Includes rates from the Chicago Public Library Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund.

As shown above, the aggregate property tax levies over the period 2008 through 2013 remained relatively constant. The increase in 2014 was primarily due to property tax surpluses from TIF district terminations and did not represent an increase in the total tax levy for that year. See "-TIF Districts" below. The majority, \$318 million, of the tax levy increase in 2015 reflects the first year of a \$543 million 4-year phase in of higher property taxes to fund for the City's retirement systems. See "RETIREMENT FUNDS-Payment for Pension Benefits-Determination of City's Contributions."

The City is one of several taxing districts reflected on a Chicago resident's property tax bill. The amount of property taxes collected by Cook County is divided among these districts, with the City allocated approximately 24 percent of the typical bill. For information on property taxes levied on real property within the City by overlapping taxing districts, see "-Overlapping Taxing Districts" below.

TIF Districts

In addition to the revenues the City receives from its general property tax levy, the City derives property tax revenue from the City's TIF districts. TIF revenue must be utilized for specific types of expenses in specific districts and is hot'available for non-specified governmental uses. The City's TIF program began in 1984 with the goal of promoting business, industrial, and residential development in areas of the City that struggled to attract or retain housing, jobs, or commercial activity. The program is governed by. a State law that allows municipalities to capture property tax revenues derived from the EAV growth above the base EAV that existed before an area was designated as a TIF district for the term of the TIF district, and to use that money (the tax increment) for job training, public improvements and incentives to attract private investment to the area. In 2016, the TIF statute was amended to authorize the creation of TIF districts specifically for public transit facilities. The City created its first transit TIF district in November 2016 to fund improvements to the Chicago Transit Authority Red and Purple Lines.

41

When a TIF district ends, or the City, under certain circumstances, declares a surplus in the TIF district, the City returns the surplus funds to the • Cook County Treasurer for distribution to the overlapping taxing districts based upon each district's share of the aggregate tax rate under the applicable tax code. Such surplus declaration occurs typically during the City's annual budget process.

AHHil-mnjillv hpcrinniruT in

Ihr» Cit\r fr-r»-/<=> cnf»tuf!niT nn n^nw nrnintc nilior tlian r.r-iH/-".il

infrastructure in seven downtown.TIF districts. The City plans to declare as surplus all revenue not needed for current and committed projects in those districts. In addition, once all obligations are paid off, it is expected that those TIF districts will be terminated.

Set forth in the following table is'information about the amount of money returned to taxing

districts from declared surplus or the expiration, repeal or termination of TIF districts from 2011

through 2017.

TIF SURPLUS 2011-2017 (\$ in millions)

	20112012 201320	14201520162017		
Declared	\$188:0\$82,9	. \$25.0\$39.1\$39.5	\$112.0	\$172.0
Expiration	15.113.7	8.425.444.3		
Repeal	73.3-0.5			
Termination	9.6	0.60.51.0 3.0		
Total	\$276.4 ", \$96:6	' \$43.5'\$65.1	. \$84	4.3 \$113-0 \$175.0'

Source: Qitypf Qhtcago, Office of Budget and Management.,

Trie City receives^approximately 24 percent of all surplus dollars distributed by; the Cook County

Treasurer, to the overlapping 'taxing disfric^./The 2017 declared TIF, surplus of \$175 million provides

\$40.5 million to the: City. ¹;

Upon the expiration, repeal or tenninatioh of TIF districts, the incremental EAV of the district

becomes a part_{(.}pfjhe aggregate EAV that is available to all overlapping taxing districts. Taxing districts, including tfie City, have the ability to recover their portion, of the revenue .from the incremental EAV by adding 'it to thejr levy, following a'TIF 'district's dissolution., this practice yielded the City \$1.1 million from three/TIF from 12 TIF districts' in 2013-and \$16.6 million from six TIF districts in 20F4. The City will continue to receive TIF surplus on an annual basis as TiF districts are repealed, terminated or expire.

Overlapping T_taxing Districts

, ,v ·

 $_{M}$, "Various governmental.entities operate as separate, independent units of government and .Have authority to issue.bonds' and levy taxes, on real property .within the City. These governmental entities, or overlapping taxing, district's,' are,the Board of f&ucation of the City of Chicago ("C50£""), Cook County, Illinois' ("Cqqk CbuntfX .the Metropolitan .Water Reclamatipn District of Greater Chicago ("MWRD"), the Chicago Park District (the "Park District"), Community College District.Number 508, County of Cook and State of Illinois' ("City Colleges"),, and the County Forest Preserve District ("Forest Preserve")'.

, Most of the overlapping taxing districts, lack home rule status; accordingly, the amount by which they can increase their annual property tax levy is limited by tax cap legislation unless they obtain voter

42

approval and/or State legislative authorization. The City can give no assurance as to whether, and to what extent, property taxes levied by overlapping taxing districts may increase in coming years.

The combined property tax rates of the City and overlapping taxing districts are set forth in the following table for the years 2006 to 2015.

| REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

c₅o **ᡛn**₀

v> ■51-vcr- - <n\orjoor~-On - (N rn in On cn O NO O;oq<qo;^(<ioocoi» ui ic O vo

< **X**S **⁴**X ^(S) ^(C) ^{(C}

43

<			
OS <			
H O Q Z <			
H U U Q K S I S			
0<			
О о н			
OS W Oh			
S Oh V5 H ≓ Z in p			
in p			
<:			
Oh Cm O OS Oh ♥ Z S O			
3 J			
~ £=>>. ^{№ 1} б ^f :åоb во ^{J;} імt,о3 U			
-еt- S "5 С3			
° 21 .s a s os			
o - U m -S j- pL,			

cn o Wo J3 U U
©-«» C3 o Bo xs u S*5
CB 5 SH 26 t.@_OM@. W o*- £>.a *S Ca E U £ > 50 Hj>- O g Js
o no in m cn - o oo cn ©Tf^ONCNNomNONou-) in-^_^fcn'^r'^finNninin o'o'o'o'o'o'o'o C/5
r cn '-> On »- oo rn Cn On ON inmmi^-minNONONOND oooooooooo 000 ' 0 ' 000000 60
TfmcN-i-Nfoor-OND ooNomNor-oir'cncN NNNNcNnnNtNtvl; o'o'o'oo'o'oo'o
ONincnONONNoinoincN r-mcNO-^Tj-ONCN~-oo cncncncnccicn^'^fco o'o'o'o'o'o'o'o'o'o Vi

Vi

u-iOnnoo-iv-iOONcnr-OmmininNOONONON-

0000000000 V)

r^cncNNo-'incN^om ONOor~Nooor--cNr~Nom No>nNTtrninoo-!tNqNq^r CNCNcNcNCNCNcncncncn'

∞ -i ∧ Θⁿ I II o o 60

П

r~CNNOONNOCNNO'*

00000000 V)

cN-^-ONDN0O0Ncnr-r4 NOTfcnoo-' - c- ^ (N r-OOOOnO^CNcOCONO

O cn	
0)	
u	
0	
o o U ii o	
o t/5	
Q State o cu	
а (д Н U	
H C/5	
- 00 NO 0 - d on 00 -	
NO'-	
0-ma CINO. i of 00	ON
	ro
co c	
^-» co c '52 ⊷cu> o	
0) X;	
xj CU	
cu	
с охі	
^{rt3} x ^u ^(X) , .ti o	CJ « -»-»u u
X3 « O C3 NO	
$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ x \\ C \\ = > 0^{1} \\ z \\ c \\ u \end{array} $	

o cu Q o E XJ P3 cu C CU E ¹⁷³ C c w <a + 60 J S ⁰ cu fc; 00 -5 P1-0 cu o

CT3 1> >> CU

I C3 / ^U



, CU

C/3 O NO CN 00 NO' ICN CLO o- - v\ o^ in" ti-" no o-m 00 in m IC-1 On in -1 NO 00" -r On **100** r-A-7 CN NO 00 1/1 no" -3-" O\ 0 ON "Clin ;ON

0 ON

CN

 № 00 m
 №

 № 00 m
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 №

 №
 <

ΕO

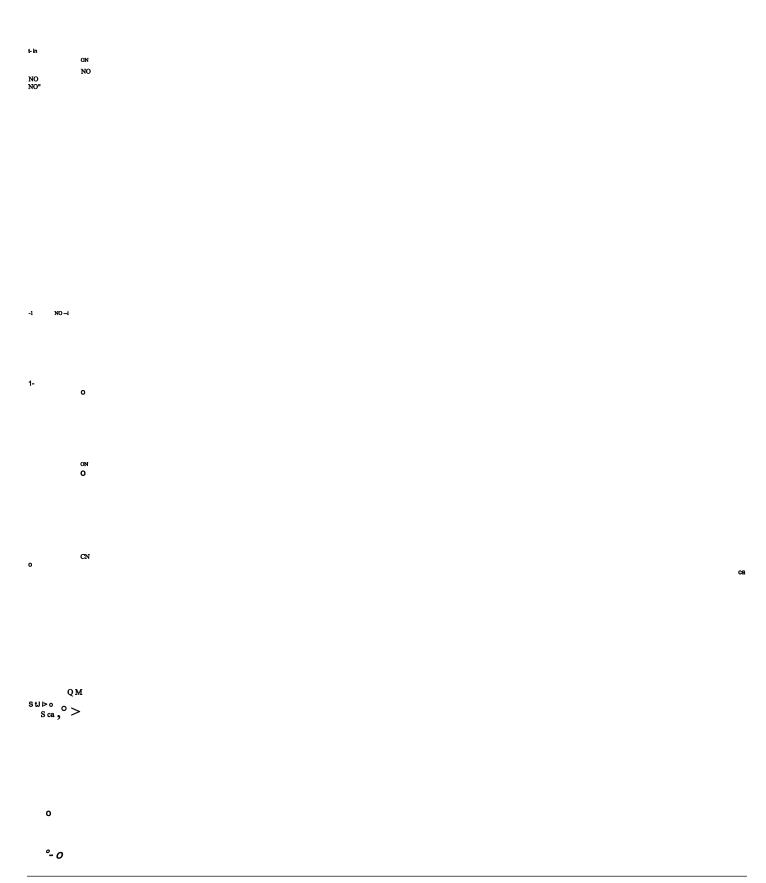
NO Cn'

0 - O c u s o*

⊶₀6 ? o-g I^JG^Q Չ

00 C CJ:

SE oa ۸_





Overlapping Taxing Districts

The overlapping taxing districts within the City maintain five pension funds for their respective employees that arc supported by local government revenues. Statistical data for the four City pension funds and the five overlapping taxing district's pension funds is set forth in the table below.

CITY AND OVERLAPPING TAXING DISTRICTS PENSION FUNDS SUPPORTED BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES⁰¹

3 3

0

Overlapping Taxing Districts	
MWRD	
Cook County Forest Preserve	
CBOE ¹³ ' :	
Park District	
Subtotal::	
City Pension Funds.	
TOTAL?.	
Unfunded Actuar	ial Accrued Liability (S in millions)
	S 1,063.0 . 7,241.2 129.0 9,635.4 514.6 \$18,583.'2
- \$23,041.6 \$41,624.8	
	funded Liability Per
<u>Capita'²</u>	
	\$ 203 1,382 25 3,542 189 \$ 5,341
\$ 8,469 \$13,810 ⁽⁴⁾	
Funded Ratio	
55.2%	
55.4	
60.0	
52.4	
43.5	
31.1%	
Source: Most recent actuarial valuation of the pension furicfof the	e overlapping taxing district'~.
(1' Excludes City Colleges, the employees of which are meml	bers of the State Universities Retirement Systemjwhich isfunded by the State; n is supported by local sales taxes, real'estate transfer taxes, subsidies from the
(2> Per capita amountsrare based on the U:S. Census Bureau's 201-	
County (5,238)216).:as.described in APPENDIX B-"ECONOMIC	
The City's population was used to calculate the per capita numbers of which has boundaries coterminous with the City. Cook County'	
for Cook County, the Forest.Preserve, which has boundaries cotern	
coterminous with Cook County, has boundaries which overlap in a	excess of 98% with the boundaries of Cook County,
measured by EAV.:'	. ~. " :. ". "

⁽³⁾ CBOE makes contributions to the Chicago Teachers'Fund.
 ^m Represents the average burden on a resident of the City as a result of the unfunded pension liabilities of the City and,the'r. overlapping taxing districts.

The information set forth in the^preceding table may not incorporate the various reforms that have been adopted for certain of these pension funds,-and should not be relied upon for the financial condition of the funds currently: The

information's presented only to provide an indication of the magnitude of the, unfunded pension liabilities of the overlapping taxing districts when combined with, the unfunded pension liabilities of the City. For additional detail on the liabilities of the four City pension funds, see¹ "RETIREMENT F.UNDS-Payment for Pension:Benefits".

Long-Term Leases, Concessions of City Facilities

The City is a party to long-term lease or concession agreements with respect to certain City-owned facilities, as.described below.

46

In 2005, the City entered into a 99-year lease of the Chicago Skyway (the "Skyway Lease"), under which Skyway Concession Company, LLC, was granted the right lo collect and retain toll revenue from the Skyway. In return, the City received an upfront payment of \$ 1.83 billion.

fn 2006, the City entered into the Chicago Downtown Public Parking System Concession and Lease Agreement (the "Parking Garages Lease Agreement") with Chicago Loop Parking, LLC ("CLP"), by which CLP was granted a 99year concession to operate the public parking garages commonly referred to as Millennium Park, Grant Park North, Grant Park South'and East Monroe (collectively the "Parking Garages"). Under the Parking Garages Lease Agreement, CLP was granted the right to operate and collect revenue from the Parking Garages in return for an upfront payment of \$563 million to the City. In May 2016, the concessionaire interest in the Parking Garages Lease Agreement was sold to Millennium Parking Garages LLC.

In 2008, the City entered into the Chicago Metered Parking System Concession Agreement (the "Metered Parking Concession Agreement") with Chicago Parking Meters, LLC ("CPM'), by which CPM was granted a 75-year concession to operate the Metered Parking System, including the right to collect revenues derived from the metered parking spaces. In return, the City received an upfront payment of \$1.15 billion.

The City established long-term reserves with portions of the upfront payments from the Skyway Lease and the Metered Parking System. See "-Service Concession and Reserve Fund" above.

Under each of the Skyway Lease, the Metered Parking Concession Agreement and the Parking Garages Lease; the lessee/concessionaire has the right to terminate the transaction and receive payment from the City for the fair market value of the respective City facilities in the event that the City, Cook County or the State were to take certain actions which materially adversely affected the value of the respective City facilities.

The Parking Garages Lease Agreement includes a provision by which certain events can require the City to compensate the lessee. One of those events is the granting of a license for the operation of a public garage that was not in existence as of the date of the Parking Garages Lease Agreement within a certain distance from the Parking Garages. In 2015, the City paid the lessee a judgment of approximately \$62 million as compensation for granting a public garage license for a new parking garage within the specified distance from the Parking Garages.

The Parking Meters Concession Agreement includes a provision by which the City can be required to compensate CPM if usage of the Metered Parking System by vehicles displaying disabled parking placards (which are exempt from paying for on-street metered parking) exceeds a certain threshold. Pursuant to this provision, the City paid CPM \$18.5 million for such usage by vehicles displaying a disabled parking placard during 2013. No such payment was paid pursuant to this provision for 2014; \$171,456 was paid for 2015.

Illinois Sports Facilities Authority

The Illinois Sports Facilities Authority ("ISFA") is a State agency authorized to construct and operate sports facilities and provide financial assistance for governmental owners of sports facilities or their tenants. Beginning in 1980, the ISFA issued various series of bonds (and refunding bonds) for the development of the new ComiskeyPark (now known as "Guaranteed Rate Field") and a portion of the Chicago lakefront including Soldier Field. The ISFA bonds are payable from State and City annual subsidy payments of \$5 million each, with the City's subsidy taken from the City's share of the local government distributive fund, and a 2 percent hotel tax imposed by the ISFA (the "ISFA Hotel Tax").

47

The State advances to the ISFA certified annual operating expenses less the amount of the subsidies. The State withholds collections from the ISFA Hotel Tax to repay advanced amounts. If the ISFA Hotel Tax is not sufficient to repay the State advance, the deficiency is automatically withdrawn from the City's share of the local government distributive fund. During 201 1, the ISFA hotel tax was inadequate to fully repay the State advance, and the deficiency of \$185,009 was deducted from the City's share of the local government distributive fund. This is the only payment the City has made to date. Future City payments are dependent on hotel occupancy rates. ■

City InvestmentPolicy

'The investment of City, funds is governed by the Municipal Code. Pursuant to the Municipal Code, the City Treasurer has adopted a Statement of Investment Policy and Guidelines for the purpose of establishing written cash management and investment guidelines to be followed by the City Treasurer's office in the investment of City funds,. See APPENDIX C-"CITY OF CHICAGO'BASIC-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015-Notes'(1) and (4):"

;, ; Amounts in. a variety of funds of the City, including the General Fund, are invested on a comingled basis, and are referred to as the City's "consolidated cash." Consolidated cash may be used for interfund borrowings among various funds of the City, including, but not limited to, the General Fund, and such use reduces the need for external borrowing'by the City to meet the needs :'of its-funds. The City has maintained'its "consolidated 'cash,: including interfund borrowing, so as to meet the obligations of its funds, including the General Fund, in a timely manner.

-Notwithstanding .the City's: investment policy, all funds held under the indenture must be held.in Permitted Investments./ See APPENDIX A-"SUMMARY OF THEV INDENTURE-Glossary.- of Terms-Permitted'Investments"--

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

48

RETIREMENT FUNDS

Payment for Pension Benefits

General

Pursuant to the Illinois Pension Code, as revised from time to time (the "Pension Code"), the City contributes to four retirement funds (collectively, the "Retirement Funds"), which provide benefits upon retirement, death or disability to members of the Retirement Funds and their beneficiaries. The Retirement Funds arc, in order from largest to smallest membership: (i) the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago ("MEABF'); (ii) the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago ("FABF"); and (iv) the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago ("LABF'). The Retirement Funds' membership consists primarily of current and former employees of the City and their beneficiaries.

The Retirement Funds are established, administered and financed under the Pension Code, as separate bodies politic and corporate and for the benefit of the members of the Retirement Funds and their beneficiaries. The City's contributions to the Retirement Funds, and benefits for members of the Retirement Funds and their beneficiaries, are governed by the provisions of the Pension Code. See "-Determination of City's Contributions" below. This Section describes, among other things, the current provisions of the Pension Code applicable to the City's funding of the Retirement Funds. No assurance can be made that the Pension Code will not be amended in the future.

Certain statements made in this Section are based on projections, are forward-looking in nature and are developed using assumptions and information currently available. Such statements are subject to certain .risks and uncertainties. The projections set forth in this Section rely on information produced by the Retirement Funds' independent actuaries (except where specifically noted otherwise) and were not prepared with a view, toward complying with the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants with respect to prospective financial information. This information is not fact and should not be relied upon as being necessarily indicative of future results. Readers of this Section are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the prospective financial information. Neither the City, the City's independent auditors, nor any other independent accountants have compiled, examined, or performed any procedures with respect to the prospective financial information or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability, and assume no responsibility for, and disclaim any association with, the prospective financial information.

Source Information

The information contained in this Section relies in part on information produced by the Retirement Funds, their independent accountants and their independent actuaries (the "Source Information"). Neither the City nor. the City's independent auditors have independently verified the Source Information and make no representations nor express any opinion as to the accuracy of the Source Information.

Furthermore, where the tables in this Section present aggregate information regarding the Retirement Funds, such combined information results solely from the application of arithmetic to the data presented in the Source Information and may not conform to the requirements for the presentation of such information by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") or the Pension Code.

49

Certain of the comprehensive annual financial reports of the Retirement Funds (each a "CAFR" and together the "CAFRs"), and certain of the actuarial valuations of the Retirement Funds (each, an "Actuarial Valuation" and together, the "Actuarial Valuations"), may be obtained by contacting the Retirement Funds. Certain of these reports may also be available on the Retirement Funds' websites (www.meabf.org http://www.meabf.org; www.chipabf.org; www.chipabf.org; www.labfchicago.org http://www.labfchicago.org; and www.labf.org; http://www.labfchicago.org>; and www.labf.org of the Retirement Funds' websites are not incorporated herein by such reference.

The Retirement Funds typically release their Actuarial Valuations in the April or May following the close of their respective'fiscal years on December 31. None of the Retirement Funds has released its Actuarial Valuations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

Background Information Regarding-the Retirement Funds

General

Each of the Retirement Funds is a single-employer, defined-benefit public employee retirement

system. "Single^employer" refers to'the¹ fact that there is a single plan sponsor, in this case, the City.

"Defined-benefit".refers to the fact that the Retirement Funds pay a periodic benefit to employees upon

retirement and survivors in a fixed:amount determined at the time of retirement. .The amount of the

periodic benefit's'generally-determined on the basis of service credits and salary. Eligible employees

receive the defined benefit on a periodic basis for.life, along with certain benefits to spouses and children

that survive the death>of the employee. i./ . - - ••-.tt »

To fund the benefits to be paid by a defined-benefit pension plan, both employees and employers make'¹ contribution's to the -plan. " Generally, in <a; defined-benefit' pension' plan, employees contribute a fixed percentage -of their 'annual salary -and¹ employers contribute the additidnakamounts required (which amounts 'may"redetermined' pursuant-" to'-statute, as in the case of the'City)-'when combined with the investment earnings^ on plan^{1;} assets,"to pay the benefits under the pension ' pian! ' See TABLE ':Y- "MEMBERSHIP/' • "-Determination > of **■** Employee -Contributions"• and: "-^Determination of City's Cdntribitiions¹"below.¹ • **■** = '!:-'

•" The benefits' available under the-Retirement Funds accrue throughout' the'time ah employee' ^Jis employed by the^City. Although the benefits accrue during employmenf,;'certain age and service requirements must be achieved by' an'employee to generate a retirement or survivor's periodic deTined b'e¥iefit -payme'ht 'upon¹ retirement"o'r 'termination from the City. • The' Retirement Funds also provide certain disability benefits arid, 'until the' later of the date on which the City ho longer providesa health care plan for the annuitants or December 31, 2016, retiree healthcare benefits to eligible members. See "-Payment for Other Post-Employment Benefits" below. "" '

Section 5 of Article XIII of the IllinoisjCohs'titutiori (the "Pension Clause") provides as follows: .

"Membership in any pension retirement system of the State, any unit of local government or school 'district, or any ' agency or instrumentality thereof, shall be an enforceable contractual relationship, the benefits of which shall not be diminished or impaired."

The members of the Retirement Funds are divided into a "two-tier" benefit system with less generous benefits for employees who become members of Retirement Funds on or after January 1, 2011 ("Tier II Members") as compared to those provided to employees prior to such'date'.' As described under "-Future Legislation Regarding MEABF and LABF," the provisions of SB 2437 (as hereinafter defined)

50

would create, if enacted into law, a third sub-group of Retirement Fund members, referred to herein as "New Members" comprised of MEABF and LABF members hired after January 1, 2017.

References in this Section to "member" are references to the active, inactive and retired employees of the City and their beneficiaries, the active, inactive and retired employees of the Retirement Funds participating in the Retirement Funds and their beneficiaries, and with regard to MEABF, certain employees of the Board of Education who are members of MEABF as described below, and their beneficiaries.

References in this Section to the term "contribution" when used in reference to any year refers to the actual payment of moneys by the City to a Retirement Fund. References to the term "levy year" reflect the year in which property tax levies, such as the Pension Levy (as hereinafter defined), are filed with the Cook and DuPage County Clerks (the same being the counties in which the City is located). Such levies will be collected by the Counties, remitted to the City and contributed to the Retirement Funds in the calendar year following the levy year.

The Retirement Funds

Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago. MEABF is established by and administered under Article 8 of the Pension Code. MEABF provides age and service retirement benefits, survivor benefits and disability benefits to all eligible members. MEABF is administered under the direction' of a 5-member board of trustees (the "MEABF Board'), whose members are responsible for managing and administering MEABF for the benefit of its members. In addition to City and Retirement Fund employees, former employees and survivors, MEABF's membership includes non-instructional employees of the Board of Education ("CBOE Employees"). With respect to MEABF, the terms "employee" and "member" include the CBOE Employees. The CBOE Employees account for almost half of MEABF's membership. The Mayor of the City, the City Clerk, the City Treasurer, and members of the City Council may participate in MEABF if such persons file, while in office, written application to the MEABF Board.

Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago. PABF is established by and administered under Article 5 of the Pension Code. PABF provides retirement and disability benefits to the police officers of the City, their surviving spouses and their children. PABF is administered by an 8-member board of trustees (the "PABF Board"). Members of the PABF Board are charged with administering the PABF under the Pension Code for the benefit of its members.

Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago. FABF is established by and administered under Article 6. of the

Pension Code. FABF provides retirement and disability benefits to fire service employees and their survivors. FABF is governed by an 8-member board of trustees (the "FABF Board'). Members of the FABF Board are statutorily mandated to discharge their duties solely in the interest of FABF's members.

Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago. LABF is established by and administered under Article 11. of the Pension Code. LABF provides retirement and disability benefits for employees of the City and the Board of Education who are employed in a title recognized by the City as labor service and for the survivors of such employees. LABF is governed by an 8-mcmber board of trustees (the "LABF Board' and, together with the MEABF Board, the PABF Board and the FABF Board, the "Retirement Fund Boards"). Members of the LABF Board are statutorily mandated to discharge their duties solely in the interest of LABF's members.

51

The membership of the Retirement Funds as of December 31, 2015, was as follows:

Retirement <u>Fund</u>	Active <u>Members</u>	Inactive/ Entitled to <u>Benefits</u>	Retired <u>Benef</u>	es and <u>iciaries</u>	<u>Totals</u>	
ME	ABF 30,	683 16,268	3 24,	964		71,915
PABF	12,061	637	13,210	25,908		
FABF	4,735	76	4,729	9,540		
LABF	2.816	1.455	3.846	8.117		
Total	50,295	18,436	46,749	115,480		

TABLE I - MEMBERSHIP

Source: CAFRs of MEABF, PABF and LABF as of December 31, 2015, and the Actuarial Valuation of FABF as of December 31, 2015.

Each Retirement Fund Board is a fiduciary of its respective Retirement Fund and is authorized to perform all functions necessary for .operation, of such Retirement Fund. The Pension Code authorizes each Retirement Fund Board to make certain decisions, including decisions; regarding. the investment, of funds,-the management of assets, the disbursement of benefits, and the hiring of staff, financial advisors and asset managers. Each. Retirement Fund Board is authorized to promulgate rules and procedures regarding the administration of benefits and other matters in accordance iwith the Illinois Administrative Procedure. Act, and ..decisions awarding,,,limiting,,,or denying benefits.,are. subject ..to the .Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.. The Pension Code provides that the expenses incurred in connection with the administration of the, Retirement Funds are not construed to be debt .imposed.upon, the City,.: Such expenses are the obligation of .the Retirement Funds exclusively, as.separate bodies politic and corporate.,

Investments

Each Retirement Fund Board manages the investments of its respective Retirement Fund. State law regulates the types, of investments in which the Retirement Funds' assets may be invested. Furmermore,-the^Retirement.'Furi'd.'Boar'ds invest the.Retirement Funds' assets in accordance with the prudent person mle, which requires, members of the Retirement Fund Boards, who are fiduciaries of the Retirement Funds, to discharge their duties with the care^ prudence and diligence that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in a similar situation.

"*"""."• Ih'¹ carrying 'out "'-their investment duty, the Rfetiremeht Fund Boards may appoint and review investment managers'as fiduciaries to¹ manage the; investment assets of the" Retirement "Funds'. "Such investment managers' are granted discretionary authority to manage' the' Retirement Funds' assets. Additional information regarding the'Retirement Funds' investments and investment management may be found on the Retirement Funds' websites; provided, however, that the contents of such website's are not incorporated into this Section by such reference.

' " Table 2 provides information on the' investment returns experienced by each of the Retirement

Funds. ; ""■ "■■•>■■.

52

TABLE 2 - INVESTMENT RATES OF RETURN 2006-2015

Fiscal Year	MEABF	FABF	LABF PABF	
2006	12.7%	14.0%	11.2%12.1%	
2007	7.3	11.0	8.08.8	
2008	(28.7)	(33.8)	(29.2) (27.8)	
2009	19.6	23.7	21.521.9	
2010	14.2	17.7	15.5 •12.7	
2011	0.1	(2.0)	(0.3)0.8	
2012	12.8	16.2	14.612.4	
2013	16.1	19.5	15.814.5	
2014	4.7	2.9	3.86.2	
2015	1.8	0.7	(1.5) (0.4)	
2015	Assur	ned	Rate ⁽¹⁾ .	7.5
.5	7.5	7.5		

Source: For FABF, the audited financial statements of FABF for fiscal years 2006-2012 and the Actuarial Valuations of FABF ""for fiscal years 2013, 2014 and 2015. For MEABF, the Actuarial Valuation of MEABF as of December 31, 2015. For I.ABF and PABF, the respective CAFRs of such Retirement Funds for the fiscal years 2006-2015. (1) Reflects the assumed rate of return in the respective Actuarial Valuations of the Retirement Funds measured as of ... December 31, 2015, as discussed in further detail under "Actuarial Assumptions-Assumed Investment Rate of Return" below.

Determination of Employee Contributions

Currently, employees are required to contribute to their respective Retirement Fund as set forth in the Pension Code.

MEABF employees currently contribute 8.5 percent of their salary to MEABF (consisting of a 6.5 percent contribution for employee benefits, a 1.5 percent contribution for spouse benefits, and a 0.5 percent contribution for an annuity increase benefit).

7.

PABF employees currently contribute 9.0 percent of their salary to PABF (consisting of a 7.0 percent contribution for employee benefits, a 1.5 percent contribution for spouse benefits and a 0.5 percent contribution for an annuity increase benefit).

FABF employees currently contribute 9.125 percent of their salary to FABF (consisting of a 7.125 percent contribution for employee benefits, a 1.5 percent contribution for spouse benefits, a 0.375 percent contribution for an annuity increase benefit and a 0.125% contribution for disability benefits).

LABF employees currently contribute 8.5 percent of their salary to LABF (consisting of a 6.5 percent contribution for employee benefits, a 1.5 percent contribution for spouse benefits, and a 0.5 percent contribution for an annuity increase benefit).

For each Retirement Fund, if an employee leaves without qualifying for an annuity, accumulated employee contributions are refunded.

As described under "-Future Legislation Regarding MEABF and LABF," SB 2437 would modify contributions for certain MEABF and LABF employees if enacted into law.

53

Determination of City's Contributions

The provisions of the Pension Code mandate the amounts the City must contribute to the Retirement Funds, and the City is bound to contribute, and historically has contributed, the amounts required by the Pension Code.

The Pension Code provides that each Retirement Fund Board must annually certify to the City Council a determination of the required City contribution to such Retirement Fund. In making its request for the City's annual contribution, each Retirement Fund, acting through its Retirement Fund Board, annually approves and then submits a resolution to the City Council requesting that the City Council levy for a particular contribution amount. The City has generally paid the amounts so requested.*

Prior to the contribution to be made to the Retirement Funds in 2016, the City contributed to all four Retirement Funds an amount determined by a funding formula which required the City to contribute a statutory multiple (the "Multiplier") of the amount contributed to a Retirement Fund by-the employees who are members in that Retirement Fund two years prior to the year in which the property tax used to generate the contribution was levied ("Multiplier Funding"). With respect to the City's 2015 contribution, the Multiplier for each Retirement Fund was as follows: 1.25 for MEABF; 2.00 for PABF; 2.26 for FABF; and 1.00 for LABF. The contribution amounts derived from this formula.do not relate to, and in recent years have Been substantially less than, the contribution amounts that.would typically result from an actuarial determination of the contribution.

"
" As'a' result of the Illinois Supreme Court's determination that P.A. 98-641; (as hereinafter defined)

is unconstitutional, the City will continue to contribute to MEABF and LABF pursuant'to this statutory

Multiplier Funding formula until such time as the Pension Code provisions related.tp such contributions

are modified by the General Assembly. See "-Future Legislation Regarding MEABF and LABF"

With respect to PABF and FABF, the Pension Code was modified by the General Assembly in;2010; with the adoption of Public, Act 96-1495 ("P.A. 96-1495"), which, among- other things,.-required that, . beginning in ,2016, the City's contributions each year for PABF. and FABF .equal, the amount necessary to achieve a Funded Ratio (as defined and,described, below),of 90,.pcr.cent jn.pX^ by the end of fiscal year 2040. The General Assembly subsequently modified P.A. 96-1495 with the enactmenjt,of.Public j Aqt 99-p5_i06_v(";i?.A 99-506"),. which modified, the^employercontribution/provisions of P.A. 96-1495.,by extending the. year ,to which the unfunded liabilities, of, PABF and FABF, are amortized, on a level percentage of payroll basis, tq $_{oa}$.90 percent Funded Ratio frpm,204Q to, ,2055! and instituting a phase-in period (the Phase-in Period' ¹) during 2016-2020 to allow for a more gradual

increase; in, its required; cojrtrib, ^^

9,6-1495, (the "P.A. 99,506.Funding

Plan").; When compared, to the provisions, of P.A. 96,-1495.-and when considered independently of other factors, the ,P.A...9,9-5.0,6..Funding .Plan-/will .increase, the, unfunded, .liabilities.tand, decrease the Funded Ratios of PABF and FABF because it (i) imposes the Phase-in Period, which provides for reduced contributions compared to P.A. 96-1495 in each of contribution years 2016 through 2020 and (ii). increases: the period of time over which the unfunded liabilities of, PABF and, FABF are amortized. As described-in further detail .under "-City's Contributions, to the Retirement Funds for 201.6-and- 2077" herein, the City increased its property tax levy for the purpose of making increased pension contributions to PABF and FABF in 2016 and 2017.

54

During the Phase-in Period, the City will contribute the specific amounts set forth in the Pension Code to PABF and FABF in the aggregate amounts as follows: in payment year 2016, \$619 million; in payment year 2017, \$672 million; in payment year 2018, \$727 million; in payment year 2019, \$792 million; and in payment year 2020, \$824 million.

The City's contributions to the Retirement Funds have historically been made primarily from the proceeds of an annual levy of property taxes for each of the Retirement Funds (collectively, the "Pension Levy") by the City solely for such purpose, as provided by the Pension Code. However, the Pension Code allows the City to use any other legally available funds (collectively, the "Other Available Funds," as described below) in lieu of the Pension Levy to make its contributions to the Retirement Funds. The amount of the Pension Levy, like any City property tax levy, must be approved by the City Council. The Pension Levy is exclusive of and in addition to the amount of property taxes which the City levies for other purposes.

If Other Available Funds are being utilized to pay a portion of the City's contributions, such funds are to be deposited with the City Treasurer to be used for the same purpose as the Pension Levy. The City's practice historically has been to use a portion of the PPRT revenue to pay a portion of the City's contributions. At present, the portion of the City's contribution made from Other Available Funds consistsof several revenue sources, including (i) general corporate

^{*} In past years, FABF has requested a contribution from the City which the City determined exceeded the amount required by the Pension Code. The City has indicated that it will not contribute amounts in excess of the amount the Cily has determined to be the statutory contribution requirement for the City to FABF in such prior years or in future years.

fund revenues, and (ii) revenues of the enterprise systems (with respect to the portion of the contribution allocable to the employees of the respective enterprise systems).

City's Contributions to the Retirement Funds for 2016 and 2017

•On October 28, 2015, the City Council approved its supplemental fiscal year-2015 budget (the "Supplemental Budget") and its fiscal year 2016 budget.(the "FY 2016 Budget"). "The Supplemental Budget increased the contribution to be paid to PABF and FABF by \$328 million, which increased the overall 2016 contribution to \$886 million (the "2016 Contribution"). The FY 2016 Budget includes a contribution to be paid to the Retirement Funds in calendar year 2017 of \$978 million, which includes an additional increase in the contribution for PABF and FABF (the "2017 Contribution"). The 2016 Contribution and the 2017 Contribution each assume the effectiveness of P.A. 98-641.

The City's budget for fiscal year 2015, as amended by the Supplemental Budget (together the "Amended FY 2015 Budget"), increases the City's property tax levy as the primary method of funding the increased contributions required to be made to PABF and FABF in calendar year 2016. Such property tax increase has been adopted by the City Council.

Public Act 098-0641 ("P.A. 98-641"), which would have modified the formula for calculating the City's required contributions to MEABF and LABF, was determined to be unconstitutional by the Illinois Supreme Court. With respect to the 2016 Contribution and the 2017 Contribution specifically, P.A. 98-641 would have increased the Multiplier to be used to determine the amount of such

55

contributions. As a result of P.A. 98-641 being invalidated, however, the Multiplier with respect to the 2016 Contribution and the 2017 Contribution will revert to the Multiplier under the Pension Code provisions in effect prior to the enactment of P.A. 98-641 (the "Prior Law Multiplier"). Therefore, because the Amended FY 2015 Budget and the FY 2016 Budget assume the effectiveness of P.A. 98-641, the 2016 Contribution and the 2017 Contribution include contributions to LABF and MEABF in excess of the contributions currently required by the Pension Code calculated pursuant to the Prior Law Multiplier.

The City has reached agreements with certain of its labor unions which would, if enacted into law', modify the formula by which the City's contributions to MEABF and LABF are calculated. Such modifications would, require the City to contribute, "following-a-phase-in period ending in 2022, the actuarially determined amount necessary to reach a Funded Ratio of 90 percent by 2057. See "-Future Legislation Regarding MEABF and LABF'," herein.

Actuarial Valuation

<u>General</u>

The Pension. Code, requires that the Retirement Funds annually submit to the City Council a

•.-:'.''Im ::---K':'\'-ji: 'm .;!.- :=- -.: .)! • - -r; >,.- 'm -'::'ri:..; ,m!,. m mm-.mm.':: Y< mm" ' In; producing-the .Actuarial Valuations, the. Retirement Funds' actuaries use demographic data (including^employee.xagei. salaryl.andiseryiceicre.dits), economic assumptions (including :estimated 'future salary;! and.. interest ;rates), .and .decrement. assumptions .(including, employee "turnover,: mortality and retirement;rates)'to produceithe informationi.required by. the Prior GASB> Standards ;or theVNewrGASB Standards;: each as.hereinafter; defined., The Retirement Funds' Actuarial Valuations are publicly available and may be obtained from the>-.Retirementi-Funds.mm;:m-.See ."^-rSourceInformationV j&boye. A description of the statistics generated by the Retirement Funds' actuaries in the Actuarial Valuations follows in the next few paragraphs. This informationiwas derived ftom.the Source Information.;; ; -y.'

■■<. GASBi/lwhich is . part of a private^rionTprofitcorporation"■ known as the Financial: Accounting

Foundation, promulgates' standards regarding accounting and financial reporting for governmental

entities..-.-tThese,principles'-havetrio Jegalleffect'.and-klo'<not .impose any' legal liability! 6n,the .City. The

references to GASBi principles-in.this.Section do not suggest and should not be construed to suggest

otherwise; • - • • •	''	<∎•	r ->: ■■ v' -• '.
Prior GASB Standards	'∎, _{yY} -∎ ,r,-it:		■-■',:■ ■

- -Fpr, the:-;fiscali,-years .discussed; in ithis. Section prior .to: and including-December 31, .2013, the applicable GASB financial:reporting standards were GASB Statement No. 25. ("GASB 25") and-GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB. 2 T' and, together.with GASB. 25, .the "Prior GASB Standards"). . The Prior GASB Standards required the determination of the "Actuarially Required Contribution!" (referred to in the Prior GASB Standards as the "Annually Required Contribution"), which was such pronouncement's method for calculating the annual amounts heeded/to fully fund the Retirement Funds. The-Actuarially Required .Contribution;was a.financial reporting requirement and not a funding requirement. The Prior GASB Standards also required the calculation of pension funding statistics such as the UAAL (as defined and described herein) and the Funded Ratio in the Actuarial Valuation. In addition, the Prior GASB

56

Standards allowed pension plans to prepare financial reports pursuant to a variety of approved actuarial methods, certain of which are described in "-Actuarial Methods" below.

As defined in GASB 25, the Actuarially Required Contribution consisted of two components: (1) that portion of the present value of pension plan benefits which is allocated to the valuation year by the actuarial cost method (as described in "-Actuarial Methods-Actuarial Accrued Liability" below), termed the "Normal Cost"; and (2) an amortized portion of any UAAL.

The "Actuarial Accrued Liability" was an estimate of the present value of the benefits each Retirement Fund must pay to members as a result of past employment and participation in such Retirement Fund. The Actuarial Accrued Liability was calculated by use of a variety of demographic and other data (such as employee age, salary and service

credits) and various assumptions (such as estimated salary increases, interest rates, employee turnover, retirement date and age and mortality and disability rates). The "Actuarial Value of Assets" reflected the value of the investments and other assets held by each Retirement Fund. Various methods existed under the Prior GASB Standards for-calculating the Actuarial Value of Assets and the Actuarial Accrued Liability. For a discussion of the methods and assumptions used to calculate the Retirement Funds' Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets under GASB 25, see "-Actuarial Methods" and "-Actuarial Assumptions" below.

• • Any shortfall between the Actuarial Value of Assets and the Actuarial Accrued Liability was referred to as the "Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability" or "UAAL." . The UAAL represented the present->value of benefits attributed to past service that are in excess of plan assets. In addition, the actuary computed the "Funded Ratio," which was the Actuarial Value of Assets divided by the Actuarial Accrued Liability, expressed as a percentage. The Funded Ratio and the UAAL provide one way of measuring the financial health of a pension plan.

NewiGASB Standards

-GASB 25 was replaced with GASB Statement No. 67 ("GASB 67") and GASB Statement No. 68 ("GASB 68" and, together with GASB 67, the "New GASB Standards") replaced GASB 27 beginning with the fiscal years ended December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Unlike the Prior GASB Standards, the New GASB Standards do not establish approaches to funding pension plans. Instead, the New GASB Standards provide standards solely for financial reporting and accounting related to pension plans. The New GASB Standards require calculation and disclosure of a "Net Pension Liability," which is the difference between the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are attributed to past periods of employee service calculated pursuant to the methods and assumptions set forth in the New-GASB Standards (referred to in such statements as the "Total Pension Liability") and the fair market value of the pension plan's assets (referred to as the "Fiduciary Net Position"). This concept is similar to the UAAL, which was calculated under the Prior GASB Standards, but most likely will differ from the UAAL on any calculation date because the Fiduciary Net Position is calculated at fair market value and because of the differences in the manner of calculating the Total Pension Liability as compared to the Actuarial Accrued Liability under the Prior GASB Standards.

Furthermore, the .New GASB Standards employ a rate, referred to in such statements as the "Discount Rate," which is used to discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present values. The Discount Rate may be a blended rate comprised of (1) a long-term expected rate of return on a Retirement Fund's investments (to the extent that such assets are projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate meeting certain specifications set forth in the New GASB Standards. Therefore, in certain cases in which the assets of a Retirement Fund are not expected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefits of such Retirement Fund, the Discount Rate calculated pursuant

57

to the New GASB Standards may differ from the assumed investment rate of return used in reporting pursuant to the Prior GASB Standards.

Finally, the New GASB Standards require that the Net Pension Liability be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements of the pension system and that a proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability be recognized on the Statement of Financial Position of the employer. In addition, the New GASB Standards require an expense ({he "Pension Expense") to be recognized on the income statement of the City. The recognition of the Net Pension Liability and the Pension Expense do not measure the manner in which;a Retirement Fund is funded and therefore do not conflict with the various manners of funding the Retirement¹ Funds described in this Section.

The provisions .of the New GASB Standards have a significant effect on the City's financial statements due to. the, recognition .of the Pension Expense on the, City's income statement and the recognition-of the Net Pension Liability

on .the City's balance sheet. Furthermore, as shown in TABLE .12-"SENSITIVITY OF NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE"i:below, the Discount Rate with respect to MEABF and LABF under the New GASB Standards is significantly lower; than the 7:5% .rate assumed by such Retirement Funds' actuaries because such Retirement Funds>are projected to.become insolvent in 2025 and 2027,'respectively. -Sec "^-Projection of Funded Status" herein. As a result, the respective Net Pension Liability for such Retirement Funds is substantial! Iy'larger than.the.UAALfor such Retirement!Funds:'. However, because the City-'Contributes to the Retirement Funds pursuant to the methods established in the Pension Code, the New GASB Statements will not impact the contributions made bytheCity. Changes:to the amounts of the'City's required contributions would require legislative action by theUllinois General Assembly.

io ;// II ',',';'. ri i .•I..:: 'T. - I..'].II , .;'.-..r.;<-I!> City's Contributions Not Related to GASB Standards III<

The City's contributions to the Retirement Funds are not based on the contribution calculations promulgated by GASB for reporting purposes. Instead, the City's contributions are calculated pursuant to the fofmulas-established'inthePensioh Code. See "-^Determination of City's Contributions" above.

■.!--.: -iThe;methods /for contributing' to 'the Retirement iFunds set forth in the Pension-Code .do not

conform to the manner of funding established by the Prior GASB Standards, which was ibased on the

Actuarially:'(Required': Contribution:^!.Theiidifference between- the. City's,iactUal; contributions¹ and the

Actuarially- Required Contribution (as calculated 'by the Retirement Funds' actuaries) for , fiscal years

2006-2014'is shown in TABLE 3-"INFORMATION REGARDING CITY'S CON TRIBUTIONS-

AGGREGATED" .below: Each Retirement Fund's Actuarially Required Contribution is equal to its

Normal • Cost 'plus .an amortization of the "Retirement Funds' UAAL over a 30-year, period. MEABF',

LABF and: F ABB'amortize the UAAL oma level; dollar, basis, whereas PABF amortizes the UAAL on.- a

level percent of payroll basis; Both methods of; calculating.the Actuarially Required Contribution were

acceptable*under the Prior GASB Standards.. ■:..:... :. •'

Furthermore, beginning in 2021 following, the expiration/of . the Phase-:in Period; the City will

contribute an actuarially determined amount to PABF and FABF, as opposed to the current, non-actuarial,

Multiplierrbased approach. . The P. A. 99-506 Funding* Plan differs from the manner . of calculation

required by the Prior GASB Standards for financial reporting purposes, primarily because the goal of such

fundingi.plari'is to ireaclua Funded Ratio in the respective Retirement Funds of 90 percent whereas the

Prior GASB Standards required the Retirement Funds to amortize the UAAL towards attainment of a 100

. .

percent'Funded Ratio. .

', , i ;• .. The New GASB Standards do not require calculation of an Actuarially Required Contribution.

58

Table 3 provides information on the Actuarially Required Contribution, the City's actual contributions in accordance with the Pension Code and the percentage of the Actuarially Required Contribution made in each year.

TABLE 3 - INFORMATION REGARDING CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS' 0 - AGGREGATED

Percentage of Actuarially

Actuarially Required					
Fiscal	Required Actual Employer Contribution				
Year	Contribution Contribution' ²¹ Contributed' ³				
2006	\$ 785,111\$394,899 "~ 50.3%				
2007	865,776395,48345.7				
2008	886,215416,13047.0				
2009	990,381423,92942.8				
2010	1,112,626425,55238.2				
2011	1,321,823416,69331.5				
2012	1,470,905440,12029.9				
2013	1,695,278442,97026.1				
2014	1,740,973447,40025.7				
2015	N/A* 797,998N/A*				

- Sources: Actuarial Valuations of the Retirement funds as of December 31 of the years 2010 through 2014, the Fund CAFRs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010, the City CAFRs for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011, December 31, 2012, and December 31, 2013 and, with respect to the actual employer contribution for fiscal year 2015, the City.
- * Beginning in fiscal year 2015, the Actuarially Required Contribution is no longer calculated. The Actuarially Required Contribution was a requirement of the Prior GASB Standards and is not a disclosure item under the New GASB Standards.
- In thousands of dollars. Data is presented in the aggregate for the Retirement Funds and uses assumptions and methods employed by each of the Retirement Funds. For the data presented as of December 31, 2006, contribution information includes amounts related to other postemployment benefits. Beginning in 2007, as a result of a change in GASB standards, contribution information is presented exclusive of amounts related to other post-employment benefits.
- 2) Includes the portion of the PPRT contributed to the Retirement Funds in each year.
- 3) The estimated multipliers that would have been necessary for FABF, LABF and PABF to make the full Actuarially Required Contribution in 2014 were as follows: 7.98 for FABF; 4.87 for LABF; and 7.94 for PABF. The estimated multiplier that would have been necessary for MEABF to make the full Actuarially Required Contribution in 2014 has not been publicly disclosed, however the necessary contribution multiplier for 2013 was 4.52. Beginning in 2021 following the expiration of the Phase-in Period, the City's contributions to PABF and FABF will not be calculated in accordance with the Multiplier Funding system. See "-Determination of City's Contributions" above.

Actuarial Methods

The Retirement Funds' actuaries employ a variety of actuarial methods to arrive at the pension statistics required by the Prior GASB Standards and the New GASB Standards. .Certain of these methods are discussed in the following sections.

Actuarial Value of Assets

Under the Prior GASB Standards, the Retirement Funds calculate their respective Actuarial Value of Assets by smoothing investment gains and losses over a period of five years, a method of valuation referred to as the "Asset Smoothing Method." Under the Asset Smoothing Method, the Retirement Funds recognize in the current year 20 percent of the investment gain or loss realized in that year and each of the

previous four years. The Asset Smoothing Method was an allowable method of calculating the Actuarial Value of Assets under the Prior GASB Standards.

The Asset Smoothing Method lessens the immediate impact of market fluctuations on the Actuarial Value of Assets, which is used to calculate the UAAL and the Funded Ratio, that may otherwise occur as a result of market volatility. However, asset smoothing delays recognition of gains and losses, thereby providing an Actuarial Value of Assets that differs from the market value of pension plan assets at the time of measurement. As a result, present ing the Actuarial Value of Assets as determined under the Asset Smoothing Method might provide a more or less favorable .presentation of the current financial position of a pension plan than would a method that recognizes investment gains and losses annually.

As described above, under the New GASB Standards, the Fiduciary Net Position is equal to the fair market value of a pension plan's assets as of the date of determination. As such, the Asset Smoothing Method does not apply to the determination of the Fiduciary Net Position under ,the New GASB Standards.

Table 4 provides a comparison of the assets of the Retirement Funds (as aggregated) on a fair value basis and after application of the Asset Smoothing Method.

		AUUKEUATEI)	
Fiscal <i>Year</i>	Actuarial Value $> '- of Assets^{2'}$		8	
2006	\$13,435,692"	\$14,164,347.	. 94.9%	
2007'14^2	54,816 "14,59	95,514 ' ""	'97.7	
2008	,13,797,34	4., 9,	344,339140.2	
.2009		13,051,3	49 10,876,846''	. 1-20.0
2010	12,449,86	311,408,555	109.1	
2011	11,521,13	810,536,135	109.4	
2011	, 20	012.'''	10,531,447	
10,799,	603 97.5			
2013	i 10,513,564	11,261,	. 93.4	
2014	10,339,20	810;665,597	96.9	
20:'15	10,391,26	9	10,084,136103.0 [:]	

TABLE 4 - ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS VS. FAIR VALUE OF NET ASSETS - AGGREGATED'ⁿ

Source; 2006 through 2010 data is from the . Actuarial Valuations of the Retirement Funds as of December 31, 20.10, and from . the Retirement Fund CAFRs,-for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. . Data from.2011'through 2015 is from the Actuarial Valuations of the Retirement Funds for the fiscal years 2011 through 2015.

1) In thousands of dollars. Data is presented in the aggregate for the Retirement Funds.

2) The Actuarial Value of Assets is calculated through use of the Asset Smoothing Method.

Actuarial Accrued Liability

As the final step in the calculation of actuarial liabilities, the actuary applies a cost 'method⁵ to allocate the total value of benefits to past, present and future periods of employee service. This allocation is accomplished by the development of the Actuarial Accrued Liability and the Normal Cost under the Prior GASB Standards and the Pension Code and the Total Pension Liability under the New GASB Standards. Currently, all of the Retirement Funds use the entry age normal actuarial cost method (the "EAN Method"). with costs allocated on the basis of earnings. The EAN Method was an approved actuarial cost method under the Prior GASB Standards and is the only allowable actuarial cost method under the New GASB Standards.

Under the EAN Method, the present value of each employee's projected pension is assumed to be funded by annual installments equal to a level percentage of the employee's earnings for each year between entry age and assumed exit age. Each employee's Normal Cost, as calculated pursuant to the Prior GASB Standards, for the current year is equal to the portion of the value so determined, assigned to the current year. Therefore, the Normal Cost for the plan for the year is'the sum of the Normal Costs of all employees.

The Actuarial Accrued Liability is the portion of the present value of benefits assigned by the cost method to years of service up to the valuation date, i.e., for past service. This value changes as the employee's salary changes and years of service increase, and as some employees leave and new employees are hired. Future Normal Cost is the portion of the present value of benefits assigned to future years of service and is assumed to be funded annually.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Actuarial Valuations of the Retirement Funds use a variety of assumptions in order to calculate the statistics required by the Prior GASB Standards and the New GASB Standards. Although several of the assumptions are the same across all of the Retirement Funds, each Retirement Fund determines, within actuarial standards, the assumptions to be used in its Actuarial Valuation unless a specific assumption is fixed by the Pension Code. No assurance can be given that any of the assumptions underlying the Actuarial Valuations will reflect the actual results experienced by the Retirement Funds. Variances .between the assumptions and actual results may cause increases or decreases in the statistics calculated pursuant to the Prior GASB Standards or the New GASB Standards. Additional information on each Retirement Fund's actuarial assumptions is available in the respective 2015 Actuarial Valuation of the Retirement Funds. See "-Source Information" above.

• The actuarial assumptions used by the Retirement Funds are determined by the individual Retirement Fund Boards upon the advice of the actuary for each Retirement Fund Board. The Retirement Funds, periodically perform experience studies to evaluate the actuarial assumptions in use. The purpose of an experience study is to validate that the actuarial assumptions used in the Actuarial Valuation continue to reasonably' estimate the actual experience of the pension plan or, if necessary, to develop recommendations for modifications to the actuarial assumptions to ensure their continuing appropriateness.

Assumed Investment Rate of Return

The Actuarial Valuations assume an investment rate of return on the assets in each Retirement Fund. The average long-term investment rates of return currently assumed by the Retirement Funds are described in Table 2 above. Due to the volatility of the marketplace, however; the actual rate of return earned by the Retirement Funds on their assets in any year may be higher or lower than the assumed rate. Changes in the Retirement Funds' assets as; a result of market performance will lead to an increase or decrease in the UAAL and the Funded Ratio. As a result of the Retirement Funds' use of the Asset Smoothing Method, however, only a portion of these increases or decreases will be recognized in the current year, with the remaining gain or loss spread over the remaining four years. See "-Actuarial Methods-Actuarial Value of Assets" above.

The assumed investment rate of return is used by each Retirement Fund's actuary as the discount rate to determine the present value of future payments to such Retirement Fund's members. Such a determination is part of the actuary's process to develop the Actuarial Accrued Liability under the Prior GASB Standards. Reducing the assumed investment rate of return will, taken independently of other changes, produce a larger Actuarial Accrued Liability for each Retirement Fund. Furthermore, as

discussed above, an increase in the Actuarial Accrued Liability will, taken independently, increase the UAAL, decrease the Funded Ratio and increase the Actuarially Required Contribution.

Under the New GASB Standards, each Retirement Fund's actuary will calculate the Discount Rate, as described under "-Actuarial Valuation" above, a reduction in which will, taken independently of other factors, produce a larger Total Pension Liability for each Retirement Fund. Information regarding the Discount Rate and the sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate is provided below in Table 12.

The current investment rates of return assumed by each Retirement Funds are set forth in TABLE 2 -"INVESTMENT RATES OF RETURN 2006-2015" above.

Changes to the assumed investment rate of return do not impact contributions by the City to Retirement Funds when such contributions are determined pursuant to the Multiplier Funding system, such as the City's contributions to MEABF and LABF, or when the amount of such contributions are specified in statute, such as the City's contributions to PABF and FABF during the Phase-in Period. Beginning in 2021' following the expiration of the Phase-in Period, when the City must contribute; to PABF and FABF on ah actuarial basis; decreases in the assumed investment rate of return with respect to PABF and FABF-would,;taken independently of other facts, increase the City's required^contributions to such Retirement Funds because the UAAL of such Retirement Funds⁻ would increase as described' above, and'the: P.A. -.99-506 Funding iPlan requires an amortization of the -UAAL to reach a 90-percentifunding target-by 2055. .-..

Funded Status .of the Retirement Funds .: •. ■<!,-. ,.

In recent years, the City has contributed to the Retirement Funds the amounts determined by the City to-be required-by, the Pension, Code. Such contributions have been made from ;atcombination of property tax irevehues (through the. Pension , Levy), ; PPRT. funds, General, Fund revenues;i arid enterprise revenues.* However, : these-amounts have not .been sufficient, when combined⁴ with⁴ employee contributions • and/investment returns; tto: offset: increases in the-'liabilities of the Retirement Funds. Moreover, expenses related to the Health iPlan (as defined below) are paid from the City²s contributions; which has the: effect of reducing the Actuarial Value, of Assets and decreasing; the Funded Ratio: , $\blacksquare\blacksquare\blacksquare===$

•-.><.

Furthermore, the income from all sources (including employee contributions, City contributions and investment earnings) to the Retirement Funds has been lower than the cash outlays of the Retirement Funds in some recent years. As a result, the Retirement Funds have liquidated investments and used assets of the Retirement Funds to satisfy these cash "outlays. The use of investment earnings or assets of. the Retirement/Funds for< these: purposes reduces the amount of assets on hand to pay benefits in the future and prevents the Retirement Funds from; recognizing the full benefits of compounding investment returns.-

The/following tables summarize the financial condition and the funding trends of the .Retirement

Funds.**II**•.;•, : •-v..-. ' .-:!: •' , **I**>,:: •: ; ni ::>

As'discussed under "-Determination of City's Contributions" above, the City and FABF have disagreed over whether certain ' amounts are required under the Pension Code. In addition,-pursuant to the Pension Code, (he City "did not make any contributions to LABF in fiscal years 2001 through 2006 because LABF had funds on hand in excess of its liabilities, the Pension Code provides that the City will cease to make contributions to LABF in such a situation. The City continued to make contributions to the other Retirement Funds during those years.

> r-- in r» =0 (- r

62

IT) **© CN** >n -; oi ri ON OO <~¹⁺¹ r*** ¹On* Cn r- cc r-On r- r-» r- ; m o4 1- 1r) *rt CN I co o r-Vi r-^ cN <-r-" m''' fi in m r- - r-OO O t NN? o r-i ^ - o, en on o-i r-^ rt co' rt' ¹ " r-i o ~ ^ - 00 ^ r-^ in' m' 00 00" ^ o ^3 C3 nO >- 00 00 0\" "l"l ""V o" oo" oC **rO «n oo** NO ≪n cn ON CN OO >r~inin CN no" -• n O CN ON O O NO CN m m m cn -0° O m or - no v° /=> 1- o i/"i °° m£rto m'wrT cn" ri?? £r N O^m o cX CN "tr. cn.wn" cn" 00" 00" on no no oi ri On" o" ' 'r~< q\ <-«-, Tj" r) en ro \omnos?vo on vc>r-1-06-cn \ooca **. cn 00" m^ 2 riam^^ o cc cn 00 no _T vo «n CQ "5 o aj < T3 (J ¹⁸ 0 0 s < _{ffl ^} 1) D

6 13 o <

t I ∎5 o O -S

S § ea' o

ON 0 0

- 00 CN 00 ON NO ^ *o m o K oo" cn m r-
- -
- Tj-noNO ľicn NO

00 On -' n? 00 -« On m °r- -• 00 m ^ 'n o cn ^t' ni: » On cn no cn ^ CN 00 no^ no o" »/n" ^J-"

o « O cd ti



0 0

00

cs no cn cn -; ON cn" oo" >n n ^ oo

0 CN ₩ ≫0 1 CS H Cn 01 00 CO Cj

^{j- o} 2 6 g-isco ≪ K ; w g js s _{C2 ^ ||}

> r- 00 00 0N 00 cn

λ 90γ-λή{}²λ²- ON ON <N t^{*}~ m On -O >t^{*} no^{*} f^{**} *> ο ι- οι no ^ ο m tJ- no On no^{*} on of of

ca S

< J >.

> 2 - u. < * i 113 €€₿^\$ ЮОи. и-

o m ۶ ° 2 0

>		
со 3		
~° P . o 5 <		
5 <		
0		
pР		
Υ.		
o S O cd		
O cd		
с		
C/3		
C C/3 O O		
<i>• Si</i> 53 iS a.≝≺u		
53 iS		
C >-		
a.ª≺u		
ເມເ S ^		
~ ^		
S A		
?! ∎«		
B. o o *- c		
ED -∎		
n o ~ o		
C/5		
- (0 H		
0^Q&		
- Ee ⁵ 1 M		
« Šb o		
Sça 3 « '5b o PC CU Cd ^ D3 S- U		
^ D3 S- U	NO OO tT 01 p- m Cn NO fN <~n "	
0		
fN		
r-» p- o		
r-» p- o NO O ON P-		

- р
- Q
- 00

fa			
< WX to O 2 3 6 ^			
LO U 230 ^			
S o			
뷛; o u			
<br U <			
CO <			
0 fN			
0			
0 0			
On O			
0			
0			
© 0			

© © On On ¹ Ol CO ON I cn CO Ol CN 00 no cn On cn r- cn CO 0l - -rf »n p-"' cn On O '/"i CN cn ci oi no tt (N rs «n o O^ >n NO-' 00" cn" m on cc **en** n <n 00 o o m '-ftoi $\blacksquare^{\rm t}$ cc «n cc cn" On" o cc no - <-1 m --i - - ON ND_ in cn^ P-<n" o" p-" ON_ CO_NO -1 in r- no On o O CN O NO CN «n On ~ 0 00 00 o r» $\mbox{ < cn cn^ no_ on cn" cc On" On f-- cn}$ »n On <n O no 00 c- p~-ON NO Oi ☺ _r p-T p-" -r on in Tj-NC CO CN On On CN in On o »n cn m

p- oj °l °_{m"} CN m *3-cc' © 00 rn

- ON CN On P- Tj"

1-∎ «n on

NO©^ p»" m"	
2 m	
© ©	
NO © CO CN be	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
<pre>»n no p^ rn ^r-•n in cc © ^ o cn,£ cc © © - <- <-■ P- ON r- oi^ cn On" vi* »ri</pre>	©x cX
xf x? cc ol oi -< »n-	
Tf NO © - 00 ri - <ti 00 P- Tt OO cn cc" «n" tt"</ti 	
©. vj no -^r rn-01 P- r m • ■ p- »n m co.^J °5 • ». rn ^ cn ol -■ cc ON CO CC CC © ^ rn	
on, crn cc	cc" «n tt* v.
. ' x? x?-ol-m On • -p- m CC >n ^-n> ■ ■ <- © p- 00 cn cn cc' cc CN cn cc on ^r" cc" cn" cn"	
fee - N? 'X ³ r- in- © cc ovo 00 r • ■ ON-'o Tr;-n^'^ p- o> r~• on m .tt On On P- On m" p~-' cn" cn"	v
2 < 0 CD	
5 3 £ S U -2 0 i c S	
^ W U £ 2	
,3	
g 1 I	
"CD. <	
< j	
<	
2 00 ∎	
UJ <<	
"cT ^ .h- ^	
	§.2.¥
•5 " a a j !j "° "° ● < ∎§	
• < E an E 3 o	3 u. u.

O fN

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

"'~i 0'-NO NO **m o** 3? - ri h fN ^ M rtf- On GO Vi -j CC CC O I o

P cfc

CQ (- U - CN m -51fN - O On

*О сс р- р-**-*" по" ->п* СС NO С і оо О vO no vi ¹

CC CC OIo cc m o vi On cn m m * fee m" m

0 [¶]N O NO o CN OJ cn NO ^{wn} OI VI ■² CN NO O ■^{*}T O On m vio oi < - m m oi, QI P-O Vi

o X)

cc Tf cn cc - o r-~ -oi no" Tf" *r? vi cc m oo

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Tt & CC & V) & P - P - \\ CO & c, & & & \\ r - & & & 0 \\ T & & & 0 \\ T & & & 0 \\ T & & & 0 \\ On & o & t - no \\ On & o & c & oi \\ on & o & on \\ Tf & of cn \end{array}$

ON.

0

Office of the City Clerk



O O <n

"I ^ oi oi



сс оо r--;'ON m <-> ON Th vi" of v» оо ој

o c-i 'n o cn On cn cn r- vi oo

v. r- no o vi m cn no cc Vi

o -t rn CO on o tj- p- o -

o - no CN cn r~- o no -> CN OO -∎

CN -< NO C- CN 0 00 CN ON TJ" Ttoo" r-



O cn OO CN vi p-

NO On tJ- cn

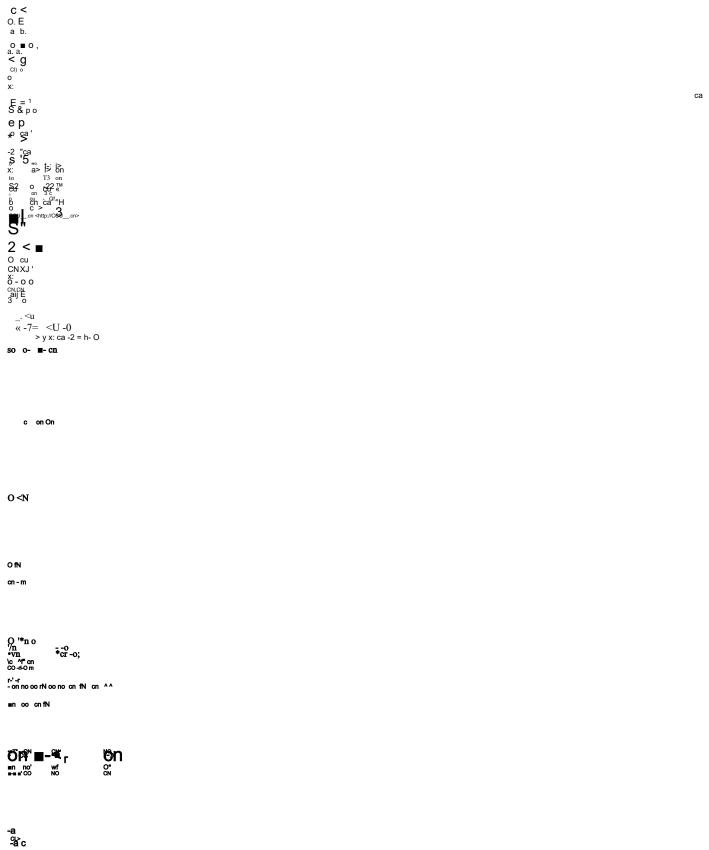
cn



6^s- cX

$ \begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$			
CQ O a, i! o 03 q			
^1 to « ^ "2 ^{دت}			
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{CU u} \\ \text{x; .2 O} \\ \text{o w} \\ \text{cii T3} \\ \text{coc} \\ \text{cic.} \\ \text{p w} \\ \text{f. (c.)} \\ \text{p w} \\ \text{f. (c.)} \\ f. (c$			
4.α E° <i>x</i> > CO O h CN E			
⁵ 60 3 O a * ^ S 5 S			
5 S o 3 o c c 2 « 2 « 2 « 2 « 2 « 2 « 2 « 2 «			

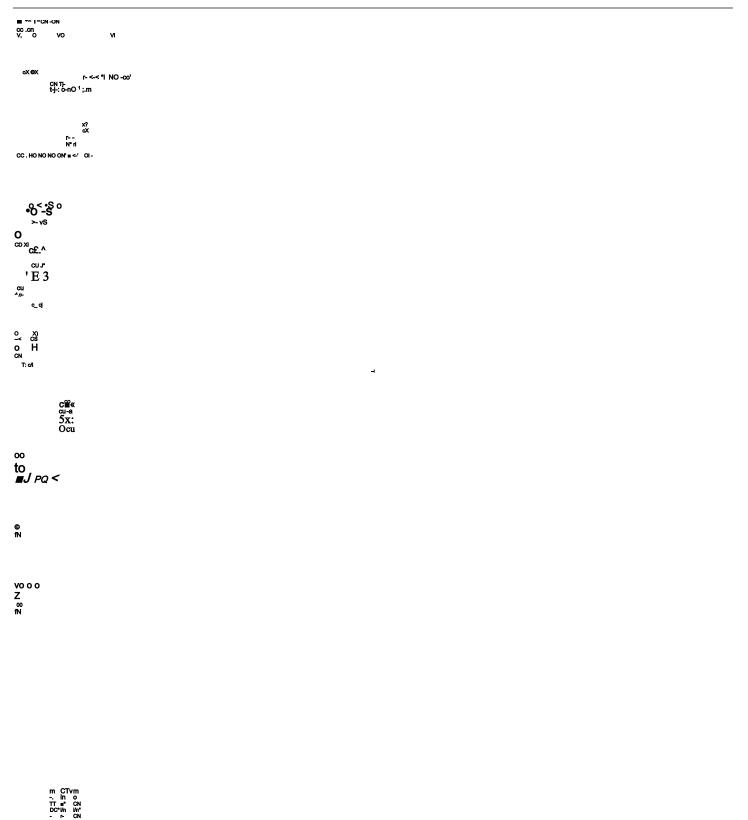
3



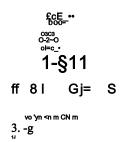
- r> CU
- Office of the City Clerk

J± C vo cc	
v.∞ S<	
c cu 1) D	
to pa < j to EC H to O ^{III} cc Z <=-• Q Z O U o Z cn <; a. 2 ^c <0	
- W EC S h3 Z ∪ < №	
∎< cc 5 to	
O fN	
O fN	
0 0 N	
%o ™	
ονο, - ονο, - ον π νο'π -ο-'	
o o\r-n n M m on so" r-" m o	
MOM	
	O o m - co vo «n -to" r-*" o"
N? XT Ox 0 ² - O- CN CN ON O OI IA™ m on	

+ K, ο π,η 0 CN-CN q'»X ΦΝ Φη Δη ΟΙο



-∎VD\DOvom ^~~~ ''loo-c+" -r~



3 m N° XT oX ©X



'T3 cu

•		
CO-cu cC ⊦∎ CU c√u C< cu		
Cl<∞u 40 C+, CQ,		
[₽] δ:Sx: ∞α £<"		
£<"		
8 E =		
Ōc. 00		
.2 c		
-0 -0 (0) 5 0 S: 0 (0) Carco E		
oran_) or co		
E. o		
O ũĩ ČŇ x:		
2<		
οοΕ%°ο _*= CJ αuSi		
■3 75 MI > .S		
ye>in 0 0 ο 0 ο 0		
[™] ^j -"Ś≏s ts l		
x∞it ^{en} u iCQ		
	-' rN m	
r-i <n cn="" co="" n="" o="" on="" on<="" th=""><td></td><td></td></n>		
r-i≺n n n O Cn On CO ON no>n - cc® ° Olcor a>r - t^ mtci o		
- <i>Ulcc - 0-*</i> a>r> t^ mtci o		
m oo -rf ₩0 0a [*] #' 0 - I		
0 - I - m oi c-i		
cc o oo cc O On On cc CN »/i ON CO		
ro o -==zr r-		
		CU
- "5 o ^π		
c« C		Ct w O
u- E		
	∎S <s< td=""><td></td></s<>	
Q to Z		
CP		
GP		
O U co Q Z & to H Z to		
co Q Z & to		
112.10		
203		
§ O S		, O Z,
W <s -≺j<="" th=""><td></td><td>, 02,</td></s>		, 02,
О н со со		
0		
-< to		

HUS£,

0	
0	
Н	
O fN	
O fN	
O fN	
$ \begin{array}{l} O \ f N & \land \\ t & \neg n_{0} \circ p \eta t - & \circ \\ O & o & n \overline{o}^{*} \ c c & \circ \ n o \ t t \\ (N & \neg^{4} \ V - i \end{array} $	
<n oo="" r-<br=""># N0 C0 C0</n>	- o -t

m Tt <-O O On Ol cc on ol -

OI OO O. <n vo p. r-~ no On On of On. tJ- in CN -vf co

OO NO NO 'n m <ri r- n o- cn "\ oo



>n «n -- o -vt v, on o^ in cc^ <-∎ in" no* on" oo o CN "xf ∎-∎

t cc rn rj- on tj- m ∎^r co on -rr" «n" -r oo oo r-cn m «n

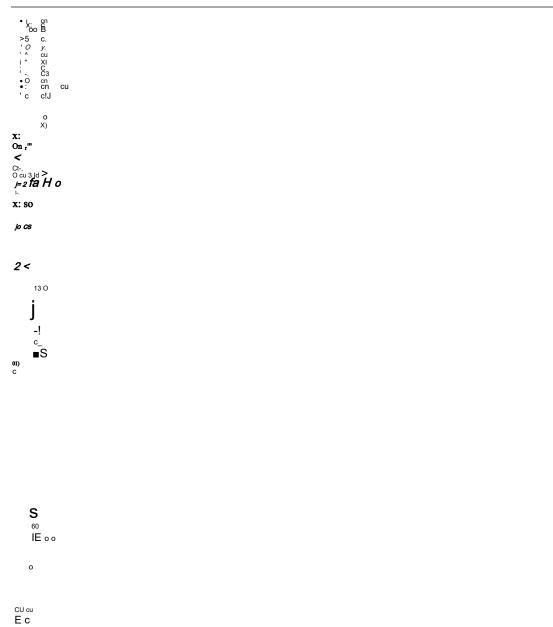
o- - cn" on"

m >n co-vt o ■vt ro On on s° \o_ no on co ol £ «n Tj-OIOn '-⁰. ^ ro'm " i On or 0 ° - M >0 O ° " in no cn - o° o° On ° o' ■^j -> n cn o - m - fN

■-OI - ro rr, r-I ^ ,V. ro cc cc 'n ^fo co •n co o m



• OI ∎- ¹ -		
cn cn on. o x? x? co r~~;oj^ on r. ^ on" cn vT cn" cn _£ •st r- cn oi		■ , 1 ox ₀x M =- I-^ ^
ON OO i= XT'XT cX cX tO NO CO OO ON Tj" -T o" cn on ft! fN OOn O On-		
tioi on co£ ch on on cn tr on on on tr on on ×1-on ∧ ∧	O oi cn	»n on-x?x?
NO On On m s <f x?<br="">-nº en v, 0^s 0> OO^A CN CN <i>»n ^ <n ^<="" i=""> ^∘ ^° OI OJ NO ON</n></i></f>	CO" CC CC fN	
OI // I CC CO v= On cc cn on pJ; x. More reference for mo m rommo crimo foor cc oi 1) CD- o> O		
<i>oi -</i> o o t_ <i>c</i> o x;		
cu cd		
0~ CN !-,		2
E^		erf
cn ^ CS cu 3 a.		
_{C8} >		
.2 E		
> iQ _N aj •⊲N CU		

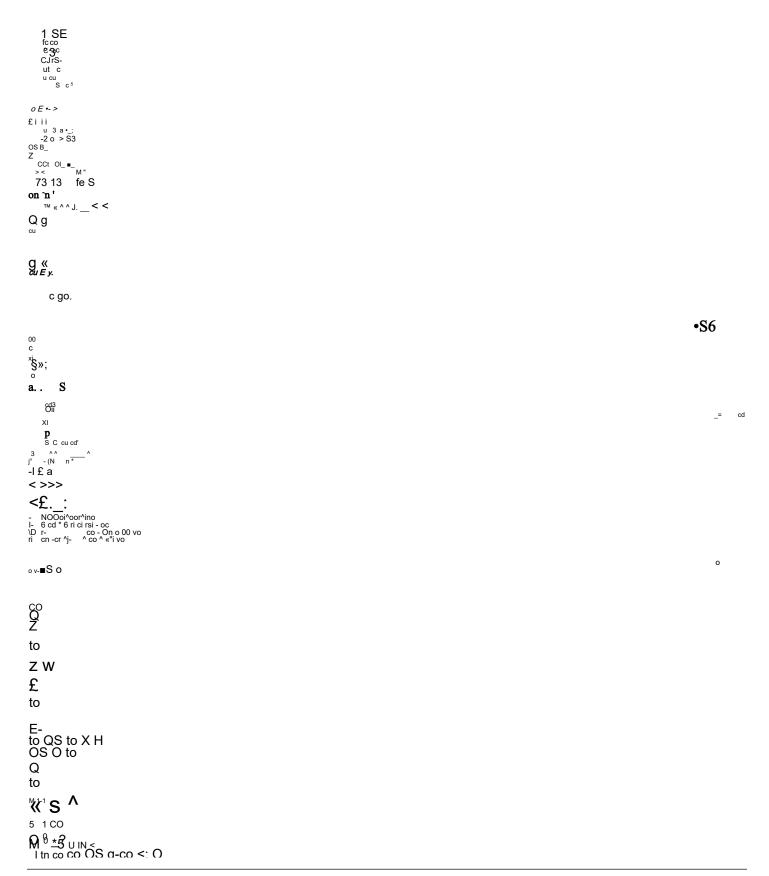


_

^{C cu} V E

Cu Cu XI T3

co∢⊳ CO



o5 m &*-> °h do ™ O £ Z
0 Z
to to O to D Q to
бо [~] О
со
to 03 <
Js∎=
• >, 2 • £ -5
Т5
"2 O .2
arJ r ³ as 2 cu
0
3
J .2
^ cu

> 0 <

o ct 3 cu 3 = <_f. r! "1 ^ r"; ° r! r~! r^ - n co r- Ov d vo -■ On 00 00 o» r~- *ct* On o 01 On in cicNnm^crvOvOvnvo r^ocoo - rn ri M in r- w -3- c^ ^ O ^ ^ ~" On" m" o" of On" - rn of o" m" vcoooor-covorvir-^cji o - n n in n vt voavovcr-Oi'-oo^cN ncvidnci^'vovo'nd vOvDvtvtt^fnnrnn m^fcjnvoitfvirci^'-; O -< r> CN vo - in Tf \blacksquare -J vovoininyrvtrfifcimm On 00 On ol 00 on On On On N VD - no M m ON iri - CN °\ °V. ^ o" ~r 00 m in no" cn' of «." cxT OTT TOV - 0SOOVOCN. ^t-" no °., T. ^'.J. ^^^ 00", T Tf 10 no" On" On" On <u>m</u>... CN °^ ^1 mcn^-OvOOTt-ooo - Osunoom^-'NOoocN'oo'oo r-~ ^ on tj^ On On^'O^ On (m .in inar^ONrn^oooTo-roo"-^ mcnov^tsovvno^'^' 00 cjn 01^ cjs cn cn rn - r~ 10 00000-no/noc|>0 On m - - - - .tt CNt-CM Vi r~ovovom'nm-cl-r^vo Ntrn»NtcnmOinX,n rn q n co in - vo cn i^, U, Nt\tov «po.."∎" 'cT ivo (NJvONtOvmcooo\tooo\ Ov-NTNtvOmtvDO.vO no 00 cn rn oo_ « yn OJ^ cn in-^ ^oC^^rmON ^ rnmONinTfeNm - cnON cn r> o -cr >n «n in cfj_ rn cn cn rn cn v- o o" o" o" vV3 £pc c cco Sum cu o c_nO o c-i U. o $25^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{}}}}}}}}}}$ c to Cu O **E cu** cu ^ ' C3 O ^ B-'n H 'C ^{*}-> CO ■ CU $< <_r$ CCJ Е c2 j o-s: 0 ★_

cd

∎< cd 'O cj. 1 ,!£



00 NO

T S3 5 cu X5 U < « C5 < J in On in 00 00 NQ_-C+40. - " rn cn o" r- - on r-~ c-l. CN <o On of rn tt" r i cn o) r-i wo m 00 ol m 10 On On ∖t 0 o- On m h O m in ^cn J cn OI CN 00 voV ovO O oi oi oi m m is x! ×I E .£ co c∪ 60 CO o co x; Dfflfo o ເປັ ເປັ 88 3 3 Cc O, 0 0 cu CO cn cu no \- 00 on no Cl m -^l" in OOOO - « - - -OOOOOOOOOO OJ Ol CN ri Ol M Cn| oi 01 01

A variety of factors impact the Retirement Funds' UAAL and Funded Ratio. A lower return on investment than that assumed by the Retirement Funds, and insufficient contributions when compared to the Normal Cost plus interest will all cause an increase in the UAAL and a decrease in the Funded Ratio. Conversely, higher returns on investment than assumed, and contributions in excess of Normal Cost plus interest will decrease the UAAL and increase the Funded Ratio. In addition, legislative amendments, changes in actuarial assumptions, including, specifically, a change in the investment rate of return assumption, and certain other factors (including, but not limited to, higher or lower incidences of retirement, disability, in-service mortality, retiree mortality or terminations than assumed) will have an impact on the UAAL and the Funded Ratio.

Net Pension Liability and Discount Rate

As described in "-Actuarial Valuation-New GASB Standards" above, the New GASB Standards require the calculation of the Net Pension Liability, which is the difference between the Total.Pension Liability and the Fiduciary Net Position. Furthermore, the

OO CO vo On Nt

Discount Rate is the blended rate at which the actuaries of the Retirement Funds discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present values. The following tables present information on the Net Pension Liability and the components thereof and the Discount Rate and the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate.

TABLE 11 - NET PENSION LIABILITY (\$ IN THOUSANDS)
Inclusion Plan Net Position Total as a Percentage Pension Plan Net Pension Pension Plan Net Pension
Liability Liability B 12,307,094 23,358,870 2014 2015*
MEABF \$5,179,486 \$ 7,127,608 42.1% 4,741,427 18,617,443 20.3% 2014 2015*
\$2,162,905 3,712,615
LABF \$1,388,093 \$ 77.4,813 64.2% 1,238,657 2,473,958 33.4% 2014 2015
\$11,773,430 12,032,733
PABF \$3,062,014 \$8,711,417 26.0% 3,058,949 8;973,784 25.4% 2014 2015 \$4,512,760 4,826,084
FABF \$1,036,008 \$3,476,752 23.0% 1,045,101 3,780,983 21.7%
Total
2014\$30,756,189\$10,665,601\$20,090,590\$4.7%201543,930,30210,084,13433,846,16823.0%
Source: The Actuarial Valuations of the Retirement Funds for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. * The Total Pension Liability increased significantly for MEABE and LABE between the fiscal years ended December 31, 2014, and December 31,

* The Total Pension Liability increased significantly for MEABF and LABF between the fiscal years ended December 31, 2014, and December 31, 2015. The Discount Rate decreased primarily because MEABF and LABF arc projected to have insufficient assets on hand to make payments to beneficiaries beginning in 2025 and 2027, respectively, following the determination that P.A. 98-641 is unconstitutional. Pursuant to the provisions of the New GASB Standards, this projected insufficiency required the actuaries for MEABF and LABF to calculate the Total Pension Liability of such Retirement Funds using blended Discount Rates of 3.73% and 4.04%, respectively, instead of the 7.5% assumed investment rates ol" return employed by such Retirement Funds. An additional factor contributing to the increase in the Total Pension Liability of MEABF and LABF was the change in benefits resulting from the reversion to the provisions of the Pension Code effective prior to the enactment of P.A. 98-641 which increased the aggregate Total Pension Liability of such Retirement Funds by \$2 billion.

69

TABLE 12 - SENSITIVITY OF NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE (1>

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase	
MEABF		.;		
Discount Rate	2.73%3.73%	4.73%		
Office of the City Clerk	Page 1	51 of 416		Printed on 5/30/2022

Net Pension Liability	\$22,207,242	\$18,617,443\$15,675,669
LABF • Discount Rate ■	- 3.04%	• 4:04%5.04%
Net Pension Liability	\$3,017,416	· · · \$2,473,958 ■ \$2,028,467
PABF		
Discount Rate	6.15%.7,15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$10,402,348	\$8,973,784\$7,771,127
FABF		
Discount Rate	• 6.16%"	' 7.16% 8.16%
Net Pension Liability	- \$4,311,378	\$3,780,983\$3,329,106

Source: The Actuarial Valuations of the Retirement Funds for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.

(1) In thousands.

Projection of Funded Status ~.

The following projections (collectively[^] the[:] "Projections") are based upon numerous variables that are subject to change. The Projections are provided to indicate expected trends in the future funded status of the Retirement Funds. The Projections are forward-looking statements regarding future events based on the current provisions of the Pension Code, the Retirement Funds' actuarial assumptions and assumptions made regarding such future events, including the assumption that all projected contributions to the Retirement Funds. The'Erojections do not-consider theipOtential impact of the provisions of SB 2437 (as hereinafter defined). No assurance can be given that these assumptions will be realized or that actual events will not cause material changes to the data presented in this subsection.

The Projections reflect the current provisions oT the Pension Code and ar'e based on data as of December 31, 2015. The Projections provided in this section with respect to MEABF combine pension and other postemploymentbenefits, OPEB") liabilities, together in a single projection, whereas the projections with respect to .'the other Retirement Funds exclude OPEB liabilities. Therefore, with respect to MEABF, such projections overstate the Actuarial Accrued Liability with respect to pension benefits by the amount of such OPEB liability. In additio'n, the'City believes that the liability related to OPEB may be reduced based upon the outcome of the Lawsuit (as hereinafter defined). See ^u --Payment for Other Post-Employment Benefits-Status of Healthcare Benefits after the Settiement.Period" herein.

		70		
TABLE 13 -	PROJECTION OF	FUTURE FUNDING	STATUS - MEABF "	ł

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability <u>(a)</u>	Market Act Assets <u>(b)</u>	Market Unfunded Accrued uarial Liabilities (UAAL) <u>(a-b)</u>	Market Funded Ratio Employer (b/a) Contribution ^{^2} '	
2017 2018 201 2033 2034 203				2026 2027 2028 2029	2030 2031 2032
				8 17,574,995 18,059	,829 18,537,160

19,004,841 19,459,300 19,897,277 20,316,755 20,717,465 21,098,000 21,455,897 22,910,295 21,790,111 22,100,805 22,388,962 22,654,696 23,147,858 23,369,889 23,579,532 23,777,869 23,967,142 \$4,192,947 3,853,809 3,459,687 3,003,904 2,479,302 1,878,802 1,196,285 ■ 424,225 \$11,408,085 12,240,409 13,129,677 14,079,984 15,095,693 16,181,027 17,340,875 18,580,616 19,459,300 19,897,277 20,316,755 20,717,465 21,098,000 21,455,897 21,790,111 22,100,805 22,388,962 22,654,696 22,910,295 23,147,858 23,369,889 23,579,532 23,777,869 23,967,142 26.9% 23.9 20.9 17.6 14.1 10.4 6.5 2.2 0.0 0.00.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1,1 1 161,461 163,564 172,867 178,150 183,621 189,181 194,830 200,554 855,906 20,161 166,976 1,212,373 1,257,674 1,303,417 1,348,024 1,390,593 1,430,451 1,468,539 1,492,933 1,524,279 1,552,169 1,576,103 1,598,235 1,617,356

Source: The Actuarial Valuation of MEABF as of December 31, 2015. Note: This Table includes OPEB liabilities together in a single projection, therefore, such projections overstate the Actuarial Accrued Liability with

respect to pension benefits by the amount of such OPEB liability. In addition, the City believes that the liability related to OPEB may be reduced based upon the outcome of the Lawsuit. Sec "Payment for Other Post-Employment Benefits-Status of Healthcare Benefits after the Settlement Period' herein.

Note: The projection presented in this Table 13 reflects the current provisions of the Pension Code. See "-Future Legislation Regarding MEABF and LABF' for projections based on the provisions of the MEABF Plan (as hereinafter defined). *

1) In thousands of dollars. Projections calculated on a cash basis.

2) Represents contributions expected to be made by the City during the fiscal year pursuant to the Pension Code plus, beginning in 2025, additional contributions necessary to make all required benefit payments to beneficiaries.

71

TABLE 14 - PROJECTION OF FUTURE FUNDING STATUS - LABF

r iscai Year

2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027' 2028 2029 "2030 ' i2031 2032' 2033- ' •2034 '2035' ■2036 ' '2037 ' :2038 2039 -2040 '

Market Assets (b)

Actuarial Accrued Liability (a) '

2,636,779 2,687,606 2,735,179 2,779,505 2,820,434 2,857,647 2,890,584 2,918,750 2,942,978 2,962,258 2,976,469 2,985,525 2,989,355 2,988,610 2,983,785 2,975,413 2,964,369 2,951,306 2,936,814 2,921,459 2,905,748 2,890,180 2,875,650

£2,583,237 \$1,144,166 1,082,595 1,011,037 927,611 831,821 722,840 599,642 460,962 305,506 133,245 Market

Market Funded <u>RatioEmployer</u> (b/a) Contribution' ² '
44.3%S 14,418
41.114,647
37.615,726
33.916,034
29.916,457

2,097,594	25.616,917
2,258,005.'	21.017,415*'
2,429,622	15:917,944
2,613,244	10:518,525
2,809,733	4.519,145
2,962,258	0:075,488
2,976,469	0.0219,657
2,985,525	0.0 '225,397
2,989,355	0:0- ∎•230,828
2,988,610	0.0235,301
2,983,785	0:0;239,022 -
2,975,413	0.0-241,966!'
2,964,369	0.0243,838
2,951,306	0:0 '244,921'
2,936,814	0.0245,309
2,921,459	0:0' •245,804 '.
2,905,748	0:0 '244,346'
2,890,180	0:0243,102'
2,875,650	0:0241,503

Source: The Actuarial Valuation of LABF, as of December 31, 2015.

"'' ">'==

Note:' The projection-presented in this 'fable 14 reflects the current-provisions of the Pension'Code. • See "-Fitture Legislation Regarding MEABF arid LABF" for projections based on the provisions of the LABF Plan (as hereinafter defined);
(1) 'In thousands of dollars; Projections calculated on a cash basis: •-' • ■<• 1.«:
(2) Represents contributions expected to'be made by the City, during'the fiscal year'pursuant to the Pe'nsion'. Code plus, beginning in 2027-, additionalxontributions necessary to make all required benefit payments to beneficiaries. -'

72

TABLE 15 - PROJECTION OF FUTURE FUNDING STATUS - FABF (1)

Fiscal Year

		Market
<u>Actuarial</u>		Unfunded Accrued Market
Accrued	Market	Actuarial Liabilities Funded

File #:	F2017-11,	Version: 1
---------	-----------	------------

Liability	Assets	(UAAL) Ratio	
<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(a-b)</u>	<u>(b/a)</u>
F 1		21	
	Contribution'	21	
2017			
2018 2019			
2019			
2021			
2022			
2023			
2024			
2025			
2026 2027			
2027			
2029			
2030			
2031			
2032			
2033 2034			
2034			
2036			
2037			
2038			
2039			
2040 \$5.175.065.4	5340771552'	7 786 5 603 754 5 863 78	84 6,030,918 6,194,206 6,350,494 6,500,383 6,644,116 6,781,555 6,912,693
			7,592,442 7,687,214 7,777,182 7,864,125 7,949,777 8,037,399 8,126,488
			26 1,539,960 1,671,301 1,801,641 1,930,916 2,059,999 2,190,520 2,324,152
			3,194,372 3,345,912 3,499,582 3,657,791 3,821,982 3,995,217 4,178,355
			58 4,490,958 4,522,905 4,548,853 4,569,467 4,584,117 4,591,035 4,588,54
4,576,282 4 20.8%	,555,770 4,527,	382 4,491,281 4,448,046	4,398,070 4,341,302 4,277,600 4,206,334 4,127,795 4;042,182 3,948,133
20.876			
20.9			
22.5			
24.0			
25.5			
27.0 28.4			
28.4 29.7			
31.0			
32.3			
33.6			
35.0			
36.4 37.8			
39.2			
40.6			
42.1			
43.5			
45.0			

48.1

49.7

51.4

\$227,000 235,000 245,000 349,890 358,280 367,039 375,617 384,204 392,203 400,655 409,936 419,948 429,905 438,012 445,011 450,992 455,926 459,995 463,684 466,605 469,763 472,546 475,440 479,423

Source: The City based on data as of December 31, 2015.

- Note: Pursuant to the provisions of P.A. 99-506, the City projects that FABF will reach a funded ratio of 90% by the end of the calendar year ended 2055.
- 1) In thousands of dollars. Projections are calculated on an accrual basis. However, with respect to the Employer Contribution column, the City has presented the data based on the year the employer contribution is actually made, rather than the preceding budget year.
- 2) Represents contributions expected to be made by the City during the fiscal year.

73

TABLE 16 - PROJECTION OF FUTURE FUNDING STATUS - PABF"

Fiscal Year

	Market	
	Unfunded Accrued	Market
Market	Actuarial Liabilities	Funded
Assets	(UAAL)	Ratio
, (b)	(a-b)	(b/a)
	Assets	Unfunded Accrued Market Actuarial Liabilities Assets (UAAL)

- - -

Employer Contribution'^

2024
2025
2026
2027
2028
2029
2030
2031 '
2032
2033
2034.'
2035.
2036 .
2037
2038
2039.'
2040
513,055,721 13,475,211 13,892,770 14,303,387 14,709,010 15,106,226 15,490,876 15,862,116 16,218,605 16,560,089 16,886,252
17,194,907 17,485,889 17,760,192 18,019,878 18,266,687 18,502,754
' 18,729,318 18,947,540 19,158,492 19,362,167 19,561,269 19,756,426 19,949,204
S3,014,741 3,111,054 3,201,937 3,455,232 3,706,494 . 3,957,388 4,205,479 . 4,449,807 4,689,801 4,927,225 5,162,358 5,394,054
5,624,145 5,855,366 • 6,093,316 ' ■ 6,342,282 . 6,607,019 "6,891,039 '. 7,194,798 "7,516,713 7,854,796 . 8,212,635 8,592,232
8,997,147
\$10,040,980 10,364,157 10,690,833 .10,848,155 fl ,002,516 ,.'11,148,838 , ,11,285,397"11,412,309 11,528,804 11,632,864.
■11,723,894 .11,800,853. 11,861,744 M ,904,826/ .11,926,562.
I. 1,924,405;
,11,895,735"
'Vl _i ,838,279-' ∎11,752,742 . ' 11,641,779
II, 507,371 r,
! .11,348,634 .
.1), 164,194, 10,952,057
.l), 164,194, 10,952,057
23.1%
23.1% 23.1
23.1%
23.1% 23.1 23.0
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2.
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1 28.1
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1 28.1 28.9
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1 28.1 28.9 29.8 ,'.
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1 28.1 28.9
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1 28.1 28.9 29.8 ,'. 30!6
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1 28.1 28.9 29.8 ,'. 30!6 31.4
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1 28.1 28.9 29.8 ,'. 30!6 31.4 • 32.2 .,
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 . 27.1 28.1 28.9 29.8 ,'. 30!6 31.4 ■ 32.2 ., 33.0
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 27.1 28.1 28.9 $29.8 ,'.$ $30!6$ $31.4 \blacksquare$ $32.2 .,$ 33.0 33.8
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 27.1 28.1 28.9 $29.8 ,'.$ $30!6$ $31.4 \blacksquare$ $32.2 .,$ 33.0 33.8
$\begin{array}{c} 23.1\\ 23.1\\ 23.0\\ 24.2\\ 25.2\\ 26.2\\ .\\ 27.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.9\\ 29.8\\ .\\ 30!6\\ 31.4\\ \blacksquare\\ 32.2\\ .\\ 33.0\\ 33.8\\ 34.7 \end{array}$
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2 27.1 28.1 28.9 29.8 $J.$ $30!6$ $31.4 \blacksquare$ 32.2 33.0 33.8 34.7 35.7
$ \begin{array}{c} 23.1\%\\ 23.1\\ 23.0\\ 24.2\\ 25.2\\ 26.2\\ 26.2\\ 27.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.9\\ 29.8,'.\\ 30!6\\ 31.4 \\ 32.2,\\ 33.0\\ 33.8\\ 34.7\\ 35.7\\ 36.8 \\ \end{array} $
$ \begin{array}{c} 23.1\\ 23.1\\ 23.0\\ 24.2\\ 25.2\\ 26.2\\ 26.2\\ 27.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.9\\ 29.8\\ .\\ 30!6\\ 31.4\\ 32.2\\ .\\ 33.0\\ 33.8\\ 34.7\\ 35.7\\ 36.8\\ 38.0\\ \end{array} $
$ \begin{array}{c} 23.1\%\\ 23.1\\ 23.0\\ 24.2\\ 25.2\\ 26.2\\ 26.2\\ 27.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.9\\ 29.8,'.\\ 30!6\\ 31.4 \\ 32.2,\\ 33.0\\ 33.8\\ 34.7\\ 35.7\\ 36.8 \\ \end{array} $
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2. 27.1 28.1 28.9 29.8 ,. 30.6 31.4 • 32.2 ,, 33.0 33.8 34.7 35.7 36.8 • 38.0 39.2
$ \begin{array}{c} 23.1\\ 23.1\\ 23.0\\ 24.2\\ 25.2\\ 26.2\\ 27.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.9\\ 29.8\\ .'\\ 30!6\\ 31.4\\ 32.2\\ .\\ 33.0\\ 33.8\\ 34.7\\ 35.7\\ 36.8\\ 38.0\\ 39.2\\ 40.6\\ \end{array} $
$ \begin{array}{c} 23.1\%\\ 23.1\\ 23.0\\ 24.2\\ 25.2\\ 26.2\\ 27.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.9\\ 29.8,'.\\ 3016\\ 31.4\\ 32.2,\\ 33.0\\ 33.8\\ 34.7\\ 35.7\\ 36.8\\ 38.0\\ 39.2\\ 40.6\\ 42.0\\ . \end{array} $
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2. 27.1 28.9 29.8 $,'$. 30.6 31.4 • 32.2 $,$ 33.0 33.8 34.7 35.7 36.8 • 38.0 39.2 42.0
$ \begin{array}{c} 23.1\%\\ 23.1\\ 23.0\\ 24.2\\ 25.2\\ 26.2\\ 27.1\\ 28.1\\ 28.9\\ 29.8,'.\\ 3016\\ 31.4\\ 32.2,\\ 33.0\\ 33.8\\ 34.7\\ 35.7\\ 36.8\\ 38.0\\ 39.2\\ 40.6\\ 42.0\\ . \end{array} $
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2. 27.1 28.9 29.8 $,$. 30.6 31.4 \blacksquare 32.2 $,$ 33.0 33.8 34.7 35.7 36.8 \bullet 38.0 39.2 40.6 42.0 $.$ 43.5. 45.1
23.1% 23.1 23.0 24.2 25.2 26.2. 27.1 28.9 29.8 $,'$. 30.6 31.4 • 32.2 $,$ 33.0 33.8 34.7 35.7 36.8 • 38.0 39.2 42.0

- Note: Pursuant to the provisions of P.A. 99-506, the City projects that PABF will reach a funded ratio of 90%. by the end of . . , the calendar year ended 2055.
- (1) , In thousands of dollars., -Projections are calculated on an accrual basis., However, with respect to the Employer Contribution column, the City has presented the data based on the year the employer contribution is actually made, rather than the preceding budget year. ,,
- (2) Represents contributions expected to be made by the City during the fiscal year.

74

As described in this Section, the Illinois Supreme Court determined that P.A. 98-641 is unconstitutional on March 24, 2016. As a result of this decision, the law in effect at the time of the enactment of P.A. 98-641 is once again effective, as reflected in the projections set forth in fables 13 and 14 above. Tables 13 and 14 present projections by the actuaries for MEABF and FABF that such Retirement Funds will not have assets on hand to make payments to beneficiaries beginning in 2025 and 2027, respectively, which would not have occurred pursuant to the provisions of P.A. 98-641.

In the event of an insolvency of MEABF or LABF, funds in excess of the contributions currently required by the Pension Code to be made to such Retirement Funds by the City and the employees who are members of such Retirement Funds will be necessary to fund payments to beneficiaries. However, the Pension Code currently provides only that the City must contribute the amount calculated pursuant to the Multiplier Funding formula to such Retirement Funds and does not consider the source of additional contributions in the event of an insolvency. In its opinion finding P.A. 98-641 unconstitutional, the Illinois Supreme Court indicated that the Pension Clause may create an obligation to provide adequate funding to the Retirement Funds upon imminent insolvency. Specifically, the Illinois Supreme Court stated that: "the [Pension Clause] was intended to force the funding of the pensions indirectly, by putting the state and municipal governments on notice that they are responsible for those benefits." The Illinois Supreme Court further stated that "...the [Pension Clause] created a legal obligation to pay pension benefits to the employees where previously there had been none," and "... the General Assembly and the City have been on notice since the ratification of the 1970 Constitution that the benefits of membership must be paid in full, and that they must be paid without diminishing or impairing them." However, though the Illinois Supreme Court any have identified an obligation to fund the benefits owed by the Retirement Funds, the Illinois Supreme Court did not specifically indicate the authority for or source of such payments!

The employer contributions reflected in Tables 13 and 14 provide, in the years following the insolvency of MEABF and LABF, the projected amounts that the City would contribute to such Retirement Funds if it had to pay directly, on a pay-as-you-go basis, the benefits owed to beneficiaries by the Retirement Funds. If the City is required to make such payments, the large increases in the City's contributions would likely have a material adverse impact on the City's financial condition; however, the City makes no prediction as to what sources of funds would be available for making such additional contributions in the event of an insolvency of MEABF or LABF. Additionally, the City cannot predict if or when changes to the Pension Code, such as SB 2437, or judicial decisions relevant to its contributions will be

enacted or decided, respectively, and the impact any such legislation or judicial decisions would have on the manner in which it contributes to MEABF and LABF. Contributing pursuant to Multiplier Funding or pay-as-you-go funding, as discussed in this subsection, represent two possible outcomes; however, the City can make no representation that some other method of determining contributions, including payments that are possibly even larger than pay-as-you-go funding, would not be required.

Future Legislation Regarding MEABF and LABF

The City has reached agreements with certain of its labor unions regarding stabilization plans for each of MEABF and LABF.

On May 23, 2016, the City announced an agreement in principle ("LABF Plan") with Laborers' 1001 and 1092 pursuant to which the City would begin contributing to LABF on an actuarial basis and certain employees participating in LABF would contribute an increased percentage of their salaries to LABF. Similarly, on August 3, 2016, the City announced an agreement in principle (the "MEABF Plan") with unions for members of MEABF pursuant to which the City would begin contributing to MEABF on an actuarial basis and certain employees participating in MEABF would

75

contribute an increased percentage of their salaries to MEABF. The implementation of the provisions of the LABF Plan and the MEABF Plan require amendments to the Pension Code, which require action by the General Assembly. Senate Bill 2437 ("S/i 243T'), which contains the provisions of the MEABF Plan and the LABF Plan, passed the Illinois House of Representatives on December 1, 2016, and the Illinois Senate on January 9, 2017. SB 2437 still requires approval by the Governor to be enacted.

Pursuant to SB 2437, MEABF and LABF members hired on or after January 1,2017 ("New Members") will contribute an additional three percent of their salaries to their respective Retirement Funds and will be eligible for benefits at age 65 (as opposed to age 67 for Tier II Members currently). In addition, Tier II Members of MEABF and LABF will be eligible to'receive benefits at age, 65 provided that such Tier II Members agree to contribute an additional three percent of their respective Retirement Funds.

, SB 243.7 further.provides.for the City to contribute the actuarially determined amount.required to achieve a 90[^]percent Funded Ratio in each of MEABF and LABF by 2057, following a phase-in of contributions ending in 2022... With respect to LABF, the LABF Plan provides, that the City make a portion of such increased contribution from funds in the Corporate Fund made available as a result of an increase in the 911 surcharge. With respect to MEABF, the City, intends to utilize revenues generated from, a tax on water and sewer usage (the "Water-Sewer Tax") .which was imposed by. the City Council on September 14, 2016 to provide funds, for a portion of the. increase, in the City's contribution to MEABF pursuant to the MEABF Plan. The Water-Sewer Tax, which will be phased in over a period of four years, is projected to generate additional revenues for the City.

the City makes no prediction "as to, whether SB 2437. will become law'. Should '.SB 2437 or

similar legislation incorporating the provisions of the MEABF Plan and the LABF Plan not become law,

the City makes no prediction as to whether additional legislation to prevent the insolvency of MEABF

and LABF|Will.be enacted into law, or the effect pfsuch, insolvency on the City, such Retirement Funds

and the City's contribution to such Retirement Funds.

. The; following tables provide, projections regarding the Funded Ratio of, and City contributions to,, MEABF, and LABF under SB 2437 compared to the current provisions of the Pension Code:

.

"" :.^'. IREMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTk)NALLV. LEFT BLANK]

76

TABLE 17 - PROJECTED CONTRIBUTIONS - MEABF AND LABF'

MEABF

Contribution Year

2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2030 2035 2040 2045 2050 • 2055 2060 .

Contributions to LABF Under Current Law

S 14,418 14,647 15,726 16,034 16,457 16,917 17,415 17,944 18,525 230,828 244,921 241,503 223,548 205,553 201,058 211,226

Contributions to LABF Under LABF Plan

\$, 15,116 36,000 48,000 60,000 72,000 84,000 122,460 125,493 128,646 146,052 166,692 183,431 196,956 211,392 226,692 49,462

Increase in Contributions to LABF Under LABF Plan

\$ 698 21,353 32,274 43,966 55,543 67,083 105,045 107,549 110,121 (84,776) (78,229) (58,072) (26,592) 5,839 • 25,634 (161,764)

Contributions

to MEABF Under Current Law

\$ 161,461 163,564 172,867 178,150 183,621 189,181 194,830 200,554 855,906 1,303,417 1,492,933 1,617,356 1,658,455 1,656,865 1,676,563 1,723,237

Contributions to MEABF Under MEABF Plan

* 163,000 266,000 344,000 421,000 499,000 576,000 871,295 889,972 908,902 1,005,241 1,123,894 1,282,932 1,470,707 1,679,585 1,897,448 340,000

Increase in Contributions to MEABF Under MEABF

Plan

S 1,539 102,436 171,133 242,850 315,379 386,819 676,465 689,418 52,996 (298,176) (369,039) (334,424) (187,748) 22,720 220,885 (1,383,237)

Source: With respect to the projection pursuant to the provisions ol"current law, the Actuarial Valuations of MEABF and LABF for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. For the projection pursuant to SB 2437, the City. (1) In thousands of dollars. Projections are calculated on a cash basis.

TABLE 18 - PROJECTED FUNDED RATIOS - MEABF AND LABF (1)

MEABF

 $2045 \ 2050 \ 2055^1 \ 2060$

Funded Ratio Under Current

Law

44.3% 41.1 37.6 33.9 29.9 " 25.6 21.0 15.9 10.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

Funded Ratio Under LABF Plan

45.5% 41.7 38.6 36.7 35.0 33.6 ' 33.3 33.1 32.8 31.0 29.6 30.8 36.6 49!8 71.9 90.0
Funded Ratio
<u>Under Current Law</u>
26.9%
23.9
20.9
17.6
14:i
10.4
6.5
2.2
0.0
0.0
0.0
0.0
0:0
0.0 0.0
o'.b
Funded Ratio
<u>Under MEABF Plan</u>
29.0%
26.8
25.0
23.9
23.0

23.7

24.2
24.8
25.3
27.0
28.4
31.5
39.1
53.8
77.6
90.0

With respect to the projection pursuant to the provisions of current law, the Actuarial Valuations of MEABF and LABF for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. For the projection pursuant to SB 2437, the City. Projections are calculated on a cash basis.

77

Diversion of Grant Money to the Retirement Funds for PABF and FABF

The Pension Code allows the State Comptroller to divert State grant money intended for the City to PABF and FABF to satisfy contribution shortfalls by the City (the "Recapture Provisions"). If the City fails to contribute to PABF and FABF as required by the Pension Code, the City will be subject to a reallocation of grants of State funds to the City if: (i) the City fails to make the required payment as set forth in the respective statute, (ii) the. subject Retirement Fund gives notice of the .failure to the City, and (iii) such Retirement Fund certifies to the State Comptroller that such' payment has hot been made. Upon the occurrence of these events, the State Comptroller will withhold grants of State funds from the City in an amount not in excess of the delinquent payment amount. Should the Recapture Provisions of the Pension Code be invoked as a result of the City's failure to contribute all or a portion of its required contribution, a reduction in State grant money may have a significant adverse impact on the City's finances.

Enterprise Fund Allocation of Retirement Fund Costs

The City allocates to its enterprise funds their share of the City's annual contribution to the Retirement Funds based upon the amount of services provided by, Cjty employees to the functions, or. enterprises related to or paid out .of. those funds.. The, enterprise funds, account for their allocable share of the City's contributions to the Retirement Funds as operating and> maintenance expenses. In addition, beginning in 2015, .the financial statements of the enterprise funds include an allocation of the applicable Net Pension Liability to such funds'.as required .by'the New GASB Standards. The ambunts allocable to the respective enterprise funds, which are not available as of the date hereof, may be significant and may have a' material effect'on'such' financial statements'. '⁷The City has'budgeted for the special¹ revenue and enterprise funds to reimburse the 'City' approximately','\$82.3 million, 'or 7.6 'percent of the total appropriation, during 2017 for their allocable share of the City's pension contribution.

';'•-; ' i n W. ".n* ;.(»«>7 j-: td?;(ir r-j «'{.\$ fMur-.w - ;•! ■ The allocations described in this subsection are not required by statute but represent the City's current method of allocating its pension costs. The City may alter the manner in which it allocates its

:

pension costs tothese'funds at'any'tim'e.'^; >'-'•- :• >**u'u'uuu**•••>

Payment for Other-Post-Employmeiit Benefits ":

General

The City and the Retirement Funds share, the cost of post-employment, healthcare benefits available to City employees participating in the Retirement Funds through a single-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Health

Plan"), which is administered by the City. Prior to June 30, 2013, the costs of the Health Plan were shared pursuant to a settlement agreement (as amended, the "Settlement") entered into between the City and the Retirement Funds regarding the responsibility for payment of these health benefits as described below under "-77ze Settlement."

MEABF and LABF participants older than'55 with at least 10 years of service and PABF and FABF participants older than 50 wit)) at least 10 years of service may become eligible for the Health Plan if they eventually become an annui tant.¹ The Health'Plan provides basic health benefits to non-Medicare . eligible annuitants and provides supplemental health benefits to Medicare-eligible annuitants.

Under their respective collective bargaining agreements, which were renegotiated in 2012, certain retired PABF and FABF participants are eligible to enroll themselves and their dependents in the City's healthcare plan for active members until they reach the age of Medicare eligibility ("Special CBA Benefit"). These members do not contribute towards the cost of coverage

78

The City contributes a percentage toward the cost of the Health Plan for each eligible annuitant. The annuitants are responsible for contributing the difference between the cost of their health benefits and the sum of the subsidies provided by the City and the related Retirement Fund. Until June 30, 2013, annuitants who retired prior to July 1, 2005 received a 55 percent subsidy from the City, whereas annuitants retiring on or after such date received a subsidy equal to 50 percent, 45 percent, 40 percent or zero percent based on the annuitant's length of actual employment with the City pursuant to the Settlement. The Retirement Funds contributed a fixed dollar amount monthly (\$65 for each Medicare-eligible annuitant and \$95 for each non-Medicare eligible annuitant) for each of their annuitants. For a description of benefits after the expiration of the Settlement, see "-Status of Healthcare Benefits After the Settlement Period" herein.

The Retirement Funds' subsidies are paid from the City contribution, as provided in the Pension Code and described in "-Payment for Pension Benefits-Determination of City's Contributions'" above. These payments therefore reduce the amounts available in the Retirement Funds to make payments on pension liabilities. See Tables 5 through 9 in "-Payment for Pension Benefits-Funded Status of the Retirement Funds" above for Retirement Funds' statement of net assets, which incorporates the expense related to the Health Plan as part of the "Administration" line item.

The Settlement

•In 1987, the City sued the Retirement Funds asserting, among other things, that the City was not obligated to provide healthcare benefits to certain retired City employees. Certain retired employees intervened as a class in the litigation, and the Retirement Funds countersued the City. To avoid the risk and expense of protracted litigation, the City and the other parties entered into the Settlement; the terms of which have been renegotiated over time. The City contributed to the Health Plan as a result of the obligation established by the Settlement during the term of the Settlement (the "Settlement Period"). The Settlement expired on June 30, 2013. For the status of the Health Plan after the Settlement Period, see "-Status of Healthcare Benefits After the Settlement Period" below.

City Financing of the Health Plan

The City funds its share of the Health Plan's costs on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pay-as-you-go funding refers to the fact that assets are not accumulated or dedicated to funding the Health Plan. Instead, the City contributes the amount necessary to fund its share of the current year costs of the Health Plan. See Table 20 below for a schedule of historical contributions made by the City to the Health Plan.

Actuarial Considerations

;:

City Obligation

The City has an Actuarial Valuation completed for its contributions to the Health Plan annually. The purpose and process behind an Actuarial Valuation is described above in "-Payment for Pension Benefits-Actuarial Valuation." In addition, the Retirement Funds produce an Actuarial Valuation for the liability of such Retirement Fund to its retirees for the benefits provided under the Health Plan.

Although these Actuarial Valuations all refer to the liability owed for the same benefits, the results of the Retirement Funds' Actuarial Valuations differ significantly from the City's Actuarial Valuation for two reasons. First, the City's Actuarial Valuation only reflects trie portion of liabilities the

for this plan. I'ABF contributes \$95 per month for these members; FABF does not contribute for these members. The Special CBA Benefit expires in 2016, at which time the City expects it will be phased out permanently.

79

City owes under the Settlement. Second, the Actuarial Valuations of the City and the Retirement Funds differ because the actuarial methods and assumptions used for each purpose vary.

This Section addresses the funded status of the City's obligation to make payments for the Health Plan. For additional information on the amounts owed to members of the Retirement Funds for retiree healthcare benefits, see the Actuarial Valuations of the Retirement Funds, which are available as described in "-Payment for Pension Benefits-Source Information" above; and Note 11 to the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available on the City's website at http://www.cityofchicago.org/city/en/depts/fin/supp_info/comprehensive_annualfinancialstatements.html; provided, however, that the contents of the City's website are not incorporated herein by such reference.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Actuarial Valuation for the City's obligation to the Health. Plan utilizes various actuarial methods, and assumptions, similar to those described in "-Payment for-Pension Benefits" above with respect to the Retirement. Funds. The City, doesnot use an Actuarial Method to calculate the Actuarial Value of Assets of the Health Plan because, no assets are accumulated therein for payment of future benefits. As such, the Actuarial Value of Assets for the Health Plan is always zero.

The City's 2012 Actuarial Valuation ("2012 Actuarial Valuation") amortizes the City's retiree healthcare UAAL:over aiclosed;1-yearperiod;"in-order-to reflect'the-rerhainder.of the¹ Settlement Period and the Special'CBA Benefit that was set to expire in 2012 under collective bargaining, agreements that were, in place at.that;time:;.The-use ofa closed,;!-ryear, periodihas the effect-ofincreasing the. Actuarially Required Contribution as'compared* to the: typical 30-year open amortization period because (i) the period oftime. over which; the UAAL wilLbe amortized, is shorter, and(ii) the> amortization, period is, one year as opposed i :to **=** repeating -.3 0-;y earn **=**periods." .The..: 2012;: Actuarial ^Valuation employed, ithe RUC Method to'allocateith'e City'-s: retiree healthcare-obligations.; For: more information on the PUC 'Method; see"-Payment for Pension Benefits-^Actiiarial Methods" above:...,...**=**...

The City's 2013 Actuarial Valuation ("2013 Actuarial Valuation") and 2014 Actuarial Valuation (the "2014 Actuarial Valuation") amortize the City's retiree healthcare UAAL over a closed 10-year period, in order to reflect (ii)rthe City-'s- extension -of healthcare 'coverage for members that had participated in the Settlement (with such coverage; varying based on retirement date), and (ii) the provision of the Special CBA Benefit. For details on the Health Plan; after the Settlement -Period-, see< "^Status of Healthcare Benefits After the Settlement Period' 'below. The¹ use of a closed, • 10-year :period rather than a closed; 1 'year. period has the effect of decreasing the Actuarially Required Contribution because the period of time over which the UAAL will be amortized is longer. In addition, the 2013 Actuarial Valuation

and the¹2014'Actuarial Valuation employed the EAN Method, rather than the PUC Method, to allocate the City's retiree healthcare obligations. For more information on the EAN Method and the PUC Method, see "-Payment for Pension Benefits-Actuarial Methods" above.

Funded Status

The following tables provide, information on the financial health of the Health Plan. The Health Plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, which means no assets are accumulated to pay for the liabilities of the Health Plan. As such; the Funded Ratio with respect to the Health. Plan is perpetually zero:

, •

Table 19 summarizes the current financial condition and,the funding progress of the Health Plan.

80

- SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS*

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date (Pec. 31)</u> 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014

Actuarial Value of Assets

\$0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Actuarial Accrued Liability SI,062,864 787,395 533,387 390,611 470,952 997,281 964,626 780,637 Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability \$1,062,864 787,395 533,387 390,611 470,952 997,281 964,626 780,637

. ...

Funded Ratio

0

0

0

Covered Payroll

\$2,562,007 2,475,107 2,546,961 2,475,000 2,518,735 2,385,198 2,425,000 2,487,787

UAAL as a Percentage of Payroll

41.5%

- 31.8 20.9
- 15.8
- 18.7
- 41.8
- 39.8
- 31.4

Sources: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Ihc City for the fiscal years ending December 31,2010-2015.

- 1) In thousands of dollars.
- 2) The City, as required, adopted GASB Statement No. 45 in fiscal year 2007. The information provided in this table was produced in 2007 or later.

Table 20 shows the net expense to the City for providing benefits under the Health Plan.

TABLE 20 - HISTORY OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS"

	Actual City Contribution
2008	\$ 97,968
2009	98,044
2010	107,431
2011	99,091
2012	115,961
2013	139,336
2014	128,061
2015	96,551

Sources: Comprehensive Annual f inancial Report of the City for the fiscal years ending 2008-2015. (1) In thousands of dollars.

Status of Healthcare Benefits After the Settlement Period

On May 15, 2013, the City announced plans to, among other things: (i) provide a lifetime healthcare plan to employees who retired before August 23, 1989 with a contribution from the City of up to 55 percent of the cost of that plan; and (ii) beginning January 1, 2014, provide employees who retired on or after August 23, 1989 with healthcare benefits but with significant changes to the terms provided by the Health Plan, including increases in premiums and deductibles, reduced benefits and the phase-out of the entire Health Plan for such employees by the beginning of 2017. The City made such announcement following the release of a report by the Retiree Health Benefits Commission, the creation of which was provided for by the Settlement, which concluded that maintaining the funding arrangement then in place for the Health Plan was untenable, would prevent the City from continuing to provide the then-current level of benefits to retirees in the future, and could result in other financial consequences, such as changes to the City's bond rating and its creditworthiness. If the City prevails in the Lawsuit (defined below), it expects a reduction in expenses of approximately \$90 to \$95 million annually beginning in 2017 as a result of the phase-out of the Health Plan.

On May 30, 2013, the Illinois General Assembly passed Senate Bill 1584, which was signed into law by the Governor on June 28, 2013. Senate Bill 1584 extends the Retirement Funds' subsidies for retiree healthcare costs until

such time as the City no longer provides a health care plan for annuitants or December 31, 2016, whichever comes first.

Health Plan Lawsuit

After the June 30, 2013 expiration of the Settlement, on July 5, 2013, certain participants in the Health Plan filed a motion to "re-activate" the 1987 litigation covered by the Settlement. On July 17,2013, the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois (the "Circuit Court") denied that motion. On July 23, 2013, certain of the participants filed a new lawsuit, Underwood v. City of Chicago (the "Lawsuit"), in the Circuit Court against the City and the Trustees of each of the four Retirement Fund Boards, seeking to bring a class action on behalf of former and current City employees who previously contributed or now contribute to one of the four Retirement Funds.

The complaint advanced State law claims, including alleged violation of the Pension Clause, and federal law claims. The City removed the case to federal court based on the federal law' claims. The federal district court dismissed the case in its entirety. As to plaintiffs' claim that the planned changes violate the Pension Clause, the district court predicted that the Illinois Supreme Court would rule in a separate case, Kanerva v. Weems ("Kanerva"), then pending before the Illinois Supreme Court that healthcare benefits arc not protected by the Pension Clause. However, on July 3, 2014, the Illinois Supreme Court issued an opihion'iriKarierva aetermihing that 'retiree ^ea'lthcare-b'ehefits provided to State retirees are protected under the Pension Clause.- The City argued on appeal to the federal appellate court that it should affirm the district court disrhissalyiiricluding the State law claims, on an alternative ground. On February 25, 2015, the federal appellate "court affirmed the dismissal of the federal law claims and declined to rule on the State law claims. ¹-Oh December 13, 2015, the Circuit Court issued a ruling dismissing certain of the State law claims¹ But gave the plaintiffs leave to amend the complaint with respect to such claims. With respect to the remaining State law claim, which sought a declaration that a reduction in the benefits provided by the Health'Plan would violate the Pension Clause, the Circuit Court determined that such a declaration could be made only with, respect to those employees hired prior to August 23, 1989 (the "Pre-1989 Class"). On July 21, 2016, the Circuit Court dismissed with prejudice all of the plaintiffs' claims with the exception of the request for declaratory relief that a reduction in the benefits provided by the Health Plan would violate, the Pension Clause with respect to the Pre-1989 .Class; The plaintiffs have also pursued appeals to the Illinois Appellate Court and the Illinois Supreme Court in this case; the appeals are pending. The City has been defending and will continue to defend this matter vigorously. The City can give no assurance as to the ultimate outcome of the Lawsuit.

¹ [REMAINDER; OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

Long-Term General Obligation Bonds

On April 29, 2015, Mayor Emanuel announced a series of fiscal reforms to be implemented over the next four years to strengthen the City's financial practices. The reforms included (i) converting to fixed rate all of the City's outstanding general obligation variable rate bonds; (ii) terminating the interest rate swaps associated with the City's general obligation variable rate bonds; (iii) ending the practice of paying near-term debt with long-term bonds; (iv) increasing operating budget funding for legal settlements and judgments; and (v) increasing the City's reserve funds.

In the first half of 2015, the City implemented the first two components of the Mayor's fiscal reform agenda by converting all of its general obligation variable rate bonds to fixed rates of interest and terminating the related interest rale swaps and liquidity support instruments. Consistent with the Mayor's plan, the City currently intends to end the practice of paying near-term debt with long-term bonds and issuing long-term bonds to fund settlements and judgments after the issuance of the Bonds.

A significant portion of the City's long-term general obligation bonds, including the Bonds, are backed by the full faith and credit of the City, and all taxable property within the City is subject to the levy of taxes, without regard to rate or amount, to pay the principal of and interest on such general obligation bonds. As described below, certain general obligation bonds of the City do not have a property tax levy in place for their repayment.

The City has three types of long-term general obligation bonds outstanding. For a significant portion of the City's long-term general obligation bonds (including the Bonds), an annual property tax levy has been established to pay debt service on such bonds ('Tax Levy Bonds"). For certain- other long-term general obligation bonds issued by the City (which make up a small subset of the City's general obligation bonds), either (i) an annual property tax levy has been established but is annually abated if certain other specified revenues are available that year for payment of debt service ("Alternate Revenue Bonds"), or (ii) no annual property tax levy has been established for debt service and payments of debt service are appropriated from sources of revenue other than property taxes ("Pledge Bonds"). Alternate Revenue Bonds include the City's General Obligation Bonds (Modern Schools Across Chicago Program), Series 2007 A-K, Series 201 OA and Series 2010B, and General Obligation Bonds (Emergency Telephone System), Series 1999 and Series 2004. Pledge Bonds include the City's General Obligation Building Acquisition Certificates (Limited Tax), Series 1997, and the general obligation note issued by the City in connection with the acquisition by the City of the former Michael Reese Hospital campus (the "MRL Note"). All other long-term general obligation bonds of the City are Tax Levy Bonds.

Long-term general obligation bonds are generally issued annually by the City to pay for capital projects, refunding bonds for debt service savings, refunding bonds for restructuring near-term debt service, legal settlements and judgments, and, from time to time, retroactive employment wage and salary increases (including related pension costs).

Over the last several years, the City has issued long-term general obligation bonds annually to fund capital improvements, equipment, and legal judgments and settlements. For information on the use of long-term general obligation bonds for capital projects, see "FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-Capital Improvements."

For the last several years, proceeds from long-term general obligation bonds have been used to restructure a portion of the near-term debt service on outstanding general obligation bonds reducing the property tax levy in those years by \$90 million to \$215 million per year. A portion of the proceeds of the

83

Bonds will be used to restructure the near-term debt service on outstanding general obligation bonds otherwise payable from the annual property lax levy. The restructuring will reduce debt service in levy years 2016, 2017, and 2018 below the level that would otherwise be required, and will extend the average maturity of the City's general obligation debt. The City intends to discontinue issuing general obligation debt for such purpose after the issuance of the Bonds. See "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS-Structural Deficit and Debt Restructuring."

Approximately \$225 million of proceeds of the Series 2017B Bonds are expected to be used to pay for future settlements and judgments. The City currently intends to end the use of long-term general obligation bonds to fund settlements and judgments in

future financings.

Following are selected debt statistics regarding the City's long-term general obligation bonds

· 1 from 2006 through 2015... . '.

.

LONG-TERM GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS . SELECTED DFJif **STATISTICS 2006-2015**

Total Est. Fair Cash

Year (\$ in thousand	Aggregate Debt ds/') '∎' (\$ in thousands) ' ^½ Fa	Valued Ratio of Debt to air Cash Value ^{'2'} Per Capita ^{'3'}		
- • 2006";" \$-;		770,733"• 'I'.6% [:]	:- '\$1',	,8'72'.'3T ' ' '
2007 ' 5,805;92	i -''' • 320,503,503 ·	^{;;} 1.8%' '; ∎" 2,004.8	80	
2008 6,126,2	310,888,609	2.0%2,115.42		
2009 6,866,2	270 280,288,730	2.4%2,370.94		
i ;;2010 i • 7;328;45	52-' .,- 23:1;986;396	■ ■ » v. •' :3.2% , .■ 2,7:18t67	2	
: 2011. ;	7;628,222 • 2,829.88	• ,:.222,856,064	!-,.	3.4%
2012 -	7,939,682	206,915,72	3 .i	
3.8%, V'^.2015'' 9,041,892'.	. 2,945.43 ';- "" . '," [;] "3:5'%'	'' 3,354.32	1.	

(i)

-.Xounty., 20 ^information, is, not available at time pf .nubjication.'.'fhe ratio of debt to fair cash value for 201-5 , is based.011 2014 estimated fair cash value

(3) Population source:' U.S. Census Bureau. From 2006 through 2009,'pcr capita calculation is based on the 2000 population 602,-896,016; Frorri-2010 throug K'2015, 'per-capitaicalcul'^

The City's long-term, general obligation: debt service schedule for, 2017, to 2043 is set forth in the table on the following page.

. [REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT, BLANK] : : r

84

it r-o-t-c?- vo-iO fn Orj r-l. ' ri gc c'™' tr-o O-≪- vo o" **=**

■■vOTTOvcr-oeTT' > rn T a- <~) - i- ~ - * ∎ no f, - o r

co>.				
			J 0 00 *C T 0 f	
				U 3
Q/ 08 YO +O*				
oooOoorj-mic\c OtO01 - r»\D CN O	- rj CT- v			
r»_a>_rtt_m_oO;-roc	wim nn r-~ - cn vq a* t~ 00 00 \D	u~. c\		
mvooci'-or⊷oo-fj> C fw Ta+Tm + tt CT c"r-*xr cK vc" vc ^ oc ^'c wil/it to « a rim fi>-ir<-itn fm m m r^,	T-0^mOQ>- X>0 ~ r0 Q>- K" ln'rio" oc r-"ri -r-lOc^ -v so if T tt ⊲n iniif.	00 u'i0_f <ui>v0 r- f7 o-'oc o'o" r- - (Nr~-o^oiooo v0 tt C-t CN (-1</ui>		

CO "



J3CO

-∎-.co"o°*e&

i-s--

°SE

js -5 ^ "2 0 c <+; co

1 § с <5 _{СD}

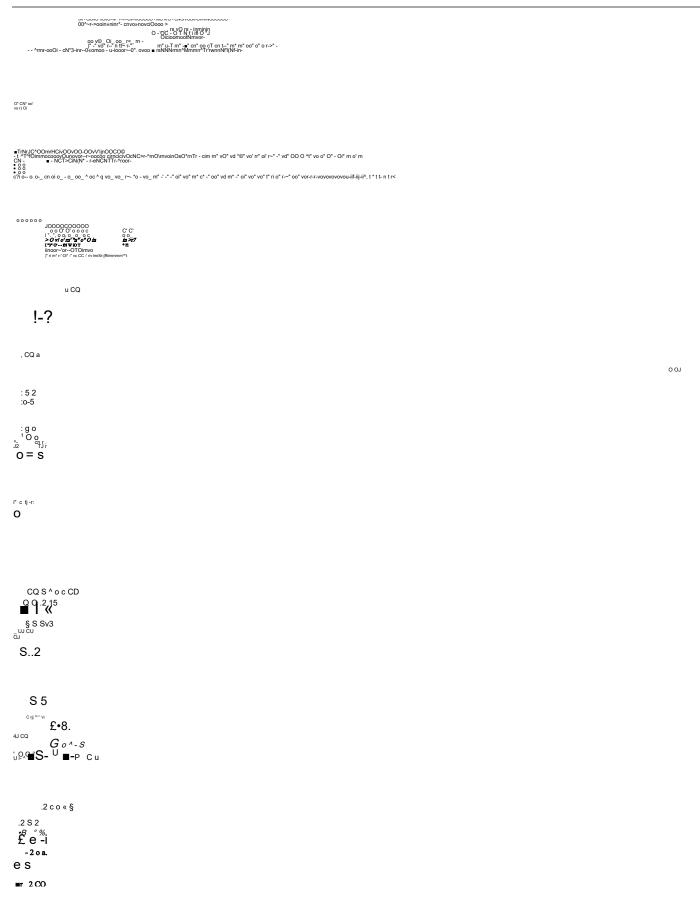
8. C r-fr) _{03 r-}

N v> -

U • Oi O Oi O I

• O i O O i O I • O - T O + O r - O O T ' M 00 oo_o_id 01 o SC in o_-O O C / 71 - V 01 k0 O j_ cic.o_oo so al' ^r to o al' o o' vo' m' m wi m'-' an c' o' in' ri af vo V O' O' t--' in'-t' V 0 T . - O i + NO O T T V O I NN kin' (N NO - -1.. c t o c n vo 71 m t m C - _ lo o' ci xr ci r < o' co (n r - cn ^- ci cn co m' o' n' vo f o C r V tt' o' r V un m' vo' o' oo' m' r V a'' ' o' r <' al' ri vo' oo' -' m' vd m' c vun w 70 conversionschartschar

AL COLON-DURING - DURINOOD - NO N.D. CHOUDDE DURIN



11 1 Q. CC CX di

Cr-sooo-n

Short-Term Borrowing Program

Under its Short-Term Borrowing Program, the City may issue general obligation commercial paper notes and borrow under general obligation lines of credit which are general obligations of the City but do not have a specific property tax levy in place for their repayment. The Short-Term Borrowing Program is used by the City for working capital in anticipation of receipt of other revenue, to fund capital projects, debt refinancing or restructuring and to pay non-capital expenditures, such as settlements and judgments or retroactive payment of employment salaries and wages.

The authorizing ordinance for the Short-Term Borrowing Program allows for a maximum outstanding amount of general obligation commercial paper notes and/or general obligation lines of credit in the aggregate principal amount of \$1.0 billion. The City has sized its borrowing capacity for interim funding in anticipation of receiving revenues or issuing long-term general obligation bonds and to cover General Fund operating expenses.

On September 24, 2015, the City entered into a Revolving Line of Credit Agreement (the "Line of Credit") among the City and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association; Bank of China, Chicago Branch; and BMO Harris Bank, N.A. The Line of Credit initially provided the City with borrowing capacity of up to \$750 million (which was later increased to \$900 million), allocated pro rata among the participating lenders. On November 4, 2016, the City decreased the borrowing capacity under the Line of Credit to a maximum principal amount of \$510 million.

The following table shows the Qity's lowest and highest outstanding balances^ and the total

!

amount available for borrowing under the Short-Term Borrowing Program for the years 2010 through:

2016 and as of December 31, 2016. Currently, the outstanding balance under the Tine of Credit is:

\$124,533,000. . .

.....

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS 2010-2016 ~

(\$ in thousands)

Year	Lowest Outstanding Principal Amount	Highest Outstanding Principal Amount Princip	Total Available al Amount		
201.0	~' \$27,448.\$198,10	\$ 200,000			
2011	30".092 ;' :	: 198,112 - ■		200,000 "	
2012	32,676	.166,513 .300,000			
2013	72;517	415,256500,000 '			
2014	77,294 415,294	900,000			
2014	2015<'>	■ 263,174 835,042	1,000,000		
2014	20f5<	<²> -•			93,837
.239,131	750;000				
2014	2016<"7,118 4	36,126 900,000			
2014	2016 ⁽⁴ >7,118	124,533		510,000	
0,	epartment of Finance. Jary 1, 2015 through Septer	mber 23,2015.	;:.		

Source: City of (1)For f

(2) For the period September 24, 2015 through'December 31,2015.

(,) For the period January 1, 2016 through November 3, 2016.

(4) For the period November 4,2016 through December 31,2016. An event of default will occur under the Line of Credit if: (i) the long-term rating of the City's general obligations for borrowed money are lowered by any two of Fitch, Kroll and S&P, as follows: below "BBB-" (or its equivalent) by S&P, below "BBB-" (or its equivalent) by Fitch or below "BBB-" (or its equivalent) by Kroll, or (ii) a long-term rating of the City's general obligations for borrowed money is suspended, withdrawn or becomes unavailable by S&P, Kroll or Fitch.

86

MRL Financing LLC Promissory Note

In 2009, the City purchased the former Michael Reese Hospital campus in connection with the City's bid for the 2016 Summer Olympics. The purchase was implemented by the MRL Note issued by the City to the seller, which is currently outstanding in the amount of \$81.9 million. The MRL Note is a general obligation of the City not supported by a property tax levy. Interest payments for the first five years were not required to be paid until June 30, 2014, at which time the City was required to either pay the accrued interest or add it to the outstanding principal amount. At that time, the City was also required to begin making quarterly interest payments and annual principal payments. The City has paid debt service as scheduled on the MRL Note in the following amounts: (i) for 2014, \$22,645,133; (ii) for 2015, \$14,241,550; and (iii) for 2016, \$13,700,846. The City has used available funds in the General Fund and proceeds of general obligation debt to pay these amounts. The City anticipates using such sources to make continued debt service payments due under the MRL Note until such time as the property is sold. When the property is sold, in whole or in part, the City currently expects to use such sale proceeds to pay the MRL Note. The City is considering the issuance of refunding notes for the MRL Note in order to reduce debt service costs.

USX South Works

The City entered into a tax-increment financing redevelopment agreement dated December 23, 2010 (the "Lakeside TIF Agreement") in connection with the redevelopment of the currently vacant former U.S. Steel plant along the¹ shore of Lake Michigan on the southeast side of the City." The terms of the Lakeside TIF Agreement require the City, upon the fulfillment by the developer of certain specified leasing, sale, financing and other conditions, to issue a series of general obligation bonds secured by or otherwise payable from Citywide property taxes and a series of special assessment bonds secured by or otherwise payable from a special assessment levy on the redevelopment project site. Pursuant to the Lakeside TIF Agreement, the proceeds of such general obligation and special assessment bonds may be used to pay for certain costs of the redevelopment project, located in the Chicago Lakeside Development-Phase 1 TIF Redevelopment Project Area (the "TIF Area"), including public infrastructure. If and when the general obligation and special assessment bonds are issued, the Lakeside TIF Agreement provides that such bonds will be paid from the incremental taxes collected in the TIF Area to the extent available rather than from Citywide property taxes! The debt service on the general obligation bonds will be based on the first 50 percent of the incremental taxes projected at the time of issuance and have a first lien'on the incremental taxes; the debt service on the special assessment bonds will be based on the second 50 percent of the incremental taxes projected at the time of issuance and have a second lien on the incremental taxes. If the incremental taxes are insufficient to pay the debt service of the general obligation and special assessments bonds: (1) debt service on the general obligation bonds will be paid first by a letter of credit posted by the developer in an amount equal to 100 percent of maximum annual debt service on the general obligation bonds and then if necessary by Citywide property taxes; and (2) debt service on the special assessment bonds will be paid by the special assessment levy. The Lakeside TIF Agreement estimated that there will be approximately \$96,000,000 of redevelopment project costs eligible to be paid with the proceeds of the general obligation and special assessment bonds but did not otherwise estimate the principal amounts of the general obligation and special assessment bonds.

INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion of investment considerations should be reviewed by prospective investors prior to

purchasing the Bonds. Any one or more of the investment considerations discussed herein could lead to a decrease in the market value and the liquidity of the Bonds or, ultimately, a

87

payment default on the Bonds. There can he no assurance that other factors not discussed herein will not become material in the future.

Unfunded Pensions

The Retirement Funds have significant unfunded liabilities and low funding ratios. The City's required contributions to PABF and FABF increased significantly beginning in 2016. The Amended FY 2015 Budget and the FY 2016 Budget provide for such increases to be funded primarily through increases in the City's property tax levy. In addition, actuaries for MEABF and LABF project that such Retirement Funds will not have sufficient funds to make payments to beneficiaries beginning in 2025 and 2027, respectively.. See. "RETIREMENT FUNDS-Payment for Pension Benefits-Projection of Funded Status" for a discussion of the impact of such insufficiency.

Future required contribution increases beyond fiscal year 2016 may .also require .the City to increase its revenues, reduce its expenditures, or some combination thereof, which may impact the services provided by the City or limit the City's ability to generate additional revenues in-the future. ■ See "RETIREMENT FUNDS-Payment for Pension Benefits" herein.

Overlapping Taxing Districts

:<; A .number .of overlapping taxing, districts whose jurisdictional, limits, overlap, with the-City. have the power to ;raise taxes, .including property taxes. See , "FINANCIAL ^DISCUSSION. AND ANALYSIS-Property Taxes-Overlapping Taxing Districts." The City, does not-control the amount or timing, .of the taxes, levied by. these overlapping taxing districts . Depending on the amount of such increase(s),.an,increase intthe-amount, of taxes by .these overlapping taxing;districts could potentially be harmful to. the City',s economy, ;and/or may make-it more difficult for the City, to ^increase , taxes, including property taxes, to.pay foriits unfunded pensions.. The,City ean;give.no,assurance.as:to! whether, and to what extent, property taxes levied: by <overlapping.taxing districts may increase! in, coming years. ;

Structural Deficit and Debt Restructuring

Over the past. ten.yyears,the,.City ,has. experienced, an ^imbalance, of tax revenues-relative to operating .expenditures resulting in-operating budget.gaps. ...Since,2012;,-the City has reduced the General Fund, budget gap each ,year .through, targeted cuts,, revenue enhancements, and improved .operating efficiencies... .However, the .City prpjects .budget ...gaps; in 2018 and 2019, due to operating,budget shortfalls and\!increased.pension obligations., . See; "FINANCIAL .DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS- -General Fund^rf general Fund. FjnqnciqfForecastSj7rQenera\ Fund 2016: >Year-End, Estimates and 201.7 Proposed Budget" and "'--2017720!⁽ >»Cjeneral Fund Outlook."

For the, last .several .years, the-City. has annually-issued general obligation debt,to pay a. portion of the nearterm debt service, ^outstanding general;obligation: bonds, in order to limit.the annual-property tax-levy for,debt service on,the. outstanding bonds, A portion of the proceeds of the. Bonds will be used for.this, purpose, -reducing .the, debt service,qn,outstanding general.obligation bonds otherwise payable from the annual property tax levy for the 2016, 2017, and 2018 levy years. See "GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT-Long-Term General Obligation Bonds." This practice has the effect of extending and increasing the City's overall debt levels. Unless the City is able to pay its annual general obligation debt service from recurring revenue' sources', the "City's interest costs and outstanding debt are likely to continue to rise. The City plans to discontinue issuing general obligation debt for such purpose after issuance of the Bonds. •

Recurring operating budget gaps and increases in the City's debt burden could result in the need for new or enhanced revenue sources, including tax increases, or reduction of essential City services.

- - -

88

Increased Debt Service Levels

Upon issuance of the Bonds, the City's long-term general obligation debt will increase. Further increases in the City's long-term general obligation debt and annual debt service could crowd out spending for other City services and/or require substantial increases in property taxes or other revenue sources. See "GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT-Long-Term General Obligation Bonds."

Reductions and Delays in Receipt of State Revenues

- 1

State tax revenue received by the City includes the City's local share of the State's sales and use taxes, income tax and PPRT. The State is itself feeing a substantial budget deficit and Governor Rauncr has made a number of proposals to close the State's budget gap. Among them is a reduction in the local government distributive share of the State's income tax. If such a reduction were to become law, the City would lose significant income tax receipts. This proposal, or any other that reduces the State taxes received by the City, would have an immediate and adverse effect on the City's budget.

The State has in the past delayed by months the distribution to local governments of their respective shares of State taxes due to the State's own budget problems. During 2015 and 20)6, the State experienced an impasse between the Governor and the Illinois General Assembly over the budget for the State's current fiscal year. This resulted in delays in the City's receipt of both its local share of State motor fuel tax revenue and its local share of revenue from the State's use tax and service use tax, which is subject to appropriation by the Illinois General Assembly. Such delays did not affect the. payment of principal of or interest on the City's outstanding general obligation bonds or sales tax revenue bonds when due, or delay payments to vendors, service providers or other recipients of City funds. The City has since been fully reimbursed for all such amounts.

If the period of any future delay in receipt of State taxes were to continue for an extended period, the City could be forced to delay payments to vendors, service providers or other recipients of City funds if other legally available funds are not on hand.

Cap on Property Taxes

The Illinois Property Tax Code limits, among other things, the amount of property tax that can be extended for non-home rule units of local government located in Cook County and five adjacent counties (the "State Tax Cap"). As a home rule unit of government, the City is not subject to the State Tax Cap. A number of bills have been introduced in the Illinois General Assembly to limit or freeze property taxes, including those imposed by home rule units of local government such as the City. The application of the State Tax Cap to the City or any other measure that would limit, or freeze property taxes would require three-fifths vote of each house of the Illinois General Assembly. If the City were to become subject to a State-imposed property tax limitation restriction in the future similar to the State Tax Cap or any other restriction or freeze on property taxes, the City's ability to levy property taxes in amounts needed for its future funding needs may be adversely affected.

Adverse Change in Laws

There are a variety of State and federal laws,, regulations and constitutional provisions that apply to the City's

ability to raise taxes, fund its pension obligations or to reorganize its debts. There is no assurance that there will not be any change in, interpretation of, or addition to such applicable laws, regulations and provisions. Any such change, interpretation or addition may have a material adverse effect, either directly or indirectly, on the City or the taxing authority of the City, which could materially adversely affect the City's operations or financial condition.

89

Amendment to the Illinois Constitution

On November 8, 2016, the voters of the State approved a ballot measure amending the Illinois Constitution (the "Amendment") that added a new section to the Revenue Article of the Illinois Constitution. On December 5, 2016, the Illinois Stale Board of Elections certified that the Amendment had received the constitutionally required majority at the November S, 2016 election. The Amendment prohibits the expenditure of "moneys, including bond proceeds, derived from taxes, fees, excises, or license taxes relating to registration, title, or operation or use of vehicles, or related to the use of highways, roads, streets, bridges, mass transit, intercity passenger rail, ports, airports, or to fuels used for propelling vehicles, or derived from taxes, fees, excises, or license taxes relating to any other transportation infrastructure or transportation operation," on non-transportation purposes, as more fully described in the Amendment. In' accordance with'the procedural requirements under the Illinois Constitution for adoption of constitutional amendments, the Illinois General Assembly caused a ballot summary of the Amendment to be published by the Illinois Secretary of State, 'whiclwncluded a statement that the Amendment did not, and was not¹ intended to; alter home rule powers¹ granted under the Illinois Constitution. The 2017 Projects to be financed with the proceeds of the Bonds include both transportation and non-transportation facilities. The issuance of the Bonds and the expenditure of the Bond'proceeds are pursuant to'the exercise:-of the City's home rule powers. The City is unable to predict whether the Amendment may have any material effect on the Bonds, including the expenditure of the Bond proceeds^ or on the use of revenues or other funds received-by the City. .

Bankruptcy

As with all State law, the current prohibition on municipal bankruptcies is subject to review or change by State government. From time to time, legislation has been introduced in the Illinois General

•'1

Assembly which, if enacted, would permit Illinois municipalities to be debtors in bankruptcy. The City is unable to-predict whether the Illinois General Assembly Will adopt arty siich legislation or the form of such legislation if enacted.¹ $\blacksquare \bullet \blacksquare \blacksquare \blacksquare j \bullet \bullet \blacksquare \bullet = 1$, -:--- \blacksquare -7-:n. :ur T!~~

- In'ithe' event of a- change¹ in 'State law'to provide-that the City. Ms-eligible i to⁵ be¹ a debtor in bankruptcy, and that authority; is acted' upon,; \blacksquare -there; is ho guarantee that-the-bankruptcy court would cdnsidefJthe Bondholders to have -a'securedjclaim under the Bankruptcy Code witlvrespect to remittances of the Bond -Property'Tax-Levy or other moneys in'the Bond, Note Redemption and-Interest Fund. The Bond, Note Redemption¹ and Interest Fund is riot held'by the Trustee, and is⁵ hot subject to a statutory lien in favor of the Bondholders. Tn addition,; remittances: of the Bond Property Tax Levies are not "special revenues" as defined in the Bankruptcy Code.

Uncertain Enforcement Remedies

The'Bonds'are direct and general obligations of the City and all taxable property in the City is subject to levy to pay-the debt service on the Bonds. The Bonds are not secured by a statutory lien on the Bond, Note: Redemption and Interest Fund, any real property in the City or any physical assets of the City. The maturity of the Bonds cannot be accelerated in the event that the City fails to pay any installment of interest on, or principal of, the Bonds when due.

90

The remedies available to Bondholders upon nonpayment of principal of or interest on the Bonds are uncertain and in many respects dependent upon discretionary judicial actions. There currently is no established judicial precedent addressing the rights of Bondholders to compel the City to levy taxes or to enforce any other Bondholder remedy. See APPENDIX A-"SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE-Default and Remedies."

Force Majeure Events

There are certain unanticipated events beyond the City's control that could have a material adverse impact on the City's operations and financial conditions if they were to occur. These events include fire, flood, earthquake, epidemic, adverse health conditions or other unavoidable casualties or acts of God, freight embargo, labor strikes or work stoppages, civil commotion, new acts of war or escalation of existing war conditions, sabotage, terrorism or enemy action, pollution, unknown subsurface or concealed conditions affecting the environment, and any similar causes. No assurance can be provided that such events will not occur, and, if any such events were to occur, no prediction can be provided as to the actual impact or severity of the impact on the City's operations and financial condition.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Official Statement contains certain statements relating to future results that are forward-looking statements. When used in this Official Statement, the words "estimate," "intend," "expect" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Any forward_Tlooking statement is subject to uncertainty and risks that could cause actual results to differ, possibly materially, from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Inevitably, some assumptions used to develop forward-looking statements will not be realized or unanticipated events and circumstances may occur. Therefore, Bondholders and potential investors should be aware that there are likely to be differences between forward-looking statements and actual results; those differences could be material. The City does npt undertake any obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future, events or otherwise.

There is no litigation pending in any court or, to the knowledge of the City, threatened, questioning the corporate existence of the City, or which would restrain or enjoin the issuance or delivery of the Bonds, or which concerns the proceedings of the City taken in connection with the Bonds or the City's pledge of its full faith, credit and resources to the payment of the Bonds.

The City is a defendant in various pending and threatened individual and class action litigation relating principally to claims arising from' contracts, personal injury, property damage, police conduct, discrimination, civil rights actions and other matters. The City believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

Property Tax Rate Objections: 2007 and following. The City's property tax levies for 2007 and following have varied between approximately \$720 million and \$835 million annually, excluding the School Building and Improvement Fund levy. Objections have been filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County (the "Circuit Court") to these levies, which objections remain pending. The City is unable to predict the outcome of the proceedings concerning the objections.

Automated Red Light and Speed Enforcement Litigation. In July 2010, individual plaintiffs, seeking to maintain a class action, filed suit against the City and other defendants to challenge the City's use since 2003 of an automated redlight ticketing system. The plaintiffs alleged, among other things,

91

that the 2006 statute authorizing eight Illinois counties to enact red-light camera ordinances is unconstitutional local legislation and that the City lacks home-rule authority to enact a red-light camera ordinance and adjudicate violations administratively. The plaintiffs sought an injunction against the operation of the City's red-light ticketing system and restitution of fines paid. The Circuit Court granted the City's motion to dismiss the case; the Illinois Appellate Court affirmed in an unpublished decision. The Illinois Supreme Court took the case, but two justices recused themselves and a majority of the remaining justices did not reach a consensus. This had the effect of affirming the Illinois Appellate Court decision. While the appeal was pending, the same attorney filed another putative class action case in the Circuit Court,with different named plaintiffs raising similar claims about the automated red-light ticketing system. On April 1, 2016, the Circuit Court dismissed the complaint. The plaintiffs' motion to reconsider the dismissal was denied by the Circuit Court on July 1, 2016. The plaintiffs have filed a notice of appeal. The City will continue to defend this matter vigorously. On March 23, 2015, individual plaintiffs, seeking to maintain a class action, filed a separate lawsuit alleging that-the City has exceeded its'home rule authority and has violated State law and City ordinances by issuing notices of violation and determinations of liability for automated speed enforcement violations and automated red-light-violations that allegedly do 'not" comply with' State' and. local requirements. They seek declaratory judgment, injunctive relief and, in an unjust enrichment claim, seek restitution of fines paid. The City filed a motion to dismiss, which the Circuit Court granted in part and denied in part on February 19, 2016. The Circuit Court also certified a class action on November 2, 2016. The City filed a petition for leave to appeal to the Illinois Appellate Court from that ruling. The City will continue to defend this case vigorously.

Retiree Healthcare Litigation. See the description of Underwood v. City of Chicago'An "RETIREMENT FUNDS -^Payment-for Other Post-Employment Benefits-HcalthPlan Lawsuit" above-.-

Stop and Frisk Litigation. On April-20; 2015, 32-individually named 'plaintiffs -filed'a putative class action in the federal-district court, alleging'that they were stopped'arid frisked by-Chicago police officers 'without--probable causeand because of their race- or- national' origin.¹¹ The 'complaint seeks injunctive arid'declaratory relief for "the class' m'embers and darhages and punitive damage's -for'-plaintiffs. The federal district court denied the City's motion to dismiss the claims. The City will continue to defend this matter vigorously.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The basic financial statements .of the,City as of and for trie year ended December. 31, -2015, included in APPENDIX C to .this .Official Statement, have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing herein at APPENDIX >C; that was modified,to include a reference to other auditors and to include an emphasis of a matter paragraph related to the adoption of Governmental, Accounting .Standards Board (GASB) Statement-No.. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting fqtsPensipns^ - art amendment.of.GASB. Statement /Yp. ; 2J ... ; ;.

' \' _. **RATINGS**

The Bonds are rated "BBB+" (stable outlook)..by S&P, "BBB-" (stable outlook) by Fitch, and

"BBB+" (stable outlook) by Kroll. ' ' ' ' ^ '. .i:,

A rating reflects only the view of the rating agency giving such rating. A rating is not a recommendation'toi buy, self of hold securities, and may be subject td revision or withdrawal at any time. An explanation of the significance of such rating may be obtained from such organization. There is ho assurance that any rating will continue for any,given period of time or that any rating will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely if, in 'the'judgment'of the'rating agency, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of a rating may have adverse consequences for the City or an adverse effect on the price at which the Bonds may be resold.

92

FINANCIAL ADVISORS AND INDEPENDENT REGISTERED MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

The City has retained PFM Financial Advisors LLC and Public Alternative Advisors, LLC to act as co-financial advisors (the "Co-Financial Advisors") in connection with the offering of the Bonds. The Co-Financial Advisors have provided advice on the plan of financing and structure of the Bonds and have reviewed certain legal documents, including this Official Statement, with respect to financial matters. The City has retained Mohanty Gargiulo LLC to act as Pricing Advisor (the "Pricing Advisor") and the Pricing Advisor has provided advice to the City in connection with pricing of the Bonds. The Co-Financial Advisors and the Pricing Advisor are not obligated to undertake, and have not undertaken to make, an independent verification of, or to assume responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or fairness of the information contained in this Official Statement. Each of the Co-Financial Advisors and Pricing Advisor is a "municipal advisor" as defined in Rule 15Bal-l of the Commission.

The City has retained Martin J. Luby LLC as its independent registered municipal advisor (the "IRMA") pursuant to Rule 15Bal-l-(d)(3)(vi) of the Commission to evaluate financing proposals and recommendations in connection with the City?s various bond issuance programs and other financing ideas being considered by the City; however, the IRMA will not advise on the investment of City funds held by the Office of the City Treasurer. The IRMA's compensation is not dependent on the offering of the Bonds.

CERTAIN VERIFICATIONS

Robert Thomas, CPA, LLC, Shawnee Mission, Kansas (the "Verifier"), upon delivery of the Bonds, will deliver to the City, Co-Bond Counsel and the Underwriters a report stating that the firm, at the request of the City and the Underwriters, has reviewed the mathematical accuracy of certain computations based on certain assumptions relating to

(i) the sufficiency of the principal and interest received from the investment in Refunded Bonds Defeasance Obligations, together with any initial cash deposit, to meet the timely payment of the applicable principal or redemption price of and interest on the Refunded Bonds and the Interest Paid Bonds, as described under "PLAN OF FINANCING" and (ii) the yields on the Bonds and on the Refunded Bonds Defeasance Obligations.

The Verifier will express no opinion on the attainability of any assumptions or the tax-exempt status of the Bonds. The computations verified by the Verifier are intended in part to support conclusions of the City and Co-Bond Counsel concerning the federal income tax status of the Bonds.

UNDERWRITING

Goldman, Sachs & Co., as representative on behalf of itselfand the other underwriters listed on the cover of this Official Statement (the -Underwriters"); has agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the Series 2017A Bonds at a price equal-to \$858,622,501.22 (which represents the aggregate principal'amount of the 2017A Bonds less an Underwriters' discount of \$5,621,277.78 and less original issue discount of \$21,756,221.00), and to' purchase¹ the Series'2017B Bonds at a price equal to \$272,519;941.71 (which represents the aggregate principal amount of the Series 2017B Bonds as an Underwriters' discount of \$1,740,058.29).

-The obligation of the Underwriters- to • accept delivery of the Bonds is subject to various conditions set forth in a Bond Purchase Agreement dated January 19, 2017, between the Underwriters and the City. The Underwriters are obligated to purchase'all of the Bonds if any of the Bonds are purchased.

The Underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage, and other financial and non-financial activities and services. Certain of the Underwriters and their respective affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, a variety of these services to the City

93

and to persons and entities with relationships with the City, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

Siebert Cisneros Shank & Co., L.L.C. (formerly known as Sieberl Brandford Shank & Co., L.L.C.) has entered into a separate agreement with Muriel Siebert & Co. for the retail distribution of certain securities offerings, at the original issue prices. Pursuant to this distribution agreement, if applicable to the Bonds, Muriel Siebert & Co. will purchase Bonds at the original issue price less the selling concession with respect to any Bonds that such entity sells. Siebert Cisneros Shank & Co., L.L.C. will share a portion of its underwriting compensation with Muriel Siebert & Co.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the Underwriters and their respective affiliates, officers, directors, andiemployees may purchase, sell, or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps, and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and suclvinvestment arid trading'activities rhay-irivblve or relate to assets, 'securities, and/or instruments' of the City (directly; as collateral securing other obligations, or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with the City! Trie¹ Underwriters'**■** and their respective affiliates' may'also communicate' independent' investment recommendations,¹ market color or trading ideas, 'and/or publish ore'xpress independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments;; and may at,any. time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities, and instruments.

Federal, Income. Tax,

;^J ' Federal tax law contains ,a'number of requirements and restrictions which apply to the Series 20,} 7A Bonds,, mcluding^ jnY^stment;rpsfrictipns,. p'etipdjc [payments,.of arbitrage profits tp.-}the United States, requirements regarding thei pfpper use of bond proceeds"ancl the' facilities'.'financed'.with them, and certain other matters. The City has covenanted to comply with all requirements that must be satisfied.in order for, the, interest, on, the.:Series..2017A • Bonds.to .be.-excludable, from, gross income for federal income tax purposes., Fajlure to ,cpmpIy,.with;certain,of such .covenants could cause interest on the Series 2017A Bonds, to., be'cpnie^jncjudable. in grossrincome, for. federal income tax. purposes retroactively to the date of issuance of the Series 2017A Bonds.

. '<fl<;.•∎ fl '∎∎>. A'i'f |

Subject to the accuracy of certain representations and the City's continuing compliance with the aboye.-referenc.edcovenants, under present law,, in the respective-opinions of CovBond Counsel; interest on the»Seri.es_J2Q};7A;Bpnds.,is. excludable.from the,gross.in^ tax

purposes, arid thus, is exempt frpm present Federal income, taxes based upon gross income. Interest on the Series, 201.7fA Bonds is not included: as.an; item o.f-itaxj.preference. in. computing the -federal, alternative minimum.tax for- individuals-and corporations; ibut is taken; into account in, computing anradjustment used in determining the; federal alternative minimum, tax for certain .corporations, as described in the following paragraph.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as, amended (the "Code"),, includes provisions for an alternative minimum tax.'(";4MT") for corporations in addition to the corporate regular tax' incertain cases; The AMT, if any, depends upon the corporation's alternative minimum taxable income ("AMTf), which is the corporation's taxable income with certain adjustments. One of the adjustment items used in computing the AMTI of a corporation (excluding S Corporations, Regulated Investment Companies, Real Estate Investment Trusts, REMICs and FASITs) is an amount equal to 75% of the excess; of such corporation's-"adjusted currentiearnings" over an amount equal to its AMTI-(before such adjustment-item and the alternative tax net operating loss deduction). "Adjusted current earnings" includes all tax exempt interest, including interest on the Series 2017A Bonds.

94

Interest on the Series 2017B Bonds is includable in the gross income of their owners for federal income tax purposes and thus is not exempt from present federal income taxes based upon gross income.

Ownership of the Series 2017A Bonds may result in collateral federal income tax consequences to certain taxpayers, including, without limitation, financial institutions, certain insurance companies, certain corporations (including S corporations and foreign corporations operating branches in the United States), individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals otherwise eligible for the earned income tax credit, and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred (or continued) indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations. Co-Bond Counsel will express no opinion with respect to any such collateral consequences with respect to the Series 2017A Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Series 2017A Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors regarding the collateral consequences arising with respect to the Series 2017A Bonds described in this paragraph.

Discount and Premium

If a Bond is purchased at any time for a price that is less than the Bond's stated redemption price at maturity, the purchaser will be treated as having purchased a Bond with market discount subject to the market discount rules of the Code (unless a statutory de minimis rule applies). Accrued market discount is treated as taxable ordinary income and is recognized when a Bond is disposed of (to the extent such accrued discount does not exceed gain realized) or, at the purchaser's election, as it accrues. The applicability of the market discount rules may adversely affect the liquidity or secondary market price of such Bond. Purchasers should consult their own tax advisors regarding the potential implications of market discount with respect to the Bonds.

An investor may purchase a Bond for a price in excess of its stated principal amount at maturity. (Such Bond is referred to as a "Premium Bond'¹). Such excess is characterized ifor federal income tax purposes as "bond premium" and must be amortized by an investor on a constant yield'basis over the remaining term of the' Premium Bond in a manner that takes into account potential call dates and call prices. An investor cannot deduct amortized bond premium" relating to a Premium Bond. The amortized bond premium is treated as a reduction in the amount of tax-exempt interest received. As bond premium is amortized, it reduces the investor's basis in the Bond. Investors who purchase a Premium Bond's basis for purposes of computing gain or loss in connection with the sale, exchange, redemption or early retirement of such Premium Bond.

Owners of Bonds who dispose of Bonds prior to their stated maturity (whether by sale, redemption or otherwise), purchase Bonds in the initial public offering, but at a price different from their issue price, or purchase Bonds 'subsequent to the initial public offering should consult their own tax advisors as to the federal, state or local tax consequences of such dispositions or purchases.

State and Local Taxes

Interest on the Bonds is not exempt from present Illinois income taxes. Ownership of the Bonds may result in other state and local tax consequences.to.certain taxpayers. Co-Bond Counsel will express no opinion with respect to any such state and local tax consequences with respect to the Bonds. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult with their own tax advisors regarding any state and local tax consequences arising with respect to the Bonds.

Basis of Bond Counsel Opinions

The respective opinions of Co-Bond Counsel to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds and the descriptions of the tax law contained in this Official Statement are based upon statutes,

95

judicial decisions, regulations, rulings and other official interpretations of law in existence on the date the Bonds arc issued. There can be no assurance that such law or those interpretations will not be changed or that new provisions of law will not be enacted or promulgated at any time while the Bonds are outstanding in a manner that would adversely affect the market value or liquidity or the tax treatment of ownership of the Bonds. Co-Bond Counsel have not undertaken to provide advice with respect to any

such 11.4 lure chanses.

In rendering their opinions, Co-Bond Counsel will receive and rely upon certifications and representations of facts, calculations, estimates and expectations furnished by the City and others which Co-Bond Counsel will not have verified independently.

IRS Audits '

The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") conducts a program of audits of issues of tax-exempt

obligations to determine whether, in the view of the IRS, interest on such obligations is properly excluded

from the gross income of the owners of such obligations for federal income tax purposes. ¹ Whether or not

the IRS will decide to audit, the Series 2017A Bonds cannot be predicted. If the IRS begins an audit of

the-Series 20.17A Bonds, under current IRS procedures, the IRS will treat the City as the taxpayer subject to the audit and the. holders 'of the Series 2017A Bonds may not have the right to participate inithe audit proceedings; The fact that an audit, of the Series 2017A Bonds is pending could adversely affect the liquidity, or market iprice offtheSeries 2017A Bonds until the-audit is concluded ieven if the result of the audit is favorable.

Legislation

•: - From time to :time,< there are .legislative; proposals-pending^in the:.Congress of the-United States that,:if enacted; .couldialter>or amend the .federal tax;matters. referred torinithisrsection, ior.-adversely affect the market .price oriliquidity of tax-exempt bonds; of theicharacterof the; Series'2017A Bonds.-,: In some cases,,these-! proposals have, included;iprovisiohst that :had; a retroactive:>effective, date-., ; It cannot, be predicted;whether br:iin what form any-such proposal might be.introduced in iOongress ori enacted-or whether, if enacted, it would apply to bonds issued, prior, to enactment. Prospective purchasers of the Series;2017A Bonds: should*consult-theiriown tax advisers: regarding anyjpending.or proposed federal :tax legislation.: .Co-Bond Counsel will;express no opinion- regarding any pending' or proposed, federal tax

Backup Withholding

• > a-..Payments.roff.> interest on, and -proceeds;.of the (sale, .redemption-or, maturity: of, tax-exempt obligations, including;the ;Series 2017A.B.onds,;:are in most cases required to.jbe reported to. the IRS, Additionally, backup withholding may apply to any such payments to any owner of Series 2017A Bonds who fails to provide an accurate Form W-9 Payers Request for Taxpayer Identification Number, on a substantially identical form, or to any such owner who is notified by the IRS of a failure to report all interest and ^dividends'required to be! shown" on federal income-tax returns! The reporting and backup withholding requirements!do not-affect the excludability of interest on.'the Series 2017A Bonds from gross;income for federal tax-purposes.

APPROVAL OF LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance and sale of the Bonds are subject to the approving legal opinions of Co-Bond Counsel, who have been retained by, and act as. Bond Counsel to the City. Except as noted below, Co-Bond Counsel have not been retained or consulted on disclosure matters and have not undertaken to review or

verify the accuracy, coriipleteness or sufficiency of this

96

Official Statement or other offering material relating to the Bonds and assume no responsibility for the statements or information contained in or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement, except that Co-Bond Counsel have, at the request and for the benefit of the City, reviewed only those portions of the Official Statement involving the description of the Bonds, the Indenture, the security for the Bonds (excluding forecasts, projections, estimates or any other financial or economic information in connection therewith) and the description of the federal tax status of interest on the Bonds. This review was undertaken solely at the request of the City and did not include any obligation to establish or confirm factual matters set forth herein.

Certain legal matters will, be passed on for the City by (i) its Corporation Counsel, (ii) in connection with the preparation of this Official Statement, Burke, Warren, MacKay & Serritella, P.C, Chicago, Illinois, and Golden Holley James, LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Co-Disclosure Counsel to the City, and (iii) in connection with certain pension matters described in this Official Statement, Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Special Disclosure Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the Underwriters by Ice Miller LLP, Chicago, Illinois, Underwriters' Counsel.

SECONDARY MARKET DISCLOSURE

The City will enter into a Continuing Disclosure Undertaking (the "Undertaking") for the benefit of the beneficial owners of the Bonds to send certain information annually and to provide notice of certain events to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB") pursuant to the requirements of Section (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") adopted by the Commission under the Exchange Act. The MSRB has designated its Electronic Municipal Market Access system, known as EMMA, as the system to be used for continuing disclosures to investors. The information to be provided on an annual basis, the events that will be noticed oh an occurrence basis and a summary of other terms of the Undertaking, including termination, amendment and remedies, are set forth below.

A failure by the City to comply with the Undertaking will not constitute a default under the Bonds, the Indenture, or the Bond Ordinance, and beneficial owners of the Bonds are limited to the remedies described in the Undertaking. See "--Consequences of Failure of the City to Provide Information" below. A failure by the City to comply with the Undertaking must be reported in accordance with the Rule and must be considered by any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer before recommending the purchase or sale of the Bonds in the secondary market. Consequently, such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the Bonds and their market price.

The following is a brief summary of certain provisions of the Undertaking of the City and does not purport to be complete. The statements made under this caption are subject to the detailed provisions of the Undertaking, a copy of which is available upon request from the City.

Annual Financial Information Disclosure

The City covenants that it will disseminate its Annual Financial Information and its Audited Financial Statements (as described below) to the MSRB, beginning in 2017. The City is required to deliver such information so that the MSRB receives the information by the dates specified in the Undertaking.

"Annual Financial Information" means information generally consistent with that contained in (i)the financial table "General Fund" under the caption "FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-General Fund-Selected Financial Information;" (ii) the financial tables included under the caption "FINANCIAL DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-Property Taxes-EA V and Property Taxes" and "-Use of City Property Tax Levy" (iii) the financial tables included under the caption

97

"GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT" (except for the table "Short-Term Borrowings 2010-2016"); and (iv) tables 1 through 10 included in "RETIREMENT FUNDS-Payment for Pension Benefits" (said tables collectively referred to as the "Third-Party Sourced Retirement Fund Tables"). The information contained in the Third-Party Sourced Retirement Fund Tables is sourced from documents published by MEABF, PABF, FABF and LABF, and the City takes no responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of such information. If the information contained in the Third-Party Sourced Retirement Fund Tables is no longer publicly available or is not publicly available in the form, manner or time that the Annual Financial Information is required to be disseminated by the City, the City shall, as part of its Annual Financial Information for the year in which such a lack of availability arises, include a statement to that effect and to the effect that it will promptly file such information as it becomes available.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the audited basicfinancial statements of the City prepared

in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units as in effect

from time to time. " - i -

Annual Financial Information exclusive of Audited Financial Statements will be provided to the MSRB not more than 210 days after, the last day of the City's fiscal year, which currently is December 31. If Audited Financial Statements are not available when the Annual Financial Information is filed, unaudited financial statements will be included, and Audited Financial Statements will be filed within 30 days of availability to the City.'

Reportable Events Disclosure

: The City covenants that it'will disseminate in a timely manner, not in excess often business'days, to the MSRB the disclosure of the occurrence of a Reportable Event (defined below). Certain Reportable Events' are required to' be'''disclbsed'only 'to"the."extent 'that such' Reportable Event is'/material,/as materiality is interpreted under the Exchange Act. The "Reportable Event's" certain of which may not be applicable to the,Bonds,are: ____, .•.,.-,>

, (a) principal and interest payment delinquencies;

" (b) non-payment felated defaults, if material; "' .-

- c) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- d) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; 'Xe)!

substitution of Credit or H

- f) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final
- f) determinations of taxability, notices of proposed issue (IRS Form 570T-TEB) or other material notices or

. '•

- f) determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the. tax status
- f) of the Bonds; '' '''
- g) modifications to right's of security holders, if material;

; ,

h) bond calls, if material, and tender offers;

(j) release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;

98

(k) rating changes;

(1) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the City (considered to have occurred in the following instances: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for the City in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the City, or if the jurisdiction of the City has been assumed by leaving the City Council and the City's officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the City);

(m) the consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the City or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the City, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; and

(n) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material.

Consequences of Failure of the City to Provide Information

The City shall give notice in a timely manner to the MSRB of any failure to provide disclosure of Annual Financial Information and Audited Financial Statements when the same are due under the Undertaking.

In the- event of a failure of the City to comply with any provision of the Undertaking, the Beneficial Owner of any Bond may seek mandamus or specific performance by court order to cause, the City to comply with its obligations under the Undertaking. The Undertaking provides that any court action must be initiated in the Circuit Court. A default under the Undertaking shall not be deemed a default under the Bonds, the Bond Ordinance, or the Indenture, and the sole remedy under the Undertaking in the event of any failure of the City to comply with the Undertaking shall be an action to compel performance.

Amendment; Waiver

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Undertaking, the City may amend the Undertaking, and any provision of the Undertaking may be. waived, if:

a) (i) the amendment or the waiver is made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of the City or type of business conducted; (ii) the Undertaking, as amended, or the provision, as waived, would have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the offering of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and (iii) the amendment or waiver does not materially impair the interests of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, as determined by a party unaffiliated with the City (such as the Trustee or Co-Bond

Counsel), or by approving vote of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds pursuant to the terms of the Indenture at the time of the amendment; or

b) the amendment or waiver is otherwise permitted by the Rule.

99

EMMA

All documents submitted to the MSRB through EMMA pursuant to the Undertaking shall be in electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB, in accordance with the Rule. All documents submitted to the MSRB through EMMA will be word-searchable PDFs, configured to permit documents to be saved, viewed, printed and electronically retransmitted.

Termination of Undertaking

The Undertaking shall.be terminated if the City shall.no http://shall.no longer have any legal liability for any obligation on or relating to repayment of the Bonds under the Bond Ordinance or the Indenture.

Additional Information

; Nothing in the Undertaking, will be deemed.to ^prevent the City from disseminating any. other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in the.Undertaking or .any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Financial Information or Audited Financial Statements or notice of occurrence of a Reportable Event, in addition to that which is required by the Undertaking. If the City chooses to include any information in any Annual Financial Information or Audited Financial Statements or notice of a Reportable Event in addition to that which is specifically required by the Undertaking, theL-City,iShall have no obligation; under,;the Undertaking to update such information or include it in any future Annual Financial Information or Audited Financial Statements or notice of occurrence of a Reportable Event.

Corrective Action Related to Certain Bond Disclosure Requirements

:>:' \blacksquare < .'_;..'!< The'-Gity failed to[;] comply'with- certain continuing disclosure'undertakings'previously, entered into by[;] it pursuant to the Rule as described below. Such ndn-cbmpliance may[;]or may not be material. •*•'

•Annual'financial• information and audited financial statements were not filed'by the City in 2011 for the-Fiscal Year ended December-3-1; 2010, and in 2012 for the Fiscal Year ended December '31;'20Tl, with" respect to the City's Chicago O'Hare International -Airport' General Airport Third' LierY Revenuearid Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A through Scries 2010F. Annual financial information' and audited financial statements were not filed by the City in 2011 for the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2010, and in 2012 for the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2011, with respeci'to the City's Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue and Revenue Refunding¹ Bonds, Series 2blM trWough Series 2010DV Oh October 12,'2016, the City filed'with EMMA such annual financial information and audited financial statements' with respect to such borids: '

"~;;7Annual' fihahciaf infpfmafion and audited financial statements were hot filed by the" City in 2012 for the Fiscal Year endedDecember312011 with'respect "to the City's Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Third Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 201'] A. through Series 201 IC. Annual financial^'information'and audited financial statements were not filed by the City in 2012 for the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2011 with respect to the City's Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A ' and Series '201 IB. On

October 12,2016, the City filed with EMMA such annual financial information and audited financial statements with respect to such bonds.

With respect to the City's Collateralized Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A (the "Series 2006A Bonds"), S&P lowered its rating on the Series 2006A Bonds from "AA+" to "AA" and placed the Series 2006A Bonds on "Credit Watch with negative implications" effective

100

December 16,2011. The City did not cause the trustee as dissemination agent to file a notice of a reportable event with EMMA at that time. Subsequently, S&P upgraded the rating on the Series 2006A Bonds from "AA" to "AA+" effective March 12, 2012. On March 18, 2012, S&P removed the "Credit Watch with negative implications" characterization from the Series 2006A Bonds. The City caused the trustee, as dissemination agent for the Scries 2006A Bonds to file a notice of a reportable event with EMMA on March 26, 2012 disclosing the downgrade and subsequent upgrade of the Series 2006A Bonds by S&P.

With respect to the City's Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Third Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, American Airlines is an "obligated person" with respect to such bonds. On November 29, 2011, AMR Corporation (the parent company of American Airlines and American Eagle) and certain of its United States-based subsidiaries (including American Airlines and American Eagle) filed voluntary petitions for Chapter 11 reorganization in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. The City filed a notice with EMMA with respect to this event on March 30, 2012 (not within the ten business-day deadline imposed by the Rule). On December 9, 2013, American Airlines merged with US Airways. The City filed a notice with EMMA with respect to this event on August 25, 2014.

With respect to the City's Outstanding Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds, the City's pledge of Additional City Revenues to the payment of such bonds (in addition to the pledge of Motor Fuel Tax Revenues) became effective as of March 19, 2013. The City filed a notice with EMMA describing the pledge of this additional source of revenue on May 16, 2013.

With respect to the City's outstanding O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, Simply Wheelz, LLC d/b/a Advantage Rent A Car ("Advantage") is an "obligated person" with respect to such bonds. Advantage filed a voluntary bankruptcy petition in the Southern District of Mississippi on November 5, 2013. The City filed a notice with EMMA with respect to this event on December 5, 2013.

The rating agencies took certain rating actions with respect to the ratings of Ambac Assurance Corporation and Financial Security Assurance Inc. (collectively, the "Bond Insurers"). The Bond Insurers provided municipal bond insurance policies relating to certain series of the City's Chicago Midway Airport revenue bonds. Event notices with respect to such rating changes were not filed with EMMA. The City made such filings on May 22, 2014.

Ambac provided a municipal bond insurance policy relating to the City's Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A and Assured Guaranty Corp. provided municipal bond insurance policies relating to the City's Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. Event notices with respect to the rating changes taken by the rating agencies with respect to these insurers were not filed. The City made filings with EMMA on June 3, 2014 and August 22, 2014 with respect to these rating changes.

The City failed to file material event notices with respect to certain rating changes affecting the City's bonds subject to the Rule and for which the City is an "obligated person" under the Rule (collectively, the "Prior Bonds") or affecting bond insurance companies which insured any Prior Bonds (collectively the "Prior Bond Insures"). The City

filed with EMMA on August 29, 2014 a notice with respect to all rating changes known to the City affecting the Prior Bonds occurring over the last ten years. The City filed with EMMA on August 27, 2014 a notice with respect to all rating changes, known to the City and affecting the Prior Bond Insurers, occurring during the last seven years.

On January 15, 2016, S&P upgraded the rating of the City's Midway Second Lien Bonds from A-to A. On May 17, 2016, the City filed with EMMA an event notice relating to this upgrade.

101

MISCELLANEOUS

The summaries or descriptions contained herein of provisions of the Indenture and the Undertaking and all references to other materials not purporting to be quoted in full, are qualified in their entirety by reference to the complete provisions of the documents and other materials summarized or described. Copies of these documents may be obtained from the office of t he Chief Financial Officer.

The Bonds are authorized and are being issued pursuant to the City Council's approval under the powers of the City as a home rule unit under Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

CITY OF CHICAGO

By: /s/ Carole L. Brown •Carole L: Brown Chief Financial Officer 102

APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE

[This Page Intentionally Ueft B l Ank] SUMMARY OF THE INDENTURE

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Indenture to which reference is made for a complete statement of the provisions and contents thereof. Copies of the Indenture are available for review prior to the sale and delivery of the Bonds at the office of the City's Chief Financial Officer and thereafter at the office of the Trustee.

Glossary of Terms

The following are definitions of certain terms used in the Indenture and this Official Statement. This glossary is provided for the convenience of the reader and does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. All references herein to terms defined in the Indenture are qualified in their entirety by the definitions set forth in the Indenture.

"AuthorizedDenomination" means \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof.

"Authorized Officer" means the Chief Financial Officer or the City Comptroller.

"Beneficial Owner" means the owner of a beneficial interest in the Bonds registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC (or a successor securities depository or nominee for either of them).

"Bond Counser means the firm of Schiff Hardin LLP, Chicago, Illinois, and the firm of Sanchez Daniels & Hoffman, Chicago, Illinois, or any other firm or firms of nationally recognized bond counsel designated by the:Corporation Counsel of the City.

"Bond Fund' means the City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017AB Bond Fund established and described in the Indenture.

"Bondholder," "holder," or "owner of the Bonds" means the Registered Owner or Beneficial Owner of any Bond, as the case may be.

"Bond Ordinance" means the ordinance duly adopted by the City Council of the City on October 5, 2016 authorizing the issuance of the Bonds.

"Bond Register" means the registration books of the City kept by the Trustee to evidence the registration and transfer of Bonds.

"Bond year"-means a 12-month period commencing on January 2 of each calendar year and ending on January 1 of the next succeeding calendar year.

"Bonds" means the Series 2017A Bonds and the Series 2017B Bonds.

"Business Day" means any day other than (i) a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) a day on which banking institutions located in the city where the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee is located are authorized or required by law or executive order to close, and (iii) a day on which The New York Stock Exchange, Inc. is closed.

"Certificate" means an instrument of the City in writing signed by an Authorized Officer. Any such instrument in writing and supporting opinions or representations, if any, may, but need not, be combined in a single instrument with any other instrument, opinion or representation, and the two or more so combined shall be read and construed so as to form a single instrument. Any such instrument may be

A-l

based, insofar as it relates to legal, accounting or engineering matters, upon the opinion or representation of counsel, accountants, or engineers, respectively, unless the officer signing such instrument knows that the opinion or representation with respect to the matters upon which such instrument may be based, as aforesaid, is erroneous. The same Authorized Officer, or the same counsel or accountant or other persons, as the case may be, need not certify to all of the matters required to be certified under any provision of the Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture, but different officers, counsel, accountants or other persons may certify to different matters, respectively.

"Chief Financial Officer" means the Chief Financial Officer appointed by the Mayor, or the City Comptroller of the City at any time a vacancy exists in the office of the Chief Financial Officer.

"City means the City of Chicago, a municipal corporation and home rule unit of local government, organized and existing under the Constitution and laws of the State. '

"City Clerk" meansthe^rduly:qualified and acting City Clerk of the City or any Deputy City Clerk or other person that may lawfully take a specific action or perform a specific duty prescribed for the City Clerk pursuant to the'Bond Ordinance.

- "City Comptroller" means the City Comptroller of the City. >

"City CounciV means the City Council of the City.

; "Code"-means- the United States Internal'Revenue Code of 1986^ as-amended.; References to the Code and to Sections of the Code shall include relevant'final, temporary or proposed regulations thereunder as in effect from time to time and as applicable to obligations issued on the Date of Issuance.

"Contract of Purchase" means the bond purchase agreement(s) with respect to the sale 'of the Bonds to, or at the direction of, the Underwriters.

"Date of Issuance" means the date of issuance and delivery of the Bonds to the initial purchasers thereof.

■ :-.,

"Defeasance Obligations" means: (1) direct obligations of the United States of America, (2) obligations, ;of agencies; of jthe,United States of America,, the .timely,-payment, of,principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the United States of America, (3.) obligations of the following government-sponsored agencies that are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government: Federal Home JLoan Mortgage Corp. :(FHLMC) debt obligations,- Farm Credit System (formerly: Federal Land Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks,-:and,Banks-. for jCooperatives) debt

obiigations^ Federal Home Loan Banks (FHL Banks) debt obligations, Fannie Mae debt obligations, Financing Corp. (FICO) debt obligations, Resolution.rFunding;.Corp. (REF.GORP;).;debt' obligations; and.;U.S., Agency for International Development (U.S. A.I.D.) Guaranteed notes, (4) pre-refunded municipal obligations defined as;follows: ;a'ny bonds.'or other obligations of any'state; of the United States of America, or of any agency, instrumentality or local'governmental unit of any such state which are not callable at the,option of the obligor prior to maturity or as*to which irrevocable instructions have been .given-byi the obligor to call on the date specified in the notice, or (5) instruments evidencing an ownership interest in obligations described in the preceding clauses (1), (2), and (3).

"Deliver)' Office" shall mean the followingoffices of the Trustee:' "

A-2

For Notice Purposes: Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association 111 W. Washington Street;Suitc# 1860 Chicago, Illinois 60602 Attn: Daryl Pomykala, Vice President/Senior Account Executive

For Presentation of Bonds for payment or transfers: Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association One South Main Street, Suite# 1200 Salt Lake City, Utah 84133 Attn: Corporate Trust Services

"Designated Corporate Trust Office" means the corporate trust office of the Trustee located at the address of the Trustee set forth in the definition of "Delivery Office" in the Indenture, as such address may be changed from time to time by the Trustee.

"DTC means The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, or its nominee, and its successors and assigns, or any other depository performing similar functions.

"Federal Obligation" means any direct obligation of, or any obligation the full and timely payment of principal of and interest on which is guaranteed by, the United States of America.

"Fitch" means Fitch Ratings Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, its successors and assigns, and, if such corporation shall be dissolved or liquidated, or shall no longer perform the functions of a securities rating agency, "Fitch" shall be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency designated by the City by notice to the Trustee.

"Indenture"" means the Trust Indenture dated as of February 1, 2017, between the City and the Trustee with respect to the Series 2017A Bonds and the Series 2017B Bonds.

"Interest Paid Bonds" means those certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City as described in APPENDIX F of this Official Statement.

"Interest Payment Date" means each January I and July 1, commencing July 1,2017.

"Kroir means Kroll Bond Rating Agency, its successors and assigns, and, if Kroll shall be dissolved or liquidated or shall no longer perform the functions of a securities rating agency, "Kroll" shall be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency designated by the City by notice to the Trustee. "Maturity Date" means, for the Bonds of a Series and subseries of each specified maturity, the applicable maturity date set forth on the inside front cover.

2

"Mayor" means the Mayor of the City.

 \cup \cup

"Municipal Code" means the Municipal Code of Chicago, as from time to time amended.

"Opinion of Bond CounseF' means a written opinion of Bond Counsel in form and substance acceptable to the City.

A-3

"Outstanding" means, when used with reference to any Bonds of any Series, all of such obligations issued under the Indenture that are unpaid, provided that such term does not include:

a) Bonds of such Scries canceled at or prior to such date or delivered to or acquired by the Trustee or Paying Agent at or prior to such date for cancellation;

b) matured or redeemed Bonds of such Series which have not been presented for payment in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture and for the payment of which the City has deposited funds with the Trustee or the Paying Agent;

c) Bonds of such Series for which the City has provided for payment by depositing in an

c) irrevocable trust or escrow, cash or Defeasance Obligations, in each case, the maturing principal

c) of and interest on which will be sufficient to pay at maturity, or if called for redemption on the

c) applicable.redemption date, the principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on such

c) Bonds;,

... (d) Bonds of such Series imlieu of or. in exchange or substitution for which other Bonds of such Series shall have, been authenticated and .delivered pursuant to the. Indenture;.and

;; (e)'. Bonds.of such, Series; owned by-the City and tendered.to the Trustee for cancellation.

"Paying Agent" means the Trustee and any Paying Agent designated by the Trustee, and any

successor thereto.. :: . , ■ !-..-., .-; -:,;: -rr. "•■•..'>■

"PermittedJnvestments": means any of the following obligations, or securities permitted under the

laws of the State and the Municipal ;Cpde: :. ; \blacksquare ./;, ;;, ;, ;, ;, ;, ;, :. :< \blacksquare >

■•>., . ..; (a). interest-bearing general «obligations[:] of the. United; States pf-America, the State or the

· 、 ·

City;

.; . (b).. United States treasury, bills .and.other non-interest bearing general , obligations of the United States of America when offered for saje, in the. open, marketjat.a price; belowythe^aceiyalue of same, so as to afford the City a return on such investment in lieu of interest;

ī

..-. , 🔳

■ ■ >,;, • ,

(c) short-term discount obligations of the United States Government or United States . : . Government agencies; ■

U 1

'∎,,∎.....,- =.... ..>.,

. -j iXd), certificates of deposit of national banks or ;banks, lpcat^

 $\cup \cup$

either (i) fully collateralized at least 110 percent by marketable United States Government securities marked to market at least monthly or (ii) secured by a corporate surety bond issued by : an insurance company licensed to. do business in the State and having, a claims-rpaying rating in the top rating category as rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization'and maintaining such rating during the term of such investment;

e) banker's acceptances of banks and commercial paper of banks whose senior obligations are rated .in,the top two short-term rating, categories by at-least two national rating agencies and maintaining such rating during the term of such investment;

f) tax-exempt securities exempt from federal arbitrage provisions applicable, to investments of proceeds of the City's tax-exempt debt obligations; and

A-4

(g) domestic money market mutual funds regulated by and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including any such fund for which the Trustee or any of its affiliates provides any service including any service for which a fee may be paid.

"Principal and Interest Account" means the "Series 2017AB Principal and Interest Account" established within the Bond Fund for such Series as described below under "-Funds and Accounts-Bond Fund."

"Principal and Interest Account Requirement" means an amount equal to the total principal installment and interest due on the Bonds as of each January 1 and July 1 (including any mandatory redemption of the Series 2017A Bonds), which amount shall be deposited in the Principal and Interest Account not later than the Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date.

"Qualified Collateral" means:

a) Federal Obligations;

b) direct and general obligations of any state of the United States of America or any political subdivision of the State which are rated not less than "AA" or "Aa2" or their equivalents by any nationally recognized securities rating agency; and

c) public housing bonds issued by public housing authorities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions under an annual contributions contract or contracts with the United States of America, or project notes issued by public housing authorities, or project notes issued by local public agencies, in each case fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the United States of America.

"Rating Agency" means any of Fitch, S&P and Kroll, or another rating agency that has a credit rating assigned to the Bonds at the request of the City.

"Record Date" means each June 15 and December 15 (whether or not a Business Day).

"Redemption Price" means (i) in the case of an optional redemption of Series 2017A Bonds or a mandatory redemption of Bonds, 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any, on the Bonds to be redeemed to the date of redemption and (ii) in the case of optional redemption of the Series 2017B Bonds, the Make-Whole Redemption Price.

"Refunded Bonds" means those certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the City as described in APPENDIX F of this Official Statement

"Registered Owner" or "Owner" means the person or persons in whose name or names a Bond shall be registered in the Bond Register.

"Securities Depository" means DTC and any other securities depository registered as a clearing agency with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and appointed as the securities depository for the Bonds.

"S&P" means S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, its successors and assigns, and, if S&P shall be dissolved or liquidated or shall no longer perform the

A-5

functions of a securities rating agency, "S&P" shall be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency designated by the City by notice to the Trustee.

"Series" means either the Series 2017A Bonds or the Series 201713 Bonds, as applicable.

"Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account" means the account of that name established within the Bond Fund and described below under "-Funds and Accounts-Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account."

"State" means the State of Illinois.

. ..

1

"Supplemental Indenture" means any indenture.modifying, altering, amending, supplementing or confirming the Indenture duly entered into in accordance with the terms thereof.

"Tax Agreement" means the Tax Exemption Certificate and Agreement of the City, dated the date of issuance of the Bonds. •

"Trust Estate"...means the property:conveyed to the.Trustee pursuant to.the Granting Clauses of the.Indenture.

"Trustee" means Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, a national banking association with trust powers, and. its successors and any entity resulting from or surviving any consolidation or.merger to:whichrit or.its successors may be:a:party..arid'any successor Trustee at the time serving as.successor trustee under the.Indenture.,

. ■"Undenvrite?-s" meariS'an underwriter or group, of underwriters selected*by the City.pursuant to the Bond Ordinance and set forth on the front cover of the Official Statement, ii,' ;. ■.;.,,: ■•

Source of Payment of Bonds . . .

Pursuant to the Bond Ordinance, the Bonds constitute direct and general obligations of the City for the payment; of whichithe.Gity pledges its; full .faith and credit. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS."

, ,

Funds.and Accounts	•■■	<:∎∎∎	>.• .				
Bond.F.undy vjl*.,	■			∎:;'.<	,	.i-^-,	'l'\v:<.': vi<

Pursuant to the Indenture, the City has established with the Trustee a separate trust fund designated "City.of .Chicago General Obligation Bonds, .Series 2017AB Bond Fund",. At,each such time as required under the Indenture, the City shall deposit,into the Bpnd-:Fundv.from;funds;pf the City;legally available therefor, an amount sufficient to satisfy the Principal and Interest Account Requirement. Money on deposit in-the Bond Fund shall be applied, by. the .Trustee to.pay the.principal ,of, (whether due at maturity or by mandatory redemption) and interest on the Bonds, as the .same .become due: Pending the use of moneys held in a Bond Fund, the Trustee shall invest such moneys in Permitted Investments upon the direction of an Authorized Officer or. any person, designated byi an Authorized Officer. ... Income from such investments shall be credited to the Bond Fund. The Indenture also provides for an account within the Bond Fund; designated as the "Series 2017AB Principal |and.Interest. Account" (the "Principal and Interest Account") to be used in connection with the redemption of any Bonds.

j-. • Not later than the Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date (each such date, referred to herein as the "Deposit Date"), there shall be on deposit in the Bond Fund an amount equal to the Principal

A-6

and Interest Account Requirement (such amount with respect to any Deposit Date being referred to herein as the "Deposit Requirement").

In addition to the Deposit Requirement, there shall be deposited into the Bond Fund any other moneys received by the Trustee under and pursuant to the Indenture, when accompanied by directions from the person depositing such moneys that such moneys are to be paid into the Bond Fund and to one or more accounts therein.

Upon calculation by the Trustee of each Deposit Requirement, the Trustee shall notify the City of the Deposit Requirement, along with the Deposit Date to which it relates, and shall provide the City with such supporting documentation and calculations as the City may reasonably request.

Pending the use of moneys held, in a Bond Fund, the Trustee shall invest such moneys in Permitted Investments upon the direction of an Authorized Officer or any person designated by an Authorized Officer. Income from such investments shall be retained in such Bond Fund.

Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account

Pursuant to the Indenture, the City has established with the Trustee a trust account within the Bond Fund, designated as the "Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account" with respect to the Bonds, to hold certain proceeds of sale of such Series.

• Moneys on deposit in the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account shall be withdrawn by the Trustee on the Business Day prior to each of the Interest Payment Dates occurring on and before January 2, 2020 and deposited into the Bond Fund for application to the payment of the interest due on the applicable Series of Bonds on such Interest Payment Dates.

Pending the use of moneys held in the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account, the Trustee shall invest such moneys in Permitted Investments upon the direction of an Authorized Officer or any person designated by an Authorized Officer. Income from such investments shall be retained in the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account. Any amount remaining in the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account on January 2, 2020, shall be withdrawn therefrom and deposited into the Bond Fund.

Supplemental Indentures

A Supplemental Indenture may be authorized at any time by ordinance of the City Council and shall be fully effective upon compliance with the provisions of the Indenture, in accordance with its terms and not subject to consent by the Owners of the Bonds for the following purposes: (a) to add to the covenants and agreements of the City in the Indenture other covenants and agreements to be observed by the City which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Indenture as theretofore in effect; (b) to add to the limitations and restrictions in the Indenture other limitations and restrictions to be observed by the City which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Indenture as theretofore in effect; (c) to surrender any right, power or privilege reserved to or conferred upon the City by the terms of the Indenture, but only if the surrender of such right, power or privilege is not contrary.to or inconsistent with the covenants and agreements of the City contained in the Indenture; (d) to confirm, as further assurance, the pledge under the Indenture, and the subjection of, additional properties, taxes or other collateral to any.lien, claim or pledge created or to be created by, the Indenture; (f) to insert such provisions clarifying matters or questions arising under the Indenture as are necessary or desirable and are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Indenture as are necessary or desirable and are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Indenture as are necessary or desirable and are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Indenture.

A-7

The Indenture shall not be modified or amended in any respect except as provided therein. Nothing in the Indenture shall affect or limit the right or obligation of the City to adopt, make, do, execute, acknowledge or deliver any ordinance, resolution, act or other instrument pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture or the right or obligation of the City to execute and deliver to the Trustee any instrument which is required to be delivered to the Trustee pursuant to the Indenture.

Every Supplemental Indenture delivered to the Trustee for execution shall be accompanied by an opinion of counsel stating that such Supplemental Indenture has been duly and lawfully authorized by the City Council and executed by the City in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture, is authorized or permitted by the Indenture, and will, when executed and delivered by the; Trustee,-be valid and binding upon the City and enforceable in accordance with its terms.'

The Trustee is authorized to enter into, execute and deliver a Supplemental Indenture and to make all further agreements and stipulations which may be therein contained, and the Trustee intaking'such action shall be fully protected in relying on an opinion of counsel'that such Supplemental Indenture is authorized or permitted by the provisions of the Indenture.

No Supplemental Indenture shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee without its written assent thereto.

No Supplemental Indenture shall take effect unless and until ithere; has-been; delivered'.'to.the

Trustee an Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such Supplemental Indenture does not adversely

affect¹ the'-exclusion from gross income for federal'income tax purposes'to which interest on the

Series 2017 Bonds would otherwise be entitled. •

Supplemental Indentures Requiring Bondholder Consent '

At any' time or from time to'time, a Supplemental Indenture may-be authorized by an-ordinance adopted-by the; City'Council, subject to: consent by'the owners fof the' Bonds in' (accordance' -with''' arid subject to the provisions of the Indenture, which Supplemental Indenture,' upon the filing with the Trustee of a copy of such ordinance certified by the City Clerk, upon compliance with-the provisions of the Indenture, and upon execution and.deli very of such Supplemental-Indenture by the City and'the Trustee, shall become fully effective in accordance with its terms.

Any modification or amendment of the Indenture or of the rights and obligations of the City and of the owners of the Bonds, in particular, which requires the consent of the Bondholders;; may-be made by a Supplemental Indenture, with the written consentgiven as provided in. the-Indenture:' (a) of the Owners of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time¹ such J consent is given; or (b) in case'less than all of the then Outstanding Bonds are affected' by the modification or amendment, of the Owners of a majority in 'principal amount of the then Outstanding' Bonds so affected. No such modification-or amendment shall permit 'a change in the terms of redemption or'maturity of the principal of any outstanding Bonds or of any installment of interest thereon'or a reduction in the principal amount br-the; applicable'Redemption'Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon? Without the consents, of the Owners of such Bonds, 'or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes-of Bonds the consent of the. Owners of which is'required-to'effect any such modification or amendment; or shall' change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee without its written assent thereto. A Bond shall be deemed to be affected' by a modification or amendment of the Indenture if the same'adversely affects or diminishes the rights of the Owners of such Bond. -

A-8

Default and Remedies

Each of the following events is an "Event of Default" under the Indenture:

a) payment of the principal or Redemption Price of any Bonds shall not be made when and as the same shall become due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption or otherwise;

b) payment of any installment of interest on any Bonds shall not be made when and as the same shall become due; or

c) the City shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the Indenture, or shall default in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in the Indenture or in the Bonds, which materially affects the rights of the owners of the Bonds and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of 45 days after written notice thereof by the Trustee or the owners, of not less than 25 percent in principal amount of the .Outstanding Bonds; provided, however, that in the case of any such default which can be cured

by due diligence but which cannot be cured within the 45-day period, the time to cure shall be extended for such period as may be necessary to remedy the default with all diligence.

Upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in paragraph (a) or (b) above, the Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default .(beyond the time:periods specified therein) specified'in paragraph (c) above, the Trustee may.proceed, and upon the written request of the owners of not less than 25 percent in principal amount of;the Outstanding Bonds, shall proceed, in its own name, to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the owners of the Bonds, by such of the following remedies as the Trustee, being , advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights:

(i) by.mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all

. • rights of the owners of the Bonds including the right: to require the City to receive and collect taxes adequate to carry out the covenants and agreements as to such taxes and to require the. City -i'to carry, out any other covenant or agreement with the .owners of the Bonds and to perform its duties under the Indenture;

ii) . by bringing suit upon the Bonds;

iii) by action or suit in equity, require the City to account as if it were the trustee of an . express trust for the owners of the Bonds; and/or ..

(iv) by action or suit in equity, enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in

violation of the rights of the owners of the Bonds.

In the enforcement of any rights and remedies under the Indenture, the Trustee shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment of and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time remaining, due from the City but only out of moneys pledged as security for the Bonds for principal, Redemption Price, interest onotherwise, under any provision of the Indenture or of the B.onds, and unpaid, with interest on overdue payments at the rate or rates of interest specified in the Bonds,, together with any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings under the Indenture and under such Bonds without prejudice to. any other, right or remedy of the Trustee or of the owners of the Bonds, and to recover and enforce a judgment or decree against the City for any portion of such amounts remaining unpaid, with interest, costs and expenses, and to collect from any moneys available under the Indenture for such purpose, in any manner provided by law, the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable.

A-9

Under no circumstance may the Trustee declare the principal of or interest on the Bonds to be due and payable prior to the following the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Indenture.

Resignation or Removal of the Trustee; Successors

The Trustee may at any time resign and be discharged of its duties and obligations created by the Indenture by giving not fewer than 60 days' written notice to the City and mailing notice thereof to the owners of the Bonds at their addresses shown on the registration books kept by the Trustee within 20 days after the giving of such written notice. Such resignation shall take effect upon the appointment and acceptance of appointment of a successor by the City or the Owners of Bonds as provided in the Indenture.

The Trustee may be removed at any. time by the Owners of a majority ini principal amount of the Bonds then-Outstanding..excluding any'Bonds held by orfor Hhe account of the City. by' an instrument or concurrent instruments in.-

writing sighed and duly acknowledged by such Owners or by:their attorneys duly'authorized in writing and delivered to the-City. Copies:of each such instrument shall 'be delivered by the City to the Trustee and any successor. The City may remove the-Trustee at a'ny time, except-during the existence of an Event of Default, for such cause (or upon 30 days' notice for any reason) as shall be determined* iri;the sole discretion of the City by filing with the Trustee aft: instrument signed by an Authorized'Officer and by<rnailing- notice¹ thereof to: the Owners of thei'Bbnds'aftheir addresses'shown on the;iregistration'books kept'-by the Trustee. Any-removaT-ofthe Trustee"shall'¹ take 'effect jupbn the appointment arid acceptance of appointment 'of a'successdr Trustee. ' *«•»;«•*«> '='=> w.iy-si wjV.vvh <^L

"•<'•" . Iri'CaseiJat 'any:;time;>th'e 'Trustee: shall -resign or shall -be'iremoved' or'ishall'fbecorrie 'incapable, of acting, or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent, or if a receiver, ^iquidator>or conservator of the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed, or if any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its property or-affairs<V-'su'ccessor--rriay •be'«-appbinted-'iby'-'the«Owribrs!bf a majority in prihcipal' amourit of the 'Bbrid's th'en^Outstaridihgi^excluding'any'Bohds'hbld^by^r 'for the account of the City,-by ah'instrument or concurrent instruments in writing signed by such Owners or their attorneys duly authorizediin <writing'andi delivered to-such"successorTrustee, notification thereof-being' given to the City and the predecessor Trustee. Pending such appointment, the City shall forthwith appoint-a Trustee to fill such vacancy until a successor Trustee (if any) shall be appointed by the Owners of the Bonds as authorized in the Indenture. The City shall mail notice to Owners of Bonds¹ of any such appointment within 20 days after such appointment. Any successor Trustee appointed by the City shall, immediately and without furtheract, be superseded by a Trustee appointed by the Owners' of the Borids. If in a proper case no appointment of a successor Trustee shall be'rma'de with iri'45ⁱday's'aftef the Trusteei shall have given to the City written notice of resignation or after the occurrence of any other event requiring or authorizing' such' app^iritoen't,' tffe"Trustee? or 'ahy Owner'bf th'e Bonds,'Way apply to any court of competent jurisdiction to appoint a successor. Saidcou'rt may thereupon, after such "notice'; if any, as said court may deem proper and prescribe, appoint such successor Trustee. Any Trustee appointed shall be a bank, trust company or national' banking association, in airy such case⁻ having'corporate trust powers, *'''} ' ",v_fS:* _!" doingbusiness'^andhaving a bbrpbrate trust office ih the C

³²¹ Any successor Trustee appointed under'the Indenture shall'exefcute, acknowledge and'deliver to its predecessor Trustee, and also to the City,' a written 'instrument of acceptance respecting such appointment^ 'arid'thereupon such' successor-Trustee, without any^'further act,-"deed'of conveyance; shall become fully vested with all money's; estates, properties, rights, powers, duties and obligations of such predecessor Trustee, with like effect as if originally'harried as Trustee; but the Trustee' ceasing tb act shall nevertheless, bh the request'of the City, or of the successor Trustee, execute, acknowledge and deliver such instruments of conveyance and further assurance and do such other things as may reasonably-be

A-10

required for more fully and certainly vesting and confirming in such successor Trustee all the right, title and interest of the predecessor Trustee in and to any property held by it under the Indenture, and shall pay over, assign and deliver to the successor Trustee any money or other property subject to the trusts and conditions set forth in the Indenture. Should any deed, conveyance or instrument in writing from the City be required by such successor Trustee for more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor Trustee any such estates, rights, powers and duties, any and all such deeds, conveyances and instruments in writing shall, on request, and so far as may be authorized by law, be executed, acknowledged and delivered by the City.

Defeasance

The Indenture provides that if the City will pay to the Registered Owners of the Bonds or provide for the payment

of, the principal of and interest to become due on the Bonds, then the Indenture and the Bond Ordinance will be fully discharged and satisfied with respect to the related Series of Bonds. Upon the satisfaction and discharge of the Indenture, the Trustee will, upon the request of the City, execute and deliver to the City all such instruments as may be desirable to evidence such discharge and satisfaction, and all fiduciaries will pay over or deliver to the City all funds, accounts and other moneys or securities held by them pursuant to the Indenture which arc not required for the payment or redemption of the Bonds. If payment or provision for payment is made, to or for the Registered Owners of all or a portion of the Bonds, of the principal of and interest due and to become due on any Bond at the times and in the manner stipulated therein, and there is paid or caused to be paid to the related Trustee, all sums of money due and to become due according to the provisions of the Indenture, then the estate and rights thereby granted under the Indenture and the Bond Ordinance shall cease, terminate and be void as to those Bonds or portions thereof except for purposes of registration, transfer and exchange of Bonds and any such payment from such moneys or obligations. Any Bond will be deemed to be paid when payment of the principal of such Bond, plus interest thereon to the due date thereof (whether such due date be by reason of maturity or upon redemption as provided in the Indenture or otherwise), either (a) will have been made or caused to have been made in accordance with the terms thereof, or (b) will have been provided for by irrevocably depositing with the Trustee, in trust and exclusively for such payment, (1) cash sufficient to make such payment or (2) Defeasance Obligations, or (3) a combination of cash and Defeasance Obligations, such amounts so deposited being available or maturing as to principal and interest in such amounts and at such times, without consideration of any reinvestment thereof, as will insure the availability of sufficient moneys to make such payment (as confirmed by a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants). If the City pays and discharges a portion of the Bonds as aforesaid, such portion shall cease to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security under the Indenture and the Bond Ordinance. The liability of the City with respect to such Bonds will continue, but the Registered Owners thereof shall thereafter be entitled to payment (to the exclusion of all other Bondholders) only out of the cash and Defeasance Obligations deposited with the Trustee under the Indenture.

No deposit pursuant to the paragraph above shall be made or accepted with respect to the Series 2017A Bonds and no use made of any such deposit unless the Trustee shall have received an Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such deposit and use would not cause any of such Bonds to be treated as "arbitrage bonds" within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code or any successor provision thereto.

A defeasance deposit of Defeasance Obligations may be subject to a subsequent sale of such Defeasance Obligations and reinvestment of all or a portion of the proceeds of that sale in Defeasance Obligations which, together with money to remain so held in trust, shall be sufficient (as confirmed by a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants) to provide for payment of principal of and interest on any of the defeased Bonds. Amounts held by the Trustee in excess of the amounts needed so to provide for payment of the defeased Bonds may be subject to withdrawal by the City.

A-11

IThis Page Intentionally Left Blank]¹

APPENDIX B ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Set forth below is certain economic and demographic information regarding the City. Sources of information are set forth in footnotes at the end of this Appendix. With respect to non-City sources, the City considers these sources to be reliable but has made no independent verification of the information provided and does not warrant its accuracy.

Economy

The Chicago metropolitan area has a population of 9.5 million people, with over 4.6 million employees.^{1/2}

Chicago's large and diverse economy contributed to a gross regional product of more than \$640 billion in 2015.³

Chicago's transportation and distribution network offers access to air, rail, and water, with two ports capable of handling ocean-going ships and barges, and an airport system that moved over 1.7 million tons of freight, mail, and goods in 2015.⁴ The City's airports are hubs for three of the four largest airlines in the U.S.⁵ Chicago is the only region served by six of seven largest freight railroads.⁶

The Chicago metropolitan area's largest industry sectors by employment include trade, transportation and utilities, professional and business services, education and health services, government, leisure and hospitality and manufacturing'.⁷ The City benefits from a concentration of talent in legal, engineering, and financial services, and from a growing population in the City center.⁸ A record 52.75 million tourists visited Chicago in 2015.⁹

Population

Chicago is home to over 2.7 million people that live in more than one million households.¹⁰ The City's population increased nearly 1.0 percent since the 2010 Census.¹¹

The population of the United States, the State of Illinois, Cook County and the City for the census years from 1980 to 2010 and the estimate for 2015 is set forth below.

Population ¹²1980-.2015

	Year	United States	State of Illinois	Cook County Chicago
1980	226,545,80	11,42	7,409 5,253,6553	,005,072
1990	248,709,8	73 11,43	0,602 5,105,0672	,783,726
2000	281,421,90	06 12,41	9,293 5,376,7412	,896,016
2010	308,745,53	38 12,83	0,632 5,194,6752	,695,598
2015 Estimate	e 321,418,8	12,85	9,995 5,238,	2162,720,546

35.6 percent of Chicago's residents (age 25 or older) have bachelor's degrees, which-is higher than the national average of 29.8 percent.¹³

B-1

Per Capita Income and Wages

The per capita personal income (estimated annual earnings) for the United States, the State of Illinois, Cook County and the Chicago MSA is set forth below for the years 2006 through 2015.

Per Capita Income¹⁴2006-2015

Year

2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 '2012 2013 2014 2015 <u>United States</u> \$38,144 39,821 41,082 39,376 40,277 42,453 44',2'67' 44,462 46,414 48,112 \$43,428 45,763 46,488 43,264 43,803 45,807 ' 48,281 49,057 51,597 ' 53,886 <u>State of Illinois Chicago MSA</u> \$40,124¹ 42,265 43,358 40,994 ""41,699 43,718[:] 45,638 46,610 48,508 50,295 <u>Cook County</u> \$43,642 46,662 '47,176 43,289 43,664 45,332 47,872 •49,141 52,380 541714 Note: In 2016 the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis revised state- and local-level historical personal 'income data

for the .period since 1998.¹⁶-¹⁷ The figures presented here-reflect'the'revised data and=thus are not consistent with the

City's past Official Statements.

Chicago's 2015 median household income is \$48,522, compared to \$57,574 in Illinois.and \$56,516 in the U.S., and Chicago ranks 29th among other metropolitan areas in the cost of living.^{18/19}

., ,

.ii; -

Employment

, .: Total employment for, the State; of Illinois, the; Chi.cago; MSA,: Cook, Co.unty; and; the .City for the years 2006 through 2015 (and preliminary partial year. 2016 employment data) is set forth.below.

Employment (inthousands) 2006 - September 2016 Chicago MSA²¹ Cook County²² - Chicago²³ Year State of Illinois²" '2006^', 6,110... 4,639':: \. .-2,48,1. .1,242 2007 6.344 ~ 4,'659 '2,483..1,245 • 4,ft83 2008. $6,Q7_r3 : : .$.. 2,38.6 1,200 .2009 5;86"34,287 2,28.1, 1,14? 2010 5,947 4,357""2,348 '1,202 , ..., 4,408' r : ,2,378,,-:i . ., 1,2-17.,.. .5,970,, ,., .;.2011 5,9964,4552,409. 1,233. 2012 2013 5,9994,4722,4161,236 6,0944,5612,4691,264 2014 2015 6.1424.6172.4951.277 2015 2016⁽¹⁾ 6,205 4,679 2,521 1,291

(1) Preliminary September 2016 data.

B-2

The annual unemployment rates (percent of population, not seasonally adjusted) for the United States, the State of Illinois, Cook County, the Chicago MSA and the City is set forth below for the years 2005 through 2015.

w24 ANNUAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATES 2005-2015

Year 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 United States 5.1% 4.6 4.6 5.8 9.3 9.6 8.9 8.1 7.4 6.2 5.3 State of Illinois 5.7% 4.5 5.0 6.3 10.2 10.4 9.7 9.0 9.1 7.1 5.9 Chicago MSA 5.9% 4.6 4.9 6.1 10.2 10.6 9.9 9.1 9.0 7.0 5.8 Cook County 6.4% 4.9 5.3 6.4 10.5 10.9 10.4 9.6 9.6 7.4 6.1 Chicago 7.1% 5.4 5.8 7.0 11.1 11.2 10.8 10.0 10.0 7.7

The percentage of total (nonfarm) employment by sector for the Chicago MSA, State of Illinois and the United States for September 2016 is shown in the following table.

	Chicago				
	United Metropolitan				
	Sector	States ²⁵	Illinois ²⁶ Division ²⁷		
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	18.9%	20.1% 19.8%	0		
Education and Health Services	15.7	15.2 15.5			
Government	15-4	13.9 11.5			
Professional and Business Services	14.0	15.7 18.9			
Leisure and Hospitality	'0.8	9.9 10.2			
Manufacturing	8.5	9.4 7.5			
Financial Activities	5.8	6.2 6.7			
Construction	4_6	3.5 3.6			
Other Services	3.9	4.3 4.4			
Information	1-9	1-6 1.9			
Mining and Logging	0-5	OJ	0-0		
Total	100.0%	100.0% 100.0	0%		
te: totals may not add due to rounding					

PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL NON-FARM EMPLOYMENT BY MAJOR INDUSTRY SECTOR September 2016

Note: totals may not add due to rounding.

The City's average annual unemployment rate decreased from 11.2 percent in 2010 to 6.4 percent in 2015, while statewide, Illinois' unemployment rate dropped from 10.4 percent in 2010 to 5.9 percent in 2015.²⁸ In 2015, the Chicago Metropolitan Division's average unemployment rate was 5.8 percent.²⁹

B-3

Employers

The Chicago MSA has 31 Fortune 500 headquarters.³⁰ The City was named the "Top Metro" for corporate relocation and investment in 2016 (for the 3rd year in a row) by Site Selection magazine.³¹ For the third year in a row, the Chicago metropolitan area leads the U.S. in foreign direct investment (FD1) according to the 2016 IBM Global Location Trends report. The annua! report, which outlines the latest trends in corporate location selection, found that Chicago's rank has risen a spot to seventh globally and is the only North American metro area in the global top 20.³²

The companies employing the greatest number of workers in the Chicago MSA as of the end of 2015 are set forth below.

Largest Employers in Chicago MSA ³³

of Total Employment

1.44%
 1.27
 1.20
 1.11

Percentage

```
1.10

1.02 "" 1.02 ■" . * 0.82

0.79

• <sup>1</sup> 6:76 * <sup>11</sup>

<u>Number of Employees</u>

18,308 16,197 15,317 14,158 14,000 13,006

• '13,006 '

10,500 . 10,000

''.'9,70'8
```

2015

Employer

Advocate Health Care University of Chicago Northwestern Memorial Healthcare JPMorgan Chase United Continental Holdings, Inc. Health Care Service Corporation Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc. (Presence Health Abbott Laboratories Northwestern University '

Top Taxpayers

The top property" taxpayers in the City based on 2014 Equalized, Assessed Value (EAV) arc shown in the following table.

Rank 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Top Ten Property Taxpayers 2014 ³⁴

(\$ in thousands)

Property Willis Tower AON Building Blue Cross Blue Shield Tower Water Tower Place Chase Plaza » Franklin Center Prudential Plaza 300 N. LaSalle Three First National Plaza Citadel Center

Total

%, of Total EAV

'0.56% 0.37 0.32 <u>0.30 . 0.30 .0.29 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28</u> 3.26%

As shown in the table, the top ten taxpayers account for less than 4 percent of the City's total tax

B-4

Transportation

According to statistics compiled by Airports Council International in 2015, O'Hare ranked fourth worldwide and second in the United States in terms of total passengers while Midway ranked 25th in the United States. ³⁵ According to the Chicago Department of Aviation, in 2015 O'Hare and Midway had 76.9 and 22.2 million in total passenger volume, respectively. O'Hare supports substantial international service with international passengers constituting approximately 14 percent of total enplaned passengers in 2015.³⁶

The Chicago Transit Authority operates the second largest public transportation system in the nation, with: 1,888 buses operating over 130 routes and 1,301 route miles, making 18,843 trips per day and serving 10,813 bus stops; 1,492 rail cars operating over eight routes and 224.1 miles of track, making 2,276 trips each day and serving 145 stations; and 1.6 million rides on an average weekday and over 515 million rides a year (bus and train combined).³⁷

Schools

The Chicago Public School system is the third largest school district in the nation, serving approximately 396,683 students.³⁸ CPS is comprised of 422 elementary schools, 95 high schools, 11 contract schools, and 130 charter school campuses.³⁹ The City Colleges of Chicago operate seven colleges and serve over 100,000 students.⁴⁰

Cultural Attractions

Chicago is home to 56 museums, over 125 art galleries and over 20 neighborhood art centers. The City has 8,100 acres of green space with 580 parks and 26 beaches.⁴¹

Government

The number of full-time employees of the City for the years 2007 through 2016 is included in the following table.

City Full-Time Employees ⁴²2007-2016

2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016

Budgeted Full-Time Equivalent Year Positions

40,264 40,108 37,485 36,970 36,617 33,744 . 33,554 34,045 ' 34,129 34,327

в-5

The monthly home sales and the median home sale prices for Chicago for the years 2010 through October, 2016 are shown in the following tables.

			č	
	2010 2011	2012	2013 2014	2015 2016
January	1,2021,034 1,123	1,485	1,383∎ 1,295	1,363
 February 	1,2251,056 1,250	1,378	1,36-1 1,448	1,528
March	1,8141,450 1,664	1,894	1,819- 2,118	3 2;099
April	1,9841,466 1,816	2,331	2,2102,386 2,628	5
May	2,0571,703 2,125	'2,762 '	2,3902,700	2,887
June	2,5261,841 2,332	2,623	2,7613,110 3,210)
July	1,5881,655 2,164	2,838	2,6642,989 2,714	ļ
August	1,486 - 1,787	2,293 •	2,7972,414 '2,62	9 2,770
■September '	1,4031,498 1,906	2,352	2,187 '=- 2;358	3 2,336
October	1,2161,312 2,076 •	2,231	2;0822,109 : 1,9	81
November	1,1441,429 1,798	1,800	' 1,632'i,615	"""•'
December	1,4441,576 1,849	2,080	1,9922,029,	

Chicago Monthly Home Sales ⁴³2010-October 2016

Chicago Median Home Sale Prices ⁴2010-October 2016

	<u>2010</u>	2011 2	201220132014	<u>420152016</u>		
January	\$195,000, _; , \$1	150,000, .	\$148,000,; ,	\$159,000	r \$200,7,50, . \$2	22,000,,,\$230,000
February	176,500	150,000	140,000	158,000	175,000 212,000	238,000
March	209,000	163,200;'-rr	172-000V TJ	187[500; <"> 237,000	235,000	268,500
April	225,000	169,000	182',660 '	222,000	250,000 275,000	287,500
May	230,000	190,000-:, ,	.200,000!	234,000	270,000 287,500	291,000
June	234,250	207,000	217,000	254,900	275,000 290,000	300,000
July	196,500	210,000 '	200,0;00	250,000	270,000 285,000) 290,000
August	200,000	192,500- '	';200^000	- 245;0t)p 250	0,000 270,000) 275,000
September	180,000	190,000	188,400	23ij<)00	250,000 250,000	261,500
October	183,000	162,000	175^000	218,500	237,500 - 240,00	0 262,000
November	182,500	157,000	180,000	206,'600	230,000235,000	
December	166,250	155,000	185,000	210,000	229,250242,500	

¹ U.S. Census, "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2015,"

hUp://factfmder.ccnsus.gov/laees/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtmr?src=bkmk.

² U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employees on Nonfarm Payrolls by State and Metropolitan Area,"

<http://vvww.bls.gov/news.release/nietro.t03.htm>.

³ U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, " Table 1. Current-Dollar Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area," http://www.bea.gov/newsreleases/regional/gdp_metro/2016/pdl7gdp_metro0916.pdf>.

⁴ Chicago Department of Aviation, "Monthly Operations, Passengers, Cargo Summary By Class, December 2015," hnp://www.nychicagoxom/SiteCollectionD < http://www.nychicagoxom/SiteCollectionD> 5%20ORD%20SUMMARY.pdf. ³ U.S. Department of Transportation, "2015 U.S.-Based Airline Traffic Data," < http://www.rita.dot.gov/bts/siles/rila.dot.gov.bts/files/bts> 1816.pdf ⁶ Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning, "Metropolitan Chicago's Freight Cluster: A Drill-Down Report on Infrastructure, Innovation and Workforce," <http://www.cmap.illinois.gov/docunients/101>80/27214/CMAP-I-"reightReportFULL-07-I 1-12.pdl7622129bf-572c-4b79-afff-110d88()091 a8 ⁷ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Chicago Area Economic Summary, November 2, 2016," hltp.//www.bls.gov/regions/midwest/sumniary/blssummary <http://www.bls.gov/regions/midwest/sumniary/blssummary> chicago.pdf. ⁸ U.S. Census Bureau, "2015 American Community Survey," https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/about.html ⁹ Choose Chicago Research and Statistics, "2015 Visitor Volumue," statistics/927/">http://www.choosechicago.com/articlcs/view/rescarch->statistics/927/ ¹⁰ U.S. Census Bureau, "State and County QuickFacls-Chicago (city), Illinois," < http://quickfacls.census.gov/qfd/states>. ¹¹ U.S. Census Bureau, "Slate and County QuickFacts-Chicago (city), Illinois," < http://quickfacts.census.gov/qfd/states>. ¹² U.S. Census Bureau, "Slate and County QuickFacts-USA, Illinois, Cook County, Chicago (city)" <http://www.census.gov/quicklacts/table/PST0452>15/1714000,17031,17,00. ¹³ U.S. Census Bureau, "State and County QuickFacts-Chicago (city), Illinois," <http://www.census.gov/quickfacts/lable/EDU6352>14/1714000.00. ¹⁴ U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Tabic SA4, numbers revised on September 28, 2016, and Table CA1, numbers revised on November 17, 2016. < http://www.bea.gov>. ¹⁵ Calculated from county-level personal income and population data. The Chicago-Napervillc-Elgin Metropolitan Statistical Area comprises the following counties: Cook, DcKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHcnry, and Will counties in Illinois; Jasper, Lake, Newton, and Porter counties in Indiana; and Kenosha County, Wisconsin. ¹⁶ BEA News Release, State Personal Income: Second Quarter 2016, <http://www.bea.gov/newsrelcascs/regional/spi/sqpi newsrelease.htm>. ¹⁷ BEA News Release, Local Area Personal Income: 2015. http://www.bea.gov/newsrcleases/regional/lapi/lapi newsrelease.htm> ¹⁸ U.S. Census Bureau, "State and County QuickFacls-Chicago (city), Illinois," http://quickfacts.ecnsus.gov/qfd/states>. ¹⁹ Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Regional Price Parities by Metropolitan Statistical Area," 2014, ">http://www.bea.gov/itable<">http://www.bea.gov/itable">http://www.bea.gov/itable">http://www.bea.gov/itable">http://www.bea.gov/itable">http://www.bea.gov/itable">http://www.bea.gov/itable">http://www.bea.gov/itable">http://www.b ²⁰ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Local Area Employment Statistics," <http://beta.bls.gov/dataViewer/view/timcscries/LAUMT17169800000005>. ²¹ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Local Area Employment Statistics," <http://beta.bIs.gov/dataViewer/vicw/timeserics/LAUMTl>7169800000005. ²² U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Local Area Employment Statistics," <http://beta.bls.gov/dataVicwer/view/timescrics/LAUCN>17031000000005. ²³ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Local Area Employment Statistics," <http://beta.bls.gov/dataViewer/view/timeseries/LAUCTl>7140000000005. ²⁴ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Local Area Employment Statistics," http://www.bls.gov/lau/data.htm>. ²⁵ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Current Employment Statistics (National)," <http://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/ceseebla.htm>. ²⁶ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://www.bls.gov/rcgions/midwest/illinois.htm>. ²⁷ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, <http://www.bls.gov/regions/midwest/il chicago md.htm>. ²⁸ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Local Area Employment Statistics," http://www.bls.gOv/lau/#tables < http://www.bls.gOv/lau/%23tables>. ²⁹ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Local Area Employment Statistics," http://www.bls.gov/web/metro/laummtrk.htm>. ³⁰ World Business Chicago, "Fortune 500 Headquarters in Chicago," <http://www.worldbusinesschicago.com/fortune-500->headquarters-in-chicago/. ³¹ Site Selection Magazine, "Top Metropolitans of 2015," < http://sileselection.com/issues/2016/mar/top-metropolitans.cfm> ³² IBM, "Global Locations Trends 2016 Annual Report," https://www-935.ibm.com/scrvices/us/gbs/thoughtleadership/gltr2016/. ³³ Crain's Chicago Business, Crain Communications, Inc., January 18, 2016. The data represents the largest employers in the six-county area (Cook County, Will County, Kane County, Lake County, DuPage County, and McHenry County). ³⁴ Chicago Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2015, <http://vvww.cityofchicago.org/content/dam/city/depts/fin/supp info/CAFR/2015CAFR/2015CityCAFR.pdf>. ³⁵ Airports Council International "2015 North American (ACI-NA) Top 50 Airports," <http://www.aci-na.org/content/airport->traffic-reports. ³⁶ Chicago Department of Aviation Airport Budget Statistics, "Air Traffic Data," December, 2015, https://www.flychicago.com>. ³⁷ Chicago Transit Authority, "CTA Facts at a Glance, Spring 2016," http://www.transitchicago.com/about/facts.aspx>. ³⁸ Chicago Public Schools, "Stats and Facts," http://cps.edu/About_CPS/At-a-glance/Pages/Stats_and_facts.aspx.
 ³⁹ Chicago Public Schools, "Stats and Facts," http://cps.edu/About_CPS/At-a-glance/Pages/Stats_and_facts.aspx. ⁴⁰ City Colleges of Chicago, "Fiscal Year 2015 Statistical Digest (Revised 6/24/2016)," <http://www.ecc.edu/menu/pages/facts->statistics.aspx.

⁴¹ Choose Chicago, "Chicago Fun Facts," http://www.choosechicago.com/articles/view/chicago-fun-facts/452/

B-7

⁴² City of Chicago Annual Financial Analysis 2016.

<http://chicago.gilhub.io/aniuial-flnancial-analysis/F.xpenditiire->Hislory/Workforcc/. ⁴³ Illinois Association of Realtors, "Illinois Market Slats Archives," <http://vvww.illinoisrcaltor.org/marketsiats/archives>. ⁴⁴ Illinois Association of Realtors, "Illinois Market Stats Archives," http://wvw.illinoisrcaltor.org/marketsiats/archives>. hltp://wvvw.illinoisrcaltor.org/markctstats/archives <http://illinoisrcaltor.org/markctstats/archives>.

B-8

APPENDIX C

CITY OF CHICAGO

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 [This Page Intentionally Left Blank]

Deloitte.

City of Chicago

Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Independent Auditors' Report as of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Rahm Emanuel, Mayor

Carole L. Brown, Chief Financial Officer Erin Keane, City Comptroller This Page Intentionally Left Blank

y.L.: -,fr-CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT				
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS				
BASIC FINA	NCIAL	STATEMENTS:		
		Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Exhibit	1	Statement of Net Position	17	
Exhibit	2	Statement of Activities	18-19	
		Fund Financial Statements:		
Exhibit	3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	20-21	
Exhibit	4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
		Governmental Funds	22-25	
Exhibit	5	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes		
		in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the		
		Statement of Activities	26	
Exhibit	6	Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual -		
		General Fund (Budgetary Basis)	27	
Exhibit	7	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	28-29	
Exhibit	8	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -		
		Proprietary Funds	30	
Exhibit	9	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	31-32	
Exhibit	10	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	33	
Exhibit	11	Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position, Fiduciary Funds -		
		Pension Trust Funds	34	
NOTES	TO BA	SIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	35-86	
REQUIRED	SUPPL	EMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)		
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios				

.

Schedule of Contributions, Last Ten Years Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress This Page Intentionally Left Blank Deloitte & Touche LLP 111 South Wacker Drive Chicago, IL 60606-4301 USA



Tel: +1 312 486 1000 Fax: +1 312 486 1486 www.deloitte.com http://www.deloitte.com

91-93

94

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Rahm Emanuel, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chicago, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois, (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud'or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Ourresponsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not .. auditthe financial statements of the City's Pension Plans (the "Plans") which, in aggregate, represent •. substantially all the assets and revenues of the fiduciary funds, included in the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Plans, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in. the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain • reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position: of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter ∎<,:>.

As discussed in Notes. 1 and 17 to the financial statements, beginning^net position was restated due to the' City's adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).Statement No. 68, Accounting • and Financial Reporting/or Pensions^-an amendment of GASB Statement No. ¹-27; and, ending net ¹ position-reflects changes in-certain benefits and actuarial assumptions (Note 11). Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

■•:-<,:?. '<=;'. >:== = !-', == .iM^:-;.^:.;--.:' :=' -y^-r.-f:-:..: --,t-

Required Supplementary Informationy. <=:< -. ".';•=.-. m.--/= === . Chicago, Illinois June 30,2016

Accounting principles generally accepted in. the United .States of America require that the Management's Discussion, Schedule. of;Ghanges.in: the Net'Pension Liability!and Related/Ratios, Schedule: of $\blacksquare...\blacksquare\blacksquare.)\blacksquare.-..,:>$ Contributions, and Analysis and Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting v: t".^ Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational,' economic, !or historical context. We and other auditors have applied-certairulimited procedures;to therequired supplementary information•intaccordance with; - • auditing" standards-generally' accepted ^ui the United-States of America; which consisted' of inquiries of management about themiethotis of preparing the information and comparingthe'information for $\blacksquare \cdot \blacksquare$ ' -consistency with management's responses toour inquiries; the-basic financial'statemients; androther-1 kndwledge<we';obtained'during our audit of the.basic'financial statements'. Weido not expressman.opinion-or provide any assurance'on' the information because, the limited iprocedures do-not provide us With sufficient evidence to expressman opinion or provide-any- assurance. $\ge \blacksquare >', \bullet >', < = ...; \bullet \blacksquare : \bullet : \bullet$

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31. 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Chicago, Illinois (City) we offer readers of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information contained within this report.

2015 Financial Highlights

- Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of the City, in the government-wide financial statements, exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$23,831.4 million (net deficit). The net deficit is composed of \$2,600.1 million in net investment in capital assets and \$2,563.0 million in net position restricted for specific purposes offset by an unrestricted deficit of \$28,994.5 million. The net deficit increased in 2015 by \$17,295.1 million primarily as a result of an increase in the pension liability due to the new financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement No.68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB 68") (see below).
- The City's total assets increased by \$1,146.6 million. The increase primarily relates to a \$1,012.0 million increase in capital assets as a result of the City's capital improvement program.
- Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses), in the fund financial statements, available for general governmental operations during 2015 were \$7,549.7 million, an increase of \$780.3 million (11.5 percent) from 2014, primarily due to drawing from the Line of Credit and issuance of General Obligation Bonds.
- The General Fund' ended 2015 with, a total Fund Balance of \$215.2 million, of which \$93.0 million was Unassigned. Total Fund Balance increased from 2014 primarily because Revenues and Other Financing Sources were greater than Expenditures and Other Financing Uses by \$74.6 million.
- The City's General Obligation Bonds and notes outstanding increased by \$1,028.9 million during the current fiscal year. The
 proceeds from the issuance of General Obligation Bonds were used primarily to repay indebtedness incurred by the City under its
 Short-Term borrowing program.
- The General Fund expenditures on a budgetary basis were..\$105.6*. million less than budgeted as a result of favorable variances in general government expenditures, offset by unfavorable variances in Streets and Sanitation primarily as a result of higher than expected contractual related expenses due to.certain winter storm events.
- GASB No. 68 established new financial reporting requirements, for .most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits through pension. plans. GASB 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their'long-term obligation .for pension benefits as a .liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (see RSI and Notes .11 and 17). Beginning Net Position was restate^A as a result of .implementation of this standard (see Note17). The.net http://The.net> pension liability at December 31,.2015 is \$33,846.2 million.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which include the following components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. These components are described below:

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's financial

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER
31, 2015
position, which assists in assessing the City's economic condition at the; end of the fiscal year. These financial

statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of

accounting. This basically means such statements follow methods that are similar to those used by most businesses.

They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been

received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and

deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position.' Overtime, increases or decreases in net position may

serve as a useful indicator of whether the 'financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To

assess the overall health of the City, the reader should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in

the Citys property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

The statement of activities presents-, information showing how the government's net position changed during each fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future-periods, (for example, uncollected taxes, and earned'but unused vacation). This statement also presents ai comparison between **g**

> ;;

.....

Both pf,the..goyernment7,wide .financiaLstatements distinguish; functions, of .the by

taxes and intergovernmental, re^ are .intended to,recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities ;,of the .^City.! include, general government,. puJbjjCj safety, streets and s;anitatip_n,,,transportation, health,- and cultural,and .recreation. Xhe,busj.ness-typa City.include..water, sewerTtoiiway arid airport services.

The government-wide financial statements present information about the' City as" a primary government, which

includes, the Chicago .Public Library.. The.goyernmenNwide financial statements can be found immediately .following

this management's discussion and analysis. '

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related'accounts that is'u'sed to"mairitain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities,or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and'r de'mqr^

the^JCity can be'dwideTipto tH'reeTc^ fiducia'ry;Wncis.;"""""<'

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as

governmental activities m the government-wide financial, statements. .However, unlike the government-wide .financial

statements, governmental fund'financial sfatehie	oh hear-ierm'inflows a^	dotittipws 6	f spendable resources,
as,well as on balances o^ useful			
in evaluating a government	:!	'•'_* _*	'-∎ -∎' '•' ^' "

Because the •focus' of governmental funds is narrower; than that 'of the 'gpyernme.nt-wide ' financial statements/ it is useful ' to' 'compare the .information. pre'serite'd' 'fpr;'gbyemmw"te/ \funi/s"with*' similar informa'tioh "presented for governmental activities in the government-wide"financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both, the .governmental, fund .bajance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changW ih'fund'baiahces provide a^recohciliation'to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and

governmental activities.

The City maintains'19 individual governmehtaffuhds. Information for the¹ sixTunds that qualify as majbr is presented separately in the governmental'fund balance_r sheet" andLin the'governmental fund 'statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, the six major governmental 'funds are as follows: the General Furid, the Federal, State and Local Grants Fund, the Special Taxing Areas_i Fund, Service Concession and Reserve Fund, the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund, and the Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

4

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general and certain special revenue funds on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds. These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Because these funds charge user fees for services provided to outside customers including local governments, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, use the accrual basis of accounting and provide both long- and short-term financial information. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements. The City uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, Skyway, and two airports operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but provide more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Chicago Skyway Fund, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund and the Chicago Midway International Airport Fund. All the proprietary funds are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used primarily to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City also uses fiduciary funds to account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for various entities. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial-statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund basic financial'statements can be found immediately following the proprietary fund'financial statements.

Notes to, the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary fund basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the City as a whole

Net Position. As.noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In'the case of the City," liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets' by \$23,831.4 million at December 31, 2015. Of this amount, \$2,600.1 million represents the City's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, roads, bridges, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future' spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities and deferred inflows.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$2,563.0 million, represents' resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

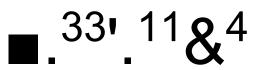
City of Chicago, Illinois • Summary Statement of Net Position (in millions of dollars) Governmental Business-type

			Activities	Activities
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u> <u>2015 2014</u>		
Current and other assets \$ <u>Capital assets</u>	5 5,384.8 \$ 5, <u>8,508,2'</u>	,254.5 \$ 4,738.4 ','\$ 4*734. <u>8,281.2 </u>		
TotalAssets	13,893.0	13;535.7 . 19,345.9 18,556.6		
Deferred outflows	<u>.7,1877, ,,.,</u> 2	<u>-1,7.01.5</u>	320.9	
Total	21,080.7	13,817.2 21,047.4 18,877	.5	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities .	. 41,404.0 1,969.4	19,516.817,914.4 13,60 1,767.4 .1,274		
Total Liabilities	43,373.4	21,284.219,189.2 14,725.3	3	
Deferred Inflows	" 1,743.1	'l';576.3' ⁷ 1 ,'653.8 '	''' 1'645.2	
Net Position:		l;	' ∎.	
Net investment s capital assets .;; -	. (292.4),	vi-28.7 .,'>.=,:2!892.5-	i2,713.8 -	
•Restricted•;•.!!•*' :.'.':	'1 _{>} 5'1'9 _! 9""	 11492:0-' ■ 1:043:1';- 	· ^{;;} -979.0	
Unrestricted- ;.:.\ .:: :.	(25,263.3)	(10,'564.0)'∎" (3;731	:2) ∎ (1,185.8)	
<u>Total ^.(defi'cjn position'.,</u>	",.\$~'(9,043.3	3)S ". '204.4 <u>"\$\':' ifi07?.6'</u>		

5

Total

2014 \$ 9,988.6 22,103.7 <u>32,092.3</u> <u>602.4</u> 32,694.7



2,742.5 • 2,471.0 (11,749.8) \$ I (6,536'.3)

6f\$24'035.'8 m'iliion' primarily as a'result of an'incase'in the' pension' ijapiliiy d'ye' to* the! hew reporting' requirements of GASB 68. A significant portion of net position is either restricted as to' the purpose they can be'used for or they are classified as_inet,investment in capital assets,^ etc.)....Con.sequ^rt^^ showed a \$25,263.3 millioh deficit .at th.eericipf this 'year.'.'' This' deficit .does' noL.mean that the Cjty "doesnpt"haye,the resources available to pay its bills .next,year. Rather, it .is, the resuit.pf having long-term .commitments that are_greater than currently available resource's.' Specifi'c1ally,Mhe"Cify 'did' norinclucie*"in past annual budgets the fulF amounts needed to finance future liabilities arising from personnel, property, pollution.and casualty.claims (\$850.6,mi!lion),.and Municipal employees, Laborers', Policemen's and Firemen's net pension' obligation and other post-employment benefit^ (\$29,912.2 million)..., .Jhe.City,will include these^amounts jn.fu^ure budgets^as they come,. due...ioIn service, agreements,'wijj' be. amphized,.into income oyer the life of such'agreements.'

Reyenu'e's'jfoY'ail.g^ fr^m.2Q14.J*;Oyer

half of the which increased,;by \$562.6. million (17.6 percent). : Total, tax revenue included an.increase inproperty taxes repeived "df \$252.6 millio'n '(27.3'pe "'." '.'.''.

Expenses for governmental activities in 2015 were \$11,254.6 million, an increase of \$3,904.5 million (53.1 percent)

oyer_o2Q14. The amount that taxpayers paid for^ese gpyem was ,\$3,7J54.2^million. Some of "the cost was' paid by'those" who directly' benefited"'from'⁻ the pVdgram's;(\$8t1.4,8 ,mi|li6h),'or by. 'qther governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and'contributions (\$745.8 million).

The City paid \$1,078.6 million for the "public benefit" portion with other revenues such as state aid, interest and miscellaneous income.

Although total net position of business-types activities was \$204.4 million, these resources cannot be used to make up for the deficit in net position in governmental activities. The City generally can only use this net position to finance the continuing operations of the water, sewer, Skyway, and airports activities.

6

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

City of Chicago, Illinois Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, (in millions of dollars)

		Governmental Activities	
		2015	<u>2014</u>
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Licenses, Permits, Fines and			
Charges for Services	\$	814.8\$	819.2
Operating Grants and Contributions		496.7	470.7
Capital Grants and Contributions		249.1	249.9
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes		1,179.4	926.8
Other Taxes		2,574.8	2,264.8
Grants and Contributions not			
Restricted to Specific Programs	81	5.2740.9	
Other		263.4	256.8
<u>Transfer In (Out)</u>		<u>0J</u>	<u>3_</u> :
Total Revenues		6,394.0	5,729.1

Expenses:	
General Government	6,238.0 2,857.7
Public Safety	3,192.2 2,913.5
Streets and Sanitation	253.4 - 275:8
Transportation	471:7.'- •• 47.5.8
Health	1.19.2 " ' 125:1',
Cultural and Recreational	118.8 ' 121,5 -
Interest on Long-term Debt	'861:3\ 580/7 v
Water	-'~ *^.'''^~,~~'''f-
Sewer	· -,.
Midway International Airport	••',£»' " 0" ^ ,^ ^'
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	r'∎:.,
Chicago Skyway	<u></u>
Total Expenses	<u>11,254.6 7,350.1</u>
Change in Net Position	(4,860.6)' (1,621.0)
	· / · · /
Net (Deficit) Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated (Note 17)	(19,175.2)J7.422'.3)'.
Net (Deficit) Position, End of Year	\$(24,035.8)\$ (9,043.3)
2015	
0014	Business-type Activities
2014 85.9	
\$ 2,400.4 \$ 2,244.1	
<u>67,4 (0.6)</u>	
<u></u>	
95.6	
2,553.1	
85.3	
3'; p -	
.5.	
7''	
:'/900	
1 1 30/5	
■ ■'•'h ³ % ⁵	
'.:'''' 8	
<u>2,425.0</u>	

505

1,380

<u>3,110.2,</u> (557/	<u>455.4 225.6 j 248.2 .1,029.7 ∎ 10.3</u>
761.5 1,969.2 455.8	
2,051.2 \$ 204.4 \$ 2,507.0	
Total 2015	
3,215.2 496.7 335.0	
1,1794 2,574.8	
815.2 330.8	
8,947.1	
	6,238.0 3,192.2 253.4 471.7 119.2 118.8 861.3 900.3 505.0 315.7 1,380.5 8.7
∎14,364.8 (5,417.7)	
(18,413.7) \$(23,831.4)	
2014	
3,063.3 470.7 345.5	
926.8 2,264.8	
740.9 342.1	
8,154.1	
9,319.3 (1,165.2)	<u>2,857.7 2,913.5 275.8 475.8 125.1 121.5 580.7 455.4 225.6 248.2 1,029.7 10.3</u>
(5,371.1) (6,536.3)	

7

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in millions of dollars)

400 800 1,200 1,600 2,000 2,400 2,800 3,200 3,600 4,000 4,400 4,800 5,200 5,600 6,000 6,400

□ Expenses ■Program Revenues

General Government Public Safety Streets and Sanitation Transportation

Health ki Cultural and

Recreational Interest on Long-term Debt

4%

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

Capital Grants and Operating Grants and Contributions Contributions 8%

Other; 4% '

Grants and Contributions not restricted to specific -programs

13%

Property Tax 18%. Other Taxes 40%

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Business-type Activities. Total Revenues of the City's business-type activities increased by \$128.1 million in 2015 mostly from an increase in charges for services and rental income, offset by a decrease in other general revenues and capital grant funding.

- The Water Fund's total operating revenues increased by \$76.8 million (11.1%) from 2014 due to a 15% increase in water rates, offset by the conversion of 23,820 accounts from nonmetered to metered. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization for the year ended 2015 increased by \$439.1 million (146.9%) from the year ended 2014 mainly due to increases in pension costs resulting from the implementation of GASB 68.
- The Sewer Fund's total operating revenues increased in 2015 by \$53.6 million (16.7%) primarily due to an increase in sewer rates. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization for 2015 increased \$191.4 million (160.5%) from the year ended 2014 primarily due to an increase in pension expense related to the implementation of GASB 68.
- Chicago Midway International Airport's total operating revenues for 2015 increased by \$5.9 million (3.4%) from 2014 primarily due to higher rents and other concession revenue. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization increased by \$54.3 million compared to 2014, primarily due to an increase in pension expense related to the implementation of GASB 68.

• Chicago O'Hare International Airport's total operating revenues for 2015 increased by \$.7 million (0.0%) compared to 2014. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization increased by \$310.7 million (62.8%) compared to 2014 primarily due to an increase in pension expense related to the implementation of GASB 68.

.

• The Chicago Skyway was leased for 99 years to a private company. The agreement granted the company the right to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue.during the term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion of which \$446.3 million was used to advance refund all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The upfront payment is being amortized into nonoperating revenue over the period of the lease (\$18.5 million annually).

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

. .

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (in millions of dollars)													
		-	100	200'	300	400	'500	600	700	800	900	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,300 1,4	100
	Water												
	Sewer												
Chicago Midway Internationa	I Airport Chicago-O'Hare In	ternatio	nal Air	port ⁱ :'		""" C	hicago	Skywa	ay				
:													
	_												

to Revenues by Source - Business-ty^{^A} Activities.

Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services 93%

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

10

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$982.7 million, an increase of \$159.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount \$677.8 million was committed to specific expenditures, \$98.4 million was assigned to anticipated uses, a deficit of \$1,696.0 million was unassigned, \$1,878.7 million was restricted in use by legislation, and \$23.8 million was nonspendable.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$93.0 million with a total fund balance of \$215.2 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be helpful to compare both unassigned-fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total General Fund balance represents 6.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by approximately \$74.0 million during the current fiscal year due to higher revenues and lower expenses for certain categories.

The Federal, State and Local Grants Fund has a total deficit fund balance of \$216.1 million. The deficit is \$8:9 million lower than 2014 primarily due to more timely reimbursement of expenditures.

The Special Taxing Areas Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,275.7 million, which is all restricted to specific expenditures.

The Service Concession and Reserve Fund accounts'for deferred inflows from nonbusiness type long-term concession and lease transactions and has \$621.3 million committed to specific expenditures. The unassigned deficit of \$1,555.3 million results from the deferred inflows from long-term asset leases.

The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund has a total fund balance of \$236.3 million. The fund balance in 2014 was \$263.2 million lower due to reclassification of long-term debt to short term debt during 2014.

The Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund has a .total fund balance.of \$198.4 million. This is \$149.2 million lower than 2014 due to increased capital improvement efforts.

Changes in fund balance. The fund balance for the City's governmental funds increased by \$1.59.4 million in 2015. This includes a decrease in inventory of \$.7 million.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the samp type of information found in the government-wide

financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water, Sewer, Chicago Skyway, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport, and Chicago Midway International Airport Funds at the end of the year amounted to, a deficit of \$3,731.2 million. The unrestricted net position deficit increased by \$2,545.4 million due to an increase in the unrestricted deficit in all proprietary funds primarily due to pension costs as a result of the implementation. pf GASB768; Other factors concerning the finances of these five funds have already been addressed in the discussion pf the City's business-type activities.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's 2015 Original General Fund Budget-was \$3,534.4'million. This budget reflects an increase of \$244.2 million (7.4 %) over the 2014 Budget. \$128.8 million of this increase is the result of a change in the way the City budgeted pension contributions to more clearly reflect the allocation of pension expenses across City funds. This change is discussed further below:- On November 19, 2014 the City's 2015 General Fund Budget was approved by the City Council. The General Fund revenues on a budgetary basis were \$14.2 million less than the final budget as a result of lower state income tax and utility tax revenues which were offset by higher than expected revenue from, transaction, recreation, and transportation taxes. Expenditures were \$91.4 million less than budgeted as a result of favorable variances in general government expenditures. Additional information on the City's budget can be found in Note 3 under Stewardship, Compliance andiAccountability within.this report.

As discussed as part of the 2015 appropriation above theiCityiChanged how it budgets its pension fund contributions. This change impacts how statei-income tax revenue is'Veflected in-the-2015 .financial statements. Historically,-the City's pension fund contributions were paid from property taxes and personal property replacement tax (PPRT) revenues, and as a result no-pension fund expenses'were reflected in the .general fund. Instead PPRT revenues were:diverted from the general fund'to the pension funds'.¹ ;ln addition? PPRT[;]revenues in one year were used to make the- pension contributions budgeted in thejprior year. As a result, the state, income tax revenues recorded in the general fund appear lower, thamthe^fevenue:actually:received:as a portion; of the revenue, was diverted: to pay.2014 pension contributions .in accordance..with pastpractice^Due to; certain, changes in-the wayithat pension contributions are recorded in the 2015 financial statements and the 2015 budgetary change, ;this.is a one-time* adjustment.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration : i: ^.

Capital Assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2015 amount to \$23,1.15.7 million (net of accumulated ^depreciation)/. These capital'assets' include , land,¹ buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways and bridges, and property, plant and equipment.*

MajoRjcapitalassetevents-during..the.currentfiscal yeaniricluded>thefollowing:-.->• ?»:•• h v. .,-'.o: vi .-

The City continues its commitment to sustainable design in new^cbnstruction projects'; utilizing the Leadership in Energy & Environmental Design (LEED) strategy. Completed construction in 2015 totaled \$29.5 million including;
 '-Chicago Children Advocacy. Center Expansio^ProjecLtbtaling \$7i4 million and Chinatown Library totaling- \$18:3 million.

- 'During' 2015; the City completed \$38418 million in¹ infrastructure projects including \$270/1; million in- street construction'and resurfacing projectsf"\$^'>8'millionVin"•streeti'lightin'g-^r ahd' transit projects;^K ahd! \$29;9 million'in bridge and viaduct reconstruction. At year end, infrastructure projects still in process had expenses totaling

 nearly \$640.5'm'illion-.;'
 memer-:,-;:
 wi\ a.M--i:-./
- At the end of 2015,, the Water Fund had \$3,822.8 million invested in utility plant, net of accumulated^depreciation.
 ¹ During 2015; "-the 'Water¹ Fuhd'exp'en'dea" '■'\$4^{:;}i[:]4'.2-millidn'.6h^r capital' activities!':⁰ 'Th'is' iricfude[>]d''\$3.0 million'''•for structures and improvements, \$243.1 million for distribution plant, \$6.0 millioh^W.

11

- -

eq'uiprheht;"a^d"'\$1'60.3^{milli6ri} for construction in progress, and \$1.8 million for land and land rights.

• During 2015, .net completed'projects totaling;^ 'appjicabl^'capitial accounts'.' (\$284.5>nillioh), and

relate to installation and replacements of water mains

• At the end of 2015, the Sewer Fund had \$2,263.2 million invested in utility plant, net of accumulated depreciation. During 2015, the Sewer Fund had capital additions being depreciated of \$207.2 million, and completed projects totaling \$17.2 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable facilities and structures capital accounts. The 2015 Sewer Main Replacement Program completed 25.4 miles of sewer mains and 55.1 miles of relining of existing sewer mains at a cost of \$208.8 million.

12

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

At the end of 2015, Chicago-Midway International Airport had \$1,169.6 million invested in net capital assets. During 2015, the Airport had additions of \$44.9 million related to capital activities. This included \$.4 million for land acquisition and the balance of \$44.5 million for construction projects relating to terminal improvements, runway rehabilitation and parking improvements. During 2015, completed projects totaling \$46.0 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable buildings and other facilities capital accounts. These major completed projects were related to runway and taxi improvements, rental, car, parking garage, and terminal security.

At the end of 2015, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport totaled \$7.1 billion, invested in net capital assets. During 2015, the Airport had additions of \$450.8 million related to capital activities. This included \$.3 million for land acquisition and the balance of \$450.5 million for terminal improvements, road and sidewalk enhancements, runway, and taxiway improvements. During 2015, completed projects totaling \$816.0 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable buildings and other facilities capital accounts. These major completed projects were related to runway and taxiway improvements, road, electrical system upgrades, and parking facilities and terminal improvements.

City of Chicago, Illinois Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)

Governmental Activities Business-type Activities

Land	\$ 1,393.4
Works of Art and	
Historical Collections	45.6
Construction in Progress	656.0
Buildings and Other Improvement	nts 1,610.7
Machinery and Equipment	231.8
inrrastructure	4,570.7
Total	\$ 8,508.2
545.5 1,630.2	
235.3 4,432.2	

\$ 1,392.8 \$ 1,021.2 \$ 1,018.7 \$ 2,414.6 \$ 2,411.5

1,801.8 12,857.2 555.8 4,432.2

45.2

740.4 12,537.0 308.9 1,256.3 11,227.0 320.5

45.6 1,396.4 14,147.7 ' 540.7 4,570.7

\$8,281.2 \$ 14,607.5 \$ 13,822.5 \$23,115.7 \$22,103.7

Information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 Capital Assets in this report.

Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$8,688.8 million in General Obligation Bonds and \$675.6 million in General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations outstanding. Other outstanding long-term debt is as follows: \$212.4 million in Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds; \$541.6 million of Sales Tax Revenue Bonds; \$65.4 million in Tax Increment Financing Bonds; and \$13,050.4 million in Enterprise Fund Bonds and long-term obligations. For more detail, refer to Note 10 Long-term Obligations in the Basic Financial Statements.

13

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

City of Chicago, Illinois General Obligation and Revenue Bonds (in millions of

dollars)

	Governmental Activities . <u>2015</u> <u>2014</u>	. Business-type ;,. Activities <u>2015 2014</u>
General Obligation Tax Increment Revenue Bonds	\$ 9,364.4'.•'	•\$ 13,071.6
Total :∎∎' 2015	∎∎:'\$ 10,i83i8 " \$ 9 _: 153.7 P-tf-I 3;	050'4 [%] \$ 13,071 i6

2014

9,364.4 65.4 13,804.4

\$ 8,335.5 ' 74.4 13,815.4

\$ 23,234:2 ' \$ 22,225.3

During 2015, the City issued the following: General

Obligation Bonds:

- General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A Tax-Exempt and 2015B Taxable (\$1,088.4 billion).
- Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes: ...;** '
- Chicago-O'Hare International Airport General Commercial Paper Notes (\$75.8 million)
- Chicago-O'Hare INternational InternationaliGeneral Airport Senior Lien.Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A (AMT), Series 2015B (Non-AMT), Series 2014C (AMT), and Series 2015D (Non-AMT).(\$1,947.4 ' million).
- Second Lien Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bond's, 'Series 2015 (\$87.1 million).

14 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

At December 31, 2015 the City had credit ratings with each of the four major rating agencies as follows:

Standard &

Moody's Poors	
General Obligation: City	
Revenue Bonds:	
O'Hare Airport: Senior Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds Senior Lien Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Customer Facility Charge (CFC)	
Midway Airport: First Lien Second Lien	
Water: First Lien, Second Lien	
Wastewater: First Lien Second Lien	
Sales Tax	
Motor Fuel Tax	
Ba1	
A2 A2 Baal	
A2 A3	
Baal Baa2	
Baa2 Baa3	
Ba1	
Ba1	
BBB+	
BBB	
A A-	
A A-	
A+ A	
AA	
BBB+	
BBB+	

A-A NR

A A-		
ΑΑ+ ΑΑ		
NR AA		
BBB+		
BBB		
A+ NR NR		
NR NR		
NR AA		
NR AA-		
AA+		
NR		

See Subsequent Events in the footnotes for ratings changes in 2016. Economic

Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Local, national, and global economies play a major role in the City's finances and economic growth. In 2015, local and national economies continued to experience moderate growth and recovery from the economic downturn. Although rising home prices and shrinking inventory slowed the housing market in 2015 and home sales were up nearly 8 percent compared to 2014, median home prices were up 6 percent over 2014. In 2015, nationwide, retail sales grew 2.3 percent over 2014, with consumer confidence showing further improvement. The average national unemployment rate decreased from 6.2 percent in 2014 to 5.3 percent in 2015, and Chicago's unemployment rate declined in 2015 as well. Tourism, business, and convention travel to Chicago remained strong in 2015, with amusement tax collections up about 29 percent and hotel tax revenues up about 9 percent from 2014. Additionally, Chicago welcomed a record number of domestic tourists in 2015 with more than 50 million visitors from around the country traveling to Chicago.

The City's 2016 General Fund budget, totaling \$3,623.8 million, was approved by a 35 to 15 vote of City Council on October 28, 2015. The 2016 budget balanced a preliminary budget shortfall of \$233.0 million by reforming and cutting spending, and improving revenue growth. The 2016 budget also commits an additional \$5.0 million to the City's long-term reserves, following provisions of \$15.0 million in 2013, \$5.0 million in 2014 and \$5.0 million in 2015.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION

AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Requests for Information

16

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any.-of, the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Chicago Department of Finance.

Exhibit 1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Cash and Cash Equivalents 5705,364 Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent 661,474 Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax 1,560,464 Accounts 980,045 Internal Balances (46,140) Inventories' 23,828 Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 108,877 Investments 515,991 Other Assets 17,112 Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress 2,094,938 Other Construct In Progress 2,094,938		Governmental Activities			
Investments 705,364 Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent 661,474 Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax 1,560,464 Accounts 980,045 Internal Balances (46,140) Inventories' 23,828 Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 108,877 Investments 515,991 Other Assets 17,112 Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress 2,094,938	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Investments705,364Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent661,474Receivables (Net of Allowances): Property Tax1,560,464Accounts980,045Internal Balances(46,140)Inventories'23,828Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents108,877Investments515,991Other Assets17,112Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress2,094,938	Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	857,747	
Receivables (Net of Allowances):Property Tax1,560,464Accounts980,045Internal Balances(46,140)Inventories'23,828Restricted Assets:108,877Investments515,991Other Assets17,112Capital Assets:17,112Land, Art, and Construction in Progress2,094,938		705,364			
Property Tax1,560,464Accounts980,045Internal Balances(46,140)Inventories'23,828Restricted Assets:108,877Investments515,991Other Assets17,112Capital Assets:17,112Land, Art, and Construction in Progress2,094,938	Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent	661,474			
Accounts980,045Internal Balances(46,140)Inventories'23,828Restricted Assets:108,877Investments515,991Other Assets17,112Capital Assets:2,094,938					
Internal Balances (46,140) Inventories' 23,828 Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 108,877 Investments 515,991 Other Assets 17,112 Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress 2,094,938					
Inventories' 23,828 Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 108,877 Investments 515,991 Other Assets 17,112 Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress 2,094,938					
Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents108,877 515,991Investments515,991Other Assets17,112Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress2,094,938					
Cash and Cash Equivalents108,877Investments515,991Other Assets17,112Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress2,094,938		23,828			
Investments 515,991 Other Assets 17,112 Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress 2,094,938		100.077			
Other Assets 17,112 Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress 2,094,938		,			
Capital Assets: Land, Art, and Construction in Progress 2,094,938					
Land, Art, and Construction in Progress 2,094,938		17,112			
		2 004 038			
	Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depre				
					8,508.200
					0,000.200
<u>Total Assets</u> <u>13,892,962</u>		13,892,902			
Deferred Outflows 7,187,699	Deferred Outflows	<u>7,187,699</u>			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows \$21,080,661	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	<u>\$ 21,080,661</u>			
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Voucher Warrants Payable \$ 525,004	Voucher Warrants Pavable		\$	525.004	
Short-term Debt ",, 672	Short-term Debt	672	•	- ,	

Accrued Interest ~. Accrued and Other Liabilities Unearned Revenue	270,551 1,092,005 81,144	
Derivative Instrument Liability		
Long-term Liabilities: Due Within One Year	318,144	
Due in More Than One Year	41,085,810	
Total Liabilities	43,373,330	
Deferred Inflows	<u>1,743,138</u>	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	<u>45,116,468</u>	
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	(292,432)	
Capital Projects Debt Service Special Taxing Areas Passenger Facility Charges Contractual Use Agreement Airport Development Fund	244,205 1,275,709	
Customer Facility Charges		
Other Purposes		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(25,263,289) Total Net Position	\$ (24.035.807)
Primary Government Total 1,301,893 913,742 661,474		<u>\$ (24.033.007)</u>
1,560,464 1,369,764		
		45, 200
		45,328
		1,748,490 2,443,048 78,987
<u>3,856,531 19,259,162 23.115,693 33,238,883</u>		
8,889,204	Rusiness tune Astivities	
	Business-type Activities	
444,146 208,378		
111/110 200/070		
389,719 46,140		
21,500		
	-	1,639,613 1,927,057 61,875
1,761,593 12,845,900 14.607,493 19,345,921		
1,701,575 12,015,700 11.007,175 17,515,721		1,701,505
1,001,667 672 516,348 1,327,314 275,011 123,166		1, 101, 303
684,972 58,633,455		
\$ 21,047,426 \$ 42,128,087		
476,663 \$		
245,797 235,309 193,867 ' 123,1	66	
62,562,605 3,396,928		
65,959,533		

366,828 17,547,645 19,189,275 1,653,790 2,600,116 220,059 270,037 1,275,709 155,007 166,654 338,133 91,513 45,782 (28,994,456) 20,843,065 2,892,548 220,059 25,832 155,007 166,654 338,133 91,513 45,782 (3,731,167) 204.361 \$ (23.831.446) See notes to basic financial statements. Exhibit 2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services Primary Government Governmental Activities: f General Government \$ 6,238,028;:.: . Public Safety 3,192,197 Streets and Sanitation 1'. 253.432 ' Transportation •...:;.'.'.:s 471,689 '."...v...".}.: ' Health 119,199 Cultural and Recreational 118,775 Interest on Longrterm Debt 861,293 **Total Governmental Activities** .-11,254,613 . Business-type Activities:-. 900,346 Water..... J'.:±.::: Chicago Midway International Airport 315.724 ,, Chiqago-O'Hare International Airport 1,380,512 : - Chicago Skyway 8,727 '■' Total Business-type' ActivitiesY 3,110,341 . Total Primary Government \$ 14,364,954 <u>:.,</u> 534,325 182,'670. 39,602 -37,522 -5;839 14,850 814;808

769,408 375,877 ; 225,383 , .-1,029,788,

2,400,456-

3,215,264

See notes to basic financial statements.

 Program Revenues
 Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

 Operating Capital
 Primary Government

 Grants and
 Grants and
 Governmental Business-type

 Contributions
 Contributions
 Activities

326,030 67,822

90,261 12,566

496,679

$\frac{(5,377,673)(2,941,705)(213,830)(185,103)(23,099)(91,359)(861,293)(9,694,062)}{(5,377,673)(2,941,705)(213,830)(185,103)(23,099)(91,359)(861,293)(9,694,062)}$

(130,938) (129,155) (81,062) (274,035) (8,727)

(130,938) (129,155) (81,062) (274,035) (8,727)

9,279 76,689

85,968

(623,917)

(623,917)

(10,317,979)

General Revenues Taxes:

Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax **Transportation Tax Transaction Tax** Special Area Tax **Recreation Tax** Other Taxes Grants and Contributions not. Restricted to Specific Programs **Unrestricted Investment Earnings** Miscellaneous Transfers **Total General Revenues and Transfers** Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning, as restated (Note 17). Net Position - Ending \$ 1,179,395 562,697 346,319 384,978 466,432 444,972 227,510 141,895 815,157 (1,357) 264,806 625 4,833,429 (4,860,633) (19,175,174) \$ 204,361 (24, 035, 807)1,179,395 562,697 346,319 384,978 466,432 444,972 227,510 141,895

815,157 26,206 304,550

4,900,lTl~ (5,417,868) (18,413,578) \$ (23,831,446)

19

Exhibit 3 CITY OF CHICAGO,' ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,555		
Investments	54,392		
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent			
Receivables (Net of Allowances):			
Property Tax			
	Accounts	'	225,580
Due From Other Funds	154,104		
Due From Other Governments	262,522		
Inventories	23,828		

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments	<u>.</u>	
Other Assets '	,,,,•• .:: .::,,,,:●	
<u>Total Assets</u>	<u>\$ 722,981</u>	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Paya Accrued Interest Due To.Other Funds.i:'! Accrued and Other Liabilities	D FUND BALANCE Liabilities:' \$ 219,649 able - Current 167,001 '.98,500	13,748
Unearned Revenue	oCJaims Payable <u>. 8,851</u>	13,746
	Total Liabilities	_507,749~
Deferred Inflows	<u>-</u>	
Fund. Balance:		
	. Npnspendable	23,828
Restricted Committed Assigned <u>Unassigned</u> <u>Total Fund Balance</u> Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Special Taxing Areas		
¢	Federal, State and Local Grants	
\$ 36,793		
		\$ 796,054 299,101
50,724 180,269		399,623 3,796 3,293
421,526.		
3,218		
4;075 38,286		
\$ 520,132 \$ 1,678,340 10,794 3,147		
\$ 156,058		
<u>52,227</u>		261,316 .7,408.
72;293 <u>350,404</u> <u>497,075 .</u> 1,275,709		
239,199		
Office of the City Clerk	Page 237 of 416	Printed on 5/30/2022

17,617 . 1,275,709

<u>(233,759) (216,142),</u> <u>\$, .520,132\$..... 1,678,340</u>

See notes to basic financial statements.

	Concession	ommunity Bond, NoteDevelopm nption an <u>Reserve</u>	nentOther Total nd Improvement <u>and InterestProjec</u>		Governmental
	\$ - \$	25,720\$73 66,182 574,924-86,550	8\$ 32,680\$ 857,74 164,236 0661,474	47 84,660	705,364
	2,815	491,113-669,72 893 32,161 2,659	281,560,464 1,675 100,817 -	18,506 96,033 36,780	256,558 614,108 723,487
	105,659 515,991 <u>\$</u> <u>624</u> , \$ 6,031,973	<u></u>	108,; 515, <u>4,075</u> 1,193,652 \$		23,828
	\$ \$ 44,5 146,86	53	_	4,7	47,228 505,759 00 151,563
- 3,183		9,309 ,247'	 ■ 2,486	164,14 5,747	1,242 270,551 44 730,006 117,288 13,748
	<u>3,183</u> 1,555,260	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>81,144</u> 11,870,059
621 , 282	23	6,294 _	198,431	150,64 -	23,828 11,878,692 56,539

. t		-		-		677,821 - 98,37
		(1,555,26 (933,978)	0)		- 207,180	(1,695,992 982,72
\$	624,465 \$	1,193,652 \$	267,466 . \$ 1,024,937	198,431	207,180	\$ 6,031,97

 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources
 8,508,200

 and therefore are not reported in the funds
 8,508,200

 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period
 1,623,928

 Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, and deferred outflows are not due and payable
 1,623,928

 <u>in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds</u>
 (35,150,661)

 <u>Net position of governmental activities</u>
 § (24,035,807)

21

Exhibit 4 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

			General			
Revenues:						
Property Tax			\$•• •• -			
Utility Tax			437,780'			
Sales Tax (Local)			308,878			
Transportation Tax			197,877			
State-Income Tax			336,959			
State:Sales Tax			356,915			
Transaction Tax			390,308 _{;:} .			
Special Area Tax						
Recreation Tax			227,510			
Otherfaxes			119,963			
Federal/State Grants			1,845			
Internal Service	v		'. ~ 345,426			
Liceh~ses"and'Permits			T26;727 [:]			
Fines			366,309			
Investment Income			911			
Gharg'e°s'for Services	V'.vv/.	•?.	.'∎: 126?109			
<u>Miscellaneous</u>	<u>./;.Vv</u>		<u>123,118::</u>			
				Tdtal.'Revenues	'.\''".;	3,466,635^
			Federal, State and Loc	al Grants		

763,001

763,00.1

Special Taxing Areas

353,413

3,585 5 1,699 358,702 Expenditures: Current: . Genera^A Government Health-Public" Safety Streets and Sanitation Transportation Cultural and Recreational Employee'Pensions Other "2 Capital Odtlay

Debt-Service:li --

Principal-Retirement

Interest.and Other Fiscal Charges

Total Expenditures

Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures

!

1,064;470-- • 26,001 -2,061,540 • 199,644 67,145

6,027

.1,930' 6,345,

<u>3,433,102</u>

.3.3,533

335,362 -93,007 43,337 .

242,804 12,872

(72)' 45,445

<u>772,755</u>

,(9,754)

292,198

33 77,819 386

<u>370,436</u>

(11,734)

Continued on following pages.

Service Concession and Reserve

11,391 21,033

Bond, Note Redemption and Interest

476,466 22,324 37,441 11,737

2,308 (50,182) 69,389 Community Development

and Improvement Projects

4,593 23,974

	Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
393,375 102,593					
175,364 119,438					
					76,124
21,920					
37,332					
		20,851	2,807	21,813	25,593

Total Governmental

Funds

869,841 562,697 346,319 384,978 456,397 356,915 466,432 353,413 227,510 141,895 764,846 382,758 129,035 387,160 (26,895) 147,927 :. .264,806 6,216,034

			3	71,867		2,063,897
				40		119,048
				6,832		2,111,709
			49 , 401249	,078		
			87 , 714475	,482		
			81,79195,	049		
				479,581		479,581
				771		6,726
			327,109		52,496	425,050
	474,806		-			37,070
	513,806				-	
	819,738	_	24,160	850,24	3	
	1,294,544	327,109	. 1,191,72	3 7,389,669)	
32,424	(725,049)	(298,542)	(194,513)	(1,173,635)	_	

23

Exhibit 4 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

			Federal, State a Loca	
		General	Grants	Areas
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Issuance of Debt	'	\$	- \$	28,657\$
Issuance of Line of Credit		19,300		
Premium'(Discount)				
Transfers In ;	<'.:	34,551	-6,632	2
<u>Transfers Out</u>		<u>(12,760)</u>	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>(46,247)</u>

Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) .'.	<u>41,091</u>	<u>18,657</u>	<u>(39,615)</u>
Net Changes in Fund Balance ,". Fund Balance, Beginnjng of Year <u>Change in Inventory</u>	74,624 141,278 <u>(670)</u>	8,903 (51,349) (225,045)1,327,058 =	
Fund Balance, End of Year <u>\$ 1,275,709</u>		<u>\$ 215,232 </u>	.(216,142)
■:r V" ^{1,1} ■_	•	't>.	
See notes to basic financial statements. /_'£*	.'_£ ;:r	';:".!	

24

Service Concession Agreements and Reserve

Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Community Development

and Improvement Projects

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Total Governmental Funds

(11,000)

(11,000)

21,424 (955,402) <u>1,026,030 93,837 (23,108) 7,367 (115,911)</u>

<u>988,215</u>

263,166 (26,872) 62,360 50,000

38,057 (1,096)

149,321

(149,221) 347,652

75,994

143,002 (31,970)

187,026

(7,487) 214,667 <u>1,117,047 239,131 (23,108) 229,609 (228,984)</u>

1,333,695

160,060 823,336 (670)

\$ (933,978) \$ ■ 236,294 \$_

Exhibit 5 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

25

Net change in fund	l balances - tota	l governmental	funds					\$ 160,0	60		
Governmental statement of useful lives capital outlays exce period	activities ' and.reported	•	of those reciation ex	as assets pense.	expo is This	enditures allocat is	ed the	Howeve over amou 223,053	their	in est by	the timated which
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not-reported as revenues in the funds406;710											
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental but issuing debt increase's long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the-amount-by which proceeds-exceeded repayments (824-,928) -											
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as <u>expenditures in governmental funds</u> (4,825,528)											
Change in the net	position of gover	rnmental activit	ies					<u>\$ (4,860</u>	<u> </u>		

See notes to basic financial statements.

26 Exhibit 6 **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Original **Final Actual** Budget Budget Amounts Variance 451,840 \$ 308,300 188,024 326,432 205,026 115,049 420,019 339,624 1,600 353,326 137,273 369,500 2,000 138,366 145,233 33,071 437,780 308,878 197,877 390,308 227,510 119,963 336,959 356,915 1,845 345,426 126,727 366,309 911 126,109 123,118 53,851 \$ (14,060) 578 9,853 63,876 22,484 4,914 (83,060) 17,291 245 (7,900) (10,546) (3,191) (1,089) (12,257) (22,115) 20,780 451,840 \$ 308,300 188,024 -326,432 205,026 115,049 420,019 339,624 1,600 353,326 136,915 369,500 2,000 138,724 145,233 32,808 Revenues: Utility Tax \$ Sales Tax **Transportation Tax Transaction Tax Recreation Tax** Other Taxes State Income Tax State Sales Tax Federal/State Grants Internal Service Licenses and Permits Fines Investment Income Charges for Services Miscellaneous Transfers In/Out

Total Revenues		<u>3,534,420</u>	<u>3,534,683</u>	3,520,486	<u>(14,197)</u>
Expenditures:					
Current-					
General Government	1,189,384	1,189,647	1,084,7	763 104,884	
Health	29,508	29,508	27,20	9 2,299	
Public Safety	2,061,129	2,061,129	2,057,95	5 3,174	
Streets and Sanitation	195,655	195,655	204,990	(9,335)	
Transportation	56,363	56,363	51,77	0 4,593	
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	1,930	1,930		1,930	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	451	451	451		
Total Expenditures '	<u>3,534,42</u>	<u>0 3,534,68</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3,429,068</u>	<u>3 105,615</u>
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$	<u>- \$</u>	<u>\$91,4</u>	18 \$ 91,418		

See notes to basic financial statements.

Exhibit 7 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS 296,084 . 101',612

CURRENT ASSETS:

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments 173,260 ,206 .33,672 .20;691 26,401 153,863 Accounts Receivable (Net of " -

Interest Receivable Due from Other Funds Inventories .:...•. Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted. Investments.; Restricted

27

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds

Allowances)

	Chicago- Midway International Airport	Chicago- O'Hare International Airport	
88,080			1,566
13,978			
10,881 27,821	2,702',0831	· (531,823) 92,339	
.3,499			
1.56,205.			
389,922'			
			26,192 8 09 1,39,825 \ 43,986 623
107,060			
37,383 34,044			
Sewer			
Accumulated'Depreciation Construction Work in Progress	242,155	improyements /	
Land Structures, Equipment and	; 6,858 ,_∎.	Improvements"" "" 7	777.7.7/77,;777777 . """4"59"4^202 '
Property, Plant, and Equipment:	0.050		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Investments,-Restricted,,, Interest Receivable - Restricted Other Assets-".Restricted DuefromjOtherGovernmentsyResjricted Other AsSets;*.;:.i	,141,005 , '" """,		
NONCURRENT'ASSETS:			
Interest Receivable - Restricted Other Assets Restricted TOTALIJURRENT ASSETS"^	806,467		

TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS: TOTAL ASSETS DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	751,081	
4,774,959 2,812,785 1,634,109	9,898;575 :: ■ 272-315	Total Property/Plant arid Equipment3,822,825
3,968,492		.18,404,547 (5,558,647) 740,434
12,609 - 1.021,159		
9,851		847,6.76 1,723,789' 4,118 ' 28,312 4,326" 29,763
2,1.47,266		
		385,013 .380 92,962 21,500 .791,937 ,197-849 1,301 , 3,800
•444,146 •208;378 1,200		
Total		
915 280-		
885,967 9,014,975'.' (3,197,061) .386,814,		
885.067		····,··· , · , · , · · · · · · · · · ·
		777,885 1,182,225 3,645 25,248 617 10,909
3,800 807,351		
		"1,602,470 (567,211) 19,126
		115,165
		69,791 244,354 473 3,064 3,709 842
537,631 142,326		
		90,710 174 31,532
98,883 44,621		

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1			
TOTAL ASSETS and DEFERRED OU	TFL	DWS \$5,526,040	
See notes to basic financial statements	8.	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds	
		Water	
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES:			22,061 138,279 19,856
179,515 383,371 Voucher Warrants Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities Unearned Revenue Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets	\$	23,660 \$	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Sewer			
2,320 14,132 40,225 15,933			
183,813			
256,423		Chicago-Midway International Airport	
87,826 119,102			20,300 7,225 758 2,993
07,020 113,102		Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	
		93,378 3,389	12,836 155,085
537,631 802,319			
Chicago Skyway			

147 \$ 15						
162						
Total						
				139,805 46	5,822 192,09	98 193,867
988,785						
1,561,377						
NONCURRENT LIABI Commercial Paper Pay Net Pension Liability Derivative Instrument Other .' TOTAL NONCURI TOTAL LIABILITIE	yable Liability " RENT LIABILITIE					
DEFERRED INFLOW	S				1,7 1,561,948 296,02	77,496 663,872 25 31,360 2,332
			0	440 000 4 040 444		
4,180,106 1,744 5,681	2,441,368	3 1,891,66	2, 5 9,161,581	440,282 1,646,441	91,806 1,577	
4,563,477	2,697,793	L 2,010,767				
11,050						
			<u>13,399,1</u>	170 4,148,475 123,	,166 3,909 17,674,	720 19,236,097
1,653,790						
NET POSITION: Net In Capital Assets	nvestment	1,514,009				
Restricted Net Position Debt Service Capital Projects Passenger Facility C Contractual Use Agr Air Development Fur	Charges reement	677				

Customer Facility Charge Other Unrestricted Net Position

,'(563,173)

TOTAL NET POSITION \$.951,513

559,715 (150,431)

11,034 16,756 5,701 30,818

25,936 7,735 .(191,025) 707,991

116,107 (299,584).

14,798 86,519 149,306 135,836 338,133 65,577 38,047 (1,061,607) (1,615,778) \$.376,238 \$. (243,476) \$ 474,600 \$ (1,354,514) \$ 204,361

Water

See notes to basic financial statements. Exhibit 8 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Maior Funds

Operating Revenues: Charges for Services - Net Rent	\$ 750,163
<u>Other</u>	<u>. 19,245</u>
Total Operating Revenues	<u>769,408</u>
Operating Expenses:	
Personnel Services	121,172
"CbntractualServic'es	56,402
Repairs and Maintenance	~ 1ft 47
Commodities and Materials	22,357
Depreciation and Amortization	56,444
Capital Asset Impairment ,	
General Fund Reimbursements	69*211
Pension Expense '.	" 436,025
Other'	<u>, ' 31,496</u>
.Total Operating Expenses .v	, 794,254

. 'Operatingincorne'(Loss)	;J (24f846)		
Nonbperating Reveriues.(Expenses):: '_ ¹ Investment Income (Loss) Interest Expense Passenger Facility Charges Customer Facility-Charges Noise Mitigation Costs Costiof Issuance Swap Termination Fees <u>Other</u> Total Nonoperatirig Revenues \!	,0 (241040) J.":. 3,136 (106,092) ■ * ■ - '" ' - <u>'" ' 191</u>		
		(Expenses)	<u>. ^(102,765)</u>
Transfers Out Capital Grants :::;:	r. (625) -r.?: t .		
		Net.Income(Loss):' .^JI:y '	•(128,236)
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year - as restated (Note 17	<u>1,079,749</u>		
Net Position (Deficit)-End of Year Chicago Skyway Total Sewer	\$951,513		
		∎\$ 1,755,609 390,	5 374,770 , 1,107 671 "; 20,352
		Chicago-Chicago- MidwayO'Hare InternationalInternational	2,166,632
375,877		AirportAirport	
84,623 \$ 546,053 91,496 299,175 176,119			
1,0,119		43,34	3 20,954 •44,095
47,719		12.3	37 3;299 •67,453
		12,0.	40,444
⁻ 40,007 187,'593 <u>845,228</u>			10,111
191,842 83,265 98,945 8,727			
60,767 14,717			
231,595			
231,670 3,320			

8,727.. -.351,433

<u>339,546 92,112</u> ' 24,744 (55,4.76) 1,040,700 2,497 (60,764) 41,692 7,572 (23,323) - (42)

<u>(195,472)</u> 2,600 (83,656)' 1,402

(70,243) 1,321

19,328 (319,373) 145,356 39,204 (8,998) (11,441)

18,5.15 18,517 (149,978) (30,966)

18,315 (117,609) 76,689

9,790

9,279

(125,234) ... (77,163) (236,392)

501,472 (166,313) 710,992(1,364,304) \$ 376,238 \$(243,476) \$ 474,600 '\$' (1,354,-514) \$ 204,361

See notes to basic financial statements.

Exhibit 9 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Major Funds

Sewer Total

Water 2,174,008 (406,382) (370,708) (160,395) 358,014 \$174,654 (33,131) (79, 932)(31,590) (42, 894)(19,043) (42,764)Cash Flows from Operating Activities: **Received from Customers** \$ 752,908 \$ Payments to Vendors (76, 860)Payments to Employees (121, 172)Transactions with Other City Funds (29,944) _ 1,236,523

239,225 44,089		
Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities	524,932 _	
87,081 (275,866) 2,176,836		
2,342,281		(359,547) 74,516 (11,441) (1,767,600) (240,631) (420,548) 187,567
		(1,026,633)
		80,086
		(11,831)
		(1,767,600)
		(350,168)
		(678,760)
		236,811
		(70,243)
		38_
<u>(1,246,019)</u>		
		<u>"(32,322) 2,387</u>
<u>(29,935)</u>		
<u>870,324 26,281</u>		
<u>896,605</u>		
857,174 1,226,585		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds/		
Commercial Paper/IEPA Loans	78,364	(33,328) 5,570 (42)
(17,265) (67,264) 49,244 Acquisition and Construction of		
Capital Assets Capital Grant Receipts	(357,892)	
Bond Issuance Costs (39,837) (58,040)	(348)	
(70,243)		

Payment to Refund Bonds Principal Paid on Debt Interest Paid Passenger and Customer Facility Charges 38 Swap Termination Fees :: Concessionaire Funds (<u>63,085</u>) 38 (<u>356,905</u>) (<u>360,848</u>)	(52,435) (132,908) -							
<u>(8,998) 984</u>								
(8.014)								
373,361 16,927								
<u>390,288</u>								
449,703 964,696 Cash Flows (Used in) Provided By Capital and Related Financing Activities	(465,219) _							(23,324) 1,403
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities Noise Mitigation Program Proceeds from Settlement Agreement (21.921)	: 							(
Cash Flows Used in Non Capital Financing Activities 73,092 1,963		•						199 2
<u>200,252 4,184</u>								
204,436								
86,756 90,452 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sale (Purchases) of Investments, Net <u>Investment Income (Loss)</u> 201 75,055 Cash Flows Provided By (Used in)	223,420 <u>3,205</u>							
34,138 134,614								
239 676 Investing Activities	226,625							
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and								
Cash Equivalents	286,338							
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	36,147 _ <u>\$ 322,485</u> \$	5 17	7,208	\$ 168,752	\$ 1,414,399	\$ 915	\$ 2,083,759	

See notes to basic financial statements. Exhibit 9 - Concluded **CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS **PROPRIETARY FUNDS** Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds Chicago-Chicago-Midway O'Hare InternationalInternational Airport Airport Chicago Skyway Reconciliation of Operating Income to Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) \$ Adjustments to Reconcile: ;,, . ,< :.- . ' Depreciation and Amortization ,. Pension Expense Other than Contribution ~" Provision'for Uncollectible Accounts Change in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Receivables ^(Increase) Decrease in Due From Other funds Increase (Decrease) in Voucher Warrants , Payable and Due to Other Funds, ... : Increase (Decrease) in Unearned-Revenue and Other Liabilities -.(Increase) Decrease in Inventories and ;. i.QtherAssets :;.:*..**-**...;.v.;: ur.r.•• • "47,719 234,990 54,635 313,746 "38 , 40,444 "183,165 16,154 (31,874) 3,223 (3, 473)7,035 (193): (24,846) \$ 24,744 \$,(55,476) \$ (195,472) \$ (14,127) 2,219 29.413 57,331

(1,843) (7,749)								177
6,391								
								304
								70
"56,444 423,345 "23;593								
(37,538) 56,927								
(601) 27,107								
								501. !•!
(8,727) 8,727								
\$ (259,777)								
(85,382) 54,620						388,32	4 974,89	1 39,785
.3.1,730								
91,777								
rr. r 555,								
\$ 524,932 " \$∎ ∎ 239,225 \$ 44,089 \$ 428,277 \$								
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Items:						,,	- ,	
. Capital asset additions in 2015 , have outstanding accounts payable								
and accrued and other liabilities	\$ 85,94	2 \$	§ 10)1,584	\$ 26,441	\$ 140,257 \$	'\$.	354,224

See notes to basic financial statements.

Exhibit 10 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust Agency
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Investments, at Fair Value Bonds and U.S. Government	\$ 183,456 \$ 248,865 - 65,822
Obligations Stocks Mortgages and Real Estate Other	2,081,125 4,605,898 674,155 1,629,680
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent Property Tax Receivable Accounts Receivable, Net Due From City Property, Plant, Equipment and other	- 5,212 -91,552 1,086,308 68,161 69,758 363
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	<u>699,769</u> - -
Total Assets LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 11,030,512 </u>
Voucher Warrants Payable Accrued and Other Liabilities <u>Securities Lending Collateral</u>	\$ 246,543 \$ 31,684 - '447,928 <u>699,769</u> j <u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 946,312</u> <u>\$ 479,612</u>
Deferred Inflows	\$ 66 \$-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	<u>\$ 946,378 \$479,612</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pension Benefits Total Net Position	<u>10,084,134</u> \$ 10,084,134

32

_

See notes to basic financial statements.

33

Exhibit 11 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Total	
ADDITIONS Contributions:		
Employees City	\$ 302,450 993,048	
City		
	Total Contributions	1,295,498
Investment Income: Net Appreciation in		
Fair Value of Investments	(89,658)	
Interest, Dividends and Other	231,605	
Investment Expense	<u>(48,260)</u>	
: .'Net Investment Income	<u>93,687</u>	
Securities Lending Transactions:		
Securities Lending Income	3,039	
Securities Lending Expense,	34.1	
jl ^r t-NetsSecurities Lending^Transact	<u>ions 3,380</u>	
Total Additions	1,392,565	
DEDUCTIONS		
;ttr; • V '- fJ		
Benefits)and.Refunds of Deductions	1,955,829	
Administrative and General'sv	<u>18,20.4</u>	
	<u>r-Total Deductions "v:</u>	<u>1,974,033.</u>
	Net Increase in Net Position	(581,468)
Net Position: i		
Beginning of Year	10,665,602	
End of Year	\$ 10,084,134	

See notes to basic financial statements.

34

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Chicago (City), incorporated in 1837, is a "home rule" unit under State of Illinois (State) law. The City has a mayor-council form of government. The Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and is elected by general election. The City Council is the legislative body and consists of 50 members, each representing one of the City's 50 wards. The members of the City Council are elected through popular vote by ward for four-year terms.

The accounting policies of the City are based upon accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Effective January 1, 2015, the City adopted the following GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB 68"), established new financial reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits through these types of plans. The City adopted GASB 68 for the year ended December 31, 2015. GASB 68 replaced the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers and GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. GASB 68 required governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The Statement also enhanced accountability and transparency -through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (see RSI. and Notes 11 and 17). Beginning Net Position was restated as a result of implementation of this standard (see Note17).

GASB Statement No. 71, Pension. Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date -an amendment of GASB Statement.No. 68 ("GASB 71"), relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made, by a state or local government employer or nonemployer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. The City adopted GASB 71 for the year ended December 31, 2015. This Statement amended paragraph 137 of Statement 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for-its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability and requires that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine all such amounts. There was no impact on the City's Financial Statements as a result of the implementation of GASB 71.

Other accounting standards that the City is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application ("GASB 72"), addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. GASB 72 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31,

2016. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and the related disclosures. This Statement requires a government to use valuation techniques that are appropriate under the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to; measure fair value. This Statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This Statement also requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques.

GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 ("GASB 73"), extends the approach to accounting and financial reporting established in Statement 68 to all pensions. Requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scopes of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pensions or Statement 68 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2016. It establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. GASB 73 clarifies the application of certain provisions of Statements 67 and 68 with regard to: (1) Information that is required to be presented as notes, (2) Accounting and financial reporting for

35

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

separately financed specific liabilities, and (3) Timing of employer recognition of revenue.

GASB Statement No. 74; Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans ("GASB 74"), replaces Statements. No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and.No. 57, OPEB (Other Postemployment Benefits) Measurement by Agent Employers and-Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. GASB 74 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2017. Included are requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB'plans, in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for-Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. GASB 74 also includes requirements to address financial' reporting for 'assets accumulated for purposes of providing defined benefit OPEB through OPEB plans that are not administered through-trusts that meet the specified criteria.

-o• :GASBv Statement'No. 75r Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than .
 Pensions ("GASB>75"),replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as. amended, and No. 57, OPEB
 -..<Measurements byAgent-Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. - GASB 75 will be effective for: the City beginningFwith its. year ending December 31, -20.18. -This Statement-establishes standards fbry recognizing^and-cmeasuring liabilities;'.deferred-outflows: of resources;-deferred inflows of 'resources,, and expense/expenditures.!.; In addition.Uhis-Sta'temenb details the^recognition -and: disclosure > requirements for employers withcpayables to defined: benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts <=; that meet <the-.specified criteria and. for. employers whose employees: are provided ^with defined contribution

: p.:GASB Statement.iNo. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures.("GASB. JI");* requires governments ;that-enter into tax

... abatemenLagreementsfto disclose: (1>);Brief descriptive "information concerning the agreement; (2) The gross

. 'idollanamount of taxes abated during the period; and :3) Commitments made by ^government,- other than to

;...-Tiabate;taxes,»that-.are parfcof theitax abatement agreement. GASB 7.7 will be effectiveLfor thejCity; beginning

witlv its-year ending:December31; 2016.:-. ;;

: r'v'-

.n.;GASBoStatemeht{Novy78?reens/onsi Provided'.iThrough^Certain. Multiple-Employer Defined. Benefit'Pension

Plans ("GASB 78"), amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68. It excludes pensions! provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit
njpension plan that. (1) is ri6t-a-.state5or-localⁱgovernment\pensi6n »pla'rf, (2)-is": used- to provide' defined benefit
r 'pensions';both. to' employees, of-state or local'governmental employers and to employees of employers that v liare.npt state.orilocal government-employers, and::(-3)>'ha's no predominate state onlocal government-employer,
r-=*==:--;;-rThis-ri-Statementi>lastablish'es^'-':re'quirements "for recognition :andmeasurement iof" pension -expense,
expenditures, and liabilities; note.disclosure; and required.supplementary.'information for pensions that have , i.4heicharacte>istics'described above.-GASB 78 will be, effective for the City beginning, with-its year ending

• =<-. .

36

.December31i, 2016....-

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 ("GASB 80"), amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. GASB 80 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements ("GASB 81"), requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. GASB 81 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 ("GASB 82"), addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related' measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (Plan member) contribution requirements. GASB 82 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2017.

a) Reporting Entity - The City includes the Chicago Public Library. The financial statements for the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), applicable to governmental units, as required by the Municipal Code of Chicago (Code).

The City's financial statements include the following legal entities as fiduciary trust funds:

The Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago is governed by a five-member board: three • members are elected by plan participants and two are members ex-officio.

The ^Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago is governed by an eight-member board: two members, are elected by plan participants, two are members'ex-officio, two members are appointed by the City

.... 🔳 ..,

Department of Human Resources, one member .is elected by retired plan participants and one member is elected by the local labor union.

The Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are appointed by the Mayor.

The Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are members ex-officio.

Financial statements for each of these four pension plans (collectively,"Pension Plans") may be obtained at the respective Pension Plans office.'.

Related Organizations - City officials are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of the boards of other organizations, but'the 'City's accountability'for these 'organizations' does not extend beyond making appointments and no financial accountability or fiscal dependency exists between the City and these organizations. Therefore, the Chicago Park District, Chicago Public Building Commission, Chicago Public Schools, Community College District No. 508, Chicago Housing Authority and the Chicago transit Authority are deemed to be related organizations.

b) Government-wide and fund financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nohigiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported, separately from business-type activities, which relyjo a significant extent on user fees and charges for services.

37

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identified with a specific function or segment.' Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and: other'item's not properly included among program'revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate ;fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary • funds, andifidueia'ry,funds; eve'n though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major-individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c) Measurement focus,-basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation - The government-wide •: financial'statements are. reported; using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting:as are the'proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned.and expenses'are recorded .when, a liability is incurred,: regardless, of the*timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized'as revenues in the. year for whichithey are levied . 'Grants :and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial, statements .are reported , using the current financial resources measurement

focus and ..the: modified accrual basis* of, accounting- iRevenues are, recognized ;as .soon as-they are both

measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the

current period or-soon 'enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period: For this purpose,'the City

considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period

' with the rexceptione of iproperty 'taxvrevenue.,]which ; is r^cprded'as.deferred.inflov^..unlelssj.taxes¹ are jreceived within 60 days subsequentoto?year.-end.; Licenses and permits;¹ charges; for; services':and-,miscellaneous revenues are not considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recorded as revenues when received in .'> cash.r.All'bther:.^ received by 'I '."the-GityrrExpenditure^ of accounting;'-excepLifor.dnterest and:;-^ long-term portion of ^compensated absences, claims and judgments, and pension obligations. :-..-!>:. i: The.Gity reports he following major governmental funds; V; The General Fund is the City's'primary operating fund." It accounts for and reports ail 'financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. .. (, Federal, State and Local Grants Fund accounts for the expenditures for programs,"which include general gove.m,ment, health,, .public, safety, .transportation, .aviation, cultural and recreational,, and capital outlays', the majority of revenues' are provided by" several'^agencies,', of, 'the^Fi^eral^'government, departments of the Illinois State government and City resources.

\ for redeye^ ';'∎;""

- ' Service Concession and Reserve Fund accounts for monies committed for mid- and long-term uses, the Mid-term portion is subject to appropriation for neighborhood human infrastructure, programs, health, and other initiatives, whereas the Long-term portion is committed for future budgetary and credit rating stabilization. These reserves were created as a result of the Skyway Lease and Parking. Meter. System proceeds are recognized as rev
- . .Bond, Note .Redemption and;Interest .Fund accounts for the'expenditures for principal and interest as provided by property tax, utility taxi sales taxi'transportation tax, and investment income.

38

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Community Development and Improvement Projects Funds account for proceeds of debt used to acquire property, finance construction, and finance authorized expenditures and supporting services for various activities.

Within the governmental fund types, fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in a spendable form; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use 'of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest ' level

of decision-making authority (i.e, City Council); to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is held by the City Council. The City Council passes Ordinances to commit their fund balances.

Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the City Council itself; or (b) a 'body or official to which' the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for . specific purposes.' The Budget Director or Comptroller have authority to assign amounts related to certain legal obligations outside of the appropriation process within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue,'debt service, and capital projects) resources are assigned in . accordance with the established fund purpose and appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned.

Unassigned includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds as business-type activities:

Water Fund accounts for the operations of the Chicago Water System (Water). The Water system purifies and provides Lake Michigan water for the City and 125, suburbs. The Water Fund operates two water purification facilities with a combined pumping capacity of 2,160 million gallons per day and 12 pumping stations with a combined pumping capacity of 3,661 million gallons per day.

Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the Wastewater Transmission System (Sewer). The Sewer system transports wastewater to the -Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater .Chicago for processing and disposal. This service is provided for the residents and businesses of the City and certain suburban customers.

Chicago Midway International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago Midway International Airport (Midway) that provides'regional travelers with access to airlines that generally specialize in low-cost, point-to -point, origin and destination passenger services. Midway Airport is conveniently located 10 miles from downtown Chicago.

Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago-O'Hare International Airport (O'Hare), the primary commercial airport for the City. The airlines servicing the airport operate out of four terminal'buildings. Three domestic terminal buildings, having a total of 169 gates, serve domestic flights and certain international departures. The International Terminal, having a total of 20 gates and five remote aircraft parking positions, serves the remaining international departures and all international arrivals requiring customs clearance.

39

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Chicago Skyway Fund records operations of the Chicago Skyway (Skyway) which provides vehicle • passage across the Calumet River, between the State of Indiana and the State of Illinois (State) through the operation of a tollway which consists of a 7.8-mile span connecting the Dan Ryan Expressway to the Indiana Toll Road. Facilities include a single toll plaza consisting of a central office, maintenance garage and toll-collection area. In January 2005, the City entered into a long-term Concession and Lease Agreement of the Skyway, granting a private company the ability to operate and to collect toll revenue during the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received a one-time upfront payment of \$1.83 billion.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary funds:

\ Pension Trust Funds report expenditures for employee pensions as provided by employee and employer contributions and investment earnings. ■>■..■-

Agency Funds account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for certain activities or for

■■'K.- ■■:;■ ^various entities, i Payroll deductions and special deposits are the primary.transactionsaccounted for in

thesefundsi

iAs a;g'enefal Tulbi'rthe ,'effectiof interfund activity has been eliminated from the ^government-wide financial

۰.

statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's

water, sewer, airports and skyway funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program

.-^revenues' reported for-the'Various'functions concerned. '

, .'^punl^'/e^'ojle^, as program revenues include: .('I)^charges tq^custprn'ers. or appiicants .for ;goods>nd services,

: pr; privileges' prov[^] grants and 'coritrib'utions; and (3) capital grants and contributions,

"." program 'revenue's.' bkewise.'geherai reve^ includeail'iaxe's.' """"""" '

•.1 Certain indirect costs¹ have been 'included as i part of the program expenses ∎reported for. the various functional

activities. • or!.:-.?.-, ps. ;;;.'."Oi;- : :> ;. Lv-ri-'ii-no^ '< rn'!? ••. '' "ni q<! b-;vr- :-;-:..-i;

"In^.tne fund^figa^

.operating ^reyenues. and ..expenses from non-

'..

operating "items. Operating reye'nues'.a'nd'.e.xpgn'ses'.'genera'lly 'resuit'from providing'services'arid producing and delivering goods in connection' with a'proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and _ sewer, funds .are..charges to, oustomers, for.sales; and^services. The airport funds' principal operating revenues are derived from landing fees and terminal'use charges as'well as rents and concessions;: Operating expenses for-enterprise funds include the cost of sales' and'JserviceSj; administrative

.! expensesjand depreciation on ca'pital.assetS: All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is" the City's policy to use restricted

••ii The"pf'eparatioh oMirian'cialⁱ statemeritsh conformity with' GAAP'requires management to' make' certain estimates " and assumptions that affect the reported; amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

dX.^Asse^JlabHities^deJeix^d inflows, deferred outflows, and.net http://and.net> positionor equity. >,.-

i) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments generally are held .with trie City T^easureras required by the Code. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their average combined, cash apd investment balances. Due to, .contractualiagreements, or legal restrictions, the cash ,.' ,,, ... ".ahd jhyestments. ^ funds.are segregated arid earjiarid.receive'inteye'st.directly...'.f he City uses separate escrow accounts in which certain tax revenues are deposited and held for payment of debt.

'.,the Code permits deposits only to City Council-approved depositories, which must be regularly organized state' or national banks and federal and state savings and loan associations, located within the City, whose deposits are federally insured.

40

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Investments authorized by the Code include interest-bearing general obligations of the City, State and U.S. Government; U.S. Treasury bills and other noninterest-bearing general obligations of the U.S. Government purchased in the open market below face value; domestic money market funds regulated and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission and tax anticipation warrants issued by the City. The City is prohibited by ordinance from investing in derivatives, as defined, without City Council approval. The City values its investments at fair value or amortized cost. U.S. Government securities purchased at a price other than par with a maturity of less than one year are reported at amortized

cost.

The City's four retirement plans are authorized to invest in bonds, notes, and other obligations of the U.S. Government; corporate debentures and obligations; insured mortgage notes and loans; common and preferred stocks; stock options; real estate; and other investment vehicles as set forth-in the Illinois Compiled Statutes. These investments are reported at fair value.

Repurchase agreements can be purchased only from banks and certain other institutions authorized to do business in the State. The City Treasurer requires that securities that- are pledged to secure these agreements have a fair value equal to the cost of the repurchase agreements plus accrued interest.

Investments generally may not have a maturity date in excess of thirty years from the date of purchase. Certain other investments are held in accordance with the specific provisions of applicable, ordinances.

Cash equivalents include certificates of deposit and other investments with maturities of three months or Jess when purchased.

QeficiLcash balances result in interfund borrowings from the aggregate of funds other than escrowed funds. Interest income and expense are generally not recognized on these interfund borrowings.

State statutes and the City's Pension Plans' policies permit lending Pension Plan securities to brokerdealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in i the.future. .Securities lent at yearend for cash collateral are presented as not categorized in the schedule

of custodial credit risk; securities lent for securities collateral are classified according to the category for the collateral.

ii) Receivables and Payables activity between funds are representative of services-rendered, outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loan's)? Any" residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is based, on historical trends. The estimated value of services provided but unbilled .at year-end has been included in receivables.

- iii) Inventory includes government-wide inventories, wh|ch are stated at cost determined principally, using the average cost method. For proprietary funds, the costs of inventories are recorded as expenses when used (consumption method). Governmental fund inventories are accounted for using the purchases method and represent nonspendable resources because they do not represent expendable available financial resources.
- iv) Assets Held for Resale includes land and buildings of \$4.1 million, recorded at lower of .cost or market in the Federal, State and Local Grant Funds. These assets are purchased through the use of federal grants and City resources and are intended to be resold.
- v) Restricted Assets include certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment. These assets are classified as restricted or committed in

41

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

the basic financial statements because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or specific City Council action.

The Water and Sewer funds maintain Rate Stabilization Accounts where any net revenues remaining after providingsufficient funds for all required deposits in the bond accounts may be transferred upon the direction of the City to be used for any lawful purpose of the specific fund. The O'Hare and Midway funds maintain Passenger Facility Charge accounts as restricted as they are subject to Federal Aviation Administration regulation and approval, to finance specific eligible capital and debt related activities.

vi) -Capital Assets, which/include.property, plant, equipment,- and infrastructure-assets (e:g.; roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items); are. reported in the applicable- governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets,

jora network of assets, with an initial cost of more- than \$5,000: (not rounded) and an estimated useful life : in excess)of one years ?■ Such assets are recorded at historical cost or-estimated;.;historical cost if purchased or constructed.-/.Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated:-fair market value at the date of donation.

, i::The costs..of; normal maintenance and, repairsrthat do not add to the,,value of the asset .or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of .- ith'e capitalization., valuer of the assets constructed:! Theitotal"interest.expensei:(Goverhmental and c'[jBusinessLActivities):-;ineurred' by the; City ;during theicurrents-fiseal'yeanwas .\$&;490.2?millibn, of which \$70.1 million was capitalized as part of the capital assets under construction projects in proprietary funds.

: Property;'plant, and equipment of; the. City; are-.depreciated using the: straight-lihetmethod, in the year . .-. subsequenhtoacquisitibn'or when placed into.service, over the following:-estimated useful lives:

	Utility plant			25 - 100* years -
	Utility structures and improvemer	nts		50- 100 years
*'.'	/B^ildii^sandn		":.:!.^;.^j'15 -	'40 years
; ^J /, 7.	' /Air^q'rt^uhw^	taxiways,'.and	l payed roads.,^/. ^	,5,,30 years
	'.Bridge.'irtrastwcTure'".'.«''	''.	. i6 -,46Vears	
	Lighting infrastructure		25	years
	Street infrastructure			10- 25 years
fj'	-I v:-'-Transl-'irifrastractw			'40 years
-•.	!,,. =,Equip1iie^-'tve'Hic1e>Wieer'and-o	computer)-'-S•A'	.V?/.'.:ri'-;:-}:: ^{i:} -	5 ^ " 20 [;] years' -

The City has a collection of artwork and historical treasures presented for public exhibition and education

i'tha't are being'preserved forfuture'generatiohs:- The' proceeds' from saTesibf'any piece's of the collection

- - '-are' use'd^-pufCMase 'dtheradquisitions.' A portibh'-'of this' collection is 'not capitalize depreciated as

''-? 'part of capital assets! '••'• [∶]'ʷ'- ∎' "" ■∎' ■•.∎r.'-rv.s

- vii) Deferred Outflows represent the fair value of derivative instruments that are deemed to be effective hedges and unamortized loss on bond refundings, differences between estimated and actual investment earnings related to pensions', arid changes' in actuarial assumptions relate?) to pensions: '
- viii) Employee Benefits are granted for vacation and sick leave, workers' compensation and health care. Unused vacation leave is accrued and may be partially carried over for one year. Sick leave is accumulated af the rate of one day for each month worked, up to a maximum of 200 days. Severance of employment terminates'all rights to receive compensation'for any unused sick leave. Sick leave pay is

42

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

not accrued. Employee benefit claims outstanding, including claims incurred but not reported, are estimated and recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental

funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Employees are eligible to defer a portion of their salaries until future years under the City's deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Third-party administrators who maintain the investment portfolio administer the Plan. The plan's assets have been placed in trust accounts with the plan administrators for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries and are not considered assets of the City.

The City is subject to the State of Illinois Unemployment Compensation Act and has elected the reimbursing employer option for providing unemployment insurance benefits for eligible former employees. Under this option, the City reimburses the State for claims paid by the State. Expenditures for workers' compensation are recorded when paid in the governmental funds. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

- ix) Judgments and claims are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. In the fund financial statements, expenditures for judgments and claims are recorded on the basis of settlements reached or judgments entered within the current fiscal year. Amounts that related to deferred compensatory time and reserves for questioned costs are treated the same way.
- x) Long-ternrobligations are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements. Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and
 - : amortized over the life of the related debt, except in the case of refunding debt transactions where the amortization period is over the term of the refunding or refunded debt, whichever is shorter.

The City enters into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates and/or cash flows on outstanding debt. For existing swaps, the net interest expenditures resulting from these arrangements are recorded as .interest expense. The fair value of derivative instruments that are deemed to be effective is accounted for as-deferred outflows. Derivative instruments that are deemed not effective are adjusted to fair value with the change in fair value recorded, to investment earnings. Under certain bond ordinances adopted by the City Council, interest rate swaps and swaptions are authorized to be entered into by designated City officials in connection with certain bonds issued by the City. For. swaps related to O'Hare Bonds or Midway Bonds, airline approval is also required before entering into a .swap agreement.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received and discounts given on debt issued are reported as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Certain debt obligations are to be paid from sales tax, motor fuel or special area taxes.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's four pension plans and additions to/deductions from the City's Pension Plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Pension Plans. For this purpose,

43

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The financial statements of the Plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

xi) Deferred inflows represent amounts to be recognized as revenue on a straight line basis over the life of the related longterm lease and concession agreements and differences between projected and actual actuarial experience related to pensions. In the fund financials, grants that meet all of the eligibility criteria ■ except for time availability and property taxes levied for a future period are also included in deferred inflows. ■••■•' >

Fund equity in the government-wide statements is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment: in capital assets ± Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation-and reduced toy the outstanding balances; of any bonds; mortgages, notes
 "or any other borrowings that are attributable'to the^acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.- •'
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external ugrbups such as creditors; grantors, contributbrs or laws on regulations of other-governments, or are
 -legally restricted through: constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.'

:Restricted: net position for business activities are-provided :in Exhibit.7, Statement' .of Net Position, '.:;∎ :.->:,^- :i;RroprietaryiFunds'. w.s&r. :•• ... ·• ... j<;∎:..-"• ... i

(3) Unrestricted - All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in

.-v*-;-:=: idapital assets." As ofDecember 31, 2015,-the-unrestricted.net position represents^,deficit.:>

2) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial:Statements

- ; a) Explanation of certain ^differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the
- government-wide statement of net position -- ■<',> r ■

r.;; hi-'K'io > 'Deferred Inflows rp^		'∎'*P ^C -' ∎ 1,384;729;' •<
"j-"-'iO'Deferred ¹ inflows [^]		■" ■ 239,199 ^{:;}
., ^/"'.^^t^^	actjvities	, ',.\$.' 1,623^928.

•ii). Another element of that-,reconciliation explains that "Certain-liabilities and-deferred.-,outflows, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period.and.therefore,are;not;reported in the funds." The details of this \$35,150.7 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

44

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

> Long-term liabilities: Total bonds, notes and certificates payable

\$ 10,608,314

u -∎: :-; u;

Pension benefits Other postemployment benefits Pollution remediation <u>Claims and judgments</u>	29,697,694 214,535 32,850	<u>850,561</u>
Total Long-term liabilities		41,403,954
Accounts payable - infrastructure retainage Bonds, notes and other obligations payable current Other assets - issuance costs (bond insurance) Deferred outflows-unamortized loss on refunding Deferred outflows-pension costs Deferred inflows-pension Accrued arid other liabilities - compensated absences	19,245 (150,891) (13,037) (147,937) (7,039,762) 187,878 88,909	
Accrued and other liabilities - pension payable to pension funds		<u>802,302</u>
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds - to arrive at net position - governmental activities	<u>\$ 35,15</u>	<u>0,661</u>

b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

i) The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.' However, in the statements of activities the cost of those assets'is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$223.1 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Capitalized asset expenditures	\$ 596,883	
Depreciation expense	. (373,696)	
Loss - on disposal of capital assets		<u>(134)</u>
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances	s - total	
governmental funds - to arrive at		
changes in net position - governmental activities		<u>\$ 223,053</u>

ii) Another element of that reconciliation states that "Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position." The details of this .decrease of \$824.9 million, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Proceeds of debt		\$ (1,117,047)
Proceeds from Line of Credit		\$ (239,131)
Premium		23,108
∎'∎' Principal retirement	513,806	
Interest expense		<u>(5,664)</u>
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund		
balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at		
changes in net position - governmental activities	; <u>\$ (</u> 824,	<u>928)</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Certain expenses'reported" in the statement of activities do not require the use ofciirrent financial resources and therefore are not reported"as expenditures^ governmental funds." The details of this decrease of \$4,825.5 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Claims and judgments		∎\$, 5Q;055	•	
Pension costs				- 9	\$ (4,884;903)
Other post employment benefit liabilities					38,409
Pollution remediation					(24,318)
Vacation	'."			"	[;] 'I,95j. ^v
Lease obligations	.'			t	; (6,'d52)
Inventoryr.					<u>(670)</u>
balaoces^total.goyer^mentarfund.sjTftp arr	<u>jyejatf¹</u> >•<•;	eo,-	:.s.n":> ir,%	с •	• .v-Hb;r-;,<
changes in net position - governmental act	ivities	9	<u>(4,825,528</u>	5)	

3) cStewardship, Compliance and Accountability

a) Annual Appropriation Budgets are established for. the., General. Fund and the Vehicle ,Tax, Pension, : Chicago Public..Library,and certain-Miscellaneous, Special Events, Tourism and Festivals.nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, on a non-GAAP budgetary basis:

,;t, :.

.....

- i) Prior to October 15, the^Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget of expenditures and the
- i) means of financing, them for the next year.
- ii) The budget-document is available for public inspection for at'least ten days prior to passage of the annual appropriation ordinance by the City Council-which 'isalsotequiredUb'hbld at least'one public hearing.
- iii) Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the appropriation ordinance.
- iv) Subsequent to the enactment of the appropriation ordinance, the, City Council has the authority to make necessary a'djustmerits'to the budget;' which results' in a' change in 'total-or individual app'rbpriations. The legal level of budgetary'control is'designated ih the budget by object grouped by purpose except for the Motor Fuel Tax Furidrwhich 'is subsequently re'ap^ Motor¹ Fuel Tax Fund Report demonstrates compliance with annual and project-length budgets required by the State. The separately issued Supplement to the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides budgetary information for all other budgeted funds. Copies of this report are available upon request.
- v) All annual appropriations unused and unencumbered lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the following year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for Capital Project Funds. Appropriations for Debt Service Funds are established by bond ordinance.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

b) Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budgetary Basis - The City's budgetary basis of accounting used for budget vs. actual reporting differs from GAAP. For budgetary purposes, encumbrances are recorded as expenditures but are included in "Unassigned" fund balance for GAAP purposes. For budgetary purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers in are classified as revenues. For budgetary purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers out are treated as other financing sources. Provision for doubtful account expenditures are not budgeted. A reconciliation of the different basis of revenue and expenditure recognition for the year ended December 31, 2015 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Genera	1
Revenues, GAAP Basis	Fund \$ 3,466,635	
Proceeds of Debt Transfers In	19,300 34,551	
<u>. Prior Year's Surplus Utilized</u> Revenues, Budgetary Basis	<u>\$ 3,520,486</u>	-
Expenditures, GAAP Basis Add: Transfers Out	\$ 3,433,102 12,760	
Encumbered in 2015 Deduct:	24,377	
Payments on Prior Years'Encumbrances <u>Provision for Doubtful Accounts and Oth</u>	" (35,144) <u>her</u>	<u>(6,027)</u>
Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	<u>\$ 3,429,068</u>	

c) Individual Fund Deficits include the Chicago Skyway Fund, an Enterprise Fund, which has a fund deficit of \$1,354.5 million which management anticipates will be funded through recognition of deferred inflows. Midway International Airport Fund has a fund deficit of \$243.5 million which will be funded through future revenues. Federal State and Local Grants, a governmental fund, has a deficit of \$216.1 million and will be funded by the recognition of deferred grant inflows and unearned revenue. The Service Concession and Reserve Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$934.0 million which will be funded through the recognition of deferred inflows. 47

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

4) Restricted and Unrestricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

. a) Investments As'of December 31, 2015, the City hadthe following Investments (dollars in thousands):

. Investment Type.	Investment Maturities (in Years)			
			Ν	/lore Than
	Less Than 1	i-5 '	6-10	10 . Total
City Funds				
U.S. Treasuries	\$-	\$ 19,759 \$	- \$	- \$ 19,759
U.S. Agencies*	646,573	1,262,652	57,305	100,795 2,067,325
Comme«rfalPai»rT:"™.';''	319,725	••		- 319,725
Corporate Bonds	109,108	302,188	452,131.	25,760 889,187
Municipal Bonds,,	106,366	297,016.	.38,896	34,550 476,828
Certificates of Deposit and		<u>,,, .,. ,</u>		
Other Short-term	<u>2,945,863</u>	<u></u>	<u>-,,,∎ ■-</u>	<u>- 2,945,863</u>
Total City Funds.:	<u>\$ 4,127,635</u>	<u>\$ 1,881,615 \$ '</u>	<u>' 548,332' \$ 16</u>	<u>1,105 \$6,718,687</u>

*U.S. Agencies include investments in government-sponsored enterprises such as Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Banks, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation'

Pension Trust Funds U.S. and Foreign' [!]	; [:] u:i ≡ j		<i:'js -∎<="" th="" ∎∎,∎';.':=""><th></th></i:'js>	
Government Agencies	\$ '-"268,952 ' [!] ^'° ' [;] 241	I-993 ^{∨ĸ} "\$ ^{v/f} 'i56"ub	6'\$ 361,048 \$1,0	27,999
Corporate BondJ£p£.^	768,419 ^-^5	06;897~:-';' : 362	i282 ' 231,212 1,80	68,810
Corporate Equities "	5,061,898	-	-	- 5,061,898
Pooled Funds	28,134	2,092	18,709	- 48,935
lj '>-r.j LReal Estate/J:.v,H.:,:	. n<. 646,87,1,;-,,,'.k‴ o	or,i,i.f!:;njLrii	∎y,-iO >.:;-,: ci h;	646;871 ' .
M'/A":'; ; Securities Receivedfi;om ■■	r¹: ; ■ <.,< :-i"v yt0	Oi' !∎i-n~:F."r.ir-	'::rv	
v.v,,: , . ;Securities Lending.,.,	.•; 699,769	2. 2		9,769
s\: :;,-;yenture.Capital:>.:-;:	309,692-; _{Ivjv} ,,	-,	; ,,y _{;I} 309	9,692
j'v: • -Certificates x>f,.Deposit and;<,	>;	;'•::.∎:■■	;∎••: ∎•. ¹ •∎ ;-,(∎	i∎ ;i
»'.'•<.∎:∎∎ *u iP^NrShort-termi;:. !∎/.:).•,∎	∎ ∎, ,161,508 ∎	j∨ ':∎∎∎	i:∎.<∎∎;'si r:3 t-	" • v/161,508
Derivatives	66		1; ∎	∎ _к 66
<u>Other</u>	<u>38,933</u>	<u>6,459</u>	2,653 ^	48,045
Total Pension Trust Funds	<u>\$ 7,984,242 </u> \$	757,441 \$ 539	9,650 \$ 592,260 \$	<u>\$ 9,873,593</u>
Total	<u>\$ 12,111,877 \$ 2,0</u>	639,056 \$ 1,08	7,982 \$ 753,365	<u>\$ 16,592,280</u>

i)~ 'Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits all securities so purchased, except tax anticipation warrants, municipal bonds, notes, commercial paper or other instruments representing a debt obligation of the City, which shall show on their face that they are fully payable as to principal and interest, where applicable, if any, within thirty years from the date of purchase.

ii) Credit Risk - With regard to credit risk, the Code limits the investments in securities to:

- 1) Interest-bearing general obligations of the United States and the State of Illinois;
- 2) United States treasury bills and other non-interest bearing general obligations of the United States or United States government agencies when offered for sale at a price below the face value of same, so as to afford the city a return on such investment in lieu of interest;

48

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

- 3) Tax anticipation warrants, municipal bonds, notes, commercial paper or other instruments representing a debt obligation issued by the City of Chicago;
- 4) Commercial paper which: (1) at the time of purchase, is rated in the two highest classifications by at least two accredited ratings agencies; and (2) matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase;
- 5) Reverse repurchase agreement if: (1) the term does not exceed 90 days; and (2) the maturity of the investment acquired with the proceeds of the reverse repurchase agreement does not exceed the expiration date of the reverse repurchase agreement; Reverse repurchase agreements may be transacted with primary dealers and financial institutions, provided that the City has on file a master repurchase agreement;
- 6) Certificates of deposit of banks or savings and loan associations designated as municipal depositories which are insured by federal deposit insurance; provided that any amount of the deposit in excess of the federal deposit insurance shall be collateralized as noted in Custodial Credit Risk -Cash and Certificates of Deposit below;
- 7) Bankers acceptance of banks whose senior obligations, at the time of purchase, are rated in either the AAA or AA rating categories by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
- 8) Tax-exempt securities exempt from federal arbitrage provisions applicable to investments of proceeds of the City's tax -exempt debt obligations;
- Domestic money market mutual funds regulated by and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission; provided that such money market mutual funds' portfolios are limited to investments authorized by this section;
- 10) Any other suitable investment instrument permitted by state laws governing municipal investments generally, subject to the reasonable exercise of prudence in making investments of public funds;
- 11) Except where otherwise restricted or prohibited, a non-interest-bearing savings account, non-interest-bearing checking account or other non-interest bearing demand account established in a national or state bank, or a federal or state savings and loan association, when, in the determination of the treasurer, the placement of such funds in the non-interest bearing account is used as compensating balances to offset fees associated with that account that will result in cost savings to the City;
- 12) Bonds of companies organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500.0 million that, at the time of purchase, are rated not less than A-, or equivalent rating, by at least two accredited ratings
- agencies;,,
- 13) Debt instruments of international financial institutions, including but not limited to the World Bank and the international Monetary Fund, that, at the time of purchase, are rated within 4 intermediate credit ratings of the United States sovereign credit rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies, but not less than an A-rating, or equivalent rating. The maturity of investments authorized in this subsection shall not exceed 10 years. For purposes of this subsection, an "international financial institution" means' a financial institution that has been established or chartered by more than one country and the owners or shareholders are generally national governments or other international institutions such as the United Nations;
- 14) United States dollar denominated debt instruments of foreign sovereignties that, at the time of purchase, are rated within 4 intermediate credit ratings of the United States sovereign credit rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies, but not less than an A-rating or-equivalent rating;
- 15) Interest-bearing bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school

district, of the State of Illinois, of any other state, or of any political subdivision or agency of the State of Illinois or of any other state, whether the interest earned thereon is taxable or tax-exempt under federal law. The bonds shall be registered in the name of the city or held under a custodial agreement at a bank. The bonds shall be rated, at the time of purchase, not less than A-, or equivalent rating, by at least two accredited rating agencies with nationally recognized expertise in

49

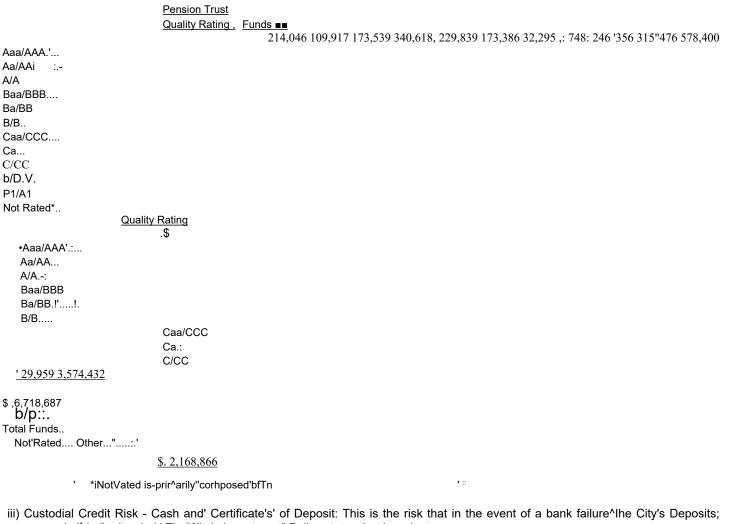
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions;

- 16) Bonds registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and for which the full faith and credit of the State of Israel is pledged for payment; provided that the bonds have an A-rating or above or equivalent rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
- 17) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other similar obligations of agencies of the United States rated, at the time of purchase, no less than AAA by at least two accredited rating agencies.

Total holdings across all funds held by the treasurer shall have no less'than an overall average rating of Aa1 on a quarterly, basis, as rated by two accredited rating'agencies. The following schedule summarizes the City's and Pension Trust Funds' exposure to credit risk (in thousands): <u>City</u>

158:839 2,298:276 643,100 14,081



iii) Custodial Credit Risk - Cash and' Certificate's' of Deposit: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure^lhe City's Deposits; may.-riot'¹ be" re'tum'ed;' Theⁱ'O'ity's Investment":Policy states that in order to 'protect" trie' City publicfund deposits;' depository institutions' areMornaihtairi c on City deposits and certificates of deposit during the term of the deposit.

For certificates; of deposit of banks'or savings and loan associations designated as municipal 'depositories

- ¹; which are insured by fe7j[·]erar'de^rpositMrisurahce;"ariy 'ambuhfaf the deposit in 'excess of the federal
 - deposit insurance shall be either: (1) fully collateralized at least 102 percent by: "(i) Marketable U.S.
- ; government securities marked to market at least monthly; (ii) bonds,, notes,, or- other securities constituting
- ,'w :•.. the ;direptsanfj; general obligation of>.any,agency. orv-instru.mentality .of^tlje i.United j .States; or (iii) bonds,

; ,,,notes^prrp,ther,securitiesconstituting, a direct and;gener,al.pbligatipn;Of:anyj

- of any_Tpolitica!; S.ubdivisipn or agency of the State of Illinois or any other state which are-rated in either the !> AAA.pf': AA. rating categories by at. least ,two accredited ratings,agencies^and maintaining such rating during,the,term, of,sucht investments; ,(2), secured by ajporporate ,surety, bond issued.by an insurance company licensed to do business in Illinois and having a claims-paying rating in the top rating category as rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and maintaining such rating during the term of such investment; or (3) fully collateralized at least 102*percenrby⁵an •'irreVoceble' (efter of credit issued ■ in favor bf the City of "Chicago by-the Federal'Home Loan Bank, provided that the Federal Home Loan Bank's short-term debt obligations are rated in the highest rating category by at least one accredited ratings agency throughout the term of the certificate of, deposit.

⁵ The' collateral required to secure City funds must be held in safekeeping and pursuant to collateral '**a** agreements which would prohibit release or substitution of pledged assets without proper written notification and authorization of the City Treasurer. The final maturity of acceptable collateral pledged shall hot exceed 120 months.

50

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

The bank balance of cash and certificates of deposit with the City's various municipal depositories was \$626.6 million. 98.3 percent of the bank balance was either insured or collateralized with securities held by City agents in the City's name. \$10.5 million was uncollateralized at December 31, 2015, and thus was subject to custodial credit risk.

iv) Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The City has no custodial credit risk, exposure because investment securities are insured, registered and held by the City.

city, village,

51

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

v) Foreign Currency Risk - In the case of the Pension Trust Funds, this is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The risk of loss is managed by limiting its exposure to fair value loss by requiring their international securities managers to maintain diversified portfolios. The following schedule summarizes the Pension Trust Funds' exposure to foreign currency risk (in thousands):

Foreign Currency Risk	
Australian dollar∎:	\$ 52,232 "
Brazilian real	25,609
British pound:	339,778
Canadian dollar	58,646
Chilean peso	1,782
Chinese yuan	(64)
Columbian peso	1,471
Costa Rica colon	54
Czech Republic koruna	2,897
Danish krone	27,610
Egyptian pound	299
European euro	384,275
HK Chinese Yuan renminbi	1
Hong Kong dollar	150,575
Hungarian forint	377
Indian rupee	41,962
Indonesian rupiah	17,462
Japanese yen	334,440
Malaysian ringgit	6,669
Mexican peso	25,405

	New Israeli shekel New Romanian leu New Taiwan dollar New Zealand dollar Norwegian krone Pakistan rupee Peruvian Nuevo Sol	9,497 (1) 32,036 1,078 15,429 380 (1)
	Philippines peso Polish zloty	6,493 3,390
	Qatari riyal	602
	Russian ruble	129
	Singapore dollar	11,021
	South African rand	28,168
	South Korean won	56,261
 Swedish krona. 	50,990)
	Swiss franc	93,798
	Taiwan dollar	5,529
	Thailand baht	11,737
	Turkish lira	11,649
	United Arab Emirates dirham	4,313
	Uruguayan peso	8
	Total Pension Trust Funds	\$ 1,813,986"

52

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

vi) The following schedule summarizes the cash and investments reported in the basic financial statements (dollars in thousands):

Per Note 4:	
Investments - City	\$ 6,718,687
Investments - Pension Trust Funds	<u>9,873,593</u>
	<u>\$ 16,592,280</u>
Per Financial Statements:	
Restricted Investments	\$ 2,443,048
Unrestricted Investments	913,742
Investments with Fiduciary Funds	9,056,680
Investments with Escrow Agent	666,686
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	699,769'
Investments Included as Cash and Cash	
Equivalents on the Statement of Net Position	<u>2,812,355</u>
	\$ 16,592,280

5) Property Tax

The City's property tax becomes a lien on real property on January 1 of the year it is levied. The Cook County Assessor (Assessor) is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within Cook County (County), except for certain railroad property assessed directly by the State. The County Board has established a triennial cycle of reassessment in which one-third of the County will be

reassessed each year on a repeating schedule established by the Assessor.

Property in the County is separated into fifteen classifications for assessment purposes. After the Assessor establishes the fair market value of a parcel of land, that value is multiplied by one of the classification percentages to arrive at the assessed valuation (Assessed Valuation) for that parcel. These percentages range from 10.0 percent for certain residential, commercial, and industrial property to 25.0 percent for other commercial and industrial property.

The Illinois Department- of Revenue has- the statutory responsibility of ensuring uniformity of real property assessments throughout the State. Each year, the Department of Revenue furnishes the county clerks with an adjustment factor to equalize the level of assessment among counties. This factor (Equalization Factor) is then applied to the Assessed Valuation to compute the valuation of property to which a tax rate will be applied (Equalized Assessed Valuation). The County Clerk adds the Equalized Assessed Valuation of all real property in the County to the valuation of property assessed directly by the State and subtracts total amounts of EAV in Tax Increment Financing Districts to arrive at the base amount (Tax Base) used in calculating the annual tax rates.

The County Clerk computes the annual tax rate by dividing the levy by the Tax Base and then computes the rate for each parcel of real property by aggregating the tax rates of all governmental units having jurisdiction over that particular parcel. The County Treasurer then issues the tax bills. Property taxes are deposited with the County Treasurer, who remits to the City its respective share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year on March 1 and August 1 or 30 days from mailing of tax bills if later than July 1. The first installment is 55.0 percent of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment tax bill equals the total tax liability for the year minus the first installment tax bill amount.

The City Council adopted an ordinance effective in 1994 limiting the City's aggregate property tax levy to an amount equal to the prior year's aggregate.property tax levy plus the lesser of (a) five percent or (b) the percentage increase in the annualized Consumer Price Index. The ordinance provides an exception for that portion of any property tax debt service levy equal to the aggregate interest and principal payments on the City's general obligation bonds and notes during the 12-month period ended January 1, 1994, subject to annual increase in the manner described above for the aggregate levy, all as provided by the ordinance. Most general obligation bond levies approved after 2001 have also been excluded from this limit. In 2015 the City Council added an exception for portions of the property tax levy used to meet the City's pension obligations.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

On October 28, 2015, the City increased its 2015 property tax levy by \$318.2 million to provide for the additional pension fund contributions required under legislation adopted by the Illinois General Assembly in the spring of 2015. The amended levy provided an additional \$221.9 million in contributions for the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund and an additional \$96.2 million in contributions for the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund.,

6) Interfund Balances and Transfers

a) The following balances at December 31, 2015 represent due from/to balances among all funds (dollars in

thousands):		■ ľ-
Fund Type/Fund	Due From•	<u>Due To</u>
Governmental Funds:		
General	\$	154,104\$ 167,001
Federal, State and Local Grants		50,724 ' w 261,316
Special Taxjng Areas .:	: ', ,	• 180,269-•', ,10,794
Service Concession and Reserve	:.	,3,183
Bond, Note _{(Redemption and Interest}		. 32,161 104,247
Community Development and Improvement P	'rojects	100,817 19,321
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>96,03</u>	<u>3 164,144</u>
Total Governmental Funds		614,108730,006;
Enterprise Funds:		
' : ' ''. Water''''	'''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''	'22,061'
,.''"'∎''' Sewer .''.'''''	26,192	; 14;1'32
		7 005

	66 [.] <i>(</i> ,225
""" i "Chicago-O'Hare Inferriati6hal [!] Air'po'rt:;:7'.V' ^{:::} '" 31,532 <i>Chicago Skyway</i>	."''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''
Total Enterprise Funds	_v ,.92,962
∎ru: ∎ . Fiduciary activities: ∎ ∎ -''; -,.	yy∎
"'.:: ∎'. Pension Trust: ,.:: :::./.:;∎'∎T.Vw'r-\	√ 69,758., ,-, , ,,,:,/ >∎>?,-?.,,
, '; = = ,/:- =	
[:] "c" ' "'•'' TotalFiduciary [!] activities?:.:::L^	■'■ [;] 69;758- ^{:1} "
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u>,,,,,</u> , Total,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u>776,828\$</u> <u>776,828</u>
The :balarices:>result .from the^time lag between thetdates that (1)'interfund	'goods and iservicesare provided -or
•;ifeimbursable,iexpenditures- occur, (2) transactions are recorded' in' the ac	counting system; and (3) payments
■ betweenfundsiare made. '.?«■■ , -<■:■■,'.;■■■■>■■	.'= fU' -n^ = l-lsv =
b] ""The"followingbalan^is.at December 31, 20'15,rep	present interfund transfers among ail funds (Sb.Nars in
liousanus).	
, Fund Type/Fund .,, Tra	
>• • Governmental :Funds:, .; vye. ,,,,. ,, j ,.!∎;,•,	
'General.^::: ::::.::::::::::::::::::::::	34,551 S 12,760' i;,,'• ■ -IOjOOOt ••
.;>,• Special Taxing Areas: . 6,632	,
•>-∎.,')"•∎ .∎ \M'!;i ^I S.eivicerCo.ncessionand-Reserve. :,:•,<:;.'∎	
'∎:> i\o	
Bond, Note Redemption and Interest. ::.7',3_67t^ 1.1.	
Community Development and Improvement Proj Nonmajor Governmental Funds	ects 38,057 1,096 . '143,002 . 31,970
	<u>29,609</u> \$'228,984 •'':.'∎•-
Busih'ess^ty'pe activities: • Wato'r'.;i:::	• ■• - ' <u>'</u> " " ' '625
	- <u> </u>
<u>Total Business-type activities</u>	<u>\$</u> <u>.625</u>
<u>" Total</u> <u>\$ 2</u>	29,609 \$. 229,609

54

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that the statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them and to move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due.

7) Capital Assets

a) Capital Assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows (dollars in thousands):

Balance January 1, 2015

Governmental activities:Capital assets, not being depreciated:Land\$ 1,392,833Works of Art and Historical Collections45,232Construction in Progress545,529Total capital assets, not being depreciated1,983,594

Capital assets, being depreciated:

Buildings and Other Improvements Machinery and Equipment <u>Infrastructure</u> Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,574,150 1,439,294 <u>8,410,792</u> 12,424,236		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Other Improvements Machinery and Equipment <u>Infrastructure</u> <u>Total accumulated depreciation</u> <u>Total capital assets, being depreciated, net</u> Total governmental activities	' 944,084 1,203,986 <u>3,978,586</u> <u>6,126,656</u> <u>6,297,580</u> _\$_ 8,281,174		
Business-type activities:. Capital assets, not being.depreciated: Land <u>Construction in Progress</u> <u>Total capital assets, not being depreciated</u>	\$ 1,018,701 <u>1,256,264</u> <u>2,274,965</u>		
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Other Improvements <u>Machinery and Equipment</u> Total capital assets, being depreciated	16,051,676 <u>685,633</u> 16,737,309		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Other Improvements <u>Machinery and Equipment</u> <u>Total accumulated depreciation</u>	4,824,614 <u>365,174</u> <u>5,189,788</u>		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>11,547,521</u>		
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 13,822,486</u>		
<u>Total Capital Assets</u>	<u>\$ 22,103,660</u> Balance Dece	ember 31, 2015	528 496 519,933 520,957

(409,613)

2,094,938

(14,595) 489,378

46,842 55,726 386,810

<u>\$ 1,393,361 (134) 45,594 (409,479) 655,983</u>

66,232 59,201 248,263

 $\begin{array}{r} \underline{2,620,992\ 1,480,425\ 8,797,602}\\ (14,595) & \bullet \ 12,899,019\\ \hline (14,595)\\ \underline{373,696}\\ (14,595) \end{array}$

1,010,316 1,248,592 4,226,849 6,485,757

6,413,262

115,682 2,458 742,567	
2,130 112,301	1,021,159 740,434
\$ 636,639 \$ (409,613) \$ 8,508,200 745,025	
	.\$ - \$
(1.250.207)	(1,258,397)
(1,258,397)	1,325,123 5,824 1,330;947
	<u>1,761,593</u> 334,885 1,400
336,291	
(8,689) (1,874)	
	17,711,684 692,863 18,404,547
358,723 20,699 379,422	
(10,563) 346,854	
	5,174,648 383,999 5,558,647
12,845,900 951,525	
\$ 1,696,550 \$ (911,543) \$ 14,607,493 \$ 2,333,	189 \$ (1,321,156) \$ 23,115,693
55	
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015	

Governmental-activities:	
General Government	\$ 42,410
Public Safety	34,729
Streets and Sanitation :	14,882
Transportation	257,044
Health.:,,•.''.	728
Cultural and Recreational	<u>23,903</u>
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental activities	<u>\$ 373,696</u>
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$"" 56,091
Sewer "	, 37.431.
Chicago Midway International Airport	47,660
Chicago-O'Hare .International Airport	229,625

Chicago Skyway	<u>:</u>		8,615
Total Depreciation Expense - Business	\$ ^{J ' :} 379,422		
8) Leases			

a); Operating Leases

The City leases building and office facilities under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such-leases were .approximately \$13.5 million <fpr the year ended, D.ecember 31, 2015. ; e, if,V_{1:10} - <-. ■ ■ _____, ..-

Th'e-future minimum lease payments for these leases'are as follows (dollars in thousands):

:'	.2016 20'17- 1V	::.:l:::"'			\$ 1! 5,809 ^{::} '	5,905
	2018 .'∎.''.:		- 1	•• 5,583-• '		
	,2019 V ;.":	,	5	,363 : ;,.		
	•2026;'	::."∎.:±±.			4,	631
	2021 -2025				10,68	33' [;]
	2026 - 2030				593	3-
	2031 - 2035ivU:		*		10)9•
	'2036- 2040::::				109:	-
	2041 -2042,;:.	,.V <u>;</u> :		;	44	. <===
	Total Future Rental Expense		\$;- :, 48,229)i∎,.	

b) Capital Leases'

During 2005, the City- entered into a'saie.and leaseback agreement with third -parties.pertaining.to">http://third>-parties.pertaining.to-parties.pertaining.to">http://third>-parties.pertaining.to the City- owned

portion of the Orange Line rapid transit rail line with a book value of \$430.8 million at December 31., 2005. Under

the lease agreement, which provides certain cash and tax benefits to the third party, the City entered into'a long-

term lease for applicable assets back tolhe City under a lease.

In June 2015, the City ."terminated, a sale arid leaseback agreement with third parties pertaining to a City-owned portion of the Orange Line rapid transit rail line. The lease was terminated and the City regained unrestricted title to the transit line. Under the termination agreement- relating to the rapid transit line, the City paid a net amount of \$167.9. million to Prudential and a net payment of \$52.5 million_tto Citizens Asset Finance.

n nj

30	J	υ.
----	---	----

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

c) Lease Receivables

Most of the O'Hare land, buildings and terminal space are leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

2016		\$ 97,549
	2017	97,555
	2018	96,357
	2019	95,340

2020	1,597
2021 - 2025	8,302
2026 - 2030	9,592
2031 - 2035	9,564 .
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	<u>\$ 415,856</u>

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on the tenants' revenues or fuel flow are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for O'Hare, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except ramp rentals and automobile parking, amounted to \$414.2 million, including contingent rentals of \$87.0 million.

Most of the Midway land and terminal space is leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

2016	\$ 38,833
2017	38,788
2018	38,566
2019	38,566
2020	38,566
2021 -2025	192,831
<u> 2026 - 2030</u>	<u>192,831</u>
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	<u>JS</u> <u>578,981</u>

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on tenants' revenues are not included in minimum future rental income: Rental income for Midway, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except aircraft parking fees and certain departure fees (turns) and automobile parking, amounted to \$92.3 million, including contingent rentals of \$40.0 million.

9) Short-term Debt

a) Matured bonds represent principal due on coupon bonds in which the coupons have not been presented for payment. As of December 31, 2015, the outstanding balance was at \$0.7 million.

57

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

.

10) Long-term Obligations

a) Long-term Debt activity for the year ended December31, 2015 was as follows (in thousands):

	■ •■ Amounts				
	Balance		Balance Due		
	January 1	,	De	cember 31, with	<u>iin</u>
	<u>2015*</u>	Additions	Reductions	<u>2015</u>	<u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities: Bonds					

and notes payable:				
General obligation and other debt	\$ 8,335,506	\$ 1,327,521	\$ 298,629 \$	9,364,398 \$168,071
Tax increment	74,395	-	9,035	65,360 9,540
Revenue	<u>743,795</u>	<u>28,657</u>	<u>18,400</u>	<u>,754,052</u> <u>18,170</u>
	9,153,696	1,356,178	326,064	10,183,810 195,781
Add unamortized premiunV(discount)	.,154,767	. (23,108)	14,460 1 <i>1</i>	17,199
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds=	i ' 298,012 ∎	∎ 31,506	" <u>22;213</u>	<u>307,305 19,949</u>
Total bonds; notes arid certificates payable	9,606,475	1,364,576	'• 362,737	10 608,'314 ' 215,730
Other liabilities;				• ••' '-V
Net Rensionvliability *: ::.x.:.T8,345	:143'	-1	,	
Other postemployment benefits obligation *			38,409 214,535	
Lease obligations			,052122,910 -	
Pollution Remediation .,:,:	8,		4,318 -	'••' 32,850
Claims and judgments	<u>90</u>	<u>)0,616</u> <u>1</u> ;	<u>36,201 186</u>	<u>5,256• "'850,561 102,414</u>
<u>Total other liabilities \.</u>	<u>19</u>	9,624,093 <u>1</u>	<u>1,519,122</u>	<u>347,575</u> <u>30;795,640 102,414</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 29,230,568</u>	\$ 12,883,698	<u>\$ 710,312 </u>	41;403,954 \$ 318,144
Business-type activities:			; = =' '	
Revenue bonds and notes payable: ;r-i.iiorv re-: •••■:; . ; .:•;.•••■••! i" •' • ■• •: :<:				.:::;~i.:; ■ ":::i-
	i:~::'∎ •., \$ ⊧2 381 7«7/1	\$ 62.059	9 . \$^52 435	\$. 2,391,395. \$.65,758
_t Sev^fep•^ [:] ::i>.^v:^u.J.v.:J^/.^v<.^:^^.				
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	7,527,336	2,023,142	∎ ^{:;} 2;083,993 ••	'••• ^{!:} '7 [,] ,466':485' ^{:_i} 221;220
Chicago Midway International Airport	<u>1,523,590</u>	1	<u>17,265</u>	<u>1,506,325</u> <u>23,470</u>
	13,071,632	2,172,281	2,193,530	13,050,383 < 356,875
Add unamortized prerniurrv(discount),:.	,. 442,'259;'	i •_ :, 243,81-1	• ;j;57;903	- ••< <u>.</u> .628;.1.67,.j _. , :,
Add accretion of capital appreciation [;] bdhds:	: ••-•> 88'	"?708 V ^{1 ;} "8,	'310 '' 9,571'	' ' ' 87^447 [;] - 9,953
Net Pension liability *	1,745,446	2,403,029	- 4,148	3,475
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 15,348,045</u>	\$ 4,827,431	\$ 2,261,004 \$	17,914,472 \$ 366,828
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$ 44,578,613</u>	\$ 17,711,129	\$ 2,971,316	<u>\$ 59,318,426 </u>

* Due to the implementation of GASB 68, the beginning balance related to Pension obligation has been restated and classified separately from Other Post-Employment Benefit obligation.

The Pension obligation liability will be liquidated through a Special Revenue Fund (Pension Fund) as provided by tax levy and other operating revenues.

58

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

b) Issuance of New Debt

i) Line of Credit

During 2015, the City drew \$239.1 million from its line of credit to fund certain capital projects, debt

refinancing or restructuring, and operating uses. The City has excluded this line of credit amount from current liabilities, as it intends and has the ability to refinance the obligation on a long-term basis.

ii) General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A (\$345.5 million), and Taxable Series 2015B (\$742.9 million) were sold at a discount in July 2015. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 5.0 percent to 7.75 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2019 to January 1, 2042. Net proceeds of \$1,064.8 million will be used to repay indebtedness incurred by the City under its Short Term Borrowing Program; fund the cost of terminating the sale/leaseback of the Orange Line rapid transit rail line; reimburse the City's General Fund for the cost of terminating an interest rate swap associated with the City's sales tax revenue bonds (\$887.0 million), and to fund capitalized interest (\$177.8 million).

iii) Revenue Loans

In June 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with the United States Department of Transportation under the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) program.to complete the Wacker Drive Reconstruction Project. The loan amount of \$98.66 million will fund the Chicago Riverwalk along the main branch of the Chicago River. The interest rate is 3.33 percent and the final maturity of the . loan is January 1, 2048. As of December 31, 2015, the total outstanding loan amount is \$45.8 million. Total loan disbursements made to the City in 2015 were \$28.7 million.

iv) Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes

In August 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with the United States Department of •Transportation under the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) program to fund a portion of Consolidated Rental Car Facility at O'Hare, additions, extensions and improvements to the airport transit system (ATS) including the purchase of new ATS vehicles and certain public parking facilities. The loan amount of \$288.1 million is subordinate, to > the O'Hare Customer Facility Charge Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2013. The interest rate is 3:86 percent and the final maturity of loan is January 1, 2052. There were no loan disbursements made to the City as of December 31, 2015.

Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Revenue and Revenue Refunding

Bonds, Series 2015A-D (\$1,947.4 million) were sold at a premium in October 2015. The bonds have

interest rates ranging from 2.0'percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2016 to January

1, 2046. The net proceeds of \$2,152.9. million will be used to fund certain capital projects (\$196.3

million), repay certain outstanding Commercial Paper (\$126.8 million), to refund certain General Airport

Revenue Bonds maturities of bonds outstanding (\$1,807.7 million), to fund debt service reserves (\$8.9

million), and to fund capitalized interest (\$13:2 million). The current refunding of the bonds decreased the

City's total debt service payments by \$312.1 million, resulted in a net economic gain of approximately

\$223.5 million and a book loss of approximately \$19.4.million_i

A loan agreement was signed on March 3, 2014, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency to replace approximately 26 miles of damaged, undersized watermains located throughout the City with new 8-inch'diameter watermain. In 2015, the Water Fund drew \$47.0 million from this loan agreement. The loan has an interest rate of 1.995 percent with the maturity dates from December 17, 2015 to June 17, 2035.

A loan agreement was signed on October 15, 2014, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency to install water meters at residents throughout the City that are currently unmetered. Private contractors will

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

perform the installation of new meters that will be equipped with AMR (Automatic Meter Reading) capabilities. In 2015, the Water Fund drew \$15.0 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.995 percent with maturity dates from April 14, 2016 to ApriM'4", 2035.

Second Lien Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 (\$87.1 million) were sold at par in October 2015. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.591 percent to 6.042 percent and maturity dates from January V 2018 to January 1, 2039.'. The net proceeds of \$86.4 million were used to refund the Line of Credit Notes used for the swap termination (\$70.2 million), to fund debt service reserves (\$10.5 million), and to fund capitalized interest (\$5.7 million).

v) Bond Conversions

In May 2015, the City converted its General Obligation Bonds (Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program), Series

2002B (\$176.2 million) from variable rate to fixed rate. The bonds were, converted at interest rates

ranging from 5.0 percent to 5.5 percent and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates from January 1,

2016 ito/January 1..2037-. '.Proceedsvwere used-to ipay a iportion'.of the purchase price>of the bonds

mandatorily tendered on the conversion date and the costs of conversion .: The remaining, portion of \$24.8

;>:,, . , i million was redeemed by the City; '.- ∎!-•;-:■ ;»!

-ilh.May 2015,u.th'esCity"convertedi its::General 'Obligation iBondS;• Project and: Refunding Series 2003B (\$170.1 million) from variab'leTate" to fixed rate.': The bonds:were converted at;interest/rates ranging from 5.0 percent to 5.5 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2016 to January 1, 2034. Proceeds were used to pay a portion of the purchase price of the'bondsamandatorily tendered on ^thexonversion date and the costs of conversion. The remaining portion of \$11.8 million was redeemed by the City.

. In June 12015; ^the.Cityfconvertediiits'.-General^Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2005D

(\$174.0^million) from variable rate to Tixed. rate. The bonds were converted at an interest rate of 5.5

:'**=** - -j - :-:--; •,

[•ri, i.-percenti-andirmahda'tory?sinking' fund., or >maturity dates 'frofh^" Januar.y-,-1; -: 2033rto January 1, 2040.

:,r::==: 's, Proceeds'were, used to~ pay a portion.of the purchase price of the bonds mandatorily .'tendered on the

•?='!.':•,-» ...'.conversion' date .and ithe<c6sts of conversion<.- The rerriaining"portion of \$48.8'million was redeemed by

the City.'i ^ -J ∎ ∎:,•',

f In dune 2015, the City converted its General'Obligation Bonds, Refunding .'Series 2007B,;F and G (\$153.7 • >:r.: >;milli6n)Tforh variable rate to,fixed rate. (The bonds were converted at an interest rate of-5.5'percent and . mandatory sinking .fund or maturity dates from-January .1, 2034(to January>1;,2042; ;: Proceeds were used • ...-to-pay.a portion'of:th'e purchase:price of. therbonds; mandatorily tendered on the conversion date and the-~ '~ "costs of"conversion;[:] Thejremairting'portion.of \$46:3.million:was'redeemedibyithe City.: !>v

In June 2015,' the City converted its Sales Tax-Revenue Refunding!Bonds, Series' 2002 ;(\$111.7 million) • oi :: from variable rate to

',t.∎

fixed-rate.-- The:bonds' v/ere-cohverted:at interest rates ranging from-2.0 percent to 5.0 percent. Proceeds were used tor pay the purchase price of the-.bonds mandatorily'tehdered on the conversion date and the costs of conversion.

In October 2015, the-City converted \$332.2 million'outstanding of the Series 2008C Second Lien ', Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bondsito fixed-rate at a premium. The bonds: have interest rates¹ ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates ranging from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2039. The net proceeds of \$357.0 million were used to pay the mandatory tender prices of the Series 2008C Bonds (\$332.2 million) and to fund a debt service reserve (\$24.8 million).

60

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

c) Annual requirements listed below for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2016 have been excluded because funds for their payment have been provided for. Annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of December 31, 2015 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	General Obliga	tion	-	Tax Increme	nt
Year EndingPrir	ncipalInterestPrincipal	Inte	erest		
December 31,					
2016	\$ 248,802\$ 513,801\$ 10	,640 \$1	,795		
2017	272,292502,58711,795 1,56	6			
2018	294,922490,14116,010 1,29	5			
2019	306,743476,1996,020 960				
2020	322,009463,7494,135 706				
2021-2025	1,598,9052,114,82012,060 6	86			
2026-2030	1,777,1481,737,110				
2031-2035	2,264,4231,121,593				
2036-2040	1,394,481500,995				
<u>2041-2045</u>	<u>517,52051,425 </u>	:			
	<u>\$8,997,245</u>	<u>\$7,972,4</u>	20 \$	60,660	\$7,008

	<u>Revenue</u>	Business-type Activities
Year. Ending	PrincipalInterestPrincip	erest
December 31,		
2016	\$ 17,880\$ 35,171	\$ 356,875 \$ 610,644
2017	18,25034,27539	5,964 628,149
2018	19,15033,385.45	1,027 608,856
2019	20,33532,445464	1,195 582,617
2020	21,44031,444"44	3,435 569,031
2021-2025	125,590140,3622,242	2,979 2,514,736
2026-2030	138,312131,3252,641,	,795 1,947,968
2031-2035	164,656115,4943,091,	,158 1,183,840
2036-2040	210,27029,7852,232,3	50 485,013
2041-2045	709,480 58,469	
<u>2046</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>21,125</u> <u>528</u>
	<u>\$ 735,883\$ 583,686\$13,050,3</u>	<u>883 \$ 9,189,851</u>

For the debt requirements calculated above, interest rates for fixed rate bonds debt range from .74 percent to 7.781 percent and interest on. variable rate debt was calculated at the rate in effect or the effective rate of a related swap agreement, if applicable, as of December 31, 2015. Standby bond purchase agreements or letters of credit were issued by third party financial institutions that are

expected to be financially capable of honoring their agreements.

The City's variable rate bonds may bear interest from time to time at a flexible rate, a daily rate, a weekly rate, an adjustable long rate, or the fixed rate as determined by the remarketing agent, in consultation with the City. An irrevocable letter of credit provides for the timely" payment of principal and interest. In the event the bonds are put back to the bank and not successfully remarketed, or if the letter of credit agreements expire without an extension or substitution, the bank bonds will convert to a term loan. There is no principal due on the potential term loans within the next fiscal year.

61

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

d) Derivatives

- i) Interest Rate Swaps
 - (1) Objective of the swaps. In order to protect against the potential of rising interest rates and/or changes in cash flows, the City has entered into various separate interest rate swaps at a cost less than what the City would have, paid to issue fixed-rate debt. (Dollars in thousands).

Fair Value at . December 31, 2015 Classification

Notional Amount

Business-type Activities Hedges-.

Interest Rate Swaps....

Deferred Outflow of Resources

Deferred Outflow of Resources

(2) Terms, fair values, and credit risk. The,-objective and , terms, including the. fair values and credit ratings, of the City's hedging derivative instruments outstanding as of December 31, 2015, are as follows. The notional amounts of the;swaps match the principal amounts of the associated debt. The City's swap agreements . contain scheduled reductions .to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to approximately follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in the associated "bonds payable" .category. Under the .swaps on a net basis for each related series of bonds, the City pays the counterparty a fixed payment and receives a variable payment computed according to the London Interbank-Offered .Rate^(LMBOR) and/btThfe¹ 'Secunties^(LMBOR).'Ihcl'ustry and -"Financial' Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index. The terms as of December 31, 2015, are as follows (dollars in thousands):' '• <:= ***.

	• ■'i';	-	∖ • "i Counter- i,; ■ Termi- party
Associated'.'.; Hedging Instrumen	Notional .Effective . ts		Fair nation Credit
Business-type Act	ivities': ,'		
Chicago Midway	International Airport Revenue	Bonds (Series 26'04C&D) ²	
1/1/2035 1/1/2035			
A3/A Aa1/AA- <u>Bond Issue</u>	Amounts [:] Date	Terms	Values Date Rating

81,885 12/14/2004 _{fc}Pay 4.1.74%; receive'SIFMA Plus .05% ; '\$. (18,423)

(27,127) 11/1/2025 A1/A-(35,932) 11/1/2031 Aa2/AA-

<u>54;590 ""4/21/2011 t[⊻]ay'424'7%; recejw:SIF^A^fPlus .05% .' "(12,937)</u>

Water Variable Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds (Series 2004) .:

Second Lien Water Revenue Refunding Bonds (Series 2000)..

.- (28,747) .11/1/2030, A1/A .'.'....5(123.166) .!:, 'V*.

166,745 ' 8/5/2004 Pay 3.8694%; receive 67% of 1 Mo. Libor . " 177-;830 ' '8/5/2004 -'Pay 3.8669%; receive 67% of

<u>1 Mo. Libor</u>

. . 100,000 4/16/2008...Pay 3.8694%: receive 67% of 1 Mo. Libor

j -. -., . ; TOtal.:.,...:

'See'-Table 31'in'Statistical-SectiorifofCouhterpar^rErititieis'and addiU6naV-^etiail8'forcf^itra6ngs'.^c' "" See Footnote 18 - Subsequent Events for swap terminations and amendments to agreements effective in 2016. ! Type and objective for all the Swaps is the same- as mentioned earlier.

. (3) Fair Value. As of December 31, 2015, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$123.2 million, As.per industry convention, , the. fair values of. the City's outstanding swaps were estimated, using, the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the, future, net settlement payments required by. the swap, assuming that the forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. Because

62

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

interest rates are below the Fixed Rate Paid, the City's swaps had negative values. During 2015, the City terminated the following swaps (dollars in thousands):

	renninauor	
Associated Bond Issue: Amount		
Series 2003B General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds	\$ 30,951.5	
Series 2005D General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds	62,815.5	
Series 2007EFG General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds	62,007.0	
Series 2002 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Variable Rate Bonds	28,968.0	
Series 2008C Second Lien Wastewater Transmission		
Variable Rate Revenue Refunding Bonds		70,243.0
Series 1999A Near North Tax Increment Financing Bonds	2,240.0	

Swap termination payments were recorded as Interest and Other Fiscal Charges.

- 4) Credit Risk. The City is exposed to credit risk (counterparty risk) through the counterparties with which it enters into agreements. If minimum credit rating requirements are not maintained, the counterparty is required to post collateral to a third party. This protects the City by mitigating the credit risk, and therefore the ability to pay a termination payment, inherent in a swap. "Collateral on all swaps is to be in the form of cash or Eligible Collateral held by a third-party custodian. Upon credit events, the swaps also allow transfers, credit support, and termination if the counterparty is unable to meet the said credit requirements.'
- 5) Basis Risk. Basis risk refers to the mismatch between the variable rate payments received on a swap 'contract and

Termination

the interest payment actually, owed on the bonds. The two significant components driving this risk are credit and SIFMA/LIBOR ratios. Credit may create basis risk because the City's bonds may trade differently than the swap index as a result of a credit change in the City. SIFMA/LIBOR ratios (or spreads) may create basis risk. With percentage of LIBOR swaps, if the City's bonds trade at a higher percentage of LIBOR over the index received on the swap, basis risk is created. This can occur due to many factors including, without limitation, changes in marginal tax rates, tax-exempt status of bonds, and supply and demand for variable rate bonds. The City is exposed to basis risk on all swaps except those that are based on Cost of Funds, which provide cash flows that mirror'those of the underlying bonds. For all other swaps, if the rate paid on the bonds is higher than the rate received, the City is liable for the difference. The difference would need to be available on the debt service payment date and it would add additional underlying cost to the transaction.

- 6) Tax Risk: The swap exposes the City to tax risk or a permanent mismatch'(shortfall) between the floating rate received on the swap and the variable rate paid on the underlying variable-rate bonds due to tax law changes such that the federal or state tax exemption of municipal debt is eliminated or its value reduced. There have been no tax law changes since the execution of the City's swap transactions.
- 7) Termination Risk. The risk that the swap could be terminated as a result of certain events including a ratings downgrade, for the issuer or swap counterparty, covenant violation, .bankruptcy, payment default or other defined events of default. Termination of a swap may result in a payment made by the issuer or to the issuer depending upon the market at the time of termination.
- 8) Rollover Risk. The risk that the City may be exposed to rising variable interest rates if (i) the swap expires or terminates prior to the maturity of the bonds and (ii)" trie City is unable to renew or replace the swap.

63

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

(9) Swap payments and associated debt. As of December 31, 2015, debt service requirements of the City's outstanding variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their term are as follows (dollars in thousands):

					Interest	
	Variab	le-Rate Bo	nds Rat	е		
Year Ending	Principal	Interest		<u>Sw</u>	<u>aps, NetTo</u>	<u>tal</u>
December 31,						
2016	\$	15,725	\$∎	272	\$	22,462\$ 38,459
2017		16,50	• 0	264	21,83	438,598
2018		17,20	0	257	21,17	838,635
2019	25,975:	248			20,46946	6,692
2020		33,950)	235	19,427	753,612
2021 - 2025	224	,010	885	73,7	55298,650	
2026-2030	19	94,550"	397	34	4,310229,2	57
<u>203120,35</u>	<u> </u>	<u>53,140</u>	<u>4-</u> 1		4,413 57	<u>,594</u>
	\$ 581,0	50 S,,.2	2,599 :5	S, • 217,	848 \$-80	1,497

:-v_:. ...

e) Debt Covenants

. |) . Water Fund- The ordinances authorizing the issuance of putstanding Water Revenue Bonds provide for

the creation of separate accounts into which net revenue's,', as^efinedi ,6?. pxocejefjs are ".to be credited, as

appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for 'bonds, as adjusted, equal 120

"'.(',/requirements,.were.met'at becembe"r\3^ V/resfricted asseTtspf \$Si;2'millibh^atp.epe'mber.31',' 20i5','.';'i	specified amounts". The above a balance in
 i TI[^]e prdinahces, a[^] 	Lien Water Eeyenue Bonds provide for
. ;J, o.".'the creation of .separate ;accq'uhts.intqjwhich	as. appropriate.". The ordinances
., *require" that net reyenuesVare,^ to.'.the,sum of thje'aggregate ahnual	lj.debt service requirements for the
.,. _{vi} fis.cal.year of .the'butst^	annual debt service
." ".",.i'requirpments pf.the'butsfandin'g'se^ was,met at December 31, 2015.	
.ii) Sewer FundfThe , ordinances authorizin	g the issuance of outstanding. Wastewater Transmission
Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of se	eparate account's into which net revenues, as defined, or

proceeds are to be credited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for

, bonds.equa^ "bonds." this^.refluire

the^outstanding senior lien a^pecembe'r \$%/2\$'i}i£ji\$'\$ewer Rate'^Stabilization account had a

The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Second Lien Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which monies will be deposited, as appropriate., .Tbe.ordinances require that net revenues.equal 100 percent qfthe,sum(.of1 the.,current maximum annual . ., de.bt service"requirements of the.outstanding sen lien bonds arid the.maximum annual debt service requirements of the .second lien bonds." this re'quirement" was met at December',31, 20i5.

iii) Chicago Midway International Airport Fund - The Master'Indenture of Trust securing Chicago Midway . Airport Revenue Bonds requires in each year the City set rates and charges for the use and operation of Midway and for services rendered by the City in the operation of Midway so that revenues, together with any other available monies and the cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of such fiscal year not then required to be deposited in any fund or account, will be at least sufficient (a) to provide for the Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the fiscal year and (b) to provide for the greater of (i) the

64

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

amounts needed to be deposited into the First and Junior Lien Debt Service Funds, the Operations & Maintenance Reserve Account, the Working Capital Account, the First Lien Debt Service Reserve Fund, the Repair and Replacement Fund, and the Special Project Fund and (ii) an amount not less than 125 percent of the Aggregate First Lien Debt Service for such Fiscal Year reduced by an amount equal to the sum of any amount held in any Capitalized Interest Account for disbursement during such Fiscal Year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds. These requirements were met at December 31, 2015.

The Master Indenture of Trust Securing Chicago Midway Airport Second Lien Obligations requires that the City set rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of Midway and for certain services rendered by the City in the operation of Midway in order that in each Fiscal Year, Revenues, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the First Lien Trustee or the Second Lien Trustee with respect to such Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the First Lien Revenue Fund or the Second Lien Revenue Fund on the first day of such Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account under the First Lien Indenture for the Second Lien Indenture, will be at least sufficient (1) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year and (2) to provide for the greater of (A) or (B) as follows: (A) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above; or (B) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above; or (B) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above; or (B) the greater Second Lien Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during such Fiscal Year, reduced by (X) any amount held in any Capitalized Interest Account for disbursement during ; such Bond Year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds, and (Y) any amount held in any capitalized interest account established pursuant to a Supplemental Indenture under the Second Lien - Indenture for disbursement during such Bond Year to pay interest on Second Lien Obligations. These requirements were met at December 31, 2015.

iv) Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund - The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Obligations requires that Revenues in each Fiscal Year, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the Trustee with respect to that Fiscal Year and any cash balance held "in the Revenue Fund on the first day of that Fiscal Year not then required to be • deposited in any Fund or Account, will be at least sufficient: (i) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fjscal Year; and (ii) to provide for the greater of (a) the sum of the amounts needed to make the deposits required to be made pursuant to all resolutions, ordinances, indentures and trust agreements pursuant to which all outstanding Senior Lien Bonds Obligations or other outstanding Airport Obligations are issued and secured, and (b) one and teh-hundreths times Aggregate Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during that Fiscal Year, reduced by any proceeds of Airport Obligations. This requirement was met at December 31, 2015.

The Master Trust Indenture securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Obligations requires PFC Revenues, as defined, to be deposited into the PFC Revenue Fund. The City covenants to pay from the PFC Revenue Fund not later than the twentieth day of each calendar month the following amounts in the following order of priority: (1) to the Trustee for deposit in the Bond Fund, the sum required to make all of the Sub-Fund Deposits and Other Required Deposits to be disbursed from the Bond Fund [to meet debt service and debt service reserve requirements] in the calendar month pursuant to the Master Indenture; (2) to'make any payments required for the calendar month with respect to Subordinated PFC Obligations; and (3) all moneys and securities remaining in the PFC Revenue Fund shall be transferred by the City (or the Trustee if it then holds the PFC Revenue Fund pursuant to the Master Indenture) to the PFC Capital Fund.

The Indenture of Trust Securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Senior Lien Revenue Bonds requires that, as long as any Bonds remain Outstanding, in each Fiscal Year, the City shall set the amount of the CFC (when multiplied by the total number of projected Contract Days) plus projected Facility Rent at an annual level sufficient to provide sufficient funds (1) to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds due in such Fiscal Year, (2) to reimburse the Rolling Coverage Fund, the

65

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

f) No-Commitment Debt and Public Interest Loans include .various special assessment, private activity

=-=< bonds and Joans. These types of -financings areusedjto provide private'entities'with'low-cost capital financing
 for construction and rehabilitation of facilities deemed to. be: in the .public interest. - Bonds payable on no-commitment debt are not included in the accompanying: financial statements because the City has no o obligation to provide for: their repayment, which is the responsibility of the borrowing: entities. In addition, federal programs/grants, including Community Development .Block Grants >and ^Community Service Block - Grants- provide originat funding-for public interest loans.- Loans receivable are not included as assets \f ., because, payments: received on,loans are<used.toifund new loans or other program activities.in the current year and are not available for. general City operating .purposes.: Loans-providedjto*third parties are recorded : "ir!; as :current and. prior year'.programs/grants expenditures. Funding for .future.-loansvwill be from a^j combination > of the repayment of existing loans and additional funds committed from:future programs/grants expenditures.

g) Defeased Bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net.Positibh because¹ related-assets have been

placed in irrevocable trusts that, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for

payment: of alt principal-and interest. : Defeased3bohds .at;December 31^:2015,(not; including, principal >r payments due January 1,2016v;are as followsi(dollars in thousands):!^:. "'cr.:/ •==.-»;

ν	^ Amount. ∎•ι	
<u></u>	'Defeased Outstanding	
'. ^General Obligation E '.'Lakefroht Millennium	Facilities Bond's -Series 1998"	³ JH%jW∖''%- [∹] '92,965 1^49,880
43.880	Facilities Bond's -Series 1990	. 1.49,000
<u>,,£pecia T,r^</u> .86,665	-Series2001 .!',,.'.,	<u>.',- JJ8,715.".</u>
<u>,005</u> ∎∎^Tdtal∎:∎∎∎:∎∎:∎∎∎∎:∎?∎ .v/::	<u>V</u>	<u>.\$ k482;325 ∎ . \$ 223,510</u>

11) Pension Funds and Other Postemployment Benefits

. a) Pensjpn. ' '..'.',' ,. ".

, General,Information about the Pension Plan . ., . ' %

Plan description - Eligible. City employees,participate jn.one, of four single-employer defined benefit pension , plans (Plans). These Plans are: the'. Municipal Employees! -Annuity and Benefit Fund, of, Chicago (Municipal Employees'); 'the Laborers', and. Retirement Bpard->Employees' Annuity ., and .Benefit' Fund' of Chicago (Laborers'.); the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Policemen's); and the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Firemen's)...,Plans are.administered by individua] retirement boards of trustees comprised of City officials or their designees and of trustees elected by plan members. Certain employees of . the Chicago Board of Education participate, in. Municipal Employees' or Laborers'. Each Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information that can be obtained at www.meabf.org <http://www.meabf.org>, www.labfchicago.org,--> <http://www.labfchicago.org,--> www.chipabf.org>.</hter://www.labfchicago.org,--> </hter://www.labfchicago.org,--> </hter://www.labfchi

66

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Benefits provided - The Plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits as established by State law. Benefits generally vest after 10 years of credited service. Employees qualify for an unreduced retirement age minimum formula annuity based on a combination of years of service and age of retirement. Employees may also receive a reduced retirement age minimum formula annuity if they do not meet the age and service requirements for the unreduced retirement age annuity. The requirement of age and service are different for employees who became members before January 1, 2011, and those who became members on or after January 1, 2011. The annuity is computed by multiplying the final average salary by a percentage ranging from 2.2 percent to 2.5 percent per year of credited service. The final average salary is the employee's

highest average annual salary for any four consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service for participants who became members before January 1, 2011 and any eight consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service for participants who became members on'or after January 1, 2011.

Benefit terms provide for annual adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employees' retirement date. For participants who became members before January 1, 2011, the annual adjustments for Municipal Employees' and. Laborers' are 3.0 percent, compounded, and for Firemen's and Policemen's 3.0 percent, simple, for annuitants born before 1955 and 1.5 percent, simple, born in 1955 or later. For participants that first became members on or after January 1, 2011, the annual adjustments are equal to the lesser of 3.0 percent and 50 percent of CPI-U of the original benefit.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At December 31, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Municipal			
	Employees' I	_aborers' I	Policemen's	Firemen's Total
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	04.004	0.040	40.040	4 700 40 740
currently receiving benefits . Inactive employees entitled '	24,964	3,846	13,210	4,729 46,749
to'ibut not yet receiving benefits	16,268	1,455	63	³⁷ 76 18,436
Active employees	<u>30,683</u>	2,816	12,061	4,735 50,295
	<u>71,915</u>	8,117	25,908	9,540 115,480

Contributions - Historically State, law required City contributions at statutorily, not actuarially, determined rates. State law also requires covered employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries. The City's contribution was calculated based on the total amount of contributions by employees to the Plan made in the calendar year two years prior, multiplied by 1.25 for the Municipal Employees', 1.00 for the Laborers', 2.00 for - - -the Policemenls,.and.2:26 for the. Firemen's. The City's contributions: are ..budgeted.in. the same year as the applicable levy year for the property taxes funding the contributions. The City's contributions are then paid to the pension funds in the following year (which is when the levied property taxes are collected and paid to the City by the Cook County Treasurer).

State law in effect at December 31, 2015 for the Policemen's and Firemen's Plans, known as Public Act 96-1495 (P.A. 96-1495), requires the City to significantly increase contributions to those Plans beginning in 2015. In each year, the City must contribute the amount needed for each Plan to achieve a 90% Funded Ratio by the end of 2040.

Public Act 99-0506 (P.A. 99-0506) was enacted on May 31, 2016. P.A. 99-0506 changed the funding requirements required by P.A 96-1495, providing that the City make a fixed contribution amount for 2015 through 2019 which is significantly larger 4han contributions made prior to the adoption of PA 96-1495 but smaller than the contributions required under P.A. 96-1495. P.A. 99-0506 requires that the City's contributions are at actuarially determined rates beginning in 2020 and future funding be sufficient to produce a funding level of 90% by the year ended December 31, 2055 (instead of 2040 required by P.A. 96-1495). As this law was enacted subsequent to December 31, 2015, the measurement of the City's net pension liability as of December 31, 2015, was not impacted since the liability was measured using the law in effect as of

67

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

December 31, 2015. The City will "be taking into consideration the impact of this new law when measuring the liability in 2016. The new law is expected to increase the City's net pension liability.

The City's contributions to Municipal Employees' and Laborers' are determined pursuant to the formulas set

forth in the Illinois Pension Code (the Pension Code). Pursuant to Public Act 98-0641 (P.A. 98-0641), the

City's contributions to Municipal ;Employees: and Laborers' were scheduled to increase beginning in 2015;

however, in July 2015 the Circuit Court of Cook County'. (Circuit Court) determined P.A. 98-0641. to be

unconstitutional. As a result of such determination by the court, the provisions of the Pension Code

. governing the City's contributions to Municipal'Employees' and Laborers'; have'reverted to the provisions in

effect, prior to the enactment of P.A. 98-0641 ^Furthermore, in March 2016, the Illinois Supreme Court upheld

the ruling made by the Circuit Court; :, m. -,v

Net Pension-Liability

- The City's net pension liability was;measured;as of December 31, -2015, and thertotal pension liability used to

■;" ' calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date:- The actuarial

?*:•• > =•==:u' ■'■ - • reports were provided-by each of-the pension funds.":

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuariahassumptions^applied-to'.alf periods includedMn.the:measurement:

	Municipal ¹				
<u>."v •;</u> <u>-•'</u> <u>.>;:</u>	Employees''La	aborers' P	olicemen's Firem	en's	
Inflation;.;:	Jit; ." 3f0%	3.0%	- === y*r^'.3-<09	%r'2>:5%	
Salary Increases	4.5% - 8.25% (a)	3.75% (b)	. 3:75% (c)' »	3.75% (d)	
'Investment Rate of Return	MU: 7i5%<'(e)	. 7.5%j(f)-i	i?c yrs:.:7:5% '	orj-j7:5%	
" "(a) Varying by years "of service	:		-	. ∎>'-"'m: '	
, ,;.(b) Plus, a servicebased increas	se ;in;the first -15 yea	rs (c) Plus			
additional percentage related[To s	•	()			
 .:(d) Plus additional.service,based ji 		eas.es>:	,,,	, ,.,.	; ∎ < -y.s
;•:'.' .?;(e)Net-ofrinvestrnentcexpense;; >.jj		,		. ■ ■ ?-k, ":∎.•.	
: :::f(f) Netof investment expense, inclu		'• ≡ :	• -	·	

•Mortality rates were": based 'on "the RP-2000 - Health'¹ Annuitant Mortality ;Table-for Males Or¹ Females, as appropriate for Municipal Employees', Laborers', and Firemen's and RP-2014 for Policemen's.

The mortality actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were adjusted 'based on the results of actuarial experience study for the period:

1: ¹ Municipal Employees' -Januafy'1,-2005- December 31 ;'2009J .: Laborers' - January 1'72004 -December 31,2011 '...": -• ?-■:.""■ "n;..'-'■.■,:.! Policemen's - January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2013 Firemen's -January 1, 2003 - December 31, 2010

The. long-term expected rate of return oh pension plan'investments'^was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates;Ofreturn>(expected returns,: net of pension plan investment'expense" and inflation) are developed-for'each major • asset" class. These ranges are combined to produce the 'long-term expected 'a rate of return by weighting 'the expected future real rates of return by the target asset-allocation percentage- and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates ofTetur'hifof-each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

68

· _ ·•·' '

	Municipal				
Asset Class:	Municipal Employees'	l aborers' Pol	icomon's F	iromon's F	Employees' Laborers' Policemen's Firemen's
24.0% 16.0%	Employees				
7.50% 7.85%					
Domestic equity 6.10% 7.80%	26.0%	22.0%	-	-	4.90% 5.90%
21.0% 20.0%					
Domestic large cap e	quity Dome	stic small ca	ap equity		
7.90% 6.50%					
13.0% 14.0%					
U.S. equity					
Non U.S. equity					
7.50% 3.00% 5.00%					
0.0070					
0.20% 3.00% 8.60% 25.0% 21.0%					
3.0%					
2.0%					
2.0% 3.0%					
4.0%					
Global equity	22 00 /				
International equity 1.70% 4.00% 8.20%	22.0%				
1.7070 4.0070 8.2070					
5.10% 4.60%					
22.0% 7.0% 9.0%					
12.0% 5.0%					
2.60% 3.80%					
6.90% 4.70% 4.40% 5.0	00%				
16.0% 8.0%					
11.0% 8.0% 6.0% 2.0%					
Domestic Fixed inco Fixed income	me 27.0%				
1.50%	27.070				
Hedge funds	10.0%				
Private equity	5.0%				
Private markets					
6.00% 6.15%					
5.25% 2.75%					
2.25%					
GAA	-				
~ 1 0.0	10.00/				

Real estate	10.0%
•Risk Parity:	
Alternative investmen	ts
Commodities	
4.20%	
Cash deposits and	
short-term investment	ts
100.0% 100.0%	
Real assets	4.0%
<u>Total</u>	<u>100.0% 100.0%</u>

Discount rate

Municipal Employees' - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.73 percent. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.6 percent (based on the Bond Buyer 20- Bond Index of general obligation municipal bonds as of December 31, 2015). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the 1.25 multiple of member contributions from two years prior. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions and contributions from future plan members that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The projected benefit payments through 2023 were discounted at the expected long-term rate of return. Starting in 2024, the projected benefit payments were discounted at the municipal bond rate. Therefore, a single equivalent blended discount rate of 3.73 percent was calculated using the long-term expected rate of return and the municipal bond index.

Laborers' - A Single Discount Rate of 4.04 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.5 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)). The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between statutory contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2027. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2027, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all

69

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

benefit payments after that date.

Policemen's - A Single Discount Rate of 7.15 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.57 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between statutory contributions rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2063. As a. result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2063, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

70

Firemen's - A Single Discount Rate of 7.16 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was_r based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.5 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.57 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed' that member contributions will be

made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between statutory contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance future, benefit payments onlyjthrough-the year 2061. As a result, the long.-term expected rate of return on .pension plan investments was applied tonprojected benefit payments through 4he year 2061, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (dollars in thousands)

	Municipal				
	Employees'Laborer	rs' Policemen's	Firemen's	<u>Total</u>	
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 22	26,816\$ 38,389 *\$	213,585 *	\$ 87,203 * \$	565,993
Interest		909,067153,812 832	2,972338,9862,234	,837	
Benefit changes	2,14	0,009384,0332,524,04	12		
Differences between					
expected and actual experience	(10	9,835)(46,085) (105,	969)(7,981)(269,87	70)	
Assumption changes	8,711,7	55 1,175,935- 176	6,28210,063,972		
Benefit payments including refunds	(82	26,036)(152,530) (67	6,777)(278,017)(1,	933,360)	
Pension plan administrative expens		<u>- (3,844)</u>	· · · · ·	<u>(3,149)(11,501)</u>	
Net change in total pension liability	1	1,051,7761,549,710 25	9,303313,32413,1	74,113	
Total pension liability:					
Total pension liability-Beginning	12,307,0942,16	<u>62,90511,773,430</u> <u>4,5</u>	12,76030,756,189		
<u>Total pension liability - Ending (a)</u>	\$ 23	3, <u>358,870\$ 3,712,615</u> \$	12,032,733	<u>\$ 4,826,084</u>	<u>\$</u>
<u>43,930,302</u>					
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions-employer	\$ 149,225 \$	12,412 \$ 572,836	\$ 236,104\$ 97	70,577	
Contributions-employee	131,42816,844	107,626	46,552302,450		
Net investment income (loss)	114,025(22,318)	(5,334)	7,59693,969		
Benefit payments including					
refunds of employee contribution	(826,036)(152,530)	(676,777)	(278,017)(1,933,3	360)	
Administrative expenses.!'	(6,701)' (3,844)	(4,508)	(3,149)'(18,202)	

<u>Other</u> <u>-</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>3,092</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>3,099</u>	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position(438,059) (149,436)	(3,065)	9,093(581,467)		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 5,179,486	1,388,093	3,062,014	<u>.1,036,00810,665</u>	5 <u>,601</u>	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)\$ 4,741	<u>,427\$ 1,238,65</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>\$ 3,058,949 .</u>	<u>1,045,101</u>	<u>\$</u>
<u>10,084,134</u>					
Net pension liability-ending (a)-(b) \$. 18	617,443 \$ 2,47	7 <u>3,958 \$ 8,97</u>	<u>3,784 \$3,780,983</u>	3 \$ 33,846,1	<u>68</u>

* Includes pension plan administrative expense

Changes in benefits and actuarial assumptions: As discussed above, P.A. 98-0641 was determined to be unconstitutional resulting in changes in the discount rate caused by a change in the required funding policy and changes in benefits for the participants of the Municipal Employees' and Laborers' Pension plans, which include, restoring full automatic annual increases and changes in the retirement age for certain participants.

The change in the discount rate assumption increased the net pension liability by \$8.7 billion for Municipal Employees'and \$1.2 billion for Laborers'. This impact is being amortized into expense over a five year period for Municipal Employees' and a four year period for Laborers'. The change in benefits increased the net pension liability by \$2.1 billion for Municipal Employees' and \$0.4 billion for Laborers'. This impact is recognized-as a-portion of pension expense for 2015 in its entirety.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

Municipal Employees' - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2015, calculated using the discount rate of 3.73 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.73 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.73 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

71

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2015	1% Decrease Discount Rate	<u>1% Increase</u>
Municipal Employees'discount rate	2.73% 3.73	3% 4.73%
Municipal Employees'liability	3 22,207,242 \$ 18,617,443	\$ 15,675,669

Laborers' - The following presents the net pension liability .as of December 31, 2015, calculated using the discount rate of 4.04 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.04 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (5.04 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

Current

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2015	1 % Decrease Discb	unt Rate '1% Incre	ease
Laborers'discount rate	"' ' 3:04%	4.04% -	' 5:04%
Laborers'Employees'liability	\$ 3,017,416 \$ 2	2,473,958 \$ 2,028	,467

Policemen's - The following presents the net"pension liability as of December 31, 2015, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is ^.percentage point lower; (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.15 percent) than the current-rate (dollars in thousands): $\sim \$

	Guneni
Net pension liability December 31, 2015	1% Decrease Discount Rate '1% Increase'
Policemen's Employees'discount rate"	-6.15% 7.15%' "∎∎' 8:15%
Policeme'n's Employees'-liability	\$ -10,402,348

Firemen's - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2015, calculated. using the

discount rate of .7.16 percent,, as well as what, the net pension liability would be if it were .calculated using a

discount rate that is 1 percentage point lowjer.;(6.'16 percbtitj or 1 percentage point higher (8.16 .percent) than

'the curi	rent rate;(dollars in thousands): """""""		ΛΛ		
"_	;		Cur	rent	
• '-•	Net pension liability December 31, 2015		1% Decrease	Discount Rat	e Increase'''
	Firemen's Employees'discount rate ./.':		'!'" 6.16%	6 ".7.16%	" ."' ' 8.16%'
‴∎∎.	Firemen's Employees'liability: vi;V:.'\$	4,31-1	,378 \$ '•" 3;78	80,983 [:] \$ ^{:r} 3,3	29;106

Pension plan -fiduciary net position Detailed-information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Pension Plans reports.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to

Pensions - [:]'-' "' ′..-' .<.-. ■-. -

- For:the year^ended Dec'ember AI, 2015, the Gity recognized-pension expense of \$6.4 billion. : At December 31', 2015,: the City:reported (deferred-outflows- of =resources-and 'deferred . inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Municipal Employees'(dollars in thousands):

	Deferred Ou	tflows Defe	erred'inflows
	/ of Resource	es	of Resources
Differences between			
expected and actual experience	,\$	', ,. , \$,•>,. 87,868 :.
Changes of assumptions	6,969,404		
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments		<u>198,509</u>	= ===•'=
Total :\$•-	7,167,913	\$ 87,868	

72

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Year ended December 31:	
	2016	\$ 1,770,011
	2017	1,770,011
	2018	1,770,011
	2019	1,770,012
	2020	
	<u>Thereafter</u>	:
	<u>Total</u>	<u>\$7,080,045</u>
Laborers' (dollars in thousands):		
		Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows
		of Resources of Resources
Differences between		

expected and actual experie	nce	\$	- \$ 32,705
Changes of assumptions	834,530		
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments		<u>97,396</u>	=
<u>"≟ • Total</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>931,926 \$</u>	<u>32,705</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year ended December 31	l:
20.16	\$ 352,374
2017	352,374
2018	170,123
2019	24,350
2020	
<u>Thereafter</u>	<u>- '</u>
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$ 899,221</u>

Policemen's (dollars in thousands):

		Deferred Outflov	ws Deferre	<u>ed Inflows of</u>
		Resources	of Resour	ces
D	ifferences between '			
	expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 87,780
С	hanges of assumptions '.			
Ν	et difference between projected and			
	actual earnings oh pension plan investments	<u>18</u>	<u>88,055</u>	=
T	<u>otal</u>	<u>\$</u> <u>188,0</u>	<u>55 \$</u>	<u>87,780</u>

73

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

i cqi enucu L/cociMut:! j .		
20.16	\$ 28,825	
2017	28,825	
2018	28,825	
2019'	28,825	
2020	(15 025)	
Thereafter	∎>' <	
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$</u>	100,275

Firemen's (dollars in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows of Resources of Resources
Differences between	•■ . ".
expected and actual exper	ience \$ ■.: ■ ■ ■ \$ 6,648
Changes of assumptions	-v ,:146y85.L,
Net difference between projected and	♦ (••••
actual earnings on pension plan investr	ments 60,275
Total	<u>\$</u> <u>207,126</u> \$ ■:.>: 6,648
' Amounts' reported as deferred outflows'of resburces and be recognized in pension expense"a's'f6ll6ws'(dbliaYsl Year ended December 3	■ •> - <u></u> - •- "
2016	: \$43/16\$'
2617 :.:	43;.168
2018;:!	43,168
2019	43-168
2020	27,806
Thereafter ;	'' <u>-</u>
^{ci} ∙ <u>Totai∷:</u> ,.:,	<u>\$ 200,478</u>

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December- 31, 2015, http://reported a payable of \$802.3 million for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended December 31, 2015. = =:

b) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) - Pension Funds

The Pension Funds also, contribute a portion of .the. City's cp.ntnbutiorias asubsidy toward the cost for each of their, annuitants to participate in the.City's health benefits plans, which include basic benefits for eligible annuitants and their dependents and supplemental benefits for Medicare eligible' annuitants and their dependents. The amounts below represent the accrued liability of the City's pension plans related to their own annuitants and the subsidy paid to the City (see section c). The plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

74

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Annual OPEB Cost and Contributions Made For Fiscal Year Ended Decern ber 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)					
	Municipal Employees'Laborers' Policemen'sFiremen'sTotal					
	Employees Laborers Policemens Firemens rotal					
Contribution Rates City:	A portion of the City's employer contribution to the Pension Funds is used to financethe health insurance supplement benefit payments.					
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 9,174 \$ 2,402 \$ 9,632\$ 2,611\$23,819					
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual -	on 2,406 209 3913853,391					

Required Contribution	(27,331)	<u>(2,376) (4,35</u>	<u></u>	!
Annual OPEB Cost (Gain) <u>Contributions Made</u>	(15,751) 2 	235 5,665(1,379)(11 2,154 <u>9,4412,38222,</u> 4		
Decrease in Net OPEB Obligation	(24,242)	(1,919) (3	3,776) (3,761) (33,6	98)
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year	53,48	<u>6 4,649</u> <u>8,684</u>	<u>8,56375,382</u>	
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	<u>\$ 29,244</u>	<u>\$ 2,730 \$ 4,908</u>	<u>\$ 4,802</u>	<u>\$ 41,684</u>

Actuarial Method and Assumptions - For the Pension Funds' subsidies, the actuarial valuation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 was determined using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and included the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial method and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long term perspective of the calculations:

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

75

Municipal

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Employees'
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Remaining	" Level Dollar,
Amortization Method	1 year closed
Asset Valuation Method	No Assets

		(F	ay-as-you-	go)				
	Actuarial assumption Rate of Return (a)	ons: OPEB Inves 4.5 ⁰						
	Projected Salary In	icreases (a)	3.0%					
	Inflation							
	Seniority /.Merit		(b)					
	Healthcare Cost Tr	end Rate (e)	0.0%					
	(a)'Com pounded ((b) Service-based	•	' ، alent to a le	vel annual				
∎ci.; '.,-!: _: (d)S Laborers' Firemen's 12/31/2015	Service-paseidincrea	ase^b^uj^aJent'tp	oVp'ley <er.a< td=""><td>anbiial •_: ∎,'.,,,</td><td>(e.) Jrend.nc</td><td>ot applic</td><td>ablefixed do[la</td><td>r subsidy, :,</td></er.a<>	anbiial • _: ∎,'.,,,	(e.) Jrend.nc	ot applic	ablefixed do[la	r subsidy, :,
Entry Age N	ormal							
Level Dollar, 12/31/2015								
Entry Age N	ormal							
Level Dollar,								
Policer								
12/31/2								
Entry A Level Pe	lge Normal ∙ rcent,							
					1 year c	losed	1 year closed	1 year closed
4.5% 3:0%					i your o		i your olocou	i your olocou
- (c). 0.0%								
4.5% 3.0%								
(d) 0.0%								
No Assets	No Assets	No Assets (Pay-	as-you-go)	(Pay-as-you-g	o) (Pay-as-you	ı-go)		
4.	5% '2.5%							
(c	1) 0.0%'							
rate of increa	se of .1.4 percent o se'jjf, 1.9;p'eVceht c se,6f j.8 percent ove	over a.fulj^career						

,. --. OPEB COST,SUMMARY. (dpllarSiin.thousands)

Annual OPEB Year Cost

% of Annual OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation

Municipal Employees' 2013 \$ 13,389 2013 2014 2015

2013 2014 2015 2013 2014 2015 2014 (13,100) 2015 (45,750)

2015 (15,750)

Laborers'

3,009 567 235 Policemen's

10,536 6,191 5,665

Firemen's

4,071 (868) (1,379)

71.01 % \$

83.67 416.04 917.15 93.46 155.99 166.65 62.66 75,637 53,486 29,244 6,442 4,649 2,730 12,150 8,684 4,908

11,902 8,563 4,802

* The negative cost is primarily due to the insurance subsidy ending in 2016.

76

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as the results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presents, as required, unaudited supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule of Funding Progress ((dollars in thousands)

Unfunded

Actuarial (Surplus) Accrued ¹ AAL as a Actuarial Liability Unfunded Percentage

	<u>Actuarial</u> Valuation	Value of Assets	(AAL) Entry Age	(Surplus) UAAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll Pay	of Covered
	Date	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(b-a)</u>	(a/b)	<u>(c)</u>	<u>((b-a)/c)</u>
Municipal							
Employees	s' 12/31/2015	5\$-\$	8,147\$ 8,1	47-\$ 1,643	,4810.50 %	D	
Laborers'	12/31/2015	5-2,1332,13	3-204,7731.0)4			
■Policeme	n's 12/31/2	2015-9,255	9,255-1,086,	608. 0.85			
Firemen's	' 12/31/2015	5-2,3992,39	9-465,2320.5	52			

c) Other Post Employment Benefits - City Obligation

Up to June 30, ,2013, the annuitants who retired prior to July 1, 2005 received a 55 percent subsidy from the City and the .annuitants who retired on or after July 1, 2005 received a 50, 45, 40 and zero percent subsidy from the City based on the annuitant's length of actuai employment with the City for the.gross cost of retiree health care under a court approved settlerhent agreement, known as the "Settlement Plan." The pension funds contributed their subsidies of \$65 per month for each Medicare eligible annuitant and \$95 per month for each Non-Medicare eligible annuitant to their gross cost. The annuitants contributed a total of \$104.4.million in 2015 to the gross cost of their retiree health care pursuant to premium amounts set forth in the below-referenced settlement agreement.

The City of Chicago subsidized a portion of the cost (based upon service) for hospital and medical coverage for eligible retired employees and their dependents based upon a settlement agreement entered, in 2003 and which expired on June 30, 2013.

On May 15, 2013, the City announced plans to, among other things: (i) provide a lifetime healthcare plan to former employees who retired before August 23, 1989 with a contribution from the City of up to. 55-percent of the cost of that plan; and (ii) beginning July 1, 2013, provide employees who retired on or after August 23, 1989 with healthcare benefits, in a new Retiree. Health Plan (Health Plan), but with significant changes to the terms including increases in premiums and deductibles, reduced benefits and the phase-out of the Health Plan for such employees by December 31, 2016.

The cost of health benefits is recognized as an expenditure in the accompanying financial statements as claims are reported and are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. In 2015, the net expense to the City for providing these benefits to approximately 22,697 annuitants plus their dependents was approximately \$44.0 million.

Plan Description Summary - The City of Chicago was party to a written legal settlement agreement outlining the provisions of the Settlement Plans, which ended June 30, 2013. The Health Plan provides for annual modifications to the City's level of subsidy. It is set to phase out over three years, at which the Health Plan,

77

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

along with any further City subsidy, will expire by December 31, 2016, for all but the group of former

employees (the Korshak class of members) who retired before August 23, 1989, who shall .have lifetime

benefits. Duty Disabled retirees who have statutory pre-63/65 coverage will continue to have fully subsidized

coverage under the active health plan until age 65.

•

The provisions of the Health Plan provide in general, that the City pay a percentage of the cost (based upon an employee's service) for hospital and medical coverage to eligible retired employees and their dependents for the specified period, ending December 31, 2016. The percentage subsidies were revised to reduce by approximately 25 percent of 2013 subsidy levels in 2014, 50 percent of 2013 subsidy levels in 2015, and 75 percent of. 2013 subsidy levels in 2016.

In addition,- ...State law authorizes the four respective .Pension Funds (Policemen's, Firemen's, Municipal Employees';-land Laborers') to provide a fixed .monthly ^.dollar subsidy to each annuitant who has elected coverage.-undenany Cityshealth plan ithrough;December.31; 2016.-After that date;:.no Pension Fund subsidies are authorized: The liabilities for the monthly dollar Pension Fund subsidies contributed on behalf of annuitants enrolled in the medical-plan by their respective Pension, Funds are included in the NPO actuarial valuation reports of the respective"four Pension Funds under GASB 43.

Special Benefits under the Collective Bargaining Agreements (CBA) - Under the terms of the collective bargaining .agreements, fpr the Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) and the; International -Association of Fire Fighters (IAFF), certain employees who retire after attaining age 55 with the required years of service are permitted to enroll themselves and their dependents in the healthcare benefit program offered to actively employed ...members. ...They may keep this,, coverage until they reach the age of...Medicare ...eligibility. These retirees do not contribute towards the cost" of coverage, but the Policemen's Fund contributes \$95 per month towards coverage for police officers; the Firemen's.Fund does not contribute.

.Both of these agreements which, provide pre-65 coverage originally expired at. June 30,. 2012., These

benefits have beeh'.renegotiatedJq continue, through"20.16 or June.'3p, 2017, depending pn bargaining unit

agreements. This valu'atipn. 'a'ssumes. that trie'CBAspecial. be'riefits;". except;'.'for'fmp's'e~'Who'"will have

already retiredi'as of December 34, 2016,,will cease oh'December 31,'2016 or Jurie 30, 2017, depending on

bargaining unit agreements.

a ""period^ offen-years: '•""«• ""

'' Fuhdin'g Policy - No assets arte' accumulated or dedicated'to funding'the retire'e health plah;ben'e'fits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The City's annual other'"pbsif-emplo'yment benefit

(OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution "ARC" of the employer.

••-¹ The "ARC represents a'level of 'funding that,¹ if paidon an ongoing, basis; is projected to coverthe normal cost

- - each-year an'dHb'a'mdrtize'ahy'uhfurided'a

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB costs for the year for the Health Plan

r.: "\andr^GBA'Special;;Benefits!-the arfi6unt'ac1ually<>>nOT'b'ute^'to'tHe''plaft,"ariclChange's[!]m the City's'het OPEB

78

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Annual OPEB Cost and Contributions Made

(do	llars in thousands) RetireeCBA SettlementSp	•		
	<u>Health Plan</u>	<u>Benefits</u>		
Contribution Rates:				
City		Pay-A	s-You-Go	Pay-As-You-Go
Plan Members		N/AN/A		
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	\$	46,069\$ 60,654 867 . 4,459 (2,201)	(16.049	
Adjustment to Annual Required Contril		<u>(3,291)</u>	<u>(16,918</u>	<u>5</u>
Annual OPEB Cost	43,645 48,195			
Contributions Made	<u>58,279</u>	<u>38,272</u>		
Decrease in Net OPEB Obligation	(14,634) 9,923			
<u>Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Ye</u> Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year		9 <u>14 148,648</u> \$ 158,571		

<u>Total</u>

Pay-As-You-Go N/A

91,840 96,551

(4,711) 177,562 \$ 172,851

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2015 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Schedule of Contributions, OPEB **Costs and Net Obligations**

Fiscal Year Ended

Settlement Plan

12/31/2015 12/31/2014 12/31/2013 CBA Special Benefits

12/31/2015

12/31/2014

Total

10 11 11

12/31/2015 12/31/2014 12/31/2013

43,645 62,666 75:444

Annual Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost OPEB Cost Contributed

79.4% 68.5 65.5	133.5% 149.9
105.1% 113.9 118.9	148.4

48,195 49,766 41,722

S 106,723 5,326 (20,209)

91,840 112,432 117,166 Net OPEB Obligation

\$ 14,280 28,914 60,210

158,571 148,648 132,981

172,851 177,562 193,191

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$780.6 million, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$2,488.0 million and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 31.4 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as the results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presents, as required, (unaudited) supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

79

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

		Schedule of Funding Progress (dollars in thousand Unfunded	ls)
Actuarial <u>Valuation</u> <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets,</u>	Actuarial Actuarial <u>Accrued Liability Funded Covered</u> <u>. Liability (AAL) (UAAL)</u> <u>Ratio Payroll</u>	
Settlement Plan <u>12/31/2014</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 311,748 </u>	<u>12.5 %</u>
CBA Special Benefits <u>12/31/2014</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 468',889 </u>	<u>32.6 %</u>
Total <u>12/31/2014</u>	<u>\$_;</u>	<u> </u>	<u>31.4 %</u>

Actuarial Method and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and included the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and-plan- members to that point. The actuarial method and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities: and -the actuarial value of assets, consistentwith the long term perspective of the calculations.

For the Health Plan benefits (not provided by the Pension Funds), the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an "annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate,:rate;of.5.0;percent in 2026. The range of rates included a 3.0 percent inflation assumption. Rates included a 2.5 percent inflation assumption. The plan has not accumulated assets and does not hold 'assets'ih a segregated'trust. "However, the funds expected to be used to pay benefits are assumed to be invested-for durations which will yield an annual return rate of 3.0 percent. The remaining Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability is being amortized as a level dollar, amount over ten years. The benefits include the provisions under the new Health Plan, which will be completely, phased-out by December 31, 2016,

except for the Korshak; category, which Js entitled to .lifetime benefits. Also included in the Non-CBA benefits are the duty disability-benefits under the active healthr plan payable to age.63/65.

80

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Summary of Assumptions and Methods

	Settlement Health Plan
Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, open
Remaining Amortization Period	10 years
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases Healthcare Inflation Rate <u>CBA Special Benefits</u>	3.0% 2.5% 8.0% initial to 5.0% in 2026
	December 31, 2014 Entry Age Normal Level Dollar, open 10 years Market Value

3.0% 2.5% 8.0% initial to 5.0% in 2026

12) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; certain benefits for and injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City provides worker's compensation benefits and employee health benefits under self-insurance programs except for insurance policies maintained for certain Enterprise Fund activities. The City uses various risk management techniques to finance these risks by retaining, transferring and controlling risks depending on the risk exposure.

Risks for O'Hare, Midway, and certain other major properties, along with various special events, losses from certain criminal acts committed by employees and public official bonds are transferred to commercial insurers. Claims have "not exceeded the purchased insurance coverage in the past fhree years. Accordingly, rid liability is reported for these claims. All other risks are retained by the City and are self-insured. The City pays claim settlements and judgments from the self-insured programs. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The General Fund is primarily used to record all nonrEnterprise Fund claims. The estimated portion of non-Enterprise Fund claims not yet settled has been recorded in the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position as claims payable along with amounts related to deferred compensatory time and estimated liabilities for questioned costs. As of December 31, 2015, the total amount of non-Enterprise Fund claims was \$490.4.million and Enterprise Fund was \$82.0 million. This, liability is the. City's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability for ail funds are as follows (dollars in thousands):

20,15 2014

Balance, January 1	\$ 540,272 \$547,674
Claims incurred and .	
change in estimates	688,800 627,488
Claims paid on current and	
<u>prior year events</u>	<u>(656,712) (634,890)</u>
Balance, December 31	\$ 572,360 \$540,272

13) Expenditure of Funds and Appropriation of Fund Balances

The City expends funds by classification as they become available, and "Restricted" funds are expended first. If/when City Council formally sets aside or designates funds for a specific purpose, they are considered "Committed." The Mayor (or his/her designee) may in this capacity, also set aside or designate funds for specific purposes and all of these funds will be considered "Assigned." Any remaining funds, which are not specifically

81

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

allocated in one or more of the previous three categories, are considered "Unassigned' until such allocation is completed.

In addition to the categories above, any amounts which will be used to balance a subsequent year's budget will be considered "Assigned" as Budgetary Stabilization funds. The amounts may vary from fiscal year to fiscal year or depending on the City's budgetary condition, or may not be designated at all. The funds may be assigned by the Mayor or his designee, up to the amount of available "Unassigned" fund balance at the end of the previous fiscal year.

a) Fund Balance Classifications

On the fund financial statements, the Fund Balance consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	,Community				
		Federal, Service Bond, Note			
	Developmer	nt Other			
	State and	Special Concession Redemption Improvement .			
	Governmental General	Local Grants Taxing Areas and Reserve and Interest 'Projects'-			
	<u>'Funds'^</u>				
Nonspendable Purpose:,					
Inventory".'	\$"23,828 S'."'\$.	- S" \$ - \$ - 'S,-			
Rostricted'Purpose: -	!' .,,,	",.			

Capital Projects'. <i>Grants""!''.'!!.''.</i> ,.'			.".' : '. 1,275, <i>'L.7'l."-!.'.'</i>		
DebtService	_"	"_ " _	-	236,294	- "" 93,314
,., .,.General Government	, . 0			- , ,,	3.057
.Xo'mrnitted.Purpose:,.	».'•" .t;'. ','!",,"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		. '" ' ', ".	"'.
. Budget and Credit Rating St	abilization	'	.',.621 282		
Repair, Maintenance ar	d City Services		i,'		- - ,,i 56,539
i Future obligations	24,377,…	, . -∎	, ■■.: ,,-r	',	· v, ,
<u>Unassigned</u>	■ 93.027 .,(233,75	<u>59)(1,555,260) ;</u>	, ,., , -		<u></u>
<u>ei : Jotal.Goyernment-Fund.Bala</u>	<u>nce::;,\$. 2´</u>	<u>15,232 , .,\$> (216,-1</u>	42) , , \$ -1 ,275,70	9,\$. ,(933,978	<u>),.;\$' .236,294 ,</u>
<u>,</u> \$∎ .198,43.1 ,,-\$,∎ 207,180					

At the " end of 'the fiscal year, total encumbrances amounted' tb' '\$24'!4 million"for the " General"6plratirig*Fund,
 \$47:6 million"for'the Special Taxing Areas Fund! \$37.9 million for the Capital Projects Fund and \$24:3 million for
 the Non Major Special Revenue Fund.
 ;;]:,;;;: ?:; ?:;e.... = = -j, :--m-..^..-- ===:.;>...

14) Deferred Outflows and Inflows 'of.Resources' :

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No." 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position ?ih%eC\ty r'e'ports'-deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net' Position in a separate section following' Assets.:'Similarly, the City reports deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position in a separate section following Liabilities.

82

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

The components of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	FY 2015		
	Governmental Business-type		
	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred outflows from pension activities	\$ 7,039,762 \$ 1	,455,260	
Unamortized deferred			
bond refunding costs	147,937 1	23,079	
<u>Derivatives</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>123,166</u>	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 7,187,699 </u> \$	<u>1,701,505</u>	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows from pension activities Long-Term lease and	187,878 27,123		

Service concession arrangements	<u>1,555,260</u> <u>1,626,667</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 1,743,138 \$ 1,653,790</u>

The components of the deferred inflows of resources related to the governmental funds at December 31, 2015 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Federal,. ,			
	State and Service Bor	nd, NoteOther Total		
	LocalSpecial Conces	sion RedemptionGov	vernmental Governme	ental
	GrantsTaxing Areas an	d Reserve and Intere	stFundsFunds	
Governmental Funds: Deferre	ed			
inflow of resources:				
: Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 350,404 \$	- 🛯 \$ 436,939	\$ 597,386 \$
1,384,729				
Grants.'.	239,199		239,199	
Long-term Lease and				
Concession Agreements	<u>_:</u>	<u>1,55</u>	55,260 <u>;</u> ;	<u>1,555,260</u>
 total Governmental Funds 	v <u>" \$ 239,199</u>	<u>\$ 350,404 \$ 1,55</u>	5,260 \$ 436,939	<u>\$ 597,386 \$</u>
3,179,188				

15) Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a defendant in various pending and threatened individual and class action litigation relating principally to claims arising from contracts, personal injury, property damage, police conduct, alleged discrimination, civil rights actions, and other matters. City management believes that the ultimate resolution[^] these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in a number of federal- and state-assisted grant programs. These grants are subject to audits by or on behalf of the grantors to assure compliance with grant provisions. Based upon past experience and management's judgment, the City has made provisions in the General Fund for questioned costs and other amounts estimated to be disallowed. City management expects such provision to be adequate to cover actual amounts disallowed, if any.

As of December 31, 2015, the Enterprise Funds have entered into contracts for approximately \$516.5 million for construction projects.

The City's pollution remediation obligation of \$32.9 million is primarily related to Brownfield redevelopment projects. These projects include removal of underground storage tanks, cleanup of contaminated soil, and

83

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

removal of other environmental pollution identified at the individual sites. The estimated liability is calculated using the expected cash flow technique. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from price increases or reductions, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

16) Concession Agreements

The major fund entitled Service Concession and Reserve Fund is used for the purpose of accounting for the deferred inflows associated with governmental fund long-term lease and concession transactions. Deferred inflows are amortized over the life of the related lease and concession agreements. Proceeds from these transactions may be transferred from this fund in accordance with ordinances approved by the City Council that define the use of proceeds.

In February 2009, the'City completeda ,\$.1\15 billion concession agreement to allow a private operator to manage and collect revenues from the City's metered'parking system'for 75 years! The City received an upfront payment of \$1.15 billion which was

recognized as a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$15.3, million of revenue for each, year through 2083.

In December 2006, the City completed a long-term concession and lease of the City's downtown underground public parking system. The concession .granted Chicago Loop Parking, LLC (CLP) the right to operate the garages and collect parking and related, revenues for the?99-.year term of the'agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$563.6 million of which \$347.8 million was simultaneously used to purchase three of the underground garages from the Chicago Park District.^The City recognized a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue overthe'tennoftheiease. The'CTty reco^through 2105. In January 2014, CLP assigned all of its interests in the'concession' and' lease'agreement to LMG2, LLC, the designee of its lenders, in lieu of foreclosure by the lenders on their leasehold mortgage on the underground garages.

17) Restatement Due to Implementation of New Accounting Standards y. u:o\"> ;j;;rj.l' ;

: Duringrfiscal;year;2015, the CityHmplemented GASB;StatementHq.:68, "Accounting and Financial-Reporting for

iiv, Pensipns an_ian.endment.of>GASB :Statement\No. 2prevised, standards-of accounting-and reporting-fonf pension

expenses-;andf liabilities sas^well-ias, allowed for; the. deferral ;of::certain pensiomexpense-elements. iAs;a- result of

implementing this statement, net position was restated at January 1, 2015...The, City's net pension.obligation of

\$8.6 billion accounted for under GASB Statement No. 27 was eliminated and replaced by a larger net pension

liability: ;The. impact of these changes on' the beginning-balances reported; in the financial statements)is shown

below (in:thpusands): i...; ; -,y. •.: •"!o •;.• yi

84

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

			As Restated	
	As Originally	GASB 68	after GASB 68	
	Reported	Adjustment	<u>Impact</u>	
Governmental Activities:				
Total Net (Deficit) Position, January 1,2015	5	S (9,043,325)	S (10,131,849)	\$ (19,175,174)
Business-Type Activities:				

Water Fund Total Net (Deficit) Position, January 1,2015	\$ 1,683,206 \$ (603,457) \$ 1,079,749	
Sewer Fund Total Net (Deficit) Position, January 1,2015	734,754 (233,282) 501,472	
Chicago Midway International Airport Total Net (Deficit) Position, January 1,2015	(6,698) (159,615) (166,313	3)
Chicago O'Hare International Airport Total Net (Deficit) Position, January 1,2015	1,460,084' (749,092) 710,992	
Business-Type Activities (including Skyway): Total Net (Deficit) Position, January 1,2015	\$ 2,507,042 \$ (1,745,446) \$ 761,596	

18) Subsequent Events Ratings

In January 2016, Standard and Poor's (S&P) upgraded the rating of the Midway Airport Second Lien revenue bonds from A- to A with a stable outlook.

In March .20.16, Fitch Ratings (Fitch) downgraded the ratings of the City's General Obligation bonds and Sales Tax revenue"bonds from BBB+ to BBB-, with a negative outlook.

In April 2016, Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc. (Kroll) downgraded the ratings of the City's General Obligation bonds from A- to BBB+ with a negative outlook.

In April 2016, S&P upgraded the City's Water Senior Lien revenue bonds from A to A+ and the Water Second Lien revenue bonds from A- to A, each with a stable outlook.

In May 2016, Fitch upgraded the rating of the Midway Airport Second Lien revenue bonds from A- to A with a stable outlook.

, In May 2016, Fitch upgraded the rating of the O'Hare Airport Senior Lien revenue bonds from A- to A with a stable outlook.

In May 2016, Kroll rated the Midway Airport Second Lien revenue bonds A with a stable outlook.

In June 2016, S&P downgraded the rating of the Motor Fuel Tax revenue bonds from BBB+ to BBB with a negative outlook.

Bonds

In January 2016, the City redeemed \$22.3 million of Chicago Senior Lien Tax Increment Allocation Bonds (Near North Redevelopment Project) Series, 1999A and the associated letter of credit was terminated.

In January 2016, the City sold General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015C (\$500.0 million). The bonds were issued at an interest rate of 5.0 percent and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates ranging from January 1, 2020 to January 1, 2038. Proceeds will be used to refund or pay interest on all or a portion of certain outstanding General Obligation bonds, fund capitalized interest, and pay costs of issuance.

85

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

In May 2016, the.City converted its Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2000 (\$100.0 million) and Second Lien Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 (\$344.6 million) from variable rate to fixed rate. The bonds were converted at interest rates ranging from.2.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from November 1, 2017 to January 1; 2030. Proceeds will be used to pay the purchase price of the bonds mandatorily tendered on the conversion date, costs of capital improvements to the Water System, and the costs of conversion. In addition, concurrently with the conversion of the Series 2000 and Series 2004 bonds, the City sold Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A-1 (Tax Exempt) and Series 2016A-2 (Taxable) (\$81.7 million). The Series 2016A-1 and A-2 bonds were issued at interest rates ranging from 1.68 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from November 1, 2016 to November 1, 2031. Proceeds will be used to repay the outstanding water line of credit and to pay costs of issuance.

In June 2016, the. City sold Midway Airport Second Lien Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A (AMT) and 2016B (Non-AMT) (\$342.4 million). The Series 2016A and 2016B bonds were issued at interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 5.0 percent and mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates', from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2046. Proceeds of the Series 2016A and 2016B Bonds will be used to pay the costs of various capital projects of the Airport, refund certain outstanding Midway Airport Second Lien revenue bonds, fund capitalized interest, fund debt service reserve deposits, and pay costs of issuance.

Swaps

In May 2016, the City terminated the swaps relating to its (1) Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2000 for a termination payment of \$32.3 million and (2) Second Lien Water Revenue Refunding Bonds,. Series 2004 for total termination payments of \$69.5 million.

Commercial Paper and Lines of, Credit As''of December3T;'20'1 5; ^ririe outstanding' balance for the 'City's General Obligkion;C6'mm'ercial 'Paper Notes and General Obligation Lines of Credit (G.O. CP) was \$239.1 million. Since January 1, 2016, the City has issued \$220.0 million of G.O.. CP to fund ^pensipri, regujrements.and has paid down .\$315.6 million, including the portion ^{'t} issued in"2bl6%"fund' the^upension'VequiremethC outstanding 1s^{-l}app^Hroxim'at^ $< \blacksquare =$ '

'in January 2016, the City^r increased the G'e'nerai Obligation Line of Credit Agreement to \$900.6'miliion from \$750.0 million. The City's repayment obligation under the line^r of credit is a general obligation of the City" The line of credit expires September 24, 2017.

In May 2016, the City drew \$91.5 million under the wateV line of credit to fund the swap' termination payments

prior to the issuance of Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A-1 (Tax Exempt) and. Series 2016A-2

(Taxable). Proceeds from the 'bonds' were usedI'to repay the water line of credit.

Concession Agreements

In February $2\overline{0}16$, the owners of the Skyway concessionaire sold their ownership interests'in the concessionaire to a new entity. Pursuant to the concession and lease agreement for the Skyway, the City approved the transfer of ownership interests.

In May.2016, the concessionaire of the City's downtown, underground public parking garages soldits concession

" •• interest'in the gar'ages td'Mille'nriium Parking Garages/LLC.' Pursuant to' the concession and ieas'e' agreement for

the garages, the City approved the transfer of the concession interest.

86

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Fiscal Year (dollars are in thousands)

Municipal Employees':

2015

.

", u:

Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 226,816	
Interest	• 909,067	
Benefit changes	2,140,009	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(109,835)	
Assumption changes	8,711,755	
Benefit payments including refunds	(826,036)	
Pension plan administrative expense	-	
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 11,051,776	
<u>Total pension liability - beginning</u>	<u>12,307,094</u>	
<u>Total pension liability - ending (a)</u>	<u>\$ 23,358,870</u>	
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions-employer	\$ 149,225	
Contributions-employee	131,428	
Net investment income	114,025	
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(826,036)	
Administrative expenses	(6,701)	
Other	=	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (438,059)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>5,179,486</u>	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>\$</u> <u>4,741,427</u>	
Net pension liability -ending (a)-(b)	<u>\$ 18,617,443</u>	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		20.30 %
Covered-employee payroll*	\$ 1,643,481	
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1,132.81 %

'Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year. Note: Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued Last Fiscal Year (dollars are in thousands)

		2015		
Laborers': Total pension liability		2015		
Service cost		\$38,389 *		
Interest	153,812			
Benefit changes		84,033		
Differences between expected and actual experience		46,085)		
Assumption changes	1,175,93			
Benefit payments including refunds		52,530) .		
Pension plan administrative expense	,	(3,844)		
Net change in total pension liability		\$ 1,	549,710	
Total pension liability - beginning	2,162,90)5		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	3,712,615 , _v ,		
Plan fiduciary net position			>,∎,	
Contributions-employer		\$	12,412 .,	
Contributions-employee		16,844		
Net investment income		(22,318) _	,,r.:	
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	::	\$2,5,3,0)> _{`:} ,. _! i,, , - _{iu} rrtr		
Administrative expenses.			(3,844) ., _{?•VI} y^ .?.;,,>%•	
>,• 				
Other ,		; .,.,,,	¢ (440.400)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position $_{\rm i}$:n r $^{\rm i}$			\$, .; (149,436):	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,388-,093 ■ .,∎-		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending.(b)	\$	1,238,657 - p.		
Net pension liability - ending;(a)-(b)		\$ /2,473,958	3:,.	
* Includes pension plan administrative expense	, ,			
Plan fiduciary net position as apercentage of the total				
pension liability			33.36 %	
Covered-employee payroll **	\$ 204,	773		
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll		1,2	208.15 %	
** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date ar	nd likely differs fro	om actual payroll paid o	during fiscal year.	
Note:		• ;•		

Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued Last Fiscal Year (dollars are in thousands)

Policemen's:	2015
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$213,585 *
Interest	832,972
Benefit changes	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(105,969)
Assumption changes	
Benefit payments including refunds	(676,777)
Pension plan administrative expense	<u>(4,508)</u>
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 259,303
Total pension liability - beginning	<u>11,773,430</u>
<u>Total pension liability - ending (a)</u>	<u>\$ 12,032,733</u>
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions-employer	\$ 572,836
Contributions-employee	107,626
Net investment income	(5,334)
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(676,777)
Administrative expenses	(4,508)
<u>Other</u>	<u>3,092</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (3,065)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>3,062,014</u>
<u>Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)</u>	<u>\$</u> <u>3,058,949</u>
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	<u>\$ 8,973,784</u>
* Includes pension plan administrative expense	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	25.42 %
Covered-employee payroll"	\$ 1,086,608
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	825.85 %

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year. Note: Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO,

ILLINOIS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Concluded Last Fiscal Year (dollars are in thousands)

Firemen's: 2015 Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$	87,203 *	
Interest	338,986		
Benefit changes			
Differences between expected and actual experience	(7,981)		
Assumption changes	176,282		
Benefit payments including refunds	(278,017)		
Pension plan administrative expense		(3,149) •	
Net change in total pension li	iability		\$ 313,324
Total pension liability - beginning	4,512,760		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,826,08	34	
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions-employer	٩	236,104	
Contributions-employee		' 46,"552	
Net investment income		7,596	
Benefit payments includingTefunds of employee contribution	-> ()	278,0,17)	
Administrative expenses	,,	(3,149)	
Other		7	
Net change in plan fiducia	ry net position,		\$ 9,093
Plan fiducion, not position beginning	-'1,036,008		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	- 1,030,008 \$,1,045,1	01	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	φ,1,043,1	01,	
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)		:	3;780,983r, -u i-r .
* Includes pension plan administrative expense			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
-•-pension-liability	21.66 % : .		
Covered-employee payroll **	\$ 465,232		
	ψ 100,202		
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of			
covered-employee payroll		8	12.71 %
** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date a	ind likely differs from a	ctual payroll paid d	uring fiscal year.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note-Beginning with fiscal year 2015, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last Ten Years (dollars are in thousands)

Municipal Employees':

\$

Years Ended December 31, 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015

Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution 157,063 139,606 146,803 148,047 154,752 147,009 148,859 148,197 149,747 149,225

<u>Contribution Deficiency</u> 168,851 \$ 203,517 213,584 265,462 329,196 464,747 541,964 671,826 689,292 527,975

Covered Employee Payroll**

 $1,475,877\ 1,564,459\ 1,543,977\ 1,551,973\ 1,541,388\ 1,605,993\ 1,590,794\ 1,580,289\ 1,602,978\ 1,643,481$

Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee

Payroll

10.64 % 8.92 % 9.51 % 9.54 % 10.04 % 9.15 % 9.36 % 9.38 % 9.34 % 9.08 %

* The funding method mandated by the Illinois Pension Code is insufficient to avoid insolvency, and without a change, the Fund is projected to become insolvent within the next 10 years (during 2025). Therefore, the actuarially determined contribution is comprised of an employer normal cost payment and a 30-year, level dollar amortization payment on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

" Covered payroll is the amount in force as. of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

		Contributions as a percentage of						
	CoveredCovered							
Contrib	oution	Employee		Employe	ee			
2006	\$		21,142		\$.'	106 ' \$21,036	
2007		21,726	13,2568,47	0				
2008		17,652	,15,2332,4	19				
2009		33,518	14,62718,8	91				
2010		46,6.65	515,35231,	313				
2011		57,259	12,77944,4	8.0				
2012		77,566	11,85365,7	/13				
2013		106,199	11,58394.	616				
2014		106,019	12,16193	858				
2015		79,851	12,41267,4	39				
	Payroll *	<u>Payroll</u>						
\$	193,1	76	.>0.06	%				
	192	2,8476.87%						
	216	6,7447.03%						
	208	3,6267.01%						
	199	9,8637.68%						
	195,2386.55%							
	198,7905.96%							
	200,3525.78%							
	202	2,6736.00%						
	204,7736.06%							

* The LABF Statutory Funding does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice, therefore, the actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using dollar payments and a 30 year open amortization period.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS -Continued Last Ten Years (dollars are in thousands)

Policemen's:

Years Ended December 31,

91

2013	
2014	
2015	_

Actuarially Determined Contributions * ;\$:'.'. 262,657 312,726 318,235 339,488 363,625 402,752 431,010 474,177 491,651 785,501 Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution

150,718 170,598 172,836 172,044 174,501 174,035 197,885 179,521 178,158⁵ 575,928

Contribution

S :. 111,939.\$ 142,128 145,399 167,444 ', 189,124 228,717 233,125 294,656 313,493 ' 209,573

Covered Employee Payroll "

-1,012,984: 1,038,957 1,023,581 1,011,205 1,048,084 1,034,404 1,015,171 1,015,426 1,074,333 1,086,608 <u>Contributions as a percentage of , Covered Employee 'Payroll</u> 14.88 16.42 16.89 17.01 16.65 16.82 19.49 17.68 16.58 53.00

* The PABF Statutory Funding does not confrom to Actuarial Standards of Practice; therefore, the 2015 actuarially determined contribution

is equal to the normal cost plus a 30-year closed level dollaramortization of the unfunded actuarial liability. Prior-tb 2015 the actuarially

determined'cb'ntributioh'was'equartathe"'ARC" which wa's'e'quaitd normal'cost plus a 30-year open level percent amortization'bfthe

unfunded actuarial liability.

"-**=*•= '=**" ;'" = t-<'--[:]-[:] •

" Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation 'date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Firemen's:

Years Ended'-Decern ber.,31... 2006 " 2007 " 2008 ' • • • • 2009 2010 ' [:]−2011 2012 ^{:;} 2013 2014 2015 ""

: • :

•'Actuarially ""Determined .. .Contributions. 160,246-188,202 189,941Deficiency

203,^67 218,388 250,056 271,506 294,878 304,265 323,545 Contributions in Relation to the ' ' Actuarially ' '^-Determined .! J -i-Cohtribution_ •. •\$ 76,763' 72,023 81.258-89,212 80,947 82,870 81,522 103,669' 107,334' 236,104 Contribution .-. beficiency-83,483 \$ 116,179 ' 108,683 114,655 ' 137,441 ' 167,186 '* 189,984 ' * 191,209 196,9:31 87,4^N41 Covered '■-Employee ' -^{ni,!}'Pa"yroll.*i-^L 387,442 ' -389,125 ' 396,182 ' :400,912 ^{C,} 400,404 "■■ 425,385 ' 418,965 416,492 460,190 \. 465,232' Contributions as a percentage of "Covered ^{t!f}Employee^{:"i0n} ■ .^Payroll .. %: % 19.81 %° 18.51 % 20.51 %' 22.25 %' 20.22 %[;] 19.48 % 19.46 %[;] 24.89 % 23:32 50.75

* The FABF Statutory Furiding'does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice, therefore, the actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using dollar payments and a 30 year open amortization period.

" Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

92

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - Concluded

Actuarial Methods	Municipal		
		and Assumptions:	Employees' Laborers'
Actuarial valuation date	12/31/2015		
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal		
Amortization method	Level dollar, open		
Remaining amortization period	30 years		
Asset valuation method	5-yr. Smoothed		
	Market		
3.0% 3.75% 7.5%			
G)			

(n) (r)

Actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	3.0%		
Salary increases	4.5% - 8.25% (d)		
Investment rate of return	7.5% (g)		
Retirement Age	(i)		
Mortality ".	(m)		
Other information	(q)		

Policemen's

12/31/2015

Entry age normal Level percent, open 30 years 5-yr. Smoothed Market

3.0% 3.75% (f) 7.5% **(k) (o) (s)**

Firemen's

12/31/2015

Entry age normal Level dollar, open

30 years 5-yr. Smoothed Market

2.5% 3.75% 7.5% (I) (P) (s)

- a) Actuarially determined contribution amount is determined as of December 31, with appropriate interest to the middle of the year.
- b) Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, which is 12 months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

(°) The statutory contributions are based on a multiple of member contributions from the second prior year. The statutory contribution multiple is 1.00

d) Varying by years of service.

- e) Plus a service-based increase in the first 15 years.
- f) Salary increase rates based on age-related productivity and merit rates plus inflation.'
- g) Net of investment expense.
- h) Net of investment expense, including inflation.
- (i) For employees first hired prior to January 1, 2011, rates of retirement are based on the recent experience of the Fund (adopted December 31,2010):
- For employees first hired on or after January 1, 2011, rates of retirement for each age from 62 to 80 were used (adopted December 31,2011).

0) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the typeof eligibility condition, last'updated for the December 31,2012; valuation pursuant to an

experience study of the period January 1,2004, through December 31,2011. (k) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31,2014, actuarial valuation

pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1,2009, through December 31,2013. (I) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31,2011, valuation pursuant to an

experience study of the period January 1,2003, through December 31,2010. (m) Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Mortality Tables with mortality improvements projected to 2010 using Scale AA.

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the post-retirement mortality assumption, multiplied by 85% for males and 70% for females, (n) RP2000 Combined Healthy mortality table, sex distinct, set forward one year for males and setback two years for females. No adjustment is made

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

for post-disabled mortality.

- (o) Post-Retirement Healthy mortality rates: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table weighted 108% for males and 97% for females. Pre-Retirement mortality rates: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Total Employee mortality table weighted 85% for males and 115% for females. Disabled Mortality: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table weighted 115% for males and 115% for females.
- (p) RP2000 Combined Healthy mortality table, sex distinct for post retirement mortality. RP2000 Combined Healthy mortality table, sex distinct, set forward six years for post retirement mortality post-disabled mortality. Pre-retirement mortality is 80 percent of the post-retirement rates.

(q) Other assumptions: Same as those used in the December 31,2015, actuarial funding valuations.

(r) Notes: Benefit changes based on the provisions in effect prior to Public Act 98-0641 were recognized in the Total Pension Liability as of December 31,2015. (s) The valuation is based on the statutes in effect as of December 31, 2015, and does not consider the impact of PA 99-0506 which was passed on May 31,2016.

93

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY								
OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS								
SCHEDULE	OF	OTHER	POSTEMPLOYMENT	BENEFITS	FUNDING	PROGRESS	Last	
Three Years (dollars are in thousands)								

<u>Actuarial</u>

Actuarial Value

Valuation of Assets

<u>■ : ∎ Date - (.a)</u>

Municipal Employees'

2013	:
2014	12/31/2014
2015	12/31/2015 '

Laborers'

2013		12/31/2013	
2014		12/31/2014	
2015	.?	12/31/2015	

Policemen's

2013	12/31/2013
2014	12/31/2014 : "• - v- ••
2015	12/31/2015

Firemen's

2013	12/31/2013
2014	12/31/2014
2015	12/31/2015

City of Chicago7: -: \

 2013
 ...:.'... 12/31/2012

 2014
 :;;;;..»:•.∎?: 42/31/2013 , -:

 2015
 12/31/2014

Actuarial': Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age

27,573 17,495 8:147 7,074 4,593 2!133 28,376 18-762 9,255 7,692 4,995 2,399 997,281: :. 964,626 780,637

Unfunded Actuarial" Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)

27,573 17,495 8,147

•(b)

7,074 4,593 2,133

,28,376 .18,762 9,255

7,692 4,995 2,399

997,281 i964;626 780,637

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

Funded . Ratio (a/b)

Covered Payroll

1,580,289 1,602,978 1,643,481

200,352 202,673 204,773

1,015,426 1,074;333 1,086,608

416,492, 460; 190: 465,232

2,385,198 2;425;000 2,487,787

Unfunded ^{.,} (Surplus) ■ " AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a,)/c)

% 1.74 1.09 0.50

% 3,53 2.27 1.04 % •2:79 1:75 0.85

1.85: % 1-09 ' 0.52

39:7;8. 31.38

94

APPENDIX D PROPERTY TAXES

[This Page Intentionally Left Blank.]

PROPERTY TAXES

Real Property Assessment, Tax Levy and Collection Procedures

General

Information under this caption provides a general summary of the current procedures for real property assessment, tax levy and tax collection in Cook County (the "County"). The following is not an exhaustive discussion, nor can there be any assurance that the procedures described under this caption will not be changed either retroactively or prospectively. The Illinois laws relating to real property taxation are contained in the Illinois Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code").

Substantially all (approximately 99.99 percent) of the "Equalized Assessed Valuation" (described below) of taxable property in the City is located in the County. The remainder is located in DuPage County. Accordingly, unless otherwise indicated, the information, set forth under this caption and elsewhere in this Official Statement with respect to taxable property in the City does not reflect the portion situated in DuPage County.

Assessment

The Cook County Assessor (the "Assessor") is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

the County, except for certain railroad property and pollution control equipment assessed directly by the State. One-third of the real property in the County is reassessed each year on a repeating triennial schedule established by the Assessor. The suburbs in the northern and northwestern portions of the County were reassessed in 2013. The suburbs in the western and southern portions of the County were reassessed in 2014. The City, was reassessed in 2015. . . . ■

Real property in the County is separated into various classifications for assessment purposes. After the Assessor establishes the fair cash value of a parcel of land, that value is multiplied by one of the classification percentages to arrive at the assessed valuation (the "Assessed Valuation") for the parcel. Beginning with the 2009 tax year, the classification percentages range from 10 to 25 percent depending on the type of property (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial) and whether ,it qualifies for certain incentives for reduced rates. For prior years, the classification percentages ranged from 16 to 38 percent.

The Cook County Board of Commissioners has adopted various amendments to the County's Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance (the "Classification Ordinance"), pursuant to which the Assessed .Valuation of real property is established.; Among other things, these amendments have reduced .certain property classification percentages, lengthened, certain renewal periods of classifications and created new property classifications.

The Assessor has established procedures enabling taxpayers to contest the Assessor's tentative Assessed Valuations,. Once the Assessor certifies final Assessed Valuations, a taxpayer can seek, review of its assessment by the Cook County Board of Review (the "Board of Review"). The Board of Review has powers to review and adjust Assessed Valuations set by the Assessor. Owners of property, are able .to appeal decisions of the Board of Review to theTllinois Property Tax Appeal Board (the "PTAB"), a statewide administrative body, or to the Circuit Court of Cook County (the "Circuit Court"). The PTAB has the power to determine the Assessed Valuation of real property based on equity and the weight of the evidence. Based on the amount of the proposed change in assessed valuation,, taxpayers may appeal decisions of the PTAB to either the Circuit Court or the Illinois Appellate Court under the Illinois Administrative Review Law.,

D-1

The Underwriters

Goldman, Sachs.& Co. 71 South Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606

Mesirow Financial; Inc. ■. i 353 North Clark Street Chicago, Illinois 60654

Estrada Hinojosa & Company, Inc: 161 North Clark Street Chicago, Illinois¹60601

Fifth Third Securities, Inc. 222 South Riverside Plaza Chicago, Illinois 60606¹

Harvestons Securities-; Inc. 830T'East Preiftice'Avenue*' ">>••?*■■■ Greenwood-Village, Colorado'80111 IFS Securities, Inc. 233 South Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606

'Melvin & Company, LLC 455 Cityfront Plaza Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60611

North South Capital LLC 200 West Adams Street Chicago, Illinois 60606 < •'

•. Siebert Cisneros Shank & Go., L.L.C. 111 East Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60601

_

William Blair & Company '222^{:":}East-Adams Street Chicago/illinois 60606 -^{:;}

APPENDIX F

REFUNDED AND INTEREST PAID BONDS

[ThiSvBageJntentionally Leer-Blank-]^-

REFUNDED BONDS

^ . ' 🔳

-

		Interest Rate	
Series	Maturity Date	<u>(%)</u>	
1995A2	01/01/18	5.500	
2001A	01/01/18	5.440	
2001A	01/01/19	5.500	
2001A	01/01/20	5.530	
2001A	01/01/21	5.560	
2001A	01/01/22	5.580	
2005A	01/01/18	4.000	
2005A	01/01/18	5.000	
2005A	01/01/19	5.000	
2005B	01/01/18	5.000	
2005B	01/01/19	5.000	
2005B	01/01/20	5.000	
2005-3C	01/01/18	4.250	
2005 3B	01/01/18	4.250	
2006 1C	01/01/18	4.000	
2006 2006-1B	01/01/18	4,000	
2006A	01/01/18	4.250	
2006A	01/01/18	5.000	
2006A	01/01/19	5.000	
2007A	01/01/18	4.250	
2007A	01/01/18	5.000	
2007A	01/01/18	4.000	
2007A '	01/01/19	4.000	
2007A	01/01/19	5.000	
2007A	01/01/20	5.000	
2007C	01/01/18	4.000	
2007C	01/01/18	5.000	
2007D	01/01/18	5.240	
2008A	01/01/18	5.000	
2008A	01/01/19	5.000	
2008B	01/01/18	5.380	
2014A	01/01/18	4.000	
		Redemption	
Par Amount	<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Price (%)</u>	
		\$18,190,000	At Maturity
6,865,000	03/03/17	100.000	-
7,245,000		100.000	
7,640,000	03/03/17	100.000	

N/A

8,060,000	03/03/17	100.000			
8,510,000	03/03/17	100.000			
1,715,000	03/03/17	100.000			
24,030,000	03/03/17	100.000			
15,245,000	03/03/17	100.000			
21,625,000	03/03/17	100.000			
13,090,000	03/03/17	100.000			
9,415,000	03/03/17	100.000			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	05/05/17	100.000	250,000	03/03/17	100.000
1,045,000	03/03/17	100.000	250,000	05/05/17	100.000
3,725,000	03/03/17	100.000			
1,040,000	03/03/17	100.000			
2,150,000	03/03/17	100.000			
12,345,000	03/03/17	100.000			
26,645,000	03/03/17	100.000			
1,465,000	03/03/17	100.000			
7,655,000	03/03/17	100.000			
1,750,000	03/03/17	100.000			
1,,00,000	00/00/1/	100000	670,000	03/03/17	100.000
10,925,000	03/03/17	100.000	0,0,000	00,00,1,	100000
16,290,000	03/03/17	100.000			
5,190,000	At Maturity	N/A			
12,335,000	At Maturity	N/A			
1,380,000	At Maturity	N/A			
8,305,000	At Maturity	N/A			
	y		12,905,000	01/01/18	100.000
4,320,000	At Maturity	N/A	-, ,		
1,475,000	At Maturity	N/A			
, ,	- 5				

F-1 INTEREST PAID BONDS

Proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds are funding a portion of the interest due through and including the January 1, 2020 interest payment on the following maturities. The principal amounts related to the refunded interest amounts shown below are not being refunded;

Outstanding Bond Series 2002B-NA21 2003 B 2005D 2007E . 2007F 2007G 2008C 2009C 2009D 2010B 2011A 2012A ² 2012C. 2014A 2015A

Interest Payment Dates Beginning 07/01/17 07/01/18

Interest Payment Dates Ending 01/01/19 01/01/19 01/01/19 01/01/19 01/01/19 01/01/19 . 07/01/18 . 01/01/20 01/01/20 01/01/20 01/01/20 01/01/20 •01/01/20 •01/01/19

Interest Amount Refunded

7,613,438.6,346,762 "" 8,492,550 = f 3,750,450.2,999,150 746,350 19,506,555. • • • • • 18,308,167 ; 24,999,218 48,158,788 31,854,300 • 16,569,750 ' ; 9,558,750' 58,490,925 • • • * 8,521,838

F-2

[This Page Intentionally Left Blank]

0

Exhibit 3 Trust Indenture

Execution Version

City of Chicago to

Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association as Trustee

Trust Indenture

Securing

\$886,000,000 City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding

Series 2017A

and

S274,260,000 City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B

Dated as of February 1, 2017 TABLE OF CONTENTS

(This Table of Contents is not a part of the Indenture and is only for convenience of reference)

Section

Heading Page

ARTICLE I	DEFINITIONS	3
Section 1	.01. Definitions	3
ARTICLE II	THE BONDS	11
Section 2	2.01. Authority for and Issuance of Bonds	11
Section 2	2.02. General Terms of Bonds	11
Section 2	2.03. Execution	12
Section 2	2.04. Authentication	12

Section 2.05. Section 2.06. Section 2.07. Section 2.08. Section 2.09. Section 2.10. Section 2.11.	Forms of Bonds; Temporary Bonds Delivery of Bonds Mutilated, Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds Transfer and Exchange of Bonds; Persons Treated as Owners Required Information in Bond Form Cancellation Book Entry Provisions	12 13 13 14 15 15
	EMPTION OF BONDS	17
Section 3.01. Section 3.02. Section 3.03. Section 3.04.	Redemption Terms, Dates and Prices Notice of Redemption Selection of Bonds for Redemption Deposit of Funds	17 19 21 22
ARTICLE IV APPL	LICATION OF BOND PROCEEDS; CREATION OF FUNDS AND SECURITY FOR BONDS	
Section 4.01. Section 4.02. Section 4.03. Section 4.04. Section 4.05. Section 4.06. Section 4.07. Section 4.08. Section 4.09. Section 4.10. ARTICLE V INVE	Source of Payment of Bonds Application of Bond Proceeds Creation of Bond Fund and the Accounts Therein Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account Project Funds Costs of Issuance Accounts Deposits into Bond Fund and Accounts Therein Tax Covenants with respect to the Series 2017A Bonds Non-presentment of Bonds .' Moneys Held in Trust	22 22 23 23 24 25 26 26 26 26 26 27 27
Section 5.01.	Investment of Moneys	27
Section 5.02.	Investment Income	27

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Heading

ARTICLE VI	DISC	HARGE OF LIEN	27
Section	6.01.	Defeasance	27
ARTICLE VII	DEFA	AULT PROVISIONS; REMEDIES	28
Section	7.01.	Defaults	28
Section	7.02.	Remedies	29
ARTICLE VIII	TRU	STEE AND PAYING AGENT	30

Section 8.01	. Acceptance of Trusts	30
Section 8.02	. Dealing in Bonds	30
Section 8.03	. Compensation of Trustee	30
Section 8.04	-	30
Section 8.05	. Notice to Rating Agencies	31
Section 8.06	. Qualification of Trustee	32
Section 8.07	. Responsibilities of Trustee	32
Section 8.08	. Funds Held in Trust and Security Therefor	33
Section 8.09	. Evidence on which Trustee May Act	33
Section 8.10	. Permitted Acts and Functions	34
Section 8.11	. Resignation	34
Section 8.12	. Removal	34
Section 8.13	. Appointment of Successor	35
Section 8.14	. Transfer of Rights and Property to Successor	35
Section 8.15	. Merger or Consolidation	35
Section 8.16	Adoption of Authentication	36
Section 8.17	. Evidence of Signatures of Owners and Ownership of Bonds	36
Section 8.18	. Preservation and Inspection of Documents	36
ARTICLE IX SU	JPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES	37
Section 9.01	. Supplemental Indentures Effective Upon Execution by the Trustee	37
Section 9.02		57
Section 7.02	Bonds:	37
Section 9.03		38
Section 9.04		38
Section 9.05		39
	, Section 9.06. Powers of Amendment	0,7
Section 9.07	·	39
Section 9.08		40
Section 9.09	5	40
Section 9.10		40
ARTICLE X M	ISCELLANEOUS	41

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Section

Heading Page

-n-

Section 10.01.	Severability	41
Section 10.02.	Payments Due on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays	41
Section 10.03.	Notices	41
Section 10.04.	Counterparts	42
Section 10.05.	Rules of Interpretation	42
Section 10.06.	Captions	42

Exhibit A - Forms of Bonds	A-l
Exhibit B - Form of Project Fund Requisition	B-1
Exhibit C - Refunded Bonds and Interest-Only Bonds	C-1
Exhibit D - Closing Memorandum	D-1

-in-

Trust Indenture

This Trust Indenture, made and entered into as of February 1, 2017 (this "Indenture"), from the City OF CHICAGO (the "City"), a municipal corporation and home rule unit of local government duly organized and existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois, to ZIONS Bank (the "Trustee"), a division of ZB, National Association, with trust powers, having a corporate trust office located in the City of Chicago, Illinois, duly organized, validly existing and authorized to accept and execute trusts of the character herein set out under and by virtue of the laws of the United States of America,

Whereas, pursuant to an ordinance duly adopted by the City Council of the City (the "City Council") on October 5, 2016 (the "Bond Ordinance") the City duly authorized the issuance and sale of (i) its General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A (the "Series 2017A Bonds") in order to provide funds, together with other available funds, including proceeds of other general obligation bonds, for the purposes of (a) paying or reimbursing the City for its prior payment of a portion of the costs of the Project (as defined in the Bond Ordinance); (b) paying costs of the Refunding Purposes (as defined in the Bond Ordinance), (c) funding capitalized interest on certain ofthe 2017A Bonds; and (d) paying costs of issuance of the Series 2017B Bonds, and (ii) its General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B (the "Series 2017B Bonds" and, together with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Bonds") in order to provide funds, together with other available funds, including proceeds of other general obligation bonds, for the purposes of (a) paying or reimbursing the City for its project Series 2017B (the "Series 2017B Bonds" and, together with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Bonds") in order to provide funds, together with other available funds, including proceeds of other general obligation bonds, for the purposes of (a) paying or reimbursing the City for its prior payment of a portion of the costs of the Project (as defined in the Bond Ordinance) and (b) paying costs of issuance of the Series 2017B Bonds; and

Whereas, Refunding Purposes include (i) refunding certain of the Authorized General Obligation Bonds and Notes (as defined in the Bond Ordinance), identified in Exhibit C hereto (the "Refunded Bonds"), in order to achieve savings for the City or to restructure debt service otherwise payable on the Refunded Bonds, and (ii) refunding certain of the Authorized General Obligation Bonds and Notes, identified in Exhibit C hereto (the "Interest-Only Bonds"), in,order to restructure debt service otherwise payable on the Interest-Only Bonds by providing for the payment of interest due on such Interest-Only Bonds; and

Whereas, it is in the best interests of the inhabitants of the City and necessary for the welfare of the government and affairs of the City that the Project be financed and undertaken and that the Refunding Purposes be effected; and

WHEREAS, by virtue of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution of 1970 and pursuant to the Bond Ordinance, the City is authorized to issue the Bonds, to enter into this Indenture and to do or cause to be done all the acts and things herein provided or required to be done; and

Whereas, the execution and delivery of the Bonds and of this Indenture have in all respects been duly authorized and all things necessary to make the Bonds, when executed by the City and authenticated by the Trustee, the legal, valid and binding obligations of the City and to make this Indenture a legal, valid and binding agreement, have been done; and

Whereas, the Series 2017A Bonds and the Series 2017B Bonds, and the Trustee's Certificate of Authentication to be endorsed on such Bonds, shall be substantially in the forms attached hereto as Exhibits A-1 and A-2, respectively, with necessary and appropriate variations, omissions and insertions as permitted or required by this Indenture and the Bond Ordinance;

Now, Therefore, This Indenture Witnesseth: Granting Clauses

That the City, in consideration of the premises and the acceptance by the Trustee of the trusts hereby created, and of the purchase and acceptance of the Bonds by their Registered Owners, and of the sum of one dollar, lawful money of the United States of America, to it duly paid by the Trustee at or before the execution and delivery of these presents, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, to secure the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

Bonds according to their tenor and effect, and to secure the performance and observance by the City of all the covenants expressed or implied in this Indenture and in the Bonds, assigns and grants a security interest in and to the following to the Trustee, and its successors in trust and assigns forever, to secure the performance of the obligations of the City hereinafter set forth (the "Trust Estate "):

Granting Clause First

Any moneys, revenues, receipts, income, assets or funds of the City legally available for such purposes including, but not limited to, the proceeds of a direct annual tax levied by the City in the Bond Ordinance upon all taxable property in the City, all to the extent provided in this Indenture;

Granting Clause Second

All moneys and securities from time to time held by the Trustee under the terms of this Indenture, except for moneys deposited with or paid to the Trustee and held in trust under this Indenture for the redemption of Bonds, notice of the redemption of which has been duly given; and

Granting Clause Third

Any and all other property, rights and interests of every kind and nature from time to time hereafter by delivery or by writing of any kind granted, bargained, sold, alienated, demised, released, conveyed, assigned, transferred, mortgaged, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise subjected to this Indenture, as and for additional security under this Indenture by the City or by any other person on its behalf or with its written consent to the Trustee, and the Trustee is authorized to receive any and all such property at any and all times and to hold and apply the same subject to the terms of this Indenture;

To Have and To HOLD all and singular the Trust Estate, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, unto the Trustee and its successors in said trust and assigns forever;

In Trust, Nevertheless, upon the terms and trusts set forth in this Indenture for the equal and proportionate benefit, security and protection of all present and future Registered Owners of the Bonds, without privilege, priority or distinction as to the lien or otherwise of any of the foregoing over any other of the foregoing, except to the extent otherwise specifically provided in this Indenture;

Provided, However, that if the City, its successors or assigns shall well and truly pay, or cause to be paid, the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds, at the times and in the manner set forth therein according to the true intent and meaning thereof, and shall cause the payments to be made on the Bonds as required in this Indenture, or shall provide, as permitted by this Indenture, for the payment thereof, and shall well and truly cause to be kept, performed and observed all of its covenants and conditions pursuant to the terms of this Indenture, and shall pay or cause to be paid to the Trustee all sums of money due or to become due to it in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Indenture, then upon the final payment thereof this Indenture and the rights granted by this Indenture shall cease, determine and be void; otherwise this Indenture shall remain in full force and effect.

This Indenture Further Witnesseth, and it is expressly declared, that all Bonds issued and secured

hereunder are to be issued, authenticated and delivered, and all said property, rights and interests and any other amounts hereby assigned and pledged are to be dealt with and disposed of, under, upon and subject to the terms, conditions, stipulations, covenants, agreements, trusts, uses and purposes as herein expressed, and the City has agreed and covenanted, and does hereby agree and covenant, with the Trustee and the respective owners of the Bonds as follows:

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS

Section J.Ol. Definitions. All capitalized terms used herein unless otherwise defined shall have the meanings given in the recitals above and the following meanings for purposes of this Indenture:

"Authorized Denomination " means \$5,000 and any integral multiple thereof.

"Authorized General Obligation Bonds and Notes" means as provided in the Bond Ordinance.

"Authorized Officer" means the City's Chief Financial Officer or the City Comptroller.

"Beneficial Owner" means the owner of a beneficial interest in the Bonds registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC (or a successor securities depository or nominee for either of them).

"Bond Counsel" means one or more firms of nationally recognized bond counsel designated by the Corporation Counsel of the City.

-3-

"Bond Fund" means the City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017AB Bond Fund established and described in Section 4.03.

"Bondholder. " "holder, " or "owner of the Bonds " means the Registered Owner or Beneficial Owner of any Bond, as the case may be.

"Bond Ordinance " has the meaning given to such term in the recitals hereto.

"Bond Register" means the registration books of the City kept by the Trustee to evidence the registration and transfer of Bonds.

"Bonds' means the Series 2017A Bonds and the Series 2017B Bonds.

"Business Day" means any day other than (i) a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) a day on which banking institutions located in the city where the Designated Corporate Trust Office is located are authorized or required by law or executive order to close, and (iii) a day on which The New York Stock Exchange, Inc. is closed.

"Certificate" means an instrument of the City in writing signed by an Authorized Officer. Any such instrument in writing and supporting opinions or representations, if any, may, but need not, be combined in a single instrument with any other instrument, opinion or representation, and the two or more so combined shall

be read and construed so as to form a single instrument. Any such instrument may be based, insofar as it relates to legal, accounting or engineering matters, upon the opinion or representation of counsel, accountants, or engineers, respectively, unless the officer signing such instrument knows that the opinion or representation with respect to the matters upon which such instrument may be based, as aforesaid, is erroneous. The same Authorized Officer, or the same counsel or accountant or other persons, as the case may be, need not certify to all ofthe matters required to be certified under any provision of this Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture, but different officers, counsel, accountants or other persons may certify to different facts, respectively.

"Chief Financial Officer" means the Chief Financial Officer appointed by the Mayor, or the City Comptroller of the City at any time a vacancy exists in the office of the Chief Financial Officer.

"City" means the City of Chicago, a municipal corporation and home Rile unit of local government, organized and existing under the Constitution and laws of the State.

"City Clerk" means the duly qualified and acting City Clerk of the City or any Deputy City Clerk or other person that may lawfully take a specific action or perform a specific duty prescribed for the City Clerk pursuant to the Bond Ordinance.

"City Comptroller" means the City Comptroller of the City.

"Closing Memorandum" means the closing memorandum prepared by the Underwriters in connection with the issuance and delivery of the Bonds, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit D.

-4-

"Code" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. References to the Code and to Sections of the Code shall include relevant final, temporary or proposed regulations thereunder as in effect from time to time and as applicable to obligations issued on the Date of Issuance. ^

"Date of Issuance" means February 1, 2017, the date of issuance and delivery of the Bonds to the initial purchasers thereof.

"Defeasance Obligations " means: (1) direct obligations of the United States of America, (2) obligations of agencies of the United States of America, the timely payment of principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the United States of America, (3) obligations of the following government-sponsored agencies that are not backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC) debt obligations, Farm Credit System (formerly: Federal Land Banks, Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, and Banks for Cooperatives) debt obligations, Federal Home Loan Banks (FHL Banks) debt obligations, Fannie Mae debt obligations, Financing Corp. (FICO) debt obligations, Resolution Funding Corp. (REFCORP) debt obligations, and U.S. Agency for International Development (U.S. A.I.D.) Guaranteed notes, (4) pre-refunded municipal obligations defined as follows: any bonds or other obligations of any state of the United States of America or of any agency, instrumentality or local governmental unit of any such state which are not callable at the option of the obligor prior to maturity or as to which irrevocable instructions have been given by the obligor to call on the date specified in the notice, or (5) instruments evidencing an ownership interest in obligations described in the preceding clauses (1), (2) or (3).

"Designated Corporate Trust Office" means the corporate trust office of the Trustee located at the address of the Trustee set forth for notices to the Trustee in Section 10.03 hereof, as such address may be changed from time to time by the Trustee.

"DTC" means The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, or its nominee, and its successors and assigns, or any other depository performing similar functions.

"Escrow Agreements" means the Escrow Deposit Agreements, each dated as of February 1, 2017, between the City and the applicable Escrow Trustees, with respect to the Refunded Bonds or the Interest-Only Bonds, as applicable.

"Escrow Trustee" means the bond registrar and paying agent for the applicable Refunded Bonds or Interest-Only Bonds in its capacity as escrow trustee for such Refunded Bonds or Interest-Only Bonds pursuant to the applicable Escrow Agreement.

"Escrow Verification Report" means the report of Robert Thomas, CPA. LLC, dated February 1, 2017, with respect to the refunding of the Refunded Bonds and the Interest-Only-Bonds.

"Federal Obligation " means any direct obligation of, or any obligation the full and timely payment of principal of and interest on which is guaranteed by, the United States of America.

-5-

"Fitch " means Fitch Ratings Inc.. a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, its successors and assigns, and, if such corporation shall be dissolved or liquidated, or shall no longer perform the functions of a securities rating agency, "Fitch" shall be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency designated by the City by notice to the Trustee.

"Indenture " means this Indenture, as amended from time to time in accordance with Article IX hereof.

"Interest-Only Bonds" means as provided in the recitals to this Indenture.

"Interest Payment Date" means each January 1 and July 1. The initial Interest Payment Date shall be July 1,2017.

"Kroll" means Kroll Bond Rating Agency, its successors and assigns, and, if Kroll shall be dissolved or liquidated or shall no longer perform the functions of a securities rating agency, "Kroll" shall be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency designated by the City by notice to the Trustee.

"Make-Whole Redemption Price" means, with respect to the Series 2017B Bonds, the greater of (A) 100% of the principal amount of the Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date on which such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed, discounted to the date of redemption of such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

Treasury Rate (as defined herein) plus 70 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued interest on the Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed to the date fixed for redemption. The Make-Whole Redemption . Price of the Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed will be calculated by an independent accounting firm, investment banking firm or financial advisor (the "Calculation Agent ") retained by the City at the City's expense. The Trustee and the City may rely on the Calculation Agent's determination of the Make-Whole Redemption Price and will not be liable for such reliance. An Authorized Officer shall confirm and transmit the redemption price as so calculated on such dates to the Trustee and to such other parties as shall be necessary to effectuate such redemption.

"Maturity Date " means, for the Bonds of each specified maturity, the applicable maturity date set forth in Section 2.02.

"Municipal Code" means the Municipal Code of Chicago, as from time to time amended.

"Opinion of Bond Counsel" means a written opinion of Bond Counsel in form and substance acceptable to the City.

"Outstanding" means, when used with reference to any Bonds of any Series, all of such obligations issued under this Indenture that are unpaid, provided that such term does not include:

-6-

a) Bonds of such Series canceled at or prior to such date or delivered to or acquired by the Trustee or Paying Agent at or prior to such date for cancellation;

b) matured or redeemed Bonds of such Series which have not been presented for payment in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture and for the payment of which the City has deposited funds with the Trustee or Paying Agent;

c) Bonds of such Series for which the City has provided for payment by depositing in an irrevocable trust or escrow, cash or Defeasance Obligations, in each case, the maturing principal of and interest on which will be sufficient to pay at maturity, or if called for redemption on the applicable redemption date, the principal of, redemption premium, if any, and interest on such Bonds;

d) Bonds of such Series in lieu of or in exchange or substitution for which other Bonds of such Series shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to this Indenture; and

e) Bonds of such Series owned by the City and tendered to the Trustee for cancellation.

"Participant," when used with respect to any Securities Depository, means any participant of such Securities Depository.

"Paying Agent" means the Trustee and any additional Paying Agent designated by the Trustee pursuant to Section 8.04 hereof, and any successor thereto.

"Permitted Investments" means any of the following obligations or securities permitted under the laws of the State and the Municipal Code:

a) interest-bearing general obligations of the United States of America, the State or the City;

b) United States treasury bills and other non-interest bearing general obligations of the United States of America when offered for sale in the open market at a price below the face value of same, so as to afford the City a return on such investment in lieu of interest;

c) short-term discount obligations of the United States Government or United States Government agencies;

d) certificates of deposit of national banks or banks located within the City which are either (i) fully collateralized at least 110 percent by marketable United States Government securities marked to market at least monthly or (ii) secured by a corporate surety bond issued by an insurance company licensed to do business in the State and having a claims-paying rating in the top rating category as rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and maintaining such rating during the term of such investment;

-7-

e) banker's acceptances of banks and commercial paper of banks whose senior obligations are rated in the top two short-term rating categories by at least two national rating agencies and maintaining such rating during the term of such investment;

f) tax-exempt securities exempt from federal arbitrage provisions applicable to investments of proceeds of the City's tax-exempt debt obligations; and

g) domestic money market mutual funds regulated by and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including any such fund for which the Trustee or any of its affiliates provides any service including any service for which a fee may be paid.

"Principal and Interest Account" means the "Series 2017AB Principal and Interest Account" established within the Bond Fund, as described in Section 4.03 hereof.

"Principal and Interest Account Requirement " means an amount, equal to the total principal installment and interest due on the Bonds as of each January 1 and July 1 (including any mandatory redemption of the Bonds as required by Section 3.01(c) hereof).

"Project" means as provided in the Bond Ordinance.

"Project Costs " means the cost of acquisition, construction and equipping of the Project, including the cost of acquisition of all land, rights of way. property, rights, easements and interests acquired by the City' for such construction, the cost of demolishing or removing any buildings or structures on land so acquired, including the cost of acquiring any lands to which such buildings or structures may be moved, the cost of all machinery and equipment determined to be necessary and desirable by the City, the costs of issuance of the Bonds, financing charges, financial advisory fees, consultant fees, interest prior to and during construction and,

File #: F2017-11, Version: 1

as permitted under the Code for such period after completion of construction as the City shall determine, the cost of engineering and legal expenses, plans, specifications, estimates of cost and revenues, other expenses necessary or incident to determining the feasibility or practicability of constructing any portion of the Project, administrative expenses and such other costs, expenses and funding as may be necessary or incident to the construction of the Project, financing of such construction and placing the Project in operation.

"Project Funds" means, collectively, the Series 2017A Project Fund and the Series 2017B Project Fund.

"Qualified Collateral " means:

a) Federal Obligations;

b) direct and general obligations of any state of the United States of America or any political subdivision of the State which are rated not less than "AA" or "Aa2" or their equivalents by any nationally recognized securities rating agency; and

c) public housing bonds issued by public housing authorities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual

-8-

contributions under an annual contributions contract or contracts with the United States of America, or project notes issued by public housing authorities, or project notes issued by local public agencies, in each case fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the United States of America.

"Rating Agency" means any of Fitch, S&P and Kroll, or another rating agency that has a credit rating assigned to the Bonds at the request of the City.

"Record Date " means each June 15 and December 15 (whether or not a Business Day).

"Redemption Price" means for purposes of this Indenture, (i) in the case of an optional redemption of Series 2017A Bonds under Section 3.01 (a)(i) hereof or a mandatory redemption of Bonds under Section 3.01 (c) hereof, 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, if any, on the Bonds to be redeemed to the date of redemption and (ii) in the case of an optional redemption of Series 2017B Bonds under Section 3.01 (a)(i) hereof, the Make-Whole Redemption Price.

"Refunded Bonds" means as provided in the recitals to this Indenture.

"Refunding Purposes" means as provided in the Bond Ordinance.

"Registered Owner " or "Owner " means the person or persons in whose name or names a Bond shall be registered in the Bond Register.

"S&P" means S&P Global Ratings, a business unit of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, its successors and assigns, and, if S&P shall be dissolved or liquidated or shall no longer perform the functions of a securities rating agency, "S&P" shall be deemed to refer to any other nationally recognized securities rating agency designated by the City by notice to the Trustee.

"Securities Depository" means DTC and any other securities depository registered as a clearing agency with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and appointed as the securities depository for the Bonds.

"Series 2017A Bonds" means the Genera] Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A, issued pursuant to Section 2.01 hereof.

"Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account " means the "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A, Capitalized Interest Account" established and described in Section 4.04 hereof.

"Series 2017A Costs of Issuance Account" means the account of that name established and described in Section 4.06(a) hereof.

"Series 2017A Project Fund" means the "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017A Project Fund" established and described in Section 4.05 hereof.

-9-

"Series 2017B Bonds" means the General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B, issued pursuant to Section 2.01 hereof.

"Series 2017B Costs of Issuance Account" means the account of that name established and described in Section 4.06(b) hereof.

"Series 2017B Project Fund" means the "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017B Project Fund" established and described in Section 4.05 hereof.

"State " means the State of Illinois.

"Supplemental Indenture" means any indenture modifying, altering, amending, supplementing or confirming this Indenture duly entered into in accordance with the terms hereof.

"Tax Certificate" means the Tax Exemption Certificate of the City dated the Date of Issuance pertaining to the Series 2017A Bonds.

"Treasury Rate" means, as of any redemption date, the yield to maturity as of such redemption date of United States Treasury securities with a constant maturity (as compiled and published in the most recent Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 (519) that is publicly available at least four Business Days prior to the redemption date (excluding inflation indexed securities) (or, if such Statistical Release is no longer published, any publicly available source of similar market data)) most nearly equal to the period from the redemption date to the maturity date of the Bonds of such series to be redeemed; provided, however, that if the period from the redemption date to such maturity date is less than one year, the weekly average yield on actually traded United States Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year will be used. For puiposes of this definition, "Business Day" means any day other than a day on which banks in New York, New York, Chicago,

Illinois, or the city in which the Bond Registrar maintains its designated office are required or authorized to close. The Treasury Rate shall be determined by an independent accounting firm, investment banking firm or municipal advisor retained by the City at the City's expense.

"Trust Estate" means the property conveyed to the Trustee pursuant to the Granting Clauses hereof.

"Trustee" means Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, a national banking association with trust powers, and its successors and any entity resulting from or surviving any consolidation or merger to which it or its successors may be a party, and any successor Trustee at the time serving as successor trustee hereunder.

"Underwriters" means the group of underwriters selected by the City to underwrite the sale of the Bonds pursuant to Section 12 of the Bond Ordinance, of which Goldman Sachs & Co. is the representative.

-10-

ARTICLE II

THE BONDS

Section 2.01. Authority for and Issuance of Bonds, (a) No Bonds may be issued under the provisions of this Indenture except in accordance with this Article. Except as provided in Section 2.07 hereof, the total principal amount of Bonds that may be issued hereunder is expressly limited to \$1,160,260,000, consisting of \$886,000,000 Series 2017A Bonds and \$274,260,000 Series 2017B Bonds.

The Series 2017 A Bonds shall be designated "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A" and shall be issued as fully registered bonds, without coupons, in Authorized Denominations substantially in the form attached as Exhibit A-l hereto. Unless the City shall otherwise direct, the Series 2017A Bonds shall be lettered and numbered from R-l and upwards. Each Series 2017A Bond shall be dated the Date of Issuance and shall mature, subject to prior redemption as provided in Article III hereof, on its Maturity Date.

The Series 2017B Bonds shall be designated "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B" and shall be issued as fully registered bonds, without coupons, in Authorized Denominations substantially in the form attached as Exhibit A-2 hereto. Unless the City shall otherwise direct, the Series 2017B Bonds shall be lettered and numbered from R-l and upwards. Each Series 2017B Bond shall be dated the Date of Issuance and shall mature, subject to prior redemption as provided in Article III hereof, on its Maturity Date.

b) Each Bond shall bear interest from the later of its date or the most recent Interest Payment Date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, until the principal amount of such Bond is paid, such interest being payable on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on July 1, 2017. Interest on each Bond shall be paid to the person in whose name such Bond is registered at the close of business on the Record

Date next preceding the applicable Interest Payment Date, by check or draft of the Trustee, or, at the option of any registered owner of \$1,000,000 or more in aggregate principal amount of Bonds of a series, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to such bank in the continental United States of America as the registered owner of such Bonds shall request in writing to the Trustee.

c) The principal of the Bonds and any redemption premium shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America which, at the respective dates of payment thereof, is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, upon presentation and surrender thereof at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee.

Section 2.02. General Terms of Bonds. The Bonds shall mature on January 1 in each year shown in the following tables in the respective principal amount set forth opposite each such year. The Bonds shall bear interest from and including the Date of Issuance as shown in the tables below until payment of the principal or applicable Redemption Price thereof shall have been made or provided for in accordance with the provisions hereof, whether at the applicable Maturity Date, upon redemption or acceleration, or otherwise. Interest accrued on the Bonds shall be paid in arrears on each Interest Payment Date. Interest on the Bonds shall be computed upon the basis of a 360 day year consisting of twelve 30 day months.

-11-

Maturities, Amounts and Interest Rates Series 2017A

Maturity (January 1) Principal Amount 2029 2030 2031 2033 2034 \$20,980,000 41,565,000 43,655,000 32,690,000 34,120,000 5.625% 5.625 5.625 5.750 5.750

\$712,990,000 6.000% Term Bond due January 1, 2038

Ma turities, Amounts and Interest Rates Series 2017B

\$274,260,000 7.045% Term Bond due January 1, 2029

Section 2.03. Execution. The seal of the City or a facsimile thereof shall be affixed to or printed on each of the Bonds, and the Bonds shall be executed by the manual or facsimile signature of the Mayor and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of the City Clerk, and in case any officer whose signature shall appear on any Bond shall cease to be such officer before the delivery of such Bond, such signature shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all proposes, the same as if such officer had remained in office until delivery.

Section 2.04. Authentication. All Series 2017A Bonds and Series 2017B Bonds shall have thereon a certificate of authentication substantially in the form attached hereto as part of Exhibits A-l and A-2, respectively, duly executed by the Trustee as authenticating agent of the City and showing the date of authentication. No Bond shall be valid or obligatory for any purpose or be entitled to any security or benefit under this Indenture unless and until such certificate of authentication shall have been duly executed by the Trustee by manual signature, and such certificate of authentication upon any such Bond shall be conclusive evidence that such Bond has been authenticated and delivered under the Bond Ordinance and this Indenture. The certificate of authentication on any Bond shall be deemed to have been executed by the Trustee if signed by an authorized officer of such Trustee, but it shall not be necessary that the same officer sign the certificate of authentication on all of the Bonds issued hereunder.

Section 2.05. Forms of Bonds; Temporary Bonds. The Series 2017A Bonds and Series 2017B Bonds issued under this Indenture shall be substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibits A-1 and A-2, respectively, with such appropriate variations, omissions and insertions as are permitted or required by the Bond Ordinance and this Indenture.

Pending preparation of definitive Bonds, or by agreement with the purchasers of the Bonds, the City may issue and, upon its request, the Trustee shall authenticate, in lieu of

-12-

definitive Bonds, one or more temporary printed or typewritten Bonds in Authorized Denominations of substantially the tenor recited above. Upon request of the City, the Trustee shall authenticate definitive Bonds in exchange for and upon surrender of an equal principal amount of temporary Bonds. Until so exchanged, temporary Bonds shall have the same rights, remedies and security hereunder as definitive Bonds.

Section 2.06. Delivery of Bonds. Upon the execution and delivery of this Indenture, the City shall execute and deliver to the Trustee, and the Trustee shall authenticate, the Bonds and deliver them to the purchasers as may be directed by the City as hereinafter in this Section provided.

Prior to the delivery by the Trustee of any of the Bonds there shall be filed with the Trustee:

1) copies, duly certified by the City Clerk of the City, of the Bond Ordinance;

2) a notification of sale of the City, signed by an Authorized Officer, as required by Section 12 of the Bond Ordinance;

- 3) original executed counterparts of this Indenture;
- 4) executed counterparts of the Escrow Agreements;
- 5) a signed copy of the Escrow Verification Report;

6) an Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that this Indenture (i) has been duly and lawfully authorized by the City Council of the City and executed by the City in accordance with the provisions of the Bond Ordinance and (ii) will, when executed and delivered by the Trustee, be valid

and binding upon the City and enforceable in accordance with its terms;

7) a Certificate executed by the City Comptroller stating that all conditions precedent with respect to the execution of all documents by the City relating to the Bonds have been satisfied; and

8) such further documents, certificates and opinions as may be required by the provisions of the Bond Ordinance, this Indenture, any bond purchase agreement with respect to the sale of the Bonds or proceedings taken pursuant thereto.

Section 2.07. Mutilated, Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Bonds. If any Bond, whether in temporary or definitive form, is lost (whether by reason of theft or otherwise), destroyed (whether by mutilation, damage, in whole or in part, or otherwise) or improperly cancelled, the Trustee may authenticate a new Bond of like series, date, maturity date, interest rate, denomination and principal amount and bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding; provided that (i) in the case of any mutilated Bond, such mutilated Bond shall first be surrendered to the Trustee, and (ii) in the case of any lost Bond or Bond destroyed in whole, there shall be first furnished to the Trustee evidence of such loss, theft, or destruction satisfactory

-13-

to the City and the Trustee, together with indemnification of the City and the Trustee, satisfactory to the Trustee. If any lost, destroyed or improperly cancelled Bond shall have matured or is about to mature, or has been called for redemption, instead of issuing a duplicate Bond, the Trustee shall pay the same without surrender thereof if there shall be first furnished to the Trustee evidence of such loss, destruction or cancellation, together with indemnity, satisfactory to it. Upon the issuance of any substitute Bond, the Trustee may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto.

All Bonds shall be owned-upon the express condition that the foregoing provisions, to the extent permitted by law, are exclusive with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost, stolen or purchased Bonds, and shall preclude any and "all other rights or remedies.

Section 2.08. Transfer and Exchange of Bonds; Persons Treated as Owners, (a) Subject to the limitations contained in subsection (c) of this Section, upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Bond at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, duly endorsed by, or accompanied by a written instrument or instruments of transfer in form satisfactory to the Trustee and duly executed by the Bondholder or such Bondholder's attorney duly authorized in writing in such form and with guarantee of signature as shall be satisfactory to the Trustee, the City shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name ofthe transferee or transferees, one or more fully registered Bonds ofthe same series, interest rate and Maturity Date of Authorized Denominations, for a like principal amount bearing numbers not contemporaneously outstanding. Subject to the limitations contained in subsection (c) of this Section, Bonds may be exchanged at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds of the same scries, interest rate and Maturity Date of other Authorized Denominations bearing numbers not contemporaneously outstanding.

b) No service charge shall be made for any transfer or exchange of Bonds, but the City or the Trustee may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any transfer or exchange of Bonds, except that no such payment may be required

in the case of the issuance of a Bond or Bonds for the unredeemed portion of a Bond surrendered for redemption.

c) The Trustee shall not be required to transfer or exchange any Bond during the period commencing on the Record Date next preceding any Interest Payment Date of such Bond and ending on such Interest Payment Date, or to transfer or exchange such Bond after the mailing of notice calling such Bond for redemption has been made as herein provided or during the period of 15 days next preceding the giving of notice of redemption of Bonds of the same Maturity Date and interest rate.

d) Bonds delivered upon any registration of transfer or exchange as provided herein or as provided in Section 2.07 hereof shall be valid general obligations of the City, evidencing the same debt as the Bonds surrendered, shall be secured by this Indenture and shall be entitled to all of the security and benefits hereof and of the Bond Ordinance to the same extent as the Bond surrendered. The City, the Trustee and any Paying Agent may treat the Registered Owner of any Bond as the absolute owner thereof for all purposes, whether or not such Bond shall be

-14-

overdue, and shall not be bound by any notice to the contrary. All payments of or on account of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on any such Bond as herein provided shall be made only to or upon the written order of the Registered Owner thereof or such Registered Owner's legal representative, but such registration may be changed as herein provided. All such payments shall be valid and effectual to satisfy and discharge the liability upon such Bond to the extent of the sum or sums so paid.

Section 2.09. Required Information in Bond Form. On each date on which the Trustee authenticates and delivers a Bond, it shall complete the information required to be inserted by the applicable bond form and shall keep a record of such information.

Section 2.10. Cancellation. Any Bond surrendered for the purpose of payment or retirement, or for exchange, transfer or replacement, shall be canceled upon surrender thereof to the Trustee or any Paying Agent. If the City shall acquire any of the Bonds, the City shall deliver such Bonds to the Trustee for cancellation and the Trustee shall cancel the same. Any such Bonds canceled by any Paying Agent other than the Trustee shall be promptly transmitted by such Paying Agent to the Trustee. Certification of Bonds canceled by the Trustee and Bonds canceled by a Paying Agent other than the Trustee which are transmitted to the Trustee shall be made to the City. Canceled Bonds may be destroyed by the Trustee unless instructions to the contrary are received from the City.

Section 2.11. Book Entry Provisions. The provisions of this Section shall apply as long as the Bonds are maintained in book entry form with DTC or another Securities Depository, any provisions of this Indenture to the contrary notwithstanding. Notwithstanding anything else to the contrary herein, so long as DTC is the Securities Depository, the Bonds shall be subject to the operational arrangements of DTC in effect from time to time.

a) The Bonds shall be payable to the Securities Depository, or its nominee, as the Registered Owner of the Bonds, in same day funds on each date on which the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds is due as set forth in this Indenture and the Bonds. Such payments shall be made to the offices of the Securities Depository specified by the Securities Depository to the City

and the Trustee in writing. Without notice to or the consent of the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, the City and the Securities Depository may agree in writing to make payments of principal and interest in a manner different from that set forth herein. If such different manner of payment is agreed upon, the City shall give the Trustee notice thereof, and the Trustee shall make payments with respect to the Bonds in the manner specified in such notice. Neither the City nor the Trustee shall have any obligation with respect to the transfer or crediting of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds to Participants or, the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds or their nominees.

b) If (i) the City determines, or (ii) the City receives notice that the Securities Depository has received notice from its Participants having interests in at least 50 percent in principal amount of the Bonds, that the Securities Depository or its successor is incapable of discharging its responsibilities as a securities depository, or that it is in the best interests of the Beneficial Owners that they obtain certificated Bonds, the City may (or, in the case of clause (ii) above, the City shall) cause the Trustee to authenticate and

-15-

deliver Bond certificates. The City shall have no obligation to make any investigation to determine the occurrence of any events that would permit the City to make any determination described in this paragraph.

c) If, following a determination or event specified in paragraph (b) above, the City discontinues the maintenance of the Bonds in book entry form with the then current Securities Depository, the City will issue replacement Bonds to the replacement Securities Depository, if any, or, if no replacement Securities Depository is selected for the Bonds, directly to the Participants as shown on the records of the former Securities Depository or, to the extent requested by any Participant, to the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds shown on the records of such Participant. Any such Bonds so issued in replacement shall be in fully registered form and in Authorized Denominations, be payable as to interest on the Interest Payment Dates of the Bonds, by check mailed to each Registered Owner at the address of such Registered Owner as it appears on the Bond Register or, at the option of any Registered Owner of not less than \$1,000,000 principal amount of Bonds, by wire transfer to any address in the United States of America on such Interest Payment Date to such Registered Owner as of such Record Date, if such Registered Owner provides the Trustee with written notice of such wire transfer address not later than the Record Date (which notice may provide that it will remain in effect with respect to subsequent Interest Payment Dates unless and until changed or revoked by subsequent notice). Principal and premium, if any, on the replacement Bonds are payable only upon presentation and surrender of such replacement Bond or Bonds at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee.

d) The Securities Depository and its Participants, and the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, by their acceptance of the Bonds, agree that the City and the Trustee shall not have liability for the failure of such Securities Depository to perform its obligations to the Participants and the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, nor shall the City or the Trustee be liable for the failure of any Participant or other nominee of the Beneficial Owners to perform any obligation of the Participant to a Beneficial Owner of the Bonds.

e) As long as Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the Registered Owner of the Bonds, as nominee of DTC, references herein to the Registered Owners of the Bonds shall mean Cede & Co. and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

f) As long as Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the Registered Owner of the Bonds:

i) selection of Bonds to be redeemed upon partial redemption or presentation of Bonds to the Trustee upon partial redemption, shall be deemed made when the right to exercise ownership rights in such Bonds through DTC or DTC's Participants is transferred by DTC on its books;

ii) any notices of the interest rate on the Bonds to be provided by the Trustee shall be provided to anyone identifying itself to the Trustee as a person

-16-

entitled to exercise ownership rights with respect to such Bonds through DTC or its Participants; and

(iii) DTC may present notices, approvals, waivers or other communications required or permitted to be made by Registered Owners under this Indenture on a fractionalized basis on behalf of some or all of those persons entitled to exercise ownership rights in the Bonds through DTC or its Participants.

ARTICLE III REDEMPTION OF

BONDS

Section 3.01. Redemption Terms. Dales and Prices. The Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to their respective Maturity Dates in the amounts, at the times and in the manner provided in this Section.

a) *Optional Redemption.*

i) The Series 2017A Bonds are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part, on any date occurring on or after January 1, 2027, and if less than all of the outstanding Series 2017A Bonds of a single maturity are to be redeemed the Series 2017A Bonds called shall be called by lot, in such principal amounts and from such maturities as the City shall determine, at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Series 2017A Bonds being redeemed plus accrued interest, if any, to the date fixed for redemption.

ii) The Series 2017B Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, and if in part from such maturities and interest rates as shall be determined by an Authorized Officer on any Business Day at a Redemption Price equal to the Make-Whole Redemption Price.

iii) The City is authorized to sell or waive any right the City may have to call any of the Bonds for optional redemption, in whole or in part; provided, that such sale or waiver will not adversely affect the excludability of interest on the Series 2017 Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

b) General Provisions Regarding Redemptions.

(i) No redemption of less than all of the Bonds of a series Outstanding shall be made pursuant to Section 3.01(a) hereof unless the aggregate principal amount of Bonds of such series to be redeemed is equal to a multiple of S5.000. Any redemption of less than all of the Bonds of a series Outstanding shall be made in such a manner that all Bonds of such series Outstanding 'after such redemption are in Authorized Denominations. If fewer than all Bonds of such series Outstanding are to be optionally redeemed, the Bonds of such series to be called shall be called from such maturities and interest rates as may be determined by an Authorized Officer.

-17-

ii) Bonds may be called for redemption by the Trustee pursuant to Sections 3.01(a) and 3.01 (c) hereof upon receipt by the Trustee at least 45 days prior to the redemption date (unless a shorter time period shall be satisfactory to the Trustee) of, in the case of a redemption pursuant to Section 3.01(a) of a written request of the City requesting such redemption, or in the case of a redemption pursuant to Section 3.01(c) in accordance with the applicable mandatory schedule provided herein.

iii) In lieu of redeeming Bonds pursuant to Section 3.01(a) hereof, the Trustee may, at the request of the City, use such funds available hereunder for redemption of Bonds to purchase Bonds of the applicable series in the open market at a price not exceeding the Redemption Price then applicable hereunder. Any Bond so purchased in lieu of redemption shall be delivered to the Trustee for cancellation and shall be canceled, all as provided in Section 2.10 hereof.

(c) Mandatory Redemption of Bonds.

The Series 2017A Bonds maturing on January 1, 2038 are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity on January 1 of the years and in the amounts set forth below, at a Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption:

Principal Amount

2035 2036 2037 2038* \$35,605,000 224,380,000 308,450,000 144,555,000

*Final Maturity

The principal amount of the Series 2017A Bonds to be mandatorily redeemed in each year may be reduced through the earlier optional redemption thereof, with any partial optional redemption of such Series 2017A Bonds credited against future mandatory redemption requirements in such order of the mandatory redemption dates as the City may determine. In addition, on or prior to the sixtieth (60th) day preceding any mandatory redemption date, the Trustee, if directed by the City, shall purchase Series 2017A Bonds required to be retired on such mandatory redemption date at such prices as the City shall determine. Any such Series 2017A Bond so purchased shall be canceled and the principal amount thereof shall be credited against the payment required on such next mandatory redemption date.

1 v

The Series 2017B Bonds maturing on January 1, 2029 are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity at a Redemption Price on January 1 of the years and in the amounts set forth below, at a Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption:

-	1	8	-

1

Year	Principal Amount	
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029*	\$38,320,000 32,540,000 25,895,000 27,710,000 29,615,000 31,725,000 34,030,000	36,460,000
	, ,	

*Final Maturity

The principal amount of the Series 2017B Bonds to be mandatorily redeemed in each year may be reduced through the earlier optional redemption thereof, with any partial optional redemption of such Series 2017B Bonds of a maturity credited against future mandatory redemption requirements for Series 2017B Bonds of that maturity in such order of the mandatory redemption dates as the City may determine. In addition, on or prior to the sixtieth (60th) day preceding any mandatory redemption date, the Trustee, if directed by the City, shall purchase Series 2017B Bonds required to be retired on such mandatory redemption date at such prices as the City shall determine. Any such Series 2017B Bond so purchased shall be canceled and the principal amount thereof shall be credited against the payment required on such next mandatory redemption date.

Section 3.02. Notice of Redemption, (a) Unless waived by any owner of Bonds to be redeemed, notice of the call for any such redemption shall be given by the Trustee on behalf of the City by mailing the redemption notice by first class mail at least 30 days and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the Registered Owner of the Bond or Bonds to be redeemed at the address shown on the Bond Register or at such other address as is furnished in writing by such Registered Owner to the Trustee, but the failure to mail any such notice or any defect therein as to any Bond shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Bond. Any notice of redemption mailed as provided in this Section 3.02 shall be conclusively presumed to have been given whether or not actually received by the addresse.

All notices of redemption shall state:

- 1) the series designation of the Bonds to be redeemed,
- 2) the redemption date,

3) the applicable Redemption Price,

4) if less than all outstanding Bonds of a series are to be redeemed, the identification (and, in the case of partial redemption, the respective principal amounts and interest rates) of the Bonds of such series to be redeemed,

-19-

5) that on the redemption date the applicable Redemption Price will become due and payable upon each such Bond or portion thereof called for redemption, and that interest thereon shall cease to accrue or compound from and after said date,

6) the place where such Bonds are to be surrendered for payment of the applicable Redemption Price, and

7) such other information as shall be deemed necessary by the Trustee at the time such notice is given to comply with law, regulation or industry standard.

b) With respect to an optional redemption of Bonds, such notice may state that said redemption is conditioned upon the receipt by the Trustee on or prior to the date fixed for redemption of moneys sufficient to pay the applicable Redemption Price of the Bonds. If such moneys are not so received, such redemption notice shall be of no force and effect, the City shall not redeem such Bonds and such failure to deposit such funds shall not constitute an Event of Default under this Indenture. The Trustee shall give notice, in the same manner in which the notice of redemption was given, that such moneys were not so received and that such Bonds will not be redeemed. Unless the notice of redemption shall be made conditional as provided above, on or prior to any redemption date for the Bonds, the City shall deposit with the Trustee an amount of money sufficient to pay the applicable Redemption Price of all the Bonds or portions thereof which are to be redeemed on that date.

c) Notice of redemption having been given as aforesaid, the Bonds, or portions thereof, so to be redeemed shall, on the redemption date, become due and payable at the applicable Redemption Price therein specified, and from and after such date (unless the City defaults in the payment of the applicable Redemption Price or unless, in the event of a conditional notice as described above, the necessary moneys were not deposited) such Bonds, or portions thereof, shall cease to bear interest. Upon surrender of such Bonds for redemption in accordance with said notice, such Bonds shall be paid by the Trustee at the applicable Redemption Price. Installments of interest due on or prior to the redemption date shall be payable as herein provided for payment of interest. Upon surrender for any partial redemption of any Bond, there shall be prepared for the Registered Owner a new Bond or Bonds of the same interest rate and maturity in the amount ofthe unpaid principal.

d) If any Bond, or portion thereof, called for redemption shall not be so paid upon surrender thereof for redemption, the principal shall, until paid, bear interest from the redemption date at the rate borne by such Bond, or portion thereof, so called for redemption. All Bonds which have been redeemed shall be cancelled and destroyed by the Trustee and shall not be reissued.

e) Failure to give notice in the manner prescribed hereunder with respect to any Bond, or any defect in such notice, shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for redemption for any Bond with respect to which notice was properly given. Upon the happening of the above conditions and if sufficient moneys are

on deposit with the Trustee on the applicable redemption date to redeem the Bonds to be redeemed and to pay interest due thereon and premium, if any, the Bonds thus called shall not, after the applicable redemption date, bear interest, be protected

by this Indenture or the Bond Ordinance or be deemed to be Outstanding under the provisions of this Indenture.

f) If any Bond is transferred or exchanged on the Bond Register after notice has been given calling such Bond for redemption, the Trustee will attach a copy of such notice to the Bond issued in connection with such transfer or exchange.

g) If any Bond is not presented for payment when the principal amount thereof becomes due, either at maturity or at a date fixed for redemption thereof or otherwise, and if moneys sufficient to pay such Bond are held by the Trustee for the benefit of the Registered Owner of such Bond, the Trustee shall hold such moneys for the benefit of the Registered Owner of such Bond without liability to the Registered Owner for interest. The Registered Owner of such Bond thereafter shall be restricted exclusively to such funds for satisfaction of any claims relating to such Bond.

Section 3.03. Selection of Bonds for Redemption, (a) If less than all the Bonds of a series shall be called for redemption under any provision of this Indenture permitting such partial redemption, (i) such redemption shall be by lot in such manner as the Trustee may determine among such Bonds, and (ii) subject to other applicable provisions of this Indenture, the portion of any Bond to be redeemed shall be in a principal amount equal to an Authorized Denomination. In selecting Bonds for redemption, the Trustee shall assign to each Series 2017A Bond of like Maturity Date and interest rate, a distinctive number for each minimum Authorized Denomination for each number, shall equal the principal amount of such Bonds to be redeemed. In such case, the Bonds to be redeemed shall be those to which were assigned numbers so selected; provided that only so much of the principal amount of each Bond shall be redeemed as shall equal such minimum Authorized Denomination for each number assigned to it and so selected.

b) While the Bonds of a series are registered in the book-entry system and so long as DTC or a successor securities depositor is the sole registered owner of such Bonds, if less than all of the Bonds of such series and maturity shall be called for redemption, the Trustee shall instruct DTC or such successor securities depository to select the particular Bonds or portions of such Bonds to be redeemed by lot by DTC or such successor securities depository in such manner as DTC or such successor securities depository may determine.

c) If it is determined that one or more, but not all, of the integral multiples of the Authorized Denomination of principal amount represented by any Bond is to be called for redemption, then, upon notice of intention to redeem such integral multiple of an Authorized Denomination, the Registered Owner of such Bond shall forthwith surrender such Bond to the Trustee for (a) payment to such Registered Owner of the applicable Redemption Price of the integral multiple of the Authorized Denomination of principal amount called for redemption, and (b) delivery to such Registered Owner of a new Bond or Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of the unredeemed balance of the principal amount of such Bond. New Bonds representing the unredeemed balance of the principal amount of such Bond shall be issued to the Registered

Owner thereof without charge therefor.

-21-

The Trustee shall promptly notify the City in writing of the Bonds, or portions thereof, selected for redemption and, in the case of any Bond selected for partial redemption, the principal amount thereof, and the interest rate thereof to be redeemed.

Section 3.04. Deposit of Funds. For the redemption of any Bonds, and subject to the provisions of Section 3.02(b) hereof with respect to conditional notice of redemption, the City shall cause to be deposited in the Principal and Interest Account moneys sufficient to pay when due the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on, the Bonds to be redeemed on the redemption date to be applied in accordance with the provisions hereof.

ARTICLE IV

APPLICATION OF BOND PROCEEDS; CREATION OF FUNDS AND SECURITY FOR BONDS

Section 4.01. Source of Payment of Bonds. Pursuant to the Bond Ordinance, the Bonds constitute direct and general obligations of the City for the payment of which the City pledges its full faith and credit.

Section 4.02. Application of Bond Proceeds, (a) The proceeds of the sale of the Scries 2017A Bonds, consisting of the principal amount of the Bonds less original issue discount of \$21,756,221.00 used in the marketing of the Bonds and less an Underwriters' discount of \$5,621,277.78, shall be applied simultaneously with their delivery as follows:

i) Accrued interest, if any, on the Series 2017A Bonds shall be deposited into the Principal and Interest Account;

ii) \$77,206,210.29 of such proceeds shall be deposited into the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account;

iii) \$1,454,823.68 of such proceeds shall be deposited into the Series 2017A Costs of Issuance Account; and

iv) \$318,273,769.00 of such proceeds shall be deposited into the Series 2017A Project Fund.

Additionally, the Underwriters will disburse \$461,687,698.25 of such proceeds directly to the applicable Escrow Trustees on the Closing Date in accordance with the Closing Memorandum.

(b) The proceeds of the sale of the Series 2017B Bonds, consisting of the principal amount of the Bonds less an Underwriters' discount of \$1,740,058.29, shall be applied simultaneously with their delivery as follows:

i) Accrued interest, if any, on the Series 2017B Bonds shall be deposited into the Principal and Interest Account:

----- -----,

ii) \$452,497.21 of such proceeds shall be deposited into the Series 2017B Costs of Issuance Account; and

(iii) \$272,067,444.50 of such proceeds shall be deposited into the Series 2017B Project Fund.

Section 4.03. Creation of Bond Fund and (he Accounts Therein, (a) There is established with the Trustee a trust fund designated "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017AB Bond Fund" (the "Bond Fund")

i) At each such time as is required under this Indenture, the City shall deposit into the Bond Fund, from funds of the City legally available therefor, an amount sufficient to satisfy the Principal and Interest Account Requirement.

ii) Money on deposit in the Bond Fund shall be applied by the Trustee to pay the principal of (whether due at maturity or by mandatory redemption) and interest on the Bonds as the same become due.

iii) Pending the use of moneys held in the Bond Fund, the Trustee shall invest such moneys in Permitted Investments upon the direction of an Authorized Officer or any person designated by an Authorized Officer. Income from such investments shall be credited to the Bond Fund.

(b) There is established with the Trustee an account within the Bond Fund, designated as the "Series 2017AB Principal and Interest Account" (the "Principal and Interest Account").

Section 4.04. Series 201 /⁷A Capitalized Interest Account. There is established with the Trustee as part of the Bond Fund a trust account designated "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account" (the "Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account"), to hold certain proceeds of sale of the Series 2017A Bonds described in Section 4.02(a)(ii) hereof for application as authorized herein. Moneys on deposit in the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account shall be withdrawn by the Trustee on the Business Day prior to each of the following Interest Payment Dates and deposited into the Bond Fund for application to the payment of the interest due on the Series 2017 A Bonds on each of such Interest Payment Dates in the amounts as follows:

Amount of Capitalized Interest

Interest Payment Date to be Paid

07/01/2017 01/01/2018 07/01/2018 01/01/2019 07/01/2019 01/01/2020 \$11,754,810.85 14,105,572.63 14,461,459.63 14,461,459.63 11,849,425.00 11,849,425.00

Pending the use of moneys held in the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account, the Trustee shall invest such moneys in Permitted Investments upon the direction of an Authorized Officer or any person designated by an Authorized Officer. Income from such investments shall be

deposited into the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account and applied to pay capitalized interest. Any amount remaining in the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account on January 2, 2020, shall be withdrawn and deposited into the Series 2017A Project Fund and applied to the payment of the next interest to become due on the Bonds.

Section 4.05. Project Funds, (a) There is established with the Trustee a trust fund designated "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017A Project Fund" (the "Series 2017A Project Fund') to be held and applied in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Indenture. Moneys deposited in the Series 2017A Project Fund pursuant to Section 4.02(a)(iv) or otherwise will be paid out from time to time by the Trustee to or upon the order of the City in order to provide for the payment or to reimburse the City for the payment of Project Costs upon receipt by the Trustee of a requisition substantially in the form attached as Exhibit B signed by an Authorized Officer describing the Project Costs to be paid or reimbursed with such moneys (including the identity of and method of payment for each payee) and stating that:

i) the costs in an aggregate amount set forth in such certificate are necessary and appropriate Project Costs that (a) have been incurred and paid or (b) are expected to be paid within the next 60 days;

ii) the amount to be paid or reimbursed to the City as set forth in such certificate is reasonable and represents a part of the amount payable for the Project Costs and that such payment is to be made or, in the case of reimbursement to the City, was made, in accordance with the terms of any applicable contracts and in accordance with usual and customary practice under existing conditions;

iii) that no part of the Project Costs that are the subject of such certificate was included in any certificate previously filed with the Trustee under the provisions of this Indenture; and

iv) the use of the money so withdrawn from the Series 2017A Project Fund and the use of the facilities provided with such moneys will not result in a violation of any applicable covenant, term or provision of the Tax Certificate.

(b) There is established with the Trustee a trust fund designated "City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017B Project Fund" (the "Series 2017B Project Fund' and together with the Series 2017A Project Fund, the "Project Funds") to be held and applied in accordance with the terms and provisions of this Indenture. Moneys deposited in the Series 2017B Project Fund pursuant to Section 4.02(b)(iii) or otherwise will be paid out from time to time by the Trustee to or upon the order of the City in order to provide for the payment or to reimburse the City for the payment of Project Costs upon receipt by the Trustee of a requisition substantially in the form attached as Exhibit B signed by an Authorized Officer describing the Project Costs to be paid or reimbursed with such moneys (including the identity of and method of payment for each payee) and stating that:

(i) the costs in an aggregate amount set forth in such certificate are necessary and appropriate Project Costs that (a) have been incurred and paid or (b) are expected to be paid within the next 60 days: ----*j* ~ ,

ii) the amount to be paid or reimbursed to the City as set forth in such certificate is reasonable and represents a part of the amount payable for the Project Costs and that such payment is to be made or, in the case of reimbursement to the City, was made, in accordance with the terms of any applicable contracts and in accordance with usual and customary practice under existing conditions; and

iii) that no part of the Project Costs that are the subject of such certificate was included in any certificate previously filed with the Trustee under the provisions of this Indenture.

c) Moneys in the Project Funds shall be invested at the written direction of an Authorized Officer to the fullest extent practicable in Permitted Investments maturing in such amounts and at such times as may be necessary to provide funds when needed to pay Project Costs or such other costs as may be required to be paid from such moneys. The City may, and to the extent required for payments from the Project Funds shall, direct the Trustee in writing to sell any such Permitted Investments at any time, and the proceeds of such sale, and of all payments at maturity and upon-redemption of such investments, shall be held in the applicable Project Fund. Earnings received on moneys or securities in each of the Project Funds shall be retained therein and applied to the purposes for which moneys in such Project Fund are otherwise held.

d) The completion, substantial completion or abandonment of the Project shall be evidenced by a certificate of an Authorized Officer, which shall be filed promptly with the Trustee, stating the date of such completion, anticipated completion or abandonment of the Project and the amount, if any, required in the opinion of the signer of such certificate for the payment of any remaining part of the Project Costs. Upon the filing of such certificate, the balance in the Project Funds in excess of the amount, if any, stated in such certificate of the City as necessary to complete the Project shall be deposited into the Principal and Interest Account and applied as directed in such certificate; provided that, in the case of the Scries 2017A Project Fund such direction shall be consistent with Section 4.08 and applicable provisions of the Tax Certificate.

Section 4.06. Costs of Issuance Accounts, (a) There is established with the Trustee a trust account designated "Series 2017A Costs of Issuance Account (the "Series 2017A Costs of Issuance Account"). The Trustee shall deposit into the Series 2017A Costs of Issuance Account, the amount described in Section 4.02(a) (iii) of this Indenture in order to pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017A Bonds. The Trustee shall release funds, from time to time, from such account in accordance with written directions from an Authorized Officer in a Certificate. Such funds shall be held by the Trustee uninvested in cash, without liability for interest. Upon the disbursement of all amounts from the Series 2017A Costs of Issuance Account, the Trustee shall close such account without further direction.

(b) There is established with the Trustee a trust account designated "Series 2017B Costs of Issuance Account" (the "Series 2017B Costs of Issuance Account"). The Trustee shall deposit into the Series 2017B Costs of Issuance Account, the amount described in Section 4.02(b)(ii) of this Indenture in order to pay costs of issuance of the Series 2017B Bonds. The Trustee shall release funds, from time to time, from such account in accordance with written directions from an Authorized Officer in a Certificate. Such funds shall be held by the Trustee

uninvested in cash, without liability for interest. Upon the disbursement of all amounts from the Series 2017B Costs of Issuance Account, the Trustee shall close such account without further direction.

Section 4.07. Deposits into Bond Fund and Accounts Therein. Not later than the Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date (each such date being referred to herein as the "Deposit Date") there shall be on deposit in the Principal and Interest Account (which deposit may include amounts from the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account as described in Section 4.04 hereof) an amount equal to the Principal and Interest Account with respect to any Deposit Date being referred to herein as the "Deposit Requirement").

In addition to the Deposit Requirement, there shall be deposited into the Bond Fund any other moneys received by the Trustee under and pursuant to this Indenture, when accompanied by directions from the person depositing such moneys that such moneys are to be paid into the Bond Fund and to one or more accounts therein, including any amounts received from an Escrow Trustee pursuant to the applicable Escrow Agreement upon termination thereof, which amounts shall be applied to the payment of the next interest to become due on the Bonds.

Upon calculation by the Trustee of each Deposit Requirement under this Section, the Trustee shall notify the City of the Deposit Requirement and the Deposit Date to which it relates, and shall provide the City with such supporting documentation and calculations as the City may reasonably request.

Section 4.08. Tax Covenants with respect to the Series 2017A Bonds, (a) The City covenants that it will take no action in the investment of the proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds which would result in making the interest payable on any of such Series 2017A Bonds subject to federal income taxes by reason of such Series 2017A Bonds being classified as "arbitrage bonds¹' within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code.

(b) The City further covenants that it will act with respect to the proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds, the earnings on the proceeds of the Series 2017A Bonds and any other moneys on deposit in any fund or account maintained in respect to the Series 2017A Bonds, including, if necessary, a rebate of such earnings to the United States of America, in a manner which would cause the interest on the Series 2017A Bonds to continue to be exempt from federal income taxation under Section 103(a) of the Code.

Section 4.09. Non-presentment of Bonds. If any Bond is not presented for payment when the principal thereof becomes due, whether at maturity, at the date fixed for redemption or otherwise, if moneys sufficient to pay such Bond shall have been made available to the Trustee for the benefit of the Registered Owner thereof, subject to the provisions of the immediately following paragraph, all liability of the City to the Registered Owner thereof for the payment of such Bond shall forthwith cease, determine and be completely discharged, and thereupon it shall be the duty of the Trustee to hold such moneys, without liability for interest thereon, for the benefit of the Registered Owner of such Bond who shall thereafter be restricted exclusively to such moneys, for any claim of whatever nature on his or her part under this Indenture or on, or with respect to, such Bond.

Any moneys so deposited with and held by the Trustee not so applied to the payment of Bonds within two years after the date on which the same shall have become due shall be repaid by the Trustee to the City, and thereafter the Registered Owners of such Bonds shall be entitled to look only to the City for payment, and then

only to the extent of the amount so repaid, and all liability of the Trustee with respect to such moneys shall thereupon cease, and the City shall not be liable for any interest thereon and shall not be regarded as a trustee of such moneys. The obligation of the Trustee under this Section to pay any such funds to the City shall be subject, however, to any provisions of law applicable to the Trustee or to such funds providing other requirements for disposition of unclaimed property.

Section 4.10. Moneys Held in Trust. All moneys required to be deposited with or paid to the Trustee for the account of any fund or account referred to in any provision of this Indenture shall be held by the Trustee in trust as provided in Section 8.08 of this Indenture, and shall, while held by the Trustee, constitute part of the Trust Estate and be subject to the lien or security interest created hereby.

ARTICLE V INVESTMENT OF

MONEYS

Section 5.01. Investment of Moneys. Moneys held in the funds, accounts and subaccounts established hereunder shall be invested and reinvested in accordance with the provisions governing investments contained in this Indenture. All such investments shall be held by or under the control of the Trustee and shall be deemed at all times a part of the fund, account or subaccount for which they were made.

Section 5.02. Investment Income. The interest earned on any investment of moneys held hereunder, any profit realized from such investment and any loss respiting from such investment shall be credited or charged to the fund, account or subaccount for which such investment was made.

ARTICLE VI DISCHARGE OF

LIEN

Section 6.01. Defeasance, (a) If the City shall pay to the Registered Owners of the Bonds, or provide for the payment of, the principal, premium, if any, and interest to become due on the Bonds, then this Indenture and the Bond Ordinance shall be fully discharged and satisfied with respect to the Bonds. Upon the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, the Trustee shall, upon the request of the City, execute and deliver to the City all such instruments as may be desirable to evidence such discharge and satisfaction, and all fiduciaries shall pay over or deliver to the City all funds, accounts and other moneys or securities held by them pursuant to this Indenture which are not required for the payment or redemption of the Bonds. If payment or provision for payment is made, to or for the Registered Owners of all or a portion of the Bonds, of the principal of and interest due and to become due on any Bond at the times and in the manner stipulated therein, and there is paid or caused to be paid to the Trustee all sums of money due and to become due according to the provisions of this Indenture, then these presents and the

estate and rights hereby and by the Bond Ordinance granted shall cease, terminate and be void as to those Bonds or portions thereof except for purposes of registration, transfer and exchange of Bonds and any such payment from such moneys or obligations. Any Bond shall be deemed to be paid within the meaning of this Section when payment of the principal of any such Bond, plus interest thereon to the due date thereof (whether such due date be by reason of maturity or upon redemption as provided in this Indenture or otherwise), either (a) shall have been made or caused to have been made in accordance with the terms thereof or (b) shall have (a) shall have been made of eached to have been made in accordance with the terms increation, or (b) shall have been provided for by irrevocably depositing with the Trustee, in trust and exclusively for such payment, (l)cash sufficient to make such payment or (2) Defeasance Obligations, or (3) a combination of cash and Defeasance Obligations, such amounts and Defeasance Obligations so deposited being available or maturing as to principal and interest in such amounts and at such times, without consideration of any reinvestment thereof, as will insure the availability of sufficient moneys to make such payment (as confirmed by a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants). If the City shall pay and discharge a portion of the Bonds as aforesaid, such portion shall cease to be entitled to any lien, benefit or security under this Indenture and the Bond Ordinance. The liability of the City with respect to such Bonds shall continue, but the Registered Owners thereof shall thereafter be entitled to payment (to the exclusion of all other Bondholders) only out of the cash and Defeasance Obligations deposited with the Trustee under Article VI of this Indenture.

b) With respect to the Series 2017A Bonds, no such deposit under this Article VI shall be made or accepted hereunder and no use made of any such deposit unless the Trustee shall have received an opinion of nationally recognized municipal bond counsel to the effect that such deposit and use would not cause any of such Series 2017 A Bonds to be treated as "arbitrage bonds" within the meaning of Section 148 of the Code or any successor provision thereto.

c) Nothing in this Indenture shall prohibit a defeasance deposit of Defeasance Obligations as provided in this section from being subject to a subsequent sale of such Defeasance Obligations and reinvestment of all or a portion of the proceeds of that sale in Defeasance Obligations which, together with money to remain so held in trust, shall be sufficient (as confirmed by a nationally recognized firm of independent public accountants) to provide for payment of principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest on any of the defeased Bonds. Amounts held by the Trustee in excess of the amounts needed so to provide for payment of the defeased Bonds may be subject to withdrawal by the City.

ARTICLE VII

DEFAULT PROVISIONS; REMEDIES

Section 7.01. Defaults. Each of the following events is hereby declared to be an "Event of Default":

a) payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of any Bonds shall not be made when and as the same shall become due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption or otherwise;

b) payment of any installment of interest on any Bonds shall not be made when and as the same shall become due; or

(c) the City shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this Indenture, or shall default in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained herein or in the Bonds, which materially affects the rights of the owners of the Bonds and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of 45 days after written notice thereof by the Trustee or the owners of not less than 25 percent in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds; provided, however, that in the case of any such default which can be cured by due diligence but which cannot be cured within the 45-day period, the time to cure shall be extended for such period as may be necessary to remedy the default with all diligence

remetay the default with all diligence.

Section 7.02. Remedies, (a) Upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 7.01 hereof, the Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default (beyond the time periods specified therein) specified in paragraph (c) of Section 7.01 hereof, the Trustee may proceed, and upon the written request of the owners of not less than 25 percent in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds, shall proceed, in its own name, subject to the provisions of this Section and, in each case, when indemnified as provided in Section 8.07, to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the owners of the Bonds by such of the following remedies as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights:

i) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the owners of the Bonds including the right to require the City to receive and collect taxes adequate to carry out the covenants and agreements as to such taxes and to require the City to carry out any other covenant or agreement with the owners of the Bonds and to perform its duties under this Indenture;

ii) by bringing suit upon the Bonds;

iii) by action or suit in equity, require the City to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the owners of the Bonds; and/or

iv) by action or suit in equity, enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the owners of the Bonds.

(b) In the enforcement of any rights and remedies under this Indenture, the Trustee shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment of and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time remaining, due from the City but only out of moneys pledged as security for the Bonds for principal, Redemption Price, interest or otherwise, under any provision of this Indenture or of the Bonds, and unpaid, with interest on overdue payments at the rate or rates of interest specified in such Bonds, together with any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings hereunder and under such Bonds without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Trustee or of the owners of the Bonds, and to recover and enforce a judgment or decree against the City for any portion of such amounts remaining unpaid, with interest, costs and expenses, and to collect from any moneys available under this Indenture for such purpose, in any manner provided by law, the moneys adjudged or decreed to be payable.

(c) Under no circumstance may the Trustee declare the principal of or interest on any Bond to be due and payable prior to its Maturity Date following the occurrence of an Event of Default under this Indenture.

ARTICLE VIII TRUSTEE AND PAYING

AGENT

Section 8.0 J. Acceptance of Trusts. The Trustee hereby accepts the trusts imposed upon it by this Indenture, and agrees to perform said trusts, but only upon and subject to the express terms and conditions set forth herein Except as otherwise expressly set forth in this Indenture the Trustee assumes no duties

responsibilities or liabilities by reason of its execution of this Indenture other than as set forth in this Indenture, and this Indenture is executed and accepted by the Trustee subject to all the terms and conditions of its acceptance of the trust under this Indenture. The Trustee shall make payments to Bondholders and effect optional and mandatory redemptions when required, whether or not its fees and expenses have been fully paid.

Section 8.02. Dealing in Bonds. The Trustee, in its individual capacity, may buy, sell, own, hold and deal in any of the Bonds, and may join in any action which the Registered Owner of any Bond may be entitled to take with like effect as if it did not act in any capacity hereunder. The Trustee, in its individual capacity, either as principal or agent, may also engage in or be interested in any financial or other function with the City, and may act as depositary, trustee or agent for any committee or body of the Registered Owners of Bonds secured hereby or other obligations of the City as freely as if it did not act in any capacity hereunder.

Section 8.03. Compensation of Trustee. The City shall pay to the Trustee from time to time reasonable compensation for all services rendered under this Indenture and also all reasonable expenses, charges, counsel fees and other disbursements, including those of their attorneys, agents and employees incurred in and about the performance of their powers and duties under this Indenture and, except as provided in Section 8.01 hereof the Trustee shall have a lien therefor on any and all moneys at any time held by it under this Indenture. The City further agrees to indemnify and save the Trustee harmless against any liabilities which it may incur in the exercise and performance of its powers and duties hereunder, which are not due to its negligence or default.

Section 8.04. Paying Agent. The Trustee may appoint a Paying Agent with power to act on its behalf and subject to its direction (i) in the authentication, registration and delivery of Bonds in connection with transfers and exchanges hereunder, as fully to all intents and purposes as though such Paying Agent had been expressly authorized by this Indenture to authenticate, register and deliver Bonds, and (ii) for effecting purchases and sales of Bonds pursuant hereto and accepting deliveries of Bonds, making deliveries of Bonds and holding Bonds pursuant hereto. The foregoing notwithstanding, the Trustee need not appoint a Paying Agent hereunder as long as the Bonds are held in book-entry form pursuant to Section 2.11 hereof; at any time the Bonds are not held in book-entry form pursuant to Section 2.11 hereof, the Trustee shall either maintain an office in New York, New York capable of handling the duties of Paying Agent hereunder, or shall appoint a Paying Agent with an office in New York, New York hereunder. Any Paying Agent appointed pursuant to this Section shall evidence its acceptance by a

-30-

certificate filed with the Trustee and the City. For all purposes of this Indenture, the authentication, registration and delivery of Bonds by or to any Paying Agent pursuant to this Section 8.04 shall be deemed to be the authentication, registration and delivery of Bonds "by or to the Trustee." Such Paying Agent shall at all times be a commercial bank or trust company having an office in New York, New York, and shall at all times be a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the United States of America or of any state with combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000 and in each case authorized under such laws to exercise corporate trust powers and subject to supervision or examination by Federal or state authority. If such corporation publishes reports of condition at least annually pursuant to law or the requirements of such authority, then for the purposes of this Section the combined capital and surplus of such corporation shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published.

Any corporation into which such Paying Agent may be merged or converted, or with which it may be consolidated or any corporation resulting from any merger consolidation or conversion to which such Paying

Agent shall be a party, or any corporation succeeding to the corporate trust business of such Paying Agent, shall be a successor of such Paying Agent hereunder, if such successor corporation is otherwise eligible under this Section, without the execution or tiling or any further act on the part of the parties hereto or such Paying Agent or such successor corporation.

Any Paying Agent may at any time resign by giving written notice of resignation to the Trustee and the City, and, such resignation shall take effect at the appointment by the Trustee of a successor Paying Agent pursuant to the succeeding provisions of this Section and the acceptance by the successor Paying Agent of such appointment. The Trustee may at any time terminate the agency of any Paying Agent by giving written notice of termination to such Paying Agent and the City, which termination shall not take effect until the acceptance by the successor Paying Agent of such appointment. Upon receiving such a notice of resignation or upon such a termination, or in case at any time such Paying Agent shall cease to be eligible under this Section, the Trustee shall promptly appoint a successor Paying Agent, shall give written notice of such appointment to the City and shall mail notice of such appointment to all Registered Owners of Bonds.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any Paying Agent shall be entitled to rely on information furnished to it orally or in writing by the Trustee and shall be protected hereunder in relying thereon. The Trustee agrees to pay to any Paying Agent from time to time its fees and expenses for its services, and the Trustee shall be entitled to be reimbursed for such payments pursuant to Section 8.03 hereof.

Section 8.05. Notice to Rating Agencies. The Trustee hereby agrees that if at any time (a) the City redeems any portion of the Bonds Outstanding hereunder prior to their Maturity Date, (b) the City provides for the payment of any portion of the Bonds pursuant to Section 6.01. (c) a successor Trustee is appointed, (d) any supplement to this Indenture shall become effective, or any party thereto shall waive any provision of this Indenture, or (e) any other information that a Rating Agency may reasonably request in order to maintain the ratings on the Bonds, then, in each case, the Trustee shall give notice thereof to each Rating Agency then maintaining a rating on the Bonds.

-31-

Any notice given to a Rating Agency hereunder shall be mailed by first class mail as follows:

Fitch Ratings Inc. 33 Whitehall Street New York, NY 10004

KBRA 845 Third Avenue Fourth Floor New York, NY 10022

S&P Global Ratings 130 East Randolph, 36th Floor Chicago, IL 60601

Section 8.06. Qualification of Trustee. The Trustee hereunder shall be a bank, trust company or national banking association having the powers'of a trust company doing business and having a corporate trust office in the City of Chicago. Illinois

une City of Cincago, miniois.

Section 8.07. Responsibilities of Trustee, (a) The recitals of fact herein and in the Bonds shall be taken as the statements of the City and the Trustee assumes no responsibility for the correctness of the same., The Trustee makes no representations as to the validity or sufficiency of this Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture or of any Bonds issued hereunder or thereunder or in respect of the security afforded by this Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture and the Trustee shall not incur any responsibility in respect thereof. The Trustee shall, however, be responsible for its representation contained in its certificate of authentication on the Bonds. The Trustee shall not be under any responsibility or duty with respect to the issuance of the Bonds for value or the application of the proceeds thereof except to the extent such proceeds are paid to the Trustee in its capacity as Trustee, or the application of any moneys paid to the City or others in accordance with this Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture. The Trustee shall not be under any obligation or duty to perform any act that would involve it in expense or liability or to institute or defend any action or suit in respect hereof, or to advance any of its own moneys, unless properly indemnified. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (b) of this Section, the Trustee shall not be liable in connection with the performance of its duties hereunder except for its own negligence or willful misconduct or that of its agents.

(b) The Trustee, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and after the remedy of all Events of Default that may have occurred, undertakes to perform such duties and only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Indenture and each Supplemental Indenture. In case an Event of Default has occurred and has not been remedied, the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by law, this Indenture and each Supplemental Indenture and degree of care and skill in their exercise as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his or her own affairs. Any provision of this Indenture

and any Supplemental Indenture relating to action taken or so to be taken by the Trustee or to evidence upon which the Trustee may rely shall be subjlect to the provisions of this Section.

Section 8.08. Funds Held in Trust and Security Therefor. Any moneys held by the Trustee, as such, at any time pursuant to the terms of this Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture shall be and hereby are assigned, transferred and set over unto the Trustee in trust for the purposes and upon the terms and conditions of this Indenture or any Supplemental Indenture. Subject to the terms of this Indenture concerning Permitted Investments, all moneys (not including securities) held by the Trustee, as such, may be deposited by the Trustee in its banking department, or with such other banks, trust companies, or national banking associations, each having a place of business in the City of Chicago, Illinois, as may be designated by the City and approved by the Trustee. No such funds shall be deposited with any bank, trust company or national banking association, other than the Trustee, in an amount exceeding 25 percent of the amount which an officer of such bank, trust company or national banking association shall certify to the Trustee and the City as the combined capital, surplus and undivided profits of such bank, trust company or national banking association. No such funds shall be deposited or remain on deposit with any bank, trust company or national banking association in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, unless (a) such bank, trust company or national banking association shall have deposited in trust with the trust department of the Trustee or with a Federal Reserve Bank or branch or, with the written approval of the Trustee and the City, pledged to some other bank, trust company or national banking association, for the benefit of the City and the appropriate fund, account, subfund or subaccount, as collateral security for the moneys deposited, Qualified Collateral having a current market value (exclusive of accrued interest) at least equal to 110 percent of the amount of such moneys, or (b) in light of such collectoral socurity as to all or any nort of such manages there shall have been deposited in trust

In neu of such conateral security as to an of any part of such moneys, there shan have been deposited in trust with the trust department of the Trustee, for the benefit of the City and the appropriate fund, account, subfund or subaccount, and remain in full force and effect as security for such moneys or part thereof, the indemnifying bond or bonds of a surety company or companies qualified as surety for deposits of funds ofthe United States of America and qualified to transact business in the State in a sum at least equal to the amount of such moneys or part thereof. The Trustee shall allow and credit interest on any such moneys held by it at such rate as it customarily allows upon similar moneys of similar size and under similar conditions or as required by law. Interest in respect of moneys or on securities in any fund, account, subfund or subaccount shall be credited in each case to the fund, account, subfund or subaccount in which such moneys or securities are held.

Section 8.09. Evidence on which Trustee May Act. (a) The Trustee shall be protected in acting upon any notice, resolution, request, consent, order, certificate, report, opinion, bond or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine, and to have been signed or presented by the proper party.or parties. The Trustee may consult with counsel, who may or may not be counsel to the City, and the opinion of such counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or suffered by it hereunder in good faith and in accordance therewith. Whenever the Trustee shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking or suffering any action hereunder, including payment of moneys out of any fund or account, such matter (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed) may be deemed to be conclusively proved and established by a Certificate, and such Certificate shall be full warrant for any action taken or suffered in good

-33-

faith under the provisions of this Indenture upon the faith thereof, but in its discretion the Trustee may in lieu thereof accept other evidence of such fact or matter or may require such further or additional evidence as to it may seem reasonable. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein or therein, any request, order, notice or other direction required or permitted to be furnished pursuant to any provision hereof or thereof by the City to the Trustee shall be sufficiently executed if executed in the name of the City by an Authorized Officer.

(b) The Trustee agrees to accept and act upon instructions or directions pursuant to this Indenture sent by unsecured e-mail, facsimile transmission or other similar unsecured electronic methods, provided, however, that the Trustee has received an incumbency certificate listing persons designated to give such instructions or directions and containing specimen signatures of such designated persons, which incumbency certificate will be amended and replaced whenever a person is added or deleted from the listing. If the City elects to give the Trustee e-mail or facsimile instructions (or instructions by similar electronic method) and the Trustee in its discretion elects to act upon such instructions, the Trustee's understanding of such instructions will be deemed controlling. The Trustee will not be liable for any losses, costs or expenses arising directly or indirectly from the Trustee's reliance upon and compliance with such instructions notwithstanding such instructions conflict or are inconsistent with a subsequent written instruction. The City agrees to assume all risks arising out of the use of such electronic methods to submit instructions and directions to the Trustee, including without limitation, the risk ofthe Trustee acting on unauthorized instructions, and the risk of interception and misuse by third parties.

Section 8.10. Permitted Acts and Functions. The Trustee may become the Owner of any Bonds, with the same rights it would have if it were not the Trustee. To the extent permitted by law, the Trustee may act as depositary for, and permit any of its officers or directors to act as a member of, or in any other capacity with respect to, any committee formed to protect the rights of the Owners of Bonds or to effect or aid in any reorganization growing out of the enforcement of the Bonds or this Indenture, whether or not any such

committee shall represent the Owners of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding.

Section 8.11. Resignation. The Trustee may at any time resign and be discharged of its duties and obligations created by this Indenture by giving not fewer than 60 days' written notice to the City and mailing notice thereof, to the owners of Bonds at their addresses shown on the registration books kept by the Trustee within 20 days after the giving of such written notice. Such resignation shall take effect upon the appointment and acceptance of appointment of a successor by the City or the Owners of Bonds as herein provided.

Section 8.12. Removal. The Trustee may be removed at any time by the Owners of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding, excluding any Bonds held by or for the account of the City, by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing signed and duly acknowledged by such Owners of Bonds or by their attorneys duly authorized in writing and delivered to the City. Copies of each such instrument shall be delivered by the City to the Trustee and any successor. The City may remove the Trustee at any time, except during the existence of an Event of Default, for such cause (or upon 30 days' notice for any reason) as shall be determined in the sole discretion of the City by filing with the Trustee an instrument signed by an Authorized Officer and by mailing notice thereof to the Owners of Bonds at their addresses

-34-

shown on the registration books kept by the Trustee. Any removal of the Trustee shall take effect upon the appointment and acceptance of appointment of a successor Trustee.

Section 8.13. Appointment of Successor. In case at any time the Trustee shall resign or shall be removed or shall become incapable of acting, or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent, or if a receiver, liquidator or conservator of the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed, or if any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its property or affairs, a successor may be appointed by the Owners of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding, excluding any Bonds held by or for the account of the City, by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing signed by such Owners or their attorneys duly authorized in writing and delivered to such successor Trustee, notification thereof being given to the City and the predecessor Trustee. Pending such appointment, the City shall forthwith appoint a Trustee to fill such vacancy until a successor Trustee (if any) shall be appointed by the Owners of Bonds as herein authorized. The City shall mail notice to Owners of Bonds of any such appointment within 20 days after such appointment. Any successor Trustee appointed by the City shall, immediately and without further act, be superseded by a Trustee appointed by the Owners of Bonds. If in a proper case no appointment of a successor Trustee shall be made pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section within 45 days after the Trustee shall have given to the City written notice of resignation as provided in Section 8.11 hereof or after the occurrence of any other event requiring or authorizing such appointment, the Trustee or any Owner of Bonds may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction to appoint a successor. Said court may thereupon, after such notice, if any, as said court may deem proper and prescribe, appoint such successor Trustee. Any Trustee appointed under the provisions of this Section shall be a bank, trust company or national banking association, in any such case having corporate trust powers, doing business and having a corporate trust office in the City.

Section 8.14. Transfer of Rights and Property to Successor. Any successor Trustee appointed under this Indenture shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to its predecessor Trustee, and also to the City, a written instrument of acceptance respecting such appointment, and thereupon such successor Trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become fully vested with all moneys, estates, properties, rights, powers, duties and abligations of such predecessor Trustee, with like affect as if originally pared as Trustee but the

duties and obligations of such predecessor Trustee, with fixe effect as it originally named as Trustee, but the Trustee ceasing to act shall nevertheless, on the request of the City, or of the successor Trustee, execute, acknowledge and deliver such instruments of conveyance and further assurance and do such other things as may reasonably be required for more fully and certainly vesting and confirming in such successor Trustee all the right, title and interest of the predecessor Trustee in and to any property held by it under this Indenture, and shall pay over, assign and deliver to the successor Trustee any money or other property subject to the trusts and conditions herein set forth. Should any deed, conveyance or instrument in writing from the City be required by such successor Trustee for more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor Trustee any such estates, rights, powers and duties, any and all such deeds, conveyances and instruments in writing shall, on request, and so far as may be authorized by law, be executed, acknowledged and delivered by the City.

Section 8.15. Merger or Consolidation. Any company into which the Trustee may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated or any company resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which it shall be a party or any company to which the

Trustee may sell or transfer all or substantially all of its corporate trust business, provided such company shall be a bank, trust company or national banking association which is qualified to be a successor to the Trustee under Section 8.13 hereof and shall be authorized by law to perform all the duties imposed upon it by this Indenture, shall be the successor to the Trustee without the execution or filing of any paper or the performance of any further act.

Section 8.16. Adoption of Authentication. In case any of the Bonds contemplated to be issued under this Indenture shall have been authenticated but not delivered, any successor Trustee may adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor Trustee so authenticating such Bonds and deliver such Bonds so authenticated, and in case any of the said Bonds shall not have been authenticated, any successor Trustee may authenticate such Bonds in the name of the predecessor Trustee, or in the name of the successor Trustee, and in all such cases such certificate shall have the full force which it is anywhere in the Bonds or in this Indenture provided that the certificate of the Trustee shall have.

Section 8.17. Evidence of Signatures of Owners and Ownership of Bonds, (a) Any request, consent or other instrument which this Indenture may require or permit to be signed and executed by the Owners of Bonds may be in one or more instruments of similar tenor, and shall be signed or executed by such Owners in person or by their attorneys appointed in writing. Proof of (i) the execution of any such instrument, or of an instrument appointing any such attorney, or (ii) the ownership by any person of the Bonds, shall be sufficient for any purpose of this Indenture (except as otherwise herein expressly provided) if made in the following manner, but the Trustee may nevertheless in its discretion require further or other proof in cases where it deems the same desirable:

1) The fact and date of the execution by any Owner or his or attorney of such instrument may be proved by the certificate, which need not be acknowledged or verified, of an officer of a bank or trust company satisfactory to the Trustee or of any notary public or other officer authorized to take acknowledgments of deeds to be recorded in the jurisdiction in which he purports to act, that the person signing such request or other instrument acknowledged to him the execution thereof, or by an affidavit of a witness of such execution, duly sworn to before such notary public or other officer.

2) The authority of the person or persons executing any such instrument on behalf of a

corporate Owner of Bonds may be established without further proof if such instrument is signed by a person purporting to be the president or vice president of such corporation with a corporate seal affixed and attested by a person purporting to be its secretary or an assistant secretary.

(b) The ownership of Bonds and the amount, numbers and other identification, and date of ownership of the same shall be proved by the Bond Register. Any request, consent or vote of the Owner of any Bond shall bind all future Owners of such Bond in respect of anything done or suffered to be done by the City or the Trustee in accordance therewith.

Section 8.18. Presen>ation and Inspection of Documents. All documents received by the Trustee under the provisions of this Indenture shall be retained in its possession and shall be

-36-

subject at all reasonable times to the inspection of the City and any-Owner of Bonds and their agents and their representatives, any of whom may make copies thereof.

ARTICLE IX

SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

Section 9.01. Supplemental Indentures Effective Upon Execution by the Trustee. For any one or more of the following purposes and the purposes enumerated in Section 9.04 hereof, and at any time or from time to time, a Supplemental Indenture may be authorized by an ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City, which, upon the tiling with the Trustee of a copy of such ordinance certified by the City Clerk and the execution and delivery of such Supplemental Indenture by the City and the Trustee, shall be fully effective in accordance with its terms and not subject to consent by the Registered Owners of the Bonds:

a) to add to the covenants and agreements of the City in this Indenture other covenants and agreements to be observed by the City which are not contrary to or inconsistent with this Indenture as theretofore in effect;

b) to add to the limitations and restrictions in this Indenture other limitations and restrictions to be observed by the City which are not contrary to or inconsistent with this Indenture as theretofore in effect;

c) to surrender any right, power or privilege reserved to or conferred upon the City by the terms of this Indenture, but only if the surrender of such right, power or privilege is not contrary to or inconsistent with the covenants and agreements of the City contained in this Indenture;

d) to confirm, as further assurance, the pledge herein, and the subjection of, additional properties, taxes or other collateral to any lien, claim or pledge created or to be created by, this Indenture;

e) to cure any ambiguity, supply any omission, or cure or correct any defect or inconsistent

provision in this indenture;

f) to insert such provisions clarifying matters or questions arising under this Indenture as are necessary or desirable and are not contrary to or inconsistent with this Indenture as theretofore in effect; or

g) to provide additional duties of the Trustee under this Indenture.

Section 9.02. Supplemental Indentures Effective With Consent of Owners of Bonds. At any time or from time to time, a Supplemental Indenture may be authorized by an ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City, subject to consent by the Owners of Bonds in accordance with and subject to the provisions of this Article, which Supplemental Indenture, upon the filing with the Trustee of a copy of such ordinance certified by the City Clerk, upon compliance with the provisions of this Article, and upon execution and delivery of such

-37-

Supplemental Indenture by the City and the Trustee, shall become fully effective in accordance with its terms.

Section 9.03. General Provisions, (a) This Indenture shall not be modified or amended in any respect except as provided in and in accordance with and subject to the provisions of this Article. Nothing in this Article shall affect or limit the right or obligation of the City to adopt, make, do, execute, acknowledge or deliver any ordinance, resolution, act or other instrument pursuant to the provisions of this Article or the right or obligation of the Trustee any instrument which elsewhere in this Indenture it is provided shall be delivered to the Trustee.

b) Any ordinance authorizing a Supplemental Indenture referred to and permitted or authorized by Section 9.01 or 9.04 hereof may be adopted by the City Council of the City without the consent of any of the Owners of Bonds, but such Supplemental Indenture shall be executed and delivered by the City and the Trustee and shall become effective only on the conditions, to the extent and at the time provided in this Article. Every Supplemental Indenture delivered to the Trustee for execution shall be accompanied by an opinion of counsel stating that such Supplemental Indenture has been duly and lawfully authorized by the City Council of the City and executed by the City in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture, is authorized or permitted by this Indenture, and will, when executed and delivered by the Trustee, be valid and binding upon the City and enforceable in accordance with its terms.

c) The Trustee is hereby authorized to enter into, execute and deliver any Supplemental Indenture referred to and permitted or authorized by this Article and to make all further agreements and stipulations which may be therein contained, and the Trustee, in taking such action, shall be fully protected in relying on an opinion of counsel that such Supplemental Indenture is authorized or permitted by the provisions of this Indenture.

d) No . Supplemental Indenture shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee without its written assent thereto.

e) No Supplemental Indenture shall take effect unless and until there has been delivered to the Trustee an Opinion of Bond Counsel to the effect that such Supplemental Indenture does not adversely affect the avaluation from areas income for foderal income to runness to which interest on the Series 2017A Bonds

the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes to which interest on the Series 201/A Bonds would otherwise be entitled.

Section 9.04. Additional Matters. Additionally, this Indenture may, without the consent of, or notice to, any of the Bondholders, be supplemented and amended, in such manner as shall not be inconsistent with the terms and provisions hereof, for any one or more of the following purposes:

a) to provide for certificated Bonds; and

b) to secure or maintain ratings from any Rating Agency in the highest long term debt rating category, of such Rating Agency which are available for the Bonds, which changes will not restrict, limit or reduce the obligation of the City to pay the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds as provided in this Indenture or otherwise adversely affect the Registered Owners of the Bonds under this Indenture.

-38-

Section 9.05. Mailing of Notice of Amendment. Any provision in this Article for the mailing of a notice or other paper to owners of Bonds shall be fully complied with if it is mailed postage prepaid only (i) to each Registered Owner of then Outstanding Bonds at his address, if any, appearing upon the registration books maintained by the City at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, and (ii) to the Trustee.

Section 9.06. Powers of Amendment. Any modification or amendment of this Indenture or ofthe rights and obligations ofthe City and of the Owners of the Bonds, in particular, which requires the consent of the Bondholders, may be made by a Supplemental Indenture, with the written consent given as provided in Section 9.07, (a) of the Owners of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time such consent is given, or (b) in case less than all of the then Outstanding Bonds are affected by the modification or amendment, ofthe Owners of a majority in principal amount of the then Outstanding Bonds so affected. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bonds or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the applicable Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon, or in terms of purchase or the purchase price thereof, without the consent of the owner of such Bonds, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the owners of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee without its written assent thereto. For the purposes of this Section, a Bond shall be deemed to be affected by a modification or amendment of this Indenture if the same adversely affects or diminishes the rights of the owners of such Bond.

Section 9.07. Consent of Owners of Bonds, (a) The City may at any time authorize a Supplemental Indenture making a modification or amendment permitted by the provisions of Section 9.06, to take effect when and as provided in this Section. A copy of such Supplemental Indenture (or brief summary thereof or reference thereto in form approved- by the Trustee), together with a request to the Owners of the Bonds for their consent thereto in form satisfactory to the Trustee, shall be mailed by the City to the Owners of the Bonds (but failure to mail such copy and request shall not affect the validity of the Supplemental Indenture when consented to as in this Section provided). Such Supplemental Indenture shall not be effective unless and until, and shall take effect in accordance with its terms when, (i) there shall have been filed with the Trustee (1) the written consents of Owners of the percentages of Outstanding Bonds specified in Section 9.06 and (2) an opinion of counsel stating that such Supplemental Indenture has been duly and lawfully executed and delivered by the City to the Trustee is under the stating that such Supplemental Indenture has been duly and lawfully executed and delivered by the City take.

by the City and the Trustee in accordance with the provisions of this indenture, is authorized or permitted hereby and is valid and binding upon the City and enforceable in accordance with its terms upon its becoming effective as in this Section provided, and (ii) a notice shall have been mailed as hereinafter in this Section provided.

(b) The consent of an Owner of Bonds to any modification or amendment shall be effective only if accompanied by proof of the Ownership, at the date of such consent, of the Bonds with respect to which such consent is given, which proof shall be such as is permitted by Section 8.17. A certificate or certificates signed by the Trustee that it has examined such proof and that such proof is sufficient in accordance with Section 8.17 shall be conclusive that the consents have been given by the Owners of the Bonds described in such certificate or certificates. Any such consent shall be binding upon the Owner of the Bonds giving such consent and upon any subsequent Owner of such Bonds and of any Bonds issued in exchange

-39-

therefor (whether or not such subsequent Owner thereof has notice thereof) unless such consent is revoked in writing by the Owner of such Bonds giving such consent or a subsequent Owner thereof by filing such revocation with the Trustee, prior to the time when the written statement of the Trustee hereinafter provided for in this Section is filed. The fact that a consent has not been revoked may likewise be proved by a certificate of the Trustee to the effect that no revocation thereof is on file with the Trustee.

(c) At any time after the Owners of the required percentages of Bonds shall have filed their consents to the Supplemental Indenture, the Trustee shall make and file with the City a written statement that the Owners of such required percentages of Bonds have filed such consents. Such written statement shall be conclusive that such consents have been so filed. At any time thereafter notice, stating in substance that the Supplemental Indenture (which may be referred to as a Supplemental Indenture entered into by the City and the Trustee as of a stated date, a copy of which is on file with the Trustee) has been consented to by the Owners of the required percentages of Bonds and will be effective as provided in this Section, shall be given to Owners by the Trustee by mailing such notice to the Owners of the Bonds (but failure to mail such notice shall not prevent such Supplemental Indenture from becoming effective and binding as provided in this Section). The Trustee shall file with the City proof of the mailing of such notice. A record, consisting of the papers required or permitted by this Section to be filed with the Trustee, shall be proof of the matters therein stated. Such Supplemental Indenture making such amendment or modification shall be deemed conclusively binding upon the Trustee and the Owners of all Bonds at the expiration of 40 days after the filing with the Trustee of proof of the mailing of such last mentioned notice, except if a final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction is entered setting aside such Supplemental Indenture in a legal action or equitable proceeding for such purpose commenced within such 40-day period; except that the Trustee and the City, during such 40-day period and any such further period during which any such action or proceeding may be pending, shall be entitled in their absolute discretion to take such action, or to refrain from taking such action, with respect to such Supplemental Indenture as they may deem expedient.

Section 9.08. Modifications by Unanimous Consent. The terms and provisions of this Indenture and the rights and obligations of the City and of the Owners of the Bonds hereunder may be modified or amended in any respect upon the consent of the Owners of all the then Outstanding Bonds to the execution and delivery of such Supplemental Indenture, such consent to be given as provided in Section 9.07 except that no notice to the Owners of the Bonds shall be required; but no such modification or amendment shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee without its written assent thereto.

Section 9.09. Exclusion of Bonds. Bonds owned by or for the account of the City shall not be deemed Outstanding for the purpose of consent or other action or any calculation of Outstanding Bonds provided for in this Article, and the City shall not be entitled with respect to such Bonds to give any consent or take any other action provided for in this Article. At the time of any consent or other action taken under this Article, the City shall furnish the Trustee with a Certificate upon which the Trustee may rely, describing all Bonds so to be excluded.

Section 9.10. Notation on Bonds. Bonds authenticated and delivered after the effective date of any action taken as in this Article provided may, and, if the Trustee so determines, shall,

-40-

bear a notation by endorsement or otherwise in form approved by the City and the Trustee as to such action, and in that case upon demand of the Owner of any Bond Outstanding at such effective date and presentation of such Owner's Bond for that purpose at the Designated Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee or upon any exchange or registration of transfer of any Bond Outstanding at such effective date, suitable notation shall be made on such Bond or upon any Bond issued upon any such exchange or registration of transfer by the Trustee as to any such action. If the City or the Trustee shall so determine, new Bonds so modified as in the opinion of the Trustee and the City to conform to such action shall be prepared, authenticated and delivered, and upon demand of the Owner of any Bond then Outstanding shall be exchanged, without cost to such Owner, for Bonds ofthe same series and maturity upon surrender of such Bond.

ARTICLE X

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 10.01. Severability. If any provision of this Indenture shall be held or deemed to be, or shall in fact be, illegal, inoperative or unenforceable, the same shall not affect any other provision or provisions herein contained or render the same invalid, inoperative or unenforceable to any extent whatever.

Section 10.02. Payments Due on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays. If the date for making any payment, or the last date for the performance of any act or the exercise of any right, as provided in this Indenture, shall not be a Business Day, such payment may be made, act performed or right exercised on the next Business Day with the same force and effect as if done on the nominal date provided in this Indenture, and no interest shall accrue for the period after such nominal date.

Section 10.03. Notices. Any notice, demand, direction, request or other instruments authorized or required by this Indenture to be given to, delivered to or filed with the City or the Trustee shall be deemed to have been sufficiently given, delivered or filed for all purposes of the Indenture if and when sent by registered mail, postage prepaid, return-receipt requested:

To the City, if addressed to:	City of Chicago		
	Office of the Chief Financial Officer 121 North		
	LaSalle Street, 7th Floor Chicago, Illinois 60602		
	Attention: Chief Financial Officer Telephone:		
	(212) 744 2204		

(312) /44 2204

or at such other address as may be designated in writing by the City to the Trustee; and To the Trustee,

if addressed to:

For notices and communications:

Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association 111 West Washington Street, Suite I860

-41-

Chicago, Illinois 60602 Attention: Daryl Pomykala Telephone: (312) 763-4256 E-mail: Daryl.Pomykala@zionsbank.com <mailto:Daryl.Pomykala@zionsbank.com>

For delivery of Bonds:

Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association Corporate Trust Services One South Main - Suite 1200 Salt Lake City, UT 84133 Telephone: (888)416-5176

or, in each case, at such other address as may be designated in writing by the Trustee to the City.

Section 10.04. Counterparts. This Indenture may be simultaneously executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

Section 10.05. Rules of Interpretation. Unless expressly indicated otherwise, references to Sections or Articles are to be construed as references to Sections or Articles of this instrument as originally executed. Use of the words "herein," "hereby," "hereunder," "hereof, "hereinbefore," "hereinafter" and other equivalent words refer to this Indenture and not solely to the particular portion in which any such word is used. If any conflict between the provisions of this Indenture and the Bond Ordinance (including in the forms of Bonds attached hereto as Exhibits A-1 and A-2) exists, the terms of this Indenture shall be deemed to control.

Section 10.06. Captions. The captions and headings in this Indenture are for convenience only and in no way define, limit or describe the scope or intent of any provisions or Sections of this Indenture.

[Signatures Appear on Following Page]

-42-

In WITNESS WHEREOF, the City has caused these presents to be executed in its name and with its official seal hereunto affixed and attested by its duly authorized officials; and to evidence its acceptance of the trusts hereby created, the Trustee has caused these presents to be executed in its corporate name and with its corporate seal hereunto affixed and attested by its duly authorized officients, on the dale first above written.

Ci ty of Chicago

Carole L. Brown Chief Financial Officer

Attest:

Andrea M. Valencia City Clerk

[Signature Page - Trust Indenture]

Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, as Trustee

Name: Robert Demos Authorized Signatory [Signature Page - Trust Indenture]

Exhibit A-1

Form of Series 2017A-1 Bond

Registered No.

United States of America

State of Illinois

City of Chicago

General Obligation Bond Project and Refunding Series 2017A

See	Reverse	Side	for	Additional
Provisions				
Interest Rate:				
Maturity Date: J	anuary 1, 20			
•				

Owner:

Registered

Amount:

The City of Chicago (the "City") hereby acknowledges itself to owe and for value received promises to pay to the Registered Owner identified above, or registered assigns as hereinafter provided, on the Maturity Date identified above, the Principal Amount identified above and to pay interest (computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months) on such Principal Amount from the later of the date of this Bond or the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid at the Interest Rate per annum set forth above on January 1 and July 1 of each year commencing July 1, 2017, until said Principal Amount is paid. Principal of this Bond and redemption premium, if any, shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America upon presentation and surrender at the designated corporate trust office of Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, Chicago, Illinois, as bond trustee, bond registrar and paying agent (the "Trustee"). Payment of the installments of interest shall be made to the Registered Owner hereof as shown on the registration books of the City maintained by the Trustee at the close of business on the 15th day of the month next preceding each interest payment date and shall be paid by check or draft of the Trustee mailed to the address of such Registered Owner as it appears on such registration books or at such other address furnished in writing by such Registered Owner to the Trustee or, at the option of any Registered Owner of \$1,000,000 or more in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to such bank с л 1 n 1 10 C 1 11 .1 1 . .

Principal

in the continental United States of America as the Kegistered Owner hereof shall request in writing to the Trustee.

A-1-1

Reference is made to the further provisions of this Bond set forth on the reverse hereof and such further provisions shall for all purposes have the same effect as if set forth at this place.

It is certified and recited that all conditions, acts and things required by law to exist or to be done precedent to and in the issuance of this Bond did exist, have happened, and have been done and performed in regular and due form and time as required by law; that the indebtedness of the City, including the issue of Bonds of which this is one, does not exceed any limitation imposed by law; and that provision has been made for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest hereon as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal hereof at maturity.

This Bond shall not be valid or become obligatory for any purpose until the certificate of authentication hereon shall have been signed by the Trustee.

IN Witness Whereof, the City of Chicago has caused the seal of the City or a facsimile thereof to be affixed hereto or printed hereon and this Bond to be signed by the duly authorized manual or facsimile signature of the Mayor and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of the City Clerk, all as of the Dated Date identified above.

Mayor City of Chicago

Attest:

City Clerk City of Chicago

[Seal]

Certificate oe Authentication

This Bond is one of the Bonds described in the within-mentioned Bond Ordinance and is one of the General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A, of the City of Chicago.

Date of Authentication: February , 2017

Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association

By: (Manual Signature) Authorized Officer

A-1-3

[Form of Series 2017 A Bond - Reverse Side]

City of Chicago General Obligation Bond Project and Refunding Series 2017A

For the prompt payment of this Bond, both principal and interest, as aforesaid, as the same become due, and for the levy of taxes sufficient for that purpose, the full faith, credit and resources of the City irrevocably

pleagea.

This Bond is one of a series of Bonds aggregating the principal amount of \$886,000,000 issued pursuant to the constitutional home rule powers of the City for the purposes of (i) paying or reimbursing the City for its prior payment of a portion of the costs of the Project (as defined in the Bond Ordinance described below); (ii) paying costs of the Refunding Purposes (as defined in the Bond Ordinance), (iii) funding capitalized interest on certain of the Bonds; and (iv) paying costs of issuance of the Bonds, and was authorized by an Ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City on October 5, 2016 (the "Bond Ordinance").

The Bonds are redeemable prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part on any date on or after January 1, 2027, and if less than all of the outstanding Bonds are to be redeemed, the Bonds to be called shall be called from such maturities as shall be determined by the City and in the manner provided in the Indenture, at a Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The Bonds maturing on January 1, 2038 are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity on January 1 of the years 2035 to 2037, inclusive, in the amounts for each year specified in the Indenture, at a Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

If less than all the Bonds of like maturity and interest rate are to be redeemed, the aggregate principal amount thereof to be redeemed shall be \$5,000 or an integral multiple thereof, and the Trustee shall assign to each Bond of such maturity and interest rate a distinctive number for each \$5,000 principal amount of such Bond and shall select by lot from the numbers so assigned as many numbers as, at \$5,000 for each number, shall equal the principal amount of such Bonds to be redeemed. The Bonds to be redeemed shall be the Bonds to which were assigned numbers so selected; provided that only so much of the principal amount of each Bond shall be redeemed as shall equal \$5,000 for each number assigned to it and so selected.

Notice of any such redemption shall be sent by first class mail not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books of the City maintained by the Trustee or at such other address as is furnished in writing by such Registered Owner to the Trustee; provided that the failure to mail any such notice or any defect therein as to any Bond shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Bond. When so called for redemption, this Bond shall cease to bear interest on the specified redemption date, provided that funds for redemption are on deposit at the place of payment at that time, and shall not be deemed to be outstanding.

A-1-4

This Bond is transferable by the Registered Owner hereof in person or by its attorney duly authorized in writing at the designated corporate trust office of the Trustee in Chicago, Illinois, but only in the manner, subject to the limitations and upon payment of the charges provided in the Indenture, and upon surrender and cancellation of this Bond. Upon such transfer a new Bond or Bonds of authorized denominations, of the same interest rate, series and maturity and for the same aggregate principal amount will be issued to the transferee in exchange therefor. The Trustee shall not be required to transfer or exchange this Bond (A) after notice calling this Bond for redemption has been mailed, or (B) during a period of 15 days next preceding mailing of a notice of redemption of this Bond.

Office of the City Clerk

1.

0 11

C

The Bonds are issued in fully registered form in the denomination of \$5,000 each or authorized integral multiples thereof. This Bond may be exchanged at the designated corporate trust office of the Trustee for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds of the same interest rate, series and maturity of other authorized denominations, upon the terms set forth in the Indenture.

The City and the Trustee may deem and treat the Registered Owner hereof as the absolute owner hereof for the purpose of receiving payment of or on account of principal hereof and interest due hereon and redemption premium, if any, and for all other purposes and neither the City nor the Trustee shall be affected by any notice to the contrary.

A-1-5

.1 1 1 1 . . .

(Assignment)

For Value Received, the undersigned sells, assigns and transfers unto

(Name and Address of Assignee)

the within Bond and irrevocably constitutes and appoints

· 1 D

. .

0 .1

• . .•

.1

C 11 C 11

1

attorney to transfer the said Bond on the books kept for registration thereof with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated:

Signature guaranteed:

NOTICE: The signature to this assignment must correspond with the name of the Registered Owner as it appears upon the face of the within Bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

A-1-6

Exhibit a-2

Form of Series 2017B Bond

Kegistered No.

United States of America

State of Illinois

City of Chicago

General Obligation Bond Taxable Project Series 2017B

See Provisions	Reverse	Side	for	Additional
Interest Rate: Maturity Date: J Dated Date: Feb	• • _			
Registered		Owner:		Principal

Amount:

The City of Chicago (the "City") hereby acknowledges itself to owe and for value received promises to pay to the Registered Owner identified above, or registered assigns as hereinafter provided, on the Maturity Date identified above, the Principal Amount identified above and to pay interest (computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months) on such Principal Amount from the later of the date of this Bond or the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid at the Interest Rate per annum set forth above on January I and July 1 of each year commencing July 1, 2017, until said Principal Amount is paid. Principal of this Bond and redemption premium, if any, shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America upon presentation and surrender at the designated corporate trust office of Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, Chicago, Illinois, as bond trustee, bond registrar and paying agent (the "Trustee"). Payment of the installments of interest shall be made to the Registered Owner hereof as shown on the registration books of the City maintained by the Trustee at the close of business on the 15th day of the month next preceding each interest payment date and shall be paid by check or draft of the Trustee mailed to the address of such Registered Owner as it appears on such registration books or at such other address furnished in writing by such Registered Owner to the Trustee or, at the option of any Registered Owner of \$ 1,000,000 or more in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to such bank in the continental United States of America as the Registered Owner hereof shall request in writing to the Trustee.

A-2-1

Reference is made to the further provisions of this Bond set forth on the reverse hereof and such further provisions shall for all purposes have the same effect as if set forth at this place.

It is certified and recited that all conditions, acts and things required by law to exist or to be done precedent to and in the issuance of this Bond did exist, have happened, and have been done and performed in regular and due form and time as required by law; that the indebtedness of the City, including the issue of Bonds of which this is one, does not exceed any limitation imposed by law; and that provision has been made for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest hereon as it falls due and also to pay and discharge the principal hereof at maturity.

This Bond shall not be valid or become obligatory for any purpose until the certificate of authentication hereon shall have been signed by the Trustee.

In Witness Whereof, the City of Chicago has caused the seal of the City or a facsimile thereof to be affixed hereto or printed hereon and this Bond to be signed by the duly authorized manual or facsimile signature of the Mayor and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of the City Clerk, all as of the Dated Date identified above.

Mayor City of Chicago

Attest:

City Clerk City of Chicago

[Seal]

A-2-2

Certificate of Authentication

This Bond is one of the Bonds described in the within-mentioned Bond Ordinance and is one of the

General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 201/B, ofthe City of Chicago.

Date of Authentication: February , 2017

Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association

By: (Manual Signature) Authorized Officer

A-2-3

[Form of Series 2017B Bond - Reverse Side]

City of Chicago General Obligation Bond Taxable Project Series 2017B

For the prompt payment of this Bond, both principal and interest, as aforesaid, as the same become due, and for the levy of taxes sufficient for that purpose, the full faith, credit and resources of the City irrevocably pledged.

This Bond is one of a series of Bonds aggregating the principal amount of \$274,260,000 issued pursuant to the constitutional home rule powers of the City for the .purposes of (i) paying or reimbursing the City for its prior payment of a portion of the costs of the Project (as defined in the Bond Ordinance described below) and (ii) paying costs of issuance of the Bonds, and was authorized by an Ordinance adopted by the City Council of the City on October 5, 2016 (the "Bond Ordinance ").

The Bonds are subject to optional redemption in whole or in part, on any Business Day, in such principal amounts as the City shall determine, at a Redemption Price equal to the Make-Whole Redemption Price applicable thereto, as provided in the Indenture.

The Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity on January 1 of the years 2021 to 2028, inclusive, at a Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest to the date of redemption.

If less than all the Bonds of like maturity and interest rate are to be redeemed, the aggregate principal amount thereof to be redeemed shall be \$5,000 or an integral multiple thereof, and the Trustee shall assign to each Bond of such maturity and interest rate a distinctive number for each \$5,000 principal amount of such Bond and shall select by lot from the numbers so assigned as many numbers as, at \$5,000 for each number, shall equal the principal amount of such Bonds to be redeemed. The Bonds to be redeemed shall be the Bonds to which were assigned numbers so selected; provided that only so much of the principal amount of each Bond shall be redeemed as shall equal \$5,000 for each number assigned to it and so selected.

Notice of any such redemption shall be sent by first class mail not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption to the Registered Owner of each Bond to be redeemed at the address shown on the registration books of the City maintained by the Trustee or at such other address as is furnished in writing by such Registered Owner to the Trustee; provided that the failure to mail any such notice or any defect therein as to any Bond shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Bond. When so called for redemption, this Bond shall cease to bear interest on the specified redemption date, provided that funds for redemption are on deposit at the place of payment at that time, and shall not be deemed to be outstanding.

This Bond is transferable by the Registered Owner hereof in person or by its attorney duly authorized in writing at the designated corporate trust office of the Trustee in Chicago. Illinois, but only in the manner, subject to the limitations and upon payment of the charges

A-2-4

provided in the Indenture, and upon surrender and cancellation of this Bond. Upon such transfer a new Bond or Bonds of authorized denominations, of the same interest rate, series and maturity and for the same aggregate principal amount will be issued to the transferee in exchange therefor. The Trustee shall not be required to transfer or exchange this Bond (A) after notice calling this Bond for redemption has been mailed, or (B) during a period of 15 days next preceding mailing of a notice of redemption of this Bond.

The Bonds are issued in fully registered form in the denomination of \$5,000 each or authorized integral multiples thereof. This Bond may be exchanged at the designated corporate trust office of the Trustee for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds of the same interest rate, series and maturity of other authorized denominations, upon the terms set forth in the Indenture.

The City and the Trustee may deem and treat the Registered Owner hereof as the absolute owner hereof for the purpose of receiving payment of or on account of principal hereof and interest due hereon and redemption premium, if any, and for all other purposes and neither the City nor the Trustee shall be affected by any notice to the contrary.

A-2-5

(Assignment)

For Value Received, the undersigned sells, assigns and transfers unto

(Name and Address of Assignee)

the within Bond and irrevocably constitutes and appoints

attorney to transfer the said Bond on the books kept for registration thereof with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated:

Signature guaranteed:

NOTICE: The signature to this assignment must correspond with the name of the Registered Owner as it appears upon the face of the within Bond in every particular, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

A-2-6

Exhibit B

Form of Project Fund Requisition

To: Zions Bank, a Division of ZB, National Association

Re: [City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A] [City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B]

Requisition No.

Date:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

You are requested to disburse funds from the [City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017A Project Fund/City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017B Project Fund] pursuant to Section 4.05 of the Indenture (defined below) in the amount(s), to the person(s) and for the purpose(s) set forth on Exhibit A to this requisition (this "Requisition"). The terms used in this Requisition shall have the meanings given to those terms in the Trust Indenture (the "Indenture"), dated as of February 1, 2017, by and between the City of Chicago and Zions Bank, a division of ZB, National Association, as Trustee, securing the above referenced scries of Bonds.

The undersigned certifies that:

- i) the costs in an aggregate amount set forth in this Requisition are necessary and appropriate Project Costs that (a) have been incurred and paid or (b) are expected to be paid within the next 60 days;
- ii) The amount to be paid or reimbursed to the City as set forth in this Requisition is reasonable and represents a part of the amount payable for the Project Costs and such payment is to be made or, in the case of reimbursement to the City, was made, in accordance with the terms of any applicable contracts and in accordance with usual and customary practice under existing conditions; [and]
- iii) no part of the Project Costs that are the subject of this Requisition was included in any requisition previously filed with the Trustee under the provisions of this Indenture[.] [; and]
- iv) [For Series 2017A Bonds only] [the use of the money so withdrawn from the Series 2017A Project Fund and the use of the facilities provided with such moneys will not result in a violation of any applicable covenant, term or provision of the Tax Certificate.]

B-1

This Requisition is executed and delivered as of the date first set forth above.

CITY OF CHICAGO

Bv: Name: Title:

B-2

[Signature Page to Requisition]

<u>Exhibit A</u>

Amount

Payee and Address

Description/Purposes

B-3

Exhibit C

Refunded Bonds and Interest-Only Bonds

Refunded Bonds

General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2001A General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding, Series 2005B General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding, Series 2006A General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding, Series 2007A General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2008A

Interest Only Bonds

General Obligation Bonds (Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program) 2002B General Obligation, Project and Refunding Series 2003B General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding, Series 2005D General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2007E General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2007G General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2007G General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2008C General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2009C (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2009D (Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds - Direct Payment) General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series 201 OB (Build America Bonds - Direct Payment) General Obligation Bonds, Project Series 2011A General Obligation Bonds, Project Series 2012A General Obligation Bonds, Refunding Series 2012C General

Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2014A General Obligation Bonds, Series 2015A

C-I

Exhibit D Closing Memorandum [Attached]

Closing Memorandum

Date: January 31. 2017

To: City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds Working Group

Goldman, Sachs & Co. Subject: Closing From:

Instructions For:

\$1,160,260,000 City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds \$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A \$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B

6600 (66th Floor) Chicago, IL 60606

Schiff Hardin LLP 233 South Wacker Drive Suite

Dial in: (212)902-7859 Passcode: 940607486

Schedule of Events

Pre-Closing Meeting: 1:00 PM CT on January 31, 2017

Closing Call: 9:00 AM CT (Following City and Trustee confirmation of received wired funds) February 1, 2017

Maturity Structure

\$886,000,000 Project and Refunding Series 2017A						
Due				C	USIP Numb	er
Jan 1	Principal	Sinking Fund	Interest Rate	Yield (167486)		
2029	\$ 20,980,000		5.625 %	5.800 % ZT9)	
2030	41,565,000		5.625	5.880"	ZUfT	
2031	43,655,000		5 625	" 5.960	ZV4	
2033	32,690,000		Lj ^{5^50}	6.080	zw/	
2034 "	34,120,000	/	5.750	6.140"	ZX0 _	
2035		\$ 35,605,00	0		"	^
2036	2	24,380,000		""		
2037 "		308,450,00	0 J	"\	^	
2038	712,990,000	144,555,00	0 6.000	6 200 ZY8		

\$274,260,000 Taxable Project Series 2017B

	Ψ ' '	1,200,000 Taxabi	0 1 10,000 001100	20110		
Due				Cl	JSIP Num	ber
Jan 1	Principal	Sinking Fund	Interest Rate	Yield (167486)		
<u>2021</u>		<u>\$ 38,320,00</u>	<u>0</u>			
<u>2022</u>	"	<u>32,540,00</u>	<u>0</u>		"	
2023	"	25,895,00	0 "_			"
2024	'_ '_	27,710,000				
2025		29,615,00	0	"		
2026		31,725,00	0	~ '		
2027		34,030,00	0			
2028		36,460,00	0	'		
2029	\$ 274,260,000	17,965,00	0 7.045 %	7.045 % ZZ5		
tion of the	o Undorwritor 8 (City of Chicago				

Responsibilities of the Underwriter & City of Chicago

On February 1, 2017, once all bond documents have been finalized, Goldman, Sachs & Co. ("Goldman Sachs") will make Federal Funds wire transfers totalling \$1,131,142,442.93 to the Trustee and Escrow Trustees, which represents the aggregate purchase price ofthe Series 2017A and Series 2017B Bonds:

	Series 2017A	Series 2017B	<u>Total</u>
Par Amount	\$886,000,000.00	\$274,260,000.00	\$1,160,260,000 00
Original Issue Discount	(21,756,221.00)		<u>(21,756,221.00)</u>

• Underwriter's Discount (5,621,277.78) (1,740,058 29) (7,361,336.07) • Purchase Price \$858,622,501.22 \$272,519,941.71 \$1,131,142,442.93

In addition, on or before February 1, 2017, the City of Chicago (the "City") will make Federal Funds wire transfers totaling \$77,545,341.36, which represents monies associated with the Fund 510 Integrated and Fund 510 Supplemental contributions by the City.

Summary of Wires:

Below reflects the wiring instructions related to all payments to be made by Goldman Sachs and the City to the Trustee (Zions Bank) and all Escrow Trustees (Zions Bank, Amalgamated Bank of Chicago, Bank of New York Mellon and US Bank). Please refer to Exhibit A for a breakdown of escrow costs by refunded series.

Gold	man Sachs Wires		Amount	
1	Zions Bank (#1) \$725,001,157.06			
2	Amalgamated Bank of Chicago 185,574,636.57			
3	Bank of New York Mellon 51,874,184.56			
4	Zions Bank (#2) 95,847,839.55			
5	<u>US Bank</u>		<u>72,844,625 19</u>	
	Total			<u>\$1,131,142,442.9</u> ;
City	of Chicago Wires		Amount	
6	Amalgamated Bank of Chicago		\$24,644,260 28	
7	Bank of New York Mellon 7,115,593.64			
8	Zions Bank		15,752,753 23	
9	<u>US Bank</u>	Ī	<u>30,032,734.21</u>	
				Total \$77,545,341.3

Goldman Sachs Wires

1. Wiring of Funds from Goldman Sachs to Zions Bank #1 (Trustee and Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$725,001,157.06 will be sent to Zions Bank by Goldman Sachs

payable immediately via Federal Funds, including \$452,481,215.35 from the proceeds of Series 2017A and \$272,519,941.71 from the proceeds of Series 2017B. The funds will be used for the following purposes:

- a) \$77,206,210.29 to the Series 2017A Capitalized Interest Account
- b) \$1,454,823.68 to the Series 2017A Costs of Issuance Account
- c) \$318,273,769.00 to the Series 2017A Project Fund
- d) \$55,546,412.38 to Zions as Escrow Trustee from the proceeds of Series 2017A
- e) \$452,497.21 to the Series 2017B Costs of Issuance Account
- f) \$272,067,444.50 to the Series 2017B Project Fund.

	Goldman Sachs Wire Transfer to Zions Bank in the Amount of \$725,001,157.06					
Bank	Zions Bank					
ABA # 124000	ABA # 124000054					
Acct # 080000	680					
Acct Name	Zions Trust Department .					
<u>ATTN</u>	<u>Daryl Pomykala (312) 763-4256</u>					

Wiring of Funds from Goldman Sachs to Amalgamated Bank of Chicago (Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$185,574,636.57 will be sent to the Amalgamated Bank of Chicago by Goldman Sachs payable in immediately via Federal Funds.

Goldman Sachs Wire Transfer to Amalgamated Bank of Chicago in the Amount of \$185,574,636.57

iBank Amalgamated Bank of Chicago

ABA # 071003405 Acct# 150002305

Acct Name City of Chicago G.O. 2017 Escrow Trust #1856379007

IaTTN Pamela Sumerall (312) 822-8545

Wiring of Funds from Goldman Sachs to Bank of New York Mellon (Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$51,874,184.56 will be sent to the Bank of New York Mellon by Goldman Sachs payable in immediately via Federal Funds.

Goldman Sachs Wire Transfer to Bank of New York Mellon in the Amount of \$51,874,184.56

iBank Bank of New York Mellon

IABA # 021000018 Acct # 2472098400

IAcct Name Midwest Muni-2005B and 2005D Escrows

IaTTN Eduardo Rodriguez (312) 827-8612

Wiring of Funds from Goldman Sachs to Zions Bank #2 (Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$95,847,839.55 will be sent to Zions Bank by Goldman Sachs payable in immediately via Federal Funds.

Goldman Sachs Wire Transfer to Zions Bank in the Amount of \$95,847,839.55

Bank Zions Bank

ABA # 124000054

Acct # 080000680

Acct Name Zions Trust Department

ATTN Daryl Pomykala (312) 763-4256

Wiring of Funds from Goldman Sachs to US Bank (Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$72,844,625.19 will be sent to US Bank by Goldman Sachs payable via Federal Funds.

Goldman Sachs Wire Transfer to US Bank in the Amount of \$72,844,625.19

Bank US Bank

ABA # 091000022 Acct# 180121167365

Acct Name US Bank CT Wire Clearing / City of Chicago

ATTN Patricia Trlak (312) 332-6779

-- ---

City of Chicago Wires

6. Wiring of Funds from the City of Chicago to Amalgamated Bank of Chicago (Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$24,644,260.28 will be sent to Amalgamated Bank of Chicago by the City of Chicago via Federal Funds.

City of Chicago Wire Transfer to Amalgamated

Bank of Chicago in the Amount of \$24,644,260.28 Bank Amalgamated Bank of Chicago

ABA # 071003405

Acct #	150002305 City of Chicago G.O. 2017 Escrow Trust Acct Name #1856379007
ATTN	Pamela Sumerall (312) 822-8545

7. Wiring of Funds from the City of Chicago to Bank of New York Mellon (Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$7,115,593.64 will be sent to Bank of New York Mellon by the City of Chicago via Federal Funds.

City of Chicago Wire Transfer to Bank of New York Mellon in the Amount of \$7,115,593.64

Bank Bank of New York Mellon

ABA # 021000018 Acct # 2472098400

Acct Name Midwest Muni-2005B and 2005D Escrows

ATTN Eduardo Rodriguez (312) 827-8612

8. Wiring of Funds from the City of Chicago to Zions Bank (Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$15,752,753.23 will be sent to Zions Bank by the City of Chicago via Federal Funds.

City of Chicago Wire Transfer to Zions Bank in the Amount of \$15,752,753.23

BankZions BankABA # 124000054Acct # 080000680Acct NameZions Trust Department

ATTN Daryl Pomykala (312) 763-4256

9. Wiring of Funds from the City of Chicago to US.Bank (Escrow Trustee)

One (1) wire of \$30,032,734.21 will be sent to US Bank by the City of Chicago via Federal Funds.

City of Chicago Wire Transfer to US Bank in the Amount of \$30,032,734.21

US Bank 091000022 180121167365 US Bank CT Wire Clearing / City of Chicago Patricia Trlak (312) 332-6779

Closing Procedures

- 1. Form of Series 2017A & 2017B Bonds: The Series 2017A & 2017B Bonds will be issued as book-entry only through The Depository Trust Company (DTC).
- 2. Instruction for Release of the Series 2017A & 2017B Bonds: Upon the City and the Trustee's receipt of the wires from the Underwriter on the morning of Wednesday, February 1, 2017, the Underwriter will then utilize the DTC FAST closing system to close. DTC Underwriting will release the Series 2017A & 2017B Bonds upon notification from the Underwriter and the Trustee that the bond issue is closed and that the Series 2017A & 2017B Bonds may be released.

DTC Closing Information Tel: (212) 855-3752 Goldman Sachs Participant Code: 0005



to O

ff) 00

r- If) CO to *- CO

CO CO ^ add CN tO tO to CO t- to

ro O CN o r--

m cn

CO CO cji CN

o cn o r-

CD CN 01 01 to 01 **to CO to** 'to ●<- CO 0 01CO 01 0 t-CO COLO 1 v- CO CO CQ TO CN 0 CO CO to

o o o o o o o o o co to Lo co co oi

Lo CO CO OI **m CO T- n** to O CN 41* CO CO 1 - h-to CM **m^**r CO CO 0 0 0 0 0 0 CO UN CO U to' oi" r*-

CO O O CO M™ 10 CN O M™ 10 - CN O to CO i-N O) N t-

CO CO OI CN if) N O O O o oi to Ol O O O O



<<< if) N i" OOt-000 OJ CN CN

CO OI LO

LLCQO CDO

to OI r-'

goo N N N cczrzcccccc coraronicorororo CQCQCQCQCQCQCQCQCQ

o g rsj n

Schedule I Terms Of Bonds

- 1. Aggregate Principal Amount: \$1,160,260,000
- 2. Dated: Date of Issuance (Expected to be February 1, 2017)
- 3. Maturities, Principal Amounts, Interest Rates, Prices and CUSIP Numbers:

MATURITIES, AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, YIELDS, PRICES AND CUSIP NUMBERS

City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds S886,()00,000 Project and Refunding Scries 2017A

Maturity Principal					
<u>(January 1)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate	<u>Yield</u>	Price CUSIP	
2029	20,980,000	5.625%	5.800%	98.503	167486ZT9
2030	41,565,000	5.625	5.880	97.709	167486ZU6
2031	43,655,000 .	5.625	5.960	96.855	167486ZV4
2033	32,690,000 '	5.750	6.080	96.658	167486ZW2
2034	34,120,000	5.750	6.140	95.925	167486ZX0

\$712,990,000 6.000% Term Bond due January 1, 2038, Yield 6.200%, Price 97.667 CUSIP: 167486ZY8

City of Chicago General Obligation Bonds \$274,260,000 Taxable Project Scries 2017B

\$274,260,000 7.045% Term Bond due January 1, 2029, Yield 7.045%>, Price 100.00 CUSIP: 167486ZZ5 4. Redemption.

The Bonds are subject to both optional and mandatory redemption prior to maturity, as described below. The Bonds shall be redeemed only in principal amounts of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof.

Optional Redemption of Series 2017A Bonds

The Series 2017A Bonds arc subject to redemption prior to maturity tit the option of the City, in whole or in part, on any date on or after January 1, 2027, and if less than all of the outstanding Series

2017A Bonds of a single maturity are to be redeemed the Series 2017A Bonds called shall be called by lot, in such principal amounts and from such maturities as the City shall determine, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Series 2017A Bonds being redeemed plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

Optional Redemption of Series 2017B Bonds with Make Whole Payment

The Series 2017B Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City, in whole or in part, and if in part from such maturities and interest rates as shall be determined by an Authorized Officer on any Business Day (as defined below) at a redemption price equal to the greater of: (A) the principal amount of such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed, or (B) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed, not including any portion of those payments of interest accrued and unpaid as of the date such Series 2017B Bonds are to be redeemed, discounted to the date of redemption of such Series 2017B Bonds to be redeemed on a semiannual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate (defined below) plus 70 basis points plus accrued interest on such Bonds being redeemed to the date fixed for redemption.

The City is authorized to sell or waive any right the City may have to call any of the Bonds for optional redemption, in whole or in part; provided, that such sale or waiver will not adversely affect the excludability of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Mandatory Redemption of Bonds.

The Series 2017A Bonds maturing on January 1, 2038 are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity on January 1 of the years and in the amounts set forth below, at a Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption:

Year	Principal Amount	
2035	35,605,000	
2036	224,380,000	
2037	308,450,000	2038*
144,555,000		

*Final Maturity

The principal amount of the Series 2017A Bonds to be mandatorily redeemed in each year may be reduced through the earlier optional redemption thereof, with any partial optional redemption of such Series 2017A Bonds credited against future mandatory redemption requirements in such order of the mandatory redemption dates as the City may determine. In addition, on or prior to the sixtieth (60th) day preceding any mandatory redemption date, the Trustee, if directed by the City, shall purchase Scries 2017A Bonds required to be retired on such mandatory redemption date at such prices as the City shall determine. Any such Scries 2017A Bond so purchased shall be canceled and the principal amount thereof shall be credited against the payment required on such next mandatory redemption date.

The Scries 2017B Bonds maturing on January 1, 2029 are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity at a

Redemption Price on January 1 of the years and in the amounts set forth below, at a

-2-

Redemption Price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption:

Principal Amount

2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029* 38,320,000 32,540,000 25,895,000 27,710,000 29,615,000 31,725,000 34,030,000 36,460,000 17,965,000

* Final Maturity

The principal amount of the Series 2017B Bonds to be mandatorily redeemed in each year may be reduced through the earlier optional redemption thereof, with any partial optional redemption of such Series 2017B Bonds of a maturity credited against future mandatory redemption requirements for Series 2017B Bonds of that maturity in such order of the mandatory redemption dates as the City may determine. In addition, on or prior to the sixtieth (60th) day preceding any mandatory redemption date, the Trustee, if directed by the City, shall purchase Series 2017B Bonds required to be retired on such mandatory redemption date at such prices as the City shall determine. Any such Series 2017B Bond so purchased shall be canceled and the principal amount thereof shall be credited against the payment required on such next mandatory redemption date.

CN CM CM O IO CM		CO CI	м
m cd co cn cn cn CN c0 0)(0 0) L0 CM ^10 C0 10 co" to" t-~ co"r-" T) co co co co co co co to t cw co			
cr> r" rf" to' co co co (N to Lot- oo co co oo *r t- t- CN CO CO ^-r- N O^CN CD TO CO CO CO to Co to Co to Co	co	i- CM *~	LO
<#f CO* i-* t-* CO		n o cn	o n
$ \begin{array}{c} L & N & \\ L & O & O & N + C M & C O \\ O & L & O & C & N + \\ O & L & O & C & N + \\ O & L & O & C & D & O \\ O & L & O & C & D & O \\ O & C & D & O & O \\ O & C & D & O & O \\ O & C & D & O & O \\ O & C & D & O & C \\ O & C & D & O & C \\ O & C & D & O & C \\ O & C & D & O & C \\ O & C & D & O & C \\ O & C & D & O & C \\ O & C & D & O & C \\ O & C & D & O & C \\ O & O & D & V & M \\ O & N & V & M \\ C & M & 3 - C & M \end{array} $			
co to ⊧ co		LO	
J3 ° <			
СО СО т СМ 16 00 О СТ 0 Г»- О О О О О СМ LO СО ПО СО ПО СО ПО СО ПО СО ПО СО СТ О СО ПО СО СТ О СО ПО СО br>СО ПО СО ПО СО СО ПО СО СО ПО СО СО СО СО СО СО СО СО СО С			t-" CO"
JojO			
15 1 o co 0 r co" cm"		со	
In. 1 (0 <i>io</i>			
CM LO CO' CM to to			
lo 1 c			

CO	CNCDCD tOTICNCOCODCOLO JO CO CN CO CO_ tO IU	00" C0" C0" t0" ^-" C0" I J-"
0	t- N tO CO CD CO CO tDCMCOCD^-CMCOCO	
	LO	
co co		
см см оо о" со"	o CM CD	
co roco (M LO		
CM OI CO CD ¹ N t (O CO t- tO O CD CO	' <t CD</t 	
t- CO CO O) r CO CO CO CO to" tt" in CO LO '		
0 M" CO i 00 LO" < CO I		

со

9 I to	
00000000	0000000
■5f CM LO tO tO CM C	

LO

0 0 0 ° CM CD [C) F-M" F⊂ TT LO" N-NO LO CM i ©° 10° CN CO CO 00 0 0 00 0 0 CO CO LO CO O C CO C

xf 00

0 CO t-" LO* 00 to ^- CO r-."00"

00000000

103

3<DuUOQ<0< IOI-COCOCDCDCNCN^ CD000001-1-^-C000000000 T-CNCNCNCNCNCNCN

CQQ*? <? T V LO DO LO LO CO O O O O O O O O CM CN CM CM CN CM

< < < lo r-0 0 0 0 CM CM CM L.

СМ СМ СМ СМ СК. L. Ц_L_L м=ОQLJJLi.O=03 СМСМСКОСМСМСМСМСМ

00000000 00000000

<<<<<<

>->->->->->->->->->->->->->-CD CQ CD CD CD CD ca mm

cccccccc iDrarorocoraiDiDni CDCDCDCQCDCQCQCQCQ WWWCOWCOWWCO

to CO CO CD U) CO

£00 COU

CO CD CO co" CO

00 00 N N

Schedule III Notification of Tax Abatement

(14)

STATE OF ILLINOIS)

) SS COUNTY OF COOK)

NOTIFICATION OF TAX ABATEMENT

CITY OF CHICAGO S886,000,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, PROJECT AND REFUNDING SERIES 2017A AND S274,260,000 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, TAXABLE PROJECT SERIES 2017B

To: The City Council of the City of Chicago and the County Clerks of The Counties of Cook and DuPage, Illinois

Please be advised that responsive to authority contained in an Ordinance (the "Ordinance") adopted by the City Council (the "City Council") of the City of Chicago (the "City") on October 5, 2016, authorizing the issuance of up to \$1,275,000,000 aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds ofthe City, plus original issue discount, on February 1, 2017 the City issued \$886,000,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A (the "Series 2017A Bonds") and \$274,260,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds. Taxable Project Series 2017B (the "Series 2017B Bonds" and together with the Series 2017A Bonds, the "Bonds"), having the terms described in that certain Bond Purchase Agreement, dated January 19, 2017 (the "Bond Purchase Agreement"), between the City and Goldman, Sachs & Co., acting on behalf of itself and as representative of certain underwriters named therein (the "Underwriters").

Capitalized terms used herein without definition have the meanings assigned to such terms in the Ordinance.

Notification of the sale of the Bonds to the City Council and of the determinations made by the Chief Financial Officer of the City with respect to the sale of the Bonds, the filing of the Bond Purchase Agreement, and the Official Statement for the Bonds, all as provided for or required by the Ordinance was made by the filing with the City Clerk of a Notification of Sale executed and delivered by the Chief Financial Officer on the date of issuance of the Bonds.

Please be further advised that Section 7 of the Ordinance provides for a direct annual tax in and for each of the years 2016 to 2055, inclusive, to pay the interest on the Bonds promptly when and as the same falls due and to pay and discharge the principal thereof at maturity.

Pursuant .to Section.12 of the Ordinance, please be further advised that Uie amount of the annual tax levy requirements for the payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds resulting from the sale of the Bonds is less than the levy of taxes authorized in Section 7. of the Ordinance. I have determined that a reduction in the amount of the tax levy in the years 2015 to 2036, inclusive, is deemed desirable in connection with the sale

of the Bonds. The amount of the taxes levied in the Ordinance to pay debt service on the Bonds, the amount of the taxes to be abated resulting from the sale of the Bonds, and the remainder of the (axes levied which is to be •extended for collection are as follows:

			TAX TO BE
	AMOUNT LEVIED		EXTENDED FOR
LEVY	IN THE	EXCESS LEVY TO	PAYMENT OF THE
YEAR	ORDINANCE	BE ABATED BON	IDS

2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055

2

Respectfully submitted as of this 2_ day of February, 2017.

CITY OF CHICAGO

Chief Financial Officer

Signature Page to Notification of Tax Abatement

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF FILING NOTIFICATION OF TAX ABATEMENT

The foregoing Notification of Tax Abatement relating .to \$886,000,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A and \$274,260,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B of the City of Chicago (the "City") has been filed in my office as City Clerk of the City and is part of the official files and records of my office.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature and caused to be affixed hereto the corporate seal of the City this \land day of February, 2017.

(ndrea M. Valencia City Clerk

Signature Page to Acknowledgement of File Notification of Tax Abatement

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF FILING NOTIFICATION OF SALE

The foregoing Notification of Sale relating to \$886,000,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Project and Refunding Series 2017A and \$274,260,000 aggregate principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Taxable Project Series 2017B of the City of Chicago (the "City") has been filed in my office as City Clerk of the City and is part of the official

files and records of my office.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF', I have hereunto affixed my signature and caused to be affixed hereto the corporate seal of the City this day/Of February, 2017.

Andrea M. Valencia City Clerk

Signature Page to Acknowledgement of File Notification of